Rotte Homarile.

Ceranles Santern (MA

THE

# HISTORY

Of the most Renowned

# Don Quixote

OF

# MANCHA:

And his Trusty Squire

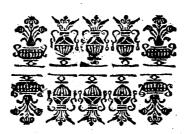
# Sancho Pancha.

Now made English according to the Humour of our Modern Language.

AND

Adorned with several Copper Plates.

By *J. P.* 



LONDON,

Printed by Tho. Hodgkin, and are to be fold by John Newton, at the three Pigeons over against the Inner-Temple Gate in Fleet-street.

MDCLXXXVII.



8 . F. .

To the Right Honourable

# WILLIAM

# Earl of Yarmouth,

# TREASURER

His MAJESTIES HOUSHOLD.

My Lord,



HE Story of Don Quixote de la Mancha, no less pleasant than gravely Moral, has been always highly Favour'd and Ca-. resid by Personages of

most Illustrious note in all the Learned Parts of Europe; to which it has been made familiar by frequent Translations. And therefore it is, that your Lordship being equally Eminent, if not

not Superiour to any of them, for your Ancient Decent, and the Politeness of your Hereditary Learning and Judgment, I humbly presume to lay this Oblation at your Lordships Feet; not knowing where a Work so generally Applauded abroad, could find in English Dress a more generous and safe Protection, or my self a greater Honour then to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordships most Humble,

And most Obedient Servant.

J. PHILIPS.

SOME-

# SOMETHING

instead of an

# Epistle to the Reader,

By way of

## DIALOGUE.



OU are come out into the World, Sir, very unmannerly, methinks. Your meaning, Sir.

What! nere a Curteous, nor a Gen-

tle Reader under your Girdle?

Oh, Sir, that were a Romance indeed, to call Readers Courteous and Gentle in this Age. Coffee has so inspir'd Men with Contradiction and ill Nature, that Readers are as hard to be pleas'd as Ladys in a Mercer's Shop. Here's nothing but Carping and Momussing now adays; this is not well, and that is amiss; this might ha' been better, and that's stark nought: All find fault, but none will mend. Ask your Acquaintance what he thinks of such a Book?—Idle, cryes one—Insipid, cries another—The thing's quite spoil'd, cries a third—And so the Book's presently condemn'd with a Psuh—and a Tosso' the Nose.

Why then, in my Opinion you venture very hard the running such a Terrible Tongue-Gauntlet.

A 2

Not

Not so neither—This Book has an Advantage above all others; 'tis a Book-Errant, it has Don Quixote's Lance and Buckler, his old Armour and the Barbers Bason, to boot, to defend it self. And therefore as it expects no other, then what besel all the Knights-Errant i' the world, Rubs and Snubs, and Bussets and Challenges. So where it cannot get the upper hand and kill the Dragon, there it is bound by the Constitutions of its Order to suffer all Missortunes; which tho they may be terrible to others, to a Book-Errant can be no more then Unluckie Adventures—Come, come, Sir, the World's wide, and tho your Knight-Errants were many times rudely thwackt and thumpt by the ignorant Gyants, yet they were many times more kindly entertain'd by Kings and Princes.

But why Don Quixote? Had you nothing else to

trouble your Brain with?

Distinguish, Sir, you take it for a bare Romance; and I look upon it as a pleasant Story, to shew how vainly Youth mispend their hours in heightning their Amorous Fancies, by reading those bewitching Legends of Tom Thumb and Amadis de Gual; and Thousands more of that Nature, not worth the naming. Now Instructions are like Pills, for they meet with many humours that keck at their bitterness, unless guilded over with Fable and Fancy. People are sooner ridicul'd, then rated out of an ill Habit; and the best way to represent the Deformity of any thing, is to expose it in a pleasing Mirrour. But 'tis none of my Business to preach over Don Quixote— Have yee any more to say, Sir?

Not that I can think of at present.

Then God buy to yee.

Amadis

#### Amadis de Gaul to Don Quixote de la Mancha.

BEstrew thy Heart, Sir Knight, what hast thou done?
Thou hast alarum'd all Elysum.
What Upstart Champion's this? quo they, whose worth Gives a new Lustre to the Fading Earth?
Like soaring Rockets, or Mayor's day Wild-sire,
That spit and crackle, and with a Bounce expire;
So have I seen in Vintners Chimney layd
A single Brush, that such a Blaze has made
More then sive Faggots, Bands and all could do:
Hold, Valiant Knight, and leave an Ell or two
Of the wide World for others to subdue.
By Styx, it cost me many a broken Crown,

By Styx, it cost me many a broken Crown,
Many years Toil, ere I could get renown:
But thou, great Quixote, just as Horses run,
Hast all our Wonders in a Heat out-done.
To Witty Benengeli thanks, who wrote
With the same Spirit, that his Champion fought;
While our damm'd Hum-drum Dottrels, dull John Dory's,
But rather digg'd our Graves, then wrought our Story's;
Fuel for Satan—may they burn as long,
They and their Legends, as th' have done us wrong.

#### Don Belianis of Greece to Don Quixote de la mancha.

DUt for great Hector, Troy had nere been known;? And when her Glory was decay'd and gone, Twas I to Greece restor'd her first Renown. And Mancha had been little Mancha still, But for thy Fame, that all the World does fill. And now I'me forry, by my Troth I'me forry. That I shou'd Gyants, Knights and Draggons worry, With so much deadly feud, to leave not one For thee, old Bully Rock, to pifs upon. But pardon th' Errours of a Hair-braind Sword, That nere fore-law thy Birth upon my Word: Else I had surely left a small Recruit For thee to reap thy Valours noble Fruit. Howere I Lyons left, and Past-board Kings, And over them thy Tryumph loudly rings : The Pastboard King had not a word to say; For Why? —— his Head was off, and there he lay. The Lyon crouch'd and quak'd like any Wether; And stunk too, for by Jove I smelt him hither. Thus thou hast done enough, in doing well, While thy great Fame has reach'd the depths of Hell: Now then give o're, and ere thou Feeble prove, Let Dulcinea tast the sweets of Love.

#### Orlando Furioso to Don Quixote de la Mancha.

Night of the Lyons, from the Place call'd Hell,
Orlando Furioso greets thee well.
After Such Feats performed by Sons of Thunder,
What dost thou muddling in the World, I wonder?

Thou layst, Example set thee' at work - Suppose so; But not to match Orlando Furioso : Does thy Name found like his. Nickapopposo? Does Quixote rumble like Orlando Furioso? Hadft thou intended that the World (bou'd note thee. Thy Mistress shou'd ha' been the Fair Quihotee; And Thou Don Flustro Blustro del Toboso. Then thou haaft nick'd Orlando Furioso. But as thou nere didst chine at one smart blow, A Gyant cas'd in Steel, from Top to Toe; Nor carve an Armed Knight, as Carver slices A roasted Wild-duck till it drops in pieces; Thou art no Peer of mine, and I defie Both thee and all thy Genealogie. Besides, I hear th' art one of Hamet's Fools, Set up to make Knights-Errant Knaves and Fools: If so, By Jove, and all this gloomy space, Go creep to Heaven, and come not neer this Place ; For if thou dost, by Proserpines fair Thighs, Death and the Cobler meet thy Villanies. A Thousand Torments are thy endless doom, And I'le my felf supply the Devils Room.

The Knight of the Lyons to Don Quixote de la Mancha.

Night of the Lyons, as but fitting, To thee, the Knight o'th' Sun sends greeting. Great is the Noise which in the World Thy Fame has made, while tofs'd and hurl'd From Post to Pillar, thou hast done Such Deeds that Story Scarce dares own. Then to my felf I thus did cry, Nowns- what a Sheepshead Knight was I To this Same Spark of Chivalry? But growing cool, I saught thee tripping: Poor Sancho from his Wife kidnapping, And Chamelelly thy felf belying, How Queens and Empress lay dying, Neglecting People, Kingdoms, Laws, And all for love of thy lean Jaws; A Tale to tell unfore-skind Tew. For I'le be hang'd if it were true. Then, wherefore fuch a hideous Racker Bout Madam Dulcinea's Placket? For after all, 'mong Poor and Rich, I nere could hear of any such. And therefore by this burning Hole, I take thee for some arrant Fool; For surely no true Errant Knight Would Shadows Love, and Shadows fight. Only as Thou didst Lyon dare, That Style I give thee leave to wear; So Knight o'th' Lyons. fare thee well, Wishing thee like my self in Hell.

### The Unknown Knight to Don Quixote de la Mancha.

Enowned Knight, thou mak'st me March-hare-mad, To hear thy Feats, and I among the dead; They call thee Fool-but by my death, they lye-Fools Fortune favour, thee she nere came nigh; But Suffer'd Carrier-Slaves to thrash thy Bones, While Hunting after her, 'mong Rocks and Stones. Little they think, that lye on Beds of Down, The pains Knights-Errant take to win Renown; To Fortune, Slaves, and Vassals to their Misses: Three Gyants Heads for half a dozen Kisses. Only thy Dulcinea (be's a Pattern, Chaft as the Moon, and modest as St. Kattern; She claim'd no Arms of Knight, nor Gyants Face, Lest broad blew Spot (bould Baby's Cheek difgrace; Yet thou didst both present, to roast and boyl, The welcom Fruits of thy Laborious Toil. Then, after all, if Fool thou art, farewel; I'me glad on't, Fools fare best in Hell.

### The Princess Oriano to Dulcinea del Toboso.

Addm, the Reason why I write you this,
I sto enquire your health, and hand to kis;
I hear y' are one of as, Don Quixote's Lady,
But scandulous Tongues approbriously upbraid yee.
They say, your Mother half to me cheeks, your Father
Cry'd'em at Nine at Night, or sometimes rather:
If this be true, as sleering Rumours speak all,
I would not make a kitchin-Wench my equal;
For I'me a Princes born, I do assure yee,
And shouldst thou be home-spun, should nere endure thee.
Pray send me word how you your time do spend,
When you sit down to Cards, when make an end,
How coach'd abroad, how visited at home,
How deep i' th' Mercers Books, what's Laceman's summ;
Do but unfold these Anxious doubts of mine,
I'le then resolve to be, or not be thine.

## Gandalin, Squire to Amadis de Gaul to Sancho Pancha, Squire to Don Quixote.

A H! Brother Sancho, what good luck hadst thou!
Thou and thy Master lov'd like Calf and Cow;
He like the Cat, that hears her Kittens cry,
Didst thou but bawle, to thy Relief would fly;
Hadst thou a mind to talk, talk oncry'd he,
And so both talk'd by Turns most lovingly;
Thou hadst an Asstoride on, at thy ease,
And eke a Wallet for thy Bread and Cheese;
While we with Snapsacks trudg'd a foot, God knows,
With thousand Blisters on our founderd Toes,
And speak a word, tho' nere so smooth and racy,
'Twas, dam ye Dogbolt, who made you so savey?

Ah—Sancho—Sancho, hadst thou slourish'd then, Or I liv'd now, we both had happy been; With Proverbs then thou hadst inspir'd my Brest; For I was not so wicked as the rest: I could not play at Cards and swear i'th Hall, While Masters drank above, the Devil and all: No, I had been another Governour With ample Rule and Legislative Power, Fam'd like thy self, in every Bodies Mouth Extoll'd, proclaim'd and prais'd from North to South. But missing thee, ill fortune turn'd up Trump, I dy'd, and in oblivion lye upon my Rump.

### A Dialogue between Rosinante and Sancho's Ass.

Ass. Riend Rosinante, thou lookst wondrous lean.
Ros. How can I choose, that taste nor Oat nor Bean. Ass. The Horse that eats no Oats, no Oats can shite, How couldst thou carry then both Arms and Knight? Ros. My Heart was good altho my Fleshwere low. Als. Tis not the Fashion though, as times now go To ferve great Men without reward. Rof. Tis Que, But he would promise fair, tho deeds were few. Als. Words feed not Horses, Asses oft they do. Ros. Else thou hadst starv'd ere now. Ass. Good Rosinante why? Ros. Because thy Master's poor. Ass. Then let me dye, I le rather serve him then some Lords. Ros. How so? Ass. Because the Poor themselves are Asses too, And love the Beasts that carry as they do. Ros. How might I change? it is too late I fear: Ass. Not so, if thou an Asses voice wilt hear. To England go, where Fools are rich in Purfe, There give it out, thou art Don Quixote's Horse: Thou shalt be fought and bought, and taught to vault; Then (bewn at Fairs, for every one a Groat; Thus shalt thou live at ease, lamented dye; And Smithfield Bards at last shall write thy Elegy.

### eri II ve

#### THE

## CONTENTS.

### THE FIRST PART.

#### BOOK I.

Hap. 1. The Condition and Quality of Don Quixote, with the
Dad love and in some of his find Francisco him felt in II and
dous Enterprizes and Noble Atchievments. Page 1.
Chap. 2. Of Don Quixote's first Frolick, or his solemn Departure
from his Native Habitation. p. 6.
Chap. 3. The pleasant Relation of Don Quixote's being Dubb'd a
Knight-Errant. p. 10.
Chap. 4. What befel the new Knight after he had left the Inn. p. 15.
Chap. 5. A farther Continuation of the Knights Misfortunes. p. 19.
Chap. 6. Of the delightful and diligent Survey which the Curate and the
Barber took of the Squires Library. p. 22.
Chap. 7. Of Don Quixote's second departure from his House. p. 26.
Chap. 8. Of Don Quixote's good success in his dreadful and unheard of
Encounter with the Windmills. p. 29.

#### BOOK II.

Chap. 1. The Event of the dreadful Combat between	the Couragious
Biscayner, and the Valiant Don Quixote.	Page 35.
Chap. 2. Containing the pleasant Discourse between Dos	1 Quixote and
Sancho Pancha.	р. 38.
Chap. 3. What happened to Don Quixote among the Goat	herds. p. 41.
Chap. 4. Being the Relation of a Story which one of the	Goat=herds told
to those that were with Don Quixote.	p. 46.
Chap. 5. A Continuation of the Story of Marcella.	p. 50.
Chap. 6. The Verses of the dispairing Shepherd repeated,	with other un=
expected Accidents.	p. 57.

## THE CONTENTS.

### BOOK III.

Chap. 1. Giving an Account of Don Quixote's unfortunate Rencounter
with certain Yanguesian Carriers. Page 61
Chap. 2. What befel Don Quixote in the Inn, which he took for a
Castle. p. 66.
Chap. 3. A Continuation of the innumerable Hardships, that Don
Quixote and his Squire Justain'd in the Inn. p. 70.
Chap. 4. Of the Discourse between Don Quixote and Sancho Pancha.
with several other remarkable Passages. P. 75.
Chap. 5. Of the pleasant Discourse between Don Quixote and his
Squire; and of the Adventure of the Dead Corps. p. 80.
Chap. 6. Of the most wonderful Adventure that ever happened to Knight.
Errant, which Don Quixote accomplish d without any danger. p.84.
Chap. 7. Of the winning of Mambrino's Helmet. p.o.1.
Chap. 8. How Don Quixote releass'd a great number of miserable Wret-
ches which their Masters were driving to a place against their Wills.
D. 07.
Chan O What hetel the famous Don Quivote in the Manus in CS:
erra Morena, which was one of the strangest Adventures in all this
Real History. p. 102.
Chap. 10. The Continuation of the Adventure in the Black-Mountain.
108
Chap. 11. Of the strange Accidents that befel the Valiant Knight of Man-
cha in the Black Mountain; and of his imitating the Penance per-
form a by the Lovery Obicuite.
Chap. 12. A Continuation of the Amorous Pranks which the Courtly
Knight of Mancha plai din the Black Mountain. p. 121.
Chap. 13. How the Curate and the Barber accomplish'd their Design:
with many other Occurrences of great Importance. p. 125.

## BOOK IV.

Chap. 1. Of the new and Pleafant Adventure which befel and the Barber in the Black Mountain. P Chap. 2. Where perhaps you may meet with something worth you	age 125
Chap. 3. The pursuit of the History of the Princess of Mi containing the cunning Policies and Stratagems of the C Barber, to free the Enamour'd Knight from the rigorou which he had undertaken. Chap. 4. Containing the pleasant Discourse between Don Qu	Surate and some Penance

## THE CONTENTS

•	
his Squire; with other Remarkable Passages.	p. 159.
Chap. 5. Of what happen'd at the Inn.	p. 166.
Chap. 6. The Novel of the Curious Impertinent.	p. 171.
Chap. 7. The Sequel of the Novel of the Curious	Impertinent
	p. 179.
Chap. 8. The conclusion of the Novel of the Curious	Impertinent.
	P. 191.
Chap. 9. Recounting several rare Adventures that happen	n'd in the Inn.
	p. 197.
Chap. 10. Being a continuation of the History of the same	ous Princess of
Micomicona, with other delightful Adventures.	p. 204.
Chap. 11. Containing the farther curious Discourse of D	on Quixote
upon Arms and Arts	p. 211.
Chap. 12. The History of the Slave.	p. 215.
Chap. 14. Wherein the Captive goes on with his Story.	p. 222.
Chap. 15. Of what happen'd in the Inn; and of other rema	irkable Passa-
ges, worthy to be known.	P. 233.
Chap. 16. Relating the story of the young Mule-drive	
strange Passages that happen'd in the Inn.	p. 238.
Chap. 17. Being a continuation of unheard of Adventures.	P· 245.
Chap. 18. Wherein are decided the Controversies touching t	he Helmet and
Pannel, with other Adventures as they really happen'd.	p. 251.
Chap. 19. Containing the notable Adventure of the Baili	ffs, and decla=
ring withal the horrible Wrath of the most Noble Do	n Quixote.
6	P. 257.
Chap. 20. Containing feveral Occurrences.	p. 263.
Chap. 21. Wherein the Prebend pursues his Discourse up	
Knight-Errantry.	p. 269.
Chap 22. Containing the excellent Discourse between Sancho	
his Master Don Quixote.	p. 272.
Chap. 23. Containing the pleasant Dispute bet ween the Preb	
Quixote.	P. 277.
Chap. 24. Containing the Goatherds Story.	p. 282.
Chap. 25. Containing the Quarrel between Don Quixote a	na the Goat-
herd, and the rare Adventure of the Penitents, which	
Iweat of his Brows to accomplish.	p. 286.

## THE CONTENTS.

### THE SECOND PART.

### BOÒK I.

Hap. 1. Containing the manner of Don Quixote's third escape.
Page 295.
Chap. 2. Of the pleasant quarrel that happen'd hetween Sancho Pancha
and Don Quixote's Niece and Governante. P. 302.
Chap. 3. Containing the learned Discourse between Don Quixote Sancho
Pancha, and the young Carraico. P. 305.
Chap. 4. Wherein Sancho satisfies all the young Schollars queries, with
other things profitable to know, and fit to be related.  p. 310.
Chap. 5. Containing the pleasant Discourse between Sancho Pancha and his Wife voc.
Chap. 6. Containing what pass'd between Don Quixote, his Niece, and his Maid; which is one of the most important Chapters in the whole Hi-
Chap. 7. Containing a second Colloquie hetween Don Quixote and his
Squire, with other most Famous Adventures.  p. 320.
Chap. 8. What befel Don Quixote going to visit his Lady Dulcinea.
p. 325.
Chap. 9. Which when you have read, you will fee what is in it. p. 329.
Chap. 10. Containing a Relation how Sancho found out a way to Enchant
the Lady Dulcinea; with other Passages, no less certain than redicu-
lous. P. 331.
Chap. 11. Containing the prodigious Adventure of the Chariot of the Of-
ficers of Death. P. 337.
Chap. 12. Containing the strange Adventure that befel the Valiant Don
Quixote, with the Gallant Knight of the Wood. P. 341.
Chap. 13. Containing a continuation of the Adventure of the Knight of
the Wood; and the pleasant Discourse that pass'd between the two
Squires p. 346.
Chap. 14. Containing the Continuation of the Adventure of the Knight
of the Wood.  p. 350.
Chap. 15. Giving an Account who the Knight of the Looking-glasses,
and his Squire with the Toting Nose, were.  p. 356.
Chap. 16. What befel Don Quixote with a sober Gentleman of Man- cha.  p. 358.
**************************************
Chap. 17. Wherein is set forth the greatest mark of Courage that ever
Don Quixote shew'd in his Life, and the happy conclusion of the Adventure of the Lyons.  p. 363.
ROOK

### THE CONTENTS.

### BOOK II.

Chap. 18. What befel Don Quixote at the Knight of the Green Caffock's
House, with other extravagant Passages. p. 371.
Chap. 19. Of the Adventure of the Amorous Shepherd, and several other
things. P. 379.
Chap. 20. Containing very strange Accidents, as well in reference to Mar-
tin the Brave, as Basilius the Poor. p. 383.
Chap. 21. Containing a farther Relation of Don Martin's Nuptials, and
several other strange Accidents. p. 390.
Chap. 22. Of the un-heard-of Adventure of the Cavern of Montelinos,
which Don Quixote accomplish'd with great success. p. 394.
Chap. 23. Containing a Relation of the wonderful things which the Un-
parallell'd Don Quixote faw in the Cave of Montesinos; the strange-
ness and impossibility of which makes this Chapter to be taken for Apo-
crypha. P. 399.
Chap. 2.4. Where you will find a hunder'd Fiddle-faddles and Impertinen-
ces, as ridiculous as necessary for the understanding this true History.
p. 405.
Chap. 25. Containing the Braying Adventure; with the Adventure of the
Puppit-Player, and the Fortune-telling Ape. p.409.
Chap. 26. Continuing the Pleasant Adventure of the Puppit-Player, with
other pleasant Passages. p. 415.
Chap. 27. Wherein is discover'd who Mr. Peter was, together with
the ill success which Don Quixote had in the Adventure of Braying,
which did not fall out according to his wishes.  p. 420.
Chap. 28. Containing several remarkable Passages written by Benengeli,
which he that reads the next Chapter with attention may know.
p. 424.
Chap. 29. Containing the Adventure of the Enchanted Bark. p. 427.
Chap. 30. Containing what happen'd to Don Quixote upon his meeting
with the fair Huntress. p. 431.
Chap. 31. Containing several extraordinary Matters. P. 434.
Chap. 32. Containing Don Quixote's Answer to the Chaplain. p. 440.
воок ии.
Chat I Containing the pleasant Discourse between the Dutches. 1.

Chap. 1. Containing the pleasant Discourse between the Dutchess, her Damsels and Sancho Pancha, worthy to be read with attention.

Chap. 34. Relating the method that was taken to disinchant Madam Dulcinea del Toboso, which is one of the most famous Adventures

## THE CONTENTS.

in this Book. P. 453.
Chap. 2. Containing the Means that were us'd to disinchant Dulcinea,
with other admirable Passages. p. 458.
Chap. 3. Containing the strange and wonderful Adventure of the Lady
Dolorida, otherwise Countess of Tritaldi, with a Letter which San-
cho wrote to his Wife Terela Pancha.  p. 462
Chap. 4. Being a Continuation of the famous Adventure of the Lady Dolorida. p. 466.
Chap. 5. Wherein Madam Dolorida recounts ler Misfortunes. p. 467.
Chap. 6. Being a Continuation of the Wonderful History of the Countess
of Three-Skirts. p. 47 1.
Chap. 7. Containing several Matters that appertain and belong to this
remarkable Adventure. p. 472.
Chap. 8. Containing the Arrival of Skrew-Peg, and the End of this Te-
dious Adventure. P. 477.
Chap. 9. Containing the Counsel which Don Quixote gave Sancho be-
fore he went to his Government. p. 483.
Chap. 10. Being a Continuation of Don Quixote's Instructions to San-
cho. p. 486.
Chap. 11. How Sancho went to take Possession of his Island, and of the
strange Adventure that befel Don Quixote in the Castle. p. 489.
Chap. 12. How the famous Sancho Pancha took possession of his Island,
and how he behav'd himself in his Government. p. 494.
Chap. 13. Of the Strange Accident that befel DonQuixote while he
was pondring upon Madam Joan Tomboy. p. 498.
Chap. 14. Containing a Continuation of Sancho's Government. p. 502.
Chap. 15. What befel Don Quixote with Madam Doroty the Dutchef-
fes Waiting-woman, with other Accidents worthy Eternal Memory.
P. 507. Chap. 16. What befel Sancho in his Progress round the Island. p. 512.
Chap. 17. Who they were that whipp'd Madam Doroty and claw'd Don
Quixote; with the success of the Page that carried Sancho's Letter
to his Wife.
Chap. 18. Containing the Continuation of Sancho's Government. p. 524.
Chap. 19. The Adventure of the Second Madam Sorrowful, otherwise
Mistress Doroty. p. 528.
•

### BOOK IV.

Chap. 1.	Containing	the toilsome	Conclusion	of Sancho	Pancha's Go=
vernm					P. 533.
			s that tend	to the Illustra	tion of this Hi-
ftory,	and no other	·.			P. 537.
					Chap.

## THE CONTENTS.

Chap. 3. What befel Sancho upon the Road, which is all truth.	p.540.
Chap. 4. Of the strange Combat between Don Quixote and th	e Lacquey
Tosilos, in vindication of Madam Doroty's Daughter.	
Chap. 5. How Don Quixote took his leave of the Duke,	and what
pass'd between him and the Discreet, but Impudent Hoyde	n Madam
Tomboy.	P· 547·
Chap. 6. How Don Quixore met with Adventures upon Adven	ntures,• so
thick that he knew not which way to turn himself.	p. 550.
Chap. 7. What happen'd to Don Quixote, which may be trul	y call'd an
Adventure.	P. 557.
	p. 562.
Chap. 9. What happen'd to Don Quixote upon his entry into	Barcell-
lona, with other things that carry more of Truth than P	robability.
	p. 568.
Chap. 10. Containing the Adventure of the Enchanted Head, &c	. p.570.
Chap. 11. What befel Sancho going aboard the Galleys, and o	
venture of the Beautiful Moorels.	p. 576.
Chap. 12. Containing that unlucky Adventure which Don Qui	
most to his heart of any that ever befel him.	1 /
Chap. 13. Who the Knight of the White Moon was; and of	
of Don Gregorio's Liberty, and several other Adventures.	p. 583.
Chap. 14. Which treats of that which he shall see who reads, a hear that listens with attention.	p. 586.
Chap. 15. Containing Don Quixots's Resolution to turn Sh	
the time of his being confin'd from bearing Arms.	p. 589.
Chap. 16. Containing the Adventure of the Bristles.	p. 592.
Chap. 17. Containing the strangest Adventure that ever Don	Quixote
met with, and the most surprizing in all this large History.	p. 596.
Chap. 18. Which follows the Seventeenth, and treats of feve	
necessary for the Illustration of this History.	p. 599.
Chap. 19. What befel Don Quixote and his Squire in their	way home.
	p. 602.
Chap. 20. How Don Quixote and Sancho arriv'd at their	r Village.
	p. 607.
Chap. 21. Of the strange ill Omens that happen'd to Don Qu	ixote be-
fore he enter'd the Village.	p. 610.
Chap. 22. How Don Quixote fell fick, of the Will that he n	
of his Death.	p. 613.

THE



Don Quixot Dubb'd a Knight Errant by the Innkeeper.





# THE LIFE and ATCHIEVEMENTS

Of the most Renown'd

# Don Quixote

# MANCHA

### PART I. BOOK I.

## CHAP. I.

The Condition and Quality of DON QUIXOTE; with the Reasons and Manner of his first Engage. ing Himself in Hazardous Enterprizes and Noble Atchievements.

N some part of Mancha, of which the Name is at present slipe Note part of Mancha, of which the Name is at present slipt out of my Memory, not many years ago, there liv'd a certain Country Squire, of the Race of King Arthur's Filters, that formerly wander'd from Town to Town, Cas'd up in Rusty old from with Lance in Rest, and a Knight-Templers Target; bestricting a forlorn Pegasus, as Lean as a Dover Post-Horse, and a consounded Founder'd Jade to boot. Beef-steaks stew'd in a Nasty Pipkin, with a Red-Herring to taste his Liquor a Nights; Fasting and Passes a Fridays, parch'd Pease a Saturdays, with a Lark now and then a Sandays to mend his Commons consumed three parts of his Fistas. The rest hear tree his Commons, confum'd three parts of his Effate. The rest he as pro-digally wasted in an extravagant Wardrobe: In which was an ancient Plush-Jacker, purchas'd from a Mountebanks Widow; a Pair of Black Bays Breeches for Holidays, purchas'd of the Hangman; and a Pair of Boots, first Exchang'd for Heath-Brooms, and then new Vamp't by the Cobler; with one Spur and Spur-Leather; well knowing, that if one fide of the Horse went forward, the other must follow. And you may add to these his Extravagances, one Sute more of Irish Frize for Worky days. He kept in his House a grave Matron of Fifty for Service, a Niece of Twenty for private Recreation, and a Skip-kennel to Saddle his Horfe, and Rob Orchards for Second Course. The Master himself was in his Fortieth year; strong of Constitution, but the Skin of his Face wither'd

like a Winter-Pippin; an Early Rifer, and a great Night-Walker. Some there are who affert, that he bore the Sirname of Quixada, or Quesada (tho they who write his Life are at great variance one amongst another as to this particular), yet by most probable conjectures the Addition of Quixada may be well enough allow'd him. But let that pass, it not being a straw matter to our purpose what his Sirname was, or whether he had a Sirname or no; For it is our business to Write the Truth, the whole

Truth, and nothing but the Truth.

Know then, That this same Worshipful Gentleman, whenever he had any leisure time to spare (which was for the most part all the Year long) dedicated his vacant Hours to the Reading Stories of Knight Errantry; which he did with fuch an eager Appetite and earnest Devotion, that he forgot all his other Exercises, and let his Estate go at six and sevens. Nay, fuch was the Folly of this Country Squire in the profecution of his vain Studies, that he made his Lands Errant before himself, and sold a faire Estate to buy Books of Knight-Errantry to gratise his Curiosity; infomuch, that he stufft his fmall Cottage with whole Wheel-barrow Loads of that fort of Waste Paper. Yet none of those famous Writers tickl'd his Fancy like the Works of the Renown'd Feliciano de Sylva: For he look'd upon the clearness of his Stile, enterlac'd and embellish'd with certain quaint Ginglings and chiming Expressions, as so many Jewels of Eloquence; especially when he came to read the Love Letters and Amorous Billets of the Knights to their Ladies; and the haughty Challenges which the disgusted Champions sent one to another. As where he found these Charms of his Understanding:

The Reason of your Unreasonableness, which has affronted my Reason, has incens'd my Reason in such a manner, that I have just Reason to Complain of your Beauty.

And when in another place he met with the following Rapture:

The Sublime Heavens of your Divinity, that raise you to the Stars, and make you the Deferver of the Defert which your Grandeur Deferves.

Such Conceits and Whimfies as these, had so disturb'd the Thoughts of our distracted Knight, that he took no Repose Day or Night, but continually plagu'd and tormented his Brains, to unravel those profound Mysteries which Aristotle himself would ne're have been able to have done,

could they rais'd him from the Dead to that intent.

He could by no means endure to hear of those unreasonable and inhuman Cuts and Gashes which Don Belianis both gave to others and receiv'd himself. For he consider'd, that such cursed Slashes as those, let the Surgeon be never fo skilful, could ne're be Cur'd without the Face and Body being ffrangely disfigur'd with the Scars and Marks of Quarrelfom Honour. Nevertheless, he highly applauded in that Author, the concluding his Book with a Promise of the Remaining part of those wond'rous Adventures. And many times, not finding Him so good as his word, he had an itching defire to have turn'd Romancer, and to have fupply'd the unfortunate neglect of that forgetful Gentlemen, by putting an end to the Story himself: Which others fay he certainly had done, had not his Thoughts been wholly employ'd upon far more important and weighty Designs. Moreover, this Scorbutic Humour of his had like to

#### The Renowned DON QUIXOTE. Book I.

have been prejudicial to his Soul's Health: For the Curate of the Parish and He could never meet over a Pot of Nappy Drink and a Game at Back-Gammon, but they were always at Daggers-drawing about who was the bravest Kill-Giant, Palmerin of England or Amadis de Gaul: But Didymus. a Barber of the same Village, affirm'd to his Teeth, that there was none to compare with the Knight of the Sun; yet if any one came near him, for fore-stroke and back stroke, 'twas Don Galaor the Brother of Amadis de Gaul; for besides that he was better born by the Mothers side, and better bred, for a true Bear-Garden Cut and Slash there was no man living

out-did him.

Fix'd in his Resolutions he betook himself so passionately and with so much eagerness to his Studies, that a Nights he por'd on from Sun-set to Sun-rife, and a Days from Sun-rife to Sun fet. And thus, by Sleeping fo little and Reading so much, he exhausted the moisture of his Brain to that Degree, that the Vehicle of his Understanding being quite dry'd up, his Senses for fook their Quarters. In the mean time, his empty Pericranium was stufft with nothing but the Lumber of Enchantments, Quarrels, Encounters, Battels, Challenges, Wounds, Love-Letters, Amorous Addresses. Torments of Despair, Horrible Woes, Dire Distresses, Labyrinths, Intrigues. Possibilities, Impossibilities, and a World of other Trompery. And these charming Follies had taken so deep a root in his Fancy, that he believ'd for Gospel all the frivolous Fables and Chimera's that he read. He admir'd the Cid Rudiaz for a most Valiant Knight; but not to be compar'd with the Knight of the Burning Pestle; for he with one back swinge of his Faulchion cut in two i'the middle two famous Gyants, both near as tall as two ordinary Steeples, and about ten Yards about i'the Wast. But he had an extraordinary opinion of Bernardo del Carpio, who fent the Enchanted Roldan to the Devil, lifting him up from the Ground by the Buttocks with one Hand, and griping his Wezant so hard with the other, that he Choak'd him in four Minutes, as Hercules did Anteus. He always spoke very Honourably of the Gyant Morgante; who tho he were descended from the most cruel and savage Race of all the Gyants, yet always carried himself like a person that had something of Breeding and Gentility in him. But above all the rest he Extoll'd to the Skies Raynaldo of Montalbon; among whose Atchievements, there was none pleas'd him so to the Life, as when he Sally'd out of his Castle and Rob'd all that he met upon the Road, Man, Woman, and Child: And then again, when he stole the Idol of Mahomet, which was all of Gold, and pawn'd it when he had done to new Rig his Harlot.

In short, having thus lost his Wits, the strangest Whimsie enter'd his Noddle, that ever pefter'd a Diftracted Skull. For now, fuch was the Refult of all his Studies and Meditations, That as a thing that was not only convenient, but absolutely necessary, as well for the increase of his Honouras for the public Good, nothing else in the World would serve him, but he must needs Dub himself and turn Knight Errant; with a design to roam about the World in quest of Adventures, and to put in practice whatever he had Read, in imitation of those wandring Champions in former times, that trotted from Post to Pillar, Pot valiant and Fool hardy, seeking all occasions to pick Quarrels for the Relief of injur'd Virgins, abus'd Marry'd Women, and oppress'd Widows, in defiance of all Danger; and after great Atchievements thus perform'd, to rest his weary Bones and Bruis'd Limbs in the Bed of immortal Honour. Poor in Purfe, but Rich in Conceit, he had already in Imagination the Diadem of Persia. And therefore flat-

ter'd with these bewitching Dreams, and pufft up with a thousand soaring Thoughts, he prepares with expedition to take the Field. The first thing he did, was to fcour an old Suit of Armour, that had been his Father's Grandfather's Great-Grandfather's Father's; as Rusty as the Keyhole of a Mifer's Powdering Tub, which for many Ages had been laid up and forgotten in a mouldy Hamper among the Garret-Lumber. But when he had Rubb'd with a dry Brick (as bright as their Age would permit ) the Cuirace, Vambraces, and Gauntlets, the Devil of any Helmet could be found, but only a fingle Head piece. However his Industry and Ingenuity supply'd that defect, by palting together several pieces of Brown Paper; of which he made himself a most complete Vizor to defend his Note and Eves. This Invention pleas'd him wonderfully; nevertheless to make Tryal whether it were proof against a Giants strong Arm and keen Cutlace to boot, he prefently drew forth his own Sword. But so it was, shame light on all ill luck, that with one puissant stroke he spoild the Toil and Labour of a whole Week. Scorning, however, to be daunted by his first Misfortune, he fell again to work with his brown Paper and Paste; and warn'd by his first Miscarriage, he bethought himself of putting a thin Plate of Iron between every piece of Paper; which he did so artificially, as if he had been Tubal-Cain himself, that now fully satisfied with the strength and sufficiency of his Workmanship, he resolv'd to conside in his Ingenuity, without any farther Trial.

In the next place, he went to visit his Warlike Steed; which tho a lean ill favour'd Iade, whose Bones stuck out like the Corners of a Spanish Reyal, with more Defects than a Brewer's Mill-horse, yet he valud equal to Alexander's Bucephalus, or Cesur's cloven-footed Barb. Four Days together he spent in considering what Name to give him; for (as he argud very well with himself) there was no Reason that a Hobby, which carry d so famous a Knight, should be without a remarkable Name, especially a Beast so serviceable as he was; and therefore he labour'd to give him fuch a Name, as should demonstrate as well what he had been before he had the Honour to bear the burthen of a Knight-Errant, as what he was afterwards. Besides, hethought it but fit, since the Master had chang'd his Condition, that the Horse also should change his Name, and get him a new one, a brave fonorous Word, to make a noise in the Air, as it parted from Tongue, befitting the Respect and Esteem that was due to the Quality and Profession of his Owner. And so at length, after several Names, which with long Study and Meditation, came into mind, rejecting some, blotting out others, chopping and changing, dashing out, putting in, scratching his Pate, rubbing his Forehead, twitching his Beard, at last he pitch'd upon the celebrated and altisonant Name of Rozinante. A

Now having found out a Name, so much to his satisfaction for his Horse. his next care was to find out some signal Appellative for himself; to which purpose he sate in serious Council with his own Thoughts Eight Days more. At the end of which, he concluded upon the Worshipful, Right-Worshipful, Honourable, Right-Honourable Name of Don Quixote: From whence the most celebrated Authors of this unquestionable History infer, That his true Name was Quixada, and not Quesada, as others erroneously conjecture. And finding that the valiant Amadis, not content with the bare plain Name of Amadis, without the Addition of his Nation and Coun-

Name to his heart's defire, a lofty, loud founding, Riddle-unfolding, Senseexplaining Name, pointing from his first Condition of a Pack horse, to the

high Degree of a Hackney-Errant.

try, to lace it, and render it famous, gave himself the Title of Amadis de Gaul; he deem'd it most highly proper to embellish his own Name like a fring'd Pair of Gloves, with the Trimming of his Country's Denomination. and therefore call'd Himfelf Don Quixote of the Mancha, as well to honour the Hamlet of his Nativity, as to let the World know the place of his

And thus having fcour'd his Arms, made himfelf a Beaver to his Iron Sculcap, and found our a Name both for his Beaft and Himfelf; he confider? d. that there was nothing now wanting more, but to find out a Grafie Mort for the exercise of his Courtship, and to be the Lady of his Affections; for that a Knight-Errant without a Doxie, was like a Tree without Leaves, or a Body without a Soul. Said he to himfelf, thould it happen, for the punishment of my Sins, or for some spite the Devil may owe me, that I should meet with some Giant, as it is usual for Knight-Errants to do, and I should lay him forawling at the first Encounter, or sliver him into two equal parts. and to become the Lord and Master of his miraculous Carkace, would it not be proper for me to fend these Trophies of my Valour to some Lady or other? And that the Giant, vanquish'd and mangl'd as he was, should, at his first entry into her presence, throw himself at her Feet, and with a low and trembling Voice, should cry, Fairest of Ladies, I am the Giant Caraculiambro. Lord of the Island of Malindrama, vanguist'd in single Fight by the ever, as he ought to be, most renown'd and valiant Knight, Don Quixote of the Mancha, who has here fent me to prefent my felf a prostrate Captive to your Illustrious Sublimity, for your Highness to dispose of at your own most absolute Will and Pleafure. You cannot imagine how the Knight was transported with Joy after he had thus discours d with himself; more especially, having withal bethought himself where to find a Trngmallion fit for his turn. For. as concurring Fates would have it, there liv'd, it feems, in a Village adjoining to his own Lordship, a young fresh-colour'd smerking Country-Wench that went for a Maid, but in truth, was a crackt piece of Ware. with whom the Knight had formerly been in Love; tho for her part, she knew nothing of it, nor took any Cognizance of his Kindness. Her Name was Aldonca Lorenco; and this was she of whom he made choice to be the Idol of his amorous Devotions; and then pumping for a Name to call her by, that might be futable to his own, and correspond with the Dignity of fo great a Lady and Princess, as she was like to be; at length he pitch'd upon the Name of Dulcinea del Tobofo, for that his Mistress was a Native of that Village. An Invention that wonderfully pleas'd him, to hear the smooth, musical, poetical Running of the Syllables, so proper for Sonnets, Madrigals, and Serenades; and the Majesty of Toboso, that brought up the Tail of the Name.

#### CHAP. II.

Of Don Quixote's first Frolick; or his solemn Departure from his Native Habitation.

TAving made these Provisions, and secured himself against all Accidents, he relolv'd no longer to delay his entrance upon the Stage of the World, as now believing himself guilty of all the Mischiefs, all the Wrongs' and Injustices committed among mortal men, which he had power both to redress and prevent. And so, one morning before day, in the Summerheat of July, without imparting his Defign so much as to his Shirt, or being perceiv'd by any Creature living, he cases himself in Iron from top to toe, laces on his Helmet, hangs his Target at his left shoulder, takes Lance in Hand, and then mounting Rozinante, away he sneak'd out at a private Gate of a Back-yard into the free and open Field, transported at the prosperous Success of such a noble Design. But hardly had he jogg'd on above a hundred flow Paces from his Habitation, when a most terrible scruple of Conscience had like to have ruin'd all, and put him upon the dismal Resolution of renouncing the whole Enterprise. For it came into his Mind, wretched Man as he was, that he had never yet been Dubb'd, as the Laws of Knighthood requir'd; and therefore that he neither could, nor ought to Challenge, or Combate any profess'd Knight. And, which was more, that as a Probationer only, it became him to wear white Armour, and not to carry any Device or Motto in his Shield, till he had fignaliz'd himself by some remarkable Encounter.

These weighty Considerations put him in a strange Quandary, till at length his Vanity having surmounted his Reason, he resolv'd to be dubb'd by the next Person he met, in imitation of several others, who had done the like, as he had observ'd in the continual Progress of his Studies. As for that Nicety concerning the Colour of his Arms, he was foon rid of it, when he bethought himself that he had both powder'd Brick, and leisure sufficient, to pollish and burnish'em, that they should look as white as the driv'n Snow. And thus having appeas'd these mutinous Qualms, on he troop'd the pace of a Butter-woman's old Mare, leaving it to the Discretion of his Horse to go which Way he pleas'd; believing affuredly, that it was only in that, wherein the very Effence and Being of all Adventures confifted. In this flow March, a thousand Dreams and Fancies rocking his delighted Soul; What a charming Pleasure will it questionless be, said he, for Ages to come, to read the Story of my famous Acs! When the grave and serious Penman

of this my first Career in Search of Fame, shall thus begin. "Scarce had the Bright-hair'd Phabus began to dishevel his gold'n Tres-" ses o're the silent Earth; and scarce the little Birds had tun'd their Pipes to "fing their early Welcomes to the beautiful Aurora, who having newly left "her jealous Paramour's Bed, began to shew her self to drowzie Mortals, from "the Balconies of La Mancha's Horizon, when the renowned Knight, Don "Quixote disdaining effeminate Repose, and the soft Pleasures of voluptuous "Dreams, mounting his fierce Courser, Rosinante, entred the ancient and " delightful Plains of Montiel. For to tell ye truth, that was the very Road "he took. And then proceeding; Oh happy Age, faid he, and happy Sons "of Men, which now the Gods have deem'd worthy to behold transcen-"dent Acts of Valour, and be the Witnesses of my Atchievements, more fit

"to be engraven on Columns of Brass, and cut in Marble Pillars, as Monu-"ments of my Glory, and Examples for future Ages. And thou, whose "Fate foever it shall be to register th' Effects of my astonishing Prowess. "Forget not, I befeech thee, to publish to the World the Vigour and Cou-"rage of my Rosinante, the faithful and constant Companion of my Adven-"tures. Out of these he rambl'd into other Discourses; and, as if he had been really and truly up to the hard Ears in Love. "Oh, Princess Dulcinea, "quo He, fole Mistress of this Captive Heart! Justly must I complain of " your Injustice in thus condemning me to live an Exile from your Presence, "and imposing on me your severe and rigorous Commands never to behold "your Beauties more. Remember, most illustrious Lady, and th'only Em-" press of my Thoughts, remember, I say, the Pains I take, and the Hard-"fhip which I undergo, all for love of Thee.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

With raving fuch as these, he entertain'd his Thoughts, and such like Ejaculations, which he had cond by Heart from Volumes of Romances; and these enchanting Dotages had so posses'd and stupify'd his Reason, that he never minded the parching Heat of the Sun, which now shot down his Beams so perpendicular upon his Coxcomb, enough to have broil'd his Brains, had he but had a Scull to have contain'd a Dram of Intellect.

He travel'd all that Day however, without meeting any Adventure worthy the Trouble of Relation, which put him into a kind of Despair; such

was his Impatience to try the Strength of his Arm.

Now here it is that Authors difagree; for some aver, That the first Adventure which flesh'd our Knight-Errant, was that of the Lapicean Gate: Others, that of the Wind-mills: But all that I can discover in this matter, and what I meet with in the Annals of La Mancha, is only this; That all that Day, his Horse and He stept on, travelling fair and softly; and that toward the Evening they were both ready to perish for Hunger, and so tir'd, that Rosinante could hardly stand upon his Legs. At what time, Don Quixote looking wiftly about him, in hopes to discover either some Castle, or Shepherd's lowly Cottage, where to rest himself and his weary Steed, by and by espy'd an Inn; a Sight more welcome than a Land mark to a Tempest-driv'n Pilot. Thereupon, Necessity vanquishing Compassion. he quickn'd feeble Rolinante with a Spur, and arriv'd at the Inn upon the shutting in of Daylight. Now it happen'd, that at the same time two young Females, otherwise call'd Daughters of Joy, who were to go the next Day to Sevile with the Carrier, frood cooling themselves at the Inn Door. This fell luckily out; for the Knight-Errant, whose Head was intoxicated with Romances, and made all his Conjectures by his Reading, no fooner faw the Inn, but he imagin'd it to be a Castle with four Towers, which his strong Fancy as foon had fortify'd with Motes and Draw-bridges, and all those other Securities of Fortification describ'd in the Stories of Knight-Errantry. Therefore he stopp'd a while at a distance from the Gate of this imaginary Fortress, expecting when some Dwarf would sound his Horn upon the Plat-form, to give Notice of the Arrival of a strange Knight. But finding that no Dwarf appear'd, and that Rosinante had more mind to be ithe Scable, he advanced to the Inn Gate, where espying the two young Hackney-Sinners before mention'd, he took'em for Ladies of great Quality standing for the benefit of the fresh Air, at the Gate of the Castle. It happen'd also at the inflant Time, as Luck would have it, that a Swineherd hard by, founded his Horn three times to call home his Hoggs; which was delicious Musick in Don Quixote's Ear, who now believed, that the Dwarf had given notice of his Approach. Thereupon, with a Joy unspeakeable, he rode gravely

up to the two lilts; who beholding a Man fo formidable cas'd in Iron up to his very Teeth, and loaden beside with his War like Lumber of Lance and Buckler, as those that were more used to naked Conversation, and disarm'd Carnality, were about to run for't. But then, Don Quixote rightly conjecturing their Terror by their Flight, lifting up his Paft board Vifor. and discovering his wither'd, dusty Countenance, with a comely Grace, and grave Delivery: Ladies, quo he, be not afraid; for be secure vour Flight is groundless: The Order of Knighthood, which I profess, permits me not to injure any Person, much less such fair and vertuous Ladies as vour felves. Those fost Expressions stopt their Career, so that they turn'd back to, and viewed with Admiration the ridiculous Figure of the rufty Apparition, that spoke with so much Affability, and yet they could not see any Mouth he had. But that which made 'em most merry, was to hear themselves call'd Ladies, a Title they had never been accustom'd to : insomuch that it put 'em into a loud fit of Laughter, which fo incens'd Don Quixote, who thought himself the Subject of their Mirth, that with a Countenance overcast of a sudden, like a serene Sky; Give me leave to tell ye, Ladies, quo he, That Modesty and Discretion would better become Damsels of Quality, which I take you to be; whereas Laughter without Ground, is an Imprudence next to Folly: "Nevertheless, bright Pair of "matchless Beauties, quo he, I speak not this out of any ill Will, but by way "of wholesom Advice to those whom I am bound to serve and honour. This high-flown Mixture of Reproof and Ceremony, fet the two young Wenches a gigling ten times worse than before, and made the poor Knight as mad as a March Hare: fo that tis hard to conjecture what would have been the Issue, had he not at the same time seen the Inkeeper appear: who observing such a strange Disguise of human Shape, so odly accounter'd with an old Wardrobe of Marshal Furniture, could hardly refrain bearing a part with the two Harlots himself. But having more reason than they to fear fuch a World of Warlike Preparation, he refolv'd to use him with more Respect, and therefore submissively accosting Don Quixote; "Sir Knight. "faid he, if you feek for Accommodation in this Place, you will fail of "nothing but a Bed; for all things else are here at your Service in abun-"dance." Don Quixote, mov'd with the Humility of the Lord of the Calle (for such he had fancy'd the Innkeeper to be ) and willing to return a becoming Answer; "Worthy Paladine, quo he, the meanest trifle in the "World suffices me, I am not a Person that studies Delicacy of Diet, or "gaudy Curtains and Valence, as you may well see; my Arms are all the "Ornament and Equipage that I admire, and Combate is my Bed of Re-" pose.

The Inn keeper could not well apprehend at first why Don Quixote gave him the Apellation of Paladine. But having been an Andaluzian Bully, a Jamaican Buckaneer, as true a Thief as ever fung Psalm at Tyburn, and still as wicked as a Northern Oftler or a French Page, it was not long before he took the Elevation of the Knight Errant's Pole, and so having his Answer foon ready: "Why then, Sir Knight, faid he, confidering the course of "Life which you profess, methinks a good clean Pavement of hard Stones "should be the best Bed in the World for your purpose; for I dare say "your Worship sleeps no more then a Sentinel. Therefore Sir, 'tis but "alighting, and I'le fecure ye a Lodging that shall not only keep ye awake "for one Night, but all the Year long, if you please. And having for faid, he went and held Don Quixote's Stirrup; who, what with his ponderous Load of old Iron, and with Fasting all day, dismounted with great

trouble and difficulty: However, as foon as he found his Feet upon the firm ground, his first care was of his Steed, which he recommended to the more especial charge of the Paladine; affuring him, that of all the Beafts that ever tafted Hay, there was not a Better in the World. Upon which the Inn-keeper view'd him narrowly, with both his Eyes; but could not believe half so much as Don Quixote spoke in his Praise. Nevertheless, he led him to his Lodging in the Stable, rubb'd him down, litter'd him, fill'd his Rack; and fo leaving the Horse, he came to see what the Knight his Master wanted; whom he found pulling off his Armour by the affistance of the two Female Traders, to whom he was by this time perfectly reconcil'd. They had got off his Corflet and his Cuirace, but do what they could for their Lives they could not unclasp his Gorget: and which was worfe, his Helmet was ty'd fo fast under his Chin, with two Green Ribbands, that it was impossible to unloose the Knots without the help of a Knife, which the Knight would by no means permit to come so near his Throat. So that he was forc'd to keep on his Head-piece all Night; which was not a little pleasant to behold. However, that he might not appear ingrateful to the two Jilts that had tugg'd and pull'd and moyl'd to help him from his Load, whom he took for no less then persons of Honour, and Ladies that belong'd to the Castle, he made his Courtlike Addresses to their Ladyships in the following man-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

"Certainly, Ladies'tis paft Belief, that ever Knight was thus Honou-"rably attended in a strange place, as Don Quinote." Noble Ladies, take "care of Him, and of his Horse. O Rosinante! For that is my Horses "Name, and Don Quixote of the Mancha is mine, which I never thought "to have discover'd, till I had render'd it famous by some Atchievement, "for your fakes. But Necessity constraining me to apply that ancient Romance "Of Lancelot to my present Occasion, has enforced me to reveal a Secret "e're Ithought it feasonable: Yet I hope the time will come, when you "fhall be pleas'd to honour me with your Commands; and then I doubt "not but to give you full Affurances of my Obedience, and to let you fee "by the Terror of my Arm, both my Ability and Readiness to serve ye.

To this the two young Wagtails, altogether unaccustom'd to such kind of Romantick Rhetorick, and understanding as little the meaning of his Courtship, that signify'd nothing to their Employment, made no Reply; only they ask'd him, if he pleas'd to go to Supper; with all my Heart, quo Don Quixote; for I'le assure ye, I think it high time. But as ill luck would have it, it happen'd to be upon a Friday Night, when there was nothing in the Isn, but some few Remnants of a small Trout; tho others affirm, it was only a Piece of infined Poor John. However, they gave it the Name of little I rout, and ask'd him, whether he thought he could fancy fuch a fort of Diet, especially when there was nothing else to be had. Tis the fame thing to me, quo Don Quixote, provided there be more then one; for many little Trouts make a large Salmon-Trout. For what is to me, whether I am paid five Shillings in ten several Six-pences, or a whole Crown piece? And besides, 'tis probable a little Trout may prove the better Meat, as we find Lamb to be far more delicate then Mutton. In thore, whate're it be, bring it in; for the Weight of Armour, and the Hardships of Travel, are neither to be supported without a full Belly. Thereupon they laid the Cloth at the Inn Gate, for the Benefit of the fresh Air; where the Knight was no fooner fate down, but the Hoast brought him a small Commons of his young Tront, as he call'd it, but so ill dress'd, as if it had been cook'd

Cook'd in Ram-Aller, or White-Fryers, with a flice or two of a Bran loaf, and that mouldy to boot. But you would have split your sides to have feen him eat: For by reason that his Helmet was ty'd so straight under his chin, his chaps had not liberty to play; and fuch was the polition of his Beaver above, that it was impossible for him to feed himself without help. So that his condition had been very ill, had not the Damfels that fate by him been so kind as to mince his Meat fit for his swallow, and then put it into his Mouth. But then how to get the Glass to his Nose the Devil himfelf could not find a way, till the Inn-keeper, more futtle then he, fupply'd that defect with another Invention, by fetting one end of a hollow Cane to his Mouth, and pouring the Wine in at the other. All this while the poor Gentleman suffer'd with patience all these inconveniences, and would have endur'd a thousand more, rather then cut the Ribbands that occasion'd all his Miserv.

Hardly was this Pastime over, when it happen'd that a Sow-gelder drawing near the Inn, blew his Horn fome three or four times as he came along; and that pleafing Harmony put all things out of doubt: For that he took to be a Confort of Musick sent to play at his Table. And therefore now more then ever confirm'd that the Poor John was Trout, that the brown Loaf was Kingston white bread, that the two Strumpets were Ladies of Honour, and the Inn-keeper fome Potent Paladine, to whom the Castle belong'd, he fell into an extalie of joy for the happy fortune of his first Cariere; the fuccess of which flatter'd him with so fair a Prospect of suture Prosperity. Nothing troubled him, but that he yet wanted the Ceremony of Dubbing, without which he could not lawfully undertake any meritorious En-

terprize.

#### CHAP. III.

The Pleasant Relation of Don Quixote's being Dubb'd a Knight-Errant.

UT that vexatious care tormenting his mind with restless Anguish, caus'd him to make all the quick dispatch imaginable of his short and homely Commons. So that after he had clean'd his Trencher and his Dish with the remainder of his Bread, up he rose in great hast, and carried the Inn-keeper along with him into the Stable, where after he had shut the Door, Don Quixote fell at his feet, and in an unwonted transport of Grief and Melancholy, 'This is the Place, cry'd he, most Noble Paladine, from whence I never mean to rife again, till your Lordship has vouchsaf'd to grant me one fingle Boon, which I have to request, and which will no 'less redound to your Honour, then the Benefit of the Universe. The Innkeeper amaz'd to fee the Knight proftrate at his feet, and talking at fuch a rate, was in a peck of troubles, either what to fay, or what to do; finding all that he could possibly do or fay was to importune him to rise; but all in vain, till he had affur'd him to fulfil his defires. 'Twas no more then what I always never question'd from your Magnanimity, reply'd Don Quixore. Then proceeding, The Boon, faid he, which I crave, and which you so obligingly condescend to grant me, is no more then this, that to morrow by break of day, you will do me the favour to dubb me into

the Order of Knight-hood; and that this Night you will permit me to keep my Vigils arm'd in the Chappel belonging to your Castle, and prepare my felf for that Illustrious Character which I so passionately thirst after: to the end I may be in a condition to feek Adventures in all Quarters of the World, and like another Thefew, to relieve the diffressed, and rid the Earth of Violence and Injuffice, according to the Laws of Knight-Errantry, which

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

The Inn-keeper, who was as arch as the Devil could make him, and now had made a full discovery of the soft place in Don Quixote's Head, which he suspected before, to make himself sport, and for a jolly Scene of Mirth to invite Customers to his House, resolv'd to gratise his Humour. To that purpose, he applauded his judgment in the choice of such a Defign, then which there could be nothing more Honourable, or more gloriously enterpriz'd by a Brave and Valiant Knight, such he judg'd him to be, by his Graceful Aspect and Deportment. That he himself had pursu'd the same Chace of Honour in his Youth, travelling through all parts of the World in fearch of bold Adventures; to which purpose he had left no corner unvisited of the Kings-Bench Rules, the skulking holes of Allatia, the Academy of the Fleet, the Colledge of Newgate, the Purliews of Turnboll, and Pickt Hatch; the Bordello's of St. Giles's, Banstead-Downs, Newmarket-Heath. The Pits of Play-Houses, the Retirements of Ordinaries, the Booths of Smithfield and Sturbridge; not a Publick Bowling-Green where he had not exercis'd his heels; nor an Execution crowd, nor a Hedge-Tavern, where he had not employ'd his pauming, topping, cogging Fingers; bubling young Heirs, folliciting Widows, abusing Virgins; and in a word, that he had fignaliz'd his Name in all the Seffions-Houses, Criminal Courts of Judicature, and Pillories of the Nation; till at length he came to retire to that Castle, where he liv'd upon his own Revenues, and the Spoils of others, Entertaining all Knights Errant, of what Quality or Condition soever, out of that respect which he bare to their Profession, and to partake of what they got in recompence of the good which they did in the World.

As for any Chappel, he confess'd he had none at that time, having pull'd it down, out of a defign to build another much more beautiful; however he knew well that in a case of Necessity, a Probationer might keep his Vigils where he pleas'd; which he might therefore do in a Tower of the Castle, that seem'd to have been built for the same purpose; and that in the Morning he would not fail to compleat the Ceremony, so that he might affure himself of being as true a Knight as any in the World. Have you any Money? then added the Inn-keeper. Money! reply'd Don Quixote; not a Groat. Nor did I ever read in any Story, that ever any Knight-Errant but one ever carry'd Money about him. That's your mistake, cry'd the Inn-keeper: for tho you do not read of any such Custom in your Books, it was not because it was not so, but because the Writers could not imagine their Readers to be fuch fors, as to believe that Knights-Errant went unprovided of two fuch necessary Accommodations, as Money and change of fresh Linnen. Otherwise he might as well believe that all Knights-Errant were lousie, and went a begging: And therefore he might well think, they carry'd both Money and clean Shirts along with 'em, besides a little Box of Oyntment to dress their Wounds. For it so happens many times that your Knight-Errants may be Engag'd in a desperate Combat in the midst of a wild and spacious Desart, where they may ride a hundred Miles before the meet with they Sign of an Anatomy-Lecture, and so a Knight-

Errant might rot before he could find a Surgeon; unless, which rarely falls out, he has some kind Enchantress for his Friend, to send him some fair Damfel or Dwarf in a Cloud with a Box of Balm of Gilead; of which one fingle drop tented into the Wound upon the tip of the Dwarf or Damfels Tongue, makes him as found in three Minutes as ere he was in this World. But because there is no depending upon such accidents as these, therefore in former days, your Knight-Errants had their Squires to carry their Money and other Necessaries; as their Dressing-Box, Lint, and Rags: Or else if they had no Squires, they carry'd those things themselves in a little Bag fitted so neatly to their Saddles, that it was hardly to be discern'd. So that it is not only my Advice, but a Charge which I lay upon you, as to my Son and Darling in Chivalry, never to ride without Money and other Necesfaries, which you will find to fland you in flead, when your best Friends

forfake ve.

12

Don Quixote having liften'd with great attention to the pretended Paladine, promis'd punctual Obedience to all his Commands, and then prepar'd himself for the watch of his Arms. To which purpose, he went and setch'd all his rufty Furniture together, and plac'd it all in great Order in a Horse-Trough, close by a Well in the Yard, which he fancy'd to be the Tower; and then embracing his Target and his Lance, he took feveral turns before the Horfe-Trough with an Aspect no less fierce and haughty then graceful and pleasant at the same time. In the mean while, the Inn-keeper, to make himself sport, discover'd to all that were in the Inn, the Extravagancies of Don Quixote, his watching his Arms, and his impatience to be Dubb'd a Knight; who all admiring at the Folly of the Person, desir'd to be Spectators of the Scene; and so standing at a distance, they beheld Don Quixote with a grave and ferious countenance, fometimes dancing step-stately before the Trough; fometimes leaning upon his Lance, with his Eyes all the while wiftly fix'd upon his Arms; for the Moon, that by this time began to shine as clear as in a frosty Night, discover'd the whole Ceremony. But while the Knight was thus performing his Vigils, one of the Carriers that lodg'd in the Inn, came forth to Water his Mules, which he could not do without removing the Arms out of the Trough. Don Quixote no fooner espy'd him, but he knew his design, and therefore by way of prevention, cry'd out to him in a loud and furious tone, 'Fool-hardy Knight, who ere thou art, that daringly thus prefum'ft to approach the Arms of the 'most valiant Combatant that was ever girt with a Sword, take heed what thou doft, and be not so adventurous to touch those Arms, unless weary of 'thy Life, thou hast a mind to forfeit it, for the punishment of thy head-'long Temerity.

Awarning sufficient, one would have thought, but the indiscreet Carrier was fo far from regarding Don Quixote's terrible Menaces, that asif he had rather scorn'd his Threats, he took the Arms and toss'd em from the Trough, as if he had been playing at Coits. But he had better have been asleep in his Bed. For then it was, that Don Quixote lifting up his Eyes to Heav'n, and elevating his thoughts to his fair Miftress, 'Affift me, Madam, 'cry'd he, in the Revenge of this Affront, the first ere offer'd to your Vassal; and while my injur'd Honour lies at stake, let not your Protection bank the first Tryals of my Courage. Which short Ejaculation ended, he laid by his Target, took his Lance in both hands, and letting drive with all his force at the audacious Carrier, gave him fuch a blow upon his inconfiderate Pate, that he laid him sprawling at his feet; one more such, and the fawcy Rafcal had ne're known who had hurt him. Which Exploit thus valiantly perform'd, Don Quixote gather'd up the scatter'd pieces of his Armour, put 'em into the Horse-trough again, and renew'd his Ceremonies as before, without the least Disturbance or Discomposure i' the World.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Soon after, another Carrier, not knowing what had happen'd, came with design to water his Mules. But, as he was going to clear the Trough of that which he only thought to be old Lumber; Don Quixote, without speaking a word, or imploring the affistance of Male or Female, a second time laid by his Shield, and taking his Lance a fecond time with both Hands, laid on so like a Kettle Drummer, that he broke the Carrier's Pate in three or four places. Immediately the Fellow roar'd out Murder, and his Outcry fummon'd forth all the rest of the Carriers and Passengers in the Inn, to know what was the matter. Don Quixote seeing them coming, brac'd on his Target, and with his Sword drawn in his Hand, "Goddess of Beauty (cry'd he to his Dulcinea), Thou Strength and Vi-"gor of my Heart, in season now enliven with the Beams of thy Gran-"deur, thy Captive Champion, ready to engage environing Dangers. And having thus invok'd his Female Deity, he found himfelf inspir'd with fuch a Reinforcement of Courage and Refolution, that all the Carriers in the world could ne're have made him budg'd an Inch. On the other fide, the Carriers, tho they were wary how they came too near, vet willing to revenge the Sufferings of their Fellow-Travellers, gave the Knight such a Volley of Stones, that Don Quixote was forc'd to shelter himself under the covert of his Shield (that began to Ring as if the Women had been Charming down a Swarm of Bees) resolving not to stir a foot, for fear of abandoning his beloved Armour. The Inn-keeper, on the other fide, bawl'd out to the Carriers to let him alone; crying out that he had told them already what a Fool he was; adding farther, that the Law would acquit him for a Madman should he kill all the Carriers in the Kingdom. All this while the undaunted Hero made more noise than all the rest, reproaching the Carriers for Rogues and Cowards, and calling the Paladine of the Castle Villain and Traitor, for suffering a Knight Errant to be so abus"d: "But I would make thee know, said the Knight, "what a perfideous Rascal thou art, had I but receiv'd the Order of Knight-"hood. But for you Scoundrels, Fling on, faid he, do your worst; come "near and receive the wages of your Infolence, which I question not but "to pay ye without abatement. And this he utter'd with fo much fury and resolution, that he stroke a terror into all his Assailants: So that what with the dread that invaded the Carriers, and the loud perswasions of the Inn-keeper, the storm of Gravel and Stones ceas'd; and Don Quixote permitting the Enemy to carry off their wounded, return'd to watch his Armour with fuch calmness of Temper, and moderation of Mind, as if he had never been disturb'd.

But now the Inn keeper having had pastime sufficient, and weary'd with the Follies of his Guest, resolv'd to dispatch him forthwith, and to gratifie the Squire with the Curse of unfortunate Knighthood, to prevent any mischief in his House. So that after he had excus'd the insolence of those fawcy Bumpkins, as being done without his privity or consent; he gave him to understand, that he had no Chappel in his Castle, as he had told him before, and that it was indeed needless; for that the remaining part of the Ceremony which confifted only in the striking him upon the Neck and Shoulders with the Sword, might as well be perform'd in the Field as in any other place, as he had Read in the Register of the

Ceremonies of the Order. Don Quixote, who was greedy of being Dubb'd. as a hungry Kite of a dead Horse, easily submitted to the Inn-keepers arguments, defiring the Paladine to make hafte; for that if he were once Knighted, and should be once affail'd, as he had lately been, he did not believe he should leave a Man alive in his Castle, but such as the Paladine should request him to spare. Immediately the Inn-keeper, like a Person that would do nothing rashly, went and fetch'd his Book where he set down the Carrier's Accompts for Straw and Provender, and then returning with the two young Harlots already mention'd, and a Boy that carry'd before him a lighted Candle's End, he caus'd Don Quixote to kneel: Then reading in his Manual, as if he had been mumbling some fort of devout Prayer, he lifted up his Hand in the midft of his Devotions, and gave him fuch a Dabb i'th Neck, that he made him kiss the Buttons of his Doublet, and at the same time, with the flat of his Sword, such a slap upon the Blade-bone, as made him shrink up his Shoulders agen. Which done, he order'd one of the Truls to gird the Sword about the Knight's Waste; which she did with an extraordinary Grace and Dexterity, considering how hard a thing it was to forbear laughing at every particular of the Ceremony, had not her Experience admonish'd her, by what she had seen the Knight fo lately perform, that he was not a Perfon to be droll'd with So far from that, that when the had girded on the Sword, " Heaven, quo "fhe, with a low Curtsie, grant ye Success in all your Combates and Adventures. In return of which, the Knight desir'd to know her Name, that he might understand to whom he was oblig'd for so great a Favour, and make her a Sharer in all the Honour of his valorous Atchievements. To which the Lady answer'd with all Humility, That her Name was Betty, the Daughter of a Cobbler in Southwark, that kept a Stall under a Chandler's Shop in Kent-freet; and that she would be his humble Servant in all Places where she should have the Happiness to meet him. I beseech ye, reply d Don Quixote, hereaster, for my sake, assume the Title of Madam, and call your felf Madam Betty; which she gratefully promis'd to do.

The tother Nymph put on his Spurrs, which occasion'd a Dialogue of the same Nature between them two: For nothing would serve him, but he must know her Name likewise; who modestly answer'd him, That her Name was Nancy-cock, that her reputed Father liv'd in Chick-lane, and was call'd, The End of the Law, as being the Common Executioner of all Malesactors in the Palatinate of Tyburn. Thereupon the new Knight oblig'd, her also to call her self Madam Nancy-cock, returning her a thousand Thanks.

and making her large Proffers of his Service.

These wonderful Ceremonies, the like to which were never heard of before, being thus perform'd with a kind of Tantivy speed, Don Quixote, who was almost out of his Wits to be gadding after new Adventures, made haste to saddle Rosinante; and being mounted, he embrac'd the Inn-keeper a Horse back, returning him a whole Ship's Lading of Thanks for Dubbing him, in a tedious Complement so full of Extravagances, as would argue a greater Folly to repeat em. To which the Inkeeper, over joy'd to be rid of him, made short Replies, and glad he was gone, discharg'd him without stopping his Horse for the Reck'ning.

#### CHAP. IV.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

What befel the new Knight after he had left the Inn.

Vrora now began to display her Vermillion Beauties, when Don Quix-A ote quitted the Inn, so well pleas'd, so frolick, so jocond, to find himfelf Dubb'd a Knight, that he infus'd the same Satisfaction into his Horse. who was ready to burst his Girts for Joy. But calling to mind the Advice which the Inn-keeper had giv'n him, touching the Provision of necessary Accommodations for his Travels, he refolv'd to return home, to furnish himself with Money and Shirts, and to get him a Squire. For which Employment he had already defign'd a Neighbour of his, a poor labouring Man, with a great Charge of Children, the fitter therefore to make a Shield-Porter. With this Resolution he took the Road back to his own Village; at what time, Rosinante, as if he had divin'd his Master's Design, carry'd him a round Trot fo nimbly, and fo lightly, that you could hardly perceive his Heels to touch the Ground. But Don Quixote had scarce rid two hundred Paces, when he fancy'd that he heard a mournful Voice that pierc'd his Ears, from a Thicket upon the right Hand. Thereupon he liften'd with both Ears, and being confirm'd that he was under no miftake, he gave Thanks to Heaven, that had fent him an Opportunity to perform the Duty of his Profession, and reap the Fruit of his pious Designs. These Moans, faid he, are questionless the Moans of some diffressed Creature, that has need of my Affistance, which it behoves me to give; and so faying, he gave Rosinante a gentle Remembrance with his Spurr of Knighthood, and hasten'd to that side of the Wood. Whither he was no sooner come, but he beheld a most doleful Spectacle; a young Lad of about fifteen Years of Age, naked from the Waste upward, and ty'd to a Tree. This was he that fent forth those miserable Lamentations, and not without good Reason. For a lusty Raw-bon'd Country Fellow was there tawing the Hide of the poor Stripling with a Brawny Arm, and an unmerciful Twift of Leather Thongs, and between every Lash he tuter'd him with a Proverb; crying ever and anon, A short Tongue, Sirrah, and watchful Eyes. To which the young Varlet made no other Reply, but, Good Master, I will never do so agen; for the Passion of God, good Master, I will never do so agen- Pray Master, Indeed Master, I will be more careful for the future. Don Quixote beholding this barbarous Cruelty of the Country Fellow, mov'd with Indignation in the furly Tone of Anger, "Discourteous Knight, cry'd he, 'tis a base and un-"worthy Act, to affail a naked Person that is not able to defend himself; "but mount thy Steed, and handle thy Lance (for he took the Farmer's "Mole-sticker that lay by him upon the Ground, for a Lance) and then I'le make thee know thou hast done like a Coward, and the Son of a Whore.

The Country-fellow giving himself over for lost at the sight of such an Apparition in Armour, with a Lance fix'd to his Breast, quaking and shivering, made Answer; Sir Knight, this young Hedge-bird, whom I am chastizing, is my Servant, imploy'd by me to look after my Sheep, but such a careless Rascal, that he loses one or two every Day, and therefore I punish him for his Carelesness, or rather his Knavery: Tis true, he complains that I do not pay him his Wages, but upon my Life and Soul, he tells a most impudent Lye. "The Lye in my Presence, Dog, cry'd Don Quixote,

Book I. The Renowned Don Quixote.

"by the Sun that shines, I could find in my Heart to run my Lance quite "through thy Lungs. Unbind the Boy, and pay him without more words. "or elfe by him that made me, I'le immediately annihilate thee. The Countryman not daring to speak a word more, made him a low Bow, and presently unbound the Boy; of whom Don Qnixote demanded how much was owing him? Nine Months, said he, at four Shillings and eight Pencea Month; which Don Quixote having cast up, and finding to be two and forty Shillings, order'd the Farmer to pay the Fellow his Money down, unless he intended to be sent forthwith to the other World. The poor Countryman ready to fink into the Earth for fear, reply'd, That he would not forswear himself in that Condition he was in for all the World; yet by hisOath already fworn, he did not owe the Lad fo much: besides that, he was to abate for three Pair of Shoes, and Six pence for his being let Blood when he was Sick. That may be, reply'd Don Quixote, but the Blood-letting and the Shoes must go in Satisfaction for the Stripes which you have giv'n him without a Cause; for if he have made use of your Leather in his Shoes, you have slash'd off as much of his Skin; and if the Surgeon let him Blood when he was ill, you have drawn Blood from him when he was in Health; fo there's Tit for Tott, reck'n one for t'other. Alas, Sir! cry'd the Countryman, 'tis my Misfortune not to have so much Money about me; but let Andrew go home along with me, and I'le pay him to a Farthing. Go along with him! Cry'd the young Rogue, finding himself to be o'the better side the Hedge, God preserve me, Sir, should I go along with him, he would flea me like another St. Bartholomen. How! reply'd Don Quixote, never fear, young Man, he had better eat, than touch thy Skin. I shall forbid him to offer any fuch thing, and then I suppose he will not dare to incur my Displeasure; and therefore provided he will swear by the Order of Knighthood, of which he is a Companion, I will not only let him go, but fecure thy Money. Take heed what you fay, reply'd the young Rogue, for my Master is no Knight, nor ever was of any Order in his Life; he's no more then plain Gaffer Haldudo, the rich Cuff, that lives at Quintanar. That's nothing to the Purpose, reply'd Don Quixote, there may be Knights among the Haldudo's; besides that, he who bravely does, is a Herauld to himself, fince every man is the Son of his own Works. Oh but, Sir, of what Works is he the Son, cry'd the roung Crack-rope, who denies to pay me what I have earn'd by the Sweat of my Brows. I do not refuse to pay thee, honest Andrew, God knows my Heart, for by all the Orders that ever were in the World, if thou wilt go home along with me, I'le pay thee to a Farthing, not only in hard Six-pences and Shillings, but Perfum'd to boor. Spare your Perfume, reply'd Don Quixote, only pay the Lad his Money, and I am fatisfy'd; but be sure you be true to your Word and your Oath: For if thou failft, tho but a Half-peny, by the same Oath I swear, to find thee out, tho hid as deep within the Bowels of the Earth as a Lizard. And to the end thou mayst understand who it is thou art either to oblige with Safety, or offend at thy Peril; know I am the Valiant Don Quixxote of the Mancha, the Flail of Oppression, and the Scourge of Injustice. So Peace be with ye, upon Condition of exact Performance, as you will answer the contrary at your Peril. And having so said, he put Spurs to his Rosinante, and rode away.

So foon as he was gone, the crafty old Hunks of a Farmer follow'd him with both his Eyes, as far as he could fee him; and when he was quite out of fight, away goes he back to his young Ne're-be-good, and in a Tone of feeming Kindness; Come, honest Andrew, said he, its now that

I intend to pay thee thy Arrears, according to my Obligation, and as the Flail of Oppression, and the Scourge of Injustice has commanded me to do. Affuredly, said Andrew, if you do not fulfil the Orders of this same Noble Knight, whose Valour and Justice God reward with a long and prosperous Life, I will go feek him out where ever he is, and bring him back to chastife your contempt, according to his Oath. Content, cry'd the Farmer: and to shew thee how I love thee, I am resolv'd to increase the Debt. that I may advance the Payment. And with that, binding Andrew again to the Tree, he fell anointing the poor Boy's back with fuch a detestation of Compassion, till he had almost kill'd the young Miscreant. Now call, said the Farmer, your Scourge of Injustice, thou shalt find, he'l ne'r be able to undo what I have done, tho 'tis but the half of what I should do; for thou Rogue thou, I could find i my heart to flea thee alive. However, he unty'd the Rascal at length, and gave him free liberty to go and seek out his Patron to revenge his Quarrel. But the Country Farmer having had his Plenary fatisfaction, fell a laughing with his Ruftick Ho, Ho, Ho's, till his fides were ready to crack, to fee the Boy go limping away, shrugging his flea'd shoulders, in search of a Needle in a Bottle of Hay.

In the mean time the valiant Don Quixote, believing he had perform'd a most signal Act of Justice, was strangely transported in his thoughts, and ravish'd with this successful beginning, 'Most beautiful of Beauties fair Dul-'cinea del Tobofo, faid he, well may'ft thou account thy felf the most Fortu-'nate of all Women living, who hast for thy Vassal so Famous a Knight as ' Don Quixote of the Mancha, who, as all the World knows, was dubb'd a 'Knight but yesterday, and this very day prevented the most terrible Cruelty that ever Injustice invented, by wresting this young Lad out of the hand of his inhumane and merciles Executioner. And having so said, he perceiv'd himself to be in a place where four Roads met; at what time it came into his mind, that it was usual for Knights Errant to stop at such places, there to confult with themselves which way to take; which that he might be punctual in every thing, he refolv'd to do. But not being able to determine with himself, he gave Rosinante his own Head, leaving it absolutely to his discretion to make his own choice; upon which, Rosinante, govern'd by natural inftinct, took the way that led to his own Stable.

Don Quixote had not rode above two Miles, but he perceiv'd a great company of People that follow'd him upon the same Road, who afterwards prov'd to be Merchants of Toledo, that were going to buy Silks at Murcia; being fix in number well mounted, with three Servants on Horse-back, and three on foot, that led their Mules. Don Quixote no sooner had 'em in view, but he imagin'd this to be some new Adventure; and therefore with a fowr and resolute courage fixing himself in his Stirrups, couching his Lance, and covering himself with his Target, he posted himself in the middle of the High-way, till the supposed Knights-Errants came up; and no fooner were they come, as he thought, within hearing, but in a haughty and imperious tone, That Man, said he, who adventures to stir an Inch farther, moves at his Peril, until he has acknowledg'd the Empress of the Mancha, the Incomparable Dulcinea del Tobolo, to be the Peerless Beauty that furpasses all the Beauties of the Universe. At those words, the Merchants stopp'd to consider the strange Disguise and Posture of their Opponent, and eafily conjecturing as well by his Obsolete Figure, as by his words, what fort of Creature he was; yet no less willing to have a little sport, then to understand the meaning of that extravagant Confession, for which their very Bowels themselves were to be so rudely ransackt: One of

the Company in smooth and calm Language, Sir Knight, said he, we never faw this Lady you talk of in our lives, but let us have a fight of her, and then if she be such a Phanix as you say she is, we shall readily comply with your defires. What Obligation will that be, reply'd Don Quixote, when you have feen her, to acknowledge a Truth fo visible to your Eyes? Tis your Duty to believe, confess, ayouch, to swear, and maintain this certain Truth, whether you see or no. And therefore make me this acknowledgment forthwith in due form, or else he challeng'd and defy'd 'em for Sons of Whores, and Lyars. For whether you come one by one, as the Laws of Chivalry require, or all at once, as it is the usual custom of Ragamuffins and Ruffins, know I am ready fingly to abide the Encounter in confidence of the Justice on my fide. Sir Knight, reply'd the Merchant, I befeech ye in the name of all the Princes here present, that for the discharge of our Consciences, which will not permit us to swear hand overhead to a thing so prejudicial to all the Empresses, Queens, Dutchesses, and Countesses in Europe, you will do us the kindness to let us but see the Portraiture of your Lady, tho it were no bigger then a Cherry stone; for by a fingle thread we may judge of the whole Skean, and fo with peace and quiet of Conscience be able to give you satisfaction to your hearts content. For to tell you truth, we find our felves already fo enclin'd to favour your Mistress, that the your Picture should represent her blind with one Eye, and the other distilling Brimstone and Quick-silver, yet we should be apt to be as partial in her favour, as ever Paris was to Venus. Distill! ye damn'd Scoundrel, reply'd Don Quixote, in a hideous rage, there's nothing distills from her but Civit and Amber; she is neither blear ey'd, nor cupboard back'd, but as ffraight as a Bulrush; and therefore know, you shall feverely pay for the Blasphemies you have utter dagainst Beauty's matchless Paragon. And so saying, with his Lance couch'd he ran with so much fury at the spokes man Merchant, that had not Rosinante chanc'd to have flounder'd and fallen down in the midst of his Career, the audacious Merchant had paid dear for his fleering. But Rosinante fell, and so threw his Master, who lay rolling and tumbling in the dust, and using all his skill and strength to get upon his leggs again, but could not for his Guts, so encumber'd was he with his Lance, his Spurs, his Target, and the weight of his rufty Harness. However, in this helpless condition, he play'd the Hero with his Tongue, crying out, Hold, Scoundrels, hold—abide my Fury, white-liver'd Fugitives; stay till I get up again, Dastards, Cowards, and fuffer me to redeem my Honour lost, not by my own, but the misfortune of a damn'd flumbling Jade.

Upon this, one of the Mule-drivers, who no doubt was none of those that were endu'd with the most Saint like Patience, not enduring the Reproaches and Bravado's of the wallowing Knight, adventur'd to wrest his Lance out of his hand, and having broke it in two pieces, with the buttend did so be labour Don Quixote's Ribs, that you would have thought he had been threshing a Wheat-sheaf. At length, the Merchants call'd to him, and bid him hold; but the fellow was so pleas'd with his Exercise, that he could not forbear rib-roafting the poor Knight, till he had almost pounded him into green-fawce: For after he had broken one end of the Lance, he took the other, laying on without ceafing, till he had fplinter'd both ends upon the difgrac'd Cavalier's Iron enclosure; who notwithstanding all that fform of Baffinadoes, lay all the while banning the Villains that had tak'n him at that advantage, and threatning Heaven and Earth for the injury he

had receiv'd. But at last the Mule-driver surceast, and the Merchants pursu'd their Journey, furnish'd with matter for Discourse and Mirth.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Don Quixote, finding himself alone, made a new attempt to get upon his feet; but if he could not before, you may be fure he was less able to rife of himfelf, when his Joints were almost dislocated, and his Flesh half bruis'd to a Gelly. Nevertheless this was his comfort, that his misfortune was a mifery frequently incident to Knight-Errantry; and a farther confolation it was, that this mischance had befall'n him not through his own want of Courage, but through the fault of his Horse.

#### CHAP. V.

### A farther continuation of the Knight's Misfortunes.

HEN Don Quixote found that he had no way in the World to help himself up upon his Leggs, he had recourse to his usual Remedy, which was to bethink himself what Stratagem he had read among his Authors. Nor had he study'd long before his fruitful folly brought to his remembrance the stories of Balduin and the Marquess of Mantua, when Charlot left the former wounded in the Mountain. A ftory known both to old and young, and as true as the Miracles of Mahomet. This Romance feeming to him as if made on purpose for the condition he was in, he fell a rolling and wallowing in the dust like a man in despair, and with a languishing voice to breath out the same expressions, which the same Author puts into the Knight of the Wood. "Where art thou, fairest Lady, that thou art so "little mov'd with my misfortunes? Either thou know it nothing of my "Sufferings, or else thou art become false and disloyal.

As he was thus going on, just as he came to these words, O Noble Marquess of Mantua, my Uncle, good luck so order'd it, that a poor Labouring man, that liv'd in his own Village, and not far from his own House, happen'd to pass by with a Sack of Meal which he had fetch'd from the Mill, who feeing a thing in Humane shape lying all along upon the ground, ask'd him who he was, and wherefore he made fuch a doleful Complaint? Don Quixote, who fancy'd himself to be Balduin, and took the Labouring man for the Marquess of Mantua his Uncle, made him no Answer, but continu'd repeating his Verses, and recounting all his Misfortunes, with the Amours of his Wife with the Emperor's Son, word for word as they are fet down in the ftory. The Labouring-man aftonish'd to hear such a world of Romantic Gibrish, lifted up the Visor of his Helmet, bruis'd and batter'd as it was by the Mule driver's Mallets, and after he had wash'd the dust off his face, prefently knowing who he was; Good God, Master Quixada, cry'd the Labourer, who was your Taylor, to make ye this Iron Suit? How came ve into this Condition? But do what he could for his life, the other would give him no other Answer but what he went on repeating out of his Romance. Which the poor man observing, took off his Breast plate and Corflet, and fell a fearching for his Wounds, but finding no fign of any Blood, or any gashes in his Skin, with a great deal of trouble he got him upon his Leggs, and then heav'd him upon his Ass, as being the more easie and gentle Carriage. And so careful he was of the Knights Arms, that he pickt all the very splinters of his Lance, and having bound them up together, fasten'd 'em to Rosinante's Saddle; and so driving the Ass softly before

him, and leading Rosinante by the Bridle in his Hand, he made toward the Village with a flow Pace, musing with himself, yet not able to apprehend the Meaning of those Extravagancies which Don Quixote utter'd all the Way. On the other side Don Quixote was no less afflicted; for he felt himself so crush'd and mortify'd, that he could hardly sit the gentle Animal, that crept no fafter hardly then a Snail; and all along he breath'd forth fuch loud Sighs and Lamentations, that pierc'd the very Skies; fo that the compaffionate Labourer could not forbear once more to demand the Cause of his Grief. But as if the Devil himself had still put him in mind of Stories accommodated to his Condition, he quitted that of Balduin, and call'd to mind the Hiftory of the Moor Abyndaraxe, when Rodrigo of Narvaez, Governour of Antequera, took him, and carry'd him away Prifoner. So that when the poor labouring Man ask'd him a third Time the cause of his Sorrows, he answerd Word for Word what the Prisoner Abencerrage reply'd to Don Rodrigo in Diana of Monte Mayor, applying every Thing so odly to himself, that the labouring Man curs'd him to the Pit of Hell for his Extravagancies; and thence at length concluding, that the poor Gentleman was become a meer Sot, he made all the hafte he could to the Village to be rid of his Impertinences. For, Don Quixote still continuing the Series of the Story, you must know Dan Rodrigo de Narvaez, said he to the Labourer, that this beautiful Princess, of whom I have given ye an account, is at prefent the Incomparable Dulcinea del Tobofo, for whose sake I have done, still do, and will perform the most famous Exploits of Chivalry that ever were known before, ever feen in our Days, or that future Fame shall record. Alas! reply'd the poor labouring Man, as I am a Sinner to God, I am neither Rodrigo de Narvaez, nor the Marques of Mantua, but only poor Peter Alonso, your honest Neighbour; nor are you either Balduin or Abyndaraxe, but a good honest Country-Gentleman of this Village, that ever fince you came to your Means, have gone by the Name of Squire Quixada. I know who I am, reply'd Don Quixote, and I know, moreover, that I not only deserve to be the same that I have nam'd, but the Twelve Peers of France likewise, and the Nine Worthies, all in one, since all their famous Exploits being added together, cannot equal my Atchievements.

In this, and fuch other Discourses they spent their Time, till they came to the Village, where they arriv'd toward the Evening. But the Labourer unwilling that the Squire should be seen so ill mounted, stay'd at a small distance under a Hedge till 'twas Dark, and then led him home to his own House, where there was nothing but Confusion, by reason of the Master's Absence, which made the labouring Man willing to tarry a while and listen. There at the same time were the Curate and the Barber, his usual Companions, with whom his Servant-maid, it feems, was just then discoursing the Point. Lord bless me! quo she, Mr. Doctor, what d' you think of this Misfortune that has befall'n my Mafter? 'Tis now fix Days ago fince we have feen either Him, or his Horse, and he must have carry'd away his Lance and his Arms too; for we can find 'em no where about the House: It makes me almost at my Wits end. But as I was born to die, I'le be hang'd if those cursed Books of Knight-Errantry have not been the Occafion of all this. I remember, I have often heard him fay, He intended to turn Knight-Errant, and wander about the World in Search of Adventures; the Devil and his Friend Barabbas take all those confounded Volumes that have thus debauch'd the best Headpeice in Mancha.

His Neice made the fame loud Complaint to Mr. Nicholas the Barber: My Unkle, quo she, was wont to read these devilish Books for two Days

and two Nights together; at the end of which he would lay afide his Book. and fall a Fencing against the Walls like a meer Bedlamite; and when he had fufficiently hac'kd and hew'd the Posts and Doors, he would cry. He had flain four Giants as big as Steeples; and then he fancy'd the Sweat, occasion'd by the violent Motion of his Body, to be the Blood of his Wounds, which he had received in the Combate; then drinking a large Glass of cold Water, which he dream't to be a fort of precious Liquor sent him by the Sorcerer Esquife, he conceited himself whole and sound again. Now I durst not speak a Word of this, for fear the World should think my Uncle distracted; fo that indeed I am the wretched Cause of all his Misfortunes, for not giving notice of his Follies in time, that fo proper Remedies might have been apply'd, er'e 'twas too late, and all these excommunicated Authors might have been burnt for Hereticks. May I be broil'd for a Martyr, reply'd the Curate, if they be not all condemn'd and executed before to morrow Night. They have loft me one of my best Friends, but beshrew my Heart, they shall never do any more Mischief. All which Discourse, when the listning Labouring Man had heard, no longer doubting the Truth of what he suspected before; House there, cry'd he, as loud as he could yaul, open the Gates there for the Marquess of Mantua, and the Lord Balduin, who is return'd home very dangerously wounded, as also for the valiant Rodrigo de Narvaez, Governour of Antiquera, who brings along with him the Moor Abyndaraxe, Prisoner. At which Words they open'd the Gate; at what time the Curate and the Barber knowing their Intimate Friend, the Neice her Uncle, the Servant her good Mafter: they all ran to embrace, and welcome him home. To whom Don Quixote, Forbear, said he, with a faint Voice, I am fore wounded by reason my Horse fail'd me, therefore let me be gently carry'd to Bed; and if it be posfible let the Enchantress Urganda be sent for to cure my Wounds. Now, as I hope to be fav'd, cry'd the Servant-maid, did not I guess right, when I told ve my Master's Disease? But get him to Bed, and let that Gypsie go to the Devil, we'll cure him, my Life for yours, without Enchantments. Millions of Cankers confume those curfed Legends that brought him to this Condition. Thereupon they carry'd the crazie Gentleman up to his Bed, and fearch'd for his Wounds, but could find none. No, no, cry'd Don Quixote, I am not wounded, but only bruis'd by the Fall of my Horse, while I was fighting against ten Giants, the vastest in Bulk, and most couragious that ever were in the World. Hoy-da -- quo the Curate, What, Giants too i'the Conspiracy! By my Sanctity, there shall not one remain in Being by to morrow Night. This done, they put a thousand Questions to Don Quixote; but he was not to be Catechiz'd, only he bid 'em let him have something to eat, and then leave him to his Rest, as being that of which he flood most in need.

Thus while the Knight was left to enjoy himself, and the Pleasure of his own Chimera's, the Curate inform'd his Curiosity at large, in what Condition the Labouring Man had found him; who sail'd not to give a punctual Account of the Particulars so far as he knew, as also of all the Fopperies which he utter'd upon the Way; which consirm'd the Curate to proceed in his Design the next Day; to which Purpose he appointed to meet the Barber at Don Quixote's House.

CHAP.

22

#### CHAP. VI.

Of the delightful and diligent Survey which the Curate and the Barber took of the Squire's Library.

HE Squire quite weary, fore, and tir'd, was now taking a fweet Nap, when the Curate and the Barber came to his House, and defir'd the Key of his Study-door, which was readily deliver'd. So foon as the Door was open, they all went in, Servant-maid and all; and there they found about a hundred largeFolio's, together with several Quarto's and Octavo's very well bound, and exactly methodiz'd. Prefently the Maid ran out, and returning in Post-haste again, brought a Bason of Holy-water, desiring the Curate to sprinkle the Study, for sear least some one of those Sorcerers, of which the Books were full, should come and enchant both him and the Barber, for going about to fend 'em out of the World. But the Curate, not so superstitious, desir'd the Barber to take down the Volumes one by one, to fee what fort of Punishment they deserv'd, for that they might not all deserve alike. No, no, cry'd the Neice, never spare any, for they are all alike guilty of my Unkle's Ruine; and therefore let us throw em all out at Window, and make a Bone fire of 'em all together in the Court-yard: And this was the Opinion of the Maid also: fo highly were they refolv'd upon the Destruction of those poor Innocent Volumes. But the Curate having more mind to read the feveral Titles. determin'd to proceed his own Way.

So then, the first Book that Mr. Nicholas pull'd down, was Amadis de Gaule, in four Volumes. Oh, ho! cry'd the Curate, there is some Mystery in this, that this Book comes first of all: For I have heard, that this was the first Book of Knight-Errantry that ever was printed in Spain, and that it has ferv'd as a Model for all the rest. And therefore my Advice is. That it be condemn'd to the Fire, without Mercy, as the Author and Upholder of a most pernicious Sect. I beg his Reprieve, cry'd the Barber, for that I have heard feveral understanding People aver, That it is the best Story that we have, of its kind; and therefore as the only Thing that's good, belonging to the Profession, it may deserve a Pardon. Well then, said the Curate, for this time we'll spare Amadis --- Go to the next. These are the Atchievements of Esplandian, the lawful begotten Son of Amadis de Gaule. What then, quo the Curate, he had never half the Wit or Courage of his Father— Here, Miftress Governess, open the Window, and throw it into the Yard, 'twill serve as a good Foundation for the Pile we intend to rear. Nor was the Maid flack to obey his Order, and so Don Esplandian was sent headlong into the Court, till his Executioners were at leafure.

What's the next, cry'd the Curate? This, reply'd the Barber, is Amadis of Greece; and I am apt to believe, that all that fland a'this fide are of the fame Family. Then let'em all be fent packing into the Court, cry'd the Curate: For rather then spare from the Fire Queen Quintiquinestra, and the Shepherd Darines, with his Eclogues, and the Diabolical Discourses of the Author; I think I should burn my own Father alive, if I met him in the Disguise of a Knight-Errant. I am of the same Opinion, quo the Barber, and I by my Troth, quo the Niece. If it be so, quo the Maid, let'em e'en go all together for Company; and so to save the Labour of travelling up and down Stairs, she sent em flying out at Window, to the clearing of a whole Shelf or two.

What Bundle of Paper is that, quo the Curate? Tis is Don Olivantes de Laura, reply'd Mr. Nicholas. The same Author, quo the Curate, if I mistake not, wrote the Garden of Flowers; and I know not which is the most rascally lying Book of the two. But this I know for certain, that he shall march into the Court for a Nonsensical arrogant Whelp as he is.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

The next, cry'd the Barber, is Florismart of Hyrcania. How! Monsieur Florismart, is he there, reply'd the Curate? Nay then, since we have caught him, he shall down y' faith into the Court, maugre his wonderful Birth, and prodigious Adventure; for the Flatness and insipidness of his Stile deferve no better Usage.

Here's the Cavaleir Platir continu'd, cry'd the Barber. Hang him, quo the Curate, for a letcherous old Goat, there's nothing in him that deferves a Grain of Pity. Out with him, Mistress Governess, without any more ado.

The next that was open'd, was the Knight of the Cross. Why truly, quo the Curate, one would think that he might deserve some Favour, for the sake of his Holy Title, sufficient to cover many Impersections. But what saies the Proverb; The Devil lurks behind the Cross: let him go to Perdition.

Then the Barber fetching down the next Volume, Here, faid he, is the Mirrour of Knighthood. Oh, I have the Honour to know him, cry'd the Curate; there you shall find the Lord Rieynald of Montanban, with all his Crew, a Parcel of Rake Hell and Skim the Divel, the Twelve Peers of France, and that faithful Historian, Arch-bishop Turpin. However, I think fit to condemn these Gentlemen only to Perpetual Exile, because their Story contains fomething of the Famous Boyardo's Invention; from whence that Christian Poet, Ariosto borrow'd several of his Fancies: whom indeed, I would use with as little Respect, if I should meet him prating in any other Language then his own, as high a Value as I have for him in his Native Idiome. Why, I have him at home in Italian, quo the Barber, but I cannot understand him. So much the better, reply'd the Curate, 'tis not a Farthing matter; and we should have been highly oblig'd to the Captain that translated it into Spanish, had he spar'd himself that Trouble; for, to fay Truth, he has done his Author a filthy deal of wrong; a Misfortune that happins to all Translators of Verse, who can never retain the natural Graces of the Original Language, let their Wit and Industry be never so great. And therefore, as for him, and all others that undertake to write of the Affairs of France; 'tis my Opinion, that we ought to preferve 'em in some secure and dry Place, till we can be at leisure to consider how to dispose of 'em; except it be Bernardo del Carpio, and one more call'd Roncivalles, with whom if ever I meet, I will certainly deliver 'em up into the Hands of the Secular Power. To all which the Barber readily submitted, as one that pinn'd his Faith upon the Curate's Sleeve, well knowing him to be a good Christian, and a Friend of Truth.

Thereupon, opening the next Volume, they found it to be Palmerin de Oliva, and the next to that, Palmerin of England. Are ye there, quo the Curate, let that Palmerin de Oliva be first torn to slitters, then burnt, and lastly let his Ashes be strew'd i'the Air, for the Wind to carry where they may be never seen more. But for Palmerin of England, let him be preserved as a Relique of Antiquity; and let us put him in a Box as costly as that which Alexander found among the Spoils of Darius, which he consecrated to Homer's Works. That Book, Neighbour, is to be valu'd for two things. First, for its own Excellency; and secondly, because it is said to have been written by a learned King of Portugal. All the Adventures of the Castle of Miraguarda are well and neatly fancy'd, the Stile is easie and pure; beside that, the Author has taken great care to observe a Decorum in all, and to be ex-

Book I.

24

act in his Characters. And therefore Mr. Nicholas, with Submission to vour better Advice, both he, and Amadis de Gaul shall be exempted from the Fire; but for all the rest, Long tail and Bob-tail, without any farther fearch, let'em all go to the Stake. Not so furious, good Neighbour, reply'd the Barber, for this Book here in my Hand, is the famous Don Belianis. He, quo the Curate with his two, three, and four Parts, had need of a good Dose of Rheubarb to purge off that dreadful Mass of Choler that continually inflames his Blood; besides, his Castle of Fame, should be utterly demolished, and several other Impertinences par'd away; which done, we should be willing to shew him Mercy, or expose him to Justice, as we approv'd or disapprov'd the Emendations made. Till then, Neighbour, pray keep him at home in your own Closer, and be sure to let no body read him. I like your Admonitions very well, quo the Barber, and to fave him the trouble of reading any more Titles, he bid the Maid take all the great Volumes and throw em into the Court. She that would have burnt all the Romances in the World for a new Smock, had no need of being twice spoken to, so that she sent eight large Folio's presently to their long Home. But the next Book, heaving more then she could well lift, she let fall at the Barber's Feet, who being curious to see what it was, found it to be the History of the famous White Tyrant. Cuds-niggers-daggers, quo the Curate, what ha' ye got Monsseur the White Twant too? Let me see him pray, Mr. Nicholas; this is a Treasure that you have found; this is an Antidote against Melancholy. Here we shall find the Valiant Knight, Don Kyrie Elyson of Montalban, and Thomas of Montalban his Brother, with the Knight Fonseca; the Combate of the valiant Detriante with the Mastiff; the Stratagems of the Lady Pleasure of my-life; the Amours and Wiles of the Lady Tranquilla, and the Empress in love with her Page. The Devil take me now, Neighbour, if I lye, this is one of the best Books in the World, for the Stile, and the most natural. Here the Knights eat. and sleep, and die itheir Beds, and make their Wills before they expire; with feveral other things both profitable and necessary, of which other Books never speak a Word. Yet for all that, I have a good mind to fend the Author to spend the rest of his days i'the Gallies for poisoning the World with fo many curs'd Absurdities, as it were, knowingly, and of his Malice fore-thought. Carry him home therefore, Neighbour, and read him, and then you will find, that all that I say is true. I make no question of it, cry'd the Barber; but what shall we do with all these lesser Books that remain behind? Certainly, reply'd the Curate, these can never be Books of Chivalry, they are too small. Here are none but Poets, and men of Madrigals, l'le warrant ye. And so it fell out; for the first they open'd. happen'd to be Diana de Monte Mayor. I thought so, quo the Curate; but for these, believing all the rest to be of the same Stamp, they cannot be thought to deserve the Punishment of a Woman-Coiner; for they cause not that Disorder in the World, which Books of Knight Errantry are guilty of; nor are the Maggots which they engender, half fo corroding and prejudicial to the Brain. O good Mr. Curate, cry'd the Neice, let 'em e'en fuffer with the rest; for should my Uncle be cur'd of his Knight-Errant Frenzy, and once betake himself to reading these Books, we should have him turn Shepherd, and then we should never keep him from roving and rambling over all the Groves, Meadows, and Plains o'the Kingdom with his Croud and his Flageolet, and which is worse, perhaps we should have him turn Poet too; for they fay, that Poetry is one of the most infectious Difeases i'the World, and the most incurable. The Lady speaks Reason.

quo the Curate: 'twill do very well to remove this Stumbling-block out of our Friends way. And to that end let us begin with Diana de Monte Mayor: yet I do not think it fit to throw him into the Fire, but only to geld him; for indeed all that he talks about the Witch Felicia, and the enchanted Water, with the greatest part of his Verles, is too luxuriant and rampant; after which Castration, we may permit his Eunuch-ship the Honour of be-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

ing the first that wrote in Prose of that nature.

Book I.

Cuds fish, quo the Barber, here is another Diana call'd the second, compil'd by one of Salamanca; Hey-day! and a third, written by one Giles Pole. Let that of Sulamanca, quo the Curate, encrease the number of the Dead; but preserve that of Giles Pole, as charily as if Apollo himself had wrote it. Now go on, Neighbour, for it grows late. Nouns, quo the Barber, here are no less then Ten Books of the Fortune of Love, composed by Anthony Lefraso, a Sardinian Poet. By my Holy Orders, quo he Curate, fince Apillo was Apollo, and the Muses were the Muses, or that ever Poets were in the World, there was never, in its kind, a more pleafant and witty Book written; he that never read this Book, never read any thing that was delightful. Give it me, Neighbour, I had rather have it then a Gonza and Callock of the best Florence Silk in Tuscany. These that follow are the Shepherd of Iberia, the Nymphs of Enares, the Cure of Jealouse. The 'em Jaylor, quo the Curate, as they come together, let 'em go togetherand never ask why, Neighbour, for then we shall ne're ha' done. Here's another Shepherd, quothe Barber, call'd the Shepherd of Filids. He was no Shepherd, cry'd the Curate, but a compleat Courtier, keep him as the Apple of thine Eye. Bless me, quo the Barber, we shall ne're be poor now, here's the Ware house it self, or the Treasury of Poetry. Ay, quo the Curate, 'tis a Ware-house indeed, but like a Costermongers, there are a World of rotten Pippins among the found; were they less, they would be of more value: Keep it however, because the Author is my Friend, and for the fake of some few soaring Fancies of his that are extant. Here's a Book of Sonnets and Madrigals, quo the Barber, by Lopez Maldonado. That's my particular Friend, reply'd the Curate. Men admire his Verses when he reads 'em himself, and such is the Sweetness of his Voice, that when he fings 'em, he makes all the World dance after his Pipe. He is a little too tedious in his Eclogues; preserve him however from Tribulation. But how d'ye call the next? This is Michel Servantes's Galatea, reply'd Mr. Nicholas. He is one of my old Acquaintance, quo the Curate; but a Person more remarkable for his Misfortunes, then his Poetry. Something there is of Conceit and Invention in his Book; a great Cry, and a little Wool; for he promises much, performs little. We must stay for his Second Part, of which he affureus; perhaps in that, he may make amends for his former Errors. Set him aside therefore, and let us see who are they that stand there all arow? Why, here is th' Araucana of Don Alonzo d' Hercilla; th' Austriada of John Ruffo, one of the Common Council-men of Cerdova, and the Monferrat of Christopher de Verves, a Poet of Valencia. Those, quo the Curate, are the best Heroick Verses that ever were compos'd in Spanish, and may compare with the choicest of the Italians. Preserve 'em therefore charily, as precious Monuments of the Excellency of our Poets.

At length the Curate, weary of looking over so many Authors, concluded to throw all the rest into his Bone sire, without farther Examination. But the Barber shewing him one more that was already open'd, and entitl'd, the Tears of Angelica: Truly, quo the Parson, I should have wept my felf, had this Book miscarry'd, by my Order; for the Author was not only one of the best Poets of Spain, but in the whole World; and has been particularly fuccessful in his Translation of several of Ovid's Fables.

#### CHAP. VII.

Of Don Quixote's second departure from his House.

Hile they were thus employ'd, they heard Don Quixote making a most horrid noise and crying out in land of the land most horrid noise, and crying out in his Bed, 'Here, here, Vali-'ant Knights; Here it is that you ought to shew the strength and vigour of your Arms, and not to let the Courtiers carry away the Honour of the 'Tournament. This hideous out-cry call'd away the Inquisitors from any farther examination of the Study; so 'tis very probable, that the rest of the Library being left to the mercy of the Maid and the Niece, they made havock of all, without minding due forms of Law. And thus 'tis thought that La Carolea, Leo of Spain, and the Acts of the Emperor, Compos'd by Don Lewis D' Alvala, which could not choose but be in the same Catalogue, were all Sacrific'd to the Flames of Purgatory. A Fate, perhaps, which they might have avoided, had the Curate been there to have heard their

Tustifications.

26

Don Quixote was just up, when his Library-Condemners came into the Chamber, where they found him making a heavy buftle, tearing his Throat, full of Anger, quarrelling with the Air, and laying on upon the Walls back-stroke and fore-stroke; thereupon they altogether lay'd hold of him, and having difarm'd him, put him to bed; where after he had repos'd a while, and recover'd his firength, turning to that fide where the Curate fate, "My good Lord Arch Bishop Turpin, said he, 'tis the greatest "piece of shame in the World, that the twelve Peers should so basely "let the Courtiers go away with the Honour of the Tournament, after we "the Knights Adventurers had carry'd it for three days together before. Patience is a Vertue, an't like your Worship, reply'd the Curate: Fortune is fickle, and they that lofe to day, may win to morrow. Therefore pray Sir, mind your Health at present; for of necessity you must be extreamly tyr'd, if not very much wounded. "As for my being wounded, answer'd "Don Quixote, there's no fuch thing; but that I am bruis'd and mortify'd "'tis very true: For when I was down, Rowland the Bastard fell a thrash-"ing my bones with a huge Ok'n Plant, out of meer fpleen, because I pre-"tended to be more Valiant then He. But I will renounce the Name of "Rinaldo of Montalban, if, maugre all his Enchantments, I do not quit scores "with Him, fo foon as I get well. And therefore let 'em bring me my Sup-"per, 'tis that which I have most need of at present, and then let me alone "to my Revenge. Accordingly they brought him fome Victuals, which when he had eat'n, he fell alleep again, at what time they left him to his flumbers, partly wondring, partly imiling at his Follies. The fame Night the Female Executioner burnt all the Books she could find in the House; and 'tis a hundred to one but that feveral fuffer'd in the General Calamity that deferv'd a better Fate, according to the Proverb, That many times the Innocent perish with the Guilty.

Among the rest of the Cures, which the Curate and Barber had found out, as most proper for their Friends Distemper, one was to stop up the Studydoor, so that he might not be able to find it when he rose, hoping that the Effect

Effect would cease, when the Cause was taken away; and that if he enquir'd for the Key, they should tell him that a certain Enchanter had carry'd away Study, Books and all. Two days after, Don Quixote being got up, the first thing he did was to go visit his Books, but not finding the Study where he had left 'em, he fought about in every Room of the House for the door. At length, perceiving all his labour in vain, he ask'd the Maid-Servant where his Study of Books flood? What Study, Sir, reply'd the Maid, according to her Instructions? Here's neither Study nor Books, nor fo much as a piece of Paper i'this House, for the Devil has carry dall away. Not the Devil, cry'd the Niece, but something, or some body ten times worse, the Lord deliver me. For about a day or two after you were gone, in the Night time there came a Sorcerer as they call 'em, mounted upon a Dragon, and wrapt up in a Cloud instead of a Leaguer Cloak; who as foon as he came to the Door, alighting from the Dragon's back, enter'd the House, went up to the Study, and what he did there, the Lord of Oxford knows: But there he stay'd a while, and when he went away, he left such a smoak and stench behind him, that we were almost choak'd. At length, we went to see what he had done; but looking for the Study, we could neither find Books nor Study, nor any fign of a Study that had been there. Only the Maid and I remember (and 'twas as much as we could do, being half scar'd out of our Wits) that as he was going away, the curfed old Miscreant cry'd out with a loud voice, I think I have plagu'd the owner of these Books for drubbing the Gyant my Friend. And then I think he call'd himself by the Name of Munnaton. Wheston you mean, answer'd Don Quixote. Ay, Ay, Wheston, or Whiston, cry'd the Maid, I am sure his Name ended in Ton. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote, he is a very famous Necromancer, and my Mortal Enemy; for he understands by his Art, that I am one day, in defpight of all his Magick, to vanquish in fingle Combat, a young Knight. whom he loves and protects, and therefore he works me all the mischief he can. But let him know, he does but fool himself, and that there's no avoiding what the Fates have ordain'd. There's no question to be made on't, reply'd his Neice: But dear Uncle, said she, why do you thus engage your self in all these Quarrels and Combats? Would it not be much better for you to live quiet at home, enjoy your Estate, and take the pleasure of Hunting, then to perplex and weary your felf with roving and rambling about the World like a Vagabond; and feeking for better Bread then is made of Wheat, not confidering, that there's some People who gad a great way for Wool, that return home without Hair. Oh my dear Neice, anfwer'd Don Quixote, thou art much mistak'n; for before I'le be shorn by any Man, I'le tear his Beard from the Chin of the proudest He that dares but to look upon the Curles of one of my Locks. To which his Neice made no reply, perceiving the Knight begin to be in wrath.

Fifteen whole days did our Hero remain at home to repair his batter'd Carkafs, without the least fign of any Reformation; during which time, the Curate and the Barber had the most pleasant disputes in the World with him, while he maintain'd that there was nothing so beneficial to Mankind as Knight-Errantry, to which end he was refolvid to re-establish the Order. In which disputes the Curate sometimes contradicted him, sometimes submitted; for had he not us'd that Policy, he might have been thrash'd for a

Necromancer.

In the mean time, Don Quixote very privately, but very earnestly made it his business every day to folicite one of his Neighbours, a Labouring-man, and a good honest Fellow, if we may be permitted to call a poor man ho28

nest: for he was poor indeed; poor in Purse, and poor in Brains: Which Don Quixote considering, bestow'd all his Rhetoric upon him, told him out so many thousands of Promises, and gave him so many fair Arguments, that at length he prevail'd with him to become his Squire. Among other motives this was one, that his prospect of Gain was great, but his Loss could be nothing: For that in Knight-Errantry there were ost-times those lucky hits, that in the time that a man may be taking up two straws, the Knight might take an Island; and it might be his luck to make him Governour of a whole Country. Thus Sancha Pancha (for that was the Name of the Labouring-man) vanquish'd by these invincible Reasons, forsook his Wise and Children to sollow his Neighbour in the quality of a Squire, or Shield-Porter.

And now Don Quixote affur'd of such a necessary Appurtenance, made it his business to furnish himself with Money: To which purpose, putting here to Sale, Mortgaging there, and all the while selling Robin Hood's Pennoth's, he got a good round Sum together. After that, he borrow'd another Target of one of his Neighbours, and having repair'd his Headpiece and Visor the best he could, he gave notice to his Squire of the day and hour that he intended to depart, to the end he might furnish himself with all things necessary; more especially he bid him be careful not to forget a Wallet. Sancha promis'd all Obedience, and moreover fignify'd his desire to take his As along with him, which was strong and in good case. The mentioning of the As put Don Quixote into a brown study for a time, being in a great Quandary whether it were lawful for him to permit his Squire that Priviledge; not being able to call to mind that of all the Knights which he had read, ever any one carry'd along with him a Squire mounted upon an Ass. However at last he resolv'd to give Pancha his liberty, hoping in time to mount him more honourably, the first unmannerly Knight that he should happ'n to unhorse. He also furnish'd himself with Shirts, and other Necessaries, according to the Inn-keepers Instructions. Which being done with all the secrecy imaginable, Sancha, without so much as kissing his Wife, or bidding his Children God-buy; and Don Quixote, leaving both his Maid and his Niece fast asleep, stole out of the House one Night, and having got the Village upon their backs, they made fuch haft, that by break of day they were quite out of the danger of being pursu'd. As for Sancha Pancha, he rode like a Patriarch, with his Wallet and his Bottle, and with a strange impatience to see himself Governour of the Island which his Mafter had promis'd him.

They took the same Road which Don Quixote had done the time before, that is to say, over the Plains of Montiel, through which they travell'd with less annoyance, then when Don Quixote rode alone, by reason it was very early in the Morning, at what time a brisk breeze of Wind cool'd the fresh Air. And all this while they had not spokin a word one to another; but Sancha Pancha, whose Tongue was never wont to lie still so long, at length breaking silence, 'Sir Knight-Errant, quo he to his Master, pray do not you forget the Island which you have promis'd me. Heark ye me, 'Friend Sancha, reply'd Don Quixote, you must know that in all Ages, this has been the constant practice of Knight-Errants, to give their Squires the Government of those Islands and Kingdoms which they conquer; which laudable Custom I am resolv'd to keep up to that degree, that whereas other Knights never rewarded their Squires, till they were grown old, and incapable of starving by Day, and watching a Nights, and then gave 'em only some little Province' or other, with the Title of Count or Marques:

For my part, should it be my hap, before we have liv'd fix days together, to gain an Empire, to which many other Kingdoms were subject, I would cause thee to be Crown'd King of one of those Kingdoms. Nor do thou 'think this to be a strange thing: For such good Fortune oft times befals a Knight-Errant, and that by ways and means fo un-foreseen and unexpected, that I may chance to give thee much more then I promis'd. If this should come to pass, reply'd Sancha Pancha, assuredly my Wife Joan Guthridge will be a Queen, and all my Children Infanta's and Dolphins. There's no doubt on't, reply'd Don Quixote. I do a little question it, answer'd Sancha; for I am perswaded, if it should rain Crowns, we should hardly meet with one that would fit my Wives Head: For to tell ye truth, Sir, she's no more fit to make a Queen, then a pickl'd Herring; I believe she would prove a better Countels, and yet, so God help me, if she be able to manage that Place well, I believe 'tis as much as she can do. Leave that to God a' mighty, reply'd Don Quixote, he will give thee what is most convenient for thee; and therefore pluck up a good Heart, and scorn to content thy felf with less then a Vice-Roy-ship, or an Earldom at least. No more I will, reply'd Don Sancha; especially since I have so good and so discreet a Mafter, that knows what to give me, and what I am able to discharge.

#### CHAP. VIII.

Of Don Quixote's good Success in his dreadful and unheard-of Encounter with the Windmills.

Thile they were thus familiarly talking together, Don Quixote and his Squire discover'd at a distance some thirty or forty Windmills; which so soon as the Knight espy'd, 'Fortune now conducts us better then we can guide our selves. See yonder (Friend Sancha) no less then thirty 'Giants of enormous stature; all which I am resolv'd not only to encounter, but to distembowel. 'Twill be a good beginning to enrich our selves with their Spoils; for the Quarrel is just, and the extirpation of this detected Race will be an acceptable piece of Service to God.

What Giants? reply'd Sancha Pancha. Why those Giants which thou feeft yonder, quo Don Quixote, with their hugeous Arms, of which Race there are some whose Arms will reach two Leagues in length. Mind what you fay, reply'd Sancha; for an't like your Worship, those things which you suppose to be Giants, are no Giants, but Windmills; and the Arms you fancy, are only the Sails that turn about the Wheels when they grind the Corn. 'I see, said Don Quixote, that thou art a Ninny in matters of 'Chivalry. They are Giants, Fool; and therefore if thou art afraid, go 'aside and say thy Pray'rs: for my part, I am resolv'd to encounter 'em. tho as many more. And so faying, he spurr'd Rosinante forward, tho Sancha still swore himself to the Devil, that they were no Giants, but Windmills. But let him fwear himfelf to his Damm to boot, he fo ftrongly fancy'd 'em to be Giants, that he never regarded the Oaths of his Squire; and the nearer he rode, the more he was confirm'd in his imagination. So that as foon as he came within hearing, he tore his Throat, crying out, Stand, Caitiffs; stand your Ground, vile Miscreants as ye are, and five not basely from a single Knight, that fears not to encounter ye all in a heap

30

together. By and by the Wind rifing, made the Sweeps begin to move: But that made him ten times madder. Then he fwore Nouns and Pronouns, what! defie him to his Teeth! But ye shall pay for your arrogance. quo he, tho ye had as many Arms as the Giant Briareus. After that, he most devoutly recommended himself to his Lady Dulcinea, imploring her aid in that extremity of danger; and so covering himself with his Buckler, and couching his Lance in his Rest, he ran with all Rosinante's might against the first Windmill, pushing his Lance through one of the Winlow's, which with the swiftness of its motion whirling away the Lance, shiver'd it into feveral pieces; and then throwing Horse and Man after it, lay'd the poor Knight sprawling i'the Field, at the distance of more Yards, then would have measur'd Long Megg of Lincoln a Gown and Petticoat. Which Don Sancha perceiving, haften'd with his Ass a Dog-trot; and finding his Master almost doz'd with the fall, Mercy save me, quo he, did I not worry your Worship to take care what ye did? and told ye they were Windmils? Which no body but might have feen, that had not more Windmills in his Head. Peace, Friend Sancha, peace, reply'd Don Quixote, there is nothing so subject to Fortune as War, for it fluctuates in perpetual inconstancy. But let me tell thee what I think, and am certain 'tis true; that curfed Necromancer, Wheston, that carry'd away my Study and my Books, as fure as a Gun has chang'd the Giants into Windmills, on purpose to deprive me of the Honour which I intended, of grinding them to powder; fuch is his rage and malice against me: But all his Enchantments in the end must yield to the edge of my Sword. Pray God ye be John, reply'd Sancha; and so heaving him up again upon his Leggs, by the help of a Shrieve's Block, he mounted the unfortunate Rolinante once more, half Shoulder-sprain'd, poor Beast.

This Atchievement thus perform'd, they took the Road that leads to the Passage through the Mountains, and all the way the last Adventure was the subject of their Discourse; Don Quixote believing that he could not miss of Adventures in a Road so greatly frequented. However the loss of his Lance extreamly tormented him, for which, after he had express'd his grief to Sancha, 'I remember, said the Knight, that I have read of a certain Ca-"valier, whose Name was Don Pedro de Vargas, who having brok'n his Lance, tore down a huge maffie Arm of an Oak, and flew fo many Moors, 'that he won to himself and his Posterity the Sirname of Machuca, or the Oak render. I tell thee this, Sancha, because I intend to tear down from the next Oak I meet, an Arm as sturdy and as fit for the work as you can imagine that to be, with which I will perform fuch feats of Arms, that thou shalt bless thy felf, that ever thou hadst the Honour to see me, and be the witness of Exploits almost furmounting belief. By the Ghost of St. Jaco, reply'd Don Sancha, I believe 'tis true, because you say it. But pray, Sir, fit upright i' your Saddle, you ride upon one Buttock, as if you had a Bile upon t'other. No Bile, good Sancha, but a plaguy bruise upon the Crupper bone: However, a Knight Errant must never complain, tho his Guts were coming out of his Belly. Then I shall say no more, reply'd Don Sancha; and yet God knows my heart, I should be glad to hear you complain a little sometimes, when you have receiv'd a hurt. For my part, I am sure I shall cry like a sucking Calf if a Giant does but hold a Cudgel over my Pare, unless the Squires are under the same Law with their Masters. Don Quixote laugh'd at the simplicity of his Squire, and assur'd him he might cry as much as he would, and when he would, whether he had any cause or no; for that he had never found any thing to the contrary

in all his reading. Pray, Sir, then, said Sancha, is it not high time to set our Teeth a going, for I find 'tis not Lawful for you to complain of Hunger? I do not find my Stomack yet up, reply'd Don Quixote; but for thy own part, do as thy Belly requires. Sancha having thus obtain'd leave, open'd his Wallet, as he sate upon his As, and having cut himself a good Lunchin of Bread and Cheese, fell a munching behind his Master, ever and anon lifting his Bottle to his Nose, as would have made a Dutch man a dry to have seen him. And thus as he sate cramming his Guts at ease, and drinking at leisure, he went his Asses pace, minding neither Family at home, nor his Master's great Promises, but only to fortise himself against Hunger and Drowth.

That Night they made their Beds under the Trees; from one of which Don Quixote pull'd down a lufty, thumping long Branch, to ferve him instead of a Lance, and fix'd to it the head and steeling of his brok'n Weapon. After that, he compos'd himself to his Rest; but alas, he could not fleep a wink for thinking upon his dear Dulcinea, in imitation of what he had read in his Romances, where the Knights Errant never shut their Eves but fpend their Nights in Defarts and Forests, contemplating upon the Beauty of their absent Mistresses. But Sancha, who was of a coarser Mettle, and more earthy substance, could not hold up so briskly against the Charms of Morpheus. For he, having fill'd his Paunch with something more then Wind, fell fast asleep, without the help of Succory-water, and made but one napp of it, from the time that he lay'd himself forth upon the Grass, till Sun-rife. Nor would the heat of the scorching Planet, nor the melody of the Birds that warbl'd on every side, have made him stir, had not his Mafter wak'd him with five or fix huzza's, as loud as St. Pulcher's Tenor. However, being thus rous'd, he forgot not to wash his Eyes with a dram of the Bottle, where he took two or three long winded fwiggs, not a little penfive to find it then so light, and no possibility of a Recruit upon the Road they were to Travel. As for Don Quixote, who had been feathing all Night upon the more delicate and favoury thoughts of his Mistress, he car'd for no Breakfast; and therefore being mounted, they rode directly toward the passage of the Mountains, which they discover'd about Eight a Clock i' the Morning. Where being arriv'd, Here it is, cry'd Don Quixate, that we may have Opportunity to thrust our Arms up to the elbows in Adventures. But here by the way I must admonish thee never to draw thy Sword, tho thou feest me in the greatest danger i'the World, unless thou find'st me affaulted by the Rabble, or any mean Mechanick Fellows like thy felf; for in fuch a case thou may'stassist me, otherwise the Laws of Chivalry will not permit thee to encounter a Knight, till thou art Dubb'd thy felf. Never doubt, Sir. quo Don Sancha, but I shall obey your Worship most punctually in this; and fo much the rather, because I am naturally of a very peaceable temper, and a fworn Enemy to Quarrels. On the other fide, if any Knight offer to drubb me first, I am afraid I shall hardly observe your Laws; for all Law, both Divine and Humane, permits a Man to defend his own Skin. I agree to that, reply'd Don Quixote; but as to thy affifting me against Knights-Errant, I tell thee again, thou hast no more to do, then only to fay thy Prayers; but as to other things, thou art to bridle thy natural Courage. Don't I tell ye, Sir, that I'le be fure to do it: Ne'r trust me now, if I don't keep that Commandment more folemnly then any of the Ten.

Concluding thus their Discourse, they espy'd coming toward 'em two Fryers, of the Order of St. Benedict, mounted upon Dromedaries, for they were a fort of strapping Mules, with their Umbrello's and Glaffes before their Eyes. Behind appear'd a Coach and five or fix Gentlemen a' Horseback, with two Men a foot that led the Mules. In the Coach was a Lady of Biscay, going to meet her Husband at Sevil, where he stay'd to take Shipping for the Indies, where he had obtain'd a confiderable Employment. No fooner had Don Quixote descry'd the Fryers, who were not of the same Company, tho travelling the fame Road, but he cry'd to his Squire, Either I am deceiv'd, Friend Sancha, or yonder is one of the most famous Adventures that ever were known. For without all question, those Sable Apparitions that yonder appear, must be some Necromancers, that are carrving away some Princess in that Coach; and it is my Duty to use the utmost of my power to prevent so great an Injury. Oh! quo Don Sancha, shaking his Noddle, I fear me this will be more idle then the Adventure of the Wind mills. 'Slife, Sir, y'are under another mistake; these are Benedictine Fryers; and I'le be hang'd if the Coach does not belong to the People that are travelling upon the Road: And therefore I fay again, have a care of being deluded by the Temptations of the Devil. I have told thee already, Sancha, reply'd Don Quixote, that thou art a meer Ninny-hammer in Adventures. What I fay, is true, and thou shalt find it so to be prefently. And having fo faid, he advanc'd, and posted himself just in the middle of the High way where the Monks were to pass. And when they came within hearing, in a loud and haughty tone, 'Anathema's and Devils 'in Humane shape, cry'd he, release those High born Princesses that you 'are conveying away in that Coach, or else expect a speedy Death, as the 'just Reward of your impious deeds. Thereupon the Monks immediately stopp d their Mules, no less astonish'd at the strange disguise of the speaker, then at his thundring expressions. We are neither Persons Possess'd, quo they, nor Excommunicated, but Fryers of the Order of St. Benedict, travelling upon the Road. I am not to be cajol'd with fair words, reply'd Don Quixote: I know well enough what ye are, perfidious Infidels: And immediately, not admitting any reply, he ran fo furiously with his Lance couch'd against the Fryers, that if one of 'em had not prudently thrown himself to the ground, his Soul must have been forc'd to seek another Habitation; while the other Monk, observing the discourteous usage of his Friend, clapt Spurs to his Mule, and flew for't with that speed, as if he had been running a Race with the Wind. Sancha no fooner perceiv'd the Fryer sprawling upon the ground, but heskipp'd off his Afs, and presently fell to risling the Religious Benedictine; at what time the two Lackeys that attended the Fryers on foot, coming up to the Squire, ask'd him what he meant to ftrip the Gentleman? Because they are my due, reply'd Sancha, as being the spoils which my Lord and Master has won in the field of Battel. This was all Heathen Greek to the Lackeys; and therefore, to relieve their Master, feeing Don Quixote at a distance, who was then in a deep Discourse by the side of the Coach, they both fell upon Sancha, threw him down, and after they had trampl'd upon his Guts, as if they had been treading a Hay-mow, and torn above the best half of his Beard from his Chin, left him for dead. In the mean while the Benedictine, who was more fear'd then hurt, re mounts his Mule, and all in a cold fweat, as pale as a Ghost, spurs after his Companion, who staid for him at a distance, expecting the issue of this unexpected Adventure; and then, both together, they pursu'd their Journey, making as many signs of the Cross, as if they had had the Devil at their

Book I. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

All this while Don Quixore was most bufily employ'd at the Boot of the Coach, where after many Goodly Good Morrows to the Beltayner Lady, Madam, faid he, your transcendent Beauty is now no longer under re-'straint; you are free and at liberty: This Arm of mine shall punish the bold attempters to enflave your Person. And that you may not be igno-'rant who was your Deliverer, know I am the valiant Don Quixote of the 'Mancha, Knight-Errant; the Slave and Captive that adores the fair 'and incomparable Dulcinea del Tobofo. Nor do I demand any other recom-'pence for the Service I have done you, but that you will be pleas'd to re-'turn to Tobolo, there to visit this Lady in my Name, and let her know 'how far you are beholding to me for your Liberty, and what I have done 'to obtain it.

To all this riff-raff, a Biscayner Gentleman, who rode along with the Coach, liften'd most attentively; and observing that Don Quixote not only stopp'd the Coach, but would make the Coach-man also drive back to Tobolo, he bore briskly up to him, and taking hold of his Lance, 'Sir Cadwallader, quo he, for 'Biscan Spanish is Welsh-English, i' the name of St. Tassee, what make her stand 'prating there? Her was as good get her gone, and that quickly too, else 'as Cott shall shudge her Soul, her will stick her to the Heart, Plood, and 'Cutts. To which Don Quixote reply'd very fowrly, Wer't thou a Gen-'tleman, as thou art not, but a Scoundrel, I had chaffiz'd thy Insolence 'long ere this. Splutrenailes, no Shentleman, cry'd the Biscayner; by Cott 'and St. Taffee, thou ly'ft i' thy Throat: Her be as coot a Shentleman as a 'Christian." Throw away her Pike staffs, and draw her Swords, and her 'shall find her a Shentleman py Land, a Shentleman py Sea, a Shentleman 'in spite of the Tevil, and her lyes in her Liver, and Lights, and Lungs, if her 'tenies what her fay. A match quo Momfort, reply'd Don Quixote; and with that, throwing down his Lance, drawing his Sword, and shouldring his Buckler, he made at the Biscayner, fully resolv'd upon nothing but Massacre. The Biscarner seeing him come on so furiously, would fain have alighted. confiding little in his Mule, that was but a hyr'd Beast. But all he had time to do, was only to draw his Sword, and fnatch a Cushion out of the Coach, to serve him instead of a Shield. Which done, the two Champions encounter'd each other with all the figns of Mortal Antipathy. The standersby did all they could to pacifie their fury; but 'twas a thing impossible. For the Biscayner's Wellb Blood was in such a boyling condition, that he fwore by the Peek of Tenariff, he would Murder his Mistress, and all that oppos'd him, if they would not let him alone to kill the Knight.

Upon this, the Lady, quaking and quivering, commanded the Coachman to drive out of harms way, while the Biscayner at the same time let fall a driving blow upon his Adversary's shoulder with such a Gigantick force, that but for his trusty Target, he had split the Knight from the Collar to the Wast, like a Chequer Talley. Thereupon Don Quixote feeling the blow like the fall of a Mountain, with a loud voice, 'Bright Flower of Beauty, 'dearest Dulcinea, Mistress of my Soul, cry'd he, assist your Champion in

'this extremity of danger, fighting to support your Honour.

After which short Ejaculation, grasping his Sword, and shouldring his Target with a short-hand swiftness, and with a Tempestuous forehead, menacing nothing but Thunder and Destruction, he darted himself, Dragonlike upon his Enemy, as if he had refolv'd to venture the fortune of the Combat all upon one blow. On the other fide, the Bifcayner, gueffing his defign by his dreadful Countenance, guarded himself as well as he could with his Cushion, and breathing no less fury, with an undaunted bravery resolv'd to abide the shock of his merciless Foe, who with his Arm alost came poudring on like a falling Meteor from the Skie. And all the while the Spectators, ready to bewray their Breeches, & crumpl'd up with panick fear, attended the fatal issue of the Combat; while the Lady and her waiting Gentlewomen put up their Prayers to Heaven for the Bistayner, and vow'd golden Mountains to all the Saints in Spain, upon condition of success.

The mischief on't is, that the Author of this History gives us no farther account of this Battel, but leaves it undecided, pretending that he finds nothing more mention'd concerning it in the Records of D. Quixote's Atchievements. However, the next Undertaker of this work, could not believe that so remarkable a story could be swallow'd up in the Jaws of Oblivion; or that the Wits of Mancha could be such Sots, as not to preserve in their Publick Registers, or Private Scrutoirs some odd Papers to eternize the Ornament of their Village; and therefore he made a diligent enquiry, and after long search found what he sought, by an Accident that shall be related in the next Book.

The End of the First Book.



Don Quixot and the Carrier Fighting for the Innkeepers Maid.



Sancho Pancha toß't in a Blanket.

THE

### SECOND BOOK

OF THE

### DELIGHTFUL HISTORY

## Don Quixote

# MANCHA:

### PART I. BOOK II.

### CHAP. I.

The Event of the dreadful Combat between the couragious Biscayner, and the valiant Don Quixote.

N the first Part of this History we left the brave Biscayner, and the famous Don Quixote brandishing their Swords over their Heads, and preparing to give each other those damnable Chops, that had their Weapons fall'n perpendicular upon unarmed Sculls, they had chyn'd one another to the very Saddle-Bows. But, as I said before, the Story remain'd imperfect, because the Author gave us no light where we should find Matter to continue the Relation. This perplex'd me to the Soul; and the Pleasure which I took at the Beginning augmented my Grief, when I saw it so impossible to see the Conclusion. But Lord! thought I, how can it be? It is impossible, at least very unjust, that so famous a Champion should want fome learned Person to complete the Story of his Atchievements, fuch as were never heard of before; a Misfortune that never befel any of his Predecessors in Knight-Errantry. And therefore not being able to imagin, that a Knight, fo renowned as he, should be less beholding to Fame, then Platir and others of the same Order, yet less worthy; I laid the Fault upon Time, who liaving a greedy Worm in his Maw, that devours all things, might have chopped up this History for a relishing Bit, F 2 36

or else maliciously buri'd it, to prevent Mankind from wasting and consuming those precious Hours, which are but Members of himself. On the other fide, I could not believe the Hiftory of our Champion to be fo ancient. but that his Neighbours and Friends might well remember the most considerable Passages. And this it was that engag'd me to make a particular, and more exact Enquiry into the Life and Miracles of our renowned Spaniard. that blazing Star of La Mancha, and the first, who in this unfortunate Age renew'd the neglected Profession of Knight-Errantry; devoting himself to relieve the Distressed, protect Widows and Orphans, and defend the Honour of young Damsels, such as gallop with their Whips and their Palfries from Mountain to Mountain, and Valley to Valley, with all their Virginity about 'em, as fafe as if it were at home lock'd up i'their Trunks; and unless they happen to meet with some boisterous Clown, or letcherous Giant, at fourfcore years of Age are laid i'their Graves as good Maids as their Mothers. But all my Labour and Industry had been fruitless, and the World had been deprived of this inestimable Treasure, had not kind Fortune been fo propitious to throw it into my Hands by a lucky Accident, as

Standing one day in the Mercers-Row at Toledo, I faw a young Lad offering certain loose Quires of Paper to a Grocer to fell; being therefore, as I am, very curious, to scrape together all the printed or written old pieces of Paper I could meet with, I took an occasion to bid the Boy let me see one of his Quires, and finding it to be in Arabick, which I did not understand, I look'd about to see whether I could find e're a Jew of a Moor, to be my Interpreter, a Conveniency easie to be had in a place where so many several Languages are spok'n. So that having met with a Person sit for my purpose, I desir'd him to tell me the meaning of that same Arabick; who had not read many Lines before he began to laugh. I ask'd him what he laugh'd at? At a certain Remark here, faid he, that I find in the Margin, in these Words. This same Dulcinea del Toboso so often mention'd in this History, is said to have had the best hand in salting of Pork, of any Woman in Mancha.

When I heard the Name of Dulcinea del Tobolo, I was both furprized and pleas'd. For, thought I to my felf, those Papers must certainly contain the History of Don Quixote. Thereupon I desir'd the Jew to read me the Title of the Book, which he did in these Words: The History of Don Quixote of the Mancha, written by Cades Hamech Benengeli, an Arabian Historiographer. I was so over-joy'd when I heard the Title, that I could not diffemble my Passion, but snatching the Papers out of the Grocer's hands. I agreed with the Boy to fell me that for Three pence, which he would not have fold me for twenty times as much, had he known my mind. This Purchase thus made, I presently withdrew into the Cloister of the great Church, with my Moor, and bargain'd with him for fifty Pound of Raisins, and two Bushels of Wheat, to translate the whole into Spanish, charging him not to add or diminish, but to keep close to the Original. And for the more quick dispatch, I carry'd him home to my own House, where in fix Weeks he completed his Work.

Upon the first leaf of the Book was painted to the life the Combat between the Biscarner and Don Quixote, in the same Posture as we lest em, with their Swords brandish'd over their Heads, the one guarding himself with his Target, and the other holding up his Cushion. The Biscayner's Mule was painted so exactly to the life, that you would have fworn it to have been a hir'd Mule, half a League off. Under the Biscayner was written, Don Sancho de Aspecia, and under Rosinante, Don Quixote. Rosinante was

fo admirably well done, fo slim, fo lean, fo lank, fo hide bound, with a rough Coat, a sharp Ridge bone, and lolling Ears, that you would have fworn, at first sight, he had been tak'n out of a Dust Cart. Not far off flood Sancho Pancha holding his Ass by the Halter. A pleasant Protraiture, tun-belly'd like a Switzer, thick and short like a Sussex Dumplin, with a couple of gouty Legs, like two Collars of Brawn; and this is the reason why he is call'd in Story sometimes Pansa, or Gorbelly, sometimes Cansa, or Bandylegs. Whoever objects against the Truth of what is here said, can give no folid Reason, I am sure, for his incredulity, but only that it was written by an Arabian, who are generally as great Lyers as ever the Cretans could be. However, as they are our Enemies, I am apt to believe, that the Author rather studi'd to suppress the Truth, then to add to our Champion's Fame, and the rather, because I find, where he ought to have enlarg'd upon his Praises, he passes many things over in silence. A great piece of Malice and Baseness in a Historian, whom it behoves to be pun-Stual and faithful, free from Passion or Interest, detesting, either through Favour or Affection, to deviate from the Truth, which is the Mother of History, as History is the Feosfee in Trust for the Preservation of all great Actions; or rather, the Treasury of Fame, where all the renowned Exploits of worthy Champions are deposited, as in a facred and inviolable Sanctuary, as being the profess'd Enemy of Oblivion. And therefore I cannot but perswade my self, That all which is here written, is certainly true, fince the Author might have so easily enlarg'd himself upon a Subject so copious, had he so pleas'd himself. Which argues, that he could not help what he writes, fince he goes about to nimm, and filch from our Champion's Atchievements; tho I must tell ye the Thest cannot be much miss'd, where there is fuch a plentiful Heap. And so let us proceed according to our Translation.

Such were the terrible Afpects, and incens'd Countenances of those enrag'd and fiery Combatants, that with up lifted Hands, and with remorceles Glaves, they feem'd to threat'n the Heavens themselves, as well as the Earth, while the Spectators hung in an equal balance between Aftonishment and Fear. The cholerick Biscarner gave the first Blow, and that with fuch a willing Heart, and fuch a prodigious force, that had not his Sword turn'd in his hand, that funeral Stroke had determin'd the Combat, and put an end to all the rest of this History. But Fate, that had reserved our Champion for a more durable Immortality, so order'd it, that the Sword falling with the flat of the Blade upon his left Shoulder, did no other harm, but only difarm that fide of his Head, carrying away along with it all that side of his Helmet, and half his Ear. Words cannot express the more then Dragon-like Rage and Transport of La Mancha's Hero, to see himself so coursely handl'd. Immediately therefore raising himself upon his Stirrups, and grasping his Sword fast in his Fist (tremble ye Heavens!) he discharg'd so dreadful and hideous a Thunder-clap so full upon his Adversary's Noddle, that maugre the defence of his Cushion, the poor Bifcayner fell a bleeding at the Nofe, Mouth, and Ears; and tottering in his Saddle, he had certainly fall'n to the Ground had he not caught hold of his Mule's Neck. At what time the dull Beaft, fcar'd with the Blow, and now Master of his Bridle, took a run as if the Devil had drove him; so that after two or three Frisks he shoke off his Rider, and threw him almost breathless to the Earth, where he lay gasping for Life, like a Game-cock, that has receiv'd a sparring Blow from his Enemy. Don Quixote beheld the Difafter of his Foe with great content and tranquility of mind; and feeing

38

him down, flipp'd from his Saddle, as nimbly as a Taylor from his Shopboard, ran to him, and fetting the point of his Sword to the Biscarner's Throat, bid him ask his life, vowing else to cut off his Head. But he had spoil'd the Biscayner for a Speech maker, who, insensible of the danger of his Neck, made no reply; fo that Don Quixote had affuredly completed his Work, had not the Lady, trembling and screaming for the loss of her Squire. befought him to spare his life. But her Atonement having pacify'd the Hero's Fury; "Fair Lady, faid he, with a grave and stately demeanour. "I grant your Request; but upon Condition, that this same Knight "shall return to Toboso, and there present himself in my Name before the "incomparable Dulcinea, to be at her absolute Disposal. The dismay'd Lady, who at that time would have given him her Maiden-head, if she had had it, for half a words speaking, ne're stood to dispute his Commands, nor to enquire who Dulcinea was, but promis'd in her Squire's behalf, implicite Obedience to all his Injunctions. "Let him live then, reply'd the Champion, upon your word, and in favour of your Beauty, let him enjoy "that Pardon, of which his Arrogance had render'd him unworthy.

#### CHAP. II.

Containing the pleasant Discourse between Don Quixote and Sancho Pancha.

Ong before this, Sancho Pancha had recover'd himself, and was got again upon his Legs, after the rude Kicks and Buffets, which the Varlets belonging to the Benedictines, had so liberally bestow'd upon his Nose and Mouth; and then beholding the Combat wherein his Master was engag'd, he went to his Prayers, defiring of God to grant him Victory, and that he might win an Island, in order to his being made a Governour. At length perceiving the Combat to be at an end, and that Don Quixote was going to re-mount his Courser, he ran in all haste to help him; but before he put foot i'the Stirrup, Sancho first fell at his Knees, and kissing his hand; My dear Master, said he, if you think it convenient to bestow upon me the Island which you have won, I find my felf as able to govern it, as the best He that ever govern'd Island in this World. Friend Santho, reply'd Don Quixote, these are no Adventures of Islands, these are only Praludium's and Trials of Valour, Rancounters upon the High-way, where we win nothing but crackt Sculls, and brok'n Nofes, or the loss of an Ear; have patience therefore, and thou shalt fee we shall meet with Opportunities a-now to prefer thee to a Government, if not to be an absolute Monarch. Sancha fail'd not to melt into Tears of Joy and Thanks for his new promifes; and after he had once more kiss'd his Hand, and the skirts of his Coat of Armour fetting his Shoulder to his Mafter's Buttocks, he heav'd him again into his Saddle; and then mounting his Ass, follow'd his Master, who put on a good round Trot, after he had tak'n his leave of the Lady i'the Coach, and rode into the next Wood which he met with upon the Road, there to retire and refresh himself for some time. But before they got thither, the Knight leading the way, and Sancho finding that Rolinante rid ground for fast, that he was like to be left behind, he cry'd out to his Master to stay for him. Whereupon the Knight put a flop to his Carcer, and changing his

Gallop into a leifurely walking pace; fo foon as Sancho overtook him. Master, said he, me-thinks we should do well to take Sanctuary. For we left the Person with whom you fought, but in a scurvy dangerous Condition; fo that if we should be apprehended and carry'd before a Justice of the Peace, what then? I fear me, before we got rid of his clutches, we should fairly swing for't. Thou talk'st like a Coxcomb, reply'd Don Quixote, where didst thou ever read or find, that ever any Knight-Errant was Indicted at a Session's house for any Homicides that ever he committed? I know not what you mean by your Homicides, cry'd Sancho, nor have I ever heard of any such President 'tis true; but this I know, that many Men have been hang'd for fighting Duells; as for your Homicides, I know not what belongs to 'em. Never disquiet thy felf, Boy, for that, reply'd Don Quixote, he that has rescu'd thee out of the hands of the Tartars and Chaldeans, can as easily protect thee from a Commission of Over and Terminer. maugre all the strength and fury of the Giant Cul-prit to boot. For tell me now truly; Dolt thou believe there is, or ever was a more couragious Champion in any Part or Corner of the whole World, then my felf? Haft thou at any time read in History of any one that ever had more Resolution to undertake, more Vigour to attack, better Lungs to hold out, more defensive nimbleness, more offensive Dexterity, or more Art to unhorse his Adversary? O' my Conscience, quo Don Sancho, 'tis very true; I never read the like i my life; for I never could Read or Write fince I was born. But this I dare fwear upon all the Bibles that ever were printed at Oxford, that I never ferv'd a more daring and bolder Master then your self; pray God this Boldness of yours does not bring us both at length to the Gallows. But, Sir, what if we should dress your Ear? It drops like a Brest of Mutton; and I have by good chance both Lint and the Apostle's Ointment here in my Wallet. All this trouble might have been fav'd, had I remember'd, like a Godfhead as I was to forget it, to have made but one small Gally pot full of the Balsom of Invulnerable; one drop of which precious Ointment would have fav'd us the expence both of Time and Med'cines. What Ballom of Invulnerable d'ye mean, Sir, quo Don Sancho? A Balsom, reply'd Don Quixote, which he that possesses may dally with all manner of Wounds, and fart at Death it felf. I have the Receipt of it i'my head; fo that when I have made it, I will give thee a Box full; and then if it be thy chance in any Combat to see me clest in two i' the middle, do but thou take up the two halves, and joyn 'em exactly together again, before they be cold, and give me but a Spoonful of that Balfom to drink, and thou shalt fee me as found again as ever I was i'my life. If this be true, quo Sancho, I defie all the Preferments and Governments you have promis'd me; I defire no more then this Receipt to recompence all my past and future Services. For I am fure there is no part of the World where this Balforn will not be worth at least half a Crown an Ounce; so that a man may get an Alderman's Estate presently. But, Sir, how much will it cost to make this Balsom, quo Don Sancho? Why, you may make every day i' the Week three Pints for Eighteen pence, reply'd Don Quixose. Heavens bless me, Sir! why then don't you teach me how to make it immediately? God's my-life, I'de make three Hogsheads a day, rather then fail. Soft and fair, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote. I reserve thee for Secrets of far greater Importance, and more noble Rewards. In the mean time dress my Ear, for it pains me confoundedly, the I am unwilling to shew it. Whereupon Sancho took his Ointment and his Lint out of his Wallet. But when Don Quixote faw that the Vizor of his Helmet was brok'n, 'twas a thousand pound to a Nut-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

40

shell, but that he had run stark staring mad. "By the Bowels of my Fa-"ther; by my Allegiance to Dulcinea; by the whole frame of Nature, cry'd he, here do I'swear to lead a life like the Marquess of Mantua, when he vow'd to revenge the Death of his Cousin Balduin, never to eat at Table, nor kiss my Mistress, till I have tak'n Vengeance upon him that did me this Injury. Sir, said Sancho, amaz'd to hear him swear so desperately, moderate your Passion; for if the Knight fulfill your Commands. and present himself at the Feet of the Lady Dulcinea, you have giv'n him an Act of Oblivion, unless he commit a second Offence. 'Tis well observ'd, reply'd the Hero, and therefore as to the point of Revenge, I revoke my Oath. But I confirm and renew it again, and solemnly vow to lead the same life as before, till I have pluck'd from the Head and Jaws of some other Knight, a Helmet as good as ever that was. Nor do thou think, Sancho, that I make this Protestation rashly; I know who it is that I imitate exactly: for it was the very case of Mambrino's Helmet, which cost Sacripant so dear. For Heaven's sake, Sir, cry'd Sancho, resign all your Oaths to the Devil. We are commanded not to swear, and you damn your self here for a trifle. For suppose we should not meet with an armed Knight this Fortnight, what must we do i'the mean time? Will you keep your Oath all the while? will you fleep i' your Clothes a Month together? Never eat or drink in a good Town, with a thousand other idle Penances, which that doating old Fool the Marquess of Mantua inflicted upon himself? Besides. Sir, we may ride these hundred years upon this Road, before we meet with an armed Knight to pick a quarrel withal; here are none but Carriers and Waggoners, fellows to far from carrying Vizors upon their Noses, that they never so much as heard what a Vizor was i' their lives. Go, go, thou art a Fool, reply'd Don Quixote, I'le warrant thee we shall meet in time with more Knights with Vizors and Head-pieces, then fought to rescue the fair Angelica at the Siege of Albrasa. A blind Man would be glad to see it, cry'd Don Sancho, I could find i'my heart to fetch a Nap, an 'twere but to rife wi' my Bumm upward, for luck-fake; for I long to have this Island won, which has cost me so dear, that I might die a Governour. I have bid thee, Sancho, not trouble thy head about these things, reply'd Don Quixote, for if we miss of an Island, there is either the Kingdom of Denmark, or the Empire of What d' ye call it, both upon the Continent, as fit for thy purpose, as a Ring to thy Finger. But secting aside these soaring Imaginations awhile, prethee what hast got to eat i'thy Wallet? Let's fill our Stomachs a little, then travel on in fearch of some Castle where to rest our selves this Night, and make the Balsom; for the Devil take me, if my Ear be'nt cursed sore. I have here an Onion, a piece of old Suffolk-Cheese, and two or three mouldy Crusts of Bread, reply'd Sancho; but this is not a fort of Viands fit for fuch a valiant Champion as you are. Thou twattl'st like an Ignoramus, cry'd Don Quixote, for 'tis the custom of Knights-Errant not to eat sometimes in two or three Months together; and when they do, they fall upon what they meet with first, let it be never so homely; and this thy Blockhead-ship might have known, hadst thou but read half fo many Stories as I ha' done. For to deal faithfully with thee, after all my poring and dozing upon Romances, I never could find, that ever Knights-Errant did eat, unless it were by accident, when they were invited to great Feafts and Royal Banquets; at other times they dieted only upon Whimms and Chimera's. However, because it cannot be imagin'd, but that they were subject to Human Exigency, as being no more then mortal Men; 'tis very probable, that as they spent their time for the most part

in Forests and Desarts, where they had no French Cooks to make 'em Potages and Fricasees; no Fish street Dinners to pamper their Appetites, that they were glad to leap at a Crust, and be content with such Country fare as they could get. Never then, Sancho, perplex thy little Brains about pleasing my Palate, nor think to make a new World, or to change the very Order and ancient Customs of Knight-Errantry. I beg your Worship's Pardon, reply'd Don Sancho, for I was never bred a Scholard, nor Booklearn'd, and therefore 'twas not to be expected I should so exactly underfland the Laws of Chivalry. However, I shall take care for the future, that my Wallet shall not be so empty, but well furnish'd at one end with dry'd Sweetmeats, and Naples Bissuit, for you that are a Knight; and for my self that am none, I shall be no less careful to satisfie Colon with more folid and nourishing Food. I do not say, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, that a Knight-Errant is oblig'd to make a Comfit maker's Shop of his Belly; for many times he may be glad of a Sallad without Meat or hard Eggs, and a good shift too, to those that know how to make choice of their Herbs, as I do. Truly, answerd Don Sancho, 'tis an excellent thing to be a good Simpler; and I am plaguily afraid we shall have Occasion for this fort of Knowledge e're it be long, when we may be forc'd, like Beafts of the Field, to eat our Herbs without Oyl and Vinegar, or the more delicious way of being jumbl'd into a Tansey. In the mean time, quo he, here's what God hath fent us; and so emtying his Wallet, they fell on without Napkin or Table cloth, Hail fellow well met. For the Master was in haste; and therefore as soon as they had snapp'd up their Philosophers Collation, the Champion and his Squire remounted, and away they put on, in fearch of a Caftle. At length, just as the Sun was going down, they came to a place where certain Goatherds had fet up their Hutts in the open Field; fo that Don Quixote perceiving no likelihood of finding a Castle, resolved to abide there that Night, not a little to Sancho's Grief, who was altogether for a good Town, where he might replenish his Wallet, tho his Master took it for a Bleffing to sleep under the Canopy of Heaven, as believing it a thing that highly conduc'd to the Accomplishment of Knight-Errant Performances.

### CHAP. III.

What happen'd to Don Quixote among the Goat-herds.

for Sancho, after he had accommodated Rosinante and his Mule, in the best manner that the place could afford, he found his Nostrils sull of a most attractive Scent, which drew him to follow his Nose where the Shepherds were roasting certain pieces of Kids slesh for Supper. The Squire was as hungry as a Kite, and would fain have been reating the meat from the Spit; but good Manners enforc'd him to stay till the Shepherds had spread three or four Sheep and Goat-skins upon the Grass instead of a Table-cloth. Which done, and the Guests invited to take part, the Shepherds whelm'd an old half Tub with the bottom upward for the Knight to sit in more State, while they themselves sate round about upon their Heels, like Turks or Tailors. Sancho stood behind to attend his Master, and give him Drink in a plain Cuckolds-point Horn. At what time Don Quixote taking

42

Compassion of his Squire; That thou mayst understand the true worth of Knight-Errantry, faid he, and how the meanest Retainers to it, are in the ready Road to Honour and Esteem; 'tismy pleasure that thou sit thee down here by me in the Company of these persons of Quality, that thou be'st hail-fellow well met with thy Lord and Mafter; that thou eat upon the fame Trencher, and drink in the fame Cup. For, in short, we may say of Knight-Errantry, as they say of Love, That it renders all things equal. I humbly thank your Worship, reply'd Don Sancho, with an ugly Scrape; but if I had any Victuals to eat, I should rather like to feed by my self, and standing upright, then sitting by an Emperor; and should be better contented with a piece of Rye-bread and an Onion, without Fiddle faddle and Ceremony, then to diet with your great Folks upon Partridges and Turkies, where a man must sit chawing his meat, as if he were champing of Thiftles, drink Thimble-fulls, be always wiping his Fingers, and not dare to fneeze or cough, tho his Lungs were ready to burst; and therefore, my dear Lord and Master, I beseech ye, change me these Favours for some others of less value, that may be more for Stomach-satisfaction; for as for these airy Grandeurs, I renounce 'em both now and for evermore. Talk no more reply d Don Quixote, but sit thee down, Sancho; for the humble must be exalted; and fo pulling him by the Arm, he forc'd him to take his place, and to be Sidesman with his Master.

All this while the Shepherds, who understood not a Tittle of all this Pedler's French, of Knight-Errants and Squires, fed like West-countrey Barge men, without speaking a word; and yet they could not but cast an Eye now and then upon their Guefts, who shovel'd whole Luncheons down their Throats as big as their Fists. At length the Bones being tak'n away, they brought in the fecond Course, consisting of Acorns, Nuts, and Cheese, as hard as any Mortar made of Cement. Nor was the Horn idle all this while, for they tippl'd like Goffips at a Christning, filling and emptying, till one of two great Wine bags was quite exhausted. And now Don Quixote having fatisfy'd the loud Cries of his Stomach, and perhaps elevated withal to the pitch of a modern Hero, he took a handful of Nuts and Acorns, and looking wiftly upon 'em, with a grave and exalted Voice; "O happy Age! cry'd he, which our first Parents call'd the Age of Gold: "not for that Gold, so highly ador'd in this Iron Age, was then more "common, or that they ranfackt then the Bowels of the Earth with less "Labour; but because at that time they were ignorant of those two "destructive Words Mine and Thine, which have put all the World into "Confusion. For all things in that holy Age were common; the Trees "for Food afforded frank and free their pleafing Fruits; and the delicious "Brooks and Fountains quench'd their moderate Thirst; the painful Bees "enriching the Cleits of Rocks and hollow Trees with their flow'ry Spoils. "fearless erected their vigilant Common wealths, that men might reap "the pleasant Harvest of their fertile Industry. Instead of lofty Palaces, "they liv'd in mean and lowly Huts, which the Barks of Trees shelter'd "from the Injuries of Weather; and nothing but Union, Peace, and Plenty "among all Mankind. Beauty was then no Advantage, nor dangerous to young "Damfels, who never needed to conceal the Perfections which Nature had "bestow'd upon'em, more then what the Modesty of all Ages requir'd. Gar-"lands and Flowers were all their Ornaments, and more becoming than all the "Pomp of Golder Tyrian Purple, or a Tire-woman's Shop, which Luxury has "taught fucceeding Pride. Love explain'd it felf in plain and cordial Lan-"guage, speaking without Guile or Flattery; and a native Sincerity, free

"from Deceit or Diffimulation, govern all the Actions of Men. Justice "always hood-wink'd, was unacquainted then with Favour or Interest. "Long after that those Monsters came into the World; at what time a "fecret Venome diffusing it felf into the Hearts of Men, extinguish'd all "that natural Equity that regulated the World: Then there were no "longer Sanctuaries for Maiden-chastity, but foul Concupicence rang'd "every where, corrupting the strictest Watches, and detecting the most "fecret Labyrinths of Art. So that now that primitive Innocency being "loft, and Oppression every Day increasing, there was a necessity to with-"fland the Torrent of Violence: For which Reason, the Order of Knight-"Errantry was instituted, to defend the Honour of Virgins, protect Wi-"dows, fuccour Orphans, and relieve all the Distressed in general. Now, "my most noble Friends, I my self am one of this Order, and it is to a Knight-Errant and his Squire that you have given this Liberal Entertain-"ment. And tho all Persons whatever are oblig'd to be kind to Persons "of our Profession, yet as you have done me this Kindness barely out "of Civility, without understanding in the least who I was, it is but just, "that I should acknowledge your Kindness; of which you may there-"fore affure your selves, that I shall never lose the Remembrance.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

And thus you fee the great Vertue of Acorns, and how much our Story is beholding to'em, for recalling to our Knight's Remembrance the Age of Gold, and causing him to make this learned Oration, to which the Shepherds liften'd like fo many Sows i'the Beans, tho they understood not a Word he faid. Sancho, indeed, faid as little as they, but he was more prudent to stop his Belly, then to fill his Ears with aiery Notions; fo that he labour'd at the Nuts and the Cheefe, like a Slave at the Oar, not fuffering his Grinders to work in vain, and withal, giving frequent Visits

to the fecond Bottle.

Book II.

Supper thus ended, one of the Shepherds addressing himself to Don Quixote, That you may be affur'd, said he, of our real Intentions to omit nothing for your Satisfaction and Divertisement, we will shew your Wor-Thip, Sir Knight, one of our Companions, who will be here prefently, and who is a Person, whose Humour and Society will afford ye great Delight. He can read and write as well as the best Schoolmaster; and more then that, he will ravish your Ears with his Voice and his Bandore. No sooner were the words out of the Shepherd's Mouth, but he heard the found of the Instrument he spoke of; and immediately appear'd a good comely young Lad of about two and twenty years of Age. The Shepherds ask'd him whether he had supp'd? to which, when answer'd, he had; Why then, dear Anthony, faics the first Speaker, prethee do us the Kindness to fing a Song for the Entertainment of our Guest; and so let him see that Foresters and Mountaineers are not altogether ignorant of Musick. We have made the Knight acquainted with thy Abilities, and therefore to confirm what we have faid, good now fing the Madrigal which thy Uncle the Curate made upon thy Amours, fo delightful to all the Neighbourhood. Most willingly, reply'd Anthony; and so sitting down at the foot of an Oak, after he had tun'd his Instrument, he fang the following Song.

#### The SONG.

THY Love, Olalia, does furprize, Though not discerned from thine Eyes; The truest Mirrors can dispense Such hidden Mystries to my Sense:

For they the Language do impart, Not of the Tongue, but of the Heart. Though I know thee a crafty Jilt, Mak it me believe what e're thou wilt;

44

Tet still I'm happy in this Spell, To think my Labours taken well. To trace thee in thy Holbourn Tricks, Requires an Art beyond Old-Nicks.

Since true I find it to my Woe, Thy Bosome's Flint, though it seems Snow. How am I banter'd by thy shifts? Intreaties move thee not, nor Gifts.

My Summer's Hopes, I fear, betray'd; Thy Winter nips them in the Blade. Tet once my dearest sweetest Honey, (Whom I love more than Miser's Money)

Let not thy Faith be at a stand, And thus by Prejudice trapand. Observe my Services, and see, By Frowns they can't diminish'd be;

Or if they were ten thousand more, Thy Favours add not to their Score. Oft do I think, though oft in vain, In spite the Fancy will remain.

If Love int felf has fuch a Scope, Whereon to build a future Hope; Then mine, though now in fuch diftress, Will be at last crown'd with Success.

What things I did for thee collect, And but fome Thoughts on them reflect; I dare be hang'd up for a Sign, If thou consent'st not to be mine.

What Eyes but thine, that e're had seen My modish Garb, and graceful Meen, But would, transported at the Sight, Have cry'd, Come kiss me, my Delight. Nor was I to set-days consin'd To wear my Clothes, like lab'ring Hind; But wast thou willing to appear, 'Twas Holy-day then all the year.

For Love and Bravery do combine, And both have still the same Design: How could I then to thee resort, And not be spruce, as if at Court.

Needles' twill be for to repeat (Though some with less have done the feat) Those active Dances I have stept, And such true time to Musick kept;

No Monsieur A-la-mode Paree, Perform'd e're half so well as me. Nor need I tell each Serenade, Which I sor thee as Midnight made.

An Irish Evidence might take
His Oath (if thou wert then awake)
And be believ'd, that in that Vein,
Thourt ready for another Strain.

What of thy Beauty I have faid, And many large Encomiums made, I shall not at this time renew, Thy Enviers hate'em, cause they'r true.

Such were the Taunts of that Gill-flurt Teresa, Pox upon her for't: Quo she, my Ears are even tir'd To hear this Monky thus admir'd;

Thanks to her Patches, Paint and Shade, And other Arts of the close Trade. She learns her Face for to befpatter With Pifs, and still'd Puppy-dog Water;

Did she not wear Persumes in Flank, No !ustful Goat would smell more rank: Yer, Bigott, thou these Cheats can't see, And still a Nickapoop wilt be.

Such Language needs no foft Reply, 'Twas Manners then to give the Lye. Her Cousin heard, with Rage he burn'd, The same I gave, the same return'd.

You know th' event well of our Swords, I made that Rascal eat his Words. I'm not so hasty to obtain, But can my Passion so restrain, Till nicest Honour thinks it just, And then I'le venture a bold Thrust. The Jacred Hymeneal Bands. Shall tie our Hearts as well as Hands:

46

And when we're yoak'd in Gordian Noofe, I'le be the Gander, thou the Goose. But if thou wilt not grant my Sute, And at Love's Bar doft still stand mute;

I'le feek me out some other Nurse. Be to thy felf thy Plague and Curfe. I'le beg no Favour, fear no Frown, Turn Capuchin and shave my Crown: Be free to range in every Ground, The Town-Bull n'ere is put ith' Pound.

The Shepherd having thus concluded his Song, Don Quixote desir'd him to begin something else; but Sancho Pansa forbid the Banes, having more desire to sleep, then to hear Ballads; telling his Master withal, that it was high time for him to betake himself to his Rest; besides, that he did ill to keep up the Shepherds all Night, with his fidling, who labour'd hard all the day long. I understand thee, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, and indeed I thought thy frequent visiting the Bottle would make thee drowzy. Bless me, dear Sir! cry'd Sancho, I hope you did not grudge me a draught of good Wine. By my Honour, not I, reply'd Don Quixote; therefore go fleep where thou wilt, and leave me to my felf; for it better becomes men of my Profession to wake, then to lie sleeping like a Dog in a Chimney-corner. But stay a little before thou go'ft, dress my Ear; for now I think on't 'tis very fore. Thereupon, while Sancho was looking for his Ointment, one of the Shepherds beholding the Wound, desir'd Don Quixote not to trouble himself, for that he would cure him; and then fetching a few Rosemary-leaves, after he had bruis'd 'em with a little Salt, he laid the Medicine to his Ear, affuring him, that he needed no other Remedy; which in a little time prov'd very true.

#### CHAP. IV.

Being the Relation of a Story which one of the Goat-herds told to those that were with Don Quixote.

HE next Morning a certain Countryman, that brought 'em Provision from the next Village, arriv'd, and addressing himself to the Shep. herds; Heark ye Friends, said he, d'ye hear the News? How is't possible, reply'd another of the Company? Why then, faid the Countryman, the courtly Shepherd, the Schollard ye call Chrysoftome, is dead this Morning, and they say he dy'd for love of that She-Devil, Marcella, the Daughter of William the rich Hunks, she that haunts these Hills and Dales in the Habit of a Shepherdess. For Marcella! cry'd one of the Shepherds, ye iest sure. I say, for Her; and more then that, 'tis reported, that he has

order'd it in his Will to be bury'd in the middle of a Field, like a Mahometan, at the Foot of the Rock whence issues the Fountain of the Corktree, as being the place where he had the first sight of her Beauty. He has also appointed many other things of the same nature to be done, which the Church-wardens of the Parish refuse to perform, as being of ill example, and favouring of Paganism. But Ambrose, the t'other Scholar, and Friend of the deceas'd, will have the whole Will of the Testator fulfill'd to a Tittle. All the Village is in an Uproar, but I believe Ambrole and his Friends will carry the Day; and to morrow he is to be bury'd in great State. For my part, I believe it will be a very fine Sight; however, I will not fail to be there. We'll all go, cry'd the Shepherds, and draw Lots who shall stay to look after the Goats. 'Tis very well resolv'd, Peter, cry'd one of the Shepherds; nor shall you need to draw Lots, for I'le stay my felf: not so much out of Kindness to you, or for want of Curiosity. but because of the Thorn i'my Toe, that will not permit me to put on my best Shoes. God-a-mercy, however, quo Peter, I'le run a Thorn i'my Foot for

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

thee another time.

Book II.

Upon those Words Don Quixote desir'd Peter to tell him who the Person was that was dead, with a short account of the Shepherdess. To which Peter made answer, That he knew nothing more of the matter, but only that a young Gentleman, Heir to a fair Estate, was deceas'd, whose Father liv'd not far off at the Foot of the Mountains; that he had been a Student at Salamanca, after which, he return'd home again greatly improv'd in his Learning; more especially, that he was very exact in Astronomy, and understood the private Amours and Courtships that pass'd between the Sun and the Moon; and would often tell 'em strange Stories of the Eclipses of those two Planets. He could also tell when the Year would prove barren, and when fruitful: So that his Parents and Friends following his Advice, in a fhort time became very rich. For he would tell 'em when to fow Barley, when Wheat, when to fow Vetches inflead of Oats; and whatever he faid came to pass. This Art, reply'd Don Quixote very gravely, is call'd Aftrology. I know not how ye call it. reply'd Peter, but I know that he knew this, and much more. For he composed all the Carols that we fung upon Christmas-day morning, and made all the Plays that the Children in our Neighbourhood acted upon Corpus Christi day, and that so wittily, that no body could mend em. Some three or four Months after his return from Salamanca, we faw him in Shepherds Weeds, with his Scrip and Sheep hook following his Flock, at what time his Friend Ambrose accompani'd him in the same Habit, which caus'd a great Aftonishment among us. For his Father being dead but a little before, had left him a fair Estate in Cattel of all sorts, Housholdgoods, and ready Money; all which he very well deferv'd, for he was a Iweet natur'd person, extreamly belov'd, had a Face like an Angel, and was as charitable as Benediction it felf. At length we found, that this unwonted Disguise was all for love of fair Marcella a rangeing Damsel, that in the Drels of a Shepherdels, does nothing but ramble up and down these shady Mountains: And now I'le tell ye such a thing that you never heard i'your life, and never perhaps will hear the like, tho you were to live five hundred years.

Know then, there liv'd in our Village, an old Cinque & Quater, whose Name was Gaffer Williams, more wealthy than Chrysoftome's Father, and whom Heaven besides had blest with a lovely Daughter, whose Mother dy'd in Child bed after she was born. However, that Mother of hers was as

48

ye, Sir.

good a Woman as ever I knew i' this World. Me-thinks I fee the good Woman yet with her demure Saint-like Face, and her two Eyes like two bright Suns; and then I must tell ye, she was an excellent Houswife beside. lov'd the Poor, and I dare say she is at this minute in Paradise. Her Death broke old Williams's Heart, who liv'd not long after her, leaving his Daughter a very young Heiress, to the care of her Uncle, who was Curate of our Parish. Nevertheless, her Infant beauty increas'd to that degree, as she grew in years, that when she arriv'd at fourteen, all Men gave God Thanks for fending so beautiful a Creature into the World; and all Men became either enamour'd or distracted that beheld her. All this while her Uncle kept her as charily, and as close as a Userer's Gold; but Fame had made fuch a hideous Noise i' the World of her Beauty, and Report fo loudly foread her Estate, that she might have had more Husbands then there are Sands i'the Sea: All the young Gallants, Dukes, Marquesses, Counts, Squires far and near came in Shoals to demand her in Marriage; nothing but continual Rap, Rap, at her Uncle's Door, that he might as well have flept in St. Sepulchre's Steeple upon a Coronation-day. For this Reason her Uncle would have been glad to have been rid of her, but being an honest true Trojan as ever piss'd, he would not either advise or force her against her own Inclination. For I must tell ye, Sir Knight, busie Bodies may prate what they please. And some there are that have scandaliz'd her Uncle, as how he should endeavour to keep her from

marrying, to have the Benefit of her Estate. But that's a false Lye, Sir

Errant, as we that are his Parishioners well know, and are ready to testi-

fie by Certificate under our Hands, when Occasion shall require. Alas!

our Curate's no fuch Person, he's an honest Man, and a good Bowler, plays

at Cards a Sundays, drinks a chirping Cup with his Neighbours; and this

he may do without being beholding to his Neece for her Means, I affure

I believe all this, honest Peter, reply'd Don Quixote, and therefore go on; for the Story is pleasant, and thou tell'ft it with a Grace. I wish it were the Grace of God, quo Peter, for I want it I'm sure. But for the Curate, as I told ye before, he made diligent Enquiry, and then told his Neece the Conditions and Qualities of her Suitors, with all the Fidelity imaginable, desiring her to make her own Choice. To which the Damsel made no other Reply, but that Haste made Waste; and that she was yet too young to have any Thoughts of Matrimony. By means of which rational Excuses, she freed her self from her Uncle's Importunities, who resolv'd from that time forth to stay till she thought her felf of Age to chuse for her felf. For, faid he, (and he spoke like an honest Man) 'tis not for Parents to put a force upon their Children, where Election ought to be free. And thus the disdainful Marcella, finding her felf at Liberty, and beguiling even Suspicion it self, put on her Shepherdesses Trinkets, and away she went with the rest of the Shepherds, keeping her Flock by her self.

But then, 'twas the Devil upon Dun, forty times worse; for no sooner did her dazling Beauties display themselves abroad, but all the spruce young Gallants, Gentlemen, and rich Farmers Sons, Elder Brothers, full of Confidence; Younger Brothers, full of Hopes, from Dan to Beersheba, bought 'em Pipes and Whiftles, and follow'd her in green Sutes to the Plains and Forests, more Shepherds then Sheep, as if Bedlam had been broke loose, to discover their feveral Passions and languishing Amours. Among the rest this poor belotted Chrysoftome was one, who, as they fay, not only lov'd, but ador'd her. Nevertheless, you are not so much as to imagine, that

Marcella, tho she gave her self this unwonted Liberty, ever practis'd the least Dishonesty, or ever committed any A& that could prejudice her Vertue, so much as in Surmise; but rather she kept such a Guard upon her felf, and govern'd all her Thoughts with fuch an exact Reserv'dness, that the most obsequious could never boast that she had giv'n em the least Hopes. Nay, if any were so advent rous to tell her a Story of their Passions in her Ear, tho never so innocent, as tending only to holy Wedlock, the never would give those Persons the Opportunity to do it again. And thus is this Damsel a greater Plague to the Earth, then the Pestilence it self; murd'ring with her Rigour and Disdain those Thousands that she gains with her complaisant Humour and Beauty. And all the Remedy which they have, is only to exclaim against her, to call her Cruel and Ingrateful, with a Million of other Reproaches, which the proud Flebergebit well deserves. Were you but to flay here, Sir Knight, for some time, you should hear the Mountains and Valleys resound with the Groans and Lamentations of these inamour'd Milk-sops; and in a Grove, not far from this place, where there grow about a hunderd Beeches, there is not one fingle Tree upon the Bark of which there is room left for one more MARCELLA, tho it were to be engrav'd with a Pin's Point, from the knitting of the Branches above, to the Root below. Here one Shepherd fighs, there another is making woful Complaints; here one is venting his Sorrows in a Sonnet, there another is tearing his Hair: Nor can they ever fleep, their Sorrows are so restless, their Pillows so hard, either the foot of an Oak, or the stump of a Rock, where they lie fighing, and sobbing, and howling, and groaning, without Intermission. And some there are that lie rowling and tumbling in the hot burning Sand, filling the Air with their loud Out cries, and making most bitter Lamentations to Heaven. And all this while th' inexorable Marble-hearted Marcella laught at their Miseries, and triumphs over the Misfortunes and Sufferings of these pitiful Wretches. Nor can we tell where her Cruelty will end, or who shall be the happy Man, that shall at length have the good Fortune to tame this favage Tiger. This is the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth, so help me God, Sir Knight; and therefore I would have you stay, and be at the Funeral, where you will be admitted, without a Ticket, to one of the most pleasant, lamentable, whimsical, delightful, mournful Sights that ever you saw in your Life. I do intend it, reply'd Don Quixote, and in the mean time I return thee a thousand Thanks for the Divertisement of a Story that pleases me above all that I ever heard in my Life. Alas! Sir Knight, reply'd the Shepherd, I have not told ye half the Adventures and Misfortunes of this cursed Marcella's Lovers; but to morrow I make no Question, but we shall meet with some Shepherd or other that will supply the rest. In the mean time it will not be amiss for ye to take a Nap in one of the Huts; for the open Air is not good for your Wound, tho if the Flies get not to it, you need fear nothing fo long as that Plaister is upon it. Sancho, who wish'd the Shepherd, and his Tale of a roasted Horse at the Devil, however, seconded the Goat-herd in his good Advice to his Master, whom he never left till he had got him into one of the Huts, where Don Quixote spent the remainder of the Night, not in sleeping, but in bewailing his dear Dulcinea's Disdain, in Imitation of Marcella's Lovers. While Sancho, ne're disturb'd with any such Heart-breaking Thoughts, laid himself down between Rosinante and his Ass, and there fell a fnoring, as fafe as a Thief in a Mill. CHAP.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. V.

# A Continuation of the Story of Marcella.

TO fooner did the bright Aurora appear in all her gaudy Pomp, upon the Balconies of the East, when the Shepherds arose, and coming to Don Quixote, ask'd him, If he intended to go to the Funeral, whither they were ready to bear him Company. Thereupon Don Quixote, who defir'd nothing more, presently got up, and rouzing Sancho, gave him Order forthwith to faddle Rosinante, and get ready his Ass; which being done with all diligence, they fet forward. But they had not rode above a quarter of a League, before they faw advancing towards em fix other Shepherds clad in black Jippo's, their Heads crown'd with Garlands of Cypress and Coastmary, with long Holly-staves i' their Hands. After them follow'd two Gentlemen a' Horse-back, with three Lacquies running by their fides; drawing near, they faluted each other very civilly, and after the ufual Question, Which way d'ye travel? they found they had all together the same Design of going to the Funeral, so that they all joyn'd Company. At what time, one of the Gentlemen addressing himself to the other, Master Vivaldo, said he, I do not believe we shall think our time mispent in going to see this Ceremony; which must of necessity be very remarkable, after so many strange Passages, which the Shepherds have recounted to us, concerning the Shepherd deceas'd, and the Shepherdess, that was the Cause of his Death. I am of the same Opinion, answer'd Vivaldo; and I am so far from grudging my self one, that I would rather spend four Days, then miss the Sight. Upon that, Don Quixote desirous to know what they hadheard farther concerning Chrysostome and Marcella, one of the Gentlemen made him answer, That having met that Morning with the Shepherds who came in their Company, and feeing 'em in such deep Mourning, they ask'd 'em the Occasion of their Funeral-dress; the Reason of which the Shepherds foon unfolded, by relating the Story of a certain Shepherdess nam'd Marcella,, no less fantastical, then beautiful; and no less beautiful, than fantastical; who with a remorfeless Disdain trampl'd upon all her Lovers, and had been the Death of that same Chrylostome, to whose Funeral they were going. In a Word, they repeated to Don Quixote all that Peter had told him before; and after the Rehearfal was over, Vivaldo ask'd the Champion, wherefore he rode so compleatly arm'd in a Country fo quiet and peaceable as that was? Tis my Profession obliges me to it, reply'd Don Quixote: Fine Clothes and Ease were invented for Courtiers; but Labour, Vigilancy, and ponderous Sutes of Armour are the Portion of those that the World calls Knight-Errants; of which Number, I have the Honour to be one, tho the most unworthy, and the meanest in the Register. This was enough to satisfie the Gentleman, that our Champion was a Coxcomb; however, that they might the better understand under what Genus to reduce this particular Species of Folly, Vivaldo desir'd him to define what a Knight-Errant was. 'I perceive, reply'd Don Quix-'ote, that you never have read the Annals of Britain, where fuch frequent 'mention is made of the famous King Arthur, who, as they fay, neverdy'd, but was turn'd into a Crow by Inchantment; and, as the same Story tells 'us, shall one day resume his former Shape, and recover his Kingdom again. 'In the time of this renowned King it was, that the Order of the Knights

of the Round-Table was first instituted; and that we first hear of the Amours between Sir Lancelot du Lake, and Queen Guinever, carry'd on by that discreet and honourable Lady, Madam Quintaniana, which produc'd that Romance so celebrated among us Castillians; and thus beginning:

> Never was Knight upon the Earth, By Ladies so carefs'd, As was Sir Lancelot, when he first Became a Spanish Guest.

'After that time the Order of Knight-Errantry extreamly multiply'd, and 'spread it self into all Parts of the World. Sir Amadis made himself famous by his wonderful Atchievements; and so did his Sons, and his Grand-children to the fifth Generation. The brave Felixmart of Hireania has 'highly signaliz'd himself in Feats of Arms; and that other Champion, Tyrant the White, can never be applauded to his worth. And not long before our time, the renowned D. Belianis of Greece got him a Name in 'History, besides several others, matchless for their Prowess. And this is 'that Order of Chivalry-Errant, into which, tho a great Sinner, I profess my self to be admitted, observing punctually the same Laws to which those valiant Knights were oblig'd; and for that Reason it is, that as they 'did, I make these Pilgrimages through Desarts and Forests, devoting my 'Person, and the Strength of my Arm, to the most hazardous Perils and 'dangers that Fortune can study to my Damage, for the Relief of the weak and distressed.

After this extravagant Bibble-babble, you may be fure the Travellers needed no farther Arguments to convince 'em of Don Quixote's Frenzy; and yet they could not chuse but wonder, that so much insipid Folly should enter the Brains of a Rational Creature. However, Vivaldo being a Person of a frolick Humour, and lively Wit, had no sooner made the Discovery, but he refolv'd to make the best Advantage of it, that the shortness of the way would allow him, and to dispose Don Quixote for any Sport that should happen. Me-thinks, Sir Knight-Errant, said he, you have embrac'd one of the most happy Professions in the World; I would not change it for the Condition of a Carthusian. "Tis true, reply'd Don "Quixote, they may live a life more auftere, but nothing so beneficial to the World, as we do. For those religious People have nothing to do but to say their Prayers in peace both of Body and Mind; but we Knights and Soldiers perform those Duties of Prayer in Action, and procure those Benefits to Mankind by our Valour, and the Edge of our Swords, for which they only intercede. We do what we do, expos'd to Summer's 'scorching Heat, and Winter's parching Cold, while they only mumble 'a few Prayers i' their Cells, and their Chappels, secure from all the Hard-'ships of Weather. So that we may truly call our selves God's Ministers 'upon Earth, the Instruments of his Justice; and therefore as the Labours of War are always accompany'd with Toil and Sweat, fo the religi-'ous Soldier must of necessity be preferr'd before the religious Monk, that only fays a few Litanies under the Shelter and Accommodation of Ease 'and Plenty. However, after all this, God forbid that I should maintain, that the Profession of a Knight-Errant is so holy, nor so directly in the 'Road to Salvation, as that of a Carthusian; but I draw this Consequence from what I suffer, that without Question it is more laborious, more sub-'ject to Bastinado's, and the Martyrdom of Hunger and Thirst, and in a

'Word, more wretched and miserable. Or, if you find, that any of these 'Knights Errant have advanced themselves to be Emperors by the force of their Arms, yet you may be sure it cost 'em dear, if Blood and Sweat be 'of any value; besides that, if they had not had the Affistance of Sorcerers, 'and Necromancers, they had fail'd in their Expectations.

For my part, reply'd Vivaldo, I am of the same Opinion; but there is one Omission in Knight-Errantry that I cannot forgive, which is this; that when they are just upon the point to encounter the greatest Dangers in the World, with apparent Hazard of their Perfons, they never apply themfelves to Heaven, nor call upon God, as every good Christian is oblig'd to do at such times, but only recommend themselves to their Mistresses, and implore their Female-affistance, as if they worshipp'd no other Deitics ; which, in my Judgment, smells strong of the Garlick of Paganism. 'Sir, reply'd Don Quixote, there's no altering that Method, in regard that if a Knight-Errant should do otherwise, he would be despis'd and laught at. 'For 'ris an establish'd and most inviolable Custom among Knights-Errant, that when they are just entring the Lists of fatal Combat, they must of 'necessity, with their Eyes lifted up to Heav'n, invoke the favourable Assifrance of their Ladies; or at least, if time will not otherwise permit, they 'are oblig'd to mutter between their Teeth certain Ejaculations to the So-'vereignesses of their Assection: Not but that a Knight-Errant has leisure e-'nough to recommend himself o God, and may do it in time of Fight. Why, that's a Scruple, reply'd Vivaldo, that very much troubles my

Conscience; for I have observ'd in my frequent Readings, that your Knights-Errant only first discourse a little together, then that a few hot Words inflame their Choler, which is no fooner heated, but prefently they turn their Horse-heads to gain room for the Career, and then flie one at another with that Fury, that immediately one of the two tumbles Topfyturvy to the Earth, spitted through the Heart with a cursed Lance, while the tother would shew the same Christmas gamble, but for catching hold of his Horse's Main. Now I cannot apprehend for my life, how the Person flain, should have time to recommend himself to God, when his Business is done in a minute. And therefore it would have been much more Christian-like to have employ'd those Ejaculations in the midst of his Career rather to Heaven, then to his Mistress. Besides, I do not find, that all Knights-Errants had Mistresses, nor that they were all in Love. 'That's impossible, reply'd Don Quixote, the Heaven may as well be without Stars, as a Knight Errant without a Mistress. 'Tis that which is the very Being of Chivalry, without which Knight-Errantry cannot subsist; and therefore shew me any History that dares affirm the Contrary. More then that, I tell ye, and positively maintain, That a Knight without a Mistres, is no lawful Knight, but a Bastard, and a Thief of Honour, that got in 'at the Window of Knight Errantry, and not at the Fore-door. What think ye, reply d Vivialdo, of Don Galaur, the Brother of Amadis? For 'tis well known he was as lecherous as a Mackerel, and would never be ty'd to any certain Mistress, yet was he no less admir'd for his Valour and Atchievements then any of the rest. One Swallow never makes a Summer, reply'd Don Quixote. 'Tis true, I know very well he lov'd a pretty Girl in a Corner; but if he told the same Tale to all that he met, 'twas out of a natural proneness which he had to Swan hopping, which he cou'd not well govern; and without Prejudice to the Sovereign Empress of his Will, to whom he frequently recommended his Person in private; for he was a Man that always studied Prudence and Discretion.

I submit, reply'd Vivaldo, and must suppose, that since it is so much the Being of Knight-Errantry to be in Love, that your self, who are of the same Profession, cannot be without a Mistress. And therefore, not believing you to be so reserved as Don Galaor, I beseech ye, Sir, in the Name of all the Company, tell us the Name, the Quality, and Place of your Mistress's Birth. For doubtless all the World must needs acknowledge her to be the happiest Woman alive, as being the only Deity to whom a Knight, so acceptables of the prove all his Devertors.

complished as your felf, pays all his Devotions. With that Don Quixote, fetching a deep Sigh from the bottom of his Midriff, I know not, faid he, whether this sweet Enemy of my Repose, take it well or ill at my Hands, that the World takes notice of my Familiarity with her; however, that shall never hinder me from giving you a civil 'Answer to your Question. Then list'n, and know, that her Name is Dulcinea, the Place of her Birth, Tobofo, a Village of La Mancha; and that 'she is at least a Princess, as being the Sovereign Lady of my Thoughts. As for her Beauty, it is a Miracle, where all that the Poets have feign'd of 'Chimera's and Impossibilities, is to be found precisely writt'n in all the 'legible Characters of real Perfection. Her dishevel'd Tresses are pure Gold: her Forehead, the Elysian Fields; her Brows are two Celestial Rainbows semi-circling her Eyes, that shine like two bright Suns in one Fir-'mament: Her Cheeks, two Beds of Roses; her Lipps, two Coral Portals 'that guard her Teeth, which are so many Orient Pearls: Her Neck surpasses Alablaster, and her Hands transcend the pollish'd Ivory, and the new-'fall'n Snow is no more then Soot, compar'd with the Whiteness of her Bo-'fome. Then for the Parts which Modesty conceals, you may guess at their Proportion, and their inestimable Value, by those recited Wonders

Here Vivaldo making a reverend Bow, for Heaven's sake, said he, conceal not the Place of this Divine Lady's Nativity, nor her Parentage; for

those two things made known compleat her Story.

already display'd to your Admiration.

Then Don Quixote: She is not descended from the ancient Roman Curius's, Caius's, nor Scipio's; nor from the more modern Colonna's, nor Vrsini's; nor from the Moncada's, or Requesenes of Catalonia; or from the Rebella's, or Villanova's of Valencia; nor from the Polasones, Naça's, Rocaberti's, Corella's, Luna's, Alagone's, Virea's, Foze's, or Gurrea's of Arragon; nor from the Cerda's, Montique's, Mendoza's, or Gusmans of Castile; nor from the Alencastro's, Palla's, or Meneses of Portugal: But she is a Branch of the Family of Tobeso de la Mancha. So that altho her Pedigree be modern, yet is it sufficient to give a most noble Beginning to one of the most illustrious Progenies that ever flourish'd in succeeding Ages. And let no Man presume to contradict me in this, unless it be upon those Conditions, which Zerbin sixt at the soot of the Trophy which he erected after he had won Orlando's Armour.

Let no man dare to be so rash, These Arms from hence to pull, Unless he mean to try a Crash With him that crackt Orlando's Scull.

I confess, quo Vivaldo, I have heard of the Trugg-mouldies of Wapping, and the Fussocks of Lime-house, but dare not make any Comparisons with the Toboso's de la Mancha; tho, to say Truth, it is a Family that I never read of in any Book of Heraldry before. 'Tis sufficient that you have heard of it now, reply'd Don Quixote. All

All the rest of the Company listen'd attentively to this Discourse, and were fully convinc'd, that Don Quixote was either a Fool or a Madman. Even Sancho himself, who believ'd every Word that dropp'd from his Master's Mouth to be Oracular Truth, as having known him from his Cradle. to be a Man of Sincerity, had many Scruples and Doubts, as to this Story of Dulcinea, for that he had never heard of any fuch Name, or of any fuch Princess, tho he had always liv'd in the Village; all which he could not

chuse but signifie to the Travellers.

54

But as they were arguing upon this Subject pro and con, upon the hollow Road between the two Mountains, they met some twenty more Shepherds accoutre'd in black Skins, with Garlands of Cypress and Lime-Tree. Of which number fix carry'd a Bier cover'd over with several forts of Boughs and Flowers. When they drew near, faies one of the Company, these are they that are carrying the Body of Chrysoftome to his Grave; for it was at the foot of this Mountain, that he order'd his Corps to be interr'd. This caus'd'em all to quick'n their pace, so that they arriv'd just as the Bearers were fetting down the Coffin upon the Ground, and that four other men were beginning to op'n the Ground just by the side of the Rock. Where after they had faluted each other, and in few words condol'd the loss of their Friend and Acquaintance, Don Quixote and his Company went to view the Corps. a mournful Spectacle; a young man of about thirty years of Age, in his Pafforal Weeds all strew'd over with Flowers. However, dead as he was, there appear d the Ruines of a goodly Aspect and clever Proportion. Within the Coffin also lay some few Books, and several Papers, some open, others folded up. Which fad and mournful Spectacle caus'da kind of general muteness among all the Company, till one of the Bearers breaking silence, Look, Ambrose, said he, whether that be the place which Chrysofrome made choice of, fince thou hast undertakin to have his Will so exactly perform'd. 'Tis the very fame, reply'd Ambrose, and where I have heard my unfortunate Friend a hundred times repeat the doleful Story of his hard Fate. There it was that he had the first fight of that Mortal Enemy of Mankind; there it was that he made the first Discovery of his Passion, no 'less innocent then violent; and there it was that the pitiless Marcella, inexorable in her Disdain, concluded the Tragedy of his Life; and there it was, that he defir'd to be bury'd, to preserve the Memory of his many Misfortunes.

Afterwards, addressing himself to Don Quixote, and the rest of the Travellers, This Body, faid he, which here you now behold, doubtless not without Eyes of Sorrow and Compassion, was once enliven'd by a Soul, which Heaven had adorn'd with the chiefest part of all its wealthy Graces. For this is the Corps of that Chryfostome, who was lately endud with a Wit most incomparable, with a matchless Sincerity, and an unsbak'n Friendfhip. Liberal and magnificent, without Oftentation; prudent and ferious, without Pride; modest without Affectation; pleasing and complaisant, without Flattery or low Submission. In a word, the first for Goodness in all these Parts, and second to none in Misfortune. He lov'd beyond Meafure, and was hated to excess. He was a Slave to a Tyrannels, made his moans to deaf Marble, wept to the Winds, figh'd to the Defarts; he was constant to Ingratitude, and for the Recompence of his Fidelity, became a Prey to Death in the Flower of his Age, through the Cruelty of a Shepherdels, that he would have tender'd by his Verse, Immortal to Posterity. The Truth of which these Papers would affuredly testifie, had he not commanded me to facrifice em to confuming Flames at the same time that his Body was committed to the Earth.

In so doing, you would appear more cruel then the remorfeless Shepherdess her self, reply'd Vivaldo, since it is not always just, so religiously to observe the last Commands of the deceased, when their last Orders are repugnant to Reason. For how many noble Relicks had been loft, had the last Will of the Dead been always punctually observ'd? And therefore, Mr. Ambrose, I beseech ye, pay such a small, tho the last Kindness to your Friend, as to preserve his Works from Oblivion; and what he ordain'd as a Person injur'd, forbear to accomplish for want of Consideration; rather fuffer those Papers to live, as Testimonials of your Friend's Vertue, and Marcella's Ingratitude; if for no other Reason, yet to be a Warning to others, and to preferve 'em from falling from the same Precipice. And so faying, without expecting an Answer, he went to the Coffin, and took out a small parcel of Papers which were next to his Hand. Well, Sir, said Ambrose, to recompence your Kindness in attending my Friend's Herse. I shall not desire you to restore those Papers which you have already; and your Will so far shall be my Friend's, provided you will suffer me to burn the rest. Vivaldo said no more, but impatient to see what one of his rescu'd Papers contain'd, he open'd it immediately, and found it inscrib'd, Chryfostom's Rant, or, The Desperate Lover, which he spoke out aloud.

That, said Ambrose, was the last Piece that ever my Friend made; and therefore that all the Company may hear to what a Condition his Misfortunes had reduc'd him, read it, I beseech ye, Sir, while the Grave is making. Most willingly, reply'd Vivaldo. And so the Company being ga-

ther'd round about him, he read the following Lines.

Book II.

Chrylostom's Rant, or, The Amorous Despair.

Ruel, and (hameless too to boot! Dost thou not care, tho all the World should know't? Lend me thy Rhetorick, Infernal Hell, For only Tonques of Devils can express Her cursed Scorn, and damn'd Hard heartedness.

> Had the not been on Dung-hill born Of the World's Riff-raff, Jure her Scorn Would n'ere ha' mounted her so high To do amis, and justifie.

But the Corruption of the best, is worst, Woman corrupted is all over Devil; For elle what Virgin durst. (That values Reputation civil) When I (hall threaten to disclose A thousand things, would shame her quite, Have been so bold to tell me to my Nose, I care not what ye tell, go (b-

Then Owls and Screech-owls hating Light, And you Death-boding Ravens, Terrors of the Night, Lend me your mournful dismal Throats; I know ye n'ere could sing like Madam Knight, Yet your Infernal Notes Will serve to give a Serenade To a far more Infernal fade.

55

Ye Tigers and ye Lions eke, I fay with me come roar. While wretched I deplore The Rigours of a curfed Whore That more deserves the Toe and Kick, Then ever any curled Witch. That gave her Paramour the Itch, That fet him deep upon the Surgeons Score.

How many thousand Sonnets have I writ, At the expence of Brain and Wit? How many Pail-fulls have I wept? How many tedious Nights Have I consum'd in bitter wo, Tumbling and tossing to and fro, With Eyes that never flept? How many Stockings Silk and Woofted Have I worn out at Knees, when kneeling I accosted The Flipperous Mynx, that in my Sorrows boafted? How have I throbb'd and fobb'd, Lamented, figh'd, and vow'd in vain, And all to gain A cov. disdainful, proud, dissembling Quean?

How many Tarts at Crowns a piece, With Apricocks, and early Cherries fill'd. And then perfum'd with Ambergreese, At Cupid's and at dear Tart-hall, Has she the one half eat, the other spoil'd, While still my Money paid for all? How many Bottles of Backragg Has (be pis'd out, that cost me dear? Tet then with Rev rence and with Fear, If I but offer'd to come near Her Cherry Lips, the straightway stops My daring Boldness with a Flap o' th' Chops?

Then home I went, And pondering well her Slights, and Money Spent; Her Fell Ingratitude quite dampt my Heart. But Oh! then to ha feen The Pickle I was in, Now proud Marcella's Martyr. Would ha' drawn Pity from the bloody Tartar. In every Bowel Pain and Smart! And all at once The full Ten Persecutions in my Bones; My Mind-plagu'd with a thousand Agonies. VVill let my fainting Body take no rest. Imprimis, Fears and Jealousies, Distraction, Anger, Love, and Fury, My Soul into a thousand Passions burry;

Till fainting, pining, languishing, at last I fall into Despair, and with Despair My Lungs, my Heart, my Spleen and Liver wast. Thus feel I my lost Minutes drawing on. O pity me, when I am dead and gone! Let Guilt-spur Street and Smithfield all be fill'd With Stories of my Death, And her disdain that robb'd me of my Breath.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book II.

And thou, my Song, fly swiftly, and proclaim To every Region proud Marcella's Name. My Sigh's to Tartary convey; My Love to Swedleand, Poland, and to Persia. Let Groynland, cover'd all with Snow, Th' Unjustice of my Sufferings know: And to the Sun-burnt Ethiop tell The dire and mournful Cause by which I fell; That all the World may find What 'tis to be thus plagu'd by Love and Woman-kind.

# CHAP. VI.

The Verses of the despairing Shepherd repeated, with other unexpected Accidents.

HESE Verses were well approved by all that heard 'em; only Vivaldo did not seem to like, that the despairing Shepherd should tax Marcella with Jealousies and Suspicions, which he said reflected upon her Honour, contrary to all the Reports he had heard of her untainted Modesty and Referv'dness. But for his better Satisfaction, Ambrofe, who had been always privy to the most fecret Thoughts of his Friend, affur'd him, That the unfortunate Chrysoftome, when he wrote those Verses, had absented himself from Marcella, in hopes that Absence might work its wonted Cure, by cauling him to forget the Object of his Passion. But as there is nothing more frequent, then for absent Lovers still to torment themselves with a thousand Fancies and Chimera's of their own Brain; so was it Chrysostom's mishap to complain of Jealousies and Suspicions form'd in his own Imagina tion, as if they had been really true. And therefore whatever he faid in that Condition, could never redound to the least Prejudice of Marcella's Vertue. Upon whom, Envy it felf, fetting afide her extream Cruelty, and unreasonable Disdain, could never fix the least Reproach.

Vivaldo being thus convinc'd by Ambrofe, as they were going to read another Paper, they were of a fudden prevented by an unexpected Apparition; for so it might well be call'd, the Vision pop't so unexpectly upon 'em. It was Marcella in person, who shew'd her self from the top of the Rock, at the foot of which they were digging the Grave; but so amiable, and so beautiful, that they who had never feen her, beheld her with Admiration; and they that faw her every Day, were no less surprized then the others. But, notwithstanding all her fair Looks, no sooner did Ambrose spie her, but in Billings-gate Rhetorick, he cry'd out, What mak'st thou there, curst Monster of Cruelty, and Dragoness of these Mountains? Come st

Part I.

thou to see whether the Wounds of this unfortunate Swain will bleed afresh at the Appearance of his Murdress? Or com'st thou to triumph over his Ruines, like flaming Rome, or to glory in the Effects of thy Ingratitude? Speak, Tom-boy, Rigg, Vixen, Ramp; speak Mrs. Thirty-Ribs, if thou hast any thing to say. 'Fair and foftly, good Mr. Wine-porter, cry'd the Shepherdess, I come here to prove my felf an honest Maid, and to 's shew the Injustice of those Cow-babies, that lay their Heart breakings, and 'their Deaths to my Charge. 'Tis true, I have the good luck to be handfome, as they fay: Well! and what then? Am I therefore obligd to love 'every Finical Fop that admires me? For, tho I may please him, he may 'not please me so well; nay, he may seem deformed in my Eye. But suppose the Man were an Adonis, yet there is a great difference in the Inclinations both of Men and Women; neither do all forts of Beauty enamour 'alike, while fome affect the fair, fome the brown others the black, &c. for if 'all Men should dote upon one fort of Beauty, Heaving bless us! how should one poor Woman be able to serve so many Roysters. Besides, if Love be to be left at Liberty, and not to be reftrain'd, as all agree, is it not a great ' piece of Injustice to force me to love whether I will or no, when I have 'no more Inclination to the Sport, then to run my Head against the Wall? 'Then again, this Beauty of mine, that so many admire, is the Gift of 'Heaven, and not a thing of my feeking; if it does any Mischief. 'tis none of my Fault, no more then it is the Viper's Fault to carry poison 'about her, or of the Fire, or a sharp Sword, to burn or wound, if you ap-' proach too near the one, or cut your felf with the other. Chastity and Vertue are the Ornaments of the Mind, without which, the Beauties of 'the Body are but Deformities. If then Chastity be so great a Vertue, why should I part with the Beauty of my Soul, to gratifie the heat of one that loves me only for his Pleafure? I was born free, and because I 'will not lose that Freedom, I have chosen this folitary way of living, 'where Trees are my Companions, the Chrystal Fountains are my Look-'ing Glaffes; and where I also to the Woods and purling Streams communicate my Thoughts. If you tell me that Chryfostom's Intentions were honest, and that he courted me not for a Miss, but for a Wife; What's that to the purpose? For I told him a hundred times I had no mind to 'marry, and the Fool would n'ere be answer'd; fo that 'twas his own ob-'flinate Honing and Puling, not my Beauty that kill'd him; if he would ' sail against the Wind, and overturn his Vessel in the Waves of his own 'Despair, what was that to me? And therefore let them that call me 'Murdress, and Dragoness, Vixen, and Tigress, Disdainful, Ingrateful, and I know not what my self, keep out of my sight, and come when I send ' for 'em. In these Woods I intend to live, and in these Woods atlength to 'refign to Nature again those Beauties which she has lent me, without the 'Rumpling of Fornication, or Embezlement of Wedlock. And therefore 'for God's fake, all of ye fet your Minds at rest, and let me have my Hu-'mour; or if you will needs be woing where y' are never like to speed, whine your Hearts-out for me; for I have told ye my Resolutions.

Having fo faid, she threw her self into the thickest of the adjoyning Wood, without staying for an Answer, leaving all that heard her afto-

nish'd at her Wit, as well as her Beauty.

However, there were fome in the Company, who little regarding her Nun-ship's Vows and Protestations, had a great Desire to follow her. But Don Quixote perceiving their Design, and believing he had now a fit Opportunity offer'd him to shew his Knight-Errantry, let no man dare, cry'd he, of what Quality or Condition soever he be, to follow the fair Marcella, under the Penalty of incurring my Indignation. She has made it appear by undeniable Reasons, That she was no way guilty of Chrylostom's Death; and moreover, that its her Desire not to be troubl'd with any more Suitors, nor to have a Gang at her Tail; for which Reason she is to be the more esteem'd and honour'd by all good Men, as being the only Woman, for ought I know i' the World, that ever liv'd with fo much Referv'dness. Now, whether it were that the People were terrify'd by the Champion's Friends, or whether that Ambrose hasten'd the Interment of his Friend, not a Man budg'd from the Place till the Body was laid in the Grave, and the Papers were committed to the Fire. After which, they roll'd a great Stone upon the Grave, till the Marble Monument was finish'd. which Ambrose had bespoke, and upon which he had order'd these Verses to be engrav'd.

> Ere lies the Manthat dy'd a Maid, And for a Maid beside; He loved her, (be lov'd not him, And so the poor Man dy'd. Oh! for this Maid how he did roar, Lament, complain, and weep: Which she no more regarded, then The bleating of her Sheep. His Sighs and Groans they pity'd All That his loud Sorrows heard; For with the Lather of his Eyes. You might have (bav'd his Beard. Himself to Death thus having cryd, Entombed here he lies, But she still lives, a Thousand more Such Ninnies to despise. Take warning hence, O Young Men all, How you your selves to Love enthrall; And have in Mouth this Proverb still, That if one w'ont, another will.

The Ceremonies thus over, after mutual Condolements, the Shepherds departed to their several Stations: Vivaldo and his Friends took their leaves; and Don Quixote, who was not a Person to forget himself, was more prolix, in regard his Complements were of a higher Strain, and favour'd much of the Grandeur of his Profession. Vivaldo would fain have importun'd him to have gone to Seville, which he affur'd him was a place the most fertile in Adventures of any in the World; Where they grew in every Corner of the Streets. Don Quixote thank'd Vivaldo for his kind Information, but told him withal, That he neither could, nor durst go to Seville, till he had clear'd the Mountains of all the Thieves and Robbers that infested the Roads adjoyning. Thereupon the Travellers, unwilling to divert him from fo pious a Design, pursu'd their Journey, while Don Quixote was contriving which Way to follow Marcella, with a Resolution to offer her his Services; but he was cross'd in his Purposes, as you shall hear in the third Book.



Don Quixots Encounter with the Flock of Sheep.



Don Quixot releases the Gally = Slaves.

THE

# THIRD BOOK

Of the most Ingenious

# Don Quixote

DELA

# MANCHA:

# PART I. BOOK III.

# CHAP. I.

Giving an Account of Don Quixote's unfortunate Rencounter with certain Yanguesian Carriers

HE Renowned Cid Hamet Venengeli, upon whose Authority depends the Truth of our History, relates, That so soon as Don Quixote had taken leave of the Shepherds, that had so kindly entertain'd him, and of the rest that he met at Chrysostom's Burial, made directly, both himself and his Squire, to the Wood, where he saw Marcella disappear; for the Champion was in Love; he had forgot his dear Dulcinea; and the Temptations of srail Mortality had almost thrown him out of the Saddle of his Constancy. But after he had sought her in vain for above two Hours together, the Heat of his Impatience cooling his Concupiscence, they came to a most delightful Meadow, fresh and green, as being water'd with a clear and pleasant Stream. So that the murmuring Noise of the Rivulet, the Verdure and Beauty of the Place, inviting Don Quixote to Repose and Meditation, during the heat of the Day, they both alighted, and leaving Rossinate and the Ass to take their sull swinge, where they paid nothing for their Ordinary, unty'd the Waller, and what they found they fed upon lovingly both together, for fear the one should beguile the other. All this while Sancho had sorgot to put on Rossinate's Fetters, believing him to have been a Horse of that Modesty and Chastity, that all the Mares in the Pasture-grounds of Hackney-marsh could not have rais'd him to think an ill Thought. But either ill Luck, or the Devil who never sleeps, so order'd it, That at the same time a great number

Book III.

of Galician Mares, that belong'd to several Yanguesian Carriers, were feeding in the same Valley; it being the Custom of those Carriers to stop where they meet with Grass and Water to refresh their Cattel. Rosinante was chaft and Modest, as I said before, however he was Flesh and Blood; so that he no fooner fmelt the Mares, but contrary to his natural Gravity and Referv'dness, he felt an itching Desire to solace himself with a Galician Phillie; and therefore, without asking his Master's leave, away he trots, but very gently, to impart his Necessities to his new Kindred. But the hungry Spittles having more mind to their Food, then to Chamb'ring and Wantonness, receiv'd his Courtship very rudely, or rather kept him off as one that would have ravish'd Mares of Honour in the op'n Field, drubbing him fo feverely with their Heels, that they caused him to break his Girts; fo that naked Rosinante, now disrob'd of all his Furniture, lay expos'd to unmerciful Thumps on every fide. And for an Addition to his Mifery, the Carriers beholding Rosinante's Horse-play among their Mares, slew to the Relief of their four-sooted Lucretia's, and with unmerciful Battoons so be-labour'd Bob tail Tarquin's Chine, that for the Ease of his Back, now render'd unserviceable, he was forc'd to stretch himself forth upon the Ground, where he had leifure enough to reflect upon the Misfortunes of

Whoring, e're he could rife again.

62

Don Quixote perceiving at a distance the ill Usage of Rosinante, ran in all haste to his Rescue, and approaching half breathless to the Place: Friend Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, as far as I can guess, these are no Knights, but paltry, mean Fellows, and therefore it is lawful for thee to affift me to revenge the Injury they have done me in abusing my Horse. What a Devil, d'ye talk of Revenge, quo Sancho? We are like to revenge our felves, with a Pox, two against twenty; if, indeed, we may reck'n our selves above one and a half. I'le deal with a hundred my felf, quo Don Quixote; and without faying more, he flew with a furprizing Fury upon the Carriers; at what time Sancho encourag'd by his Master's Example, threw himself also into the thickest of his Enemies, with his Sword in his Hand. The first that Don Quixote met with, he cut through a thick leathern Doublet, and carry'd away a piece of his Shoulder, and was going to reck his Indignation upon the rest: when the Carriers, out of meer Shame to have their Hides fo curry'd by two to a Score, recover'd Heart a Grace, and betook themselves to their Leavers and Pike-staves, and then all at once surrounding the Knight and his Squire, they laid about him like Anchor-Smiths: and, as many Hands make quick Work, in a Trice there lay Sancho sprawling in one place, in another lay Don Quixote himself at the Feet of Rollingite. Neither his Courage, nor his Skill would avail against a Multitude. For if Hercules himself could not resist Two, how should our Champion withstand Twenty? So that the Carriers having got a complete Victory, or rather, fearing they had done more then they could answer, made all the hafte they could to be gone, and were glad when they were got out of

The first that recover'd himself, after this dismal Tempest of Bastinado's, was Sancho Pancha, who rolling himself as near as he could to Don Quixote. Ab Master, Master! with a sad and languishing Voice, Master, dear Master! quo he; What dost want, Friend Sancho, reply'd the Knight, in the same effeminate and mournful Tone? I could with, reply'd Sancho, that your Worship would give me some two or three good Draughts of your Balsom of Invulnerable, if you have any to spare. For if it be good for Cuts i'the Flesh, I know not why it may not be as foverain for inward Bruises. Dear

Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, I have not a Drop were it to fave thy life. so precious to me; but by the Faith of a Knight-Errant, within these two Days I will make enough to fave an Army, if no farther Disasters do not prevent me Two Days! reply'd Sancho, we may be both rotten before that time; I do'nt expect to ftir a Leg or an Arm this Fortnight. The Truth on't is, reply'd the pounded Knight. I know not what to think on't, as the Cafe stands; but 'tis no more then I deserve, and I may thank my self for having unsheath'd my Sword against a Company of Scoundrels that were never dubb'd Knights; therefore has the God of Battel permitted this Punishment to befall me for transgressing the Laws of Chivalry. Sothen, Sancho, for the Future, upon the like Occasions, do thou draw thy Sword, and chastize such Riff-raff as this, thy self, after thy own Method; but if any true Knights come to take their parts, then thou shalt see how I will lay about me in thy Defence; and thou hast had sufficient Experience of my Courage, and the Strength of this invincible Arm; for the simple Knight was still intoxicated with his Victory over the poor Biscayner. But Sancho, by no means pleas'd with his Admonitions, Sir Knight, faid he, I am a Man of Peace, a Coward, God knows, and one that never car'd for fo many Quarrels i'my Life, as having a poor Wife to maintain, and Children to bring up; and therefore by way of Advice, I must tell your Worship (for I dare not prefume to command your Worship) that from henceforth I will never draw my Sword against Knight or Peasant; for I forgive all Mankind, as my Prayers instruct me, of what Estate or Condition soever, High and Low, Rich and Poor, Lord and Beggar, all the Injuries they ever did, or ever shall do me, without Exception or mental Reservation. Which strange Resolution being heard by his Master, 'I wish, said he, 'I had Breath enough to answer thee; for if the Pain which I feel in one of my short Ribbs, would give me leave to speak, I would soon convince 'thee of thy Error; for thou talk'st no more Sense then a Jack-Daw. For. 'fuppose now, filly Sinner as thou art, that Fortune, which has hitherto frown'd upon us, should fo far favour us at length, as that I should conquer one of those Islands which I have promis'd thee, and were ready tomake thee Governour of it; what will become of thee after thou hast 'abjur'd all Knight-hood, all Thoughts of Honour, and all Intention to revenge Injuries, and defend thy own Dominion? For perhaps thy People will not be so willing to obey thee at first, as being impatient of soreign Subjection; but when the Island is once thy own, he's a Fool that will 'not hold his own; which thou canst never do without Discretion and 'Valour; which two Vertues, when thy Subjects behold brightly shining in thee their Prince, they will be afraid of rebelling and caballing against thee. I confess, Sir, I wish I had had this Discretion and Valour you talk of, reply'd Sancho, to have helpt us in our last Encounter; but now, Sir, I must be free to tell ye, I have more need of a Surgeon, then a Preacher; and of Plaisters, then Remonstrances. In the mean time, Sir, see if you can rise to help me get up Rosinante, tho he little deserves it; for twas his confounded Lechery for which our Bones have fuffer'd all this dismal Maceration. For my part, I never suspected such a Propensity in Rosmante; for I always took him for a fober and peaceable Horse, and durst have fworn for him, as well as for my felf. Now who is there that a Man can trust? 'Tis true as the Proverb faies, A Man must eat a Peck of Salt with his Friend, before he knows him. For who that saw the Wonders which you wrought the other Day against the Biscayner, would have thought that fuch a Tempest of Bastinado's could e're have showr'd upon our Bones?

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

As for thy Shoulders, reply'd Don Quixote, they were made to endure fuch forts of Tempests; but mine, that never were accustom'd to bear a heavier Weight, then a Holland Shirt, or a Tiffany Ruff, I fear me, they will be longer sensible of this Missortune. And were it not, but that I believe; believe, do I say! nay, were I not certain, that such Missortunes as these, are, as it were, grappl'd to Knight-Errantry, I would never out-live this Disgrace, but cut my Throat for Madness upon this very Spot. But I beseech ye, Sir, cry'd Sancho, if these are the Blessings of a Knight-Errant, will they never have an End? Or, is there a presix'd time when they will cease? For if we meet with two such Harvests more, we shall never be able to reap the third, unless Miracles assistance.

The Life of Knight-Errants, reply'd Don Quixote, is subject to a Thoufand Inconstancies of Fortune; and sometimes they have good, sometimes bad Luck. Amadis de Gaul was bound to a Pillar by the Negromancer Arcalaus, his mortal Enemy, and by him surcingl'd with the Girths of his own Saddle; and that so rudely, that the Sorcerer never left off, till he had given the miserable Knight a hundred cutting Strappado's at the same

time.

The Knight of the Sun being takin in a Trap in a certain Castle, was prefently forcibly hurry'd naked into a deep Dungeon, where they gave him a Glyster of Snow-water and Sand, which had like to have kill'd him, but for a special Friend of his, a Negromancer, that both rescu'd and cur'd him. And thus, Sancho, thou feeft that Perfons more famous then we, have fuffer'd greater Affronts then we have done. Besides, Sancho, thou art to know, That those Wounds which are giv'n by the Weapons which a Man has by accident in his Hand, are neither Affronts nor Difgraces. For thus you may read expressly in the Laws of Duels; That if a Shoe-maker strike another Man with the Last which he held in his Hand, tho it be of Wood like a Cudgel. yet the Shoe-maker shall not for that be said to have cudgell'd the Man. I tell thee this, to shew thee, that tho we were so bum basted and bang'd as we were, yet that it was no Affront or Dishonour to us; for that the Weapons which they made use of, were no true Cudgels, but Pack-staves, such as Carriers never go without; nor do I remember that there was fo much as a Tuck, or a Sword, or a Dagger, among the whole Company. I confess, said Sancho, they did not give me so much leisure to take Cognizance of the particular Shape and Name of their Weapons; but no fooner had I drawn my trufty Steel, but they bleft my Shoulders with fuch a wooden Benediction, that I lost both my Eyes and my Feet at the same time, and fell, without Sense or Motion, very near the place where you see me now. Nor do I perplex my Brains, whether it were an Affront to be cudgell'd with an Oak'n Plant, or a Pack-staff; but let 'em be Pack-staves, or Cudgels, I am forry to feel 'em so heavy upon my Bones: I am sure I shall never forget em as long as Ilive. However, Pansa, reply'd Don Quixote, there is no Resentment which time will not deface, nor no Pain that Death will not put an End to. Thank ye for nothing, quo Sancho, this is heav'nly Comfort indeed: What can worse befall us? Were it such a Pain as a Plaifler or two would cure, a man might have some Patience, but for ought I fee, all the Plaister boxes and Ointments of an Hospital wont suffice

Twittle-twattle, cry'd Don Quixote, what a Prating dost thou keep? Prethee try if thou canst get up, and see how Rosinante does; poor Beast, he has had his share of this Adventure. No wonder at that, reply'd Sancho, seeing that he's a Knight Errant as well as the rest; I rather wonder

how my Ass has scap'd so we'l, without the loss of one Hair. In our greatest Calamities, reply'd Don Quixote, Fortune always leaves us some Hole to creep out at; and thus it happ'ns, that this poor Beaft at this time supplies the Want of Rosinante, to carry me to some Castle where I may be cur'd. Nor am I asham'd to ride upon an Ass; for I remember, that si lenus the Father of Bacchus rode upon an Ass, when he enter'd Memphis in Triumph. Ay, quo Sancho, t'would do well enough, could you fit upright upon your Ass, as he did; but alas! you must be laid cross the Pannel, like a Sack of Wheat. Wounds received in Combat are no Dishonour, and therefore good Sancho, trouble me with no more Replies, but try to get upon thy Legs, and help me up upon thy Ass, that we may get out of this place before Night surprize us. Lord, Sir! quo Sancho, have I not heard you fay, 'twas the most Knight Errant like Fashion in the World to fleep in the Fields and Forests under a Canopy of green Boughs. That is to fay, cry'd Don Quixote, when they can do no better; or elfe, when they are in Love. And thus Amadis de Gaul took up his Lodging under the poor Rock, all the while he went under the Name of the Lovely Obscure, which was either eight Years, or eight Months, I cannot well remember which; and all this for only some little Unkindness that Oriana fhew'd him.

But setting these Discourses aside, prethee let us make haste out of this unfortunate place, lest some Mischief befall thy Ass, as it has done Rossnante. That would be the Malice of the Devil indeed, reply'd Sancho: and so breathing out Thirty Lamentations, Sixty Sighs, and a Hundred and Twenty Plagues and Poxes upon those that betray'd him into that Condition, he made a shift to get up upon his Legs; yet not so, but that he went stooping all the way with his Body bent like a Tartar's Bow, not being able to fland upright. In which crooked Posture he crept along to catch his Ass, that having tak'n advantage of the Liberty which had been giv'n him, was folacing himself in fat Pastures, free Cost, at a distance. The Ass being caught, and got ready, Sancho return'd to help up Rosinante, which was not done without great Difficulty and Trouble, as well to the Master as the Squire. Sancho sweat till he dropt again; and could the poor Beast but ha' spoke, he wou'd ha' born a part in the sad Complaints of the Master and the Man. At length, after many bitter Ob's! and screw'd Faces, Sancho laid Don Quixote cross the Ass, ty'd Rosinante to the Ass's Tail, and then leading his Ass by the Halter, as if he had been going with his Grift to the Mill, he took the nearest Way that he could guess to the high Road. Which, at the end of three quarters of an Hour, they, by good Fortune, discover'd, together with an Inn, which Don Quixote, notwithstanding the lewd Appearance of the Place, would needs have to be a Castle. Sancho swore bloodily 'twas an Inn; and the Knight as obstinately maintain'd that it was a Castle; nor did the Dispute end till they came to the Inn Door, where Sancho enter'd with his Cargo, never troubling himself whether he were in the right or the wrong, as to his Argument with his Master.

# CHAP II.

What befel Don Quixote in the Inn, which he took for a Castle.

THE Inn keeper feeing Don Quixote lying like an Effex Calf quite athwart the Pannel, ask'd Sancho, What was his Disease? To which Sancho answer'd, He had no Disease at all; but only that he had fall'n from the top of a Rock, and bruis'd his Ribs a little. The Vintner had a Wife. not like the common fort of Hostesses, as being naturally very charitable, and very compassionate of her Neighbours Afflictions: So that she no fooner beheld Don Quixote in that lamentable Condition, but she resolv'd to set her helping Hand to his Cure; and to that purpose call'd her Daugh-

ter, a good pretty Girl, to affift her.

There was also at the same time in the Inn, an Asturian Wench, broadfac'd, flat noddl'd, one Eye out, and t'other a fquint. However, the Activity of her Body supply'd all Desects. For the was not above three Foot high, the weight of her Shoulders preventing her Growth. This gentile Gypsie likewise assisted the Inn-keeper's Wise and Daughter to dress Don Quixote's Bruises. To which purpose they made him a forry Bed, God wot, in an old musty Cock lost; at another Corner of which, was alfo lodg'd a Carrier upon a Bed, which, tho made of Hurdles only, and old Horse cloths, had much the Advantage however of Don Quixote's, which confifted of no more then two or three Planks laid upon two Treffels, one higher then tother; and over them a Flock bed, more like a Quilt, full of Knobs and Bunches, which had they not shewn themselves to be of Wool, through the Holes that the Rats had eat'n, might well have been tak'n for Stones. The Sheets also were of Leather, made of the Coverings of old Targets; and the Coverlet fuch, that you might have number'd the Threads, and not have miss'd one in the Tale. In this same cursed Bed Don Quixote was laid to rest his Bones, where the Hostess and her Daughter hogg's greas'd and plaister'd him from Head to Foot, by the light of a Candle, which the beautiful Asturian, whose Name was Maritornes, held. The Hostess seeing him so batter'd; Truly, said she, these Bumps in this Man's Flesh look much more like a dry Basting, then a Fall. No, I'le asfure ye, Mistress, reply'd Sancho, 'twas no dry Basting, but only the Rock was full of feveral pointed Stones, and craggy Stumps, which did Mifchief every one i'their turns. By the way, Mistres, if you please, prav fave a little of the Tow and the Ointment for me too; for I know not what's the matter, but I feel my Back bone in a dismal Disorder. Why, didst thou fall too, reply'd the Hostes? I did not fall, answer'd Sancho; but the very Fright that I took to fee my Mafter capring the Gallop Galliard down the Rock, has loofen'd my Bones in fuch a manner, as if I had undergon a Mahometan Drubbing. That's no wonder, said the Inn keeper's Daughter; for I have dream'd many times, that I have been falling from a fleep Rock, and when I wak'd, my Bones have been as fore, as if I had fall'n in earnest. 'Tis my very Case, reply'd Sancho, only with this Difference, that I was not in a Dream, but as broad awake as I am at this Instant.

Then Maritornes ask'd him his Master's Name: Don Quixote de la Mancha, reply'd Sancho, by Profession, a Knight Errant, and one of the bravest and stoutest that ever the Sun shin'd on. A Knight-Errant! What's that, for the Lord's fake, cry'd the Asturian? Art thou such a Novice i' the World, reply'd Sancho? Why, a Knight-Errant is one that's every Minute as near to an Empire, as Four-pence to a Groat, one that you shall see well cudgell'd this moment, the next a Soldan. To day the most miserable Creature upon Earth, to morrow the Master of three or four Kingdoms to bestow upon his Squire. How comes it then to pass, quo the Hostess, that thou, being Squire to so great a Personage, art not an Earl at least? Oh! faid Sancho, the Business is not so soon accomplish'd neither. We ha' been but two Months in our Gears, so that we have not met with any Adventures as yet: besides that, many times we seek for Kingdoms and find a Flap with a Fox tail. But if ever my Lord Don Quixote gets cur'd of his Bruises, and I scape knocking o' the Head, I will not exchange my Hopes

The Renomned Don Quixote.

for the best Conde-ship in Spain.

Book III.

Don Quixote having liften'd all the while to these Discourses with great Attention, could no longer hold; and therefore raifing himself up in his Bed, and taking the Hostess in a most obliging manner by the Hand; Believe 'me, said he, fair Lady, 'tis not a Happiness to be despis'd, that you have 'here the Opportunity to entertain such a Guest as I am, in your Castle. 'I shall fay no more, because it ill becomes a Man to be the Praiser of 'himself; but my Squire will tell you who I am. Only thus much let me ' fay more, That I shall never blot out of my Remembrance the Kindnesses 'you have done me, but study all Occasions to testifie my Gratitude. And I 'wish to Heaven, added he, casting a Sheep's eye upon the Hostess's Daughter, That the God of Love had not already enslav'd me to his Laws, and that the Eyes of that charming the disdainful She, that possesses all my 'Thoughts, had not already triumph'd o're my Liberty, which otherwise 'I would have facrific'd at the Feet of that Illustrious Damsel.

The Hostes, her Daughter, and the vertuous Maritornes, were ashonish'd to hear fuch high flown Language as this, which they understood no more then if he had spok'n Arabick; yet conceiving they were Words of Court-ship and Complement, they look'd upon him, and admir'd him, as a Man of another World; and after they had made him fuch Returns as Inn keepers Breeding would afford, they left him to his Rest. Only Maritornes stay'd to rub down Sancho, who had no less need of a good Dressing and a warm

Mesh, then Rosinante.

Now you must know, that the Carrier and the Asturian had agreed to have a Love-skirmish together that Night, and she had pawn'd him her Honour, that as foon as her Master and Mistress were a bed, she would not fail to come to him, and be at his Service. And it is reported of that modest Damsel, That whenever she had pass'd her Word in such Cases, she would have observ'd her Promise no less punctually, then if she had confirm'd it by the Attestation of a Publick Notary; nay, tho she had made it

in the midst of a Wood without any Witness at all.

And here, for your better understanding, you must know, that the wretched, unfortunate, beggarly, scanty Bed whereon Don Quixote lay, was the first in that needy Appartment. Next to that Sancho had made up his Kennel, containing a Mat of Bulrushes, with a piece of an old Sprit-sail for a Coverlet; and at a little distance lay the Carrier in his Furniture, such as has been already describ'd: Thither the Carrier after he had fed his Cattel, repair'd, in Expectation of the punctual Maritornes. In the mean time Sancho did all he could to tleep, while his macerated Ribs did all they could to prevent him; and Don Quixote lay ruminating on his Mistress with his Eyes op'n, like a Hare. And now was every Soul in the Inn gone to bed, not so much as a Mouse stirring in the House, nor any Candle to be seen.

Book III.

68

Which general Silence, and filent Darkness, the Friend of Meditation, setting Don Quixote's Thoughts at work, recall'd to his Remembrance one of the most ridiculous Follies that he had read in all the Romantick Authors of his Ruine. For he fancy'd himself to be in a samous Castle, and that the Inn keeper's Daughter, by Consequence, Daughter to the Lord of the Castle, inamour'd of his goodly Presence and Deportment, had promis'd him the Pleasure of her Embraces, so soon as her Father and Mother were gone to rest. This Chimera disturb'd him, as if it had been a seal Truth; so that he was strangely disturb'd to find his Loyalty expos'd to the Hazard of such a Temptation. But at length he resolv'd an immoveable Constancy to his dear Dulcinea, tho Queen Guinever, and the Lady Quintaniona, should sollicit him themselves.

In the midst of these wild Imaginations, the exact Asturian, bare-foot, and in her Smock, steals into the Chamber, and feels about for the Carrier's Bed. On the other side Don Quixote, whose Ears lay perdue, perceiving something to enter the Chamber, rais'd himself in his Bed, notwithstand. ing his Plaisters, and the foreness of his Chine, and stretching out his Arm to receive his fancy'd Damsel, caught hold of Maritornes Wrist, as she was feeling about for the Wall, pull'd her to him, not daring to speak a Word, and made her fit down by his Bed-fide. Neither could her Smock that was made of Sacking, prevail to undeceive the befotted Knight. Her Glass Beads about her Wrist, he took for Oriental Pearl; her Hair as course as a Mare's Tail, he liken'd to the Gold'n Tresses of Juno; and her Breath that fmelt like stale Salt fish, he compar'd to the Odors of Arabia. In short, he fancy'd this beautiful Nymph to be like those lovely Dames, which, as he had read in his Histories, were wont to visit incognito their inamour'd Champions, when either fick or wounded. For the poor Gentleman was fo obstinately infatuated with his Romantick Gim-cracks, that he was not fensible of the nasty Stinks of a filthy, dirty Puss, that would have made any but a Carrier, to have spew'd up his Entrails. So that at length the courtly Champion, enamour'd of fo many nauseous Charms, and hugging his incomparable Maritornes, as the Devil hug'd the Witch; 'What would I 'give, quo he, with a foft and amorous Whisper, What would I give, most 'lovely Lady, that I were in a Condition to acknowledge the Favours you 'have done me, and that I could acquit my felf of those Reproaches of 'lewd Ingratitude, which you may justly throw upon me? It kills me when 'I think on't; but I have plighted my Faith to the matchles Dulcinea del "Tobofo; she is the sole Sovereigness of my Heart, and the sole Mistress of my Thoughts, and I dare not purchase my Happiness with the Price of 'Periury.

All this while Maritornes sweat Assa fætida, to find her self lock'd up in the Knight's Embraces, and did her utmost Endeavour to free her self from her irksom Fetters. On the other side, the Carrier, whose Impatience prevented him from sleeping a Wink, having perceiv'd his Landacrides, when she first enter'd the Room, and with a listning Ear, wond'ring at her Stay, at length over heard a kind of whispering Noise where the Champion lay, and then suspecting that Maritornes design'd to be serv'd round, his Nose began to swell most prodigiously. Nor was that all, for such were the Transports of his Jealouse, that he could not forbear creeping softly to Don Quixote's Bed, where, after he had listn'd a while, like a Sow i' the Beans, perceiving by the struggling of his Loyal Maritornes, that it was none of her Fault, as being kept in Durance by the salacious Knight, whether she would or no; he up with his brawny Arm, and measuring the Countenance

of the difaffrous Knight, gave him fuch a mauling Sisarara upon the Chaps, that the Blood ran from his Mouth like a little Stream; and Benengeli affures us, That at the same time he leap'd upon his Body. and with his splay Feet and Sparables so be trampl'd him, as if he had been treading a Hay-mow. So that the Bed, the Foundations of which were none of the best, fell down to the Ground, with such a rattling Noise, that the Inn keeper wak'd, and suspecting it to be one of Maritornes whoring Pranks, struck a Light, and made to the Place where he heard the Combustion. The Gypsie Asturian, seeing him coming in Cholerick haste, fled for shelter into Sancho's Kennel, who lay snoring like a Tapster, and there hid her felf under his Coverlet, truss'd up as round as an Egg. Presently the Master entring, and swearing like a Tinker, Where's this damn'd Whore, cry'd he? for I'm fure tis her doing. At the same time Sancho -awaking, and feeling an unufual weight that almost over-laid him, which he believ'd to be the Night-Mare, laid about him with his Fifts, and pummell'd Maritornes so severely, that at last having lost all her Patience, and forgetting the Danger she was in, she return'd him his Thumps with fuch a plentiful Interest, that Sancho's Welch Blood being mov'd, he bussl'd up in his Bed, and catching hold of Maritornes, began the most pleasant Skirmish in the VVorld: For the Carrier seeing his Mistress so abus'd, cuff'd Sancho; Sancho maul'd the Maid; the Maid be-labour'd the Squire, in return of his Kindneffes; and the Inn keeper paid off his Servant; following their Blows fo fast, as if they had been afraid of losing time. And the best Jest was, that in the heat of this Hurly-burly, the Candle went out; so that now being all i' the Dark, they lay'd on at a Venture, without any Compassion; so that of all the Combatants, not one that was there carry'd off fo much as half a Shirt or a Smock; for Nails and Fifts were all employ'd, and they took care neither to tear, nor strike in vain.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

There was at the same time a Constable lodg'd in the Inn, who being wald with the difmal Confusion, in a great Rage came poking out his way with his Staff; and being enter'd the Room, cry'd out, I charge ye i' the King's Name, to keep the Peace here, vowing else to send 'em all to the Counter. The first he met with, was the mortify'd Knight, who lay upon his Back, ftretch'd out at his full length, without any feeling, upon the Ruines of his Bed. Him the Constable having caught i'the Dark by the Beard, cry'd out, Come away before the Justice. But perceiving no fign of Life, and therefore believing him dead, and murder'd by the rest in the the Room, he commanded the Gates of the Inn to be shut; Here's a Man murder'd, quo he, and therefore let no body make their E/cape. Which alarum'd the Combatants in such a manner, that notwithstanding their good Intentions, they were forc'd to leave the Argument undecided. The Innkeeper stole away into his Chamber; Maritornes to her Straw; the Carrier flunk under his Horse-cloaths; only the disconsolate Don Quixote and Sancho remain'd in their places, not able to ftir a Limb; while the Constable let go the Champion's Beard, and went for a Candle to fearch for the Rioters. But the Inn-keeper having prudently put out the Lamp that hung over the Gate, the Constable was above an Hour puffing among the Em-

bers i'the Kitchin-chimney, before he could light another.

#### CHAP. III.

A Continuation of the innumerable Hardships, that Don Quixote and bis Squire sustain'd in the Inn.

BY this time Don Quixote being recover'd from his Paroxism, with the same weak and languishing Voice, as after he had been Carrier-drubb'd in the Meadow, call'd out, Friend Sancho, art a fleep? art afleep Friend Sancho? How the Devil should I sleep, reply'd Sancho, foaming with Rage and Passion, when all the Infernal Furies have been haunting me this Night? Thou hast Reason to say so, answer'd Don Quixote, for either I know nothing, or this Caffle is enchanted. Hear what Isay to thee, but first swear to me, that thou wilt not speak a Word of it, till after my Death. By my Wife and Children that now are a starving, I wont, quo Sancho. I desire thee to swear, quo Don Quixote, because I scorn to injure the Reputation of any Person. Why, I have fworn, and I do fwear never to speak a Tittle of it, so long as your Worship lives; and I wish I might be at liberty to discover it to morrow. Have I done thee so much Harm, answer'd Don Quixote, that thou wishest my Death so soon? 'Tis not for that, reply'd Sancho, but because I hate to keep a Secret folong, for fear it should grow mouldy i' my Body. Think what thou wilt, answer'd Don Quixote, however I confide in thy Prudence and Affection. 'Know then, that above two Hours fince, the Daughter of the Lord of this Castle, vouchsaf'd to come to my Bed side; one of 'the most lovely and beautiful Ladies that were ever beheld i'the World. I cannot express the Charms of her Person, nor the Vivacity of her Wit; 'nor will I think more of 'em, that I may not revolt from my Allegiance to the fair Dulcinea of Toboso. I will only say this, That the Heav'ns envy-'ing the Happiness, which my fortunate Stars had thrown into my Lap; or rather, because this Castle is enchanted, it happen'd, That in the midst 'of the most tender, affectionate, and passionate Discourses that pass'd between us, a certain Hand that I could not fee, or devise from whence it came, at the end of a most enormous Giant's Arm, gave me such a down-'right Blow upon the Jaws, that my Chaps gush'd out a Bleeding like a 'Spout: After which, the Traytor taking Advantage of my Feebleness, 'laid on so like a Thresher, that I feel my self worse now, then when we 'fuffer'd for Rolinante's Incontinency. And therefore I believe some damn'd Negromancer of a Moor defends this Treasure, allotted for some other, and for me.

Nor for me neither, quo Don Sancho, interrupting him, for above four hundred Moors have been exercifing their Talents upon my Bones, that I may fafely fay, the Carriers Bastinado's were but Flea bites and Ticklings of the Skin to this. But pray Sir, tell me, d'ye call this such a pleasing Adventure, for which you pay'd above fourteen i' the hundred in dry Blows? Tho indeed the Postession of such a rare Beauty all the while, might be a kind of Consolation to you; But for my part, that had no such Creature-Comfort, how d'ye think I was able to bear so many Wherrets and Thumps, and Bussesings, as fell tomy share? Curse upon me, and my Mother that bore me; for I am no Knight-Errant, nor ever intend to be, and yet the Elder Brother's Portion of Plagues and Mischies falls still to my Lot. How! and hast thou been under the Paper-mills too, cry'd Don Quixote? Belly o' me, quo Sancho, What have I been telling ye all this while?

while? Never let it trouble thee, quo Don Quixote, for I'le instantly go and make the Balsom of Invulnerable, which will cure thee i' the Twinkling of

By this time the Constable having lighted his Candle, was coming to see who it was that was murder'd. At what time Sancho spying him at a Distance in his Shirt with his Candle in his Hand, and a nasty Clout about his Head; Sir, quo he to his Master, I am afraid the enchanted Moor is coming again to see if there be any part of our Skins that remains unbruisted, for another Exercise of his Arm. It cannot be the Moor, reply'd Don Quixote, for Negromancers never suffer themselves to be seen. I know not whether they may be seen, or no, quo Sancho, but I'm sure they may be seen, or no, quo Sancho, but I'm sure they may be shoulders before my Eyes in this particular. That my Shoulders can testifie as well as thine, answer'd Don Quixote: However, 'tis no sign that thou

feest the inchanted Moor.

While they were thus confabulating, the Conftable enter'd, aftonish'd to hear men talking fo friendly together in a place where he thought Murder had been committed. But feeing the miserable Posture wherein the Champion lay, stretch'd out like a Corps, and bruis'd into Mummie; How fares it, honest Fellow, quo he, how d'ye feel your self? I would answer ye in another sort of Language, reply'd Don Quixote, were I in your Skin. Ye Blockhead you, is that your rude way of approaching Knight-Errants in this Country? Upon which, the Constable, of a waspish and cholerick Temper, not enduring such a Reprimand from a person that he hardly thought to be his Equal, threw the Candle-stick, Candle and all, as hard as he could ding it, at the Champion's Head; and believing that he had not only brok'n the Peace, but the Knight's Scull, he presently stole out of the Room, under the Protection of the Night. What think ye now, quo Sancho? d' ye think this was not the inchanted Moor, that guards the Treasure you talk of, for others, but reserves nothing for us, beside Kicks and Cuffs, and Candle stick Batteries? Suppose I allow thee thy Saying for once, reply'd Don Quixote, yet considering that Negromancers can make themselves invisible when they please, we are not to be offended with Enchantments, since it is impossible we should revenge our selves upon Perfons we can never find, while they lie sculking in the Air, quite out of our Reach. And therefore, Sancho, rise, if thou canst, and desire the Governour of the Castle to send me some Oil, Salt, Wine, and Rosemary, that I may make my Balfom, which, in truth, I want very much, in regard of the great Flux of Blood, that I have loft, from the Wound which the Apparition gave me.

Thereupon Sancho got up, variously expressing his Grief, as he apparell'd himself; sometimes with a devout Lord ha mercy upon me! sometimes with a prophane and full-mouth'd Zouns; by and by Cursing the enchanted Moor, and his Master to boot; and at length creeping along like an Old Alms-man, with an old Pox upon him, he went to seek for the Inn-keeper; and meeting with the Constable at the Inn-Gate, in a brown Study, whether he should go or tarry, considering the passionate Fact he had so lately committed: Sir, said Sancho, pray be so charitable, as to surnish me with a Measure of Oil, a Quart of Wine, a Handful of Salt, and two Handfuls of Rosemary, to make a Med'cine to cure one of the most renowned Knight-Errants that ever were i' the World, who lies here in the Inn, desperately wounded by the enchanted Moor. The Constable, tho he took him for a mad Man, was so kind however, as to call for the Inn-keeper, who sure of the salt.

nish'd him with all his Ingredients in a short time. All which Sancho carry'd forthwith to his Master, whom he found holding his Head, and miferably complaining of the Hurt he had received by the Candleffick, tho by good luck it had done him no more harm, then only the raising of two Bunches about the bigness of two Turky Eggs; for that which he fancy'd to be Blood, was only the Oil of the Lamp, that had bedew'd his Hair and his Beard. So that after he had mixt all the Ingredients together, he fer 'em o're a gentle Fire, and let 'em simper for about a full Hour, till he thought they were enough, and then put the whole into a Tin-pot, which the Inn-keeper out of his Liberality freely presented him. Then he mutter'd over the Pot a hundred Ave Maries, as many Pater Nosters, Salve's, and Creeds, and ever and anon making the Sign of the Crofs, by way of Benediction; at which Ceremony the Inn-keeper, the Constable and Sancho.

were prefent. When the Med'cine was cold, Don Quixote resolv'd to make an immediate Tryal of it; and to that purpose, gulp'd down the Quantity of a good Beer glass brim full. But no sooner had he tak'n his Dose, but he fell a vomiting, as if he would ha fpew'd up his Lungs; and his violent straining put him into such a Sweat, that he desir'd to be cover'd up warm, and left to his Repose. In which Condition he flept three whole Hours, and then waking, found himself in an excellent Temper, and so well at ease, that he made no Question, but he had found out the true Balfom of Invulnerable; and that having fuch a Med'cine, he might undertake all the most perillous Adventures i'the World, without Fear or Wit. Sancho observing such a strange and sudden Operation of the Ballom, befought his Master, that he might drink up the Remainder in the Pot; to which, when Don Quixote had consented, Pancha quast'd off the rest, with such a Gusto, as if it had been a Nuptial Restorative of Tent and Eggs. But it seems that Pancha's Stomach was not so nice as his Master's; for before he could vomir, he was afflicted with such terrible Reaching, fuch faint and painful Sweats and Swoonings, that he verily thought his last Hour had been come; and instead of repenting for his Sins, fell a curfing the Balfom, and the Traitor that had recommended it to him. Friend Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, I am the most mistak'n Man i' the World, if this Misery does not befall thee, because thou art no Dubb'd Knight; for I fearme, this Balsom will not work kindly upon any but such as they are. The Deviltake you and all your Generation, quo Sancho, why did ye let me take it, if you knew that before? Is this a Time to tell me of Dubb'd Knights. when my Guts are ready to burst? But at length, Nature being kind, and the Phylick strong and searching, forc'd its way upward and downward. insomuch that he fell a Squitt'ring and Spewing, as if the Devil had been turn'd Tom-turd-man to empty the Jakes of his Carkass; and all the while he strain'd so hard before and behind, that the Standers by still expected when his Soul-Errant would take a Career out of his Body; till at last, after the end of two Hours, that this Hurricane in his Guts lasted, instead of finding himself at ease, as his Master had done, he felt himself so feeble. and so far spent, that he was hardly able to breath. But for all that, D. Quixote was in haste, he felt himself as sound as a Roach, and therefore would needs be jogging after new Adventures. All the while that he lay idle, he thought himself lost to the World; and all those that needed his Favour and Assistance, defying Wounds and Danger now, in Confidence of his Balsom.

In the midst of these impatient Thoughts, he told Sancho he must be gone; and with those Resolutions he saddl'd Rosinante himself, putting the Pannel

upon the Ass, and his Squire upon the Pannel after he had help'd him to get on his Clothes: Then spying a strong Javelin that hung up in the Hall of the Inn, he seiz'd it for the use of the Lord of the Mannor, to serve him instead of a Lance; and fo mounting his Courfer, in the fight of above twenty People that were in the Inn, prepar'd to fet forward.

Among the rest of the Gazers, the Inn-keeper's Daughter observ'd him with a more curious Eye, as having never feen fuch a fight in her Life before: Which Don Quixote perceiving, and making a more favourable Interpretation of her Glances, beheld her with no less Admiration, tho of another fort, every foot fetching a deep Sigh from the very Foundations of his Heart, which they who faw him fo mortify'd the Night before, ascrib'd

to the Pain of his Wounds.

But now being ready to depart, he stopp'd at the Inn Door, and call'd for the Master of the House, in a grave and majestick Tone; Sir Constable, ' said he, I should be the most ingrateful Mongrel in the World, should I ' forget the Kindnesses I have receiv'd in your Castle. However, in return 'of your Favours, if there be a Caitiff under the Sun, on whom you de-'fire to be reveng'd for any Injuries or Contumelies committed, know, it 'is my Profession to relieve the Oppressed, and punish Traitors. Rub up 'your Memory therefore, and if you can call any such to mind, by my Ho-' Iy Order of Knighthood, I'le drag'em with a Horse-pox to your Cassle, to 'make you Satisfaction on their bended Knees. To which the Inn-keeper answering with the same Gravity, Sir Knight, said he, I have no need of your Revenge, for when any body does me an Injury, I can revenge my self. All the Satisfaction therefore that I desire, is, That you would pay your Reckining for Horse-meat and Man's-meat: For that is the Custom in all Inns. How! cry'd Don Quixote, is this an Inn? Yes, and one of the best upon the Road too, quo the Master. Then I beg your Pardon, quo Don Quixote, for Itook it for a Castle, and that none of the meanest neither. However, 'tis all one; for tho it be an Inn, you must excuse me, Sir, from paying a Farthing; 'tis contrary to the Laws of Chivalry-Errant. which I am bound to observe, there being no Knight-Errant that ever paid in an Inn, that ever I read of. It being the only Recompence that Custom has allow'd 'em for their incessant Labour and Travel Day and Night, Winter and Summer, for the General good of Mankind. This is nothing to my Business, pay me what ye owe me, and keep your Flim slams and Stories to your self; I must not give away my Goods. Thou are both a Fool and a Knave of an Inn keeper, reply'd Don Quixote, and so couching his Javelin, and putting Spurs to his Horse, he rode out of the Inn before any body could ftop him, never minding whether his Squire follow'd him or no.

The Inn-keeper having thus lost the Knight, demanded his Reckining of the Squire. But Sancho pleaded his Master's Priviledge, alledging, That the same Custom which exempted the Master, exempted the Squire. Upon this, the Inn keeper growing into Passion, call'd Sancho a thousand Pimps and Rascals, threatning him withal, That if he did not pay him, to have his Reckning out of his Bones. On the other fide, Sancho fwore by his Master's Knighthood, That he would not pay a Farthing, tho they flea'd him alive; protesting withal, that he would never give the least Occasion for the Squires in succeeding Ages, to upbraid him with the Infringement of their ancient Rights. But whether the Devil, or ill Luck ow'd Sancho a Spite, fo it happen'd, that there were at the same time in the Inn, certain Clothiers of Segovia, and Embroiderers of Cordovia, all jolly Fellows, and Men

of good Substance, who agreeing all in one Defign, pull'd Sancho off his As, and fent for a Blanket; into which, after they had put the poor condemn'd Sancho, four of the stoutest, taking every one his Corner, they made him dance the Carp-Galliard i' the Air for several times together, as your Bulls toss the Dogs at the Bear garden. All the while Sancho roard, Sancho bellow'd, Sancho bleated, Sancho howl'd, and made fuch a doleful Noise, that at length his Lamentations reach'd his Knight's Ear; who hearing the Out cries of his beloved Pansa, gallop'd back to the Inn to relieve the Distressed; but finding the Gates shut, all that he could do, was to look over the Wall, where he saw Sancho frolicking and frisking in the Air, as if he had been rather a Squire-volant, then a Squire-Errant; fometimes with his Heels, fometimes with his Head uppermost, with fo much Nimbleness and Agility, as if the Air had been his tumbling Element; infomuch that 'tis thought that the Knight could have laugh'd himself, if his Indignation would have suffer'd him. But in the scurvy Humour he was in, he did not like the Sport. He fum'd, he foam'd, he chaf'd, he lookt over the Wall as he stood upon his Stirrups, and with a grim and menacing Countenance, call'd 'em a thousand Sons of Whores and Bitches, Villains, Caitiffs; Rogues, Traitors, Murderers, &c. swore Walsingham, bann'd like a Jailor, and threaten'd all the Torments of the Ten Persecutions. But the more he florm'd, the more they toss'd; nor did they leave off, till meer Weariness, nothing at all of Mercy, put an end to Sancho's Tribulation: and then it was, that like Men of Charity, they set him upon his As again, wrapt up in his Coat, as they found him. And the compassionate Maritornes, forgeting all Injury, was yet more kind; for the brought him a Jugg of cold Water, which as he was going to put to his Mouth, his Master cry'd out to him, Hold-hold-drink no Water, Son Sancho, drink no Watertwill kill thee Son Sancho Have not I here the precious Liquor of Life, that will cure thee with only finelling to it?— To whom Sancho reply'd, I fear me, Sir, you forget your felf, I am not yet a Dubb'd Knight, and so 'twill do me no good. Keep your Brewage for the Devil, and let me alone. And fo faying, he fet the Jugg to his Lips again; but finding it to be Water, he left off, and defir'd Maritornes to change it for Wine, which she did with a willing Heart, and paid for it out of her own Pocket. For twas faid of her, That tho she were a Whore, yet she had something of Chri-

Sancho having thus refresh'd himself, was honourably conducted out of the Inn, and departed very well fatisfy'd, that he had bubbl'd the Inn keeper, tho at the Expence of his Kidneys and Shoulders, that were his usual Sureties. 'Tis true, that the Inn-keeper kept his Wallet for the Reckning; but he was so transported with Joy, that he never miss'd it. And now Sancho being thus gone, the Inn keeper would have lock'd up the Gates again, but the Toffers that card not a rush for the Knight, had he been of the Round-Table, would not permit him; perhaps because they long'd to have had the same Sport with the Master, as they had had with the Man.

# CHAP. IV.

Of the Discourse between Don Quixote and Sancho Pansa, with several other remarkable Passages.

Ancho had now over tak'n his Master, who perceiving him in such a batter'd and languishing Condition, that he was hardly able to sit his Ass; My dear Sancho, said he, now I am fully convinced, that this Castle or Inn is inchanted; for what could they be that made themselves such cruel Sport with thy Carkafs, but Apparitions, and wicked Ghofts of the other World? And farther to confirm it, I must tell thee, that when I beheld thy fatal Tragedy, and would have got o're the Wall to thy Relief. I found my felf, as it were, nail'd to my Saddle by Enchantment, so that I could not ffir: and 'twas well I took that Courfe. For by my Honour, could I but have come at those Caitiffs, and Vagabonds, I would ha' fwing at 'em off so Inhumanly, that they should have remember'd their playing at Shuttle cock with Man's Flesh, not only in this, but in the World to come, the for once I had brok'n the Laws of Chivalry. I would have claw'd 'em off my felf, you may be fure, quo Sancho, had I been able, whether Knight or no Knight. Tho I must tell ye, Sir, you talk like a Widgeon, to fay, the Varlets that Tennis ball'd my Bones, were Spirits and Apparitions; for they were Flesh and Blood, as we are, and had their Christian Names and Sirnames; but you never heard that Spirits and Hobgoblins were baptiz'd i'this World. And therefore, I besecch ve, never let such a fimple Conceit harbour i'your Brains, that any Inchantment hinder'd your getting over the Wall, or alighting from your House. In short, Sir, I see it as plain as the Nose i' your Face, that while we run scaper-loitring after I know not what fortunate Adventures, we are like to meet with nothing but Sorrow and Difaster. And therefore may I be poxid, if I don't take it to be our wifest Course to return home again, and look after your Harvest, for here has been nothing hitherto, but leaping out of the Frying-pan into the Fire. Why, what a Devil d'ye think, that we are bound to find Bones for all the Cudgels i' the Kingdom?

Poor Sancho, I pity thy vulgar Ignorance in the grand Mysteries of Chivalry. Be patient a while, and thou shalt see what an honourable thing it is to follow this Employment. For can there be any thing more glorious, then for a Man to vanquish and triumph o're his Enemy? Questionless, not any thing. It may be so, for ought I know, quo Sancho; but I understand nothing of the matter. However, this I am fure of, That ever fince we have been a Knight-Erranting (for I enclude my felf only as an Attendant upon your Worship) you have had but one single Victory over the Biscarner, and that dearly purchas'd too, with the loss of one Ear, and the Vizor of your Helmet; but the Fifty-cuffs, the Thumps, the Wherrets, the difgraceful Kicks o' the Arfe, that we have receiv'd, have been numberless, like the Sands of the Sea, besides an additional Over-plus, curse upon me. that fell to my share of being tos'd in a Blanket, and by Hobgoblins too, upon whom it is impossible for me to revenge my felf, and so I must be depriv'd of those Victories and Pleasures you talk of. I find, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, that we are both fick of the same Disease; but within this little while, I will get me a Sword made with fo much Art and Magick-skill, that who soever shall wear it, no fort of Enchantment shall hurt him.

Book III.

And it may be, good Fortune may put into my hands that of Amadis de Gauli when he call'd himself Knight of the burning Sword; which was one of the best Weapons that ever Knight-Errant wore i' this World; for it would cut like a Razor, and enter the strongest Armour that ever was temper'd. like Venison Crust. I'le be hang'd, quo Sancho, when y'have found this Sword, if it will be ferviceable to any but your Dubb'd Knights, like your Balsom; and so all the mischief shall fall upon the poor Squire. That can never be, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, when I ha'got a Sword that will kill the Devil himself.

This was the Discourse of the two Adventurers, when Don Quixote beheld a thick Cloud of Wind-driven Dust upon his Right Hand; at what time turning to his Squire, Sancho, cry'd he, the Day is come, that thou shalt see the favours Fortune has referv'd for her beloved Darling. This day fuch matchless Performances shall fignalize the strength of my Arm, that shall deserve an eternal Register in the Book of Fame, for the imitation of succeeding Ages. Seeft thou that Cloud of Duft, Sancho? It only hides an innumerable Army, marching this way, and confifting of feveral Nations, that has rais'd it. Why then, quo Sancho, there must be two Armies, for yonder's as great a dust o'the other side; which Don Quixote perceiving. you cannot imagine the transports of his Joy, out of a firm belief, that two vail Armies were going to joyn Battel in that Plain. Whereas the dust was only rais'd by two numerous Flocks of Sheep, in continual motion; fome a' one side, some a t'other side the Downs. However, Don Quixote was so positive that they were two Armies, that Sancho believing his Mafter, I pray, Sir, then, quo he, what are we two to do? What doft think, good-man Block-head, reply'd Don Quixote, but affist the weaker side? For know, Sancho, continu'd he, that the Army which marches towards us, is Commanded by the Great Alifanfaron, Emperour of the Isle of aprobana: The other that advances behind us, is his Enemy, the King of the Garamants, Pentapolin with the naked Arm; fo call'd, because he always fights with his Arm bare. And what's the Quarrel between these two Potent Princes, quo Sancho? Why, quo Don Quixote, the reason is plain: For Alifanfaron is in Love with Pentapolin's Daughter, who, in my Opinion, is one of the most lovely Women i the World, and a Christian. But Alifanfaron being a Pagan, her Father will not confent to the Marriage, unless her Sweet heart will renounce Mahomet, and embrace the Christian Religion. May I never see Toboso again, quo Sancho, if I don't believe this Pentapolin to be a Man of Piety and Vertue; and I'le affift him to the utmost of my Power. That thou may'ft Lawfully do, reply'd Don Quixote; for upon fuch occasions as these there is no such necessity to be a Dubb'd Knight. 'Slife, and is it so, quo Sancho? Then let me alone for one. But where shall I secure my Ass, that I may find him again when the Battel's over? For I ne'r heard of any Man that ever charg'd upon fuch a Beast as this. Let him e'ne go where he pleases, quo Don Quixote; for after the Victory's won, we shall have such choice of Horses, that even Rosinante himself is in great danger of being exchang'd for another.

Then mounting to the top of a Hillock, 'Look thee, Sancho, quo Don "Quixote, from hence will I shew thee all the Chief Knights that Command these two vast Armies, that thou mayst be able to know em again, when 'thou feest 'em. He vonder i'the Gilded Arms, bearing in his Shield a 'Crown'd Lion Couchant at the feet of a young Lady, is the Valiant Laurca-'lin, the Knight of the Silver Bridge. He in the Armour tinsell'd with 'Flowers of Gold, bearing three Silver Crowns in a Field Azure, is the Fa-

mous Micocolembo, Grand Duke of Quirocia. That other, that marches upon his Right Hand, as big and as tall as a Giant, is the undaunted Brandabarbaran, of Boliche, Lord of the three Arabia's; Arm'd with a Serpents Skin, and inflead of a Shield, carrying a huge Gare, which is faid to be one of those that belong'd to the Temple that Sampson pull'd down, when he reveng'd himself upon the Philistines, at the expence of his own

'Now turn about, and at the Head of t'other Army fee vonder the In-'vincible Timonel of Carcasson, Prince of New Biscay, whose Armour is of \*feveral colours, as Azure, Vert, Or, and Argent; bearing in his Shield a 'Pus-Cat Or, in a Field Gules; with these four Letters M. i. e. u. which compose the first Sillable of his Mistresses Name, which Report avers to be the matchless Mieulina, Daughter to Duke Alpheniquen, of Algarva. That other Monstrous Load upon the back of yonder wild Horse, in white Armour, with a white Shield, without any Impress, is a French Knight, call'd Peter Papin, Lord of the Barony of Utrich. He that fits gal-'ling his Courfer's flanks with his heels like a Sea-man, is the Potent Duke of Nervia, otherwise call'd the Pinner of Wakefield; bearing in his Shield 'a Field fow'd with Alparagus, with this Motto, Fortune rakes me. And thus he went on, naming a hundred more in the same manner, in both Armies: And then proceeding; 'That vast Multitude which thou feest yonder, 'is compos'd of feveral Nations. There march they that drink the pleafant Streams of the Famous Xanthus. There the Mountaineers, that Till the 'fertil Fields of Massilia. Yonder, they that fift the fine Gold of the Hap-'py Arabia. Yonder, they that inhabit the Renowned Banks of Thermodon. They that fish in the Golden streams of Pactolus; The Perfidious Numi-'dians; The Persians, Famous Archers. The Medes and Parthians, most dangerous when they slye. The wandring Arabs, the Savage and Cruel Scythians, the Ethiopians, that bore their Lips and Nostrils; with a thoufand other Nations, which I fee, and of which I know the Countenances. 'tho I have forgot their Names. All these Nations, I say, compose that 'Army, rang'd under their peculiar Enfigns.

On the other fide are they that drink the Crystal streams of Betis, shaded with Olive-Trees. They that cleanse the wealthy Oar of Tagus. They that enjoy the enriching Current of the Divine Genile. They that mow the Tartesian Meadows. They that live so happily among the delightful Pastures of Xeres; the wealthy Manchequesians, crown'd with Wheat-'sheaves. The Ancient Off spring of the Goths, that delve for Iron. And 'they that quiver with Appennine Cold, and Pyrenean Snow. In a word,

'all that Europe contains within its vast extent.

Sancho was so aftonish'd to hear such an Inundation of words, that he had not a word to fay. All that he could do, was to flare with his Goggles, and to turn his Jobber-nose as his Master pointed with his finger, to fee if he could discover the Knights and Giants which his Master shew'd him. But at length, not being able to discern the least sign, or so much as the Tail of a Horse, of all the long Muster Roll that the Champion had fancy'd in his Imagination. Nouns, quo he, either I am blind, or the Devil has carry'd away all your Knights and Giants; for as I'm a sinner to Heav'n, the Devil a bit of Mortal Man can I see. I think the fellow's turn'd Fool, cry'd Don Quinote; why, dost not hear their Horses Neighie, the Trumpets found, and the Drums rattle? May I perish, quo Sancho, if I hear any thing but the bleating of a few Sheep. Then I ha' found it out, quo Don Quixote, for thy fears diffurb thy Senses; thou neither feest with

thy Eyes, nor hear'st with thy Ears. But 'tis no matter, I need not the Affiftance of a Coward, I'le have the Honour of the Victory my felf. And fo faying, he couch'd his Lance, and putting Spurs to Rosinante, flew like Lightning into the Plain. Sancho bawl'd after him as loud as he could yaul; call'd Heav'n to witness, that they were only Sheep; then bann'd him to the bottomless Pit; Curse o' my Father that begat me, quo Sancho, that I should be so unfortunate to serve such a Mad man as this! Sir, - Sir, -Master Don Quixote, - Be'nt out o' your Wits, Sir, - There are no Giants, no Knights, no Asparagus Gardens, no Shields either broke or whole; but only a few Sheep, which you are going to kill before you have Money to pay for them. - But Don Quixote, deaf to all his Squire's Imprecations, with a Voice louder then his Dwarf, crying out to himfelf, Courage, courage, brave Knights, that fight under the Standard of valiant Pentapolin, with the naked Arm; Follow but me, and we will foon be aveng'd of that Traitor Alifanfaron of Taprobana, and prefently flung himfelf and his Horse among the poor Sheep with that Gallantry and Resolution, that he soon laid some

of hismortal Enemies wallowing in their Blood.

The Shepherds feeing their Sheep go to rack in fuch a manner, at first call'd out to him, to know what he meant, and what harm the poor Sheep had done him; but finding fair means so little avail'd, they ply'd him with Stones as big as their Fifts, out of their Slings; and that so nimbly, that one Stone never staid for another. But the Champion disdaining that fort of Skirmishing at a Distance, n'ere minded the Stones, being altogether for meeting with Alifanfaron, crying out, Where art a', Traitor, Alifanfaron? Appear to him that here expects thee hand to hand, to try the mettle of thy keen Kilzadog, and to chastize thee for making War unjustly upon the valiant Pentapolin. At length among such a Showre of Stones as flew about the Champion's Ears, there was one that lit upon his Ribs, and forc'd its way through two of the shortest. Don Quixote thought himfelf flain, or at least, dangerously wounded; but then calling to mind his Balfom, and pulling out his Tin pot, he began to fet the precious Liquor to his Mouth. At what time, before he could finish his Draught, another Stone, of a sudden, struck the Pot out of his Hand, carry'd away three or four of his Teeth, and maim'd almost all his Fingers. These two Blows were so violent, that the poor Knight falling from his Horse, lay stretch'd our upon the Ground as quiet as a Lamb. So that the Shepherds believing him flain, took up their dead Sheep, to the number of fix or feven, besides what were wounded; and rallying their disorder'd Flocks, made what haste they could out of the way.

Whilft the Combat lasted, Sańcho stood upon the Hill, Cursing and Swearing and tearing his Beard for Madness; but when the Shepherds were gone, down he came to behold the Ruines of his Lord; for only such he thought 'em to be, when he faw in what a Posture he lay. However, finding that he had some Sense remaining; Ah, Master, Master! quo he, did I not beg you to return? Did I not tell ye, 'twas only a Flock of Sheep, and no Army? 'Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, th'arta Cuckow brains; Negro-'mancers can change the Shapes of Men and Beasts as they please them-'selves: and thus that Theif of a Negromancer, who is my mortal Enemy, to deprive me of the Honour of that Victory which I had i'my Hands, 'immediately turn'd the whole Squadron of the Enemy into Sheep. And 'now to convince thee, that this is a Truth, do but take thy Ass, at my Re-'quest, and sollow those pretended Shepherds at a Distance; I'le pawn my 'Knighthood, that before thou hast rid a Mile, thou shalt see 'em all chang'd

chang'd into Men again, such as I describ'd'em to be. But before thou go'ft: come hither and see how many Teeth I want; for I feel my Gums, as if I had not one left i'my Mouth. Ill luck again for poor Sancho; for as he was gaping to tell his Master's Grinders, with his Nose almost in his Chaps. the Balfom began to work; fo that with the same Swiftness that the Powder flies out of a Pistol, the Physick discharg'd it self all upon the Beard. Face, and Eyes of the charitable Squire. By the Bowels of St. Francis. quo Sancho, my Master is a dead Man, for he vomits nothing but clear Blood, tho the Colour, Smell, and Tafte, soon undeceived him; for the two latter turning the Squires queasie Stomach, caus'd such a sudden Rumbling in his Guizard, that before he could turn his Head, he unladed the whole Cargo of his Entrails upon his Master's Nose, so that you would have sworn there was not a Secret in both their Hearts, which they had not open'd one to another. In this nasty Pickle Sancho ran for a Towel to wipe himself, and his Master; but missing his Wallet, he was ready to run quite out of his Wits. He bestow'd a thousand Maledictions more upon himself, and was fometimes refolving with himself to let his Master go to the Devil. and return home, tho he lost all the Recompence of his Service, and the

Government of twenty Islands.

It was high time then for Don Quixote to get up, which with much ado he did; and then clapping his left Hand before his Mouth, to keep the reft of his loofe Teeth from dropping out, with his right he led Rosinante by the Bridle (the faithful and good natur'd Rosinante, that had not stirr'd an Inch from the Place where his Master fell ) and in that Posture he crept along to his Friend Sancho, whom he found lolling upon his Afs, with his Face in the hollow of both Hands, like a Man bury'd in profound Sorrow. Don Quixote perceiving him in that Condition; Friend Sancho, faid he, one man is no more then another, if he do no more then what another 'does. These Disasters are but Arguments of our better Success. Calms 'always follow Storms, and fair Weather, foul. Good and bad Fortune 'have their Viciffitudes. Besides, 'tis a Maxim, That nothing violent can ' last long. And therefore never grieve at these Misfortunes, of which I have still the greatest Share. How can that be, quo Sancho? Was not he that was toss'd in a Blanket yesterday, the Son of my Father? And was not the Waller which I have loft, with all that was in it, his Lofs? How! quo Don Quixote, Haft lost the Wallet? I know not whether it be lost, reply'd Sancho, but I cannot find it, where I us'd to hang it. Why, then I find we must fast to day, quo Don Quixote. 'Tis surely so, reply'd Sancho, unless you can meet with such Herbs, as are wont to supply the Necessities of fuch unfortunate Knights, as your felf. For all that, quo Don Quixote, at this time, I had rather have a good Luncheon of Bread and two Pilchards Heads, then all the Sallads in Gerrhard's Herbal. And therefore bestride thy Ass, and follow me once more. God's Providence, that provides for the Flies i' the Air, and the Worms i' the Earth, will also provide for us; especially if we continue to serve him, as we do in this laborious Profession. Sir, quo Sancho, interrupting him, I believe you would make a better Preacher, then a Knight-Errant, God pardon me for saving so. Knight Errants, reply'd Don Quixote, ought to know all things; and there have been such in former Ages, that were wont to preach at the Head of an Army, as if they had tak'n their Degrees at Salamanca, according to the Proverb, Tam Marti, quam Mercurio. In good Faith, Sir, quo Sancho, it shall be even as you please, for me: In the mean time, good now, let us remove from hence, and feek out a Lodging; but let it be fuch a one, for

Book III.

the Lord's-fake, where there are no Blankets, nor Blanket-heavers: no Apparitions, nor inchanted Moors. For if I meet with any more of your Hobthrusbes, old Satan himself be your Squire, for Sancho. Rather pray to God to direct us, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, and fo for once go thine own way: for I leave it wholly to thy Discretion to provide us a Lodging. But first feel here how many Teeth I have i' my upper Jaw, o' the right side : for there I find my Pain lies most. Thereupon Sancho feeling with his Finger both above and below; Pray, Sir, quo he, how many Teeth should ve have i'this place? Four found entire Teeth, quo Don Quixote, besides the Eve-tooth. Take heed what you say, quo Sancho. I say four, reply'd Don Quixore, if there ben't five. How strangely you mistake, now, reply'd Sancho; you have just two and a Stump i' the neither Jaw; but for your upper Jaw, 'tis all as smooth as a Child's Coral. How! said Don Quixote, I had rather ha' lost an Arm, provided it were not my Sword arm; for a Mouth without Teeth, is like a Mill without a Mill-stone; every Tooth in a Man's Head, is worth a Diamond. But we that profess the strict Laws of Chivalry, are subject to these Disasters; and therefore since it can't be help'd, go thine own pace, and I'le follow thee. Thereupon Sancho led the way, still keeping the High-road, as most like to bring him soonest to a Lodging. Now you must know, they rode very softly, for Don Quixote's Gums would not fuffer him to trot; and therefore Sancho, compassionating his Master's Condition, resolv'd to divertise him with some of the merriest Conceits he had in his Budget, as you shall hear i'the next Chapter.

# CHAP. V.

Of the pleasant Discourse between Don Quixote and his Squire; and of the Adventure of the dead Corps.

OD forgive me for thinking fo, said Sancho, but it will not out of my T Head, but that all our late Disasters are the just Judgments of Heav'n upon us, for your transgressing the known Laws of your Order, and violating the Oath which you made, not to eat at a Table, nor lie in an Inn, till you had won What-d'-ye-call-him's Armour, for I have forgot the Name of the Moor. Very well remember'd, quo Don Quixore, 'twas quite and clean flid out of my Memory; and I believe too, that thou wer't tofs'd in a Blanket, because thou didst not put me in mind of it. But I can soon make amends for my Omission; for Knight-Errantry is a Profession very ready to fmother Iniquity. Why, did I ever fwear to mind you of your Vow, reply'd Sancho-? Whether thou fwor'ft, or no, answer'd Don Quixote, that's not the Business, thou art accessary however, both before and after. Then take notice, that I now fore-warn ye, faid Sancho, not to forget your Amendment, as you did your Oath, left Robin Good-fellow plague us again, for being incorrigible.

In the midst of this Discourse, Night surpriz'd em, not knowing where to shelter themselves. And, which was worse, they were ready to eat one another for Hunger, having loft the Waller, where was all their Provant. But to relieve 'em in this Extremity, there happen'd an Adventure, which I Thall faithfully relate, without Addition or Diminution of the Matter of Fact; which was thus.

'Twas now pitch-dark Night; however, they travell'd on, Sancho believing that fince they were in fuch a beaten Road, it could not be long before they met with an Inn, or a Farrier's Hovel where they fold Drink With these Hopes jogging on, the Squire half starv'd, the Knight no less desirous to eat, they saw at a distance a great number of Lights, that appear'd like so many Wisp-Williams. At which sudden Apparition Sancho was ready to swoon, and they say, the Knight himself began to smell verv strong. Thereupon they made a stop, and observed that the Lights advanc'd toward 'em, and the nearer they came, the bigger they feem'd: Which redoubl'd their Fears; Sancho let fly, and Don Quixote's Hair stood an end: but at last recoviring his wonted Courage; 'Friend Sancho, said he, this certainly must be some prodigious Adventure, that will require the whole · stock of my Strength and Courage. Grant, kind Heav'n, quo Sancho, that it be not another Adventure of Goblins; for if it be, where the Devil shall we find Ribs to endure it? Come all the Goblins in Hell, quo Don Quixote. they shall not touch a Hair o'thy Head. For the I could not get over the Wall; we are now i' the op'n Field, where I shall have liberty to make use of my Sword. Alas! quo Sancho, what signifies the op'n Field, should they inchant ye as they did before? Puh! - quo Don Quixote, do but look on, and thou shalt see what I'le do. So I intend, God willing, quo Sancho, for if I stir a foot, I'le gi'e my Ears. By and by they discover'd a great number of Men all in White. Nay then, quo Sancho, quiv'ring and quaking, mercy o' my Soul; What a Devil! quo he, no less then twenty Giants in their Shirts, with every one a Torch in his Hand, and murmuring from their Lips the forrowful Complaints of Grief and Discontent. After them follow da Litter, attended by six Horse men in Mourning down to their Horses Heels. Which doleful Spectacle at such at time of Night, and in the midst of a Desart, as they thought themselves, was enough to have shipwrakt the Courage of a stouter Squire then Sancho. But searless Don Quixore, full of his Fegaries, fancy'd there must be in the Litter the Body of some Knight either flain or wounded, the Revenge of whose Misfortunes was only referv'd for him. And so couching his Lance, he posted himself just in the middle of the Road, where the Company were to pass. So soon as they drew near, 'Stand, quo he, whoever ye be, and 'tell me in short, who ye are, whence ye came, whither ye go, and what 'ye carry i' that Litter? For you feem to be such as either have done, or receiv'd a great deal of Mischief; and I must have an Account either to punish the Offenders, or relieve the Distressed. Sir, reply'd one of the Horse men, we are in haste, the Inn is a great way off, and we cannot stay totell ye the Particulars; and so spurring his Mule, he press'd forward. But Don Quixote, diffatisfy d with the Answer, laid hold of the Reins of his Bridle, and with a stern Voice, Sir, said he, are you weary of your Life? either give me a better Account, or I defie thee to mortal Combat. But so it happen'd, that the Mule being skittish and frightful, fell a cap'ring and rearing at fuch a rate, that she threw her Rider to the Ground. Upon which, one of the Foot boys calling him a thousand Rogues and Sons o' Whores, put him into fuch a Chafe, that he flew like a Dragon upon another of the Persons in Mourning, and threw him to the Ground with a Prowess altogether extraordinary; then spurr'd away to a second, and so to a Third, with that Vigour and Activity, that you would have fworn Rolinante had been Pegasus himself at that time.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

It was not for Men of Peace, that were never accustom'd to bear Arms, to withstand such a rapid Fury as this; so that the People in White, fled

immediately some one way, some another, crossing the Fields with their lighted Torches, that you would have tak'n 'em for Masqueraders upon a Bone sire Night. As for the Mourners, they were so mustl'd up i' their sable Weeds, that not being able to defend themselves, they were forc'd to receive his Bastinado's, without being able to repay him for his Kindnes: So that the Renowned Champion in a short time got a complete, easie, and cheap Victory; the Mourners and Assistants believing the Devil was come to fetch away the dead Body, before they could bury it.

All this while Sancho admir'd the daring Valour of his Heroick Master,

and now concluded him what he had always boafted himfelf to be.

And now the Combat being over, Don Quixote perceiving by the Light of a Torch, that lay burning in the High-way, the poor Man who was thrown by his Mule, he rode up to him, and fetting his Lance to his Throat. commanded him to yield, and beg his Life. For yielding, quo the other, I think I'm fafe enough already; for I think I have brok'n one of my Legs. And I befeech ye, Sir, if y' are a Christian, not to kill me, for you know <sup>2</sup>tis a piece of Sacriledge to kill a Person in Holy Orders. If y'are in Orders. quo Don Quixote, What a pox brought ye hither? Bad Fortune, Sir, quo the Curate, as you may plainly see. And worse it may be yet, quo Don Quixote, unless you answer me directly to my Questions. In short, Sir. then quo the Curate, we were all a Company of Priests, and some few Gentlemen, and some few Friends of the deceas'd Gentleman that lies in that Litter, going to lay his Bones in Segovia, the Place of his Nativity. Well,—but who kill'd him, quo Don Quixote? Death, Sir, quo the Curate, by the means of a pestilential Feaver. If it be so, reply'd Don Quixote, I am discharg'd of revenging his Death, if any other Person had slain him; but if God-a-mighty has done it, there's no more to be faid; for had he done as much to me, I could not have help'd it. And now know, Mr. Curate, that I am that Renowned Knight, Don Quixote de la Mancha, whose Profession it is to visit all Parts of the World, for the Relief of the Afflicted, and Punishment of Oppressors. I wish, Sir, quo the Curate, I could have had the Honour to have confirm'd your Titles, which now I cannot well do with a fafe Conscience, as being beholding to your Charity for nothing but a brok'n Leg: So that I may fay, The Prowler about for Adventures to do others good, has done me the greatest Injury i' the World. Why truly, Mr. Curate, quo Don Quixote, this World is full of Croffes, and Mischances, and therefore all that I can fay to ye, is this; That you must have a care next time how ye play the Fool i' the Night-time with your Torches, and your white Surplices, like Mummers, or rather Hobgoblins, that went about to fright People out o'their Wits. For I am not to endure fuch Fooleries as these, to the scaring of Nurses and Children, and creating of Stories and Fables, of which there are too many i' the World already.

The Curate durst not contradict him, only desir'd his Affistance, as a Knight Errant, and a Reliever of the Oppressed; for that his Mule lay so heavy upon him, that he could not get his Foot out of the Stirrup. Why did ye not tell me your Grievance sooner, quo Don Quixote? Did ye take me for a Conjurer? With that, he call'd Sancho, who made no great haste, for he was as busie as one of St. Nicholas's Clarks, rissing a Wallet, and would not fir till he had fill'd one of the Priests Cassock, which he ty'd up like a Sack, and laid upon his Ass. And that being secur'd, away he ran to his Master; to whom, 'Fore George, Sir, quo he, I can't be at the Oven and the Mill too, both at the same time. But Don Quixote taking no notice of his Drollery, bid him go help the Curate, which he did; and after he had

fet him upon his Mule, and given him his Taper again, Don Sancho bid him follow his Company; and to excuse him for his Mistake, tho as they appeared, it was not in his power to do otherwise. And, Sir, quo Sancho, if the Gentlemen ask who twas that so well thrum'd their Jackets, tell 'em, 'twas the samous Don Quixote de la Mancha, otherwise the Knight of the Ill savour de Face.

When the Curate was gone, Don Quixote ask'd Sancho wherefore he call'd him the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Face? Because, said Sanche, I ha been staring upon it this good while, by the Light of the Priest's Torch. and i' my Conscience I never beheld such a Swine's Countenance i'my life. The Cause of which, I take to be either your extream Weariness, or the Loss of your Teeth. No, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, thou art quite befide the Cushion; 'tis because my Historiographer thinks it convenient that I should have a Sir-name, as well as other ancient Knights. For one was call'd The Knight of the Burning Peftle, another of the Unicorn, a third of the Phanix; whose Employment it was to combat the whole Element of Fire. Another, of the Danzels; another, of the Graphon; and another, the Knight of Death. By which Additions they were known all over the World. Twas this same learned Scholar therefore that inspir'd thy Noddle with this witty Conceit; for I'm fure thou hadst not Brains enough of thy felf to find it out. And therefore I intend to be call'd by this Name, and to have some strange Device painted i'my Shield, answerable to it. In good faith, reply'd Sancho, you may spare that Expence; 'ris but only shewing your own Death's Head. For the Grave's i' your Cheeks, your hollow Eyes, and your Winter John-apple Skin, have so strangely transinggrify'd your Countenance, that I'le forfeit my Stomack, if any Painter of Saracens Heads i' the Kingdom can draw a Face fo ugly as yours. This made his Worship smile; for the Knight was such a Nick-a-poop, that he could not chuse but to laugh, to hear himself so wittily abused by his Squire. However, a new Qualm coming over his Conscience, Sancho, faid he, what shall I do? I have laid violent Hands upon a Chrgy-man, and I am afraid of being Excommunicated; according to that same Decree i' the Spiritual Court, If any one, through the Temptation of the Devil, &c. Yet now I think on't, I never touch'd him with my Hands, but only with my Lance. Befides, I do not believe they were Priests, or Men that any way belong'd to the Church, but meer Hobgoblings and Ghofts. That's no Bread and Butter o' mine, reply'd Sancho, I'm sure I struck no body, nor no body struck me, which makes me believe they were Priests, and not Ghosts nor Apparitions. Well—quo Don Quixote, let the worst come to the worst, I remember what befell the valiant Cid Ruy-Dias, who hackt in pieces the Embassador's Chaire, in the Presence of the Pope; for which he was Excommunicated, and thrust into Hell-Counter; but upon the paying of fourteen Shillings and a Groat, he was presently releas'd again. For in the Spiritual Court there is Law against Spirits as well as other People.

This faid, Don Quixote would have examin'd the Bier, to have feen whether the Corps in the Litter were only dead Bones, or dead pieces of Eight. But Sincho would not fuffer him; for, saidhe, Sir, you have accomplish'd this Adventure without so much as a cut Finger; but should these Fellows consider how they had been baffl'd by one single Person, and return in a rally'd Body to revenge themselves, who knows but that you may lose a whole Hand; and therefore our safest way will be to get out of this place, as fast as we can: and so saying, he put on a Dog-trot with his Ass; nor

was it long before Don Quixote, finding, after a short Meditation, that Sancho spake Reason, gallop'd after him.

Now, after they had rid some three or four Miles, 'twas broad day; and the light of the Sun directing 'em to a Valley, that lay skulking between two Hills, fit for their purpose; there they alighted: There Sancho, opening his Cassock, found that your Men in Orders were not the worst Stewards for their bellies. And therefore spreading the Cassock upon the green Grass, they fell on, and eat their Break-fast, Dinner, Afternoon's Luncheon, and Supper, all at one time. Sancho took the Crust, and his Mafter took the Crum: Sancho dispatch'd what was hard and tough, and his Master what was delicate and tender: And, as stollen Goods, no doubt but they would have gone down much the fweeter, had they not wanted Drink; but Drink they wanted to that degree, that ne'r was Barnaby ever dryer in a Morning. For Sancho had forgot to plunder the Bottles as well as the Victuals; nor would the Valley afford a drop of Water that they could find. However, considering they were in a place where the Grass was fresh and green, Sancho gave his Master that Advice, which seem'd Rational, tho it did not answer their Expectations, as we shall find i'the next Chapter.

### CHAP. VI.

Of the most wonderful Adventure that ever happen'd to Knight-Errant, which Don Quixote accomplish'd without any danger.

C Ancho, ready to choak' for Thirst, as we said before, and summoning his Wits together for relief; quo he to his Master, This Grass looks so fresh and green, that of necessity there must be some Spring or Rivuletthat waters these Grounds: And therefore my Opinion is, that if we do but make diligent fearch, we shall find some Liquor or other to appeale this intolerable Drowth, which Plagues us more then our Hunger did before. Thereupon Don Quixote. leading Rosinante by the Bridle, and Sancho his Ass by the Halter, they went feeling about for a Well, or a Fountain, or any thing that had Water in it (for tho I said before twas broad day, I must eat my words, it being as yet so dark, they could not fee their Hands;) and therefore I fay they felt their way, because they could not see it. Now, they had not gone above two hundred Paces before they heard a noise that rejoyc'd the Cockles of their Hearts, as being the noise of a great fall of Waters. But going a little farther, they heard another noise no less terrible, of redoubl'd Blows and Bastinado's, with the rattling of Chains and Fetters, which together with the roaring of the Waters made such a dismal Din i'the dark, that had Sancho's Break fast been Concocted, he had not kept it long in his Belly. Neither could Don Quixote himself tell what to think on't: He had not one Maggot in all his Readings that could compare with it. Besides that, Fortune at the same time brought 'em under a great Tuft of Trees, where the ruftling of the Leaves, and the whiftling of the Wind augmented their Difmay; especially not knowing where they were.

But then it was that the undaunted Don Quixote, mounting his Rosinante, and shouldering his Target, 'Know, Sancho, said he, that I was born in this 'Iron Age, to restore the Age of Gold. 'Tis for me that Heaven has re'serv'd

'serv'd the most Famous Atchievements, and the accomplishment of these 'Tragical Adventures. 'Tis I that must desace the Remembrance of the "Knights of the Round Table, the Twelve Peers of France, the Nine Worthies. 'of the Olivants, Belianis's, and Knights of the Sun, and of all the Knight-Errants of former Ages, by Eclipfing the Renown of all their most Glorious 'Actions. What an affemblage of Terrors is here? Darkness, rattling of 'Chains, redoubl'd Stripes, ruftling of Leaves, and the noise of Cataracts that feem to fall from the Mountains of the Moon, of which the least were enough to make Mars himself creep into an Auger-hole. Nevertheless these are but Incentives of my Courage, and I feel my Heart leap i'my Belly, when I go to encounter the most dreadful dangers i' the World; like 'a Spaniel when he fee's his Mafter take down his Fowling Piece. And therefore take up my Girts three holes higher, and tarry here under Heavin's 'Protection; and if I do not return in four days, get thee home, and tell 'the Matchless Dulcinea, that her Champion, and the Slave of her Beauty, 'fell a Sacrifice to Renown and endless Immortality for her fake. When Sancho heard these words, he fell a weeping like a Woman at her Husband's Funeral; and whining out his Grief, Sir, faid he, I do not understand why you should undertake this desperate Adventure. 'Tis dark, and no body fees us; we may very well freak away, and avoid the danger, tho we should not drink these three days. I have often heard our Curate repeat an Old Proverb, Harm watch, Harm catch. And therefore forbear. Sir, to tempt God, by undertaking an Adventure which you cannot accomplish without a Miracle. Is it not fufficient that Heaven preserv'd ye from being toss'd in a Blanket, and gave you such a Remarkable Victory over the Goblings that attended the dead Corps? But if this will not prevail, confider when you have left me, in what a condition I shall be; ready to surrender my Soul to the first that asks me. I have forsak'n Home, Wife, and Children, to follow you, in hopes to get, and not to lose; but, as Covetousnels is the Root of all Evil, so all my Expectations vanish, while I lye gaping after Islands and Castles i' the Air. Dear Master, for the love of God, be not fo Cruel. Or if you are resolv'd to undertake this damn'd Adventure, flav till you can see: 'Tis but three hours to Morning; for according to my little Skill, the Muzzle of the Leffer Bear is just over our Heads. Yee filly Hog, quo Don Quixote, how canst thou see the Muzzle of the Bear, when there is not a Star to be seen in the Sky? That's very true, reply'd Sancho; but Fear is sharp sighted, and sees farther into a Mill stone then other Peo-

Let Day come, or never come, 'tis all one to me, cry'd Don Quixote; t' shall never be said, that the tears of a sniveling Cow baby kept me from doing the Duty of a Knight. And therefore thy business is only to Girt Rosinante, and tarry here for me; no question, but in a short time I shall

return either dead or alive.

Sancho finding his Master so positively bent; and that neither Tears, nor good Advice could divert him from his determinations, resolv'd to try a trick of Policy, tho it were but to keep him till Morning in spite of his teeth; and to that purpose, instead of girting Rosinante, he ty'd the Horses two hinder Leggs to his Asses Halter; so that when Don Quixote spurr'd him forward, the Spittle did nothing but fall a rearing before. Which Sancho observing, Look ye, Sir, said he, the Heavens are o'my side, and will not suffer Rosinante to move; and therefore all your spurring the poor Creature is but like striving against the stream, and for ought I know, may put Fortune out of Humour. Don Quixote rag'd like a Mad-man at first; but sind-

ing that the more he gall'd his fides, the more Rosinante bounc'd and caper'd he resolved to tarry till 'twas light. Well-quo he, since it so pleases Restmante, I must tarry till Morning, tho it were upon Life and Death. What matter is it, reply'd Sancho? The undertake to find ye Stories anow, if your Worship will but be pleas'd to alight, and take a Nappupon the green Grass, after the Custom of Knight-Errants. Alight and sleep! quo Den Quixote: Am I one of those that want to sleep, when they are to fight? Sleep thou, that wert born to fleep, or do what thou wilt; I know what I have to do

Be not so hasty, Sir, reply'd Sancho, I spoke it only in jest: And having To faid, laying one hand upon the Pummel, and the other upon the Crupper of the Saddle, he flood embracing his Mafter's knees, not daring to budge an inch for fear of the stripes that sounded continually in his

And now his Master's Passion being allay'd; Come, said he, Sanches, tell us a Tale to pass away the time till Morning. Troth, Sir, quo Sancho, and may I perish if I lye, I am afraid at my very Heart; and I habio more mind to tell Tales, then to hang my felf. But I le try what I can do to pleafure your Worship, and thus I begin.

There was - hold - I am fure tis one of the best Stories i the World, if my Fears will let me tell it - In former times, when it was as it was -Good beside us all, and Harm be to them that feek it - And here, Sir, you must take notice by the by, that the Ancients did not begin their Stories, as we do now, but with a Proverb of a certain wife Man, whom they call'd Cato; who said, That Evil was for him, that Evil thought; which is as pat to your purpose, as a Pudding for a Frier's Mouth; by which you are adviz'd not to wake a fleeping Lion, and that we ought to take another Road, fince no body forces us to keep this, where all the Devils in Hell feem to tarry for us. Prethee go on with thy Story, cry'd Don Quixote, and for the Road, leave that to my Discretion.

86

I fay then, quo Sancho, that in a certain part of Estremadura, there liv'd a certain Shepherd, or rather, Goat-herd, in regard he kept Goats: Which Shepherd, or rather Goat-herd, as the Story goes, was call'd Lopez Ruyz; and this Shepherd Lopez Rujz was in love with a fair Shepherdels, whose Name was La Toralva; which Shepherdess, whose Name was La Toralva, was the Daughter of a certain wealthy Shepherd; which wealthy Shepherd had a great number of Sheep - It thou tell'st thy Tale, quo Don Quissote, interrupting him, and mak'st so many Repetitions of the same thing, thou't not ha' done this Fortnight: Prethee tell thy Story like a Man o' Sense, or let it alone. Why, reply'd Sancho, they always tell their Stories o' this Fashion in our Countrey; nor do I know how to tell it otherwise, neither am I willing to introduce new Customs. Prethee then tell it how thou wilt, reply'd Don Quixote. Know then, my dear Master, continu'd Sancho, that this Shepherd was inamour'd of the Shepherdess Toralva, who was a young Girl, well truss'd, wild and froppish, and partaking somewhat of the Masculine Gender, having a kind of a Beard upon her upper Lip; for me thinks I see her now as persectly, as if she were here before me. Why then it feems thou knewst her, quo Don Quixote. Not so neither, but he that told me the Story, affirm'd it for so great a Truth, that he affur'd me, when I told it again, I might fafely fwear I had feen her - Well - Sir, but you know Days go and come; and fo it happen'd, that after several Days coming and going, the Devil, who never fleeps, but will have a Finger in every Pie, fo brought it about, that the

Shepherd fell out with his Sweet heart, infomuch that he changed his Love into mortal Hatred: And the Reason of it was, by the Relation of certain scandalous Tale bearers, that bare no good Will to either Party, because the Shepherd thought the Shepherdess no better then she should be:

or as we fay, that is, she was one, that if ye give her an Inch, would take an Ell. Thereupon the Shepherd being immeasurably griev'd and discontented, refolv'd to abandon his Shepherdess for ever; and that he might by his Absence quite extirpate her out of his Memory, he farther determin'd to go into another Countrey, where his Eyes might never see her more. On

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

the other fide, Toralva finding her felf for fak'n by the Shepherd, began to love the Person, which before she had with so much Cruelty despised, and that

with a more then ordinary Passion.

Book III.

That's the Nature of Women, quo Don Quixote, interrupting him, to fcorn those that love 'em, and to love those that contemn 'em. Proceed, Sancho - With these Resolutions then, quo Sancho, the Shepherd driving his Goats before him, directed his Course toward the Kingdom of Portugal. Toralva having a long Nofe, finelt his Delign, and follow'd him bare foot and bare-legg'd, with her Shoes in one Hand, a Pilgrim's Staff i' the other, and alittle Wallet at her Back, wherein the carry'da piece of a Looking glass, half a Comb, a Box of Paint, and some other Bawbles to prank up her felf. But let her carry what she pleas'd, that's nothing to me. This is certain, that at length the Shepherd Lopez Ruyz arriv'd at the Banks of the River Guadiana, when the Waters were up so high that there was no passfing: which was fo much the greater Vexation to him, because he perceiv'd Toralva at his Heels, and fear'd to be rlagu'd with her Tears and Lamentations. At length he descry'd a Fisher man in a little Boat, but so little, that it would carry no more then one Man, and one Goat at a time. But Necessity has no Law, and therefore he was forc'd to give the Fisher-man his own Rates to carry him, and his three hundred Goats over the River. The Bargain being struck, the Fisher-man came with his Boat, and carry'd over one Goat, there was one; then he came again, and fetch'd another, there was two; then he return'd and fetch'd another, there was three. And now, Sir, quo Sancho to his Mafter, be fure you keep a just Accompt how many Goats the Fisher-man carrys over; for unless you are very exact in your Tale, my Tale will be at an end, and the Devil a word can I say more. Now the landing place on the other side of the River was very flippery and muddy, which was the Reason that the Fisherman was a long time before he could go and come. But for all that, he first carry'd over one Goat, then another, and then another.

Prethee, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixete, why canst thou not say in few words,

the Fisher-man carry'd 'em all over, and so go on with thy Story?

Pray Sir, let me alone, quo Sancho, how many has the Fisher man carry'd over already? Nay, who the Devil knows, quo Don Quixote, dost think I took an Accompt? Why there's the Mischief on't, your Negligence has put an end to my Story, and now you may go hang your felf for the rest. Hey-day, quo Don Quissote, is it so effential to the Story, that you can't go on, if one of the Goats be missing? 'Tis very true, reply'd Sancho, for between my Answer and your Question, the Story slipt quite and clean out of my Memory; and by my Faith 'twas a thousand Piries, for 'twas an incomparable one, if I have any Skill. Why, and must the Story end here then, quo Don Quixote? No more to be fetch'd to life again, then my Mother, quo Sancho. By my troth, quo Don Quixote, a most learned Story, and as learnedly told. However, 'twas no more then I expected from fuch a

Block head as thou art. But why do I fret my felf about thy Follies? Let's see whether Rosinante be in humour, or no; that's more to our purpose. With that he gave Rosinante two Spurrs, and the high mettl'd Jade answer'd with one Bound, and no more, having his Hind legs still shackl'd to Sancho's Aſs.

At the same time, whether it were the Coolness of the Night, or that Sancho had earn any laxative Food at Supper, or whether it were the Indulgence of Nature, always kind to Sancho; a Necessity encroach'd upon him of doing that which no body could do for him; but fuch were his Fears, that he durst not stir a Straw's breadth from his Master. In this miserable Exigency he took his right Hand from the Crupper of the Saddle, and untying his Codpiece point, let fall his Breeches, and expos'd his broad Buttocks to the Air; but the main business was how to do his Business gently without making a Noise; to which purpose he try'd the various Ways of clutching his Teeth close, shrinking up his Shoulders, and holding his Breath. But alas! the Air that could not find paffage one way, finding the other op'n, burst forth with a Thunder-clap, quite different from all the Noises they had yet heard. Hark, quo Don Quixote, what more Noises yet? Some new Adventure Ile warrant ye, cry'd Don Quixote, for the Devil has always five Acts to his Play. With that, Sancho try'd t'other Strain, which succeeded so well, that without the least rumbling or grumbling at all, he discharg'd his whole Cargo, to the Ease both of Mind and Body.

'Tis true, Don Quixote's Hearing was better then his Smelling; beside that, Sancho stood between him and Danger. Nevertheless, certain Fumes that ascended perpendicularly, fail'd not to inform him of Sancho's Unmannerliness. No sooner were his Nostrils fill'd, but holding his Nose with his Finger, as his Parents had taught him before; Sancho, faid he, most assuredly thou art in great bodily Fears. Tis very true, reply'd Sancho; but pray, Sir, whence is this Discovery more now, then all this while? Because, quo Don Quixote, thou didst not smell so strong, as now thou dost. You may thank your self for it, quo Sancho, for 'tis my Attendance upon your Worship that disorders my Body, and causes me to catch Cold. Prethee, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, keep a little farther off, three or four Yards at least; and for the future take more care, and know your distance; for I find my too much Liberty has bred Contempt. I warrant, quo Sancho, your Worship believes I ha' done something, which I ought not to ha' done. I care not what y' have done, reply'd Don Quixote, but I bid thee once more keep at a distance.

This Discourse was none of the cleanliest, you'l say, however it serv'd i' the Dark, nor did it longer continue; for Sancho perceiving the approach of Dawn, presently unty'd Rosinante, who finding himself at liberty, paw'd the Ground with his fore Feet, which Don Quixote took for a good

And now the bright Aurora displaying her purple Mantle o're the Face of the Sky, Don Quixote found himself in a Chest-nut Grove, not able as yet however, to guess the meaning of that wicked Noise that still perplex'd his Ears. And therefore being fully determind to find it out, he took a second last leave of his dear Sancho, with the same Orders as before, as well in Reference to himself, as the matchless Dulcinea; adding withal, that he should not trouble himself about the Recompence of his Services, for that, before he left home, he had made his Will, where he should find himself proportionably consider'd with the rest of his Relations; but if he succeeded in his Adventure, that then he should not need to take any farther care for Happiness i' this World.

Sancho could not refrain blubbering to hear the tender Expressions of his Master, and at length melting into a shower of Tears, he swore to accompany him in the Enterprize, tho he were fure never to return. From which laudable Resolution of his the Historian gathers, That the Squire was fomething of a Gentleman born, or at least an old Christian: Andhe wrought wonderfully upon Don Quixote's good Nature, tho he durst not shew it at a time, when it behov'd him to banish all Thoughts of Tenderness and Effeminacy. For now he rode directly where the Noise of the terrible Thumps and Blows led him, while Sancho follow'd close at his Heels, leading by the Halter the faithful Companion of his bad and good For-

In this posture they kept on for some time, under a delightful Coverture of Chest-nut Trees; till at length they came into a Meadow joining to certain Rocks, from the top of which there was a great fall of Waters, that made out one part of the Discovery. At the foot of those Rocks they discover'd certain old Cottages, or rather, the Ruines of Cottages; and thence it was, that those frightful Sounds of Thump, Thump, Thump, Thump, were first observed to break the Air. A Noise so terrible, that it frighted both Man and Beast. For Rosinante, patient Rosinante himself, could not bear it, but began to fnort and prick up his Ears, till Don Quixote hearten'd him on by clapping him o' the Neck, and giving him good Words; So, fo—So, fo—Rosinante—So, fo—; and having by that means pacify'd the best natur'd Horse i' the World, by degrees he drew nearer and nearer to the Cause of their Terror, recommending himself all the way to his matchles Dulcinea; and imploring her Protection in this perillous Adventure, with now and then a short Lord ha' mercy upon me, by the bye. When of a fudden coming to double the Point of a Rock, he discover'd the fatal Original of all his own Anxieties, and Sancho's Tribulation that Night; for behold, fix huge Fulling-mill Hammers, interchangeably thumping the the poor Cloth, that it was a lamentable Sight to fee.

Don Quixote at the first fight of such an unexpected Spectacle. sate like a meer Statue, ready to drop from his Horfe. Sancho likewise beheld him hanging his Head lik a Daffa-down-dilly, and drooping like a Man o'rewhelm'd with Grief and Despair. On the other side Lon Quixote lookt upon Sancho, and observing in his Blubber Cheeks, a vehement Inclination to laughter, he could not forbear smiling himself, notwithstanding the Extremity of his Vexation. So that Sancho, over-joy'd to find himfelf at Liberty, let loofe the Reins of his Mirth, and exercis'd his Spleen with fo much Violence, that he was forc'd to hold his aking Sides, for fear his Kidnevs should drop out.

But nothing made Don Quixote so mad, as Sancho's Audaciousness, who flaring him i' the Face, began to repeat with great Formality, the Beginning of his Master's Speech, preparative to this Adventure; Know, Friend Sancho, that I was born to restore the Golden Age, &c. But Don Quixote in a damn'd dogged Humour already, not brooking the Sauciness of his Squire, refolv'd to correct him, and with his Lance gave him two fuch Remembrances upon the Shoulders, that had they litt upon his Pate, they had discharg'd his Master of all his Island-promises, unless oblig'd to his Heirs, and Executors. Thereupon Sancho, finding his Drollery would not take, beg'd his Master's Pardon, with all Submission; adding farther, That what he did, was only to make his Worship merry. I like no such Jesting, reply'd

Book III.

Don Quixote- And now pray come hither, good Mr. Jack-pudding, I would fain know, whether I did not shew as much Courage upon this false Alarum, as if it had been a real Adventure? Am I bound to understand all the Sounds I hear, or to distinguish between the Thumps of a Fulling mill, and the Justing of two Knights in Combat? But suppose the Fulling-mills had been as many Giants, and that they had fet upon me either fingle or altogether, I had not much valu'd it; if I had not deliver'd 'em all headless into thy Hands, then I would have given thee leave to have flouted me into a

Needle-case?

90

Sir, quo Sancho, I confess I have been too gamesome, and I acknowledge my Offence. But I beseech ye, Sir, since we are reconcil'd, tell me in sober Sadness, as you hope that Heav'n shall preserve you in other Adventures, as in this; Do you not believe but that the Fright that we were in, I mean that I was in, would be a pleasant Subject for a merry Ballad, or so; or for half a dozen Knight Errants to sport with over their Cups? I grant, reply'd Don Quixote, that the Accident would make a good Scene of Mirth, but I do not think it fit to be made too publick in Farces and Rhyme-Doggerels; for all People are not so discreet as to make a right use of things. 'Fore-George, Sir, that cannot be faid of you, for you understand how to make use of your Lance the best of any Man i' the World, only that when you aim at the Head, you hit the Shoulders; but that was none of your Fault: for had I not duck'd alittle o' one fide, I know what had become of me. But let that pass: A good Master may be cholerick sometimes, but the next Day after a Basting, he always gives his Man an old Pair of cast Breeches; and I cannot imagine, that a Knight-Errant, after the chastizing of a Squire, can give him less then a Cast Island, or an Oldfashion'd Kingdom upon the Continent.

Hark thee, quo Don Quixote, Fortune may fo bring it to pass that thou mayst have thy Desire. In the mean time, pardon my Severity; for thou knowst that a Man is not always Master of his own Passions. On the other side, I advise thee for the future, not to be faucy, and to allow thy felf that Freedom, which I must not, nor cannot endure. I never read in any Romance of any Squire that ever talk'd so impudently to his Master, as thou dost. So that Gandalin, who was Amadis de Gaul's Squire, tho Earl of the Firm-Island, never spoke to his Master, but with his Hat in his Hand, his Chin in his Breast, and his Body half bent, after the Turkish Fashion. But what shall we say of Gasabal, Don Galaor's Squire, who was a Man of that Silence, that he gives the Author Occasion to name him but once in all that long Story. And this I speak, Sancho, to let thee know, that there ought to be a Difference between the Master and the Man. As for the Rewards I promis'd thee, they will come in due time; or if they never come, thou hast

no reason to question thy Salary.

Tis very true what you fay, reply'd Don Sancho, and I thank your Worship. But now, Sir, suppose no Rewards should come, and that a Squire should be forc'd to stick to his Salary, pray, Sir, be so kind as to tell me, how much a Knight-Errant's Squire did get in former times? And whether they agreed by the Month or the Day? I do not believe, quo Don Quixote, that ever they came to any Agreement, but that they flood to their Masters Courtesie. And if I have allow'd thee Wages in my Will, 'twas only because I knew not what Success Chivalry mght have in these Times; and I would not have my Soul suffer in Purgatory for such a small Trisle as thy Wages. For the Life of a Knight-Errant is such as subjects him to continual Terrors and Dangers. So it seems, quo Don Sancho, when the Ham-

mers of a Fulling mill are fufficient to diffurb and difmay the Heart of fuch a valiant Champion as your self. But be affur'd, Sir, for the future, I shall never open my Lips to droll upon your Actions, but always speak honourably and respectfully of your Person, as being my Lord and Master. That's the way to live long and happily upon the Earth, reply'd the Champion, for next our Parents, we ought to respect and obey our Masters.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

# CHAP. VII.

Of the winning of Mambrino's Helmet.

7 Hile they were thus confabulating, there fell a fmart Shower of Rain; upon which Sancho would fain have retir'd under one of the Fullinghouses. But Don Quixote had conceiv'd such a mortal Antipathy against Fulling mills, for the Shame they had put upon him, that you might as well perswade some Men to eat Cheese, or handle a Cat, as reconcile Don Quixote to a Fulling-mill. And therefore turning into a High-way upon the Righthand, he had not ridd'n far, before he descry'd a Horse man that wore upon his Head something that glister'd like Gold. Immediately Don Quixote, turning to his Squire, Friend Sancho, faid he, dost thou not know, that there is nothing fo true, as the Truth of Proverbs; for instance, that of, One Door shuts, and another opens. And thus, if we were last Night deceiv'd by the Noise of that confounded Fulling mill, here is now a more certain Adventure offers it felf, the Gaining of which, will be double the Profit, and double the Honour. In a word, in all probability, yonder comes the present Possessor of Mambring's Helmet; and thou know'st the Vow which I have made. Sir, answerd Sancho, mind what ye say, and take heed what ye do : For I would willingly preserve my Ribs, and the Sear of my Understanding from Fulling hammers. The Devil take thee with thy Fulling mills, quo D. Quixote, as if there were no difference between a Fulling-mill and a Helmet. I dont deny it, quo Sancho, and yet if I durst speak as freely as I was wont to do, I would undertake to prove your Worship under a great Mistake. Scrupulous Traitor as thou art, How can I be deceived in what I fay? Why, prethee look with thine own Eyes- Can there be any thing more plain then yonder Knight that comes riding up directly toward us upon a dapple grey Steed, with a gliffring Helmet of Gold upon his Head? I fee him over and over, reply'd Sancho; and I fee him to be a kind of plain Fellow upon a grey Afs, such another as mine; and it is as true that he carries something upon his Head that shines, but no more like a Helmet, then a Shoeing horn. I tell thee, that's Mambrino's Helmet, reply'd Don Quixote; and therefore stand thou at a distance, thou shalt see, that without trifling away time in vain Discourse, I'le finish this Adventure, and win this famous Helmet, e're a Cat can lick her Ear. I am eafily perswaded to stand at a distance, reply'd Sancho, but I wish to Heaven, you may not meet with another fort of Fulling-mills. I have warn'd ye already, Mr. Sauce box, reply'd Don Quixote, in a confounded Rage, let me hear no more of the Fulling-mills; for if I do, may I never prosper, if I do not break thy Pate, and trample thy very Soul out of thy Body. Thereupon, Sancho, unwilling his Master should fulfil his Vows upon his Carkas, put a Padlock upon his Lips. N 2

Now the Truth of the Story was this: There were two little Villages in that Corner of the Province, of which the one had neither Barber nor Cobler in it: So that the Barber of the larger Village, who was also a Bloodletter, and a Tooth-drawer, supply'd all those Parts. Now it happen'd, that in the leffer Village there were two Perfons, the one that wanted the breathing of a Vein, and another that had Occasion to be trimm'd. Thither therefore the Barber was going, and being overtak'n by the Rain, clapp'd his new scour'd Bason upon his new Hat to preserve it from the wet; and for haste also he rode upon a grey Mule. All which provid fatal for the Barber, as having heighten'd Don Quixote's Fancy to take him for a Knight upon a dapple-grey Horse, with a Helmet of Gold. So soon therefore as the supposed Knight drew near, away he flew like a Bird, with his Lance couch'd upon his Thigh, refolving to spit the poor Barber through the Heart, Lungs and all; crying out in the midst of his Career, Cairiff, Wretch, defend thy felf, or yield me that which is fo justly my Due. The Barber, who saw him come thund'ring upon him at such a rate, like an Apparition, not knowing why, nor wherefore, had no other way to avoid the fatal Stroke, but by throwing himself off from his Ass to the Ground; and being as foon up as down, away he run o're the Fields as swift as a new started Hare, leaving his Ass and his Bason behind. Don Quixote being thus Lord of the Bason, had his Heart's Desire, and turning about to his Squire, The Pagan, quo he, has shew'd himself to be very discreet, following the Example of the Beaver, who finding himself horiy pursu'd by the Hunters, nips off his Civet-Box, which they feek for, to be his life. Alight therefore, and fetch me the Helmet. By my Soul, que Sancho viewing the suppos'd Helmer, this is no inconsiderable Bason, being as well worth a Crown, as four Farthings. And fo faying, he gave it to his Mafter, who immediately put it upon his Head, and turning it round and round to find out the Vizor; By the Mass, quo he, the Pagan that wore this Helmet had a plaguy Jolt-head of his own; and which is worse, there is one half of it wanting. Sancho could not forbear smiling to hear his Master call the Barber's Bason a Helmet, and had laugh'd out-right, but that he was afraid of his Shoulders. What does the Fool twitter at, quo Don Quixote? I cannot but smile, reply'd Sancho, to see what a Saracen's Head without Newgate, the Owner of that Helmet had, which is as like a Barber's Bafon, as ever I faw two Drops of Water one like another. My Thoughts are, reply'd Don Quixote, that this enchanted Helmet has fall'n into the Hands of some ignorant Sots, that did not know the value of it; but finding it to be of pure Gold, they melted the one half and fold it, and of the other half they made this Scull-piece to go a Training upon Artillerydaies. But however it were, to me that know the worth of it, the Alteration of it signifies little; I'le have a Vizor fix'd to it, and then I will not leave it for the Head-piece which Vulcan forg'd for the God of War. In the mean time I'le wear it as it is, 'tis better then nothing, tho it be only to keep off a shower of Stones That 'twill certainly, quo Sancho, if they be not hurl'd out of a Sling, as when your Worship lost your Cheek-teeth, and had your Balfom pot ftruck out of your Fift. That fignifies nothing, quo Don Quixote, so long as I have the Receipt: So have I too, quo Sancho, but if ever I make it, much less take it again, may my Guts burst like the Idols of Bell, and the Dragon. In good troth, I intend henceforward to imploy all my five Senses to prevent my being wounded. As for my being tossdin a Blanket, twas an Accident I could not help; and if it befall me again, I know how to shrink up my Shoulders, hold my Breath, and shur

my Eyes, and then Happy-be lucky, let the Blanket and Fortune deal by me as they see good. Certainly, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou art no good Christian, thou art so apt to remember Injuries. Tis below a generous Soul to mind such Trisles. Prethee, where art lame? Which of thy Ribs is brokin, or where is thy Scull bruis'd, that thou canst never think upon that same Jest, without Malice? For to say Truth, 'twas no more then a piece of Passime; for had I look'd upon it otherwise, I had return'd and made more bloody Work in revenge of thy Abuse, then ever the Grecians made before Troy for Helena's sake. But alas! quo he, setching a deep Sigh, she had never had that Reputation for Beauty, had she been alive in this Age, or if my Dulcinea had liv'd in hers. Well then, said Sancho, let it pass for a Jest, since no body will revenge it in earnest. And now, Sir, a little of your Directions to know what we shall do with this Dapple-grey Nag, so like an Ass, which the dismounted Fugitive has here lest behind him, with as little Right, for ought I know, to the Horse, as he had to the Helmet; and by my Beard, the Grey Horse is the better Ass.

'Tis not my Custom, reply'd Don Quixote, to plunder those that I vanquish; nor do the Laws of Chivalry permit it, unless the Victor hath lost his own Horse i'the Combat. And therefore, Sancho, leave the Horse, or the Ass, which thou wilt; he that has lost it, will be sure to look after it, when he finds the Coast clear. But should I only exchange it for my own, which is not so good, what then, quo Sancho? What-a-pox! are the Laws of Chivalry so severe, that a Man must not exchange one As for another? or at least, let me exchange the Furniture? In that Case I will not be so consident, answer'd Don Quixote; and therefore (till I am better inform'd) I give thee leave to change the Furniture, especially if thy Wants be very

urgent. So urgent, reply'd Sancho, that as it is for my own proper Perfon, they cannot be greater. Thus Sancho, doubly authoriz'd by his Mafter's leave, and the Proverb of Exchange is no Robbery, took all the Bona mobilia of the Prize-Afs (prater ipfum corpus) and trimm'd up his own Beaft, that was now grown fo fine, that she hardly knew her felf, nor her Mafter, so disdainfully she carry'd her self.

This done, they breakfasted upon what they left at Supper; and having made quick dispatch, up they got again, and like true Knights-Errant, never minding their way, left it to Rosinante's Discretion to make choice of his own way; who in a short time brought 'em into the High road again, where they kept on a slow pace at a venture, as having no farther Design i' their Pates at present.

Being thus at leisure, quo Sancho, to his Master, may not you and I have a little Discourse together? for since you laid upon me that severe Injunction of Silence, I have had three or sour excellent Conceits, that have putrify'd i' my Stomach, and now I have one at my Tongue's end, that I would fain preserve from such an untimely Disaster. Out with it, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, but in sew words, for tedious Hum-drum cloys the Ear.

Why then, Sir, quo Sancho, I have been confidering how vainly we spend our time, while we search up and down through Forests and Desarts for Adventures, which if it be your fortune successfully to accomplish, you gain neither Honour nor Profit by all your good Designs or valiant Exploits, as being unseen and unknown to the World. And therefore I should think it much better (with Submission to your better Judgment) that we should put our selves into the Service of some Emperor, or other potent Prince, in War with their Neighbours, where you might meet with publick Op-

portunities to fignalize your Valour, and your Conduct. So shall we both be tewarded in time according to our Merit, and you shall have a shoal of Historians that will kis your back side for leave to transmit your Renowned Atchievements to Posterity. I speak not of my own Acts; for I know they are not to be measur'd with the same Yard as yours; nor is it for the Snail to creep out of it's shell: Tho I make no question, but that my Name will now and then be inserted by the bye, as the Names of other Squires have been.

'This is not ill offer'd of thee, quo Don Quixote: But first of all, it be-' hoves us to spend some time in compassing the World, as Probationers, in fearch of Adventures, thereby to spread abroad the Renown of our In-'vincible Atchievements. For then those Harbingers of Fame will gain 'us fuch Reputation and Reception in the Courts of Great Princes, that we 'shall hardly be able to pass the Streets for the Crouds of Boys and Chil-'dren, pointing and crying out, There Rides the Knight of the Sun, or the 'Serpent, or the Ill-favour'd Countenance; or what ever other Title it be that 'the Knight takes upon him. This is he, they'l cry, that vanquish'd in 'single Combat the Giant Brocambruno, Sirnam'd the Invincible. This is 'he that freed the great Mammaluke of Persia from the Enchantment, which 'had kept him in durance for Nine hundred Years together. So that upon this Noise and Tumult in the Street, the King will be sure to look out of his Window, and knowing the Knight by the Colour of his Armour, or 'the Device upon his Shield, he'l presently send the chiefest of his Nobles to receive the Flower of Chivalry, that is come to wait upon him. Away they go and bring him in, and the King meets him half way the Stairs, where he embraces his valiant Guest, and kises his Cheek. Then taking 'him by the Hand, he leads him directly to the Queens Chamber, where at the same time he sees the Infanta her Daughter; who ought to be the 'fairest and most perfect Creature i'the World. At the same time it will so 'fall out (by the inevitable Appointment of Fate, that never loves to spoil a 'good Story) that the Knight and the Princess shall cast an Eye one upon the other, admire one another as Persons rather Divine then Humane; and 'all of a fudden, not knowing any Reason why or wherefore, shall fall 'most desperately in Love one with another, and be both almost out of their wits for want of an Opportunity to discover their Passions one to

'Then they shall attend the Knight to his Chamber, one of the fairest 'Appartments in all the Palace, and furnish'd with the richest Furniture the 'King has: Where after they have help'd him off with his Armour, they will bring him a costly Vestment of Scarlet, Embroider'd by the Infanta's 'own Hands; and if he look'd so Majestick in his Armour, how lovely will 'he appear in the Habit of a Courtier?

'Night being come, he shall Sup with the Family-Royal, and shall always have his Eyes fix'd upon the *Infanta*; yet so, as no body shall take notice of it.

'After Supper another strange Spectacle shall surprize him. Enter first, a little Dwart, and after him a Lady of matchless Beauty, between two Giants, with a certain Adventure so contriv'd by an old Sorcerer, and so difficult to be perform'd, that he who carries away the Bell, shall be accounted the best Knight in the World. Then it is the King's pleasure that all his Courtiers shall try their Prowess: But they had as good throw their Caps against the Wind; for the Honour is reserved for the Valiant Stranger, who does the business with a jerk. And then the Insanta shall be over-

'joy'd, and deem her self the most happy Creature upon Earth, for having 'so discreetly plac'd her Affections. Then comes the Cream o' the Jest; for this King, or this Emperor is in War with one of his Neighbours, as 'Powerful as himself: Which the Knight understanding, offers to serve him in his Wars; to which the King condescends with Heart and Good 'will; and the Knight bows, and kisses his Hand, in acknowledgment of 'so great a Favour.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

'That Night the Champion takes leave of the Infanta at the Iron Grate 'before her Chamber Window looking into the Garden, by means of a 'Confident of the Infanta's, that carries on the Intrigue between 'em. The 'Knight weeps, the Lady fwoons, the Confident runs for cold Water to 'dash in her Face. Then she comes to Life again, and gives out her Lilly 'white Hand for the Knight to kis, which he does a thousand and a thou-'sand times over, bathing it all the while in his Tears. Then exchanging 'Hearts, the Knight shall take hers, and the Infanta shall take his; for her 'Heart shall do well enough in his breast: But the Infanta will want his, 'considering the Sorrows and Afflictions which she is to endure for his 'fake.

'Then they shall part in time; for if the meeting should be known, 'tis 'as much as the Lady Confident's place is worth, and the forfeiture beside of 'the Infanta' and the Knight's Lives. Then the Infanta shall desire the 'Knight not to mis a Post, but to write to her as often as he can; which 'the Knight shall swear to perform.

'Then the Knight shall retire to his Chamber, and throw himself upon his Bed, where it shall be impossible for him to close his Eyes. So soon as it is day, he goes to take his leave of the Queen, and desires to kis the Infanta's Hands too; but she sends him word that she is indispos'd: However, the Knight and she understand one another, and so that passes for nothing.

'And now the Knight being absent for some time, Challenges the Kings 'Enemies; fights, vanquishes, subdues, takes I know not how many Cities, wins I know not how many Battels, returns to Court, and appears before 'his Mistress laden with Honour. He visits her at the window-Grate, as be-'fore; and there they agree together that the Knight shall demand her in 'Marriage, as the Recompence of his Service. The King will by no means hear with that Ear, not knowing but that the Knight may be the Son of a 'Costermonger, for ought he knows. However, whether the Knight 'fleal her, or how he comes by her, I know not, the Infanta and he go to 'Dukes Place, and are there privately marry'd. The King fumes; the King 'is pleas'd; for by and by he discovers him to be the Son of as great a Prince, 'no Disparagement to him, as himself. Then Feastings and Triumphs, Tour-'naments, and Tiltings, and the new-marry'd Knight carries the day from all 'the rest. Sometime after, the King dies, the Infanta is Heires; and thus the Knight comes to be a King. Then the Knight begins to think of rewarding his Squire, by Marrying him to the Infanta's Confident, who had been privy to his Amours, and proves the Daughter of one of the most 'considerable Dukes i'the Kingdom.

Godfniggers, quo Sancho, that's the thing I ha' been looking for all this while — Give me but the Infanta's Gentlewoman, and let the World go which way it will. O'my Soul, Sir, you have read your own Deftiny; every thing will happen to ye step by step, as you have stated the matter, would you but take upon ye the Name of the Knight of the Ill-favour'd

Countenance.

Book III.

No question of it, Boy, reply'd Don Quixote; for this is the direct Road of Knight-Errantry, as straight as ye can lay a line, to Empires and Kingdoms. And therefore we have nothing more to do, but to find out some Potent Prince, that is at War with his Neighbours, and has a fair Daughter. But there is one thing that troubles me more then that, which is a Secret between thee and me; that is to fay, when I have found out a Prince and an Infanta, how the Devil I shall make my self out to be of an Illustrious Descent, if it were but the Natural Son of some Emperor. For unless I make out one of these two things, the King will as soon give me a Halter, as his Daughter, tho I should out do Hercules himself; and is it not great pity a man should lose such vast Advantages for such a Trifle as this? That I am a Gentleman, and of an Ancient Pedigree, is well known; and there are Heralds, if a Man could meet with 'em, that for a small Sum of Money would foon make me the fifth or fixth at least in Descent from a King. For, Sancho, there are two forts of Originals. Some there are who Descended at first from the Loyns of Princes, whose Families by Conquest, loss of their Territories, and other Malignities of Fortune, became obscure, till at last they end in a point like a Pyramid. Others there are, who from mean and low Descents, still mount and mount, till at length they come to fit upon the highest Pinacles of Grandeur. That is to fay, some were what they are not; and others are not what they were. And thus, tho I am not what I was, yet if I am what I was not, it might be fufficient to content any Father-in-law i'the World. And what if I were the Son of a Tankard-Bearer, if the Infanta be so desperately in Love with me, that she Marries me in spight of her Fathers teeth? Or if she stand upon her Punctilio's, 'ris but hurrying away in a Coach and Six, and carrying her out of reach, till Time or Death shall put an end to the Persecutions of my Father-inlaw.

In good footh, Sir, reply'd Sancho, you speak like a Man of Sense; Posfession is nine Points o'the Law: And it is a Proverb among your Bully-Rocks, Newer feek that by fair means, which thou canst get by foul. Nor is it Prudence for a Man to stay, till his Breech lies upon the ground between two Stools. So that if the King your Father-in-law refuse to let ye have his Daughter with free consent, as your Lordship observes very well, you ought in plain English to run away with her. All the mischief that I fear is only this, that while you are making your Peace with your Father-in-law, or expecting his death, the poor Squire shall be at a loss how to set his Grinders at work; and perhaps shall be forc'd to flarve in the midst of his vast Expectations. And yet, if the Lady-Confident will but be so kind as to run away with the Infanta, I know no reason but the Knight may make up the Match without any more ado. There's no doubt on't, reply'd Don Quinote. Why then let the Bowl run, who knows but that it may hit the Jack, quo Sancho. Why then, quo Don Quixote, let me ha' my wishes, and thou thy defires, and hang up all tender Consciences. Why truly, quo Sancho, I am a wet Christian, and is not that enough for a Lord? And more then enough too, quo Don Quixote; for suppose thou wert no Christian at all, being a King, I could make thee a Lord when I please; and then Men must call thee Right Honourable with their Lips, what ere they think i their Hearts. Well, Sir, quo Sancho, then I beseech ye get you to be a King, and make me a Lord, and you shall fee I'le shave my Beard, and become my Place as well as the proudeft Upstart of 'em all.

At the end of this Discourse, Don Quixote casting up his Eyes, beheld a fight, which produced the following Adventure.

#### CHAP. VIII.

How Don Quixote releas'd a great number of miserable Wretches which their Masters were driving to a place against their wills.

HE Great Cid Hamet Benengeli, the Famous Arabian and Manchegan Author, reports in his grave, lofty, pleafant, merry-conceited Story, that after the long and learned Discourse between Sancho and his Master, Don Quixote lifting up his Eyes, saw to the number of about twenty Persons, all in a row one behind another, like Beads upon a string, who being link't together, with every one a Sausage of Iron about his Neck, and manacl'd to boot, came faunter, faunter along, till they met each other full butt. They were also guarded by two Harquebusiers a Horse-back, and two Men armed with Swords and Javelins. So foon as Sancho fpy'd 'em, What have we got here, quo he? o'my Life, a company of Rogues condemn'd and forc'd to the Gallies. How, forc'd, quo Don Quixote? Can the King offer violence to any Man? I mean, Sir, quo Sancho, Fellows Condemn'd for their Crimes to ferve the King in his Gallies. However, quo Don Quissore, in that fence they are forc'd, because they do not go of their own free-Will. That, I dare swear they don't, quo Sancho. If it be fo, quo Don Quixote, then they come within the Verge of my Profession, which is, to prevent Violence, and fuccour the Miferable. What then, Sir, quo Sancho, you cannot reckon these Fellows to be Oppress'd, that are Condemn'd by the Law and Justice.

By that time the Chain drew near, and then Don Quixote in very civil Language desir'd the Guards to inform him, why the poor People were so feverely Chain'd and Fetter'd? Sir, answer'd one of the Horse-men, these are Criminals going to ferve the King in his Gallies; which is all I know, nor do I think it proper for you to know any more. However, reply'd Don Quixote, I think you will highly oblige me, to let me inform my felf from every particular Person, of the cause of his Missortune. Why, Sir, quo t'other Horse-man, if you think fit to Examine 'em your self, you'l find they'l give ye Satisfaction; for they are such honest People, they are not

ashamed to boast of their Rogueries.

With this good leave, which Don Quixote would have taken of himself, had they deny'd him, he rode up to the Chain, and ask'd the first, Wherefore he was fo feverely loaded? To whom the Fellow made answer, 'twas for being in Love! quo Don Quixote — and is that all? Bodikins! if all that were in Love, were to be thus punish'd, I had row'd i'the Gallies long before this. I do not mean, quo the Pris'ner, as you mean. 'Twas for being in love with a Hamper of Linnen; with which I was fo in love, that had not the Judges of the Sessions takin it from me, I had huggid it i'my Embraces to this hour. In short, I was tak'n in the Fact; there was no need of Proofs: I was Condemn'd, had my shoulders powder'd with Whip-cord Spots, and when I have mon'd the great Meadow for three Years together, then my Work's done What d'ye mean by mowing the great Meadow? Why, that's rowing i' the Gallies, reply'd the Slave, who was a

young Rogue of about four and twenty Years of Age.

Then Don Quixote put the same Question to the Second, who was so melancholly, that he would not make any Answer. But the first Slip-string undertaking to be his Spokesman, to spare him a Labour; This, said he, is a Canary-Mere maid, that goes to the Gallies for having fung too much. How! quo Don Quixote—What do they fend Musicians to the Gallies too? Yes, Sir, answer'd the Slave, because there is nothing more dangerous, then to fing in Affliction. How! que Don Quixote, that's contrary to the Proverb, And some for Sorrow sing. Oh, Sir! quo the Slave, 'tis quite otherwise with us; he that sings, shall weep all his life time afterwards. I profess, quo Don Quixote, I do not understand ye. Sir, said one of the Guards, singing among these Newgate birds, is tak'n for confessing at the Rack. This fellow was put to the Rack, and confess'd his Crime, which was nothing but Horse stealing; and because he sung, that is confess'd, he is condemn'd to the Gallies for fix years, besides a hundred Lashes paid him down upon the Nail in ready Cash. And the reason why you see that Fellow so melancholly, and cast down, is only because his Companions will never let him be at rest, but jeer and laugh at him continually for his want of Resolution to suffer and deny; as if it had not been as easie for him to have faid No, as Tes: Or, as if a Criminal were not a happy Man that could depend upon his own Tongue to fave his Life, without being beholding to Counter-proofs and Witnesses for the Prisoner.

Thence Don Quixote passing to the Third; and You, said he, What have you done? Who, without much Entreaty, and no less merry in his Answer; I, Sir, go to the Gallies for want of ten Guinies. I would give twenty with all my Heart, quo Don Quixote, to fee thee well discharg'd. 'Tis too late, Gaffer, quo the Slave, 'tis just like the Proverb, After Meat comes Mustard. Had I had the twenty Guinies you offer me, when I was in Prifon, to have greas'd the Keeper of Newgate's Fift, I might have been walking now upon the Change as free as a Turky-Merchant, and ne're ha' come to have been led along in a String like an Irilb-Grey-hound. But Patience;

every thing has its Seafon.

From him Don Quixote turn'd to the Fourth, and put him the same Interrogatory. But he was fullen, and would give him no Answer; fo that the next behind him was forc'd to lend him his Tongue. This venerable Monsieur Grey-beard, said he, is condemn'd to the Gallies for four Years, having already flood at Westminster, Temple-bar, and Cheapside, with a wooden Ruff about his Neck. He was the chief Ranger of Whetston's-Park; besides that, he had a smack of Conjuring and Fortune telling, which he abus'd to the loss of many a Maiden head. For that I have nothing to say, quo Don Quixore; but had he been only a private Conveyer of Billet-Doux's, he ought not to go to the Gallies, unless it were to be General of the Fleer. For to be a Messenger of Billet-Doux's requires a great deal of Prudence and Sagacity; o'my word, 'tis a weighty Employment, not to be committed to idle Huswives, Lacquies, and rascally People; as being an Employment of Trust and Weight, then which there can be nothing more necessary in a well-regulated Common-wealth. So that I should have been heartily forry to see this venerable Seer in such Distress, for being a Pimp only, had it not been for criminal Additions of Conjurer, and Fortune-teller; tho I do not believe that Charms and Spells have any Power to alter the Will,

whatever a Company of filly ignorant People think; for Man has a Liberty of Determination, no way to be controul'd by the force of Herbs or Enchantments.

'Tis very true, reply'd the Old Man, and as to my Charge of being a Witch or Sorcerer, I am as innocent as the Child unborn; but as for the Business of Pimping, I do not deny it; but I never took it to be a Crime, for my Intention was, that People should enjoy each other's Society, and live in Friendship one with another. But my harmless Design has serv'd me to no other Purpose, then to send me to a Place from whence I shall never return, confidering my Age; befides that, I am tormented with the Strangury to boot. And having so said, the poor Old Man fell o' weeping; which melted Sancho's Heart in fuch a manner, that he out with his Pouch, and gave him a Harry-Groat.

Then Don Quixote examin'd the Fifth, who feem'd to be nothing at all concern'd. I go to serve his Majesty, said he, for my Kindness only to two of my Coulin germans, and two other Maidens that were both Sifters. By which means I have encreas'd my Stock, and so intrigu'd my Issue, that I have puzl'd all the Casuists about the Town. The Fact was prov'd upon me, and therefore having neither Friends nor Money, I am condemn'd to the Gallies for fix Years. If your Worship pleases to bestow something upon poor Sinners, the Lord, we hope, will reward ye in Heav'n; besides that, when do pray, we shall be sure to pray for your long Life and

Health.

Behind there came a young Fellow of about thirty Years of Age, well proportion'd, and well-favour'd, only that he fquinted with one Eye. He was cruelly hamper'd with Fetters upon his Feet, Manacles about his Wrists, and a Collar, but not of SS's, about his Neck. This was a Rogue, that no Goal, no Fetters would hold. For a Wager he would ancint his Heel with a Candle's End, and flip off his Shackles with as much eafe as Parson Slip-stockin's Boy pull'd off his Father's Hose; and besides that, he goes by more Names, then the Great Turk has Titles. What's his Crime all this while, quo Don Quixote? Sir Knight, quo the young Rogue, if you have any mind to give us any thing, do it quickly, and God have ye in his Protection; for this Curiofity of yours does but hinder us. Prethee, Friend, What's thy Name, quo Don Quixote? Name, Sir! why, don't they tell you I have twenty? Sometimes Dangerfield, fometimes Willoughby, fometimes Monmouth, as the Design will bear. If you desire to know more, you may read my Life, 'tis printed legible enough to be read; and I think it out-does Lazarillo de Tormes, or Gulman either. Thou seem'st tobe a witty Rogue, quo Don Quixote: You should have said, unfortunate also, reply'd the Slave; for Misfortune always perfecutes the Ingenious. You mean fuch Rogues as your felf, quo the Jailor. Fair and foftly, quo the Slave to the Jailor, the Law did not give you Authority over us to abuse us, but only to guard us where the King has occasion for us. Come, come, be not so haughty; for by the Life of Pharach, the time may come, when your Pranks may come to light, that - you know what I mean. Upon which the Jailor held up his Cane to have thrash'd the Slave, but Don Quixote interposing, would by no means permit him; telling the Jailor, that he could not blame the Slave for making use of his Tongue, since he had ne're another Member at liberty. And then addressing himself to all the Slaves in general:

Dearly beloved Brethren, faid he, by what I gather from your own Words, I clearly find, that tho you are justly condemn'd to deserv'd Pu-

Book III.

' nishment for the several Crimes you have committed; however that you ' fuffer Execution of the Sentence by Constraint, and because you cannot help it: That is to say, by your good Wills you had rather eat Partridges, drink Pontack, lie warm, and kiss a handsom Girl in a Corner, then row 'i'the Gallies; why, then know, That you fall under my Protection; for 'as I am a profess'd Knight-Errant, it is my Duty to relieve the Distressed, 'and set at Liberty the Oppressed. But because it is the part of a prudent 'Man to shun Violence, where things may be carry'd by fair means, I de-'sire ye, good Mr. Jailor, and you Gentlemen o' the Guard, to release these 'poor Creatures, there being enow to serve his Majesty in their Rooms; for Imust tell ye, my Masters, 'tis a hard case to make Slaves of Men that were born free. And I the rather desire this Courtesie of ye, Mr. Bumms, ' in the behalf of these poor Fellows, because they are such as I dare say, 'never did you any wrong i' their lives. And therefore let 'em go and do Penance themselves for their own Sins. 'Tis sufficient that Heav'n takes care to punish the Wicked; and therefore, besides that it is needless, it 'is unchristian-like for Men to be the Butchers and Tormentors one of ano-'ther. Gentlemen, you fee I make you this Request with all the mildness ' and Lenity i' the World, and I shall acknowledge your Kindness, if you will grant it. But if you provoke me by Refusal, this Lance, this Sword, and this Arm of mine, shall force ye to a Compliance.

Hoh, hoh, hoh, a very good Jest y' faith, quo the Jailor, as if we had

Power to fet at liberty the King's Prisoners, when the King's Justice commands 'em to condign Punishment! March on, Sir, about your Business, and set your Bason right upon your empty Pate; 'tis no Business of yours to mind

whether the Cat has three Feet or no.

100

Yeare a Cat, and a Rat, and a Dog to boot, quo Don Quixote, and at the same time attack'd the Jailor with such a sudden, and unlook'd for Impetuolity, before he had any time to put himself into a Posture of Defence, that he over-threw him to the Ground, dangeroully wounded with his Lance.

The Guards, astonish'd at an Action so smart and unexpected, sell all in a Cluster upon D. Quixote, with their Swords and their Javelins; which might have prov'd somewhat fatal to him, had not the Slaves, finding so fit an Opportunity to regain their liberty, refolv'd to make use of it. This put the Guards into a dreadful Confusion, being ferreted o'th' one side, without Intermission, by Don Quixote, and no less perplex'd o't'other Hand, to prevent the Prisoners from getting loofe. In the midst of this Hurly-burly, the Master-Crack-rope having knockt off his Gives by Sancho's Affiftance, feiz'd upon the Jailor's Sword, and his Harquebuse, and laid about him so couragiously, that the rest, disdaining to be meer Spectators, let slie such Vollies of Stone shot at the Heads of their Convoy, as forc'd em at length to be take themselves to their Heels, not liking the Honour of a Brick-bat Monument. True it is, that Sancho was right-glad of the Victory, but having more Wit in his Anger, then his Mafter, and fearing lest the Bailiffs should raise a Posse Com. upon the victorious Champion, his Joy turn'd into Melancholy, and his Melancholy inspiring him with Prudence, he advis'd his Master to get out of the way as fast as he could, and hide himself in the Mountains adjoining - For, said he, as sure as we live, those Sonso' Whores, Bailiffs, will be at our Tails again in a short time, with a Hue and Cry, and then our next Adventure will be to hold up our Hands at the Bar, and be sent to the Gallies our selves. Thy Advice is wholesome, quo Don Quixote. But sor the present, Business of Consequence is first to

be disparch'd; and at the same instant, calling to him all the Slaves, who by this time had stripp'd the Jailor to his Skin, and now made a Ring about the Knight to know his Pleasure.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

'It is the part of Persons well bred, and endu'd with Vertue, quo he, to acknowledge the Benefits they receive; Ingratitude being the blackest of all Vi-'ces. You fee how far I have hazarded my Person for your Sakes; and you canont but understand how much you are beholding to me for what I have 'done. The thing therefore that I require from you, in return of my Kindeness, is only this, That you take that same Chain, from which I have set vour Heels at liberty, and carry it upon your Shoulders to the City of "Tobofo; where you must in that Posture present your selves before the 'matchless Madam Dulcinea, and tell her, That her Slave, the Knight of the "Ill-favour'd Countenance prefents her his most humble Service; and recount to her, word for word, the whole Story of this famous Atchievement, by which you have, through my Valour, obtain'd your Free-'dom.

To which the Master Rogue, as Spokesman for all the rest, returning Answer; Sir Knight, and Soveraign Deliverer, said he, it is a thing impossible for us to obey your Commands. For we dare not appear in that Condition, as you require us, All-together, for fear of being known again; rather we must part several Ways, and study to disguise our selves, with all the Ingenuity that may be, to avoid the Pursuit of Hue and Cries, well knowing the Danger of being re-tak'n. And therefore it would be more just and safe in you, to change the Form of the Tribute, which we owe to the Lady Dulcinea, into an Imposition upon our Consciences of so many Ave Maries, Creeds, and other Prayers, which we shall be ready most willingly, and with Ease to discharge, in return of the Obligation you have laid upon us. And this may be done by Night or by Day, fleeping or waking, in Flight, or out of Danger, in Peace, or in War. But to think we will return to Egyptian Diet, and carry our Chains to Tobolo, you may as well believe, that we can gather Pears from an Elm-Tree. By the Beauty of my Mother, Sir Son of a Whore, quo Don Quixote, you shall go alone and carry that Chain upon your noble Shoulders, with all the Shackles and Furniture belonging to it, or else I'le make ye eat the Chain.

The Slave, who had not learnt much Christian Patience by his Sufferings, and began to finell Don Quixote's want of Wit, could not chuse but fmile at the Champion's idle Threats; and therefore tipping the Wink upon his Companions, prefently, like Men that understood Signs, they hurl'd whole Quarries at a time at Don Quixote's Pate, and pelted him so severely, that he could neither secure himself with his Shield, nor intreat Rosinante fo much as to wag a Limb, no more then if he had been only the Statue of a Horse; infomuch that about five or fix hard Flints, lighting upon his Reins, threw him out of his Saddle to the Ground. At what time one of the ingrateful Slaves among the reft, took off the Bason from his Head, knockt him with it about the Shoulders, and then gave it so many Knocks against the Stones, that he almost broke it in pieces. This done, they stripp'd the poor Knight of the Coat which he wore over his Armour, and had robb'd him of his Breeches, had not his Greaves and Pully-pieces prevented'em. And to the end they might not do their business by halves, they eas'd Sancho of his Parson's Cassock, which he had turn'd into a Wallet, and uncas'd him to his Shirt. Which done, and the Spoils all justly and honestly divided, they shifted every one for himself, more careful to avoid the Constable's Clutches, then of their Duty to Madam Dulcinea.

As for the As, Rosinante, Sancho, and Don Quixote, 'tis true, they remain'd Masters of the Field, but in an ill Condition; the As hanging his head, and shaking his Ears, as if Brick-bats had still buzz'd about his Noddle: Rosinante lying at his sull length i' the Dust, and ready to make his Will: Sancho in deadly fear of pursuing Black-bills and Pitch-forks: and Don Quixote biting his Nails to see himself so villainously abus'd by Rogues and Thieves, for whom he had so villainously ventur'd his Neck.

## CHAP. IX.

What befell the famous Don Quixote in the Mountain of Sierra Morena, which was one of the strangest Adventures in all this Real History.

On Quixote finding himself so ill repay'd, quo he to his Squire, I have often heard fay, Sancho, Save a Thief from the Gallows, and he'l be the first that shall hang his Benefactor, if he can. Had I follow'd thy Advice, I had avoided this Misfortune; but 'tis done, and there's no Remedy but Patience, and let's be wifer for the future. That is to fay, reply'd Sancho, when I turn Turk - But fince you repent for not following my Counfel, prav believe me once more; for in one word as well as in a thousand, I must tell ye, your Quorum Justices care no more for all the Knights-Errant i' the World, then for a dead Sprat. Hark-me thinks I hear the Halberdeers, and the Crewel-fring'd Pike staves at my heels already. Thou art a Coward by Nature, reply'd Don Quixote; however, because thou shalt not say I am always obstinate, I will avoid this terrible Hue and Cry for once; but upon this Condition, That thou never tell any person, that I avoided Danger, out of Fear, but only at thy Request, and meerly to do thee a Kindness. If thou fay'ft otherwise, thou ly'ft; and from this time forth to that time forth, and from that time forth to the World's end, I give thee the Lye, and thou ly'ft, and shalt lye i' thy Throat, if ever thou fay'st the Contrary. For did I believe thou thought'st that I withdrew my self out of Danger, or fearing the Fraternity of the Quorum Justices, as thou call'st em, I would abide here till the Day of Judgment, in Defiance, not only of them, but of the Twelve Heads of the Tribes of Israel, the Seven Macchabees, Castor and Pollux, and all the Brotherhoods and Fraternities i' the World.

Having fo faid, Don Quixote remounted his Rosmante (who had always that good Faculty, that he was not long before he came to himself, whatever Missortune beself him) and Sancho bestriding his Ass, lead the way to the Black Mountain, call'd Sierra Morena, through the Crafty Squire's Design, to lurk in the craggy, and inaccessible Retreats of that Mountain, till the heat of Pursuit were over; which he was the rather enclin'd to do, as finding all his Belly-timber safe; a Miracle to be admir'd, considering how exact those Caitiss were in their privy Searches.

By Midnight our Advecturers got to the middle, and most desart part of Sierra Morena, where Sancho advis d his Master to stay for some time, at least, so long as their Provisions lasted; and so that Night they took up their Lodging between two Rocks over-spread with Cork-trees. But Fatal Fortune, who, according to the Opinion of those that walk not according to

to the light within em, governs all things by their own Humour, so order'd it, That that same Master-Thief, Ring leader to all the rest, who had been so grateful to the Knight for their Liberty, having made choice of those Covertures to escape the Hands of Justice, happen'd just into the place where Sancho and his Master had tak'n up their Lodgings; and knowing'em by their Tongues, was so civil as not to disturb their rest by no means: But finding Sancho's Ass opportunely pannell'd and halter'd for his Convenience, ill Naureh, a Roguish Disposition, and Necessity together, so wrought upon him, that he very honestly spirited away the Ass, and made such haste, that before day he was got quite out of the Reach of Rosinance's Pursuit.

But no sooner had the sair Aurora begun to smile upon the Hills, and with her refreshing Beams to bless the Surface of the Earth, when Sarcho, to his unspeakable grief, miss'd the Delight of his Soul, and Comfort of his Life, his beloved Ass. He made such doleful Complaints, and such pitiful Moans, that Don Quixote waking, heard him thus expressing his un-

supportable Woes.

Dear Off spring of my Bowels! quo he, born and bred under my Roof, my Childrens only Play-fellow, the Delight of my Wise, the Envy of my Neighbours, and the Staff of my laborious Life! In a word, the Maintainer of half my Family; for with Ten-pence which thou earned'st me every day, didst thou defray the half of my Expences. Don Quixote, divining by his Lamentations at the Cause of Sancho's Sorrow, endeavour'd to comfort him with soft and tender Expressions, and learned Discourses upon the Missortunes of this World. But nothing wrought so kindly with Sancho, as a Bill of Exchange, which his Master promis'd him, for his Wise to take three Asses out of five, which he had at home. Sancho not being able to withstand an Argument so powerful, dry'd up his Tears, put a Stop to his Sighs and Sobbs, and return'd his Master a thousand Thanks for so generous a Favour.

On the other fide, Don Quixote being not a little refresh'd with the Sleep he had got, and calling to mind the strange Adventures which Knights-Errants had met with in Desarts and Solitudes, was over joy'd to find himself in the midst of those Mountains, believing they would afford him sufficient Occasions to exercise his Prowess. But Sancho's Thoughts were otherwise employ'd; for now believing himself quite out of Danger, made frequent Visits to the Wallet, which Rosinante now was forc'd to carry, and solitudes his Master, set his Grinders a walking much faster then his Feet.

As thus they leifurely pac'd it along, Sancho observ'd that his Master stoop'd in his Saddle to take up something with the end of his Javelin; which he not being able readily to do in his Saddle, Sancho ran with great Diligence to help him. Upon which, his Master commanding him to take it up, they found it to be a Portmanteau, in a very ill plight by reason of the Weather, but somewhat weighty withal. Having open'd it, they found within it four Holland-Shirts, with other Linen, clean and fashionable, and in another Handkerchief, a considerable quantity of Gold. Bles'd by the whole Frame of Heav'n, quo Sancho, for sending us some good Luck once in our Lives. Searching farther, they found a Table-book richly bound; presently, quo Don Quixote, this is my share, take thee the Gold. Sancho, for thy self. The Lord reward ye, dear Master, quo Sancho, at the same time cramming all his Booty into his Wallet. Certainly, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, it cannot be, but that some person, having lost his way in these

Book III.

Mountains, has been here murder'd, and thrown into some hole among these Rocks. That cannot be, reply'd Sancho, for had they been Highway Men, they would ne're ha' lest so much Booty behind. Thou speak'st Reason, quo Don Quisote, and therefore must see if we can discover any thing out of these Papers. Thereupon, after a small Search, he sound the following Verses, which he read aloud for Sancho to hear.

R Love's a Blockhead, or a cruel Jew; Or else I feel less pain then is my Due; For if my Pains were equal to the Caufe, They would be worse then Tooth-ach in the Jaws. But if Love be a God, I dare to fivear, He then can be no Fool, and'tis as clear, No God can cruel be; then would I know What Devil fends these Pains that plague me so? Ab Phillis! Is it thee? No, no, dear Phillis. A noble Cause ne're breeds Effect, that ill is. 'Tis not from Heav'n or Thee these Plagues proceed, But I must die, for so has Fate decreed. Nay. I must die for Love too like a Sot, And yet that's neither Love's, nor yet thy Fault. Hard Luck of mine! to die of such a Wound, For which so many Med cines may be found.

I understand nothing by this, quo Sancho. That's strange, reply'd Don Qnixote; for tis plain, that the Author of this Sonnet, is, or was in love; and that his Lady's Name was Phillis. Puh!— then I warrant ye, Sir, 'tis your old Friend Corydon, and this Corydon is run mad for that Phillis, and has lost his Cloak-bag. Pray, Sir, read another Paper, you'l find it as I say. Why, here's a Letter, and a Love-letter too, as I think, quo Don Quixote. Oh, good Sir! read it out, cry'd Sancho, for I'm a great Admirer of Love-Letters.

The Falshood of your Promises, and my Missortune, of which I have now no more Reason to doubt, have carry'd me to a place, from whence thou shalt somer hear the News of my Death, then of the Cause of my Complaints. Thou hast forsak'n me, ungrateful as thou art, for one more wealthy, not more vertuous then thy self. Tho if Vertue were a Treasure to be esteem'd, I should have no reason to bewail my own Missortunes, nor envy the Happiness of other Men. What thy Actions rais'd, thy Beauty has pull'd down; I took thee for an Angel, but find thee a Woman. Farewel, Disturber of Peace, and may the Persidy of thy Husband never come to light, lest living to repent the Injustice thou hast done me, I should be constrain'd to a Revenge that I never design.

The Person that wrote this Letter, quo Don Quixote, was a betray'd Lover, and that's all that I understand; which made him the more inquisitive after the rest. And turning over the remainder of the Leaves, he sound several other Letters and Verses, wherein he could meet with nothing, however, but Accusations, Complaints, Distrusts, and Jealousies, Sorrow and Despair, Favours and Dissain; and thence he concluded, That the Man had been in love, and might be out of his Wits. And all the while he was poring in the Table-book, Sancho was romaging the Mail, and the Seat of the Saddle; which he did with that Exactness, that he less

not a Seam unripp'd, nor a Lock of Wool which he did not pull to pieces with his Nails: Yet fuch was his Moderation, that tho he found no more, yet he was fo well pleas'd with his hundred Crowns in Gold, already in fafe Custody, that he forgot his being toss d in a Blanket, his painful strainings, and Gripes of the Balsom; the Benedictions of the Pack staves, the Thumps of the Mule driver, the Loss of his Wallet and Ass, as believing himself well paid for all the Hunger and Thirst, which he had endur'd in his Masser's Service.

On the other fide, the Champion was in a heavy tofs to know who was the owner of the Portmantle; gueffing by the value of the things, that he was a Person of worth, whom the disdain and scorn of his Mistress had driv'n to despair. At length, as he rode along, wholly tak'n up with these Confiderations, and followed by Sancho over Bryars and Thorns, he efpy'd upon the top of a ftony Cragg that was before him, a Man that skipp'd from Rock to Rock, o're the Bushes and Thorns, as nimbly as a Cat-a-Mountain: He feem'd to be almost naked, with a thick black Beard, his Hair clotted like a Water Spaniels, without Hofe or Shoes; having only a pair of Breeches upon his Hipps, that feem'd to have been once of a Purple kind of Velvet, but so tatter'd and torn, that they discover'd his skin in feveral places. All which particulars the Champion observ'd, notwithflanding the swiftness of his motion, and endeavourd to the utmost that lay in his Power to overtake him; firmly believing him to be the owner of the Saddle and Portmantle. But Rosinante was too weak to run Races with Apparitions in fuch Ground as that was, being naturally of a flothful and phlegmatick disposition. However, Don Quixote was resolv'd to speak with him, tho it cost him a whole years time. And to that purpose, he order'd Sancho to beat one fide of the Mountain, while he beat the other. I beg your Worships Pardon, quo Sancho; for alas, Sir, should I move but a hairs breadth out of your fight, my fears would immediately congeal me into a Statue, that I should never be able to stir farther: And therefore for the future I give ve warning never to lay fuch impossible Injunctions upon

In good time, quo the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, I am glad thou hast fuch a confidence i'my Courage: I'le assure thee I shall never fail thee, tho thy Soul were scar'd out o'thy Body. Follow me therefore fair and foftly, and let us fearch every hole and corner of this Rock, 'tis a thousand pound to a Nur shell, but we may meet with the owner of this fame Portmanteau: For o'my Conscience that's the very Man that appear'd fo lately to us like a Vision. 'Slife, Sir, quo Sancho, I don't like your Project; for should we meet him, and he challenge the Cloak-bag, I must be forc'd to restore him his Money. And therefore, Sir, Ithink 'twould be much better to forbear this Curiofity of yours, and to keep the Money, till we meet him by fome other more lucky chance, when we may have fpent the Gold, and worn out the Linnen, and then we are acquitted from making Restitution by the Law. Thou art mistak'n, Sancho; for since we have fuch pregnant Reasons to believe him the owner, we are bound to find him out, and reftore him his Goods; by which means we shall be discharg'd in Foro Conscientia. And so saying, he spurr'd Rosinante forward, well knowing that Sancho would not dare to tarry behind. Nor was it long before they came to a little Brook, where they found lying a dead Mule, Saddl'd and Bridl'd, and half eat'n by the Crows and Kites; which confirm'd the Knight in his belief, that the Wild man he had seen was the Master of the Cloak-bag. Now, while they were confidering the Mule, and making

their Observations upon the Accident, they heard a whistling, like the whistling of some Shepherd that kept his Flock not far off; and at the same time, upon their Left Hand, they spy'd a great number of Goats, and a little beyond 'em an Ancient Man, that feem'd to be their Guardian; to whom Don Quixote call'd out, and desir'd him to come down. The Goatherd ask'd 'em how they came thither, into a Defart place, frequented by none but Goats and Wolves, and other Wild Beafts? And feeing 'em stand gazing upon the dead Mule, That Mule, faid he, has lain there this fix Months. But pray tell me, Gentlemen, did ye not meet his Master, coming hither? We met no body, reply'd Don Quixote; only we found a Saddle and a Cloak-bag not far from this place. I have often feen it too, faid the Goat-herd, but I durst not medd'e with it, fearing it might be laid there for a Bait, and a purpose to lay Felony to my charge. For the Devil is very subtle, and many times tempts us with a Fool's Paradise, to draw us into a Halter. This is just as I said, quo Sancho, for I saw the Cloak bag too, but durst not adventure within a stones throw of it; and there let it lye, for me; for l'le be none of those that shall hang the Bell about the Cats Neck. Well \_\_ but honest Friend, quo Don Quixote, dost thou know who was the owner of that Mule?

All that I know, reply'd the Coat herd, is this; That about fix Months ago, there was a young Centleman, proper, handsom, well clad, and mounted upon the Mule which you see there (only that it was then alive) with the same Cloak bag behind him, came one day to a Shepherd's Cottage, about three Leagues from this place, and enquir'd which was the most desart and unfrequented part of all this Mountain? Who directed him to that part where we are now: And tis very true; for should ye go but half a League farther, you would be hardly able to get back again.

Now, this Gentleman having receiv'd our Answer, turn'd about his Mule, and follow'd his Directions exactly, leaving us in admiration of his goodly Aspect, and the great hast which he made toward the Mountain. After that, we heard of him no more, till meeting with one of our Shepherds, without saying a word, he fell upon him, and beat the poor fellow most unmercifully; and then going to the Ass that carry'd our Provisions, after he had tak'n away all the Bread and Cheese, he tripp'd back again to the Mountain as nimbly as a wild Buck.

Hearing this, a good number of us together spent two whole days seeking for him in the most remote and private Retirements of the Mountains, where at length we discover'd him in the hollow of a large Cork-Tree, from whence he came forth to us with all the mildness and courtesie that could be, but with a Countenance fo disfigur'd and Sun-burnt, that in his raggs and tatters we hardly knew him again. After a kind Salutation, he told us in few words, but well composed together, that we were not to wonder to see him in that posture, for that it was only to acquit himself of a Penitential Vow, that he had oblig'd himself to perform. We desir'd him to let us know his Stations, that we might bring him Victuals, which we were ready to do as often as he should desire us, so that he needed not to take it by force. He thank'd us for our kind offers, and begg'd Pardon for the Injury he had done; affuring us he would never commit the fame Violence again. We ask'd him also, where was his most usual Retirement? To which he answer'd, No where certain, but where ever Night surpriz'd him; concluding his Speech with fuch bitter and lamentable Complaints, that would have mov'd a Heart of Brass to compassion, especially in us that beheld him so strangely alter'd from what we had seen him before. At

length, he made a pause, and standing like one that had been strick'n dumb with his Eyes stedsastly fix'd upon the ground: He continu'd in that posture for some time; but then of a sudden, as if some sit of Madness had feiz'd him, staring with his Eyes, knitting his Brows, biting his Lips, and clutching his Fists, he flew upon the foremost of us, with so much fury and rage, that had we not pull'd him off by main force, he had beaten out the Eyes of the surpriz'd Shepherd, and torn his flesh from his Cheeks with his Teeth; crying out in the height of his Frenzie, Ah! Traytor, Ferdinand, here, here it is, that thou shalt repay me for the Injury thou hast done me; these hands of mine shall rend from thy Breast that treacherous Heart. which harbours only Villany and Perfidy; lading at the same time the suppofed Ferdinand with a thousand more Reproaches of Treachery and Baseness. Which done, he flung from us, and threw himself into the thickest part of all the Woods, leaping over the Bushes and Brambles with that nimbleness, that it was impossible for us to follow him. Which caus'd us to believe, that his Madness seiz'd him by fits; and that some one, whose Name was Ferdinand, had done him those irreparable Injuries, which he sought to revenge with so much Violence. Since that, it has come into our Minds several times to find him out, and to carry him by force to the Mad-House, about eight Leagues distant from hence, that so a more particular Care might be tak'n for his Recovery; or at least, that he might be fent back to his Relations.

Don Quixote was wonderfully concern'd, when he had heard the Goatherd's ftory, and refolv'd to make it his business, what e're it cost him, to find this unfortunate Lover out; fo much the rather, because he extreamly pity'd his Condition, as believing him to be a Person of Quality, and one that fuffer'd unjustly. But Fortune, observing his good Nature, resolv'd to fave him the labour; for just as they were speaking, the young Man appear'd, and from the cleft of a Rock, right against the place where they flood, advanc'd towards 'em, muttering certain words between his Teeth, which they could not well have understood, had they been close by him. When he drew near, he faluted the Company very civilly, but with a hoarse and wheafing Voice. Don Quixote return'd his Civilities; for alighting from Rosinante, and accosting him with a Majestick Grace, he embrac'd him as if he had been one of his old Acquaintance: Nor could the other forbear, fo foon as he got loofe, to step back some two or three yards; where laying his Hand upon his Breast, he stood staring in Don Quixote's face, as if he had been calling to mind some Person whom he had known before; no less affonish'd questionless to behold Don Quixste's Countenance, Armour, & losty Presence, then Don Quixote to see the forlorn and tatter'd condition of the Forrester. But the first that open'd his Mouth was the Ragged Knight, as you shall hear i' the next Chapter.

 $\mathbf{P}$  2

CHAP.

Book III.

# CHAP. X.

The Continuation of the Adventure in the Black Mountain.

THE History relates, That the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance listn'd with great Attention to the disastrous Knight of the Rock. who pursuing his Discourse; In good Truth, Sir, said he, whoe're you are, for I know you not, you have extreamly oblig'd me by your Generofity and Civility; and I could wish I were in a Condition to testifie my Acknowledgement otherwise then in words. But my bad Fortune obstructs my good Intentions, fo that I have nothing to return for fo many Kindnesses,

but unprofitable Wishes.

108

Sir, quo Don Quixote, fo great have been my Defires to ferve you, that I resolv'd not to depart from these Solitudes, till I had found ye out; to the end I might know from your felf, whether there were any Remedy to be found for the Discontents that occasion this your disconsolate Course of Life, tho it were to be purchas'd with the Hazard of my own Life; or, if your Misfortunes would admit of no Relief, that I might affift ye to bear the Burthen of your Woes, by sharing with you in your Sorrows, and intermixing my Tears with yours: For you cannot but know the Proverb, Sir, Solamen miseris socios habuisse doloris. 'Tis all the Latin I have, but I cannot use it upon a better Occasion. If then good Intentions may plead Merit, I conjure ve by the first Object of your early Affections, to tell me who you are, and the Cause of your Retirement to this solitary Defart, so remote from the Converse of Men.

The Knight of the Rock, having attentively liftn'd to these kind Expressions of the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, he view'd and review'd him from top to toe; and when he had fo done: Sir, faid he, if you have any thing to eat, for the love of God, give it me; and when I have fill'd my Belly, I will fulfil your Desires. Thereupon Sancho having diffurnish'd his Wallet, and the Goat-herd his Scrip, they brought him first and fecond Course. Immediately the Ragged Knight fell on, without saying Grace, like a Man half famish'd, with that greedy haste, that he seem'd rather to devour, then feed. And having thus fill'd his Belly, he beckon'd to Don Quixote, and the rest to follow him; and after he had brought 'em to a Meadow adjoining to a Rock, he laid himself at his ease upon the Grass, where the rest of the Company sitting down by him, he thus began.

Sir, faid he, if you intend that I should make a full Recital of my fad Misfortune, you must promise me before-hand, not to interrupt me with any Questions, or Comments upon my Words; for if any body speaks a Syllable, I shall presently conclude my Story. And this I the rather defire, as intending to be quick in the Relation of my Disasters, of which the very Remembrance is a Torment to me; tho you may be affur'd, I shall omit nothing of Consequence that may tend to your Satisfaction. Thereupon Don Quixote undertaking for all the rest, the Knight of the Rock thus

began.

My Name is Cardenio; the Place of my Birth, one of the best Cities of Andaluzia; my Descent is Noble, and my Parents wealthy. But my Misfortunes are so great, that neither Wealth, nor the Prosperity of my Parents can remedy. In the same Place was born the matchless Lucinda,

incomparable for her Beauty, nobly descended, and equal in her Fortune to my felf, but wanting a Constancy sufficient to answer the Sincerity of my Intentions. This Lucinda I lov'd from her tender Years, and ador'd her in her Infancy; and she also lov'd me with a harmless Affection and Freedom, which the Innocence of Childhood never scruples. Nordid our Parents oppose this innocent Liberty, well knowing, that the Equality of our Fortunes was such, that there could be no dislike of our matching together. Afterwards our Affections increasing as we grew in Years, Lucinda's Father judging our usual Familiarity prejudicial to his Daughter's Honour, forbid my frequent Visits to his House. But that Restraint did but the more augment our Affections and inflame our Defires. So that altho we were debarr'd the Freedom of Converse, yet by the means of trusty Messengers, we still maintain'd a private Intercourse in Writing; which, like Fewel to Fire, still fed our amorous Flames. Heav'ns! how many Letters have I wrote her? How many Sonnets have I fent her? How many tender and obliging Returns have I receiv'd from her? The mutual Pledges of our private Amours, and mutual Confolations of a violent Paffion? At length impatient to re-behold the Comfort of my life, I refolv'd to demand her of her Father in Marriage. He thank'd me for the Honour I did him, but told me withal, That I had likewise a Father alive, whose consent was to be obtain'd, as well as his. Thereupon going to my Father, with a Design to beg his Approbation and Affistance, I found him in his Chamber with a Letter open'd in his Hand, which he gave me to read, before I could speak a Word to him about my own Business. Thou wilt find there, said he, the more then ordinary Kindnessthat D. Richard has for thee. Now you must know, Gentlemen, that this D. Richard was a Grandee of Spain; the chiefest part of whose Estate lies in the most fertile part of Andaluzia. I read the Letter, and found therein an obliging Request of D. Richard to send me to him with all speed, that I might be the Companion of his eldest Son; and promifing withal, to advance me to a Fortune answerable to the good Opinion which he had of me. The latter part of this Letter struck me dumb; but I was ready to hang my felf, when my Father bid me prepare to be gone in two Days. Farther, faid he, give God Thanks, that Fortune has thus open'd thee a way to that Advancement, which I know thou deferv'st. Nevertheless, the Evening before the Day of my Departure, I gave Lucinda a Visit, and told her what had happen'd: Ialso besought her Father to preserve his good Opinion of me, and to defer the bestowing of his Daughter, till I had been with D. Richard. Which he faithfully promis'd me to doe; and she confirm'd with all the Vows and Protestations imaginable.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Thus between Satisfaction and Diffatisfaction, I arriv'd at D. Richard's Court; where I was receiv'd and entertain'd with that extraordinary Kindness and Civility, that I became the Envy of all his ancient Servants But he that most endearingly carefs'd me, was Ferdinand, the Duke's youngest Son, generous, comely, and of an excellent Humour. He receiv'd me into his Bosom-Friendship, and gave me such continual and ample Testimonies of his Affection, that tho I was highly both belov'd and effeem'd by his

Brother, yet could I easily distinguish between their Favours.

And as it is the Property of true Friends to keep nothing fecret, D. Ferdinand believing himself secure of my Fidelity, imparted to me all his Thoughts; and among the rest, disclosed to me his being in love with a handsom Country Girl, the Daughter of a Farmer, that was one of his Father's Tenants. Such was the Vertue, the Prudence, the Discretion of this Damfel,

Scarce

Damfel, that the was the Admiration of all that were acquainted with her: and those her rare Endowments had so charm'd the Soul of D. Ferdinand, that finding it impossible to win her for his Mistress, he refolv'd to make her his Wife. Now being so engag'd, as I was, to D. Ferdinand, I thought it my Duty to divert him from a Resolution so prejudicial to his Honour and Quality; but finding all my Arguments were fcatter'd in the Wind, I resolv'd to inform the Duke, his Father, of his Intentions. But D. Ferdinand, whose Politicks were refin'd and piercing, believing my Honour would engage me to discover a Design so prejudicial to the Honour of his Family, endeavourd to perswade me, that his Heat was over; and to compleat the Cure, that he was refolv'd to absent himself from the Object of his Passicn; to which purpose, he would take a Journey to my Father's House, pretending to buy Horses, of which there are the best of all that Province, bred in our Village. Prefently, Iway'd by the Interest of my own Love, I approv'd his Design, and press'd him to make haste, out of a Defign to re-vifit my dear Lucinda. But alas! as afterwards I understood, he had already reap'd the last enjoiments of his amorous Courtship to his Country-Mistress, with the Sickle of promis'd Marriage; tho he durst not discover it, for fear of the Duke his Father's Displeasure.

But as the Love of young People is only an irregular Passion, and boiling Desire, that has no other Object then Pleasure, and which Enjoyment distipates; no some had he obtain'd the last Favours of his Mistress, but his vehement Assection slacken'd, and his ardent Love grew eold: So that if his Desire of Absence were fain'd before, there was nothing now which he more really coveted. And therefore having obtain'd his Father's leave, away we came to my Father's House, where Don Ferdinand was entertain'd with a Welcome besitting his Quality; and I went to visit my Lucanda, who re-

ceiv'd me as a most dear and constant Lover.

IIO

Some few Days after, to divertife Ferdinand, I thought it my Duty, like a Nick-a poop as I was, to put the same Confidence in his Friendship, with which he had entrusted mine. And to that purpose (curse o' my babbling Tongue!) I made Lucinda's Beauty, Wit, and Prudence, the Subject of my Discourse, till I had inflam'd him with a Desire to see so wonderful a Perfon; and to satisfie his Impatience, shew'd her to him at a low Window, where we were wont to converse together. And that which added to my Ruine, was, That she was richly dress'd that Day, and seem'd so lovely to D. Ferdinand's Eyes, that he forgat all other Beauties in the World beside. and became a doating Lover of my Mistress only. Nay, the more to enflame him (for when the Devil owes a man a Spite, he never pays a man by halves) he met with a Letter of her's, wherein she had desir'd me to demand her of her Father, and to hast'n our Marriage; which was written with that Modesty and Discretion, that D. Ferdinand cry'd out, That in Lucinda were all those Perfections, both of Body and Mind, met together, as it were, by confent, which in other Women separately appear'd. But as deferv'd as they were, I did not like these Encomiums from D. Ferdinand's Lips; I began to smell a Rat, and therefore carry'd my self more refervedly: But the more I forbore to speak of her, the more He made her still the Subject of his Discourse. And this was that which waken'd my Jealousie, tho I could say nothing against Lucinda, of whose Fidelity I thought my felf so fully affur'd, that I durst have pawn'd my Soul to a brass Thimble, for her Sincerity.

It happen'd one day, that Lucinda, who was much addicted to read Books of Knight-Errantry, desir'd me to lend her the History of Amadis de Gaul—

Scarce were the words, Amadis de Gaul, drop'd out of Cardenio's Mouth. but Don Quixote interrupting him; Had you but told me, that your Lady was addicted to read Romances, you need have faid no more to confirm me in the Belief of what you have utter'd concerning her Beauty and her Wit. For if she be a Reader of Romances, I am sure she must be ten times fairer, and ten thousand times more witty then you have express'd her to be . and more then that, I do uphold and maintain her to be the wittiest Woman alive. I wish, Sir, that, together with Amadis de Gaul, you had fent her the brave Duke Roger of Greece. Madam Lucinda, questionless, would have been highly tak'n with Dorayda, and Geraya, and the pleasant Shepherd Darinel, with his Bucolicks, which he fung with fo much Difcretion, and with fuch a fweet and debonnair Behaviour. But time may repair this Defect; and if you please to come to my House, I will shew vou above three hundred Volumes, which are all the Delight and Content I have in this World; and yet they are all at your Service, if the damn'd Negromancers have not robb'd me of em. Pardon me, I beseech ye, Sir, for giving you this Interruption, contrary to my Promise; but I can as well be hang'd, and the Sun may as well forbear to shine, as I forbear speaking, when I hear the least mention made of Knight-Errantry. Now therefore, pray Sir, go on.

All the time of this Digression Cardenio hung down his Head in his Breast, like one that had been musing some new Point i'the Mathematicks. Nor could Don Quixote, with all his Entreasties, perswade him to look up, or give him a Word of Answer. But at length, elevating his Chin, with his Eyes staring in his Head; I'le never believe otherwise, nor shall any Man beat it out of my Brains, quo he, and he's a Rascal, and a Son of a Whore, who denies, that that same Scoundrel of a Stallion Barber, Tom

Thumb, never lay with the Queen of Trumps.

By all that's vertuous in Tobolo, reply'd Don Quixote, that cannot be: 'tis a Scandal and a Calumny. The Queen of Trumps was a most chast and modest Lady; and there is no probability, that a Princess of her Quality would make love to a Tooth-drawer: Whoever affirms it, lyes in his Throat, and I'le make him to acknowledge it, either a-foot, or a horse-back, arm'd, or unarm'd, by Day, or by Night, or how he pleases. Cardenio, upon this, fasten'd his Eyes upon Don Quixote, without speaking a word; and being thus provok'd into one of his mad Fits, to hear himself call'd Lyar, and infolent Fellow, took up a great Stone that lay just at his Feet, and threw it with fuch a force at Lon Quixote, that hitting him full i' the Breaft, it beat the Champion backward upon his Rump. Sancho feeing his Master abus'd, fell upon Cardenio with both his Fists clutch'd, whom Cardenio with one found Wherret, laid at his Feet, and then fell a trampling his Guts, like a Baker in a Dough-trough. Nor did the Goat-herd, going to take Sancho's Part, speed much better. And thus the Ragged Knight having vanquish'd the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Face, and both his Champions, retir'd back to the Mountain.

Sancho was no fooner got upon his Legs again, but he began to quarrel with the Goat-herd, calling him Bumkin and Logger-head, for not telling 'embefore, that the Ragged Knight was frantick, that fo they might ha' had more care of themselves. The Goat-herd reply'd, that he had giv'n 'em Warning at first, and if he could not hear, he was not bound to find him Ears. To this Sancho reply'd, and the Goat-herd reply'd again; till from Pro's and Core's they fell to seizing one another by the Beards, tugging and haling each other in such a cruel manner, that if Don Quissore had not parted

parted 'em, they had pull'd one anothers Chins from their Heads. However, Sancho keeping his hold, in great Wrath, Let me alone, Sir Knight of the Ill favour'd Face, quo he: this Fellow is no more a Dubb'd Knight then my felf, and therefore I hope I may fight hand to hand, like a Man of Honour, and revenge the Injury he has done me. 'Tis true, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, but I know no Injury we have receiv'd: And so saying, made 'em shake hands, and be Friends. And then addressing himself to the Goat-herd, ask'd him, Whether there were no way to find out Cardenio again, in regard he had a great mind to hear the end of his Story? To whom the Goat-herd made Answer, That the Ragged Knight had no confran Residence, but that if he tarri'd thereabouts, it might not be long before he met with him, mad or fober.

#### CHAP. XI.

Of the strange Accidents that befell the valiant Knight of Mancha in the Black Mountain; and of his imitating the Penance perform'd by the Lovely-Obscure.

On Quixote bid the Goat-herd farewell, and remounting Rosinante, commanded Sancho to follow him a foot, which he did, but in a damn'd fullen, peevish Humour; for his Master led him into the roughest, and most craggy part of all the Mountain. Thus they travell'd for a while, without speaking a word one to another; till Sancho, almost dead for want of a little Chat, Sir, faid he, I defire your Worship to give me your Blesfing, and leave to depart, that I may return home to my Wife and Children, where no body can hinder me from Scolding and Maundring, as I please my felf. For I had rather be bury'd alive, then to ramble after your Heels through Mountains and Defarts, Day and Night, without being admitted to speak. Could the Beast's speak, as they did in Afop's time, Rosinante and I might Chat together, like two Midwives, and my Conceits would never putrifie i'my Body, as they do. Upon my Faith, Sir, 'tis a thing not to be endur'd to trot o'this Fashion after Adventures, and meet with nothing but Thumps and Bastinado's; and after all, for sooth, to have a Man's Mouth fow'd up, as if his Tongue had been made for no use. I understand thee. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou doft not love to keep thy Tongue a Prisoner long: why then, Sancho, Ple release it for once, upon Condition, that it shall be only forthetime we continue i'the Mountains. Speak therefore whatthou hast a mind.

Content, quo Sancho, let us talk while we may, God knows what may befall us hereafter: And so beginning to make use of his Priviledge; I wonder Sir, faid he, what Reason you had to be so cholerick for the Queen of Trumps, what d'ye call her, for I care not a Straw what her Name is? Or What was it to the Purpofe, whether Tom Thumb were her Paramour, or no? For had you not meddl'd with what y' had nothing to do with, the Mad-man would ha' gone on with his Story, you had miss'd a good Thump o' the Breast, and I had scap'd the bursting the Cawl of my Belly.

Friend Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, didft thou but know what a vertuous Lady the Queen of Trumps was, thou'dft fay, I had a great deal

of Patience in that I did not tear that Fellows Tongue from the bottom of of his Throat, for uttering fo many Blasphemies against her. For, in short, 'twas a most execrable piece of Blasphemy to say, That a Queen had lain with a Barber-Surgeon. For the Truth of the Story is this, That this Mr. Tom Thumb was both Counfellor, and Physician in Ordinary to the Queen: but to fay he was her Paramour or Gallant, was an infolent Scandal and fit to be chastiz'd. Neither can it be thought, that Cardenio knew what he said; for thou swor'st he was in one of his mad Fits, when he spoke it. And what need you then ha' minded what a Mad-man faid, quo Sancho? Suppose the Stone that hit ye o'the Breast, had beat out your Brains, we had been finely ferv'd for taking the part of a Sifty Bum-Trinket: the Devil confound

Book III. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, a Knight-Errant is oblig'd to defend the Honour of all Ladies against Lunaticks, as well as Men i' their Wits; much more, being such Queens and Princesses as the Queen of Trumps, for whom I have a particular Veneration, because of her Vertue, and other admirable Qualities; for besides that, she was very beautiful, she was very prudent, And behav'd her felf with an incomparable Patience in all her Misfortunes: and then it was that it was, that she stood in need of the wholesom Counfels of Mr. Tom Thumb; which gave Occasion to that false and scandalous Report, that they lay together. But I fay again, they lye, and lye a thoufand times over, whoever they be, that shall either report, or so much as think such a Calumny against the Queen of Trumps.

Why, Sir, quo Sancho, I neither fay, nor think one way or t'other: let. them that affirm it eat the Lye, and swallow it when they ha'done. If they lay together, th' have answer'd for it before now. I come from plough, I know nothing; I never thrust my Nose into other mens Porridge; my Name's Twyford, I neither meddle nor make. He that buys and fells, shall find his Gains in his Purse. Naked I came into the World, and naked I must go out. I neither take, nor give; I neither lose, nor gain: if they lay together 'tis no Bread and Butter o' mine. Who can make a Silk Purse of a Sow's Ear? But if ye catch me i' your Corn, put me i' your Pound.

The Devil go wi'thee, quo Don Quixote, what a Company of Proverbs hast thouthreaded together? Whatare all these musty Adages to my Purpose? Prethee mind thy Ass, that's thy Business; and remember this. That what I do, I have done, and shall do, is no more then what is conformable to the Laws of Chivalry, which I understand better then all the Knights-Errant that ever were i' the World. Troth, Sir, quo Sancho, 'tis no more then ye deserve; for in my Opinion, ye pay dear for your Knowledge. But I pray Sir, give meleave, Do your Laws confrain us to live and die in this Mountain? Patience alittle, good Sancho, reply'd Don Quixate, for now I think on't, I have something to do in this Mountain, that shall immortallize my Name, eternize my Fame, and give me a Reputation above all the Knights-Errant that ever were i' the World, or ever shall be. Well, but what's the Danger we must run, quo Sancho? for I would willingly know before-hand, if I might. That's as it happ'ns, quo Don Quixote, for we may perhaps meet with a Brush, or so; but the main matter consists in thy Diligence. In my Diligence! Heavins bless us, quo Sancho. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote; for if thou return'ft with speed from the place whither I think to fend thee, my Pain will be foon at an end, and my 'Glory will begin-But why in fuch a brown Study, man? For thou art to know, most faithful Squire, that Amadis de Gaul was one of the compleat-'est Knight-Errants that ever were i'the World; nay, the very Chief and 'Prince

Book III. The Renowned Don Quixote.

115

'Prince of all the rest. Moreover, 'tis the part of a Painter, that studies to render himself famous in his Art, to imitate the best Originals; which ought to be the Rule in all other Arts and Sciences, that serve for the Ornament of Common-wealths. Thus Homer makes his Ulysses a Pattern of Wisdom and Patience; and Virgil his Eneas a rare Example of si-'lial Duty, and of a valiant Captain; representing 'em not what they were, but what it behov'd 'em to have been. In like manner was Amadis the . North-Star, and Sun of all Knight-Errants, truly Couragious and Amo-'rous; and for that Reason only, him alone ought all Knight-Errants to 'imitate, that march under the Banner of Love and Chivalry. Now then I find, that among all other things that render Amadis fo famous for Wisdom and Valour, his Constancy and Love, his retiring to the Poor Rock, ' under the Title of the Lovely Obscure One, was one of the chiefest: A Title 'certainly most significant and agreeable to the life which he intended to lead. 'And in regard it is a Task far more easie to imitate his Penance, then his ' great Atchievements, in cleaving the Heads of monstrous Giants, stran-'gling Serpents, killing Dragons, vanquishing whole Armies, dispersing Navies, and breaking the force of Inchantments: I am refolv'd not to ' lose the offer of so fair an Opportunity, in a Place to sit for my purpose, But pray, Sir, all this while, What is your Design in this lonely Desart, quo Sancho? Have I not told thee, reply'd Don Quixote, that I intend here toact Amadis in his Madness, Despair, and Fury? And at the same time to imitate the Dotages of the Valiant Orlando, when he found that Angelica, the Fair, had abandon'd him for the Love of Medor, which distracted him to that degree, that he tore up Trees by the Roots, damm'd up Fountains, destroy'd whole Flocks, slew the Shepherds, fir'd their Hutts, stole their Horses, and committed a hundred Extravagancies, worthy to be recorded in Fame's eternal Book? Not that intend, however, to follow Rowland, or Orland, or Roldan, for he went by as many Names as a Newgate Shop-lift; but to make choice of the most Essential and Orthodox of all his Follies. Nay, perhaps I shall only imitate Amadis, whose Raving not being so destructive and pernicious, but only consisting in Complaints and Lamentations, gain'd him fuch a matchless Reputation.

I am apt to believe, reply'd Sancho, That those Knights had some Reason for what they did: But what induces you to play the fool? What Lady has despis'd your Amours? What Discoveries have you made of Dulcinea's

being false to ye, with either Moor or Christian?

S'life, cry'd Don Quixote, there's my Point, therein consists the Curiosity of my Business, for a Knight-Errant to play the Mad-man without any Reason; there's the Knot and Riddle of the matter, for a Man to run frantick without a Cause; thereby to let his Lady see what he can do upon Occasion, when he acts so well, without any Constraint or Necessity. But I have Reason sufficient, considering the long time I have been absent from the matchless Dulcinea, through which Neglect of mine, I have sinn'd most heinously against her Patience, according to the saying of the Shepherd Ambrosio:

In my Absence losing Time, Can ye think she is not griev'd? Yes, and tempted too, be sure, Some other way to be reliev'd. And therefore, Sancho, never strive in vain to divert me from so rare, so happy, and so extroardinary an Imitation. I am mad, and will be mad, till thou return'st with an Answer to the Letter which thou must carry to the Lady Dulcinea; and if I find that she deserves my Constancy, my Frenzie will be over, and I will do Penance no longer; but if she slights me, I will run stark mad, to the end, that if thou bring'st me bad News, I may be altogether insensible of it. But to the purpose, Sancho, hast thou sav'd Mambrino's Helmet? I saw thee take it up, after that ingrateful Rogue had done his utmost endeavour to break it, which shews the most excellent Temper of the Mettle.

Before George, your Follies, Sir Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, are not to be endur'd, quo Sancho; they are enough to make any Man believe, that what you brag of your Knight-Errantry, your winning of Kingdoms and Empires, and your beftowing of Illands upon your Squire, are meer Shams and Lyes. For who, i'the Name of Belzebub, that should hear you call a Barber's Bason Mambrino's Helmet, would not think you sit for the Mad-house at Newington? I have the Bason i'my Wallet, which I intend to carry home, and get mended for my own use, if ever God quits me of your

confounded Service.

Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, would I might be pox'd, if I think there ever was fuch a Cuckow brains of a Squire i' the World. How is it possible for a man to be fuch a Logger-head, as not to have learnt in all this time that thou hast been with me, that all the Actions and Adventures of Knights-Errant, feem to be Chimera's, Follies, and Impertinencies; not that they are so indeed, but through the Malice and Wickedness of those damn'd Inchanters, that make all things as they please themselves; and thus bewitch'd by their Sorceries, thou tak'st Mambrino's Helmet for a Barber's Bason, which to me seems another thing: And that the Sorcerer does it out of Friendship to me. For Mambrino's Helmet being a Jewel of such inestimable value. I should never be at rest, but be always engag'd in Fights and Combats, to defend it, were it once known to be i my Custody. Keep it safe, Sancho, for I have no need of it at present; rather I think to put off my Armour, and strip my felf as naked as I came out of my Mother's Womb, according as I shall find it most convenient, whether to imitate Orlando or Amadis.

Concluding this Discourse, they came to the foot of a high Rock that seem'd to stand by it self; from the descent of which, there softly glided a gentle stream that water'd a Meadow which surrounded the Rock. The freshness and verdure of the Grass, the number of wild Trees, Plants, and Flowers, that cover'd the Rock, render'd this place so pleasant and delightful, that the Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance made choice of it to shrift himself, beginning his Penance in such a manner, as if he had utterly lost

his Wits.

'Behold, O Heavins, said he, the place which I have made choice of, to bewail therein the miserable Condition to which you have reduc'd me. May my Tears augment the waters of this Rivulet, and my Sighs perpetually move the Leaves and Branches of these Trees, eternal Remembrances to the World of the Pains and Torments which my Heart endures. Ye rural Deities, whoever ye be, that inhabit these Desarts, hear the Plaints of an unfortunate Lover, whom a long Absence, and his own fantastical Jealousie has guided to these gloomy Shades to lament his ill Fortune, and deplore the cruel Rigour of that ungrateful fair One, who is the Perfection, and Ne plus ultra of all terrestial Beauty. Ye lovely Nayades, and

'and Druids more contemplative, affift my Plaints, or at least list'n to my Woes; and may the lascivious, boistrous Satyrs never interrupt your Rest. 'Oh, Dulcine a del Tobolo! thou Sun of my Days, and Moon of my Nights; the Glory of my Sufferings, North star of my Travels, and Constellation that 'govern'st my Fortune, pity, I conjure thee, the sad Condition to which 'my absence has reduc'd me; and may the Heav'ns grant thee long and happy Days. Ye folitary Groves and Shades, Companions of my Solitudes, fatisfie me in the foft Language of your ruftling Leaves, and by the nodding of your Branches, that I am we come to your verdant Harbours. And thou my dear Squire, the faithful Companion of my Adventures, mark attentively what I do, and be fure not to forget the smallest "Punctilio. And thou Rosinante, that hast all along so inseparably and advantagiously serv'd me; thou that hast shar'd with me in all my bad and 'good Successes, pardon me for making choice of this Solitude; and believe 'me, 'tis not without weeping Eyes, that thou and I must part. And so faying, he alighted, whipp'd off his Bridle and Saddle, and giving the 'Horse a clap o' the Buttocks, go Rosinante, said he, he gives thee thy Liberry, that has loft his own. Go Horse, no less famous for thy Actions, then miserable for thy bad luck; yet shalt thou never be fold to thy 'worth. Fam'd Beaft! with whom neither Aftolpho's Hypogryphon, nor ' Frontin, Brandimert's Delight, nor the winged Pegasus himself could e're

'compare for mettle and swiftness of heels.

Curst be the villain Thief, cry'd Sancho, curst with Bell, Book, and Candle, that freed me from the trouble of unpannelling my Ass too; he should not have wanted a Harangue in his praife, perhaps as good as this. Poor Creature of God's making! he was never troubl'd with these Follies of Lovers and Mad-men, no more then his Master, that was my felf, so long as Heav'n pleas'd. But d'ye here me, now I think on't, Sir Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, if your frantick Pranks and my Journy be refolv don, there will be a necessity of saddling Rosinante again, especially if your bufinels require hafte; for truth to tell ye, I am no good Foot man. Do as thou think'st fit, for that, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; for I intend thou shalt fet forward about three days hence. In the mean time thou shalt stay and be witness of what I do for my Lady's sake; to the end thou mayft be able to give her a true and perfect Account of every Particular. Heavins bless my Eye fight, quo Sancho, why, is it possible for me to see more then I have done? Thou art still wide o' the Mark, reply'd Don Quixote, thou shalt see me put off my Armour, tear my Clothes, knock my Head against the Rocks, and play athousand more antick Tricks, which all the Jack-Puddings in London could never shew thee. For the love of God, Sir, take heed how ye quarrel with these Rocks, you may chance to give your Scull fuch a crack the first Encounter, as may spoil an excellent Mad-man, and a good Penitent both at one stroke. Therefore I would advise ve, if your business, which is all but a feign'd Ceremony, cannot otherwise be accomplish'd, without these scurvy Cats leaps, to practise your Imitations upon the Water, or in a Hay-rick; and let me alone to swear to Madam Dulcinea, that you plaid your Christmas-gambols upon hard pointed Rocks, as sharp as the end of your Spear.

I thank thee, honest Sancho, for thy good Will, reply'd Don Quixote; but thou art mistak'n to think I am in jest: These things must be all done seriously and folemnly, otherwife I should act against the Laws of Chivalry, with abominate Falshood, and mental Reservation.

At the end of the three days Sancho put him in mind, that his time was elaps'd: and therefore defird him to write his Letter, and let him be gone. For, quo he, let me be roasted, if I do not long till my Return has freed ye out of this Purgatory, where I must be forcd to leave ye. Purgatory, dost call it, quo Don Quixote! call it Hell, Tophet, Gehenna; or if thou canst think of any thing else i' the Universe that is worse, or more terrible. What can be worse, quo Sancho, for they say, that in Hell there is no Retention. Retention! quo Don Quixote, what dost thou mean by that cramp word? Why, Retention, answer'd Sancho, is as much as to say, That they who are once in Hell, never come out again: which shall not be your hard fate this bout, if I can stir my Heels to quick'n Rosinante. And for Madam Dulcinea, when I come to be admitted into her presence, I will tell her fuch wonderful and dreadful Stories of your Madness, and Extravagancies, that I will make her as supple as a Glove, tho the had a Heart of Oak. And when I have drawn from her an Answer as sweet as Metheglin, away will I come flying through the Air, as fwift as a Witch upon a Broom-flick, to relieve ye out of your Purgatory: for I will have it Purgatory, and not Hell, because there is some hopes you may return to your Senses again. Let it be so then, said Don Quixote; but how shall we do to write this Letter, for I have neither Paper nor Ink, unless we should write upon the Leaves of the Trees, as they did in former times. But now I think on't, I have Cardenio's Table-book, which will help us out at a dead lift; and then thon shalt get the Letter fairly transcrib'd at the first Village, where thou canst meet with a Schoolmaster that can write true Orthography. Or, for want of a Schoolmaster, get the Clark of the Parish to do it; but be sure thou never troubl'st a Lawyer, for the Devil himself will never be able to read Court-hand; more especially beware of one that writes Sermons; for I hate Short hand mortally. But how shall I do for a Seal, reply'd Sancho? Abrass Farthing will serve, answer'd Don Quixote; tho I do not remember that ever Amadis made use of any Seal. But the Bill of Exchange must be sign'd, or else they will say its counterfeit, and so we shall lose our Asses. The Bill shall be written in the Table book, with my Sign Manual; and when my Neece fees my Hand, she'l never feruple the delivery of the Asses. And as for the Love-letter, do thou get it thus underwritten; Tours till Death, the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance. 'Tis no matter for the Letter and the Subscription to be all of one Hand; for as I remember, Dulcinea can neither write nor read, nor did she ever fee any of my Writing in her Life. For our Amours have always been meerly Platonick; and tho I may fafely swear, that for above these twelve Years (he has been dearer to me then my life, yet I never faw her but four times; and I question whether she her self took notice that ever I look'd upon her, so strict a watch did old Richard Hogg of Stanwel, her Father, and Joan Hogg her Mother, keep over her.

Cuds-hobs, cry'd Sancho, and is Dulcine a del Toboso the Daughter of Dick Hogg of Stanvel, otherwise Nan Hogg? Vds fish, I know her as well as her Mother that bore her; she's a Strapper y faith, and pitches the Bar with e're a young Fellow i' the Village. The very same, quo Don Quixote, that's she, and she that deserves to be Mistress of the whole Earth. Is that she, quo Sancho! she's a Bouncer, Begar law; and one that will keep her Chin out o'the Mire, I warrant her, in despite of the best Knight Errant that wears a Head, Long Megg of Westminster was a Dwarf to her. One day I remember, she stood upon the top of our Steeple to call the Plough-men home to dinner, that were at work above half a League off;

vet they heard her as plain, as if they had been just under the Sun-dial. The best thing I know in her, is, That she is not Coy, but will bid ye kis the top of her Nock as briskly as e're a Coggsball Wench that goes to Market; there's ne're a Water man upon the Thames can out rally her. In good truth, Sir Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, you may venture as many Cat-leaps as you please; you may run mad, you may hang your self for her take, there's no body but will fay y' are a happy Man, tho the Devil himself should be so kind as to carry ve away a pick-pack. Nan Hogg! good God! how I broil to fee the Tom-boy! for I have not feen her this many a day. Surely fhe must be strangely alter'd by this time, for the Sun, and the Weather, and continual working i' the Fields, are wicked Enemies to female Beauty. How firangely have I liv'd in Ignorance all this while! In good faith, Sir Don Quixote, Idurst ha' sworn this Madam Dulcinea had been some great Princels, or some Lady of high Quality, that was still to be presented with the Spoils of your Conquests, the Biscayner, the rescu'd Slaves, and all the Trophies of your future Victories. By my troth, I cannot chuse but laugh to think, if the Biscayner or the Slaves had been such Fools to have gone, and found Madam Fully-luggs peeling of Hemp, or threshing i' the Barn, what a pretty sight it would ha' been to ha' seen 'em throw themselves at the Feet of Madam Dondy-Rampant, in a single short Petticoat, shewing her darn'd Hose, and patch'd Slip shoes? Certainly they wou'd ha' thought the Devil had ow'd em a Shame; nor could Madam Brawny-Arms have lookt upon it otherwise then an Abuse.

I have oft'n times told thee, Sancho, that thy long Tongue wants clipping; and that tho thou art a Coxcomb and a Dunce, yet now and then thy Frumps bite too close. And to shew thee, that my Discretion exceeds thy Folly, I must tell thee in the first place, that I mind little what thou fay'ft; in the second place, I tell thee again, that as to the use which I make of the Lady Dulcinea, the furpasses all the Princesses in the World, according to the Proverb; for, Joan's as good as my Lady i the dark. Prethee tell me. dost think the Phillis's, the Silvia's, the Diana's, the Amarantha's, that appear in 60 many Poems and Sonnets, and upon fo many Stages, were Creatures made of Flesh and Blood, or the real Mistresses of those that fung their Encomium's? No, no, never think it. For let all your Rimers bring a Scandalum Poetarum against me if they dare; I say they were meerly Imaginations of the Poets for a Ground-work, upon which to exercise their Wits. 'Tis sufficient for me, that Nan Hogg is fair and chast; as for her Birth and Parentage, I value 'em not of Two-pence; and without troubling my felf to examine her Pedegree any farther, I am fatisfy'd that she is a great Princess. For, Sancho, Pox take thee, thou art to know, that the Vertues which chiefly oblige us to love a Woman, are Snout-fairness and Wisdom, with both of which Dulcinea is endow'd to the height of Perfection, as being, without all Dispute, the most snout-fair and prudent Female in the World All the Helena's and Lucretia's, all the Heroesses of former Ages, Greeks, Romans, or Barbarians, were not worthy to be her Kitchen maids; and let'em fay what they will, if Fools contradict me, I am fure men of Sense, if they have but try'd her once, will be o' my side. Sir, quo Sancho, you speak reason in every thing, and I am the Ass; the Devil take me for speaking that word; for tis ill talking of Halters i' the House of a Man that was hang'd. But where's the Letter all this while, for I long to be going. With that, Don Quixote pull'd out the Table-book, and retiring a little aside, in a short time finish'd his Epistle. Which having done, he call'd Sancho to him, and order'd him to list'n while he read it over

to him; for, quo he, 'tis a thousand pound to a Farthing if thou dost not fall a drinking by the way, and lose the Table book, therefore I would have thee carry it as well i'thy Memory, as i'thy Pocket; for I think no body so so fottish as to pick thy Brains. Pray Sir, quo Sancho, tear the Table-book, and gi'metwo or three Copies; for to think I can learn it by heart, is a Madnes, especially seeing my Memory is so bad, that sometimes I forget my own Name. However, you may read the Letter if you please, that I may understand how to write to a Mistress o'my own, should I have occasion. Well then, quo Don Quixote, be uncover'd and list'n.

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE.

#### The LETTER.

The that is stabled to the quick with the Poignard of Absence, and wounded to the Heart with the Darts of his own Guilt, sends thee that Health, which he wants himself. If thy Beauty distainme; if thy Vertue refuse my Assection; if thou resolvids to bubble me, maugre all your Shams, and your Canting; as I am your Martyr, I have Patience enough to pocket up all your Distains. As to what remains, ingrateful fair One, and beloved Enemy of my Repose, my faithful squire will give thee an Account of what I suffer for thy sake. If thou pityst me, I am thine; if not, take thy own Course, and set up for a rich Widow, while I end my Days in Sorrow to satisfie thy Cruelty, and my own Fancy.

Yours till Death,

The Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance.

By all the Sins that ever I committed, quo Sancho, let me die if ever I read such a matchless Piece in all the Mysteries of Love and Eloquence, Academies of Complements, or Cupid's Cabinets that ever came forth. By the Maiden head o'my Sister, I believe you are able to say or write what you please your felf. For certainly never human Wit brought in so neatly by Head and Shoulders, yours till death, the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance. A Man of my Profession, reply'd Don Quisote, must understand all things. Pray, Sir, then quo Sancho, write the Bill of Exchange for the three Assessand write your Subscription plain, that it may be known to be your hand. Which the frantick Champion did, and then read it in this Form.

Niece:

Ray pay, upon light of this my first Bill, three Asses of the sive, which I have at home, to Sancho my trusty Squire, for the Value receiv'd of him here: And for your so doing, This, together with his Acquittance, shall be your Discharge. Given in the very Bowels of the Black Mountain, the 26th. of August, Anno 6666.

'Tis very well, quo Sancho, there wants only your Subscription. There needs no Subscription, answer'd Don Quixote; yet I'le set my Mark, if thou wilt, and that's sufficient for three Asses. Well, Sir, quo Sancho, I rely upon your Worships Honesty, and so give me your Blessing, for I intend to be gone presently, without troubling my self to see any more of your Fopdoodleries; for I am so sure of your performance, that I dare swear to more then will serve your turn.

How-

Book III.

120

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

However, cry'd Don Quixote, prethee stay and see me stark naked before thou go'ft; for I would fain have thee seeme dance a matter of twenty or thirty new Borees A-la-mode du Bedlam, that thou mayst be able to swear with an unsported Conscience; they'l be done in a trice; as for Example— Hold - hold - Sir, for the Love of God, let me not fee ye naked for fear of turning my Stomach, which is very queafie at this time. But if I must fee any more of your Gambols, Sir, perform 'em i' your Clothes, and do what ye do briefly, and no more then what is absolutely material; for the fooner I go, the fooner I shall return. And now gi' me leave to tell ve. I love ve so well, that if Madam Dulcinea does not satisfie my Expectations, Tle foot-ball her Guts till she spew up Answers according to my mind. For 'tis not to be endur'd, that a Knight of your Quality should suffer thus, without Rime or Reason, for such a Tinker's Trull as she— That's the best Iscan fav. but I shall tell her a piece more o'my Mind, if I find her acting the fliperous Minx i'my Company. Why, how now, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, I think thou art grown as mad as my felf. Not so mad neither, quo Sancho, but in a damn'd pelting Chafe, as I think I have reason: But let that pass. And now I think on't, how will ye do for Victuals when I am gone? Here are no Monsieur Lockets, nor Monsieur Choquee's i' this Mountain: d've intend to rob the Goat-herds of their Bread and Cheese as Cardenio did?

Never let that trouble thy unmannerly Brain, quo Don Quixote, for tho I liv'd next door to the two Blem Balls, I would feed upon nothing but the Herbs of the Field; for the Curiofity of my Bufiness lies in half starving my felf, and fuch like auftere Practices of Piety. There is another thing too, quo Sancho, I am very much afraid of, and that is, That I shall never be able to find the way to this Place, 'tis fuch a By-hole. Take good notice of it beforehand, quo Don Quixote; for I do not intend to budge from hence, till thy return; beside that, I intend sometimes to stand Sentinel upon the top of yonder Rock to observe thy coming. But 'tis good to be sure; and therefore thy best way will be to cut down a good number of Boughs, and strew 'em in the way, as thou rid'st along, which willbe like the old Clue in Woodflock Bower, to guide thee to thy Rosimand, thy loving Master, again. A Serjeant's Fee well fav'd, quo Sancho; and so receiving his Master's Bleffing, after a Deluge of Tears shed on both sides, he mounted Rosinante; at what time, Friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, I recommend to thy care the best Nag i'the World; prethee be as tender of him as the Apple of thy Eve. Never doubt it, quo Sancho, and so taking his leave once more, he set forward, cutting down and strowing several Boughs as he rid, according to advice. But he was scarce out of fight, when he return'd again the fame way he came; and being ask'd by his Master, what he would have? Sir, faid he, I have confider'd of your Counfel, and like it wondrous well; and therefore that I may fwear with a fafe Conscience, I desire to see some three or four more of your raving Conundrums before I go. Why did I not tell thee so, quo Don Quixote, and therefore stay but while a Man that's in haste may mumble over his Creed, and I'le shew thee half a dozen; and with that, flipping off his Breeches naked to the waste, he gave two Frisks i' the Air, and falling upon the Paums of his hands, fetch'd his heels over his head, like a Tumbler, four times one after another, discovering such a Nest of Deformity, that Sancho asham'd to behold it, turn'd his Horse's head. and rode away, fully satisfy'd that he might swear, without Forfeiture of his Ears, his Master was mad. And so we leave him a while to finish his Journey, till he return; which will not be long. CHAP.

A Continuation of the Amorous Pranks which the courtly Knight of the Mancha plaid in the Black Mountain.

THE Story faies, That as soon as the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Counter nance faw himself alone, after he had accomplished all his frisking and tumbling Ceremonies, he ascended to the top of a high Rock, and there began to consider with himself what Resolution to take in a knotty Business, that very much perplex'd his Mind, whether he were best to imitate Orlando in his Fury, or Amadis in his Melancholly Extravagances. To which purpose, discoursing with himself, If that Orlando, said he, was so brave and valiant a Knight, as they fay he was, I do not much wonder, in re-'gard he was inchanted, fo that he could not be flain but by a Pin thrust through the bottom of his Foot, upon which he always wore Shoes that 'had fixteen Soles a piece; yet that all this stood him in no stead when he 'met with Bernardo del Carpio, who understanding his Inchantment, stiss'd him to death in his Arms in the Vale of the Red Horfe. But fetting afide 'his Valour, let us examine his madness; for that he was frantick, is beyond 'all dispute; and fell mad upon the News which the Shepherd brought him of the fair Angelica's being debauch'd by Medor the Moor, with the curled Locks and Agramant's Page. Now if he were satisfy'd, that his Lady had ' pick'd up a Stone with her Ear, no wonder he should run mad. But how 's shall I be able exactly to imitate him in his Frenzy, not having the same Cause. For I dare take my Oath before all the Masters in Chancery i' the World, that Dulcinea del Toboso never saw the Moor, since her Mother first wip'd her Tail. So that I should do her a great Injury to turn stark sta-'ring mad like Orlando. On the other fide, I find that Amidis got as much Reputation for being a Lover, as he, tho he never loft his Wits, and 'rav'd like a meer Bedlam, as he did. For which he had no other Reason. 'as the Story relates, but because the fair Oriana despis'd him, bidding him get out of her Chamber, and come when she fent for him. And this was the true and only Reason why he retir'd to the Poor Rock with the Her-'mite, where he snivell'd, and whin'd, and cry'd, and fill'd a whole Tun of Heidelbergh with his Tears; till Heav'n at length took pity of him, and 'fent him Relief in the height of his Affliction, and in the Severity of his 'Penance. Which being true, as I know it is, why should I trouble my self to tear the Clothes off my back, to quarrel with Trees, and dam up Fountains that never did me any harm. Then long live the Memory of Amadis, 'let him be the Pattern for Don Quixote of the Mancha to imitate; and let 'it be said of him, as was said of the other, That if he did not perform 'fuch great Archievements, yet his Heart was good; and tho Dulcinea did onot bid him be gone, yet he went away of himself. Therefore turn out Boys, all Hands aloft, and may the noble Actions of Amaais inspire me to 'find out the true way to follow his Example. This faid, he call'd to mind that Amadis spent most of his time in Prayer; to which purpose he made him a Rosary of Acorns, instead of Beads: But he was extremely troubl'd for want of a Hermite to hear his Confession, and give him Absolution. However, he divertis'd himself with walking up and down the Meadow, and writing his Contemplations fometimes i'the Dust, fometimes upon the Barks of Trees, all compos'd in Meeter, and accommodated to the fadness of

Book III.

his Condition, only that the Praises of *Dulcinea* were interlarded in every one. And it was athousand pities we could find none that were legible and entire, but only these that follow.

#### The VERSES.

Y E spreading Shades of lofty Trees, So fair and lovely to the Sight; And you more humble Plants, for Man And Beast, both Pasture and Delight; If my Complaints may Pity move, Let your Attention my Complaints approve.

Alas!— I dye;
And there's good Reafon too; for why?
I am in love up to the Ears;
Turn'd Fool, y' Faith, i' my old Tears.
Hear then, O hear, a wretched Knight,
That moans and groans both Day and Night.
I pule and blubbler, cry and whine,
And all for want of my Dulcin.

a del Toboso.

Love burns me like a Glass-house Fire, As if my Flames did all conspire To melt my Armour from my Back. Yet lying thus upon the Rack, Ask me the reason of my Woe, The Devil take me, if I know. Only I swagger, swear, and rave, Then Bedlam-like, shew all I have, And make a Noise, like any Swine, For fear they steal away Dulcina del Toboso.

Knight-Errants formerly could find Adventures fitted to their mind, In every Bush and hollow Tree:
The Devil a' one can I hear see.
But stead of Dragons and huge Snakes, Imeet with only Briers and Brakes.
I must confess, for some Variety, That little Whipster of a Deity, He that, for Love, makes Men to burn, Ecounters me at every turn; Which makes me bellow, bleat, and whine, For fear they steal my dear Dulcina del Toboso.

This was the Employment of our Amorous Knight in this same mountainous Desart; who forgot not also to call upon the Fawns and Silvans of those Groves, the Nymphs of the Rivers, and the mournful Echo, with great Importunity imploring their Attention, Condolement, and Affistance. And when when his Devotions were over, his Stomach would fet him at work to pick Sallets for the support of Nature. Which fort of Horse Diet, without Bread, or Oil and Vinegar, reduc'd him to such a meager Condition, that had Sancho staid three Weeks, as he tarry'd but three Days, his Mother that bore him, would never have known the Child of her own Womb.

Let us therefore leave our Hero to his Sobbs, and his Sighs, his Dumps and his Meditations, and fee how Sancho behav'd himself in his Embassy. Who getting clear of the Mountain, took the direct Road to Tobofo, and the next day about noon arriv'd near the Inn where he had been tofs'd i'the Blanket. He no fooner descry'd it, but a sudden shivering seiz'd his Bones, and he fancy'd himself to be again at Leap-frog i' the Air; so that he had a good mind to have rode farther before he drew bit, tho it were Dinner-time, and the poor Squire had eat'n nothing of a long time. But necessity conffraining, he advanc'd to the Inn-Gate, where, while he fate muling whether he should enter or no, two men came forth, and believing they knew him, cry'd one to t'other, Is not that Sancho Pancha, whom the Governess told us the Knight had inveigl'd along with him to be his Squire? 'Tis the same, answer'd the Curate; and more then that, he rides Don Quixote's Horse. These two happen'd to be the Curate and the Barber, that upon a severe Examination, had pass d that dreadful Sentence upon the Books. Thereupon being confirm'd they were i' the right, they call'd him by his Name, and ask'd him where he had left Don Quixote? Sancho, who knew 'em full well, being loath to discover his Master's Condition; Gentlemen, faid he, my Master is very deeply engag'd in a Business of great Importance, which I dare not discover for my life. No, no, Friend Sancho, reply'd the Barber, we must not part wi' ye so, unless you tell us where you have lest your Master; otherwise we shall believe you have murder'd him, and robb'd him of his Horse. In short, either tell us where your Master is, or resolve to go to Newgate. Gentlemen, Gentlemen, reply'd Sanho, there's no need of so many Threats, I am no Murderer, nor Robber, but a Christian, that leaves every one to fall by his own Destiny, or by the Hands of God that made him. As for my Master, he is doing the most pleasant Penance i' the World at the foot of yonder Mountain; and fo faying, he told 'em the whole Story from the beginning to the end; and how he was going with a Letter to Madam Dulcinea of Toboso, alias Nan Hogg, with whom his Master was most desperately fall'n in love. Thereupon the Curate and the Barber desir'd to see the Letter: To whom Sancho made Answer, That it was written in a Table-book, but that his Master had order'd him to get it transcrib'd upon Guilt-paper, at the next Village he came at. Whereupon the Curate promising to write it out in a fair Character, Sancho put his hand in his Pocket to give the Curate the Table book, but found he had either lest it behind him, or else that Don Quixote had forgot to give it him. This satal Accident put Sancho into a cold Sweat, and made him look as pale, as if he had been newly pump'd in an Inns-a'-Court. He turn'd his Pockets th'infide outward, fearch'd all his Clothes, but feeing there was no hopes, he rent his Beard from his Chin; and to punish his forgetful Scull, be-fifted his Blubber-Cheeks, till the Blood spun from his Nose. The Curate and the Barber beholding him in such a Passion, yet laughing i'their Sleeves, askd him, Why he so severely chastized himself? Alas! reply'd Sancho, I ha' loft at one time no less then three Asses, of which the least was as big as a Castle. How so, quothe Barber? Why I have lost the Table book, reply'd Sancho, wherein was written the Letter to Madam Dulcinea, and a Bill of Exchange, fign'd with my Master's own Hand, for three Asses of

five he has at home; telling 'em withal, how unfortunately he had lost

his own. But the Curate cheer'd him up, affuring him, that he would

give him another Bill in Paper, more authentick then that which was writ-

ten in the Table book, which was not in due form. Nay then, quo Sancho.

I care not a Straw for the loss of Dulcinea's Letter, for I can say it almost

by heart, and the Curate might transcribe it when he pleas'd. Let's

hear it then, quo the Barber. Thereupon Sancho beginning to fludy for the

Words, fell a scratching his Noddle, stood first upon one Foot, then up-

on another, gap'd upon the Skies, skowl'd upon the Ground; laid one

Hand upon his Eves, and bit his Nails of the other: But at length despair-

ing to recover what he scratch'd for, I'le be hang'd, quo he, if the Devil

han't a Hand i'this Plot; for o' my Soul, Mr. Curate, I can remember no-

thing of this confounded Letter, but only that there was at the beginning,

High and Subterrane Lady. Soveraign Lady, you would say, quo the Barber.

not Subterrane. Ay, Ay, y' are i' the right, Mr. Barber, quo Sancho; but

stay, I think there was this too that follow'd; He that lies awake for want of

Sleep, and wounded by your Abscence, kisses your Ladiship's Hands, most ungrateful and distainful fair One. Something also he mention'd concerning Health

and Sickness, which he wish'd ber; and thus rambling on a good while, he

concluded with, Yours till Death,

shall be most proper for him, and what may best enable him to gratisse his Squire. You freak like a wife Man, and a good Christian, quo the Curate. But that which we have to do at prefent, is only to retrieve thy Mafter from that unprofitable Penance he has undertak'n; and therefore let's first go to Dinner, and take a little time for Confideration. Gentlemen, quo Sancho, you may dine at leifure, but I am in hafte, and therefore pray fend me out a little Victuals to eat o' Horse-back; for I have a particular Reafon why I cannot alight, which I'le tell ye another time. Soon after the Barber brought him his Dinner, and returning to the Curate, after they

had consulted together, quo the Curate to the Barber, I have thought of an Expedient, which is this: I will disguise my self in the Habit of a Lady-Errant, and you shall equip your self after such a manner, that you may

follow me as my Squire. In this posture will I go to Don Quixote, and feigning my felf to be a diffressed Lady, that wants his Assistance, beg a Boon of him, which I am fure he will not deny me, as a Knight-Errant. By this means will I engage him to revenge an Injury done me by a certain

Felon, and Traitor of a pretended Brother of the Order; befeeching him at the same time, not to desire to see my Face, till he had done me lustice upon the Miscreant Violator of my Honour. This Bait will take, my life for your's; he'l look upon it as a Message from Heav'n: and by this means

we'll bring him back to his own House, where we'l endeavour to cure him of his Extravagancy.

The Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance.

Sancho's excellent Memory made the Curate and the Barber very good Sport, infomuch that they defir'd him to repeat it over three or four times, which he did very freely; but still every time he made some Addition or Alteration, which was extremely pleasant. Then he told em, that if he return'd with a kind Answer from Madam Dulcinea, that his Master was refolv'd to profecute his Travels, and make himfelf an Emperor, or some Potent Monarch at least; which it was easie for his Master to do, considering his Stength and Courage. Which being done, his Mafter would marry him to one of the Empresses Maids of Honour, Heiress to a large Earldom upon the Continent, for that he was weary of Islands. All which being spok'n by Sancho so feelingly, and so seriously, ever and anon rubbing his Nose, and stroking his Beard, to signifie the Assurance of his Hopes, did not a little amuse both the Curate and Barber, till they consider'd the prevalent Influences of pleafing Dreams upon Fancies easie to be deluded. However, they thought it not worth their while to rectifie his Judgment, feeing it was a harmless Inchantment of the Senses, that tended to nothing of mischievous Design. And therefore they exhorted him to pray for the long Life and Health of his Master, in regard it was no improbable thing, but that in time by his Prowess he might either become an Emperor, or by his Prudence, an Arch bishop.

How! an Arch-bishop, quo Sancho! Pray, Gentlemen, what Rewards do Arch-bilhop-Errants bestow upon their Squires? Why, it may be some good Benefice or Chaplain ship; or else they make 'em their Clerks or Sextons, or else their Vergers, which brings 'em in a good Revenue; besides the Honour of wearing a Scarf, tho they be no Doctors by their Degrees. Oh, but then, besides that the Squire must not be marry'd, he must be a Man of Learning, and be able to preach fometimes, or at leaft, to make your Syllogisms against men that write against his Master. But for me that am marry'd, and can hardly read my Horn book, what will become of me, if my Mafter should take a fancy to be an Arch bishop? Set thy Heart at rest, Friend Sancho, quo the Barber, we'l talk to him about it, and

#### CHAP. XIII.

How the Curate and the Barber accomplish'd their Design; with many other Occurrences of great Importance.

HE Barber being highly pleas'd with the Curate's Project, they refolv'd to put it forthwith in Execution. To which purpose the Curate borrow'd a compleat Woman's-Apparel of the Hoftes, leaving a new Silk Caffock in Pawn; and the Barber made him a Beard of a Py'd-Oxe's Tail, half Danish, half grizl'd, with which the Inn keeper was wont to clean his Combs. The Hostess being curious to know what they intended to do with those Gingombobs, the Curate was forc'd to tell 'em the Story of Don Quixote's Extravagances, and the whole Drift of their Defign. Upon which, the Inn-keeper told 'em the whole Story of the Ballom, and of Sancho's being toss'd in a Blanket; and the Hostess willing to forward their good Intention, dress'd up the Curate as fine as a Farmer's Daughter, going to meet her Sweet-heart at a Country-Fair; only with fo much of a Gentlewoman, as to wear a Vizor mask to hide his Face and his Beard. Being thus fitted with proper Accourrements, up got the Curate upon his Sidefaddle, and the Barber mounted his Mule, taking their leave of the Hostess and Maritornes, who, as great a Sinner as the was, vow'd to tell over her Rosary no less then twenty times, for their good Success.

But

125

Part L

But they had not rode above fifty Paces, when the Curate began to be troubl'd in Conscience; and what d'ye think was the Scruple? Why, he was afraid, that the Woman's Habit would ha' ravish'd him. A Parson, quo he to the Barber, may Gentleman-usher a young Lady i' the Streets, which is as bad a Sight too, but he must not wear her Apparel. And therefore good Neighbour, added he, prethee let us change Sexes, thou shalt be the Lady, and I'le be the Squire: Content, content, quo the Barber, I'le wear the Habit of a Mahometan, for a Jest's sake—

Now while the Barber was dreffing himself and managing his Pins, the Curate would have pretended to instruct him how to demean himself. Prethee, Mr. Curate, quo the Barber, a Barber is next a kin to a *Tire-woman*, and therefore let me alone to act a Lady, that have acted with some Ladies i my time.

when I was a young Smooth-chin'd Fellow.

126

Thus the Hostesse's Sunday-Gown and Head-gear being chang'd for the Motley-Beard, they spurr'd on, while Sancho, who had o're-tak'n 'em by this time, entertain d'em upon the Road with a Relation of Don Quixore's antick Behaviour, without mentioning a Word of the Money, or the Portmantle. For as much a Fool as he was, he knew o' which side his Bread was butter'd.

The next day arriving where Sancho had strew'd the Boughs for his Land-mark, they made a stop; and there, upon mature Deliberation, they order'd Sancho not to take the least Notice who they were; but when Don Quixote enquir'd for Dulcinea's Answer, that he should tell his Master that she had sent it by Word of Mouth, in regard she could neither write nor read; which was, That upon Pain of her high Displeasure, he should, without delay, repair to her Presence, for that she had a longing Desire to see and embrace him. To which they added, That there was no way but this to recover his Wits, that he might prosecute his Design of making himself an Emperor, assuring him they would take such Order, that he should never so much as dream of an Arch-bishoprick.

Sancho thus inftructed and order'd to bring back Tidings of what he had done, rode on to feek out his Master, leaving the Curate and the Barber by the side of a Brook, where the Shade and Verdure of a pleasant Grove shelter'd 'em from the Heat of the Sun, which shone very hot at

that time, being about the middle of August.

While they repos'd themselves under that delightful Canopy, expecting Sancho's return, they heard a Voice, which without the help of any Instrument, seem'd to ravish their Ears. And their Admiration was so much the greater, to hear such Charms of artful Melody in so wild and desarta Solitude: Besides that, the Words themselves savour'd something of rural Composition; being the same that are here inserted.

What's that which will not let my Soul be free?

'Tis Jealousie.

But what does my Impatience thus provoke?

Long Absence from a Smock.

Then farewel Frost—what can become of me?

When I mo bank'd Hercules, and here are Three.

O pity, pity thus a Lover slain

By Absence, Jealousie, and proud Dislain.

What makes me trifle thus away my Youth?
Fortune, forfooth.
Who fir'd my Breaft, and does the Flames improve?
Half Lust, half Love.
And who refuses my Complaints to hear?
That's Heav'n I fear.
Then had proves worse, and I am lost again,
When Fortune, Love and Heav'n conspire my Pain:
For well we know, at Foot-hall Three are Odds,
But here are Six—Where are ye, O ye Gods?

Now what's the Cure? the same that cur'd Mackbeth.

Oh Heav'ns! that's Death.

Is there no other way, if Death should falter?

Oh yes, a Halter!

But then I fear that Men will call me Fool;

Most sure they wooll.

How! die or hang, and be call'd Fool to boot!

As long as I can live, I le never do't.

Then Fortune hang, hang Jealousie, Disdain,

And Love— I'le live, and never love again.

The Time, the Hour, the Solitariness of the Place, the Voice and Skill, with which the unseen Person sang, so charm'd the Ears of the Hearers, that they determin'd to find out the Musician, and proffer him their Service; but hearing the same Voice begin another Ayr, they were easily induc'd to stop, and list'n to the following Words.

Never consider'd that Love was a Cheat, When first I began to woe; But now I confess I find it, too late, That Pleasure and Intrest govern below.

Mencourt not the Virgin, but meerly the Action, And all to procure a Self-latisfaction; And now too, the Virgins are all grown so wary, I hat only for Riches and Honour they'l marry.

Such a Fool was I once to woe, and to court, And thought my felf sure of my Mistress's Heart; But when the Duke's Son came once to appear, Away was I sent with a Flea i my Ear.

The Poets therefore were a Number of Owls, To make such a stir with a Baby-fac'd Chit; Employing Priapus to scare the wild Fowls, That rules both our Love, our Reason and Witz

Priapus the Father of all the Graces, He's th' only Beginning and End of our woing; Your Oaths, and Protests, and alluring Grimaces, They all do but end in kissing and doing. And then for the Maid, 'tis th' Estate she would have, The Coach and Six Horses her Love do encourage; But alas! for if either do either deceive, Love presently cools like a Mess of Beef-Porridge.

There's nothing but Vertue the Object of Love, Nor Beauty, nor Colour, Love minds i' the least, They'r are only the Idols of Pleasure, by Jove, Where th' Altar's Desire, Priapus High Priest.

Ah! had I consider'd these things before, I had never run mad in Sierra Morena; Then Fondness and Kindness go both to Gehenna, For as a true Lover I'le never court more.

This Sonnet concluded with a deep Sigh, and Throbs so loud and vehement, that the Curate and Barber, touch'd with Compassion and Curiosity, resolv'd to find out who this distressed Songster was. Nor was it long before they discover'd at the foot of a Rock, a Man whose Shape and Aspect answer'd directly to the Description which Sancho had giv'n of Cardenio, who spying them two, stop'd short, and stood with his Chin upon his Breass, like one in a prosound Study, never so much as lifting up his Eyes to mind what they did. The Curate, who was a very charitable Person, went toward him, and in most obliging Language earnessly besought him, to abandon such a desert Solitude, and a Course of life so forlorn and miserable, which endanger'd his Salvation, that was to be priz'd above all things in this World.

Cardenio was then free from his raving Fits; yet feeing two Persons in a quite different Habit then what was wont to appear in those Desarts, was not alittle furpriz'd at first; but then perceiving that they spoke as if they understood something of his Concerns; Gentlemen, said he, whoe're ye be, I find Heav'n compaffionating my Misfortunes, has brought ye to these unfrequented Wildernesses to recrieve me from this affrightful Retirement, and recover me to the Society of Men. But because you know not so well as my felf, that the end of one Misery will be but the beginning of another; considering my Condition, you may probably take me for some unfortunate Creature that has lost his Reason and Senses: And indeed you have sufficient Cause to think so. For I find by my self, that the Remembrance of my missortunes frequently distracts me to that degree, that I unman my self for the time, and commit those Extravagances, which are only the Effects of irrational Rage and Frenzy. For which, when I happ'n to be rebuk'd and blam'd, I can alledge no other Excuse, but only the Cause of my Misfortune that occasion'd those irregular Actions, and then I tell the Story of my hard Fate, to all that have the Patience to hear it. And therefore, Gentlemen, if you come here with that Intention, I desire ye, before ye go about to perswade me to alter my Course of life, to hear the Relation of my woful Calamities; and then you will fee, whether after so many Sufferings, and so little Consolation among men, I have not Reason sufficient to exile my self from human Converse. Thereupon the Curate and the Barber, who defir'd nothing more then to hear the Story from his own Mouth, with great Importunity requested the Favour of him to gratifie their Curiofity, affuring him, That they had no Defign, but thereby to find what Remedies might be most sutable to his Condition.

Cardenio

Cardenio then began, and went on with the first part of his Story, as has been already related, so far as till Don Quixote, out of his Niceness to observe the Decorum of Chivalry, gave an Interruption to the Relation, by quarrelling about Tom Thumb, and the Queen of Trumps. But Cardenio being now at leisure to finish his Story, and coming to that Passage concerning the Billet-doux sent him by Lucinda, and which Ferdinand sound to

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

be transcrib'd out of Amadis de Gaul, he told em, that as far as he could remember, the Contents of it were these.

Book III.

#### Lucinda to Cardenio

Discover in ye every day new Occasions to value and esteem your Worth. If you will therefore have me discharge this Debt, without serving an Execution upon my Honour, you may do it. I have a Father that knows you, who, without putting any Constraint upon my Will, is ready to condescend to whatever shall be just and honourable. So that now it remains with you to shew that you love me as you pretend, and I believe.

This Letter it was that embolden'd me to demand Lucinda of her Father in Marriage, and made Don Ferdinand have fo good an Opinion of her Wit and Discretion, and put him upon a Design to destroy me, before I could bring my own Defires to pass. I told D. Ferdinand the Scope of the Answer, which Lucinda's Father had giv'n me, That it was for my own Father to propose the business first; which I durst not reveal to my Father, for fear he should put a stop to my Proceedings. Not that he was ignorant of the Quality, Beauty, and Vertue of Lucinda, which were fufficient to entitle her an Ornament to the noblest House in Spain; but because he was unwilling to marry me, till he saw what the Duke would do for me. To remove this Obstacle, D. Ferdinand prosfer'd to speak to my Father, and oblige him to treat with Lucinda's. And now who would have thought that D. Ferdinand, whose Quality and Merit render'd him capable to court the greatest Ladies in the Kingdom, and who pretended so much Kindness and Friendship for me, should lay such a treacherous Design to deprive me of all the Happiness of my life? But so it was; for D. Ferdinand finding my Presence obstructed his Project, the same day that he undertook to speak to my Father, made an absolute Bargain for fix Horses, and presently desir'd me to ride away to his Brother for Money to pay for 'em.' He could no sooner ask, but have of me; so little did I suspect his Treachery. believing him to be a Man of Honour. So that Night I went to take my leave of Lucinda, and to tell her what D. Ferdinand had promis'd to do. She bid me make hafte back again, not doubting but the Business would be done, so soon as the two old Men had parly'd together. But whatever Lucinda had in her mind at that time, I am fure I could fee nothing but Tears in her Eyes; which put me into a great Confusion, not being able to conjecture the Reason of her Discontent, which I could only attribute to the tenderness of her Affection, and unwillingness to part with me.

In short, away I went full of Fears, and jealous Imaginations, for which I could give no reason i'the Earth. I deliver'd D. Ferdinand's Letter to his Brother, who receiv'd me with all the Kindness imaginable, but did not so soon dispatch me. For, to my great Grief, he enjoyn'd me to tarry eight days, and to keep my self private, for fear of being seen by the Duke, for that his Brother had sent for Money unknown to his Father. But this was only a trick of D. Ferdinand's to delay my Return; for his Brother

neve

pleas'd.

Thereupon I was about to have return'd without the Money, rather then obey an Injunction so intollerable; not able to endure such a tedious Absence from Lucinda, considering in what a Condition I had left her. But the fear of difobliging my Father, and doing an Action which I could not rationally justifie, prevail'd over my Impatience. Some four days after my Arrival, a Messenger brought me a Letter, which I found came from Lucinda; I open'd it with an aking Heart, surpriz'd that it should be sent by a man o' purpose. However, before I read it, I ask'd the Messenger. Who gave it him, and how long he had been upon the Road? He answer'd me. That paffing by accidentally i' the Street, a very fair Lady, with Tears in her Eyes, call'd me to the Window, and in very great haste; If you be a Christian, said she, as you seem to be, for the Love of God, take this Letter, and carry it, without delay, according to the Direction, but deliver it into the Gentleman's own Hand; and having so said, she threw me a Handkerchief, wherein I found five Guinies, a Jewel, and a Letter; and then having made her a Promise of my Fidelity, she shut the Window.

All the while the Fellow spoke, a thousand Fears, and ominous Jealoufies affail'd me, quaking and shiv'ring, like a man fac'd by a Fiend at Midnight; but at last recollecting my self, I read the Letter, of which these

were the Contents.

ON Ferdinand has been as good as his word, for he has spok'n to your Father; but as the Proverb saies, one word for you, and two for himself. He has demanded me in Marriage, and my Father blinded by the Advantages, which he expects from such an Alliance, has so far consented, that two days hence the Marriage is to be consummated; and that so privately, that only Heav'n and Some of the Family are to be Witnesses. Judge you how much I am concern'd for your sake; and therefore hast'n your Return with all speed: The Issue of this Bustness (hall shew how much I am Your's.

I had no fooner read the Letter, but away I flew, without taking leave. For then it was that I discover'd D. Ferdinand's Treachery, and that he had sent me of his Errand, only to take the Advantage of my Absence. Anger. Love, and Impatience furnish'd me with Wings; so that I got home betimes; and that Evening I found Lucinda at the Window, but I did not meet with that Reception which I expected. Cardenio, said she, my Wedding clothes are on, and they expect me in the Hall to complete the Ceremony. Yet know, my Father, the Traitor Ferdinand, and the rest, may be Witneffes of my Death, but never of my Nuptials. Ne're trouble thy felf, my dear Cardenio! for if Intreaties and Words will not prevail, this Dagger shalldo me Justice; and the Period of my life shall be an undeniable Proof of thy Love and my Fidelity; and I would have thee, if thou canst, be present to behold the Sacrifice. Let thy Deeds, Lucinda, cry'd I, make good thy Words: For if thou carry'ff a Dagger to preserve the Truth of thy Vows and Protestations, I wear a Sword, which if it be not able to defend us. I will turnit upon my own Breaft, rather then out-live my Shame. I cannot tell whether Lucinda heard me, for she was call'd away in great hafte: at what time fuch was my Confusion, that my Eyes, and my Senses fail'd me both at one time. But at length recovering my felf, and confidering the Promise I had made, and withal, how useful I might be to her at fuch a time of need; I got into the House, being then all in a hurry,

undiscover'd by any body, and plac'd my self behind the Hangings in the Hall, where two pieces of Tapestry joyn'd, and gave me liberty to see, yet not be feen.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

131

Ferdinand enter'd the Hall in his usual Habit, with only a Coulin-German of Lucinda's, the rest were the People of the House. Soon after appear'd Lucinda her felf, accompany'd by her Mother, and attended by two of her Maid Servants, in a Drefs befitting her Quality, and answerable to the Solemnity of the Ceremony; but notwithstanding all her Pomp, her Pearls

and Jewels were all eclips'd by the Lustre of her Beauty.

And now all Parties being met, the curfed Priest enter'd, and taking the two betroth'd Persons by the Hands, he ask'd Lucinda. Whether the were willing to take D. Ferdinand for her wedded Husband? With that I thrust out my Head from between the two Tapestries, and listen'd attentively to hear Lucinda's Answer; which I look'd upon as the Sentence of my Life or Death. Wretch that I was! Who hinder'd me then from shewing my felf, and putting Lucinda in mind of her Promise? Who prevented me from laying before her what she ow'd me, and letting her see how she ruin'd me by her Silence? Who hinder'd me from taking my full Revenge upon D. Ferdinand, the Troubler of my Life's Tranquility, when my Honour and my Love lay at Stake?

All this while the Priest tarry'd for Lucinda's Answer, who was a long time before she gave it: And I expected when she would make use of her Dagger, to disengage her self from the Labyrinth she was in, or plead her former Vows and Protestations, and plighted Troth to my Advantage. But woe is me! at length with a faint and low Voice I heard her pronounce the fatal Yes; and then Ferdinand saying the same, gave her the Ring by which the indiffoluble Knot was ty'd. Which done, the Villain Bridegroom flepp'd forward to embrace his Bride, who laying her Hand upon her Heart,

fwooned away in her Mother's Arms.

Book III.

You may eafily conjecture the Confusion I was in, seeing the Falshood of Lucinda's Promises, all my Hopes frustrated, and my self, with the saying of one Word, depriv'd of the fole Happiness and Treasure of my Life. I look'd upon my felf to be the Object of Heaven's Wrath, that had abandon'd me to the Cruelty of my Destiny; the Abomination of the Earth that gave me Being, while the Air deny'd me Breath sufficient for my Sighs, and

the Water Moissure to Supply my Eyes.

Lucinda's Swooning troubl'd the whole Company, and her Mother having unlac'd her to give her Air, found in her Bosom a Paper seal'd up; which, when Ferdinand had open'd and read, he sate down in a Chair with all the Signs of Melancholy and Discontent, as if he had forgot the Disaster of his new marry'd Bride. For my own part, I was resolv'd at first, to have fatisfy'd my Resentment in punishing the Perfidiousness of that Traitor Ferdinand, which I might easily have done, considering the Disorder and Confusion i'the House at that time. But Heav'n that reserves me perhaps for greater Misfortunes, allow'd me the use of that small Remainder of my Senfes, which afterwards quite forfook me; so that I left the House quietly and peaceably, refolving to inflict the Punishments due to them upon my felf, for trufting to the Faith of Mankind.

The very fame time I left the Town, and as I rode along under the Protection of Night and Silence, I vented my Passion in Execrations against the false and treacherous Ferdinand, and in no less loud Complaints of ingrateful

S 2

and perjur'd Lucinda's Cruelty.

The next Morning I found my felf at the foot of these Mountains, where I wander'd for three Days together, without observing any Road, till at last meeting with certain Shepherds in the adjoyning Meadows, I enquir'd the way to the most desart and solitary part of the Mountain. When I came to the foot of these Rocks, my Mule, quite tir'd and famish'd, fell down dead; and I my felf was fo weak, and cast down, that I could hardly stand upon my Feet. This I remember, that finding my felf in that languishing Condition, I threw my felf upon the Grafs, where I lay stretch'd forth like a Corps; but when I rose again, I could not perceive I had any Appetite to eat; by which I conjecture, that the Shepherds had giv'n me fome fort of Sustenance, tho I were not sensible of their Relief: And they told me afterwards, in what a miserable Condition they found me, raving and tearing, that they thought me quite out o' my Wits. And indeed, to tell ye the truth, I have not found my felf perfectly in my Senses never fince; while my distracted Thoughts have hurry'd me to commit a Thousand Extravagances; tearing my Clothes, filling the Air with loud Curses, Lamentations, and Repetitions of Lucinda's Name, with no other Design then to expire in the pronouncing it; and when I came to my self, I found my felf weary and tird, as if I had rid a hard trotting Horse for fifty Miles together. My Mansion-house is generally a hollow Cork-tree, where the Shepherds and Goat-herds leave me their Charity for the Support of my Life; for Nature is still in her Wits, tho Cardenio be mad. Sometimes these honest People meet me in my lucid Intervals, and check me for robbing 'em of their Provision, and abusing their Servants, especially being so liberal of their own accords: Which was a great Affliction to me, and then I promis'd amendment for the future, tho my wild Humour would not fuffer, me many time to be fo good as my word.

Thus Gentlemen, do I lead a miserable life, expecting when Heaven will either put a Period to my days, or raze out of my Remembrance the Beauty and Ingratitude of Lucinda, and Ferdinand's Persidiousness. In the mean time, I beg of Heav'n to look upon me with an Eye of Compassion, since I cannot believe such a Course of life as this, can be any way pleasing to God; tho I am not able to resolve any thing of my self, under the Load of these Missortunes that overwhelm me, and surmount the Strength of

my Reason.

Here Cardenio having made an end of his doleful Story, and such a frank Confession, that the Curate was about to have giv'n him Absolution; when of a sudden they heard the mournful Accents of another sad Complaint, which prickt up their Ears to new Attention; of which you shall have a true account in the Fourth Book. For Cid-Hamet-Benengeli will not admit the Third Part to reach any farther.



Don Quixot's Inchantment, page 243.



Don Quixot Arrested, and carried home in a Cage page 255. 26i.

#### THE

# FOURTH BOOK

Of the most Ingenious KNIGHT,

# Don Quixote

# MANCHA:

# PART I. BOOK IV.

### CHAP. I.

Of the new and pleasant Adventure which befell the Curate and the Barber in the Black Mountain.

Oft fortunate were those Times, and happy was the Womb that brought into the World the bold and valiant Don Quixote de la Mancha, whose steady Resolution to restore to the World the almost lost, and, as it were, deceased Order of Knight-Errantry, gives us a blessed Opportunity in this our Age, quite bankrupt of Passime for the mind, to enjoy not only the Pleasure of his delightful Story, but also other Comical Novels and Tales. We told ye, that the Curate intending a Chapter of Consolation to Cardenio, was prevented by a Voice that loudly breath'd forth the doleful Moans of a troubl'd Mind, in these Words. 'Heav'ns! is it possible, that I have at length found out a lurking Hole, wherein to conceal my felf from the Eyes of all Mankind, and where to bury this pon-'derous Load of Flesh and Garbage; a Burthen too heavy for my oppressed Soul? How happy am I to find in these mountainous Solitudes that Repose and Tranquility, which is not to be found among Men; and where I may have Liberty to tell Heavin a piece o' my mind, and condole the Misfortunes with which I am unjustly over-whelm'd. Compassionate Heavin. hear my Complaints! 'tis to you that I address my felf; for Men are Fools and Knaves, and you alone can give me Confolation, and tell me in plain 'English what I have to do. Thereupon the Curate and his Company, curious to know what Son of Tribulation it was that utter'd these doleful Lamentations, follow'd their Noses, where their Ears directed 'em. Nor

Book IV.

136

had they gon above twenty Paces, before they spy'd a young Lad to all outward Appearance, fitting at the foot of a Rock, under an Ash-tree. He was clad in a Countrey-habit, but his Face they could not fee, being bow'd almost upon his Knees, as he sate washing his Feet in a clear and purling Stream that glided gently by. They approach'd him fo foftly, that he never perceiv'd 'em; so that they had the leisure to survey a pair of Thighs fo plump, fo white, fo well-shap'd, that nothing could appear more beautiful. A Spectacle that strangely surpriz'd em in a person, whose Clothes discover'd him to be no other then some Gardiner, or Farmer's Son. Bless us, quo they! fuch Thighs, fuch Legs, and Alablafter-Feet as those, were never made to follow Plough tails, or tread Gard'n plats. Thereupon the Curate, who began to smell a Rat, becken'd to the rest of the Company to go and hide themselves behind the Rock: Which they did, and from thence making a stricter Observation, they found the young Stripling had on a Russet Coat of coarse Kentish Cloth, ty'd about his Waste with a kind of a long Linen Neckcloth, inflead of a Scarf, and a pair of Breeches of the same, together with a Sailor's Thrum-Cap button'd up o' one side, and lin'd underneath with green Taffaty; all Sunday's Apparrel, before George, After he had wash'd his Lilly white Toes, he wip'd em with a Napkin which he pull'd out of his Codpiece. But then looking up, What d' ye think they discover'd? No parts of Distinction, I beg your Favour for that, but fuch a matchless Face, that Cardenio cry'd out, This is either Lucinda, or an Angel from Heaven. By and by the young Lad taking off his Cap, and shaking his Head, such a lovely Quantity of dishevel'd Venus hair cover'd all his Shoulders, and thence fell down to his Feet, so thick and Sunbeam like, that it was apparent they had mistak'n a Corydon for an Amarrillis, a young Lad for a young Damfel, and one of the fair'st that ever Eyes beheld, except it were Lucinda, for that Cardenio would by no means allow. Instead of a Comb to disintangle her Hair, she made use of her Fingers, which by consequence were very small. That Accident made another Discovery of her Arms and Hands, surpassing in whiteness all the Ermins, or Snow that ever fell from the Sky. Which aftenishing Beauties so ravish'd their Admiration, and encreas'd their Curiosity, that they resolv'd to accost her, and see who she was. The young Lady hearing a Noise, peep'd through her Hair, as through a Window, and feeing three Men coming toward her, only flay'd to take up a little Bundle which she had. and betook her felf to her Heels with all the speed she could. But her bare tender Feet not being able to endure the rudeness of the Stones, down she fell, poor Soul - so that the Curate easily over-taking her - Lady, said he, whoever you are, fear nothing; here are none but fuch as would be glad to serve you to the utmost of their Power. But then perceiving her still to stand as if she had met her Grandfather's Ghost; Your dishevell'd Hair, Madam, quo the Curate, has discover'd what your Difguise conceal'd from us: Which, however, did but render us the more compassionate of your Misfortunes, or make us the more ready to affist ves therefore Madam dispel your needless Fears, and tell us how our Service may be most to your Advantage. I know better then to think it was a flight Occasion that made you put on this Disguise and venture, so sweet a Lady as you are, into this same solitary Desart, where it was the greatest Miracle in the World that e're you met with us. However, we hope it is not impossible to find a Remedy for your Misfortunes, fince there is none so violent, which Reason and Time will not at length surmount. And therefore, Madam, if you have not abfolutely renounc'd all Confolation and Advice

of Mankind, I befeech ye tell us the Caufe of your Sorrows, which 'tis not Curiofity, but a real Intention to ferve her, that makes us thus importunate to know.

All the while the Curate was making his Complements, the Lady stood like one in a Trance, staring upon the three Strangers, as if they had been fo many Apparitions with white Sheets and Torches i' their Hands. But at length the civil Curate having given her time to recollect her felf, and still plying her with new Crumbs of Comfort, and warm Offers of Hand and Tongue to serve her, she fetch'd a deep Sigh, and then opening the Coral-Gates of her Lips, brake Silence in this manner. 'Since these solitary Mountains, said the, have not been able to conceal me, but that my Hair has betray'd me, it will be in vain for me to play the Counterfeit any longer with you that can tell. I fee, an Apple from an Oyster. And since you defire to hear the Rehearfal of my Misfortunes, it would be an Ingratitude to to repay your civil Offers with the Refusal of a lamentable Story; the Re-Thearfal of which will be so far a Kindness to me, that thereby I shall make 'ye the equal Judges of my Condition; and whether it be possible for a Mind fo diffracted as mine, ever to admit of Consolation in this World. There is one thing that troubles me more, that I must reveal to ye certain 'Secrets which I had thought to have bury'd with me in the Grave: But I am ' forc'd to do it, that you may not think I parted with my Honour for the ' fight of half a score Plays, or as many Spring-Garden Treatments, but at the Price of more Vows and Protestations then would fill a Church; and 'which, I make no Question, but that they will one day turn to the Ruine of that treacherous Soul that made and broke 'em. When the Damfel had thus faid. The Curate and his Company modefuly left the young Madam Epicene to put on her Hose and Shoes, and tie up her Locks; and having found out a convenient Shade, fate down full of Expectation. Nor did the Lady make 'em flay a jot, but being as willing to be rid of her Story, which most distressed Ladies are, as they were to hear it, she made all imaginable Expedition; only for fear she should be long in her Repetition, first made water, and then taking her place, thus began:

'I was born in a certain City of Andaluzia, from which a certain Duke derives his Title, that entitles him to be a Grandee of Spain. My Father. 'who is one of his Tenants, is none of the most wealthy Men in the Coun-'try; and yet not so poor neither but that if Fortune had equall'd his Birth to his Estate, he could have wanted nothing more, and I perhaps had never been so miserable: For most assuredly twas my Ruine that my Parents were not sufficiently illustrious. For Lords will marry Farmers Daughters 'for Money; but when they have got their Dust, then they kick 'em out o' their Beds, because they can't behave themselves, and complement like 'your Ladies born, forfooth. And yet my Parents were not fo meanly born neither, that they should be asham'd of their Gentility. 'Tis true, d they have been Farmers from Father to Son, yet without any mixture of ' Ale-draper or Tripe-woman: They are good old Christians, and their Antiquity in the Parish-book, together with their large Possessions, and the Port they live in, as having been Fore-men of the Grand-Jury for feveral Ages, exalts em above their Profession, and sets em above many Knights and Squires i the World. Now I being their only Heiress, they lov'd me entirely, and loving me entirely, they left the whole house to my Dispo-· fal. The Dairy-maids, Cook-maids, Chamber-maids, were all at my 6 Command: I kept the Key of the Spice and Sugar, lock'dup the cold Ve-\* nison-Pasties, and Florentines: and in a word, I had my full Swinge of

Liberty and Dominion. The time which I had to spare from over-looking the making of the Butter and Cheese, raising of Paste, seeding the Poultry. 'and fuch other Family-duties; I employ'd in mendingmy Father's Linen, and working new Points for my Pinners, and Gorget to wear o' Holy days; nor 'did I ever leave my Work, unless it were fometimes to read alittle in Ari-' ftotle's Problems, or the Lady's Calling, or fome other profitable Book; and 'now and then to play a Leffon upon the Virginals, understanding that 'Musick was very proper to recreate the weary'd Spirits of either Sex. And 'this was then the innocent Life I led.

'While I thus liv'd the life of a Nun, employ'd in my Huswifery, not feeing any body all the Week-long, but our own Family, and only to Church ' and home again a Sundays, close at my Mother's Heels, and that fo ' muffl'd and hooded, that I could fcarce find my way; the Report went 'abroad that I was very handsom, which was the Reason that Courtship 'troubl'd the Tranquility of my Life. For it feems that the Dukes fecond Son, whose Name was Don Ferdinand, had a fight of me, by what Acci-

'dent I know not, when I least dreamt of any fuch thing.

Scarce had Cardenio heard the Name of Don Ferdinand repeated, when he chang'd Colour, and discover'd such a Commotion of Body and Mind, that the Curate and the Barber were afraid he would have fall'n into one of his mad Fits. But it did not come to that, he only fet himself to consider the fair Country-Lass, fixing his Eyes wistfully upon her, and viewing her earnestly to see whether he knew her again; while she, without taking any farther Notice of Cardenio's Disturbance, continu'd her Story.

He had no sooner seen me, faid she, but as I was afterwards told, he felt in his Breaft that violent Passion, of which he made me afterwards ' fo many Vows and Protestations. In a word, not to tell ye a tedious Story of all his Complements, his Crown-pieces flew about the House like Birds ' in an Aviary. He won all the Servants with his Money; he made my Father 'a thousand Offers of Court-preferment, and promis'd him the Priviledge 'to whisper i'the King's Ear, like Mahomet's Pigeon; my Mother too, was to be Mother o' the Maids: I could not fleep all Night for the Noise of 'Fiddles at my Window, and every Day Feafting, and Fish-Dinners at the 'Tavern. And then for your Billet-doux's, as ye call 'em, or little Lovenotes, full of Honey and Tenderness, passionate Oaths, Vows, Protesta-'tions, Submissions, and Imprecations; I could have spar'd a Bushel to an Apothecary to make up his Pennyworths of Diofcordium; but alas, I was 'not then to be tickl'd, like a Trout under the Belly; all his Sedulities and 'Flatteries were so far from winning my Affection, that I hated Don Fer-' dinand like a Viper, and could have eat'n him with Salt. Not but that I was pleas'd well enough, I must tell ye, with his Presents of Jessomin 'Gloves, and Ribbands, the Neck-lace, and Gold Watch that he gave me. and was not alittle proud to find my felf belov'd by a Person of his Quality. For Maidens are pleas'd with Court ship, and the most disdainful can-'not but be a little Complaisant to those that tell 'em they are handsom. 'But the Disproportion between our Qualities was such, that I could never believe he courted me for a Wife, but rather for a Miss; and truly I was brought up too piously to be anyman's Pleasure-boat, how great soever. Nay, the very Admonitions of my Father quite turn'd my Stomach against 'my Lover; for he made a right Construction of Don Ferdinand's Intentions, and bid me have a care of him, as one that fought his own Satisffaction, rather then my Advantage; and tho I say it, that should not say it. I was as ca eful of my Reputation as my Father could be for his life. How-

ever, my Father perceiving that I was still disturb'd, and troubl'd, and uneasie: and believing that the itching Desire of being a Lady, might at 'length trip up my Heels before I was aware, told me one day, That he ' had a great Confidence in my Vertue, and that I needed no other Amu-'nition then that to defend my Fort against Don Ferdinand's Assaults ; wet 'if I thought there were no other way to make him raise his Siege then by 'Marriage, I should have Liberty to make my own Choice among my 'Neighbours; and that he would promote my good Intentions, with all the 'Affection that could be expected from a loving Father. I thank'd him for his Kindness, and made him answer, That having no Inclination to mar-'ry, I would think of some other way to rid my self of Don Ferdinand, without running out of the Frying-pan into the Fire. Thereupon I re-'folv'd to keep my felf so close and retir'd, that he should never have the Opportunity to come into my Company; or if he did speak to me, never to answer him a word. But the more cautious I was, the more my Re-' ferv'dness inflam'd his impetuous Lust; for I can call it no other, since if it had been true Love, I had never come hither to tell you my Tale. Well elet that pass—the Sequel was this; That D. Ferdinand either hearing or fuspecting I was to be marry'd, to the Ruine of all his Hopes, he thought 'upon a Contrivance to cross a Design so destructive to his wicked Pur-

poses. 'One night therefore, when I was in my Chamber with none but a Maid that serv'd me, and the Door lock'd and bolted so fast, that I would ha 'Iworn all the Betties in Town could not have unhing'd it, who should ' stand just before me but D. Ferdinand. Which sudden and unexpected Apparition put me into fuch a dreadful Amaze, that my Joints were 'numm'd, my Senses forsook their Habitations, and my very Speech was 'frighted out of my Mouth. Thereupon D. Ferdinand taking the Advan-'tage of my Weakness and my Astonishment, did not, Ple say that for 'him, offer me any Rudeness at that time, but clasping me in his Arms, so be-moan'd me, so condol'd me, so my Poor-rogu'd me, so my Be-dear'd me, 'fo repented his Folly, fo begg'd my Pardon, then blubber'd, then cry'd, then figh'd, and so dextroully manag'd his Passions, his Tears, and his dissembl'd Kindnesses, that I being but young, and at that very Age, God 'is my Witness, when Maidens are most subject to be deceiv'd, gave Credit to his Sobs and Sighs, that vouch'd for his Integrity; fo that his Sighs and Tears, and Tears and Sighs, I say his bitter Moans and Lamentations 'at length, Gentlemen, vanquish'd a little my Reluctancy, and I began in fome measure to compassionate his Sufferings. And yet for all that, when I began to come to my felf, my former Resolutions return'd; and then 'frowning, and louring, and pouting, and angry, as it became me; Sir, faid I, if at the same time that you give me all these Testimonies of your Af-'fection, you will allow me the Choice either to love you, or poison my 'felf; I deslare it, I would rather chuse Rats-bane, then be your Landabrides; for I would have ye to know, I prefer my Honour before my Life. I know not what ye mean. Sir, by thus rudely breaking into my Privacies, so pre-'judicial to my Vertue. And therefore unhand me quickly, and be gone, or else as, I live, I'le cry out Murder - and then I make no question, but all 'the Pitch-forks i' the Village will come to my Rescue. What! because my Father pays your Father a Quit-rent; I am no Slave to you, nor your Fa-'ther neither. Don't ye think to dazle me with your fine Clothes, nor ' your gaudy Titles. For I le not be a Miss to e're a huffing Lord of ye all. 'I am not to be caught by fine words, nor spring'd with high-flown Com-

olements. No, no, - my Lord, I am not to be fo easily coax d out of my Maiden-head. In short, my Will is solely at my Father's Disposal, whoever my Father makes choice of, he's the Man for my Money. Therefore, Sir. if you would have me believe ye have such a real Affection for me. \*leave haunting and teazing me thus to no purpole. For fince I am too mean to be your Wife, and you too great to be my Husband, ne're pretend a Kindness for me, that can never be found at the Bottom. How! Mrs. Dorothy, cry'd the perfidious Ferdinand, cannot I be your Husband-? 'Pray, where's the Hind'rance, if you but fay the word? If that be all Mrs. Dorothy, I'le marry thee presently, here's my hand upon't - And may I be bury'd without a clean Shirt, if I don't fpeak Truth.

Cardenio was no less surprized at the Name of Dorothy, then he was at the Name of D. Ferdinand; for it confirmed him in the Suspicion which he had at the Beginning of the Story. However, he would not interrupt her, because he was willing to hear the end of it. Only thus much, said he, is your Name Mrs. Dorothy-? I have heard of a young Gentlewoman. whose Misfortunes have a great Resemblance with yours. I ha' done, Madam, pray proceed—for I believe I shall quit scores wi' ye by and by.

With that Mrs. Dorothy made a stop to study Cardenio's Face; and obferving him in fuch a tatter'd Condition- Pray, Sir, faid the, if you know any thing that concerns me, let me know it presently; for I am Proof against all the Flails of Misfortune. Nay- to tell ye truth, my Misforfortunes have been such as have render'd me insensible of all manner of fear. My Name might be Grizle for my Patience. Faith, Madam, reply'd Cardenio, I would tell ye all that I know, and perhaps more then I know, were I fure my Conjectures were true. But its no matter, Lady, 'twill be time

enough an hour hence; and therefore I befeech ye proceed.

'Then Mrs. Dorothy resuming her Discourse: After a thousand amorous Raptures and Resolutions to marry me, quo she, Don Ferdinand gave me his Hand, and having plighted his Troth to me, he took a little Agnus Dei 'that was in my Chamber, to be Witness of the Contract; and confirm'd it with more Oaths then a Boat-swain swears in a Storm. However, before I engag'd my felf too far. I advis'd him to have a care how he fuf-'fer'd an unruly Paffion, and a little Snout fairness to hurry him to his 'Ruine. Be not fuch an ungracious Rebel either to difgrace or incense 'your Father, said I, to see you marry'd to a Person so much below your Descent; and let not the heat of your Codpiece transport ye to an Act, of which the Repentance will at length render me miserable. And to these 'I added several other Arguments all to no purpose. For Don Ferdinand all Fire and Tow, bann'd Father, and Mother, and all his Generation; and 'like a Renegado that never minds his Word, fwore he would facrifice his whole Pedigree to his Affections for me. When I faw him so obstinate in his Resolutions, I began to consider what I had to do. Thought I to 'my felf, I am not the first Kitchen-wench that has been made a Lady; I 'had heard of an Inn-keeper's Daughter that became a Dutchess, and of Dukes that have admitted Cinder-women to their Beds. Fortune offers me ' her forelock, 'tis not so nitty, thought I, that I should refuse to take hold of it. Besides, I am sure D. Ferdinand is not the only Person i' the 'World, that has marry'd more for Beauty then Quality or Merit. Here's a 'Husband offer'd me, that Iwears, protefts, and vows the unalterable Bur-'den of his Love shall be always Thine till Death, D. Ferdinand; why 'then should I refuse such a Happiness through squeamish Coyness, since Women were not born altogether into this World for Contemplation? And

then, by my Truly, there was one thing more, that I did not think my felf 'safe alone in D. Ferdinand's Clutches; for, thought I, suppose I should drive him to despair by a nice Refusal, and he resolv'd to satisfie his Passion. Should ravish me, in what a fine Pickle should I be then? Then again I saw him to be young, noble, brisk, airy, proper, hand fom, well limbd, no Cully, nor Town-Fop, but rather a Sharper, witty pleafant, merry good humourd: 'Now when a Maid has as much as the can defire, what would the ha' 'more? here were Temptations warm enough to ha' diffolv'd the Breast of Niobe, after she was turn'd into Stone. And I would fain know. had it been any of your Cases, whether you would not have done, as I did? 'Ask my Maid, whether he did not swear by Whole sale; and whether, if it were possible to tell all the People that ever were born since Noah's Flood. 'he did not out vie their Number in Protestations. So that altho I were 'ruin'd, 'tis true, yet was I not ruin'd either by Folly or Precipitancy. For 'in this fwearing, protefting, vowing, fighing, fobbing, groaning, moan-'ing, lamenting, despairing, imprecating Condition, he class'd me so hard 'in his Arms, and put me into fuch an Agony, that my Maid did but go down for a Glass of small Drink, but there was farewel Frost i' the Case, my Business was done, there was the End of my Virginity, and the Begin-

' ning of his accurfed Treachery.

'I wont say the Maid went but once out of the Room-No-ye don't hear me fay fo—but so soon as it began to grow day, D. Ferdinand was not ' so hasty to come in, but he was as desirous to be gone. For besides that 'my Maid posted him away with all her Industry (for this I'le say for her, and a Fig for her, that tho she had been the cursed Jade that had betrav'd 'me, she was unwilling my Shame should be discover'd. ) Men have that 'Kindness for the Place where they accomplish their wicked Designs, that ' they care not how foon they leave it. However, the Pretence of his hafte was his care of my Reputation, for footh, and with a Coldness that I could 'easily discern from his former heat, he desir'd me not to mistrust his Fide-'lity. All the good Nature he had left, was to pull off a Diamond Ring ' from his Finger, and put it upon mine. A small Recompence of a lewel. God wot, for the Jewel I had loft. In short, away he went, and the Jilt 'of a Carrion, my Maid, let him out into the Street. And now I leave you 'to conjecture in what a Condition I was, when I confider'd what had be-'fall'n me; and knew not well what Appellation I was to give my felf, whether Maid, Wife, or Widow. I was in a manner quite distracted, nor could I tell well what to fay to my Maid, whether I should call her young " mercenary Bawd, or kind Assistant; not knowing whether she had done me Good or Harm. I had told D. Ferdinand before he went, 'twas now Lammas Ground, the Fences were all open, and he might make use of the same means to come again when he pleas'd, till he found it convenient to make 'publick the Honour which he had done me; but he did not come till the 'Night following, and then it seems, so surfeited himself, that I never saw ' him since, neither in the Street, nor at Church, tho I ran the hazard of be-'ing pick'd up in both places, to feek after him for a whole Month together, tho I knew he went a hunting every Day, and had flarted new Game 'in the Neighbourhood. Tis impossible for me to tell ye then what Tem-'prations I had to Halters, Razors, Daggers, Ponds and Rivers, when I found my felf thus fcorn'd and abandon'd by D. Ferdinand. A Slight for 'unexpected, and which I look'd upon as the greatest Missortune that ever 'could be fall me, had like to a' quite overwhelm'd me. Then it was, that 'I found my Maid had been a treacherous, brib'd, unfaithful Pandress to me,

Book IV.

that had fold my Honour for a pair of new Shoes and Stockins, and how dangerous a thing it is to confide either in Men or Maids. I exclaim'd against D. Ferdinand; I left not a Sigh i my Lungs, nor a Tear i my Eyes, and yet could receive no Consolation. And yet I found there was a Necessity for me to conceal my Resentment, for fear my Father and Mother should take me into Examination. But at length I perceiv'd 'twas in vain to counterfeit, for I could no longer hold, when I heard that D. Ferdinand was marry'd i' the next Village, to a handsom, compleat, young Damsel, whose Name was Lucinda.

The Name of Lucinda had like to have put Cardenio into his frantick Firs. but as good luck would have it, he had fuch a Command of himself at that time, that he only shrugg'd up his Shoulders, bit his Lips, and knit his Brows, and then fell a' weeping, as if his Father's Mannor had wanted Rain: Which Mrs. Dorothy not minding, as believing his Tears were not shed for her fake, went on with that which more concern'd her. 'This News 'stripp'd me stark naked of my Patience; Rage and Despair took Livery 'and Seisin o'my Soul, and in the Transports of my Fury I was about to have publish'd D. Ferdinands Disloyalty, tho to the Discovery of my own Shame. 'I know not whether any Remainder of Reason stopp'd these violent Mo-'tions, but if it did I was so drunk with Passion, that I did not perceive it. 'Well—at length I discover'd the Cause of my Grief to a young Shepherd 'that ferv'd my Father: I desir'd him to lend me his Sunday's Clothes, and to go along with me to the Village where I knew D. Ferdinand was. The 'Shepherd, poor fellow, told me, there were more Maids then Maukin, and us'd the best Arguments he had, to hinder me from what I was going 'about, but finding I was resolv'd upon the Point, he affur'd me he was ready to serve me. Thereupon I put on this Habit which you see, made up my Pack, which confifted of some old Gold and Plate, which my God mothers 'had left me, feveral Fairings in Thimbles, Bodkins, and Gold Rings; a 'a round Bag of Thirteen-pence-ha'-penys, Nine-pences, Groats, and Four-'pence-ha'-penys (for I kept all my Father's Butter-Money) fome few 'Sutes of Night clothes; and so about Midnight away the Shepherd and 'I trudg'd. In two Days and a half we got to the Village, where the first 'thing I did, I enquir'd at the Sign of the Cock, a forry Ale-house, where one Mrs. Lucinda's Father liv'd? Twas an ordinary Question, but it pro-'duc'd a great deal more then I had a defire to know. For prefently the Man o' the House told me there had been a great Wedding at Mrs. Lucin-'da's House, and that so publick, that 'twas the whole Discourse of the Village. Withal, he told me what Favers they had, what Money Don Ferdinand gave the Ringers to drink, and a thousand more Circumstances. that made me so mad, I could have tore the Hair from my Head. He told "me farther, how that Mrs. Lucinda swoon'd away when she said, Yes, at 'what time the Priest ask'd her, Whether she would have D. Ferdinand to her wedded Husband? And how that he, after he had cut her Lace to give her more room to breathe, found a Letter under her own hand, wherein fhe declar'd, that she could not be D. Ferdinand's Wife, because she was al-'ready contracted to one Mr. Cardenio, a Gentleman of Quality, living i'the fame Village; and that she had only consented to that Marriage in obedience to her Father. Moreover he told me, that Mrs. Lucinda would have ' kill'd her felf after the Ceremony was over, which appear'd to be true by 'a Dagger that was found about her; and that D. Ferdinand, mad to fee ' himself so deluded, would have kill'd her himself, had he not been preevented by those that were in the Room. He told me moreover, that D.

Ferdinand upon this, presently lest the Village, and that Mrs. Lucinda did not come to her self till the next day, at what time she declard, that she was Cardenio's Wife, and that he and she were contracted before she had ever seen D. Ferdinand. I understood also, that this Cardenio was present at the Wedding, and that thereupon he lest the Village in Despair, only leaving a Letter behind him, wherein he made bitter Complaints of Mrs. Lucinda's Insidelity, and withal, giving it under his Hand, That he would never return again.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

'This was all the Discourse of the Village when I came thither; and by and by we heard that Mrs. Lucinda was not to be found neither, and how her Father and Mother were at their Wits end to know what was become of her. For my part, I was not a little glad when I heard how squares went, for presently I had a vain Conceit that Heav'n took my part, and had thwarted D. Ferdinand's wicked Designs, on purpose to make a Christian of him at length; which put me in hopes, that seeing himself disappointed of Mrs. Lucinda, he would at last return to his forsak'n Mrs. Dorothy, and do like a Man of Quality and Honour.

'Thus I flatter'd my felf, and thus I was willing to flatter my felf, out of 'a Desire to prolong a miserable life; miserable indeed, in being disappoint-'ed of fo much Honour with Pleasure, and so much Pleasure with Honour, 'as I expected to have enjoy'd; which you cannot blame me, if I spar'd for 6 no Pains or Labour to retrieve. But while I was ruminating what to do, ' there was a Hue and Cry came after Mrs. Dorothy. For by and by I heard 'Proclamation made i' the Street, and great Rewards were promis'd to any 'that could bring Tidings of Mrs. Dorothy. There I heard my Person, my Clothes, my Age describ'd, even to the very Mole under my Ear, and the 'Dimple i'my Chin, asif they had study'd nothing but Advertisements; and 'nothing vex'd me, that the Report was, That the poor Shepherd that went 'along with me to carry my Bundle, had carry'd me away with an Intention to "marry me at Pancral's or Mary-bone, as if I had been such a Fool to be stole by emy Father's Plough boy, or to run away with a meer Swain, like a young 'Girl enveigl'd by the Dancing-Master from a Boarding-School; which troubl'd me extremely, that my Father should have such low Thoughts of his Daughter that was hunting after another fort of Game. Thereupon, fee-'ing it was in vain to look any longer for D. Ferdinand, I made all the hafte 'I could, with my Shepherd, out of the Village, fearing least the Tempta-'tion of the promis'd Reward might allure the young Lad to betray me. Being got out of the Village, we never look'd behind us, but like Appren-'tices that have out-stay'd their time of a Sunday's Evening, we straddl'd along fo fast, that before Night we were got into the most desert and soli-'tary part of all this dreadful Mountain, where I think, if the Devil were in Search of us, he could never find us. And thus, tho D. Ferdinand has not 'done the Duty of a Husband, I ha'done the Duty of a Wife, in forfaking Father and Mother to follow him, to whom I thought I had been as good as marry'd.

'However, I cannot fay, but that in the midst of all these my Missfortunes, I had a little good luck, or else y' faith I had paid dear for looking after D. Ferdinand. For that same young Varlet of a Shepherd, that I brought along with me, whether it were out of Kindness, because he found me in such a taking for a Husband, or whether it were through an ill Custom that he had learnt among my Mother's Milk-maids (tho one would have thought his short Commons, and hard Travel, all the while he was with me, should have brought down his Courage) this young Princock, that

"you would have thought couldnot ha' faid Bo to a Goofe, began to talk to me of Love. For you know the Proverb, Opportunity makes a Thief; and this Opportunity he thought he had then in his Hands, while I was all alone 'far from Help; and he as Lusty as he was Rampant, and as Rampant as 'he was Lusty. Ye fawcy Rascal, quo I, how dare you talk thus impudently to your Master's Daughter? What, nothing but up and ride? 'Will nothing but white Bread serve your turn? Tho I have mist God's Bles-'fing, don't you think, Sirrah, that I take you for the warm Sun. Upon 'this, the Ragamuffin of a Shepherd, perceiving there was no good to be 'done by fair means, began to fumble with my Codpiece (for I had no Coats to pull up) and fwore he would feel in his own Breeches. S'life! what. 'nothing but naked Violence, ye Dog, quo I! and with that, re-doubling my Strength, I push'd him down a Rock as high from the Ground, I be-'lieve, as the Dragon upon Bow-Church; and I make no Question, but be-' fore he came to the Ground, his Domicils of Concupifcence were well 'fquash'd. For my part, I never look'd to see what was become of him. but retir'd as far as I could into the thickest part of the Wood to secure my

'The next day I met with a Countrey man, who took me to his House in a Village seated at the foot of the Mountain, and employ'd me in the nature of his Shepherd, with whom I tarry'd a Month, till he with his Colt's Tooth in his Head, having discover'd me to be of the Female Sex, would fain ha' been at the same Sport as my Father's Man; which was the Reason that I lest him two days ago, and rambl'd hither, resolv'd to seek out some place where I might have the Freedom to bewail my Missortumes, till better luck should befall me, or compassionate Heav'n put an end to my miserable Life.

#### CHAP. II.

Where perhaps you may meet with something worth your Reading.

HIS, Gentlemen, is the fad and lamentable Story of a Maiden head meerly thrown away, yet loft without Redemption. And now be you Judges, whether you have any Comfits of Confolation proper to sweeten my Mouth, having swallow'd such bitter Pills of unfortunate, tho undeserved Disappointment. All that I desire of ye, is only this; to tell me whether ye know of e're a Lady that wants a Waiting-Gentlewoman,or e're an old rich Batchelour that lacks a House keeper, where I may spend the Remainder of my days, secure from the Search and Enquiry of my Parents. Not that I sear but that my Father and Mother would be willing to take me again, with all my Faults; only I am assamily to look em i' the Face, after such a Mistake of the good Opinion they had of me.

Here Mrs. Dorothy stopp'd; at what time the Blushes that over-spread her lovely Cheeks, and the Posture she stood in, with her Eyes six'd upon the Ground, were certain Signs of the Discomposure of her Thoughts. And as for the Curate and the Barber, after they had heard her doleful Story, they were strangely concern'd for her, and thought it a very hard Case, that a poor harmless Virgin should be so basely Be-Danger-sielded, and deluded out of the most precious. Jewel which she had in the World, and then be

fo unjust ly and treacherously abandon'd by the Person that had robb'd her of all her Wealth. However, they found that the Lord had been fo kind as to leave her all the Charms of her Wit and Beauty: Which wrought fo effectually upon the Curate, that he was ready to have giv'n her a Homily of Consolation, when Cardenio more full of History then Ale, made bold to interrupt him. How, faid he! Are you that pretty Mrs. Dorothy, the only Daughter of the wealthy Clenard? Mrs. Dorothy strangely surprized to hear her Father's Name in the Mouth of such a Tatterdemallion, as if he had been his Pot-Companion-Well, what then, quo she? Pray, who are you that know my Father fo well? 'Tis well known my Father has born all Offices i' the Parish, from the Scavenger to the Church-warden, and is now i' the Commission o' Sewers. Alas, Madam, quo Cardenio! I ask for no harmmy Name is Cardenio, at your Service, that unfortunate Cardenio, that had Lucinda's Faith in keeping; the very He that she said was her Husband: That miserable Cardenio! (and then he fetch'd a Sigh enough to have turn'd a Wind mill for four Hours together ) that miserable Cardenio! whom D. Ferdinand's Treachery has despoil'd of all his Wits, and all his Wardrobe together. I am the Man, fweet Mrs. Dorothy, that was the unhappy Evewitness (your Information was right, I assure ye) of the fatal Nuptials of D. Ferdinand; and who from that time, full of Trouble and Terror, abandon'd my felf to despair, believing I had for ever lost my dear Lucinda. I faw D. Ferdinand take a Letter out of her Bosom, but not dreaming it would do me a hap'orth a' good, nor being able to brook my Misfortunes. I flung out o' the House, with a Resolution to go and hang my self. But Heaven has preserv'd me, I see, to venture my Neck upon a better score. For having thus made known to me the Justice of your Cause, and Lucin-da's Loyalty, Tie pick up my scatter'd Wits again, quo he, and find out that Traitor of a Lord; and tho I hang for't, either I'le kill him, or he shall kill me, but I'le force him to do the fair Mrs. Dorothy Justice, if Reason and Generofity will not oblige him to it. And this, added he, I fwear to do by the faith of a Gentleman and a Christian. Lord! Mrs. Dorothy was so ravish'd with Joy to hear she should be a Lady again, for all her Missortunes. that she fell down at Cardenio's feet, and would have kiss'd his Worship's Toe, but that Cardenio was more a Courtier then to let her.

On the other fide, the Curate finding he had now two Texts to preach upon, highly applauded Cardenio for his Generofity, and extoll'd Mrs. Dorothy to the Skies for her Gratitude. He also very handsomly invited Mrs. Dorothy to go along with him home to his House and rest her self there for some time; and that in the mean while they would there consult together which was the cleverest way to find out D. Ferdinand; and how to lay their Designs for the best; nay, the very Barber too put in for a share, offering Mrs. Dorothy to be her humble Spaniel to setch and carry for her at any time of the Night or Day, whatever she desir'd. He farther added, That if she were asked of the Small-Pox, as having put her Body out of order with hard Labour and Course Diet, he would let her Blood by way of Prevention, and it should not cost her a Farthing.

After these more then ordinary Civilities paid to fair Mrs. Dorothy, the Barber acquainted Cardenio and Mrs. Dorothy with the Design which had brought the Curate and him to that Place, and gave em an Account of Don Quixote's Extravagancies, whose Squire they staid for, a Shatterbrains, altogether as sit for Bedlam as his Master.

Presently they heard a fellow whistle through his fingers, as if he had been jugging a Company of Foot-padds together. By and by he fell a Yauling

Book IV.

and Holloing, as if he had born Malice to his own Lungs. Oh-yonder he is, I hear him, quo the Curate; and with that, he desir'd the Company that they might go and meet him. For truth to tell ye, faid he, the Bandyleg'd Rogue knows not where to find us, having mis'd us at the place appointed. When they were all together the Curate ask'd him what was become of Don Quixote? Wherever he is, quo Sancho, I found him in his Shirt, as pale as a stale Flounder's Belly, as lean as th' Anatomy in St. John's Colledge-Library, ready to expire for Hunger, yet fighing like an old Woman at a Meeting house for his dear Lady Dulcinea. He repeated her Commands to return and have one tumble more i' the Straw in Tobofo Barn, and acknowledg'd her Commands were to be obey'd more exactly then those of the Grand Signior or Persian Monarch; but then he fell a stamping, and flaring, and Swearing, and damming, and vowing never to fee her Eeauty more, till he had perform'd fome great Atchievement, that might deserve her favour. So that if my Master, added Sancho, lead this life a Fortnight longer, the poor Squire must loose all his Hopes, since 'tis impossible for him to be either Emperor, or King, or so much as an Arch bishop, which was the leaft he could pretend to, if Heaven spar'd him his Life. Ne're trouble thy felf, Sancho, quo the Curate, we'll have him home again in spite of his Teeth; and then turning to Cardenio and Mrs. Dorothy, he inform'd 'em what a Plot the Barber and he had contriv'd to cure Don Quixote, or at least to get him home to his House and Family once more; and then if he would ramble again, the Devil ramble with him, and after him, for them.

Mrs. Dorothy, whom the fresh Hopes of being a Lady, had put into one of those frolick Humours, when she us'd to give her Father's Chaplain cold Pigg, was as arch, and as ready for her Kue, as ever she had been to strew itching Powder i' the Spectacle-maker's Wedding-Sheets, and undertook to act the diffressed Lady her self, to save the Barber the trouble of disguising himself, as being one that had not only acted the same part so lately her self, but had spent many a Night at home in reading Books of Knight-Errantry, wherein she was therefore well skill'd. Briskly offer'd, Madam, quo the Curate, we'll take ye at your word; and now let's to work as fast as we can. Prefently Mrs Dorothy open'd her Pack, and took out her Woman's Apparel. How came it there, you'l fay? Ask no Questions for Conscience-sake; the Story put it in, and that's enough. More then that, 'twas a Manteau of flower'd Satin, with a Petticoat of Silver upon a Ground of green Silk. Nay, there was a Neck lace of Pearl too i'the Case, a white Tower, and feveral Gewgaws of the fame Nature. You fee now how foon a Hiftorian can go into Pater-Noster-Row, buy the Stuff, send it to the Taylors, have it made and put on. And now she that was a young Lad but alittle before, appears to be a Trim-gaudy Lady: So lovely too in the Eyes of Cardenio, the Curate and the Barber, that they all flood in Admiration, that D. Ferdinand should be such a Rascal to abuse her as he had done; swearing withal, that he would be glad to make shift with many a worse before he dy'd.

But he that most admir'd Mrs. Dorothy, was Sancho, he had almost gaz'd his two Eyes out with looking upon her, and wanted two more to fatisfie his enamour'd fancy. For Heaven's fake, quo he, to the Curate, What Lady is this? Make no Enquiries, Sancho, quo the Curate. This Lady dropp'd out of the Clouds but a quarter of an Hour ago, and is the only Heires in a direct Line to the vast Kingdom of Micomicon; she is now come to implore your Master to assist her, and revenge her of an Injury done her by a damn'd Son of a Whore Giant, who, as they fay, is the most famous and desperate Robber

Robber in all Guiney. All in good time, the's hearrily welcome. crv'd Suncho, the was happy in feeking, but far more happy in finding — Welcome Joan Sanders - welcome - welcome -. Now if my Mafter can be so happy as to kill this Monster with thirty Ribs of a side, we are all made for ever. I must consess he's alittle out o' Case at present; but if I had my Will and Money enough, a' should eat nothing but Marrow-bones and Chines o' Beef; for second Course nothing but stew'd Oysters, Potato's, and Eryngo's, and drink nothing but Nottingham-Ale and Chocolate for this Month together, and then let him but drink a good Morning's Draught upon the Day of Battel, and you shall see him piss down the Giant. On the other side, Mr. Curate, be you sure that this Massy Giant do not prove an Apparition; for upon my faith, I know it by Experience, my Mafter has no Power over Apparitions; an Apparition will make him run, as some of your Hears will run from a Custard held out upon the point of their Adversaries Sword. But Mr. Curate, quo Sancho, I have one favour more to beg of ye-For the Lord's fake, be fure to put my Master out of conceie with all Arch-bishopricks; for what shall I get by his being an Arch-bishop? I know not what to do i' the Church; I can hardly say my Prayers, much less do I know when to cry Amen, or how to fet a Pfalm. And therefore to rid me of all my fears, and bar up the Church Doors eternally against him, perfwade him to marry this Princess, and that you know will bring him into the high Road to be an Emperor, or a King at least. Besides, here's such an Opportunity put into his Hands, as if the Heavins themselves had defigured him him for a Throne. And therefore, I fay, let him cast off all Thoughts of an Arch-bishoprick; and before he affift this Princels, advise him to make his Bargain wifely, and to get it under Hand and Sealthe'l lie with him before-hand, I warrant ye, to be rid of this villainous Giant - and then you may be fure she'll ne're refuse him marriage - Prav. Mr. Curate, what's her Name, that I may know what to call her when fine's my Mistress? They call her, quo the Curate, the Princess Micomicona: But her Kingdom being call'd Micomicon, I know not whether the derives her Name from her Kingdom, or her Kingdom from her. She from the Kingdom, no doubt, quo Sancho; for the Kingdom must of necessity be ancienter then she; seeing that if her Father had not been King of Micomicon, she could not as Heiress, have been Princess of Micomicon. Law-ye-now, Mr. Curate, I am so much a Schollard, as to understand that: And therefore I am apt to believe it is a Law i' that Countrey, that the eldest Daughters must always carry the Name of the Kingdom, and that they have been call'd Micomicona's ever fince 'twas a Kingdom; that was before Julius Cafar's time. I warrant ye some of the Herald-Painters at the back-side of the Exchange could resolve this Riddle; but 'tis no matter at present- Pray, Mr. Curate, mind the main Chance. Thou speak'st like a man of Reason. Sancho, quo the Curate, and a prudent Councellour; and I'le affure thee, fince thou haft hit on't so luckily, I'le promote the Match to the utmost o'my Power. Which Promise of the Curate gave great Satisfaction to the faithful Squire, who fought nothing more then his Master's Interest.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

By this time Mrs. Dorothy was mounted upon the Parson's Mule; so that now the Barber, having most artificially re-transmogrify'd his Frontispiece with his false Beard, nothing remain'd but to renew their Aumonitions to Sancho, to take care how he spoil'd a good Plot, by taking the least Cognizance of his Acquaintance, which would be the Ruine both of all his Hopes, and his Master's Empire. As for Cardenio, he thought it better to tarry behind; for belides that, it was none of his Concern, he was unwilling to be cudgell'd,

Cudgell'd, if Don Quixote, knowing him again, should go about to revenge the thump he had giv'n him upon the Breast a little before. The Curate also, finding no need of his affistance, resolv'd to stay with Cardenio. Only the Princess Micomicona, her Squire, and the great Sancho, fet for-

After they had jogg'd fair and foftly on for about three quarters of a League, they fpy'd Don Quixote among the Rocks, having by this time made himself ready, if he might be said to be ready without his Armour. Presently Mrs. Dorothy, understanding that he was the Person, whipp'd on her Palfrey; and when she drew near Don Quixote, her Squire alighted. and took her from her Saddle. No fooner was fhe upon her feet, but she was as foon upon her knees before the Knight; at what time embracing his Thighs, in spight of all the Champion's Lord! Madam's, Pray Madam's, I befeech yee Madam's, Good Madam's, What d' mean Madam's, to the contrary. 'Most Valiant and Invincible Knight, said she, never will I rise from this 'place, till your Generofity has granted me a Boon, which will redound to your Honour, and the Relief of the most unfortunate and most afflicted Lady that ever the Sun shone upon. And indeed, if it be true what Fame 'resounds abroad to distant Nations of your Valour, and the strength of your 'Arm, you are bound by the Laws of Honour and the Knighthood which 'you profess, to succour a miserable Lady, that led by the loud Fame of your Great Atchievements, comes from the t'other end of the World to

'implore your Protection.

148

Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, I was neither born at Hoggs-Norton, nor at Taunton-Dean, that I should be such a Clown to talk to so fair a Lady, kneeling to my Person. Rife therefore, Madam, and deliver your Commands to your Servant upon equal Terms. No, most Illustrious Knight, my knees shall first grow to the Ground, reply'd the afflicted Princess, unless you shall be pleas'd to grant me the Favour which I humbly request. I grant it then, fair Lady, quo Don Quixote, provided it be nothing to the differvice of my King, my Country, and that Matchless Beauty that keeps the Key both of my Heart and Liberty. My Honour, cry'd the mournful Lady, lies at stake; 'tis quite another business. With that Sancho closing up to his Mafter, and whifp'ring him in the Ear, 'Slife, Sir, grant it, grant it, I tell ye—'tis a Trifle; nothing but to kill a pitiful lowfie Giant — He is not above four yards about, and fourteen foot high; ye may push him down with a Taylor's Bodkin - And she that implores this favour at your Hands is the Princess Micomicona, Queen of the great Kingdom of Micomicon in Ethiopia. Let her be what she will, reply'd Don Quixote, I'le do what I please; and what my Conscience, and the Rules of my Profession oblige me to. And then turning to the Lady, Rife, Madam, I befeech ye, cry'd he, I grant ye the Boon which your Illustrious Beauty Commands. Alas, Sir, the Courtesie which I beg from your Magnanimous Valour. matchless Knight, reply'd the Lady, is only this; That you will be pleas'd to go along with me whither I shall conduct ye, and promise me not to engage in any other Adventure, till you have aveng'd me of a Traytor that Usurps my Kingdom, contrary to all Law, both Divine and Humane. I promise ye, most Illustrious Lady, the utmost of my Assistance; and therefore be of good comfort, and chase impertinent Sadness from your Heart: for by the Aid of Heaven and this my strong Arm, I doubt not but to restore ye to your Right, maugre all the Cowardly Miscreants that dare oppose me. Let us then hasten our Performance; Delays are dangerous, Madam, and are many times the disappointment of great Atchievements. With

that the Princess did all she could to have kiss'd his Hand; however he that was fo much a Knight, a Gentleman, and a Courtier, would by no means fuffer fuch a Submission in so great a Lady: But having rais'd her up upon her feet, embrac'd her with a most Majestick Grace; and at the same time call'd to Sancho for his Arms. Prefently Sancho went and shook 'em down from a young Ash, where they hung as if it had been an Armour-Tree. And now Don Quixote being like a Heater in a Smoothing-Ir'n, all compleatly Cas'd, Come on, faid he, let us go and fuccour this Illustrious Princess, and employ the Strength and Courage Heav'n has bestow'd upon Us,

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

to the Ruine of her Enemies.

Book IV.

The Barber, who was all this while upon his knees, and had enough to do to keep a Guard upon himself, for sear of Laughing, or letting fall his Beard, which would have been the utter ruine of the whole Design, seeing what hast Don Quixote made to be gone, rose up, and taking the Princess by one Hand, while Don Quixote took her by the other, they both together fet her upon her Mule. Then the Invincible mounted his Prancing Rofinante; at what time the Barber also bestradling his Mule, they began to jog on. Only poor Sancho, methinks my Heart bleeds for him, was forc'd to walk a foot; and fuch was the barbarousness of the rugged Stones. that they took no Compassion upon his tender Toes, which made him fetch many a heavy figh for his old Ass again. However, he took his misfortunes patiently, feeing his Master in fo fair a way to be suddenly an Emperour. For he made no question but he would Marry the Princess, and that at least he would be King of Micomicon. But there was one thing that disturb'd the pleasure of his pleasing Dream, and that was this: That his Master's Dominions were to be in the Land of the Negro's; and that the People, over whom he was to be a Governour, were all to be Moors. But for this he presently found out an Expedient of Consolation. What care I, quo he, tho they be Moors? So much the better. 'Tis but giving notice of a Negro-Fair at such a place, i'the Office where Maids go to enquire after Services, and I shall ha' Customers enow for the Plantations: They'l take off at least a Hundred Thousand a Year, and prevent the Trade of Kidnapping, and Spiriting of Children; which must of necessity turn to a good Account, and bring me in a good round Sum, with which I may be able to retire, and live at Peace i'my Old Age; leave forty shillings a Year for Wheaten Loaves, to be given to the Poor o' Sundays; and ten Pounds a Year toward a weekly fix a Clock i' the Morning Lecture Sermon; then die, and be fet up with my Wife and Children in a kneeling posture against the Wall of the Parish Church. Why, quo he, what if I am not fo Book-learn'd as other Men? Does there want fo much Philosophy to fell two or three hundred thousand Slaves? Pox - I don't intend to make fuch a long business on't; let 'em ee'n go higgle-de-piggledy, little and great; what tho they be as black as the Devil in Hell, I'le transform 'em, I'le warrant ye, into white and yellow Money: And now do you but tell me, whether I don't know how to lick my own fingers? Full of these tickling Imaginations, Sancho trudg'd along, charming away the pain and anguish of travelling a foot.

All this while the Curate and Cardenio had beheld the Pleasant Scene through the Buihes, and were at a great loss what they should do to joyn Companies. But the Curate having bethought himself of an Expedient, pull'd his Sciffars out of his Pocket; and after he had fnipp'd off Cardenio's Beard, made him put on his Cassock and Cloak, while he remain'd in Cnerpo only with his Doublet and Breeches. In which new Garb Cardenio was fo

ftrangely alter'd, that he did not look like the fame Man. This done, away they made to the High-way, and there flav'd, till Don Quissote and his Company were got clear of the Mountain. When they came near, and that Don Quinote made a stop at the light of strange Faces; the Curate look'd with a wiftful Eye upon Don Quixote, as one that was in a study whether he might not know him or no; which Paffion being over like one that had made a Difcovery, he ran toward Don Quixote with open Arms, crying out, Mirror of Chivalry, well met \_\_\_ my dear Countryman, Don Quixote de la Mancha, is there such a man alive, the Cream and Flower of Courage; the Bulwark of the weak and afflicted, and Quintef. fence of Knight-Errantry? Lord! how I am over joy'd to fee your Worship; and so faying, he ran to him, and embrac'd his left Leg with such an Affection, that he could not forbear to drop some few Tears upon his Spurleathers. Don Quixote admiring what Adorer of his Princely Vertues this should be, star'd him i' the face, like a Picture drawer; and after he had examin'd every Lineament, at length calling him again to mind, would fain have alighted. But the Curate hindring him, Worthy Doctor, crydhe, I befeech ye let me not be fo rude, to fit o' Horse-back, while you are a foot. Sir, you shall by no means alight, quo the Curate: I defire your Highness to keep your Saddle; 'twill be Honour enough for me to hold by the Tail of one of your Mules, if your Company will permit me. Twill be the same thing to me, as if I were mounted upon Pegusia, or the Wild Mare of the Famous Moor Musarake, who lies Enchanted in the dreatie Cavern of Oukie Hole, in the Province of Somertoma. Porgive me, worrhy Doctor, reply'd the Knight, you fpeak with a Humility becoming your Coat, and give an Example to many that never mind in; but I (uppose the Princess will be so kind, as to Command her Squire to lend ye his Savidle, and to ride behind himself, if the Beast be but accustom'd, as some Parlors Wives, to carry double. My Beaft carries double, without all doube, reply'd the Princess; and my Squire, I suppose, will not stay for my Commands to offer the Doctor his Saddle: He is better bred of himfelf, then to fuffer an Ecclefiaftical Person to go a foot, while he rides. Most certainly, reply'd the Barber; and prefently alighting, prefented his Saddle to the Curate, who accepted of it without more entreaty. By accident the Mule was a hir'd Beaft; that is, in plain English, a skittish resty Jade: So that the Barber was no fooner got behind the Curate, but she gave two or three fuch yerks with her hinder Legs, that the Barber, fearing to endanger the Propagation of his Family, was forc'd to fling himself off her back, to fave his Perquifits of Generation. And perceiving that he had loft his Beard i'the fall, he could not think of any better way then to clap his hand before his Chaps, and cry out as loud as he could yaul, that he had broken his Jaw-bone. Heavins bless me, quo Don Quixote, beholding such an over grown furbush of a Beard without a Chin, here's the eighth Wonder of the World; I never faw a Mulcovite Beard to cleverly takin off without a Wash-ball and Razor, since I first read my Primer. Presently the Curate, perceiving the terrible danger they were in of a Plot-spoyling-Discovery, caught up the Beard, and running to the Barber, who lay all the while heavily bemoaning his Chapps, laid the Barber's Head to his Breaft, and then muttering certain words, which he faid, were a Charmin Trithemiss, peculiar for the fastning on again of a loofe Beard, fix dit on again so exactly, that the Barber was as found as ever he was before. Which put Don Quixote into a far greater Aftonishment; infomuch, that he defind the Gurate very seriously to teach him the Charm, when he was at more leisure.

Book IV. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Not doubting but that the Vertue of flich a Charm extended farther then to the fastning of Hair, since twas impossible that such a prodigious Beard could be torn off, without fetching away Flesh and all; so that such a sudden Cure might avail him upon the rending off a Limb from his Body, should

fuch a Misfortune at any time befall him.

And now all things being in *statu quo*, it was so order'd, That the *Curate* should ride alone by himself, and that *Cardenio* and the *Barber* should relieve one another, fometimes riding, fometimes walking by Turns, till they came to their Inn, which was about two Leagues off. The Princess and the Curate being thus mounted, and Cardenio, the Barber and Sancho, being a-foot, Don Quixote addressing himself to the Princess, now Madam, quo he, your Highness has no more to do, but to tell us which way we must go, and we are all ready to follow. At what time the Curate chopping in before the Princess could answer, Toward what Kingdom, said he, is it your Highness's Pleasure to lead us? yet pardon me, Madam, for asking, when I know it must be toward the Kingdom of Micomicon. To which Mrs. Dorothy, who had Wit at Will, and was not to learn how to carry on an Intrigue; you have pick'd the very Kingdom out of all Kingdoms of the Earth, more like a Prophet, quo she, then a Curate. If it be so, quo the Doctor, then our way lies directly through the middle of our Village, from whence we have a streight Road to Cartagena, where we must embark. And if we have a fair Gale, and a calm Sea, we may in nine Years reach the Lake Maotis, otherwise call'd the White Sea, where you may see a thousand Mermaids all in a Cluster together, pap'ring up their Towers on a Saturday Evening, and lies not above a hundred Days Journey from your Highness's Kingdom. Surely, Sir, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, you are under a Mistake; for 'tis but two Years fince I fet out from my own Dominions, nor can I fay, that we had fuch fair Weather neither, but sometimes rough Seas, and contrary Winds: and yet I must tell ye, I ha' been here in Spain too for some Weeks. where I had no fooner fet my Foot a shore, but I heard the Streets ring with the famous Archievements of the Renowned Don Quixote de la Mancha, whom I therefore resolv'd to find out, if he were above Ground. whatever it cost me, resolving to throw my self under his Protection, and to commit the Justice of my Cause to his Wonder-working Arm. Lord, Madam, what d' ye mean, cry'd Don Quixote? I am your humble Servant, Madam; honest Truepenny, and meer mortal Don Quixote de la Mancha, that's my Name and Title: And therefore spare your Complements, I find y'are a Courtier from Top to Toe; but for my part, I hate Flattery, my Ears are too chafte to be ravish'd by Adulation. You do not hear me tell ve whether I am a Man or a Mouse: All I say, is this, If I am valiant, so: if I am not valiant, so; but whether I am valiant, or not valiant, I am wholly at your Service, even to the Expence of the last drop of my Blood; and let time tell ye, whether Don Quixote be a Milk-fop, or no. In the mean while I would fain know of the Curate, what brought him hither all alone, a-foot, and in Querpo, like a School-mafter going to the House of Office; for I must confess I am strangely surprized to see him in this Condition. Why then, an't like your Honour, my Lord Don Quixote, to tell ye the Reason succinctly in few words, Mr. Nicholas our Barber and I went to Sevil to receive some Money which an Unkle sent me some years ago from the Indies; nor was it an inconsiderable Sum, as being no less then fifteen hundred pound Sterling. But upon the Road we met with four Highwaymen that pillag'd us of all we had, even to our very Beards, so that the Barber was forc'd to get him a Chin-Perriwig. And as for that Gentleman,

whom you fee there, pointing to Cardenio, after they had borrow'd his Cloakbag, and stripp'd him to his Shirt, they made him fit for another Fable in Ovid, by transfiguring him, as you fee. Now they fay, that thefe Rogues were a fort of Fellows condemn'd to the Gallies, who were rescu'd by a valiant Knight, from the Jailor and his Guard, in spite of their Teeths. as they were carrying 'em to the Port where they were to be embarkt. However, I must needs say, the Knight was a Fool or a Mad-man for his Pains, or else as great a Rogue as any of em, to let out a Company of Wolves among Sheep, Foxes among innocent Poultry, and Bears among Honey-pots, contrary to the Law of Nations, his Allegiance to his Prince, and his Respect to publick Justice, disabling the Strength of the Kings Gallies, invalidating the Sentences of the Judges upon Criminals, and like a rash and hair brain'd Coxcomb, forfeiting at once both his Life and his Liberty upon Earth, if he should come to be profecuted for his Folly, and his Salvation hereafter. For you must know, that Sancho had told the Curate the Story of the Galley-flaves, who therefore preach'd this Sermon fo feverely to hear what Don Quixote would fay, who chang'd Colour at every word, not daring to boast of that Act of his Valour, which the Curate had damn'd as an Archievement more fit for the Devil, then a pious Knight-Errant. And these, quo the Curate, concluding his Text, were the cursed Villains, that reduc'd us to this miserable Condition; God forgive 'em, and that Poltron of a Knight, that freed em from the just Punishment of their Impieties.

#### CHAP. III.

The Pursuit of the History of the Princess of Micomicon, containing the cunning Policies and Stratagems of the Curate and Barber, to free the enamour'd Knight from the rigorous Penance which he had undertak'n.

HIS Sermon of the Curate's, short and home, and deliver'd without Book, with a becoming Gesture (the true Character of a good Sermon) wrought so feelingly upon Sancho's Conscience, that he made open Confession; Cuds-bodikins, quo he, and who d'think now 'twas perform'd that desperate Exploit? Troth-law, to his eternal Fame be it spok'n, no living body i'the varsal World, but my dear valiant Master his nown felf. And yet my Mind gave me he did not do well in it; and therefore 'twas, that I bid him have a care what he did, and told him how that it could not chuse, but be a very great Sin to set at liberty the Heels of a Company of Miscreants, whom the Law had condemn'd to the Gallies for their Villainies. And now I find, Mr. Curate, I was i' the right on't. Ye Pumpkin-pated Coxcomb, cry'd Don Quixote, Is it for a Knight-Errant, when he meets with People laden with Chains, and under Oppression, as they were, upon the Road, to take notice whether they suffer'd justly or unjustly? Knight-Errants are only to relieve the afflicted, and not to examine whether they be Rogues or Martyrs. I met a Company of poor Fellows in difmal Calamity, link'd together like the Beads of a Rosary, and I set 'em at liberty. Therein I did what my Conscience, and my Profession oblig'd me to. And what has any Mortal breathing to fay to this? if there be, unless it be Mr. Curate,

here, whom I respect a little for his Coat's sake, he's the Son of ten thoufand Fathers, and knows not what belongs to Knight-Errantry; and I'le

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

make him eat my Sword and spew it up again, for I would be loath to lose it. And having so said, he fix'd himself in his Stirrups, and pull'd his Helmet o're his Brows, and look'd as grim, as if he had vow'd the Death of ten Serasquier-Basban's, with twenty thousand Men a piece at their Heels: for as for Munbrino's Bason, it hung at his Saddle bow, batterd as it was by the Galley-Slaves, fit for nothing but to mend old Kettles. Thereupon. Mrs. Dorothy by this time well acquainted with his Humour, feeing him in fuch a Passion, like a fleering Slut as she was, For Heaven's sake, Sir, quo The, affwage your Fury; for I dare fwear, had Mr. Curate known thad been your Valour that fo religiously set the ungodly Galley Slaves at liberty, he would ha' cut out his Tongue a thousand times, rather then ha' spok'n a word that shou'd ha' displeas'd your Worship. No, I assure ye, Sir, quo the Curate, tho the Varlets had twitch'd my Beard off Hair by Hair. I am fatiffy'd, Madam, quo Don Quixote, and for your sake the Flame of my just Indignation is already quench'd; nor will I engage in any more Quarrels, till I have perform'd my Promife to your Sovereign Highness. Only, Madam, because it is but rational for a Man to know for what he ventures his Bones, I beg of your Highness to give us a brief Account of your Disafters, that I may know where to deny all manner of Mercy, where to dismember, and where to spare both Life and Limb, if there be any that can deserve so much Compassion that have offended so much Vertue in a Sovereign Princess. Lord! Sir, quo Mrs. Dorothy, 'tis the least thing I can do to oblige the most matchless Champion i' the World, but that I fear my Story will be too tedious and irkfom to your Ears. Madam, fo far, by my Soul, from being irksom, that do but fay how many Giants Thumbs, with every one a Gold Ring, you expect for your Trouble, and you shall have 'em paid upon sight. Since then it must be so, cry'd Mrs. Dorothy, I must beg ye, Sir, to lend me your Attention. With that Cardenio and the Barber gather'd up to her, to hear what a pickl'd Story she had provided so soon; tho they doubted not but her Wit and her Fancy was fuch, that she had one as ready as a Lye in a King's Bench Waiter's Mouth. Sancho also hung his Ears upon her Sidefaddle, as if he had been to take her Speech in Short-hand; at what time the Lady having cough'd, spit, and wip'd her Lips, with the greatest Grace i' the World, thus began:

First then, Gentlemen, you must know that my Name is —— Here she stopp'd, having quite forgot the Name which the Curate had giv'n her. Whereupon the Curate, finding her at a Non-plus, rode close up to her, and begging Pardon for his Interruption; Madam, quo he, there is nothing more disturbs, and discomposes the Mind and the Memory, then long and extreme Affliction. I my felf that am but the poor Curate of Tobolo, the chiefest of whose living is by unlicenc'd Weddings, have been so beside my felf many times for the Cheat of a Brass Half-Crown put upon me, that I have forgot my own Name, nor could I remember it again for my life, till the Clark has told it me; no wonder then that the Princess Micomicona, Heiress to the vast Kingdom of Micomicon, overwhelm'd with so many Calamities, and perplex'd with fo many various Thoughts for the Recovery of fo vast a Dominion, should have her Imagination and Memory so much incumber'd as you have at this present, but— 'I must confess, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, that but just now there hover'd before my Eyes such a black and dreadful Apparition of the Misfortunes that I am going to relate,

that I hardly knew what I faid; but having now pretty well recover'd my

Book IV.

Book IV.

felf, I hope I shall be able to go on without any farther Hesitation. Know then. Gentlemen, that I am lawful Heires to the vast Kingdom of Micomicon, and that the King my Father, who was call'd Tinacrin the Wife, 'a Person also greatly skill'd in Magick Art, understood by his profound 'Knowledge in that mysterious Science (for he had all Cornelius Agrippa's Works by heart) that Queen Caramilla my Mother should die before him. 'and that he himself should not live long after her, but leave me a young Orphan. But that was not the thing that troubl'd him, for he knew that Princes were mortal, and that it is usual to leave their Children behind 'em, fometimes i'their Swadling-Clothes; but his Magical Speculations fore-told him, That a certain Giant as big as ten ordinary Giants, and as 'monstrous as Hobb's Leviathan, Lord of a great Island almost upon the Confines of my Kingdom, whose Name is Pandasilando, sirnam'd the Sawcer-" Ey'd; because he always look'd as the Devil look'd over Lincoln, on pur-'pose to fright all People he star'd upon. My Father, I say, fore saw that 'this Giant, well knowing that I had neither Father nor Mother, would one day invade my Dominions with a powerful Army, and expel me out of my spatious Territories, without leaving me so much as a thatch'd Vil-' lage to put my Head in; tho he knew withal, that I might avoid my 'Misfortune, provided I would confent to marry him; but that it was im-' possible for me to have any such Thought, well understanding the Skill which by that time I should have in Anatomy. For which Reason he was fure I would neither marry with that Giant, nor with any other Giant i'the World. My Father therefore left it in his Will, That I should take my 'Disasters patiently for a Time, and resign my Kingdom to him without 'more ado, fince I was in no wife able to make any Defence to prevent the 'Ruine of my Subjects: But withal, he left me also this comfortable Ad-' vice, That I should forthwith betake my self into Spain, where I should 'meet with a potent Protector, in the Person of a Renowned Knight-Er-'rant, fam'd over all the World for his Valour, and his Strength, and call'd by the Name, if I forget not, of D. Hacote or Gigote—You are pretty near the matter, quo Sancho, interrupting her, call him therefore D. Quixote, Madam, or the Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance. Y' are very right, Sir, reply'd 'Mrs. Dorothy, 'twas Don Quixote, now I remember my self. My Father 'also describ'd to me a lean Man with a wither'd Face, and that he had up-' on his left Shoulder, or somewhere thereabouts, a black Mole over-grown 'with a thick Tuft of Hair. With that, Don Quixote calling for Sancho to come to him; Here, Sirrah, faid he, hold my Lance, and help me to undress my self, for I can soon know whether it were me that this Conjurer of a King prophefy'd after this manner. Why fo much hafte, Sir Knight, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, to strip your self? To see whether I have any such Mole about me, quo Don Quixote, as you speak of. You need not undress your self for that, reply'd Sancho, I am well satisfy'd that you have a Mark upon your Back-bone, or somewhat near it, like what the Princels describes. Tis sufficient, quo Mrs. Dorothy; Friends can believe one another without ' fuch a strict Examination; nor am I going to fwear it before a Master in 'Chancery; for whether it be upon your left or right Shoulder, 'tis not a 'Straw matter, fince 'tis all the same Body and the same Flesh. In short, I ' find my Father spoke truth in every thing, and that I am right in recom-'mending my self to Don Quixote, whose Stature and Visage so well agree 'with my Father's Description; and whose Reputation is so far spread a-'broad, that I was no fooner landed at Offuna, but I heard of the miraculous 'Archievements he had perform'd; and then I was confident that he was

the Person to whom I was to make my Addresses. But pray, Madam, quo Don Quixote, how came you to land at Ossuna, which is no Sea-port Town? Lord! quo the Curate, interrupting him; don't ye know, Sir, that the Princess is a Stranger? She means, that after she landed at Malaga, the first Place she came to, was Ossuna, and there she heard, &c. 'That is what I would have faid, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy. There's all the Reason i' the World to believe it, quo the Curate, and therefore your Majesty may be pleas'd to go on wi' your Story when you pleafe. 'I have nothing more to fay, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, but only to bless my good Fortune for having 'fo luckily met with this Renowned Knight, by whose Valour I look upon 'my felf as already reftor'd to the Throne of my Ancestors; since he has ' done me the Favour to promise me his Assistance against that Traitor of a 'Giant Pandafilando, whom I hope in a short time to see let blood i'the Head. 'like a Goofe, till he bleed to death, and be reveng'd of him for fo unjuftly depriving me of my lawful Inheritance. One thing I forgot to tell ye. 'That my Father left me another Paper, wherein he charg'd me, That after the Knight had restor'd me to the Possession of my Kingdom, if he should ask me i' the way of honesty to marry me, I should never stand Shilly-shally,

The Renowned Don Ouixote.

but marry him incontinently. What thinkst on't now, Sancho, quo Don Quixote? Didst hear what she faid? Did I not tell thee 'twould rain Kingdoms, and Kings Daughters, and Governments, afore a Month came to an end? Av. av. quo Sancho, one of the gayest Proffers i the World; and now the Devil take me, if he ben't the Son of a Whore that does not go forthwith and diffect this confounded Giant Pandafilando, and take the Princess at her word. A Buxome Girl, I warrant her: Cuds foot—would all the Fleas i'my Bed were fuch. And having fo faid, he fetch'd two or three frisks i'the Air, and flung out his Joy with a Hey-Boys. Which done, he fell upon his Knees at Mrs. Dorothy's Feet, befeeching her to give him her Hand to kifs, as an Acknowledgment that he own dher for his Queen and Mistress. Thereupon Mrs. Dorothy gave him her Hand to kiss and promis'd to make him a great Lord so foon as the should be re-fettl'd in her Territories. For which Sancho return'd her thanks in fuch an extravagant Complement, that they all fell a laughing at fuch a rate, that Sancho feeling Authority begin to encroach upon him, bid'em understand themselves, and know their Distance. Then Mrs. Dorothy proceeding, 'Thus, quo she, I have made ye a Recital of my Misfortunes: I have no more to fay, but only to tell ye this, That of my 'Train that attended me out of my Kingdom, I have not one left but my Squire vonder with the long Beard: All the rest were cast away in a ter-'rible Storm just in fight of our Harbour; only I and my Squire got ashore 's upon two Planks, and so sav'd our selves; a good Omen that Heav'n has 'preserv'd us for better Fortune. Oh, Madam! quo Don Quixote, y' have met with it already; for I confirm my granted Boon, and once more swear by my Affeiction to the fair Dulcinea, to follow ye to the End of the World. and never to abandon your just Pretensions, till I have encounter'd your prodigious Enemy, fliver'd off his fuperfluous Head, and giv'n his Carkass to the Fowls of the Air, were he as valiant as twenty Mars's all put together. And when I have reftor'd ve to your Throne. I shall then leave ye at full Liberty to dispose of your Person as you please your self. For being, as I am, a Vaffal to the Matchless - I fay no more, fince 'tis impossible for me, God wot, to marry, tho it were with a Phanix. At which last Words and Sighs of his Master; Sancho, who listen'd like an inquisitive Chamber maid, to hear Don Quiscote's Answer, became so pensive and dis-X 2

contented withal, that not being able to contain his Passion; By the Bowels of all the Giants i' the World, Senior Don Quixote, quo he, you have loft your Wits. Would ever any man elfe fit Hum-drumming, as you do. whether he should marry this great Princess, or no? Surely you can't think fuch Fortunes grow upon every Hedge— or is it because Mrs. Long Meg o' Weltminster is handsomer then she? How !— she must chip off a handful from her Nose first, y' faith, and that won't do neither— As handsom as fhe! why, fure your Eyes are enchanted—Why, I must tell ye, as little Skill as I ha' in Beauty, your Divine Dulcinea, as ye call her, is a meer Tripewoman to her— she does not deserve to carry the Princes's Pattins after her. Zookers! is this the way for me to have the Earldom I ha' been fo long waiting for, after all your Promifes, for you to go diving after Mulbrooms i' the bottom o' the Sea—? Marry then, marry with a Pox to ve— and don't lie doating thus on a filthy Stammel, but take a Kingdom, Goodman Fool, that comes dropping, as it were, into your mouth, that I may be an Earl, or a Marquess, or something like it, when you ha' done as ye ought; for every honest man's as good as his Word; and when you have perform'd

that, you may go hang your felf, if you think fit.

155

Don Quixote hearing fuch Blasphemies utter'd against his ador'd Dulcinea, heaves up his Lance, and without speaking a word that might discover his boiling Passion, gave his indifferent Squire two such Paper mill Thumps upon the very Scull of him, that he lay kicking with his Heels, like a Car that has had her Forehead well rubb'd; and had it not been that Mrs. Dorothy fcream'd out, and begg'd of him to forbear, for God's fake, he had murder'd poor Sancho out-right in his fiery Indignation. Dog in a Doublet, quo he, do ye think I am bound always to bear wi' your Bumkinly Frumps wi' my Hands i' my Pocket? No, no, don't believe it; ye excommunicated Miscreant; I say excommunicated, for having open'd thy blubber Lips so prophanely against the Peerless Dulcinea. Dost thou not know, rascally Ragamuffin as thou art, that were it not for the Courage which she insufes into my Breaft, and the Strength with which she fortifies my Arm, that I should not be able to kill a Titmouse? Ye confounded Rakeshame, ye Tailors Nit, who wast, d'ye think, that re-conquer'd the Kingdom of Microcomicon, flew the vast Giant that cover'd a whole Acre of Ground, when he fell, and rais'd thee from a lazy Scoundrel, to be a Marques (for I look upon all these things to be done already) but only Dulcinea's Valour, of which my Arm was no more then the unworthy Instrument? Is it not she that puts me on, as I put on my Armour, fights Cap-a-pe in her Don Quixote, and wins me all my Victories? She by whom I live and breath, and to whom I owe my Life and Being. Treacherous and ingrateful Beaft, is it any longer then three minutes ago, that I rais'd thee from the Dunghil to the Pinacle of Honour, and does thy viprous Tongue already dart thy Poifon at thy Benefactress? Sancho was not so stunn'd, but that he heard every word his Master said; but because he was resolv'd to secure himself before he made him an Answer, up he crawl'd, and getting o't'other fide Mrs. Dorothy's Palfrey; Now come on, Sir, quo he, you that think your felf fuch a Privy Counfellour, pray tell me how tis possible, if you don't marry the Princess, to have the Kingdom at your Disposal? and that being so, where's my Recompence for all my Bangs and Thumps I ha' receiv'd in your Service? Let the World therefore judge, whether I ha' not reason to complain, when I find ye thus going about to pop me off with what the Cat left in the Malr. Why should you have such a tender Conscience to scruple Marriage with the Princess? You may do that, and send for your beloved Mopla when y' ha'

done: for 'tis the Fashion now a days to keep Misses. Here's a Princess fent ve. as it were, from Heav'n, and you won't marry her, with a Murrain to ye! As for which is the most beautiful of the two, I will not undertake to determine; your Madam Dulcinea is a very fair Lady, 'tis true, tho I never saw her i'my life. How! Off-spring of Satan, quo D. Quixote, never saw her and yet brought'st mean Answer from her but just now! I mean, Sir, reply'd Sancho, I never view'd her, as Paris did the three Goddesses, to observe her Perfections by Retail, but take her all together, she may pass for a Beauty. Well, I pardon thee for this time, cry'd Don Quixote; and do thou likewife be fokind as to pardon the Provocation of my unruly Passion, which is not To foon quell'd as put into a Ferment. I know it very well, reply'd Sancho. and therefore you ought to confider, that the talkative Humour which provokes me to fpeak, is a Motion which I can as well be hang'd as refift; when 'tis once come to the tip of my Tongue, I must out with it, what e're it be. However, cry'd Don Quixote, if a Snaffle won't do it, put a Curb upon that unruly Member, and have a care what ye fay—The Pitcher goes often to the Well-I say no more - A word to the wife is sufficient, quo Sancho-God above fees all things, and he is able to judge who is most i' the right.

I that never speak well, or you that never do better.

Enough, enough, quo Mrs. Dorothy, all's well; and therefore Sancho go and prostrate your self at the Feet of your Lord and Master, beg his Pardon, and remember for the time to come to manage your Tongue with more Referv'dness; more especially take heed how you talk irreverently of that Lady of Tobolo, whose Servant I would be glad to be, tho I never saw her i'my life, because I find this valiant Knight has fuch a Value for her, and from henceforward trust to me for your Recompence. With that, Sancho, in a most submisfive Posture, went and threw himself at his Master's Stirrup, who having given him his Benediction with a majestick Gravity, desir'd the Company to ride on alittle before, for that he had some Business of important Privacy with his Squire. So that when he found'em far enough off hearing, Friend Sancho, quo he, I have had no leisure since thy Return to ask thee any Questions concerning thy Message, and what Answerthou hadst; but now prethee tell me the Particulars. Sir, reply'd Sancho, ask me what Questions you please, I le tell ye more then I know, rather then less; only I befeech ve for the future, be not so malicious; for y'are so hasty grown, a Dog wou'd not live wi' ye. Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, they that will govern, must learn to obey; and they that think to beat others, must learn to be beat'n themselves; and therefore when I thrash thy Bones at any time, 'tis all for thy good. Ay, Sir, quo Sancho, but to bear malice, Malice forethought i your mind, why itis the very Stress and Plain-song of all our Endictments. How dost mean Malice, quo Don Quixote? My Reason is this, quo Sancho; because my mind gives me, that you gave me these two last pithy Remembrances upon the Noddle, for the Quarrel that Satan rais'd between you and me tother Night, and not for any thing I spoke against Madam Primrose, the Lady Dulcinea, whom I wish my Whim-whams in a cleft Stick, if I do not admire and adore, beyond any Relique of the holy Cross: and that meerly because the is your Mistress. Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, once for all, let us leave off this Discourse, it grates my Ears; there is an Act of Oblivion past to this very moment; but new Offences will require new Punishment.

While they were thus parlying together, they espy'd making toward 'em, a certain Person mounted upon a sober Ass, whom they took for a He-Gypsie, the nearer he came; but Sancho, who fince the loss of his own Beast,

never faw an Ass, but his Heart was ready to leap out of his Belly, had no fooner fix'd his Eye upon the Traveller, but he knew him to be the Perfon that had fo inhumanly robb'd him of his Soul's Delight. Now this Fellow had difguis'd himself in the Habit of a Grefie, and spoke their Gibbrish exactly, to the end he might not be discoverd, nor be prevented in the Sale of the Ass, which he had also transmogrify'd into the Shape almost of another Creature. But Sancho that knew his Ass again by the very Scent of a Fizzle, which he let just i' the nick of time, cry'd out with all the force of his Lungs, Ho, Mr. Thief, have I found ye? Deliver me my Goods, Rogue, deliver the Repose of my Heart, and comfort of my Soul; Varlet, Villain, Hedgebird, restore me my Ass, my Ass, ye Prancer-Prigger, my sole Delight, and only Joy-feize him, Master, seize him, here's my Ass, and here's the Rogue that stole him; seize him Master, seize him. Upon which the Fellow, seing himself so hard beset, slipp'd off the Ass, and betook himself to his heels, as nimbly as a Coney before a Lurcher, and quickly got out of their reach, because no body took the Pains to pursue him. For Sancho had enough to do to rejoice over his Ass; which he had no sooner got by the Bridle, but with a paternal Kindness, How hast done all this while, my Darling, my Treasure, quo he! Welcome, nay more welcome to thy nown dear Sancho, then the Nuptial Night to two enamour'd Lovers- and with that he fell a kiffing, and hugging, and embracing his Beaft, as if 't had been his only Son rifen again from the Report of his being dead i' the Indies. To which the poor dumb Ass had not a word to say, not so much as in his own Mother-Spanish; only in meer Gratitude, he thrust out his Tongue, and lick'd off the Tears that fell from his Master's Eyes for Joy that he had re-gain'd the Beast of his Affections. In the mean time, the Company that were before, wond'ring at the long Halt that Don Quixote and his Squire made, came riding back again, and understanding what was the matter, they all with a nemine contradicente, gave all imaginable Demonstrations of the Joy and Satisfaction for Sancho's good Fortune; while Don Quixote observing the good Nature of his Squire, re-confirm'd the Promise he had made him of three Affes for one.

This was that which pass'd between Don Quixote and his Squire, while the Curate and Mrs. Dorothy had been engag'd in Discourse of another Nature. Well, Madam, quo the Curate, I find a Man may venture upon your Head at any time; had ye study'd twenty Years for this Story, you could never ha' brought a Fable to bear with more Fancy, or more Concifeness: And then for the terms of Knight-Errantry, you had 'em as exactly as a Seaman faies his Compass. Oh, Sir! reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, I am but young in Years, 'tis true, but an old Reader of Romances: I have por'd upon em'anights i' my Bed, till I have drop'd a' Sleep, and left the Candle to fire the House, had not my Maid come in by chance; but a Duce take your Maps, for I could never understand 'em i' my life, which made me commit that Missake about Ossuma. That was nothing, Madam, quo the Curate, as I order'd the matter: You see how I reconcil'd the business with a Jerk. But Madam, what think ye? Do you not wonder at this Fobdoodle of a Knight-Errant, that swallows so easily these Gudgeons of Tales and idle Stories, meerly because they have a Smack of these Extravagancies, which he had read in his Amadis de Gaul's, and Round table Champions? And yet discourse him upon any other Subject, and he's a man will talk ye as rationally as a Philosopher, as sober as a Judge, and as learnedly as an University Scholar. So that you would take him for a Man of Sence and Judgment, till ye come once to prick him i'the Vein of Knight-Errantry; but then he flies out,

and falls a raving, as if he had a whole Midfummer-Moon in his Brains. While the Curate and Mrs. Dorothy were thus engag'd, Don Quixote entring into a new Confabulation with his Squire; Honest Sancho, quo he. gi' me thy fist; and let us with a Christian forgiveness lay aside all manner of Malice and Animofity, as things altogether unbeseeming Persons of our Profession, and tell me by way of Catechize, when, where, and how thou found'st the Peerless Dulcinea? What she was doing? What she said? What the answer'd? How the look'd when the read the Letter? Who transcrib'd it for thee? And whatever el è thou canst call to mind that is fit to be known and remember'd, or proper to be ask'd and answer'd; for to know these things gradually, punctually, in order, and exactly, is that upon which depends the whole repose and quiet of my Life: And this without any additions, any daubing, fleeking, palliating, or mincing the matter, thinking to flatter and tickle my Ear. On the other fide, be not too concise neither, to the end I may not lose the smallest Mustard seed of my Soulcharming Pleasure. Sir, quo Sancho, if it be so absolutely necessary for me to speak Truth, I must tell ye, that no body Transcrib'd the Letter for me, because I never carry'd any. Tis very right, quo Don Quixote— for two days after thou wert gone, I found the Table-Book wherein I had written my Epistle; which put me into such a Passion, that I could not forbear lending thee half a score round Curses for thy carelesness; and every moment I expected when thou would'st have come back to ha' receiv'd three or four Bastinado's, to ha' refresh'd thy Memory. Sir, quo Sancho, there was no-need of that; for I had heard your Letter read so often, that I could sav it by heart, more exactly then my Creed. Meeting therefore with the Clerk of the next Parish, I rehears'd it to him so exactly word for word, that when he had copy'd it out, he swore that he never read such a compleat. matchless Piece of Wit in his Life, tho he had read all Howel's, Loveday's, and Balzac's Octavo's, and had been a great Student in the Mysteries of Love and Eloquence. And do'ft remember it still, quo Don Quixote? No. Sir. reply'd Sancho; for when I saw it once secur'd in a whole sheet of Paper. I thought it to no purpose to burd'n my Memory with it any longer. Only at the beginning there was Over-grown, I wou'd fay Soveraign Lady; and at the end, Yours till Death, The Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance: And between those two i' the middle, about three hundred repetitions of Soul. Life, Dearest, Pigs'ny, and Joy.

#### CHAP. IV.

Containing the Pleasant Discourse between Don Quixote and his Squire; with other Remarkable Passages.

HUS far, quo Don Quixote, all's very well—But when thou wer't admitted into her Presence, how was that Queen of Beauty employ'd? Was she not threading of Pearl, or working some Rich Point of Venice Cravat for the Knight her Vassal? No such thing, I assure ye, Sir, quo Sancho; for she was winnowing two Bushels of Wheat over a course Sheet i'the Yard. But then, quo Don Quixote, didst not thou at the same time perceive, that every grain of the Corn was turn'd into so

Book IV.

160

many Pearls, by the touch of her fair Hands? Prithee, what fort of Wheat was it? Was it pure Wheat, or Maslin? Neither, Sir, quo Sancho; but only a mixture of Barley and Oats. That's nothing, reply'd Don Quixote; for being fifted by her Hands, most certainly it made Bread as white as ever any Kingston Manchet. But let us proceed - When thou gav st her the Letter, did she not kiss it? Did she not clap it to her Breast? Did the not use some extraordinary Ceremony becoming the Honour due to such a Letter? In short, what was't she did? The Sieve was full of Corn, Sir, reply'd Sancho, when I presented her the Letter; and as she was rumbling the Sieve like a Sinder-woman upon her knees, Friend, quo she, lay your Letter upon that empty Sack there, for I shall not have leifure to read it, till I have sifted all this Corn. Observe in that her wonderful Discretion, cry'd Don Quixote; for that was an excuse on purpose, because she would read the Letter in private, where no body should be witness of her transports upon the receipt of it. But while the was thus bufie at her Work. what was the Discourse that pass'd between ye? Did she not enquire how I did, and what I did? And what did'st thou answer her? Answer me punctually, and satisfie my Impatience, without filching from me the leaft tittle of the Truth. So far was she from asking any Questions concerning ve, that ste did not feem to me so much as to think of ye - Only I of my own Head indeed told her a long story, how I had lest ye i'the Mountain, doing Penance for her fake, naked from the wast downward, like a true Satyr; fleeping upon the Ground, eating without Napkin or Table Cloth; never combing your Beard, but blubbering and whining like a great Cowbaby, and curfing your hard Fate. Thou didst not do so well in that, reply'd Don Quixote, to say, that I curs'd my cruel Fortune: For I always did, and ever will adore my happy Stars, that render'd me worthy to pretend to love so High a Lady, as Dulcinea del Toboso. You may well call her high, quo Sancho; for may I never fee my Old Joan again, if I don't believe her within two Cubits as tall as the May-Pole i the Strand. How, Sainth, cry d Don Quixote, what, didst ever measure with her, that thou talk'st at this rate? Yes, quo Sancho, I measur'd with her in helping her up with a Sack of Corn upon her Ass; and I found as we stood together, that my Head did not reach up to the small of her back. But didst not thou perceive withal, that these goodly Dimensions of hers were accompany'd with all the Graces and Perfections, as well of Wit as Beauty? At least, Sancho, thou wilt not deny me this. When thou drew'ft fo near to her Body, were not thy Nostrils ravish'd with the fragrant Odours that breath'd from her Skin? Wer't thou not sensible of that delightful mixture, compos'd of all the Arabia's rich Perfumes? A certain, I know not well what to call it, Steam, or Vapour, or Exhalation, more sweet-scented then Cupid's Bed of Roses, or the variety of a Perfumer's Shop? Why truly, Sir, quo Sancho, tho my Life lay upon't, I cannot swear one tittle of all this. 'Tis true indeed, I did smell a kind of a sowre, strong, rammish Hogo, something like that of a Water-man that has newly Landed his Fare, which I suppose was occasion'd by her working so hard; for she was all of a muck-sweat, in her Smocksleeves, with her Breasts swagging over her Bodice half-lac'd, so that she reak'd like a Horse-Pond in a frosty Morning. This could never be, reply'd Don Quixote; and therefore thy Nose was either stopp'd with the Murr, or else the whiffs from thy own Collar deceiv'd thee. For I am as fure as I have a Nose o'my face, that no Rose among Thorns, no Lilly of the Field, no Spirit of Amber Greece smells half so sweet as she. I can say nothing to that, quo Sancho; but this I can fafely swear, that the smell which I

fmelt, was as like the rank smell o'my own flesh after hard Thrashing, as ever I finelt i my Life. And if her Ladylbip, Madam Dulcinea, had then such a fmell, where lies the wonder? Since one Devil may be like another. Verv good, quo Don Quixote: Thus then you say she cleans'd her Wheat, and fent it to the Mill --- But what did she do when she read my Letter? Your Letter! reply'd Sancho; why, she did not read it at all; for she said, she could neither write nor read - On the other fide, she took it, and tore it into a thousand bits, saying, that no body should read her Secrets; and that she was very well satisfy d with what I had told her by word of mouth. concerning the Affection which you bare her, and the Penance which you had undertaken for her fake. Finally, and lastly, she bid me tell ve, that she remember'd her Service to your Worship; and that she had a greater defire to fee ye, then write to ye. And therefore in all Humility she commanded ye forthwith to leave these cursed Mountains, and give over your Megrims and Fooleries: For that having a great defire to fee your sweet face, there could be nothing so acceptable to her as your Return to Toboso. Moreover, when I told her you were call'd The Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, she fell a laughing so wide, that you might ha' told all the Teeth in her Head. I ask'd her, whether the Biscayner had been with her? And she faid, Yes --- and that he ask'd her a private Kindness, which she could not deny him, because he came with such a particular Token from your self. Then I told her of the Galley-Slaves; but she said, she had seen none of 'em. All's as it should be, hitherto, cry'd Don Quixote: But tell me, Sancho, when thou took'st thy leave of her, what Present did she give thee, for the good News which thou brought'ft her? For 'tis an Ancient and inviolable Cuftom among Knights-Errant and their Ladies, to bestow some Rich Jewel or other upon the Squires, Damsels, or Dwarfs that bring 'em any good News, as a Reward of their Tidings. That might be the Cultom, reply'd Sancho, in former times, and I approve it as a generous and laudable Custom - But I fear me 'tis now left off, like House-keeping in the Country - At least Madam Dulcinea was in one of her niggardly Humours at that time; for all that she gave me for my Tidings, was only a piece of Bread and Cheese, by the same token, the Cheese was mouldv. and made a' Sheeps Milk; but Love and Hunger will break through Stonewalls. Give me leave to tell thee, Sancho, she's as Munificent, and as Liberal as ere a Princess i' the World; and if she did not gi' thee a Diamond of fifteen Carats at least, 'twas because she had it not about her. But all is not loft, that is delay'd, and a good pair of Sleeves may be worn after Easter. I shall see her, and then I'le speak to her to gi' thee content. But, Sancho. this is that which most amazes me \_\_\_ for 'tis impossible but that thou must ha' flown backward and forward through the Air: 'Tis thirty good Leagues I am sure from hence to Toboso; and how the Devil thou should'st go and come in three days, surpasses my Understanding. I am therefore apt to believe, that the kind Necromancer, who takes care of all my Business, and whose Duty it is to fee that I do not want the least Perquisit to a Knight Errant, assisted thee to make hast in thy Journey, tho thou, perhaps, might'st not be sensible of it in the least. For there are some of these Necromancers, that will take ye a Knight-Errant fast asleep out of his Bed, and whirl him through the Air with that Expedition, that he shall find himself when he wakes three thousand Leagues off from the place where he lay before. Else ic were impossible that Knight-Errants could sublist, or that they could at all turns relieve one another as they do. For it may so happen, that a Knight may be in the Mountains of Armenia, fighting with some Raw-Head

Book IV.

and Bloody-Bones, some Faune, or some Satyr, or some other strange Monfter; or suppose it were only with some other Knight, that bears up with him to the Bar o' Chefter, and gives him thwick for thwack, cut for slash; infomuch, that he could wish himself fairly rid of him: Now then don't you think it a great Consolation, for a Knight in such distress, to see another Knight come unlook'd for in a Cloud, or a Fiery Chariot; one that he knows to be his Friend, and who, he was certain, was not above half a score hours before i'the West Indies? Thereupon this Knight kills the Monfler, or the Knight, and relieves his Friend; and no fooner has he difpatch'd his bus'ness, but he is hurry'd away with the same speed in one of the Devil's Sedans back again to his Lodgings, where he goes to bed again to his Mistress, and makes an end of his Work. And all this is done by the Induftry of those Necromancers, whose Duty it is to take care of Knight-Errants. to whom they are no less dear, then if they were their Adopted Sons. And this it is which makes me believe, that thou wer't Devil driven through the Air by some Necromancer, that knew my impatience, and the importance of thy Return. I am the Son of a Gold finder, reply'd Sancho, if I don't believe it to be true what you fay, Sir; for Rosinante flew me-thought, as if he had Quick-filver in his Ears. Not only Quick-filver in his Ears, quo Don Quixote, but a Legion of Devils at his Tail; which are a fort of Stygian Wine-Porters, which will take a Knight-Errant, or his Squire, and run away with him Horse and all, with that swiftness, that a Kite flies away with a young Chicken. But to come again to the main business: What dost thou think, Sancho, it best behoves me to do, about this Injunction that Madam Dulcinea has laid upon me, to make my Personal Appearance before her? For tho I am bound to punctual Obedience, and that my Bowels yern to see her; yet am I so entangl'd with this Princess, while the Laws of Chivalry bind me so fast to my word, and so deeply engage me to prefer my Honour before my Pleafures, that I know not which way to dif-encumber my self. On the one side, the eager desire I have to see the Peerless Dulcinea, worries and torments me: On the other fide, my Honour and my Promise call me to great Atchievements. But hold - I think I ha found a way to satisfie Honour, Promise, Princess, and Mistress, and All. First, Sancho, I'le go immediately and find out the Giant; when I come there, Ple cut off his Head with a Jerk, restore the Princess to her Throne, and put her in peaceable and quiet Poffession of her Dominions. Which being done, before a Cat can lick her Ear, away will I presently come Post, and visit the Bright Star that illuminates my Pericranium; to whom I will make those just and rational Excuses, that she being all Kindness and good Nature, shall be willing to pardon my unavoidable Absence; well knowing, that all my Actions must redound to her Honour, and to the increase of her Fame; fince all the Renown which I have won, or daily win, or shall hereafter acquire, are only the effects of her Favour influencing and actuating the Courage of her Vassal. Hoy day, quo Sancho, will ye ne're ha' more Wit then a Man may truss up in an Egg-shell? Why, d'ye intend then to Travel fo many thousand Tork-shire Miles and Way-bits for nothing? And lose the Opportunity of a Marriage, that brings ye to a Kingdom; a Kingdom, that, they say, is Twenty Thousand Leagues in Circuit? A Kingdom where all the Springs are full of boyl'd Plumb-Puddings and Cabbages, and Surloyns of Roast-Beef hang roasting i'the Sun upon every Tree? A Kingdom bigger then France, together with the Kings new Conquests, and all their Dependencies? Are ye not asham'd to shew your felf so void of Understanding? Go to, therefore, and take a Fool's Counsel for once; Marry

the Princess the first thing ye do - Hang Licenses, Marry her, I say, at the next Church ve come at, where ye can find a Curate; or elfe let our own Doctor knit the knot under the next Oak. \_\_\_\_ There's nothing like Wiving and Thriving both in a Year —— You fee, Sir, I understand Trap; and I'le fay this for my felf to boot, That I think I am old enough to give Counsel. And therefore give me leave to tell ye, A Bird i the Hand's worth two i the Bush. Let's but once catch the Eel, and then we may consider at leisure how to dress it. Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, I am not ignorant that thy Advice depends very much upon Self interest; I know the reason why thou art so earnest for me to Marry, is meerly that I should make hast to Imperial Soveraignty, on purpose to make thee a Prince —— And these are the fears that spur thee on to talk one word for me, and two for thy felf. But know, Sancho, thou complain it before th' art hurt; for I intend to put it into my Conditions, before I go to fight the Giant, That if in cafe I kill the Giant, I will have half the Kingdom at my disposal, to give towhom I please. Which being granted (as I vow, before that be under Hand and Seal, I'le see the Giant hang'd before I'le kill him) to whom dostthou think I'le bequeath that part of the Kingdom, but to thy felf? If so, Sir, quo Sancho, I befeech ye, choose that part of the Kingdom which lies next the Sea; where the Merchants may have free liberty to come and Trade for my Slaves. and I may have the Advantage to Ship off my Money, if my Government should be mislik'd. So then, as you have contriv'd it very well never trouble your felf about visiting Madam Dulcinea, but go first and knock the Grant o'the Head, for I fancy 'twill be an Adventure of great Honour and Profit. By the Mass, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, and I think so too; and therefore The follow thy Advice: For I believe 'twill be much better to visit Dulcinea afterwards, laden with Honour, when I have murder'd the Giant, and reftor'd the Princess to her Territories. Let it be thy care then to keep silence, and not to disclose the least tittle of what Discourse has past between us, to any Person living, not so much as to those of our Company; for Dulcinea is so reserved of her self, that she does not defire any body should know her Private Concerns; besides, that the disgrace would be mine, to keep any fuch blabs o' their Tongues about my Person. You forget your self, cry'd Sancho; for how can that be, when you your felf fend all your vanquish'd wretches to Madam Dulcinea? Can you call that keeping her Secrets, to fend a company of Slaves with their Chains rattling i the Streets, to throw themselves at her feet, for her to dispose of at her pleasure? What an ignorant Whelp and Bacon art thou, quo Don Quixote, not to perceive that this redounds all to her Honour! Besides, art thou so ill vers'd in matters of Chivalry, as now to be to learn, that it is a great Advantage for a Lady to have several Knights-Errant for her Gallants; who expect no other Recompence of all their Services, but the Honour of performing 'em for her fake, and the favour of her Acceptance? Tittle Tattle, gi' the Goose more Hay, quo Sancho: This is just as I have heard 'em Preach, that we ought to love God for his own fake; and yet at the same time they tell us of the invitations of Paradice, and the torments of Hell; the for my part, I think we ought to love God, what ever comes on't, as they faid at first. The Devil take thee for a Clown, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote; and yet who the Devil wou'd take thee for a Clown? For sometimes thou talk'st as rationally and discreetly, as if thou hadst Commenc'd Doctor at Salamanca. So far from that, quo Sancho, that I never read my Horn book; but I have a good mind to learn one of these days, when I'm at leisure. For I am apt to believe it can be no prejudice to me; besides, they say, there are some Men

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

that take upon 'em to be Doctors, who, God knows, have hardly Learn-

ing enough to read their Neck-Verse.

While the Knight and the Squire were thus busie in Discourse, the Barber cry'd out to 'em to make a Halt, for that the Princess desir'd to alight and drink out of a Fountain close by the Road. This was a great Kindness to Sancho, who was quite tir'd with Lying, and afraid his Master should catch him failing in his Memory. For tho he knew that Dulcinea was no better then only plain Gaffer Hogg's Daughter, vet he had never seen her

On the other side, Cardenio by this time had slipp'd himself into Mrs. Dorothy's Masculine Habits, which she had on, when they first met with her; which, tho they were none of the best, yet were they much better then his own tatter'd Rags. Thereupon they all alighted, and fitting down by the Fountain, fell a banqueting upon the short Commons which the Curate had

brought from the Inn.

While they were thus busie at their Repast, feeding like Farmers of Maxfield, upon what they had, there happen'd to come up ev'n with em as they fate, a dapper young Lad, who, after he had gaz'd awhile with a wistful Eye upon the Company, approaching Don Quixote, and embracing his Thighs; God bless your Worship, quo he, has your Worship forgot me fo foon? Don't you know your Slave, and poor Andrew, that you found fast bound to an Oak? But I thank your good Worship, you set me free with a Vengeance—At those words, Don Quixote immediately call'd him to mind, took him by the Hand, and then addreffing himself to the Company, Most illustrious Princess, and you Right Worthy Gentlemen, said he, you have here before ye an uncontroulable Demonstration of the vast Benefit, and absolute Necessity of Knight-Errants, both to reform and punish the Abuses and Disorders committed in the World. It is now some Weeks ago, that as I was riding by a Wood, the Cries and bitter Complaints of some body in diffres, pierc'd my compassionate Ears: Presently I gallop'd toward the Place where the Noise directed me, to gratifie my natural Inclination, and the Duty of my Profession; and there I found this poor young Lad, in a most miserable, distressed Condition; and I profess, I'm heartily glad he's here to testifie the truth of what I say. For tho a Knight-Errant, I'le as patiently suffer him to give me the Lye, as I wou'd my Father, if he find me in a Rodomantado. I fay then, this Boy in that Wood was ty'd to an Oak, naked from the Waste upward, like a Wench upon a Whipping-day at Bridewel; and there was a lufty Brawny-arm'd Countrey-Fellow, scoring Several pretended Debts of Thievery and Negligence upon the Boy's Back and Shoulders with a pair of Stirrup-leathers, so deep, that you might ha? bury'd the Handle of a Butcher's Sticking-knife in every one of the bloody Furrows. I ask'd the Fellow, What a meant by fo much Cruelty? Who answer'd me, That the Boy was his Servant, and that he chastized him for the Rogueries, and the Thieveries which he had committed. To which the Boy reply'd, blubbering and bleeding, that his Master lash'd him so serverely only for demanding his Wages. Whereupon the Master would have pleaded some idle Excuses that gave me no Satisfaction at all. In a word. I caus'd the young Lad to be unbound, and made the Country-Fellow fwear by all the Saints I could think of, that he would take the Boy home, and pay him all his Wages, to the very Copper-Ipot in a Tin-Farding. Is not this true, Friend Andrew? Doft not thou remember how I ranted, and fwaggerd, and hector'd the Country-Fellow? And with what Submission he promis'd to accomplish whatever I impos'd, ordain'd, demanded and commanded?

manded? Speak truth, and fhame the Devil, tell how it was boldly, without Humming and Having, without Flattery or Diffimulation, but relate the Story without Welt or Guard, that these People, who are all Persons of Quality, may understand the want of Knight-Errantry in this unjust

Tom-tell-troth himself, quo Andrew, could never ha' spok'n more Truth then your Worship has done. But notwithstanding all your Worship's good Intentions, the Success of this Affair did not answer your Worship's Expectations. How, quo Don Quixote! not answer my Expectations! why, did not the Hang-dog pay thee thy Money the next Minute? So far from paying me my Money, quo Andrew, that as foon as he found you were out o' fight. and out o' hearing, he ty'd me again to the Oak, and ply'd his first Lesson again fo fmartly over my raw Flesh, that you would have taken me for a flea'd Cat. And which was more, between every Stroke he struck, he had some bumkinly Quibble or other, in Derision of your Worship, calling ye Hatchet and Gridiron face, Lobster unboil'd, Appurtenance to a Tinder-box, Hog in Armour, &c. that had I not been in that woful Plight, I could have laugh'd my felf to have heard him. In short, he so anatomis'd my Back with his Leathern Thongs, that I have been ever fince i the lame Hospital. where I became the Trophy of Art. And now to speak my mind frankly. Sir Knight, I may thank you for all this- For had you rode on about your own Affairs, without playing the busie Fool, where ye had nothing to do, I had been releas'd with a matter o'twenty Lashes, and my Master had paid me what he ow'd me-But you call'd him fo many Rogues, Villains, and Traitors, and ranted and roarid fo little to the purpole, and put him into fuch a Fury, that not being able to reak his Malice upon you, he took his Revenge upon my poor Shoulders. The Mischief was, quo Don Quixore, that I went away a little too foon, I should have staid indeed till I had seen thee satisfy'd; for those kind of Country-Bumkins are not apt to keep their Words, unless it be for their Profit. However, thou mayst well remember, that I swore by all the Heathen Gods, that if he did not pay thee, I would return and find him out again, tho he were hid within the Bowels of the Earth. You did so, 'tis very true, Sir Knight, reply'd Andrew, but what does that fignifie now to me? Thou shalt see whether it signifie any thing or no, quo Don Quixote; and so said, he rose up in great Fury, and commanded Sancho to bridle Rosinante, who was at his Dinner, thinking no harm, within a Stone's throw o' the Company. Upon that, Mrs. Dorothy ask'd him, What he intended to do? Do, quo he! be gone immediately to chastize this Brute of a Clown and make him pay to the utmost Farthing what he owes this poor Lad, in despite of all the Bumkins and Scithe-men i' the World that dare oppose me. But, Sir Knight, quo Mrs. Dorothy, considering the Promise you have made me, you cannot in Honour undertake an other Adventure till you have accomplished mine; and therefore I befeech ye, delay this less important Revenge, till you ha' restor'd me to my Kingdom. That's but Justice indeed, reply'd Don Quixore, and therefore of necessity, Andrew must be patient, till I return again. But by the lovely Dulcinea's Chastity, I swear once more, never to rest my Head on her sweet-scented Pillow, till I have reveng'd this young Lad's Cause, and seen him satisfy'd to a Scotch Boatle. I do not question in the least, cry'd Andrew, the Performance of these Oaths, but I had rather your Worship would bestow upon me a small Piece of Silver to carry me to Sevil, then all the Revenges i the World. And having so said, I befeech ye, Sir Knight, continu'd he, bestow a Bit a' Bread and some sew Charity

Book IV.

Fardings upon a poor Sufferer for your sake, and so God bless all the Knight-Frrants under the Skie, and may they prove as fortunate for themselves, as they ha' been for me.

Upon that, Sancho pull'd out a Quarter of a Penny-Loaf and a piece of Cheese, and giving it to Andrew, here Brother, said he, 'tis but Reason and Christianity to be charitable to People in Misery. I pray, what fort of Charity is yours, cry'd Andrew? This piece of Bread and Cheese, quo Sancho; and God knows how foon I may want it my felf: For we Squires to Knight-Errants are ever and anon ready to perish for Hunger and Thirst: And besides that, we are most cruelly tyranniz'd over by ill Luck, and hard Fortune, and a thousand Accidents, that are sooner selt then related. Andrew took his Bread and his Cheese, and finding no other Charity-Money stirring, he made 'em an ugly Scrape, and turn'd his Back to the Company. But before he went off, turning about to Don Quixote, Sir Knight, said he, for the Love o' God, if ever you find me i' the same Condition again, tho you see my Bowels ready to drop out o'my Body, ne're be such a Coxcomb again to come to my Assistance, but leave me under the Lash of my Misfortunes, which cannot be worse then what befel me through your impertinent Vanity, according to the Proverb, Fools will be medling; for which the Curse of God light upon You, and all other Knight-Exrants, that from henceforth shall ever be spawn'd into the World. With that, Don Quixote rose up in a great Fury, with a Resolution to have giv'n Andrew the Benediction of his Cudgel; but Andrew, not caring for any of his Bleffings, withdrew himself out of his Reach, as swift as a Fawn. So that Don Quixote resum'd his Seat, to avoid the Shame of a vain Attempt; but so highly enrag'd at Andrew's Drollery, that all the Company were forc'd to sit as demure as so many Quakers, for fear the least Smile should have incens'd him to Out rage.

# CHAP. V.

# Of what bappen'd at the Inn.

Fter they had refresh'd their Bodies with corporal Food, they that had Beatls of Carriage, mounted; and those that had none, went a-foot; and fo riding and going a-foot, the next day they came to the Inn; for which Sancho had the same Kindness that a Man has for a Wise that sues him for Alimonie. Presently the Inn keeper, the Hostess, her Daughter, and Maritornes, who knew Don Quixote and his Squire again, without a Prospective glass, half a Mile off, came forth to meet em with great Demonstrations of Joy. Nor was the Knight behind-hand with his Returns of Civility at the usual rate, that is to say, with an extraordinary Gravity and Reserv'dness; withal, desiring the Hostess to provide him a better Bed then he had the last time. To which the Hostess return'd Anfwer, That if he would pay better, she would help him to a Bed for a Princes Which when the Knight had promis'd to do, they made him one in the very fame place where he lay before, whither he went and threw himself down immediately, as weary as a Fox-dog, and quite spent with the Labour and Toil of his own Folly in the Mountain. In the mean time, the Hostess knowing the Barber again by his Tongue, leapt at his Chin,

like a Cock at a Bilberry Bush, and catching him by the false Beard; By my blessed life, quo she, ye shall make use o' my Tail no longer: I think y' have had it long enough, to my Grief, I'm sure, to see my Husband's Comb lie so nasty as it does i' the Kitchen-window. Thereupon the Hostels rugg'd, and the Barber tugg'd, for he was loath to part with his Tail, till the Curate put an end to the Dispute, by telling him there was now no more occasion for his Disguise; for that he might tell Don Quixote, that he came to the Inn to recruit himself; and if he enquir'd after the Princess's Squire, that he should tell his Worship, That the Princess had sent him before to give notice to her Subjects, that she was coming with a Champion that would swinge off the Giant, and restore em all to their Liberties and Properties: Which gave such plenary Satisfaction to the Barber, that he restor the Hostels her Tail, with all the rest of the Trinkets which he had borrow'd of her.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

As for Mrs. Dorothy, all the Strangers that were i'the Inn, look'd upon her to be wondrous pretty. Nor were they fo blind, but they could fpie Cardenio's Gentility, his graceful Meen, and comely Aspect, through his homely Shepherd's Weeds. The Inn-keeper also upon the Curate's word, and out of the good Opinion he had of the Company, had provided em a good handsom Dinner, considering 'twas an Inn no better then one of your Forest-a-dean Houses of Entertainment. However, they had more Manners then to awake Don Quixote, who lay fnoaring like a West-Country Carrier; for they thought that Sleep would do him more good then a Sheriff's Feast. Therefore they fell on without him, and the Table-discourse was all about the Follies and Extravagancies of the poor Knight, and in what Condition they had found him in the Mountain. On the other fide, the Hostess who was present, made a Repetition of all that had befall'n the valiant Hero in his Rencounter with the Carrier and the Constable; and finding Sancho was absent, the recounted the Story of his being toss'd i' the Blanket, which made the Company as merry as so many Emmets upon a Corn-heap. From whence the Curate taking an Occasion to deplore the Frenzies of the unfortunate Knight, charg'd all his Missfortunes upon his Books of Knight-Errantry, as having been the Occasion of all his Extravagancies. How can that possibly be, reply'd the Inn-keeper, interrupting him? Where is there any better reading i' the World? I have some two or three of these Books, and I wish this Drink may be my Poison, if I don't believe they have preserv'd not only mine, but the Lives of many others. For in Harvest-time ye shall have above twenty, sometimes thirty Reapers and Mowers come hither of a Holy day. Now because we ha neither Shovel-boards, Billiard-tables, Nine-pins, Noddy-boards, nor Pigeon-holes, I fetch 'em out one of these Books; at what time they make choice of one of the best Book-learn'd among 'em, to read; and then they fall a list'ning, and prating, and drinking, that it does my Heart good to fee my Cans empty'd so fast; which makes me love 'em so well, that sometimes when my House is empty, I can sit and read in em a whole Day together. For my part, quo the Hostes, I have as much Reason to speak well of those Books, as any body; for we are never more at quiet i' the House, never less maundring, less jarring and brawling, then when my Husband is at his Devotions, as I call'em; that is, when he is fmerking and fmiling to himfelf over his Knight-Errantry Books; besides, that I am sure to be courted that Night at a more then usual rate. All this is true, cry'd Maritornes, but that which delights me most, is, when I hear how the Knight sits embracing his Lady under an Orange-Tree, while the Lady's Damfel

stands Sentinel ready to tear her Flesh for want of the same Pastime. And what think you, my pretty Maiden, quo the Curate, addressing himself to the Hostes's Daughter? Alas, Sir! quo she, I know not what belongs to these things; and yet when I hear 'em read their Stories, I find a kind of Alteration is my Body, I know not how - But as I hope for Mercy my felf, the merciles Gashes which the Knights give one another, and the unreasonable Steaks which they sliver off from one another's Cheeks and Shoulders, go to my very Heart; and I'm as forry for the poor Gentlemen, as if it were my own Case --- My Father knows, that when I see him engag'd among the Butchers at the Bear-Garden, I fall a squeaking and squaling like any thing. And then when I hear the fad Groans and Lamentations of some kind hearted Knights, when they are far from their Mistresses, I cannot for my life, but I must fall a weeping for Company. Why then, faid Mrs. Dorothy, I perceive, Sweet heart, you would not be so ill natur'd, to let a Knight lie roaring and bellowing fo long, if you could help him. I'my Conscience now, Madam, reply'd the Virgin, I don't know my own Mind. But this I am fure of, that some of these Ladies are so desperately cruel, that the Knights cannot forbear calling 'em Lyons, and Tygresses, Harpy's, Furies, and I know not what my felf; which, if they deferve, I wonder how Ladies that pretend to Honour and Conscience, can be so hard hearted, to suffer a Gentleman that so dearly loves em, to dye, or at least to run Mad, for want of a Kifs or a nights Entertainment. Lord bless me! what does all this Coyness signifie? For if they stand upon their Punctilio's of Honour, how if I (hould prove with Child? let 'em marry the Knights, as I would do, if I were in their Condition. Hold your prating, Huffey, quo the Hostess, I find you know more then you should do already. Good Daughter, no more o' your Riff-raff; Maids must be seen, and not heard-Why, Mother, quo the Girl, I did but answer the Gentleman and the Gentlewoman; and I'm fure my School-miftress told me 'twas Manners to speak when I was spoke to. So 'tis, and I thank thee very kindly Sweetheart, reply'd the Curate; and then turning to the Inn-keeper, Landlord, quo he, if thy Books have fuch a Faculty to help down good Drink, prethee let's see em. With that the Inn-keeper setch'd out an old mouldy Cloakbag, fecur'd with a rufty Padlock, which after he had unlock'd he gave Air to Don Cironciglio of Thrace, Don Falix-mart of Hyrcania, the History of the famous and renowned Captain, Goncales Hermandez of Cordova, with the Life of Valentine and Orson, Bevis of Southampton, and Guy of Warwick. When the Curate had view'd 'em, Neighbour, quo he to the Barber, we want nothing more now, but our Friend's Neece and his House-keeper, the Court and the Window. There's no fuch need, quo the Barber, I'le undertake to fling 'em out o' this Window as artificially, as if I had been seven Years at the Trade; or else to carry 'em to the Chimney, where there is as good a Fire as the Hangman himself could defire for the burning of a Traitor's Intrails. How, Gentlemen! cry'd the Inn-keeper? I hope ye don't intend to burn my Books? Only five of 'em, reply'd the Curate; Don Cironciglio, Falix-mart, Valentine and Orlon, Bevis and Guy. Why fure, quo the Inn-keeper, they be no Gismaticks, that you condemn em thus furiously to the Flames. Schismaticks thou mean'st, quo the Curate. Well, let 'em be Zismaticks, however, as y' are stout, be merciful, quo the Inn-keeper; if ye must be burning, burn Hermandez and Garcia, with all my heart, but for the rest, Ile as soon burn my Wife and Children. Landlord, reply'd the Curate, as for those Books you would so fain save, they are nothing but so many heaps of Lyes, meer Rubbish, fit for nothing

but Trunkmakers. But for D. Garcia, he was a famous Souldier indeed, and fo strong that he would stop the Sails of a Wind-mill in a high Wind, with one Hand; and they fay, that he himself singly defended a Bridge against a whole Army of Men, with many other renowned and famous Atchievements, that if they had been recorded by another Historian, as they were written by himself with a more then ordinary Modesty, because he wou'd not feem to be the Trumpeter of his own Fame, he had furpass'd all the Hectors, Achilles's, and Orlando Furioso's, i' the World. Pox-quo the Inn keeper, what a Wonder you tell of stopping a Wind mill Sail-read Don Falix-mart, and you shall see how with one back-blow he cut five Giants as big about as the Monument, as ev'n and as fmoothly i'the middle, that you could not fee where his Sword had gone amiss: And how he encounter'd all alone one of the greatest Armies that ever were seen, and shreded as small as Mince meat, fix hundred thousand Soldiers, all compleatly arm'd from Head to Foot; and then you would burn Guy o' Warwick. Nouns, Sir, there was never fuch a Knight i' the World; upon whom, as he was standing by some River or other, 'tis no matter where, a sierce Dragon leapt out of the River, and feiz'd upon his Body; but presently the Knight taking hold of the Dragon's Throat, grip'd his scalding hot Wezand so hard, that the flaming Monster no longer able to breath, sunk down to the bottom of the water forty fathom deep, and pull'd the Knight after him because he would not let go his hold; but when he thought he had been at the bottom of the River, he found himself in a magnificent Palace, standing in the midst of pleasant Gardens and Paradise's; at what time the fiery Dragon turn'd into an elderly Gentleman, as venerable as the Maffer of a Company upon a Court Day, who told him a thousand Stories as strange to him, as the Lyes of a Traveller to a Knot of Bumkins in an Alehouse Chimney. Go, go, y'are a Fool, Mr. Parson, these were brave Fellows indeed- I'd not give a Fig for your Don Garcia's, and your great Captains, they're not worth hanging to these. Upon that, Mrs. Dorothy turning to Cardenio, What say you to all this? Don't you think my Landlord in a fair way to be a second Don Quixote? Truly I think him in as beat'n a Road to it, as from London to Highgate; for I fee he believes all that he reads in these Romances to be Articles of Faith, and I defie all the Virtuosi to convince him to the Contrary. But, Landlord, quo the Curate, continuing his Discourse, do you believe, as you hope to escape Purgatory, that there were any fuch Persons i' the World, as Cirongilio of Thrace, and Felixwart of Hircania, and the rest of the same Tribe? Be not such a Fool- I tell thee, they were all a Company of Fables invented by a fort of idle Fellows that had nothing else to do, for the Divertisement of those that were as lazy as themselves. Such is the Folly of Men to complain of the Shortness of Life, and yet know not what to do with what they have. Believe then what I say, for by the word of a Priest, I swear to thee, there is not a Tittle of Truth in all that's written of these Knight-Errants. Who are you felling your Shells to, Mr. Curate, reply'd the Inn-keeper? To those that come from St. Michael? Good-now carry these Bones to another Dog. 'Tis true, perhaps I am none of the wifest, yet I'de have ye to know, tho I never study'd Darapti, nor Felapton, I am not so soon to be converted neither; and therefore as y' are a University Scholar, don't think to feed me with Pap; for by my Wife's first Maiden head, I am no Child to be made believe, that these Books that are set forth with a Licencid by Authority, which Authority is deriv'd from the Council Royal, God blefs'em; contain nothing but Lyes and Forgeries to turn People's Brains,

and flock Bedlam. I have told ye already, Landlord, reply'd the Curate. these things are permitted only for the Pastime of those that have no other Imployment, and whose Quality and Degree exempts 'em from the Trouble of Labour and Pains taking. Therefore it is, that in all well order'd Common wealths, feveral Sports and Recreations are allow'd, as Cards, Tables, Billiards, and the like, for the Divertisement of such as neither can, neither does it behove 'em to work. And for the same Reason they suffer these fort of Books to be printed and fold; not imagining there should be any so ignorant, or so empty-pated, as to believe there is any Truth in such kind of Stories. And now give me leave to tell ye, were it seasonable, or a thing that the Company desir'd, I would say something concerning these Romances, how they ought to be compos'd, to the end they might be of Use; and perhaps my Discourse would neither be unprofitable or displeasing. But there is a time for all things, and I hope one Day to impart my Mind to those that may have Power to redress this National Grievance. In the mean time, Landlord, believe what I say, and make your best Advantage of it; and I pray God keep thee from being fick of Don Quixote's Disease. Ne're trouble your Head for that, Sir, reply'd the Inn keeper; I'm sure I shall ne're be such a Fool as to turn Knight-Errant; for I find they are not so much in fashion, as they were formerly. Sancho, who was present at some part of this Discourse, hearing Knight-Errantry exploded, as quite out of fashion, and all Remances run down for Fictions, Lyes, and Chimera's, stood like Mumphazard, that was hang'd for faying nothing, pensive, melancholy, stupid, and all-besotted, till reviv'd with a Gill of the best, he at length resolv'd to tarry alittle longer, and see the Issue of his Master's Journey; and in case it did not answer his Expectations, to leave him there, and then to return home to his Wife and Children, and betake himself to Hedging and Ditching, as he was wont to do. The Inn-keeper also was about to have carry'd away his Portmantle and his Books, but the Curate stopt him, telling him he had a mind to see some Papers that he had only cast his Eye upon, the rather because they were so fairly written; and taking out a handful at the same time, he found eight or ten Leaves together with this Title at the Beginning, The Novel of the Curious Impertinent; and after he had read a matter o' fix or seven Lines to himself, Fakins, quo he, this Title pleases me, and therefore I have a mind to read the rest - Ferch us t'other Bottle, Landlord. You will be very well pleas'd, I'le assure ye, Sir, reply'd the Inn keeper, for I have heard it read to several of my Guests that have been highly merry with it; nay, I have had several Booksellers here too, that have offer'd me Money for the Copy to print it, but I resolv'd not to part with it; beside that, I dare not neither, for fearthe owner of the Portmantle, that pawn'd it to me for his Reckoning, should come to fetch it away, and pay me my Money. For tho I am an Inn-keeper, yet I pretend to have so much Conscience, as not to do my felf an Injury. You speak honestly, reply'd the Curate, but if I like the Story, I hope you'l let me take a Copy. VVith all my heart, Sir, upon Condition you'l drink a Flask or two extraordinary.

VVhile they two were thus discoursing, Cardenio took up the Novel, and having read a little way-Sir, said he to the Curate, I like it very well, and I believe, if you will take the pains to read it out aloud, the whole Company will be glad to hear it. Most willingly, reply'd the Curate; but is it not time to go to fleep, rather then read? No, no, Mr. Curate, cry'd Mrs. Dorothy, pray read it, I'd rather hear it then a Sermon- and besides, I want fomething to revive my Spirits, for I am melancholy methinks of a fudden:

Book IV. The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

fudden: Sancho and the Barber made him the fame request: for Sancho faid he was melancholy too, and profer'd to fill the Curate his Cup, whenever he call'd for't. Nay, then, quo the Curate, take your places, and give Attention: Thus end the Contents, the Chapter follows.

CHAP. VI.

The NOVEL

OF THE

# CURIOUS IMPERTINENT.

IN Florence, a wealthy and famous City of Italy, in the Province of Tufcany, there were two Gentlemen, Anselm and Lothaire, who liv'd together in such a perfect Amity and Union, that they call'd em the Two Friends. They were both young, both of an Age, both Batchelors, and had both the same Inclinations; only that Anselm was more amorous and courtly, and Lothaire more addicted to Hunting. But they lov'd like Pylades and Orestes, wou'd forgoe their Pleasures at any time, to serve one another; and if one had Money, the t'other never wanted. Now mark the Burden of all Novels; Anelm fell passionately in love with a most delicate, curious, peerless Paragon of Beauty, in the same City. And it fell out so pat, that her Birth, her Estate, her Alliances, were so equal to his, that he refolv'd, with the Confent of his Friend, (for without that, 'twas impossible for him to do any thing) to demand her in Marriage. On the other side, Lothaire was so far from displeasing his Friend, that he undertook to make the Demand; and so diligently bestirr'd himself, that in a few days he put his Friend to bed to his Miltress fairly and honestly; for which, both his Friend and Camilla ( for that was the Gentlewoman's Name) gave him more Thanks then would ha' ftarv'd ten thousand Cats. Lothaire also, which was but Reason, went every day to visit the two marry'd Couple fo long as Honey-moon lasted; nor would he be wanting himself sometimes to siddle, and sometimes to dance, as Occasion serv'd. But the Holy-days being over, he thought it now proper, like a Man of Discretion, to be more reserved, and less frequent in his Visits; for that his Friend being marry'd, the Case was alter'd, quo Plowden; yet vowing withal to meet him as often at the Tavern, as ever he did before; and there to be Cup and Can, as formerly.

On the other fide, Anselm as enamour'd, and as eager as he was at his Sport, wonder'd his Friend was grown such a Stranger, and came so seldom to visit him; and therefore one day, when he did come, expostulated the Case with him, and told him, That Before-George he would ne're ha marry'd, had he thought that Matrimony would have effrang'd 'em one from another: That it was usual for Women to claim their Thirds, and therefore the Law gave his Wife a Share i'their Friendship: That he hop'd they two knew better then to loofe the peculiar Title of the Two Friends, for the flarch'd Niceties of Formality, or the idle Comments of Town-talk: That Camilla took his absenting himself as unkindly as he, and thought her felf fo happy in her Marriage, that there was nothing more delightful

to her, then the fight of him that had so fortunately contriv'd it. In short, he us'd all the Arguments imaginable to perswade Lothaire to visit him as he did before, affuring him, that he could not be at rest without him. To which Lothaire answer'd with so much Modesty and Prudence, that Angelm began to think his Friend was in the right on't. However, to prevent all Misunderstandings between Decency and Friendship, it was concluded. That Lothaire should come twice a Week, and upon Holy-days too, and dine at Anselm's House. Which, the Lothaire promis'd to do. for the Satisfaction of his Friend; yet he refolv'd with himfelf however. to be still careful of his Friend's Honour, whose Reputation he valu'd beyond his own. Quo he to himfelf, and he quo he'd like an honest Gentleman; A Man whom Heaven has bleft with a beautiful Wife, had as much need to take care what Friends he brings to his House, as what Orange, and Boon Christian Women, what Ladies of Quality, and Kinfwomen, came to visit his Wife. For that those Bargains cannot be driven i'the Market-place, or at Church, or at a great Invitation, or a Playhouse, whither a Man cannot refuse his Wife to go sometimes, which are concluded at home by a She-friend or a Kinfwoman, of whom there is little or no notice tak'n. How easily is a Billet-donx convey'd in a Bunch of Grapes, or a Boon Christian; nor shall she want Instruction which to chuse: take this Pear, Madam, upon my word, 'tis a choice piece of Fruit, and cheap at Six pence. Anselm, on the other side, who knew his Friend's Thoughts as well as if he had been in his Belly, made these Cautions an Argument against him, urging, That for these very Reasons, it behov'd every marry'd Man, to have a real Friend about him, to give him good Counfel, and inform him when he did amiss; for that many Men might be apt to be so indulgent to their VVives, and to be so hood-wink'd with Affection and Dotage, that they could not spie those Faults and Contrivances, which a discreet and discerning Friend might be able to do. But not withstanding all Anselm's Rhetorick, Lothaire still kept to his Text, and would not visit his Friend any oftner then he thought fitting, that is to say, he very feldom went to fee him. Shew me now fuch another Example of real and fincere Amity; for my part, I don't believe there ever was fuch another as Lothaire, who was so careful of his Friend's Honour, that he depriv'd himself of his Company, for fear the world should misinterpret his Visits, and that at an Age that does not usually make those sober Reslections where Pleasure is concern'd; so generous that he would not give Occasion to the idle world to talk, or for malicious Eyes to observe the frequent Visits of a wealthy Gentleman, and of noble Birth, to such a celebrated Beauty as Camilla, to the Scandal of his friend's forehead, upon which the vulgar would be presently grafting all the Horns in Epping-Forest, upon the least Surmises of their Malice. Yet all this while such was Anselm's Impatience, that he never saw his Friend, but he upbraided him with his Coldness, for which Lothaire had always such proper Excuses, that Anselm knew not how to be angry with him. But not long after, as they were both walking together i the Fields, Anselm taking Lothaire by the Hand; One would think, Lothaire, said he, that considering the Favours which God had showrd upon me, in making me the Son of such Noble Parents, and bestowing upon me with such a liberal Hand; but more then all this, when I find my felf belov'd by fuch a true Friend as Lothaire, and embrac'd by fuch a vertuous Wife as the fair Camilla, one would think, I fay, that I should live contented as one that enjoy'd all the Happiness that a Man can enjoy in this World. And yet for all this, I

find my felf fo strangely distracted in my Mind, such odd Conundrums and Whimsies lie wallowing and tumbling i'my Brains, that I cannot tell how for the Soul and Blood o' me, to get rid of 'em. I confess to my Shame that they are only the extravagant Fancies of a weak Head, at which I cannot chuse but wonder, and as often highly blame my self. But they have got fuch an ascendant over me, that I cannot withstand 'em; and it makes me mad to see my self almost beside my Wits. As for Example, Then thundring Iove in human Shape came stealing to Amphitryo's Bed-What a pox have I to do with fove or Amphitryo -? there's neither Rhyme nor Reason in't—and yet these things fill my Brains full o'Sparables—At other times I dream of Lords and Citizens Wives, Ladies and their Coachmen. What-a-devil do these things concern me? And yet sometimes they make a noise i' my Noddle like so many Paper-mills. Now as I thus became a Nuisance to my felf, I knew not where to apply my felf for cure, but to the only faithful Friend that I have i'the World; and therefore I shall not fcruple to discover to thee the Cause of my Distemper, as being confident,

The Renowned DON OHIXOTE.

that no other Person under Heaven can relieve me.

Book IV.

Anselm, amaz'd to hear his Friend talk idle at that rate, could not divine what Maggot this should be, that had so suddenly wriggl'd it felf among the Tunicles of his Brain. And therefore to fatisfie his Impatience, he told him in plain English, 'Twas a Violation of the League between 'em to fetch such a Compass about, before he came to the Point: that his Secrets did not use to come so hard from him; and therefore whatever it were, he defir'd him to out with it, fince he knew his Friend was bound to conceal it, tho 'twere Treason it self. Why, faith my dear Friend. reply'd Anselm, nothing but Shame has ty'd my Tongue all this while-And I could hang my felf for trifling thus long, fince 'tis in vain for a Man to hide his Disease from his Physician. Physician! quo Lothaire— Fore-George, if it be any thing of a Clap, 'tis quite out o' my Road \_\_ No. no, replyd Anfelm, 'tisa ferious, a very ferious Business. I would try an Experiment—I would fain know, Pox on't—'twas just at the Root o' my Tongue, and is slipp'd down again—I would fain know whether—Camilla be as chaft, and as virtuous as I believe her to be— now 'tis out. Bless me! what a Project ha' you teem'd after fuch a hard Labour? Why, faith faid Anselm, I cannot tell whether I think well or ill, but my Opinion is this, That what ye call Vertue in Women, is like your counterfeit Pieces that glifter like Gold, but in the Refiners Melting-pot they vanish away in Smoke and Steam. Vertue is a specious word, and makes a fine shew, that oftimes covers a World of mysterious Wickedness. For Ido not believe that Woman to be chaft, that is never courted, or never folicited: But she that can relift the Promiles, the Presents, the Tears, the Importunities, and all the Temptations of a Diabolical Lover, she's the vertuous Woman. For the she hold out a Siege as long as Troy, if she surrender at length, I'd not give a fingle Mustard-seed for her Vertue; nor would I give a Rush for a Vertue that is grounded upon Fear, or want of Opportunity. She's only vertuous, that holds out against all the Batteries of Enticement, and the Enticements even of their own Inclinations. Now I would fain try. whether Camilla's Vertue be of this Nature. 'Tistrue, such Experiments are dangerous, but I shall ne're be quiet i' my Mind, till I am satisfy'd in this Particular. If Camilla stand to her Pan-pudding; if when she has run the Gantlet through all the Temptations, Oaths, Vows, Protestations, VViles and Stratagems of an importunate Lover, the come off without a Scar; then will I fay, there's a VVoman fall n to my Lot, after whom the

Wife man makes Proclamation, and cries, Where's such a one to be found? But if the falter and give ground, I shall have this Advantage at least, not to have been deceived in my Opinion, and that I was not cully'd by that Confidence, which abuses so many other Men. And therefore never go about to spend words in vain, in hopes to divert me from my Design, for you may as well take the Moon by the Horns; but prepare your felf to do me this Kindness, upon the score of our long continu'd and inviolable Friendship. Make all the Applications to her imaginable, swear, vow, protest, fall at her Knees, whine, pine, lament and mourn; spare neither for Neck-laces of Pearl, nor Gold Watches; let her not want any Rarity that Spring, Summer, or the more fruitful Autumn yields: In short, use all the Stratagems and Devices that human Wit, or the Subtilty of the Devil can invent to debauch an honeft, honourable, referv'd, modeft, godly, vertuous Woman; and believing thou canst not give me a more sensible Proof of thy Kindness, begin as soon as thou canst. Anselm here making a stop, Lothario more aftonish'd now then he was before, star'd him i' the face a good while, without speaking a word, like one that had been gazing upon something he had never feen before; till after he had recollected himfelf. Friend Anselm, said he, had I thought you had been in earnest all this while, I should never have heard ye so patiently, and so long, without an Interruption. Surely, either thou doft not know me, or I don't know thee. But I think I know thee to be Angelm; and I believe thou knows me to be Lothario: Here's the Mischief on't, that I think thou art not the same Anselm thou wer't wont to be, and thou tak'ft me not to be the same Lothairo that I ought to be. For neither is the Kindness of that Nature to be desir'd by Anselm, nor to be granted by Lothario. We are to make use of our Friends to such a Degree, and no farther; and to make trial of their Friendship in things that are reasonable, not in things that are contrary to common Sense; and if not prejudicial, at least of no Advantage to the Imposer. You wou'd have me make love to your Wife, and use my utmost Endeavours to debauch her: If you believe her vertuous, what would ye have more? Or what will my Endeavours add to her Merit? But if I do debauch her, what then? Then is your Life at an end; for the loss of Reputation, is the loss of Life; and what will the world most justly say of me, for abuling and dishonouring my Friend? By my troth, you have study'd one of the most ingenious Contrivances to ruine your felf and your friend too, that ever I heard of. If you question, whether Camilla be as prudent as other Women, take her as she is, either better or worse, till ve find her worse then she is. For 'tis better to enjoy a quiet Uncertainty, then to bring an old House upon a Man's Head, by trying Experiments. Remember, friend Anselm, that the Honour of a Woman confists in the good Opinion which the world has of her; then content your felf with your own and the good Opinion of the world to boot, and never go about, out of an idle and impertinent Curiofity to lay Snares meerly to shew the Excellency o' your Trap; which, when all is done, does but catch prone Inclination with the Baits that are natural to it. For in short, a Woman is like a polish'd Glass. which is tarnish'd with the least breathing upon it: A delicate Flower, that fullies and withers with the foftest Touch. To this Purpose, I remember the Advice of an grave Old Toast, to the Father of a certain young Virgin in a Comedy, to keep a diligent watch over his Daughter, to shut her up, and not to trust her to her self; and if I mistake not, the words were these.

HE that thinks a Woman Glass, Let him ne'r be trying tricks; For as fure as God's in Gloster, If he lets her fall, she breaks.

But when she's broke, the Devil himself Can never soder up the Wound; And therefore while she's whole, be sure To have a care, and keep her sound.

For certain 'tis, that were there now More Danaë's then could be told, There wou'd not want for ev'ry one As many charming showers of Gold.

And now, faid Lothario, having spok'n thus much for your Interest, give me leave to say something for my self. You look upon me to be your real Friend, and yet you go about to take away my Honour; and would ha' me be the Instrument of ruining yours: Wife work in good truth. What will Camilla think, when she shall hear my lewd Addresses to her, but that I am a perfidious Son of Voluptuousness, that makes no scruple to violate the most Sacred Laws of Friendship, or to Sacrifice my Reputation to the ticklings of sensual Pleasure? Will she not have reason to be offended at a Liberty that will feem to reproach her, as if I had observ'd a particular Lightness and Vanity in her Conduct? Or if I find her yielding, will it become me to betray Anselm? Or if I cannot accomplish my ends, can she have a greater hatred, then for the Person, on whom she had bestow'd such marks of her favour, meerly to make a May game of her Credulity? Or if I excuse my self, and say, I did it to please you; what will she think of me for accepting such a Commission? And how will she despise the Person that Sign'd it? What will all Men of Honour think of me, for having troubl'd the repose of all your Family with a false Complaisance? Shall we not become the Publick Laughter of those that admir'd our strict and matchless Amity? Believe me therefore, dear Anselm, live undisturb'd in an Opinion that renders thee happy; and consider that thou ventur'st thousands to a Nut-shell, in so rash and impertment a folly. In a word, without flattery, I take it ill, that you should make me such an idle and dishonourable Proposal; and be affur'd, that I will never do ye this dangerous piece of Service, tho it should cost me your Friendship, which would to me be the greatest Loss i'the World.

These home-thrusts of Lothario put Anselm into such a Consusion, that for a good while he stood as mute as a Fish, till having found his Tongue in a condition to move; Friend Lothario, said he, I have heard thee with all the Attention and Satisfaction imaginable; and have observed in thy Expressions all that Discretion and Prudence could utter: And this Resulal of thine has signalized thy Friendship to the highest degree. I consess my Request is unjust, and such a one, of which the Consequences cannot chuse but be fatal; and that if I don't follow thy Counsel, I am a Mad man, and hurry my self into a most dreadful Precipice. But I am sick, Lothario, I am sick; and of a Distemper that rages incessantly within me; and a desperate Disease must have a desperate Cure: Besides, you see that Chalk, Oatmeal, Coals, the raw Steaks of a Butcher's Arm, will never hurt those that long

for 'em. I conceal'd my Infirmity a long time, in hopes I might furmount it: but 'tis become my Mafter, and my deplorable Condition obliges me to feek for aid. For sake me not therefore in my diffress, dear Friend— Never stand arguing with a man that has lost his Reason — Why — if I have a mind to be a Cuckold, why should you contradict me? Prithee try Camilla, gently at first, for fear of dashing, I dare say she won't surrender at the first Assault; and perhaps that small Experiment may satisfie me, that I may return to my Senses again without any more. If thou art fuccessful over the left shoulder, and art forc'd to raise thy Siege from my beloved Lady Vienna, then shall I be happier then the Great Mogul, and the King of Persia; and thou wilt have the Honour to have outdone all the Physicians in London, where I think there are more then enow; and to have Cur'd one of the oddest Frenzies that ever was heard of. And for Camilla, let me alone to put it off with a Jeft, and pacific her well enough. But do it, dear Lothario, do it for my sake, do it for her sake, do it for Heav'n's fake, do it for thy own fake, and for the fake of all that is dear to thee i'the World; or else I must be forc'd to employ some body

Lothario finding Anselm fo resolutely bent, and the danger of a Refusal, determin'd to accept the strange Commission, the rather because he was fatisfied that he had difcharg'd his Conscience to the full, both like a Gentleman and a Friend; resolving however to carry his business so cunningly, as to satisfie the Hypochondriacal Anselm, and yet not offend Camilla neither. And having thus concluded within himfelf; You shall not need, quo he to Anselm, to employ any body elfe, for I find my Complaifance too weak to withstand any longer the force of your Entreaties. At which words Anselm embrac'd him with that Affection, as if it had been Camilla her felf trium-

phant over all the feven deadly Sins.

After that, they drank a chirping Cup together, and Anselm drew out a draught of the Method which Lothario was to observe; not forgetting what fort of Tunes he would have for the Serenades, and what fort of Songs he would have for the Tunes, which he offer'd to make himself, if Lothario thought he could not be at leisure, for Courting his Wife. Moreover, he promis'd to fend Lothario Money to defray the Expences of his Entertainments, his Coach hire to and fro; together with what Watches, Rings, and Jewels he should think convenient for Temptation-Presents: For all which Lothario took his word, without troubling a Scriv'ner to draw up Articles. Which done, Anselm carry'd Lothario home to his House, where he found Camilla in a twitter, for his having staid till Dinner was almost spoyl'd. After Dinner, and a Game or two at Back Gammon, Lothario took his leave for that time, and retir'd to his Lodging, very much disturb'd in his mind about the hard Duty which his Friend had impos'd upon him. That Night he lay tumbling and toffing, and confidering with himfelf how to manage his Business; and the next day away he went again to Dine with his Friend, where Camilla receiv'd him as her Husband's Acquaintance, with all the becoming freedom imaginable; as one in whose Company she knew her Husband delighted, and to whom she was her felf not a little engag'd. They had no fooner clos'd up their Stomacks with their Pippins and Carraway Comfits, but Anselm, rising hastily from the Table, told 'em, that he had urgent Business that call'd him abroad, and therefore begg'd of Lothario to keep his Wife Company till his Return; and notwithstanding all Lothario's entreaties, that he might bear him Company, and Camilla's endearing Prithee my Hony's and Sweet-heart's, to retain him at

home, nothing would do; he had no fooner comb'd out his Perriwip, but away he flung, leaving Lothario and his Wife in the Room together. And then it was, that Lothario found himfelf at the strangest Non-plus that ever he was in his life; not knowing what i' the World to do, to avoid the danger that threatned the forehead of his Friend. At length he fain'd himself to be very fleepy, and after he had feemingly endeavour'd to wake himself two or three times, he loll'd backward in his Chair, and betook himfelf to Dog-fleep; for as I may tell to you, he was no more fleepy then when he wak'd i' the Morning. About two hours after, Anselm return d, and finding Camilla i the Room, and Lothario fast asleep, as he thought, he conjectur'd, he had tyr'd himfelf with talking, and therefore staid till he was awake, to know how far he had proceeded. Lothario answer'd him, that he did not think it convenient to provoke Camilla too far at the first dash; and therefore he had only difcours'd her at a diffance, concerning the Perfections of her own Beauty, and amus'd her with the general Talk of the Town, of the Happy Choice that Anselm had made of a Wife; not doubting but to infinuate himfelf by degrees, as having prepard her to hear stories of another Nature the next time: Observing the Devil's Method, who when he has a defign to deceive poor Mortals, does not shew his Cloven foot at first, but transforms himself into an Angel of Light. Which beginning extreamly pleas'd Anselm. Several days thus past over, wherein Lothario spoke not a word to Camilla; only he made her Husband believe he had us'd all the Art and Arguments, with which the Devil had liberally furnish'd him, but could not make the least Impression upon her Affection: On the other fide, that The did nothing but cry fie, and our upon him; and that fhe did not think he had been such a one, and at length threaten'd to tell her Husband, and never to come into his Company more, if ever he offer'd

her any such idle Discourse again.

Happy had Anselm been, if this would ha' givn him Satisfaction: But 'tis not to be avoided, where the Devil owes a man a shame; for the Devil fcorns to take White-Fryers for fuch a Debt. Thus far, faid Anfelm, Camilla has withstood the Batteries of Words, now let's see how she will refift the force of Deeds. To morrow I'le fend ye in two hundred Guineys for a Present, and two hundred more for a Garnish of Diamonds; for Women love to fee their Stomachers twinkling with Jewels, like the Sky in a frosty Night; and if Camilla refuses Them, I'le never trouble thee farther. Well, cry'd Lothario, I'le go forward, fince I ha' begun; but I'm confident you'd as good ha' play'd away your Money at In and In i'the Temple-Hall — However, the next day Anselm, who like a Merchant that stands upon his Credit, was too punctual to fail of his word, fent in his Friend the four hundred Guineys, which plung'd Lothario again into new Cares: But still he concluded to fay, that Camilla was not to be mov'd, and that he was afraid of incurring her hatred by teizing her. And indeed he might eafily have come off with Honour, had Anselm been Master of himself; but his Brains were fo turn'd in his Skull, that nothing would content him. One day therefore, after he had left Lothario and Camilla alone, as he was wont to do he withdrew himself into an upper Room, where he could see all that pass'd between the two supposed Lovers. But when he had staid there above an Hour, he observ'd that in all that time, Lothario did not so much as open his Lips, which made him believe, that what he had faid of Camilla, were all meer Shams. Upon which, returning into the Room, and taking Lothario afide; What a fcurvy Humour is Camilla in to day, quo he? She has piss'd upon a Nettle, I think, quo Lothario; for she's a: froppish,

Book IV.

178

as if the had loft the first Present that you made her: so cholerick, so pertills, fo peevish, so waspish, that I durft not speak a word to her—Ah, Lathario, Lothario! cry'd Anselm, Is this the Effect of your Promises? Is this the Discharge of a Trust, which I expected from your Friendship? I ha' stood upon the Watch, where I have all this while observ'd, that you have not spoke aword to Camilla— there's Courtship for mine A— and not for a brisk Lady — Why don't ye give me leave to make use of some body else, if you are so tender-Conscienced?

Lothairo finding himfelf fo trapp'd, that he had not one hole to creep out at, and being in the Number of those that could not tell a Lye, and stand in it, thought it convenient to play another Game; and fwore more Oaths then are Iworn of a Night in a Gaming-Ordinary, that it should cost him a fall, but he would do his Business. Anselm believ'd him, and to give him the more Liberty, refolv'd to go into the Country for a matter of eight days. Now was there ever fuch a Puppy i' the world? when he had all things at home to his own Heart's content, a fair Estate, a handfom, loving, obsequious Wife; yet all this wou'd not content him, but that he must be studying, and searching out new Passages to Nova Zembla. new Hudson's Bays, to his own Ruine? But no more of these Digressions. let's go on with our Story.

Industrious Anselm went the next Morning into the Country; but taking leave of his Wife, My Dear, quo he, urgent Business calls me away, however, I leave ye my friend Lothario, to whom I desire ye i' the mean time to be as kind and civil as to my felf. My Dear, quo Camilla, this is your Order, but a strange Injunction. Joy, quo she, d'ye understand what ye do? for it troubles me very much to obey; for that it was beyond the Limits of Decency, that Lothario and she should live with that Familiarity together in his Absence. If ye doubt that I am not able to govern your House, I beseech ye, my Dear, stay and be a Witness your self of my Management, that if I do amiss, I may be better inform'd by your Instruction. No more Words, cry'd Anfelm, with a Matrimonial Frown; and fo faving. flung out of her Company.

The next day Lothario came to visit Camilla, who receiv'd him with all the Modesty imaginable; and she had taken such care, that she would not be a moment in the Room, without some body by her, especially Lyonella, a Maid that had been bred up with her, and for whom she had a very great Kindness.

For the three first Days Lothario said nothing to her, tho he had Opportunity enough while the Servants were at Dinner. Of which Camilla being well aware, order'd Lyonella for the future to dine before the reft, that fhe might continually have her by her. But the giddy Girl, having other Crotchets in her Head, and not caring to stay long in a place, many times took Occasions to leave Lothario and her Mistress alone. Nevertheless Lothario still forbore to take Opportunity by the Forelock, whether it were, that he could not find in his heart to injure his Friend, or whether he thought it too much below a Gentleman to wrong a Lady that treated him with fo much Civility; or perhaps because, the Camilla were beautiful and free in her Behaviour, yet the Gravity and Reservedness of her Carriage struck fuch an Awe into him, that restrain'd the loose Attempts of his irregular Defires. But at length this Constraint that Lothario put upon himself, and all his long Silence, produc'd an Effect quite contrary to his laudable Intentions. For at length the Charms of her Beauty made that Impression in his Mind, which he had been all along fo much afraid of; and while

he only thought to behold her with a modest and becoming Respect, he began to admire her, and to look upon her with for much Delight, that he could not unfix his Eyes from their beloved Object. In alwords Love stole insensibly into his Heart, and had made a great Progress before he perceiv'd it. But when he found himself over Shoes, over Boots, and that his Heart was all of a Blaze, beyond the Quenching of the City Engines; then what a Toil, what a Buftle, what a Clutter was there? What eager Difputes and Contests, fiercer then these of Whige and Fory, between Ireachery and Honour? What Duels and Combats between growing Passion, and Breach of Friendship? What Hiccops and Checks of Conscience, and Reproaches of common Morality? Piety also and Religion were come as far as the Grounfel of his Heart; but Satan spying em, presently stept to the Door, and barr'd it against 'em. He repented a thousand times his rash Compliance with the Folly of his Friend. So that at length it came to a pitch'd Battel between his Vertues and his Passions, under the Command of Honour and Fidelity o'the one fide, impatient Defire and lawless Fleafure on the other fide; and the Conflict was obstinately maintain'd, till Camilla's Beauty and Anselm's Destiny, to punish his Imprudence, coming in with a fresh Reinforcement, put Virtue and Christianity to flight, with the loss Honour and Fidelity flain upon the place. And now Lothario, believing the Resistance of three Days sufficient to excuse his Disloyalty to his Friend, as one that thought himself no longer oblig'd to hold out, where he saw no possibility of being reliev'd, let loose the Reins of his Passion, and boldly discover'd the Violence of his Love to Camilla. On the other fide, Camilla, strangely surpriz'd to find her self so vigorously, so suddenly, and so unexpectedly affail'd, said not a word, but rising hastily from her Chair, retir'd into her Chamber. But this disdainful Repulse nothing daunted Lothario, rather it begat in him a higher Esteem of her Person; and that effeem adding Fewel to his Flames, he resolv'd to profecute his Defign. In the mean time Camilla, after a long Consultation with her self what Course to take, at length concluded to withdraw her felf from Lothario's Company; and in the Evening fent a Lacquey away to her Husband, with the following Letter to recall him home.

The Renomned DON QUIXOTE.

# CHAP. VII.

The Sequel of the Novel of the Curious Impercinent.

'TOU have shew'd an extraordinary Confidence in leaving me alone, and I find my self highly oblig'd to ye for it. But I cannot think it so discreetly done or that you are so jealous as you ought, of a Happines, which 'you pretend fo highly to efteem. For my own part, confidering the real and tender Affection I have for yee, I am not able any longer to endure your Absence, finding my self so melancholy, and so disturbed i' my Thoughts, that if you do not speedily return, I must be forc'd to go home to my Father. For, to tell ye Truth, I am afraid that the person, whom yee have entrusted with the care of your Family, minds more his own, then your \*Concerns. But you are wife and prudent, and therefore I shall say no "more.

By this Letter Anselm saw that Lothario had been true to his Promise and that Camilla had done her Duty; and being overjoy'd at so happy a Beginning, fent back word to his Wife, That she should by no means stir from her House, for that it would not be long before he terurn'd.

Camilla was in an Amaze to read Anselm's Answer, as that which put her into a greater Confusion then she was in before. For neither could she well stay at home, where her Chastity was so brisk'ly assail'd by Lothario, neither durst she return to her Father, for fear of displeasing her Husband. At length, after long Debate with her own Thoughts, unfortunately fhe chose the worst Resolution, which was, to stay in her House, and to keep Lothario Company, as the was wont to do, for fear of giving an Occasion of Suspicion to the Servants. She repented also, that she had written to her Husband, afraid that she had thereby made him jealous of Lothario; especially believing her self so secure of her self, that she could be in no danger of any Attempts that he could make: So that by writing to her Husband, she had only discover'd her Weakness and the Miltrust she had of herown Constancy. With this Resolution, so prudent in Appearance, but so fallacious in the Event, Camilla suffer'd her Ears to lie open to Lothario's Temptations; and he spurr'd on by his Passion, and finding the Opportunity so favourable, managed his Artillery so like a cunning Marksman, that he never miss'd a Shot; and so mollify'd her with the Charms of his endearing and amorous Discourses, that Camilla's Constancy began to totter; insomuch that she had much ado to stifle the Discoveries of a surrendring Compassion, which Lothario's Tears, and tender Expressions had wrought in her Breaft. All which being diligently observ'd by Lothario, redoubl'd his Passion, and gave him full assurance that he should not find Camilla so invincible as Penelope. Upon this, Lothario fell on Pell-mell again, and cunningly form'd her weakest, and most defenceless part, with the tickling Praises of her Beauty. For there is nothing sooner lays in Ruins the lofty Towers and Fortresses of female Vanity, then when that Vanity it felf is the Engine dextroully manag'd by Adulation and Flattery. So that had Camilla been a Tower of Brass, I question whether such Underminings as these would not have levell'd her with the Earth. He wept, he begg'd, he vow'd, he swore and forswore; yet with such a rarely counterfeited shew of Truth and Reality, that at length, eluding all Camilla's Care of her Honour, he vanquish'd that which he never dreamt, tho most desir'd, to triumph over. Camilla surrendred, Camilla vielded: An evident Example. that the Passions of Love are only vanquish'd by slight, and that there is no encountering hand to hand fuch potent Adversaries. However, Lionella the Chamber-maid, forfooth, was only privy to her Mistress's failings; from whom 'twas impossible for those two false Friends, and new Lovers to conceal the Secret. Nor would Lothario discover to Camilla, that Anselm had laid this Trap for himself, lest she should think his Sollicitation to have been meerly accidental, and what he never intended, had not the Opportunity been thrown into his Hands.

Soon after Anselm return'd, and wonderfully pleas'd with Lothario's fulfilling his Promise, with his usual Imparience, went to visit his dear Friend, to know of him, what farther Progress he had made. Anselm, said Lo. thario, embracing him, thou mayst boast thy self the Husband of a matchless Wife, and one whom all other Women ought to look upon as the Ornament of their Sex, and a Pattern by which to govern themselves. Slife-I ha' been all this while bafting Flints with Butter, talking and fwearing to the Wind-She laugh'd at my Tears-and fcorn'd my Presents-I found

her chast, even to Admiration—and immoveable as Pen-men Maur. In a word, her Vertue is equal to her Beauty, and thou art happy among Men - And therefore here, my dear Friend - here's your Money again for, alas! had it been a whole Mine - or the whole Cargo of the Plate fleet, I found Camilla was not to be tempted by all the Gewgaws in both Exchanges. And therefore Anselm, satisfie thy self with the peaceable Enjoyment of thy happy Fortune, without making any farther Trials; which is the best Counsel I can give thee, as a Friend, and the only fruit which

I defire to reap by my Complaisency to thy extravagant Humour.

Anselm having heard this pleasing Fable, was ready to leap out of his Skin for Joy, extoll'd his Friend to the Skie, and gave him more Thanks, then if he had redeem'd him from the Turkilb Gallies; but not being as yet fully fatisfy'd, he defir'd him to continue his Courtship, tho not with the same Importunity as before; and in regard that Verses would cost him nothing, he likewise intreated him to send her now and then a Copy, under the borrow'd Name of Cloris; of which he would take no farther Notice. then as only fent to his Wife for her Approbation, as being intended to another. To which, Lothario, whose Courtship was no longer now a burthen to him, readily consented. And thus the impertinent Cully, and the disloyal Friend being both agreed, Anselm went home; and after he had embrac'd and kiss'd his Wife; Honey, quo he, what's the reason you sent me fuch a Letter into the Country—? Why truly, my Dear, answer'd Camilla, methought at first, that Lothario began to be a little more familiar with me in your Absence then became him; but afterwards I found 'twas a meer Fancy o' my own; however, I was glad of any Pretence to hast'n your Return- Puh- cry'd Anselm! a meer Fancy indeed- for to my Knowledge he's up to the hard Ears in Love with a young Lady i' the Town here, to whom he writes Verses under the Name of Cloris; besides, I am fo well affur'd of his Vertue and Friendship, that there's no room for the least Suspicion of Lothario-Who, my Friend Lothario-! Ple trust him, tho 'twere as long as an East-India-Voyage This Fable of Cloris might have bred ill Blood between Camilla and her new Gallant, had not Lothario told her before of his Intention to put this same Sham of Cloris upon Anfelm, that he might have the more Liberty to write to her at any time, without being suspected by her Husband. And some few Days after, as they were sitting all three together, Anselm desir'd Lothario to repeat some of those Verses which he had made in the Praise of Cloris; which he might be the more bold to do, in regard that Camilla knew not who she was. What if she did, reply'd Lothario? I should be ne're a whit the more scrupulous for that; feeing a Lover never injures the Person he loves, tho he complain of her Rigour, at the same time that he praises her Beauty. However, let 'em be good or bad, here they be, fuch as they are, which I made Yesterday upon Cloris's Ingratitude- They're short you see, but whether as fweet, that you must judge.

N depth of silent Night, When all men are alleep: Or each one kiffing of his own Delight, I lie alone and fondly weep

Book IV.

For Cloris, my dear Jewel.
Cloris, ah Cloris—that same sacred She!
That for to bank a common Simile,
No Tygress is;
But yet as sierce a Leopardess,
All covered o're with Beauty-spots, but cruel.

TT

When Morning comes, the same Complaints I make,
And half asleep, and half awake,
I make enquiry where the charming Whore is?
Streight my thoughts check me for abusing Cloris—
And I confess, 'twas rashly done—for why?
Cloris, that I'd so fain enjoy,
Has but one Fault,
She's lovely, but confounded coy.

III.

Then up I get, and go to visit Cloris—
But Mrs. Mary with her Flim-flam Stories,
Cloris is sick, quo she, not to be seen,
Or gone to Temple-Church or Lincoln's-Inn.
Thus I return'd undone,
And come again i the Afternoon;
But then she's got to Lantralow,
And Hell can't move her for an hour or two.

IV.

Thus Phoebus sets, and Night comes on again,
And then of Cloris I to Heav'n complain,
Of Heav'n to Cloris,
For mustring in her Face those killing Glories;
Believing too,
The Gods might remedy the Matter;
But after all, I'm ne're the better:
I Cloris woe,
And pray the Gods to mollisse her Heart;
But, Oh! what signisses it? not one F—t:
The Gods are deaf, and Cloris will not hear,
And all because she's coy, that is so fair.

The Verses pleas'd Camilla, but Anselm extoll'd'em to the Skies. For he thought it unreasonable, as one who thought he had not been served so himself, that a young Lady, because she was a little more then ordinary Snoutsair, should be so cruel to a Gentleman that sought her early and late with so much Affection. Why, said Camilla, do all Lovers speak truth in their Verses? As Poets, answer'd Lothario, perhaps they may strain a little, but as Lovers, they speak less then they might do. 'Tis too true, reply'd Anselm, as being resolv'd to justise Lothario whatever he said, and to keep up his Reputation with Camilla. A needless Toil, God wot, to disguise his Thoughts

Thoughts to her, that was already so much devoted to Lothario, that she never minded her Husbands Artifices to ruin himself. For now Camilla was desperately in Love with Lothario, and whatever he said, was acceptable to her, without any need of the witty Cuckold's blind Apologies. Which was the reason that she desir'd Lothario, if he had any more Verses about him, to let her hear 'em. Why Faith, Madam, answer'd Lothario, I have one Copy more i'my Pocket; of which I have no better Opinion then of the former, however, they're at your Service.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTES

Can't believe, that ever Men could bear
The pains and torments which they swear
They suffer for a Womans Beauty.
Then they must dye, as now
Poor I resolve to do.
For Cloris false Distain is such a Curse,
That could a Beast but love, 'twould kill a Horse.
Go hang your self—th' ingrateful Cloris cries.
What Lover now, but up wou'd puke
His very Soul at such a sierce Rebuke?
Besides—the Man that never ly'd,
Has sworn he can't out-live fair Cloris Pride;
And shall I be forsworn,
When I can dye—and laugh at Cloris scorn?

II.

No—now I think ont, I will dye
To shew the World the Rigour of the Maid—
That I should be so ill repay'd
For all my Services and Trouble,
Thus to be made a meer Town-Bubble.
And then that she should have a Heart
So quite regardless of my smart,
While panting, gasping on the Ground I lye,
To see me at her Velvet Slippers dye.

III.

But when by Death I have thrown off her Fetters,

Then let her fee
My Love and Constancy
Deeply engrav'd upon my Heart,
In Poticary's Letters.

Then like some Sister, Sermon-terrify'd,
Restecting on thy Murarous Pride,
Cloris, make hast into thy Closet,
And there take off a Rats-bane Posset,
To expiate my injur'd Ghost,
That for thy sake an Amorous Body lost.

Anselm, who to the unmarrying of himself, was still wedded to his own Design, applauded these Verses no less then he had done the former. Like a kind Cuckold, that never thinks the Chain of his entanglement long enough.

enough, continually carefling the Person that daily lickt his Cream-Por. and left him only the Whey; while the Legerdemain his Wife play'd him all the while, only ferv'd to advance her the more in the good Opinion and Affection of the Knight of the Forked Order.

A while after, Camilla being alone with her trufty Lionella, Nothing vexes me, quo fhe, but that I'm afraid I yielded up my Fort a little too foon: and that Lothario, when he confiders my weaknels, will despile the Happinels that cost him so little. And yet his Enchantments were such, that I don't believe Sr. Winifred her felf could have withflood 'em \_\_\_ Lord! Madam, why should you think so? quo Lionella — Rather believe your easie kindness must redouble his acknowledgment. Let me tell ye, Madam, if the Gift be worth giving, the Gift is never a whit to be the less esteem'd, because easily parted with by the Donor - Come - come - Mistress, That which is readily given, is twice given — That's answer'd by another Proverb, cry'd Camilla, The more Cost, the more Worship — That's nothing to the purpose, answer'd Lionella; for if it be true what I have heard, Love observes no certain Rules: Sometimes it flies, sometimes it goes a foot -Sometimes runs, sometimes walks, as if he were following a Herse \_\_\_\_ Sometimes as cool as a Blood stone, sometimes all Fire and Tow ——And here the Wood and the Flame mer as it should do --- The fuel was dry. and the flame was hot — Nature will have its courfe —— If you the fooner yielded, 'twas becaufe *Lothario* was the more violent. *Anfelm* was gone, but no body knew how foon he might return —— And therefore Love, like a Politician, always takes Opportunity by the fore-lock. And this Madam. I know as well by Experience, as by Hear fay - for I shall give ye to understand one day, that I am made of Flesh and Blood as well as others. Nor did you yield fo foon neither, till you faw his very Soul in his Eyes, in his Sighs, in his Vows, Promifes, and Presents; and you beheld him in his Vertues, and the Perfections of his Mind, a Perfon fit for your Embraces. And therefore, Madam, never cling up your Guts with these Hypochondriacal Scruples, but be merry and chearful; and believe Lothario has the fame esteem for you, as you have for him. Believe that he does not only Challenge the three FFF's, which all true Lovers ought to have, but you may run through the whole Alphabet in his Praise. As for Example: He is Amorous, Bountiful, Courtly, Desperate, Enamour'd, (I omit the F's, as unquestionable) Gallant, Hair-brain'd, Jocund, Lusty, Mild, Noble, Open-hearted, Patient, Quaint, Rich, Serious, True, Valiant, Wife, the Devil take X, there's nothing will fit him, Young, and your Zealous Adorer. And now, Madam, what would ye ha more? Camilla could not choose but smile at her Maids Alphabet; yet on the other side, she could not but wonder to hear so young a Questrel as she, discourse with all the Experience of an Orange-Moll, or a Betty-Mackarel. Which she perceiving — By my truly, Mistress, quo she, don't you believe I ha' spent my time idly; for I must tell ye, I ha' brought a Young Mercer's Prentice i' this Town to my Lure already - I warrant ye, Madam, he's my own-'Tis true, he's not out of his Time — But what o' that? — Dukes-Place is free for all comers and goers — Nay, to tell ye the truth, Madam, the business is done already, one way or other \_\_\_\_\_ 'Tis no matter which way, fo't be done -

Camilla was not a little troubl'd to hear her Maid talk at that rate; but then again confidering, that it was not for Satan to correct Sin, all she could do, was to defire Lionella to be careful how she discover'd to her Sweet-heart the Intrigue between her and Lothario; and so to manage her own concerns,

that neither Lothario nor Anselm might discover her Amours. Which Lionella not only promis'd, but also swore with all Exactness and Duty to her Mistress, to perform. Nevertheless the Lecherous Baggage, finding she had the Key of her Mistress's Secrets, and that her Mistress was now become her Slave (a main Misfortune that attends the forbidden Pleasures of Women) and therefore knowing no Reason why she might not have a little sport as well as her Mistress, became so bold, as to invite her Sweet-heart to Anselm's House, and let him into the very Apartments belonging to her Mistress; who now (so strangely had her own missortunes turn othe Tide) afraid of her own shadow, was forc'd to turn Pandress to her Servant, and to be serviceable to her, in affisting her to conceal her Paramour, lest her

Husband should come to know it.

Book IV.

Yet all her care and caution could not so contrive it, but that one morning Lothario discover'd Lionella's Gallant coming out of Anselm's House: Which so surpriz'd Lothario at first, that not believing his Eyes, he took it for an Apparition; but perceiving the fellow rid Ground, like one with his Nose muffi'd up in his Cloak, newly disimbogu'd out of Whetstone's Park; and thereby conjecturing that he was one who was unwilling to be known, and at the same time never dreaming of Lionella, no more then he did of the Empress of Morocco, suspected him to be some body that Camilla treated with no less Courtesan Civility then himfelf. Which awaken'd fuch an inveterate Jealousie in his Soul, that he refolv'd to be forthwith reveng'd of the poor Lady. To which purpose, quitting all his former Confiderations, and his reflective Humour, he briskly enters Anselm's House, and going up into his Chamber, without giving him time to rife, Anselm, faid he, I have been for some days striving with my felf to conceal from thee a Secret, which it highly imports thee to know; but at length the Friendship which I ow'd thee, will no longer suffer me to conceal it. Know then, in short, that I have won the Fortress, and Camilla can no longer boaft her Constancy. If I did not sooner make thee this Discovery, 'twas, because I was not well affur'd whether it were the weakness of thy Wife, or a trick to try whether I spoke in earnest. Therefore I staid a while, expecting she would have told thee of my Importunity; but when I found she kept the Secret close, then I made no further question, but that she resolv'd to keep her word, in allowing me the Liberty which I desir'd, as soon as thou wert gone into the Country. However, Anlelm, let not this Secret, which I have entrusted in thy Bosom, transport thee to Extravagance; for after all, Camilla has not yet in Act offended; fo that perhaps the may recollect her felf, and repent the Condescension she has made. And therefore, as thou hast follow'd my Counsel hitherto, be rul'd by me yet a little more: Pretend to go into the Country for two or three days. and find some way to hide thy felf in the Chamber, then we shall see how the will behave her felf, and what Refolution it will become thee to take.

Anselm stood like one that had met his Father's Ghost, to hear Lothario thus discourse, at a time when he least expected such a Morning Salem: when his Thoughts began to be at rest, as being fully satisfy'd in Camilla's Conquests. But then, as one that had lost his Senses, sadly beholding Lothario, You have done, faid he, what I expected from your Friendship: now advise me what course to take; for I depend entirely upon your Discretion. Lothario, on the other fide, not knowing what to fay to him in that pensive Condition, embrac'd Anselm, and brush'd away in hast out of the Room. But when he was gone, he began to repent of what he had done, by exposing Camilla so inconsiderately, of whom he might have taken his

Book IV.

Revenge with less Danger, and less to her Reproach. However, not being able to recall Yesterday, nor to find any Expedient to reconcile the matrer, he refolv'd to tell Camilla himfelf, and that with all the freed he could

as one that had free Access to her at all times.

And now was Anselm just gone abroad, when Lothario enter'd: to whom Camilla, finding they were both alone together, My dear Lothario, faid she, I have a thing to tell thee in thy Ear, that troubles me more then any thing i'the World; and the rather, because I dread the Consequences of it. Lionella has a Sweet heart, and the Baggage is grown fo impudent, that she brings him into her Chamber every Night, and there keeps him till Morning: Judge ye now how this wicked Wench exposes me to scandal; for what will People think, to fee a Young Fellow let out at the Back door at fuch unfeasonable hours? And that which vexes me most is, that I dare not fo much as murmur against this infolent Slut, for fear of bringing an Old House over my own Head: For if she once begins to open against me, I am a loft Woman - Sweet Meat has always fowre Sawce, Lothario -Prethee confider and fludy my Repose. At first, Lotharto thought that this fame story had been onely a Device of Camilla's, to make him believe that the fellow he faw come out of the House, was Lionella's Sweet heart; but when he faw her all in Tears, and found what she said to be true, he was no less perplex'd then She. However, at length he gave her to understand that there was a worse mischief had befall'n em then all that; and after he had begg'd her a hundred Pardons, he up and told her what the transports of his Jealousie had bewitch'd him to discover to Anselm; and that he had perswaded him to hide himself in his Closet, that he might be a Witness of their farther Proceedings.

Such a terrible Thunder-clap as this had like to have over-whelm'd Camilla to the Earth: But as if her Indignation had supported her, she flew out in a great rage against Lothario; call'd him ten thousand Traytors, and upbraided his rash and inconsiderate Folly; and began desperately to threaten her own Life; infomuch that Lothario threw himself at her feet, like one in despair, not daring so much as to look up, or speak a word. Till at length his Tears and his Sighs mollify'd Camilla, who having a prompt and ready wit, as most Women have, who tho they cannot write like Scotus or Thomas Aquinas, yet are plaguy nimble at an Amorous Contrivance. began to take heart a' grace, and having thought upon an Invention to repair the folly of her Gallant, she the more easily pardon'd him a fault which he had never committed, but out of too much Affection: Only she bid him be fure to keep Anselm steady to his Resolution, of hiding himself in the Chamber; affuring him that it would be a means to procure a Liberty to enjoy one another with more freedom then ever. Lothario press'd her to tell him her Defign, that he might be the better able to observe her Directions; but she excus'd her self, only bid him come when she sent for him, and answer to every Question that she should propose, punctually, as if he thought Anselm did not hear him. The next day Anselm got a Horse-back, under pretence of going to vilit a Friend in the Country; and prefently returning home again, went and hid himself privately in his Wives Chamber, where he fettl'd himself to his hearts content, without being diffurb'd by either his Wife or Lionella, who had no desire to trouble him.

And now Camilla and Lionella, being well affur'd that he was fafe in his lurking-hole, enter'd the Chamber; where Camilla had no sooner set her foot over the Threshold, but after she had fetch'd a deep sigh, Ah! Lionella, quo she, thou never could'st divine, I know, why I have so often ask'd

thee for thy Master's Dagger; but now what thinkst? Were it not better for me to ffrike it to my Heart, then thus be exposed to his continued Importunities ? But flay, I'le first fend for this perfidious Lothario, and know of him, what he faw in my Face, that should encourage him to make his debauch'd Addresses to me, so offensive to my Ears, and no less injurious to the best Friend he has in the World. Look out, Lionella, into the Street. and call him, for I am confident the Traitor stands watching under the Window for this Opportunity, so favourable as he thinks for the Satisfa-Etion of his lewd Defires: but he shall find that my Defires and his are not the same— For God's-sake, Madam, cry'd the witty Lionella, what d'ye intend to do with that same Dagger -? Will you kill your self, or Lothario? Forbid it Heavens! for either way you lose your Credit, and your Reputation - Alack a day, Madam, you will do much better to diffemble the Iniuries offer'd you by a leacherous Ruffian, then to let in a luftful Hector upon a couple of feeble Women, not able to help themselves. Who knows, when he finds us thus all alone, but that he may bind us both, and then ravish us -? Or if he should be a little civil to you for my Master's sake, he will be fure to fall upon my poor Bones. And o't'other side, suppose we should kill him - for I find that's your Design - what good will you get by't, Madam? Never go, Madam - if I don't tremble to think on't. Let Anselm do as he pleases, answer'd Camilla, for my part, I am resolv'd upon Revenge: Nay, methinks the time that I lose makes me guilty of the Affront I have receiv'd; and that I commit as many Defilements of my Husband's

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Bed, as I tarry Minutes from Revenging his Dishonour and mine.

Anselm heard all these semale Rodomantado's behind the Tap'stry, and still made various Comments to himself upon every word Camilla spoke: But when he faw her fo fully bent to kill Lothario, he was then about to have discover'd himself, to save his Friend. But at length resolving to see what Mettle his Wife was made of, he determin'd to stay till there might be a real Occasion for him to interpose. In the mean while Camilla, having over strain'd her self with the Violence of her Passion, threw her self upon her Bed, and dropp'd into a Swoon; or at least, Anselm took it to be so; at what time Liouella fell a screaming, as if her Mistress had been breathing her last Gasp; and made such pitisful Moans and Lamentations, that no Man but would ha' thought her the most afflicted Damsel upon Earth. Prefently Camilla recovering out of her Trance, would to God, Wench, cry'd she to Lionella, thou wouldst go and call this Infidel, for a second Fit will utterly difinable me to take my Revenge, and then my Refentment will vanish in fruitless words. Irun, Madam, reply'd Lionella, wiping the Tears from her Eyes. But I beseech ye, Madam, give me the Dagger out o' your Hands first—Do as I bid thee, cry'd Camilla, make haste, and fear nothing—I am resolv'd to revenge my self—I am willing to die—but first Lothario's Blood shall give me satisfaction for the Injustice he has done me. However, Lionella was loath to leave her Mistress alone, nor would she stir till Camilla began to rate her for her slowness. While she was gone, Camilla fell a walking about the Chamber like a Dunner that had over slept himself, trudging to find the Gentleman at home: by and by she flung her self upon her Bed; then up again; discovering her self so strangely nettl'd, as if she had had a Gad-Bee cling'd to her Tail - No, no, cry'd she, no more Confideration - hang pondering and thinking, his Death is determin'd - he has cost me showers of Tears, and his Life must pay me Interest-He shall never boast unpunish'd, that he has attempted Camilla's Virtue. Uttering these words, up she got again, and about the Room, with her Dag-

Book IV.

ger in her Hand, her Eyes sparkling with Fury, and enlivening her words with gastly Looks, that would ha' cheated Beelzebub himself. Anselm. flruck with Admiration to fee what his Eyes beheld, defir'd no more to cure him of those Jealousies with which Lothario had turmoil'd his Breast; yet fearing, left the Fury of his Wife might prove fatal to his Friend, or at least, not knowing how far her Passion might attempt upon her self, was about to have made his personal Appearance to attone her Rage; at what time Lionella return'd, with Lothario in her Hand. No sooner Lothario enter'd, but Stop, The cry'd, Lothario, venture no farther at your Peril; for if ve stir a foot, expect this Dagger in your treacherous Heart. Budge not then a hair's breadth, till thou hast answer'd me these two Questions; and answer me quick and short, without Quirks, and Tricks, and Circumlocutions, mental Refervations, or Evafions. In the first place, Dost thou know Anselm, and what Opinion hast thou of him-? In the next place, Dost thou know me? Lothario was not fuch an Oufe, but that he knew Camilla, being privy to Anselm's being hid in the Chamber, understood how to play her Game; and therefore to correspond discreetly and opportunely with her Defign; Madam, said he, I could not imagine, that you had sent for me upon this raving Account, I was wrapp'd up in a better Conceit of my Happiness; so that if you did not intend to have kept the Promise that you made me last Night, you might have sent me word so, and not have laid a Snare for me, to the Breach of your word, and vast Injustice to my injur'd Affection. However, Madam, to answer exactly to your Questions. I do know Anselm; he and I have known one another from our Infancy; I forbear to speak of our Friendship, you are a sufficient Judge of it; and if I may be thought to have surpass'd the Limits of that cordial Amity, blame that same Deity call'd Love, that obeys no Laws but his own. And for you, lovely Camilla, had I not known ye fo well, I should ha' been more innocent, and my Soul had been at more Repose—— If so, unjust and treacherous Friend, cry'd Camilla, if thou wert fo well acquainted with us both, why dost thou violate a Friendship so facredly observed by my Husband? And how dost thou dare to appear in my fight, after such a piece of Treason committed, no less offensive to me, then to himself? What was in your Thoughts to court me with your Lutener's-lane Addresses? Who had inform'd ye, that I was fuch a light Huffey-? When did I ever give thee the least Encouragement, that might flatter thy Hopes? On the other fide, Did I not always disdain thy Presents? Did I not always with a serious Indignation, reject thy Vows and Protestations? 'Tis true, I was to blame for not chastizing thee severely; but tho my sottish Prudence would not then permit me to complain to Anfelm, for fear of fetting two fuch loving Friends together by the Ears, and fending ye both to Barn-Elms, wi your Seconds, yet finding now my felf too guilty of that Crime, I'le be my self my Judge and Executioner; yet e're I die, I'le tear that treacherous Heart of thine from thy ingrateful Breast, to gratifie my Vengeance-And fo faying, the flew with that incredible swiftness upon Lothario, and counterfeited her Malice so exactly, that he himself could scarce tell what to think; especially seeing himself so hardly put to't, that he was forc'd to use his utmost Skill and Strength to defend himself. For certainly, ne're did Woman paint out her Despair in such lively and natural Colours, as would ha' deluded the Supreme Arch devil of Delulion himself: Nay, she went so far as to breath a Vein, and draw Blood to confirm her Imposture. At length, like one that found she could not have her Ends of Lothario, Well-faid she - then live a Miscreant as thou art, since I have not Strength to

rid the World of fuch a Pest—However, thou shalt not hinder me from that Revenge I owe my own disloyal Heart—and with that, slying out of Lothario's Arms who held her, like one that had as yet some Wit in her Anger, she struck the Dagger slightly into the sleshy part of her Arm next her Shoulder, and at the same time fell flat upon her Back in a Swoon. This last part of the Show, so rarely well acted, especially when they saw the Vermillion Liquor of Life come trickling down her Smock sleeves, startid even Lothario and Lionella themselves: Lothario was for sending for the Surgeon, Lionella lookt as pale as Bagg'd-Holland; but not finding the Wound to be of much more Consequence then a Pendant-hole i' the Ear, they could not chuse but smile one upon another; nor could Lionella sorbear whispering Lothario i' the Ear, Match me now this, quo she, at either of the two Theaters.

On the other side, Lothario believing it no less proper for him to all his Part, fell a curfing the day of his Birth, the Nurse that gave him suck, the Air that afforded him Breath, and imprecated a thousand Maledictions not only upon himself, but the Person who had been the Cause of all this Mischief; then thumping his Breast, as if he had been beating Hemp upon his Ribs, he roar'd and howl'd, and with a million of Woe is me's, lamented, wept, and blubber'd over Camilla's Body; and this with a Passion so lively and with a Grief fo real, to all outward Appearance, that you would have fworn him to have been the most forlorn and forrowful Person that ere was overwhelm'd in Misery. In the mean time Lionella took up her dear Mistress in her Arms, and having laid her upon the Bed, beg'd of Lothario to go fetch a Surgeon; and withal, ask'd his Advice, what Excuse they should make to Anselm, should he return before she was cur'd. To which, Lothario, knowing that Anselm heard him; Do what you think fit, said he, for I am so unable to give Counsel to others, that I know not what course to advise my self, only take care she do not bleed to death; and as for my own part, farewel Mankind, for I'm resolv'd to go where mortal Eye shall never see me more; and so saying, he flung out of the Room, with all the Marks of Despair, that *Orbin*, with all his Fancy, could have pencil'd. But when he was alone, where no body faw him, he could not forbear to cross himself from his Forehead to his Stomach, in Admiration of Camilla's Subtilty, and to see how rarely Lionella humour'd the whole, as if the Jade had been begot a purpose for such Intrigues.

Nor did Lionella trouble her felf to ftanch Camilla's Blood, till she had bled enough to ratifie the Cheat; and then washing the Wound, which was not so big as a Sparrow's Eye, all the while she was dressing and binding it up, manag'd her dissembling Tongue with that admirable Discretion, that Anselm wou'd ha' sworn his Wise had been a second Lucretia.

On the other fide, Camilla lay raving and reviling her felf, for having miss'd her Revenge, and seem'd to be enrag'd, that her Missortune had preferv'd a Life, which she so much detested. Which Scene being over, Camilla advis'd with her Maid, whether or no 'twere proper to inform Anselm of what had happen'd? Heav'ns forbid, answer'd Lionella; for he'll be sure to be challenging Lothario; and what Woman of Vertue would venture the Life of a Husband, whom she so entirely lov'd? 'Tis very true, quo Camilla, and therefore Tle follow thy Counsel. But, said she, thou must invent the some Story or other to tell him, when he shall come to see the Wound. Troth, Madam, reply'd Lionella, you must pardon me for that—for I could never tell a Lye i'my life, tho it were to deny the pinching of a

Book IV.

Box of Marmaled, when I went to your Closet- If a Bottle o' Wine be not mis'd, I can be filent, and drink it with the Cook-maid and the Coachman-but if it be ask'd for- I can as well be hang'd as deny it. Neither would I, reply'd Camilla, tell a Lye for all the World, tho it were to fave my Honour; and therefore I think it best to make an ingenious Confession without any more ado. For to tell ye the truth, an honest Woman ought to make as absolute Confession to her Husband, as to her Ghostly Father himfelf. Madam, reply'd Lionella, never trouble your self; I make no question but your Wound will be cur'd before he returns: And therefore let it only be your Care to fettle your Mind, and calm the Disorders of your Countenance: and for the rest, leave it to God and a good Conscience, that never defert the Innocent.

While these two Female Hypocrites were thus sporting with Anselm's Credulity, poor Jack Adams, who had not lost one Tittle of a Word they faid, felt his Soul caper in his Breast for Joy, that he was now the happiest Man under Heaven's blew Canopy; and waited impatiently for Night, that he might go and make his trufty faithful Friend, the full Partaker of his Felicity, whom he look'd upon as the fole Authour of his Life's Content: and to congratulate with him for the precious Pearl which he had found, in being thus undeceiv'd, and affur'd of the Vertue of his undefiled Spouse. On the other fide, Camilla and Lionella finding themselves at the End of their fifth Act, let fall the Curtain, and made their Exit, to give him the Opportunity which he defir'd, and which he as greedily laying hold of, posted away to Lothario's Lodging; and finding him at home (as one that expected his Visit) he threw his Arms about Lothario's Neck, and after he had giv'n him more Thanks then there are Pebbles upon Goodmin-Sands, thunder'd out such a Volley of Encomiums in praise of Camilla's Vertue, that Lothario check'd and peach'd by his own guilty Conscience, as knowing how he had betray'd him, and unjustly tasted of his forbidden Fruit, could not tell what Answer to make him; nor could he any way comply with his Friend's Joy, which he faw to be fo excessive.

On the other fide, Antelm could not chuse but take notice of his Friend's Indifferency, but believing it proceeded from his Sorrow, that his nown dear Camilla had hurt her felf; a Misfortune, of which his Friend could not but in some measure think himself the Occasion; he beg'd him not to afflict himself, for that her Wound was but very slight; and assuring him besides, that both she and her Maid were resolv'd to say nothing of it. And therefore it became him to be so far from perplexing himself at such an inconsiderable Accident, that he ought rather to rejoice with him, as one that had not only contributed to marry him to one of the fairest young Ladies in Florence but by his Industry and fidelity had convinc'd him, that he was owner of the most vertuous and beautiful Wife in the World; a Woman that for her Vertue, if the had her due, ought to be the Theme of all the Poems and Sonnets of the Age, to etermize the Memory of her Chaftity. To which Lothario reply'd, That there was nothing more just, and that therefore it should be the sole imployment of his Muse, to serve her in the raising of so noble a Monument. This was the Issue of Anselm's Politick Design, now a notorious Cuckold, but the most joyfully couzen'd to his Heart's content; of any Man that ever Midwife handed into the World: And at the fame time he took Lookario by the Hand, and led him home to his House, sfully believing the Subverter of this Honour to be the Instrument of his Hap--pinefs. Camilla received him with a lowring Countenance, but an amorous Heart; and for some time they enjoy'd the Benefit of their wanton Treachery:

Treachery, till at length Fortune turning honest, discover'd the Fraud that had been with so much Artifice conceased; and Angelia's impatient Curio, fity cost him his Life.

The Renowned DON QUEIXOTE.

#### CHAP. VIII.

The Conclusion of the Novel of the Curious Impertinent.

HE Curate had not much more to read of the Novel, before he came to the Conclusion, when Sancho, like a Fellow frighted our of his Senses by a Cow in a Church yard, came thundring down from the Garret, where Don Quixote was taking his natural Reft, and crying out as loud as if the House had been a fire, Help, help, for the Lord's sake, come away quickly, for I have left my Master engag'd in one of the most desperare Combats that e're was undertook by human Force. I am the arrantest Lyer that ever spoke with a Tongue, if at the first Blow which he gave the monstrous Giant, my Lady the Princess Micomicona's mortal Enemy, he did not pare off his Head as cleverly as I ha feen a Gardiner snip a Cabbage from the Stalk. How! Sancho, cry'd the Curate, what \_\_\_ haft thou loft thy Wits? How the Devil can this be, when the Giant is not within two thousand Leagues o' this Place - Are thy Master's Arms two thoufand Leagues long? With that, they heard his Master i' the Garret tearing his Throat, and crying out, Lie there, Cut-throat - Villain - Traytor-I ha' thee fast now Dog in a Doublet-What's become o' thy terrible Scimitar --- ? No, not so invincible neither as thou thoughtst thy self: And all the while they heard the Noise of Don Quixote's Sword clashing against the Wall, as if he had been hewing down that side of the House. Why don't ye stir, Gentlemen, quo Sancho; what d'ye sit gaping one upon another for? Pox on ye for a Company o' Cowards, why don't ye go and part the Fray? Tho I believe there's no need o' your Affistance for, if I mistake not, the Giant is already gone to give an Account of his wicked Life i' the other World; for I faw his Crimson Blood run about the Room like a River, and the Stream was so strong, that it carry'd his Head along with it, which was as big as a Bushel, or at least, as an Elephant's. Now all the Plague's of Egypt light upon him, quo the Host, for I'le be burn'd, if this Don Quixote, or Don Devil, have not been quarrelling with the Boracho's of Wine that stand in his Cocklost; and this same Beetle-head takes the Wine for Giant's Blood. With that, he follow'd the rest of the Company into the field of Battel, where they found Don Quixote in the strangest Equipage that ever Mortal appear'd in. For he was in his Shirt, if foit might be call'd, and not rather a Shift, confifting of two foul Napkins, which being tack'd together over each Shoulder, hung like a Herald's Coat. As for that before, it hardly cover'd the half of his Hips, and that behind wanted a full Foot of the tother's length: So that his Shanks were easie to be seen long and lither, hairy as an old Baboon's, and as dirty as a Kennelrakers. Upon his Head he had a Woollen-Cap so black and greafy, that you could only discover, by the help of a Magnifying-glass, that in diebus illis it had been red. He had the Coverlet of his Bed wrapp'd about his left Arm, and his Sword drawn in his right Hand, with which he laid about him Fore-stroke and Back stroke, and all the while rending his Throat, and

vowing Massacre and Destruction, as if he had been engaged with Milions. But the greatest wonder was, that all this while his Eyes were shur, for he was perfectly asleep; only in a Dream, no doubt, that he was battering the Mazard of the Giant Pandafilando. Or elfe, as his Imagination was wholly posses'd with these Fancies, he might in his Sleep have tak'n an easie, Voyage to Micomicon, where he thought himself Rib roasting the Princess's Enemy; and whatever he had heard tumble, he took for the Leg or Shoulder of some vanquish'd Giant. But by Misfortune, the most of these Monster-murdering Blows fell upon certain Boracho's of Wine that stood in the Chamber; so that the Room would have carry'd an ordinary Wherry. Which fo enrag'd the Vintner, that he flew like a Mad-man upon D. Quixote. and beat such a Reveillez with his double Fists upon his dry Bones, that the Knight's War with the Giants had soon been at an end, had not Cardenio and the Curate stept in to the Hero's Rescue. And yet for all the Vintner's Thumps and Bruises, did not this poor Frantick wake (well for the Vintner, who perhaps might else ha' slept the Sleep of Death ) till the Barber with a Pailful of cold water wash'd not only his Linnen, but his whole Body from top to toe, and then he began to open his Eyes: yet did not that wake him neither fo fully, as to make him perceive the Condition he was in; so that Mrs. Dorothy entring the Garret, and seeing her Champion in his Cobweb Lawn, and short Measure to boot, mourning for his Lawndress, tript out o' the Room again, as unwilling to behold her Protector's Infirmities.

During this Hurly-burly, Sancho had been looking for the Giant's Head, which he saw drop to the Ground, but not being able to find it; Now, said he, I fee there is nothing but Enchantment in this House. For in this very place it was, that not long fince I receiv'd in dry Kicks and Fifty-cuffs about some two Thousand Marks, wanting three, for which I never gave any Acquittance, and yet could never see from whence they came, or who were my liberal Benefactors: And now the Devil will not let me find the Head of this Giant, tho I saw it cut off with both my two Eyes, and the Blood gush out like the water from a Brewer's Pump. Enemy to Heaven, and all the Saints, what dost mean by all this Pedlers French, cry'd the Innkeeper? Dost not see, Blockhead as thou art, that the Pump and the Blood are nothing else but my Boracho's that are bor'd like so many Cullenders, and that the Chamber is all over-flow'd with Wine? I wish a' were swimming in Hell that has done me this Spoil - That's no business of mine, reply'd Sancho, but this I know well, that this same Head, could I find it, would be worth to me a good Earldom, and now for want of it, my Earldom is funk again to the bottom o'the Sea, for ought I know. Upon which the Vintner, no less enrag'd at the Stupidity of the Squire, then for the Damage the Knight had done him, fwore by the Religion of all his Anceftors, they shou'd not escape as they had done the time before, but that in despite of all their Huffing, and Bouncing, and vapouring, and hectoring, maugre all the Priviledges of their Knighthoods and Shitehoods, they should pay him to the utmost Farding for mangling his Boracho's and spilling his

At the same time the Curate held Don Quixote by the Hand, who believing he had finish'd his Adventure, and that he was in the Presence of the Princess Miconicona, fell upon his Knees before the Curate, and with a submissive Voice; 'Your Grandeur, said he, is now secur'd, most Renowned and Sovereign Lady. No longer need you fear the Usurpations of that sell and barbarous Tyrant, that would have dispossed by of your

'Native Right; and I am discharg'd of my Promise, seeing that through 'Heaven's Affistance, and by the Favour of Her, by whom, and for whose ' sake I live, I have restor'd ye to the Scepter of your Ancestors. Now. Gentlemen, cry'd Sancho, what d'ye think on't, was not I in the right on't. when I told ye how he was in Combat with a Giant? I was fure I was not drunk; and now I think the Town's our own, and my Earldom is fecure - At which the whole Company, all but the Inn keeper, fell out a laughing till the Tears trickl'd down their Cheeks, as big as Peafe. Only the Inn keeper could find nothing to be merry at, but curs'd and bann'd the Knight, and the Giant, and all the Generation of Knights and Giants, so enrag'd was he against the whole Progeny of Combatants-Errant, for the loss of his Wine. However, at length the Curate, the Barber, and Cardenio, perswaded Don Quixote to go to bed, where he lay with the greatest Satisfaction that ever Mortal had, who had vanquish'd his Adversary in Chancery; but they had much ado to appeale the Inn-keeper, who wou'd fain ha' been anatomizing Don Quixote, for the Slaughter of his Boracho's. On the other side, the Hostess tore her Hair with both Hands, howl'd and took on, as if her Father, and Mother, and all her Kindred had been carry'd into Captivity by the Moors. Could this Devil-Errant, quo she, find no way to break his Neck before he came to my House. Ten thousand Gangreens devour his Entrails-I never faw the Peer of him-the Leathernjaw'd Rake hell is like a Monkey broke loofe in a Dairy—he never comes to my House, but to ruine me - The last time they rid away with the Reckoning, he and that Dog's head i' the Porridge pot, his Squire-pretending themselves Knight-Errants, with a million a' Poxes to em; and that it was contrary to their Wild Irifb Laws of Diabolical Chivalry, to pay for what they call for- All the Misfortunes that Aftrology and Palmiftry fore-tell, bring 'em safe to the Gallows - and may their Order, and all their Laws be burn'd under their Nofes as they hang — and now here he's come again with his Knighthood and his Valour to encounter my Boracho's, hack the poor Goat-skins to pieces, and spill me more Wine, then all his Knighthood was worth—I wish I could see as much of his Blood— He a Knight! he a Rat catcher \_\_\_! But I'le be reveng'd on him, or else let me be carted for a Bawd, and lose the Name of honest Woman - Nor could he scape the Prayers of Maritornes, who, to comply with her Mistress, wish'd heartily that he might never meet with a Mistress handsomer then her self, and die under the Rigour of her Scorn to boot. But the Curate, a Man of Peace, found out a way to heal all the Wounds, and make amends for all the Blood that Don Quixote had shed, by promising Payment for all the Damage he had done. And as for Sancho, who was a little down i' the Mouth, because he could not find the Head, Mrs. Dorothy affur'd him by way of Consolation, that if the Knight his Master had cut off the Giant's Head. she would give him the best Earldom in her Kingdom. Thereupon Sancho fwore by his first Night's Lodging with his Wife, that he faw the Head fall, by the same token, that it had a Beard above an Ell long; but the Reason why he could not find it was, because the House was enchanted, as he had found by Experience.

And now the Curate finding the House restord to its former Tranquility, desir'd leave to conclude the Novel of the Curious Impertinent; which being granted, he thus read on:

Anselm being so well assur'd of the Vertue of his Wise, was the most contented Cuckold i' the World. On the other side, Camilla purposely lower'd and frown'd upon Lothario; and Lothario requested Anselm to excuse him

Book IV.

194

brought her to a perfect Reconciliation. In the mean time Lionella, sway'd by the frailty of her flesh, insatiable in her desires; and as she was grown Lawless beyond her Mistresses Controul, being resolv'd to make use of her time, gave those Reins to her impotent heat, that preferring the Precept of Gather your Rose-buds, before all the Commandments, she carefe'd her Paramour Day and Night in her Master's House, without any consideration of what might happen either to her Mistress or her self. And unluckily it fell out, that one Night Anselm heard a noise in her Chamber. Upon this, his Curiosity inquisitive to know what was the matter, he perceiv'd the Door held against him: which refistance kindling new suspicions in his sick and weak Brain, his Jealousie forc'd open the Door, at what time he observ'd a certain Mortal in Breeches leap out of the window into the street. Hoytie toytie, quo he, what's here to do? And with that he flept to the window, thinking to lay hold o' the Person, or at least to have a fight of his Physiognomy: But missing both his aims, by reason that Lionella held him fast in her Arms, he began to grow angry. Lionella befought him not to make a buftle, affuring him, that it was only a concern of her own; and that the Gentleman was her Legitimate Husband, lawfully and duly espous'd, as ever two Beggars were marry'd at the Minories. Anselm would not believe her, but tranfported with Tury, or at least seeming so to be, vow'd to stick her to the wall with a Dagger which he had in his hand, if she did not tell him the truth. Lionella, who was more accustom'd to other fort of Weapons then to steel Poniards, was so dismay'd to see the bright Instrument of Death gliss'n at her Breast, that all her quick Inventions, all her Excuses, and Chamber-maid Evasions having left her, and her constant Friend, the Devil, not having an Opportunity to whisper her i'the Ear, she had not one word to fay; but falling at her Master's feet in such a Pannick Dread, that fhe hardly knew what she said, she befought him to spare her Life, and she would make him such Discoveries, as should make his Ears tingle. Be quick then, Baggage, cry'd Anselm, or by this Candle that burns - And then heaving up his Dagger hand - Oh, for the Lord's fake, cry'd Lionella; have mercy on a Sinner, but till to morrow morning — And then if I do not disclose the very in-side of my Breast, do you your self rip it open -Only this I swear i'the mean time, and you may believe me upon the words of a dying Maid (and I may fafely fo now call my felf, my Soul being almost frighted out of my Body) that the Person that shot himfelf our of the window, was only a Sweet heart of mine, that has promis'd me Marriage fo faithfully, that I could not deny him a small Kindness before hand \_\_\_ I am forry with all my heart. Sir, the noise disturb'd ye. Anselm finding the first part of her Confession so ingenious, granted her the time she desir'd. However, fearing she should make her Escape, like a half-witted Fool, he fecured her by halves; for he only lock'd her Chamber Door, and took the Key in his Pocket, never minding the Casement; and so believing her as safe as the Wise Men a' Gotam's Cuckow, away he went to bed to his Camilla, told her what had happen'd, and what Eartingling Discoveries her Maid was to make him next Morning. Camilla, on the other fide, never queffioning, but that those Ear-tingling Discoveries would deeply concern her, faid nothing; but having tyr'd poor Anselm by her more then usual Caresses, and laid him in a prosound sleep, up she gets,

flips on her Morning dress, pockets up all the Gold and Jewels she could find, and away she trips to Lothario; tells him the whole story, and coniures him by all the Kindness he had for her, and by all their stoll'n Pleafures, to secure her somewhere, where she might be safe from her Husbands fury; vowing to follow him, tho it were in the Habit of a Page, all over the World; believing, that fince she had lost her Honour, she could make an excellent Miftress for a Commander in a long Campaigne. The fight of Camilla, and the story she told him, put Lothario into such a Conflernation, that he had much ado to catch his Wits again, that flutter'd about the Room like Birds got out of a Cage. But finding the Case to be fuch, as would admit of no delay, he Saddl'd his double Gelding, and away he troop'd with her, and carry'd her to much such another House as Mother Creswel's, and left her in the Custody of an Aunt of his, not so mean as Mrs. Buly, and yet a little below the Degree of Madam Bennet. Tho others fay, he carry'd her to a Nunnery, and desir'd his Sister, who was the Abbess, to take care of her. However it were, Anselm was no sooner wak'd, but never minding his Camilla, out he jumps from his Bed, slips on his Breeches, and hey for new Discoveries --- which he found, I think, with a vengeance. For in the first place, having unlock'd Lionella's Chamber-door, he discover'd that the Bird was flown: For Lionella had let her self down out of the Window into the street by the help of a long Sheet; or if one were not long enough, you must suppose she made use of two-Humph-quo Anselm, this 'tis not to observe Old Proverbs; -- For instead of locking fast, had I bound fast, I had found fast. ---- Well - discovering that he had miss'd that Discovery, Anselm returns to discover his missfortune to Camilla: But looking into the Bed, he discover'd that Camilla was not to be discover'd neither — There was the Form, but Puss was started -Away goes Anfelm, and visits every Room within doors, Buttery, Kitchen, Cellar, Garrets — Calls Millie, why Millie — Nay, he did not leave the House of Office at the lower end o'the Garden unsearch'd - Still no Camilla — At length returning to his own Chamber, and finding Millie's Closet-door open, and her Cabinet unlock'd, he made another Discovery; for all the Jewels and Money were gone - All the Queen Elizabeth's, Two and Twenties, Rose Nobles, even to the Edward Shillings, and Harry Groats, all were vanish'd - But then to see how poor Anselm look'd like a Dog that has lost his Tail! — He stood indeed, but like one o'the Heads upon London-Bridge - able neither to speak nor breath - You might ha' heard his Heart strings snap like Virginal wires in a wet season - There were only two or three that held, or else t'had fallen to the bottom of his Belly — Well, in this condition away he creeps to his dear, dear, dear Friend Lothario — But when they told him he was gone too; nay, rid away. rid away a Horse back - And that he borrow'd a Pillion of one of his Neighbours — Then he fell a scratching his Head, as if a' would ha' digg'd up all his hair by the Roots — These new Discoveries, and no Discoveries, that would ha' made all the feven Wise Men o' Greece run mad \_\_\_ Discoveries that he had loft his Wife, his Friend, and his Honour --- No Difcoveries, because he knew not where to find, or how to regain either the one or the other. Now, what would yee have had a poor Gentleman ha? done in his condition? Would ye have had him ha' gone to the Civilians for a Divorce to Cancel his Marriage? Would ye have had him ha' gone to Furnival's Inn, or Staples-Inn, for a Writ of Clausum fregit against Lothario? Or would ye have had him repair'd to St. Ant'lin's for some Drams of Consolation, or a Lecture of Patience? No - he was still for a Friend in a cor-

C c 2

The Renowned Don Ouixote.

ner, where he might unload the Burthen of his Grief: And it feems he had fuch a one in the Country. To that purpose therefore, he causes his Horse to be Saddl'd, and away he rides to find him out. But 'ere he was got half way, not able to bear the weight of his Affliction, he alights, and holding his Horse by the Bridle, down he lays himself at the foot of a Tree. Where he had not rested long, but a Gentleman riding by, he desir'd him to stop, and ask'd him, what News? News! reply'd the Gentleman; why, did you not know two fuch Persons as Anselm and Lothario; two such Friends, that the like Patterns of Friendship were never known i' this World? Yet for all this, the News this Morning in all the Coffee Houses i' the Town is, that Lothario last Night ran away with Anselm's Wife. And this was first discover'd by Camilla's Chamber maid, who was taken by the Watch sliding down by a long Sheet from a window in Anselm's House into the Street, like a Cupid descending from the top of a Play house. But is it not known, Sir, reply'd Anselm, which way Lothario and Camilla rode together? Troth, Sir, you ask me a Question I am not able to resolve ye - Nor is it to be thought they were fuch Fools, but that they knew whither to go, before they went; for a Plot's no Plot, unless it be well laid. And having so faid, he rode on. But no fooner was he got out of fight, when poor Anselm, over-whelm'd with a thousand Thoughts, Well—quo he, ill News is like a Train of Gun-powder, no fooner is the fire at one end, but 'tis as foon at the other. From what a Salisbury-Steeple-height of Happiness am I fallen to the lowest Abyss of Misery? And then looking up with an Eye of Reslection upon the vafiness of the Precipice, such a Dizziness seiz'd his Brain, that had it not been for some few gulps of Dr. Stevens's Water, that he had in his Pocket, he had dy'd i' the High-way.

Finding himself therefore to be somewhat reliev'd by his Cordial, up he got again, and rode the tother half way, which brought him to his Friends Door; where being arriv'd, he was met by his Friend, who feeing him look like a folitary Widow of a week's Handing; melancholy, pensive, forrowful, dejected, pale and wan, he prudently forbore the usual Complement of, I am elad to see yee well, and more discreetly ask'd him, What he ayl'd? To which Anselm return'd no other Answer, but only desir'd him to Order his Bed to be got ready, and to lend him a sheet of Paper, and a Pen and Ink. I do not find but that his Friend was a civil well-bred Gentleman; and therefore feeing him in that condition, he would not trouble him with unfeafonable and impertinent Confolations; but that after he had shew'd him up to his Lodging, he left him to his Soliloquies. So that Anselm finding himfelf alone, began to reflect upon his former Felicities and his present Calamities. But then the fad Ideas of his misfortune represented themselves so lively before his Eyes, that finding his Heart no longer able to support the weight of his Head, an Inundation of fatal Apprehensions over-whelm'd his Vital Spirits. So that now perceiving himself Sentenc'd to Death by his Folly, and that he was to end his days upon the Scaffold of his own Curiofity; and knowing how greedy People are of Harangues upon fuch Occasions, he thought it expedient, according to the Mode (as being the shorter and less troublesom way) to leave a Paper behind him, to shew the Occasion of his Death, and how wrongfully he dy'd. Induc'd by these motives, he began to write; but Grief, his Executioner, in a niggardly humour, unwilling to fee fo much Paper wasted, strangl'd him before he could finish his Speech. Soon after, his Friend, officious to know what he wanted, and what he would have to Supper, foftly enter'd the Chamber, and there found poor Anselm with half his Body fallen upon his Breaft,

his Face upon the Table, and his Feet refting upon the Ground, with a Pen in his Hand, that was Key-cold, and refting upon a sheet of Paper, beforawl'd with these few lines.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Book IV.

An Impertinent Curiosity has cost me my Life. If the News of my Death shall reach Camilla's Ears, let her know, that I Pardon her, since I never expected I had marry'd into the Family of Perfection, or ever took her for Nature's Miracle. For if she yielded, and I my self was the Master-Wheel that mov'd the Devils Temptation, tis but just—

Thus far had Anfelm written; and here, 'tis probable, that by fome miftake i' the Sign, his Executioner was quicker then the poor Sufferer intended. However, 'tis no wonder, that a man in his Condition should be thus over-whelm'd by Death. For they say, that Cuckolds breeding Horns, are like Children breeding Teeth: Some breed their Teeth with little trouble, others with so much pain, that it kills 'em.

The next day Anselm's Friend gave notice of his death to his Parents,

who, for ought I find by the Story, were nothing concern'd at it.

As for Camilla, she was in the same condition, just ready to follow her Husband; but don't mistake me, 'twas not for the death of her Husband, but for the absence of her dear Lothario. Some say, she liv'd pretty honest, till hearing that Lothario was slain, either in Europe, or Asia, or Africa, or America, or somewhere; but she then lanch'd into the World, and proving a Soul, split against the two common Rocks of Clap and Brandy; so far from being the Theam of all the Poets of the Age, that there was not so much as one Ballad-maker at her Funeral.

This Novel, faid the Curate, feems to me a strange Party per pale Business. For a Man to tempt, and for a Woman to be tempted, is no wonder; nay, for a Woman to be overcome by that Temptation, tho she were one of those that stand so demurely at the Bull and Mouth a Sundays, is no News—But for a man to labour and toyl so industriously to Cuckold himself, is to me a Mystery. Yet if there be any that are such Widgeonly Dolts, 'tis my Opinion, they ought to be served the same sawce that Anselm was—However, as long as I live, they shan't scape my Almanack. For the a Lover might be so over-seen, for a Husband to be such a Coxcomb, is hardly to be imagin'd.

### CHAP. IX.

Recounting several Rare Adventures that happen'd in the Inn.

T the fame time, the Inn-keeper, flanding at the Inn-door, to fee what Company he could fpy upon the Road; A hey-boys, cry'd he: Here they come Trill-lill, y fackins — A jolly Crew I'le warrant — If they do but flop here now — By St. George, and his fair Lady Sabrina to boot, we'l fing Old Rose to Night — What a noise does that bawling Oatflealer make there, quo the Curate — What Company's that which is coming? Four Gentlemen, reply'd the Inn-keeper, a Horse-back, upon the ran dan, like young Citizens between London and Brainford — Gentlemen.

Book IV.

They may be Knights, for ought I know, for they have Lances and Bucklers all, and every one a black Mask over his Nose—— Hoy-day—there's a Gentlewoman too upon a Gonhelly follows behind 'em a Tittop, a Tittop, but whether foul or fair, no body can tell; for she's under a black Cloud as well as the rest— How far are they off quo the Curate?—— Close at hand reply'd the Inn keeper. Presently Mrs. Dorothy clapt on her Mask too; and Cardenio, that was not asham'd to shew all that he had, but a little before. now not thinking his Clothes good enough, went up to Don Quixote's Chamber. Prefently the Masquerades came thund'ring into the Inn-yard. and alighting, immediately the person that seem'd to be the most sparkish above all the reft, went to the Lady, and taking her down from her Sidefaddle in his Arms, feated her in a Chair just at the entrance into the Chamber where Cardenio was gone to hide himself. All this while nor one of the Company had pull'd off their Masks, or fo much as fook'n a word, only the Lady fetch'd a deep Sigh as she sate, and at the same time let fall her Arms, as if the had been dropping into a Swoon. The Curate, whose Curiofity was strangely heighten'd by this Disguise and profound Silence, follow'd the Lacquies into the Stable, and enquir'd of one of em, who these Sparks were? As I'm a Sinner to Heav'n, answerd the Lacquey, I know not how to fatisfie ye farther then this, That I believe 'em to be all Perfons of Quality, especially the Person that help'd the Lady down, because the rest give him a world a' Respect. But who is the Lady, quo the Curate? Nay, Sir, he must be a Conjurer that can tell ye, for me, reply d the Lacquey; for all along as we came, I never faw fo much as the tip of her Chin; but tho she hid her Face from my sight, she could not stop my Ears, for they were Witnesses of her continual Complaints, and her Sighs, fo loud and fo mournful, as would ha' made a Crocodile to weep in earnest. Nor is it a wonder we should know so little, having ferv'd 'em but two days, from the time they met us upon the Road, when they told us, they were going to Andaluzia, and would pay us well for our Pains, if we would attend 'em thither. What! quo the Curate, did they never talk, nor call one another by their Names? No, Sir, they travell'd together more speechless then their Horses; for they did not so much as neighie one to another. So that we heard nothing but the fad and doleful Lamentations of the poor Lady, whom we suppose to be some Fortune, whom these Gentlemen have stoll'n out of some Boarding-School, and are carrying her away to be marry'd against her Consent. That may very well be reply'd the Curate, nor is it the first time such Pranks have been plaid i'this Country. And so leaving the Stable, he return'd to Mrs. Dorothy, who, out of a Female Compassion of her Sex in distress, was officiously profering her Service to the Lady, and whispering her i'the Ear, as may be supposed, to know whether the had any Occasion for private Retirement (for the House of Office is a Place where the Female Sex at the same time frequently difcharge their Back sides, and disburden their Hearts.) Truly Mrs. Dorothy was passing kind, she, proffer'd to attend her into her Chamber, unlace her Stays, pull off her Stockins, and help her to bed: But after all, the Devil a word would the Gentlewoman in the Mask speak. Upon which, Mrs. Dorothy concluded, that she was tak'n with a dangerous Disease call'd the Mullegrubs. And at length the Spark that had takin her off from her Horse. addressing himself to Mrs. Dorothy, Madam, said he, you may spare your felf the Labour - All the Kindnesses you proffer that Lady, are but Fish of two days old—There's no more Gratitude in her, then there grows Plumpudding in a Bean-shell; and therefore, Madam, unless ye have a mind to

hear a Company of Stories and Lyes, never defire her to open her Lips. The Spark had better a' held his Peace for upon his fo faying, the distressed Lady found her Tongue again. No, no, Mr. Foul-mouth, said she, you that never spoke Truth i'your life, never found me such a Lyar, as you pretend to make me. But because you can't make a Fool of me, and have your Will, therefore I tell Stories - But I must tell ye, Sir, 'tis my Constancy, and Scorn of your Treats, your Guinies, your Point-Laces, and your Gold Watches, that has reduc'd me to this Condition. Mercy upon me! cry'd Cardenio, who diffinely heard every word the Lady faid. What Voice is this I hear? Prefently the Lady hearing Cardenio's Exclamation, gave a sudden Start, and rising from her Chair quite another Woman, would have enter'd the Chamber from whence the Voice came, but was prevented by the Spark that flood by her. However, in the midft of that reftless Commotion of mind she was in, her Veil fell from her Head, and notwithstanding her inward Anguish, and the Paleness of her Cheeks, discover'd a most incomparable Beauty. On the other side, the Spark that rudely held her down by the Shoulders, was so earnestly busy'd to keep her from rifing, that his Mask dropt from his Nose, not daring to stir his Hand; at what time Mrs. Dorothy standing by the Disconsolate Lady, and looking up in the Spark's Face, prefently knew him to be Don Ferdinand, as one that had not only feen, but felt him too more then once or twenty times before that. This caus'd fuch a Fermentation of various Paffions, and that Fermentation brought such a Qualm over Mrs. Dorothy's Heart, that the fell down in a Swoon. Immediately the Curate, for young Parsons are generally very handy about Women, pulls off her Mask from her Face, to give her Air; at what time D. Ferdinand was no less astonished to see that it should be Mrs. Dorothy. Never was Bell-founder so confounded when his Mettle miscarries; however he wou'd not let Lucinda stir, for she it was that he held all this while (fee by the way how Murder begins to come out ) and she it was, who struggl'd with all her might to get out of D. Ferdinand's Clutches, as mad as a Cow to come to her Calf, to get to her Cardenio, whom she knew by his Bleating. On the other side, Cardenio hearing the Shriek that fwooning Mrs. Dorothy gave, and believing it had been his Lucinda, whom he also smelt by a particular Steam that she had about her, flung out of the Chamber like one half har'd out of his Wits; 'twas a thouland to one his Soul had not broke her Neck for hafte out at his Ears. For he never could endure that any body should handle Lucinda, but himself. And now the Game begins: Astonishment upon Astonishment, Amazement upon Amazement, VVonder aupon Wonder. Lucinda star'd upon Cardenio, He upon Her- Is't thou, quo he? Is't thou, quo she? Ferdinand star'd upon Mrs. Dorothy, she upon him. Cardenio star'd upon Ferdinand, Ferdinand upon Cardenio; and so they star'd upon one another to the end o' the Chapter. At length, after they had star'd out their Stare, Lucinda was the first that brake silence, and addressfing her felf to D. Ferdinand; Hands off, for shame, quo she, good my Lord Ferdinand; and at last, if ye know how to be so, be civil, shew your self a Gentleman, and don't think to hector me out of my Maiden-head that I referve for one that better deserves it. You know that all your Prodigality, nor all your Menaces could ever move me my Resolution is fix'd; and therefore be affur'd I'le rather marry a Small-coal-man or a Chimney-Sweeper, and cry Hogs-Puddings about the Streets, then marry such a Roifter as your Worship — Here stands Cardenio, to whom I have long since demis'd my Heart, with all its Appurtenances, to have and to hold in Fee-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Tail to Perpetuity. Give him therefore quiet Possession, as Law and Justice requires, or if you intend to be a continual Plague to me, terminate my Life

and my Misfortunes both together.

During these Expostulations, Mrs. Dorothy being by this time come to her felf, and understanding 'twas Lucinda that spoke, yet finding that D. Ferdinand would neither let go his hold, nor give any Answer to the reafonable Requests Lucinda made him, up she rose, and advancing towards him with her Handkerchief before her Eyes— 'Sir, faid she, if y have any 'spark of Grace or Gentility, look upon a Woman, whom your Perjuries 'have made so - a Woman, to whom once you promis'd Mountains of Hap-'piness, but have now render'd miserable. Consider, Sir, that in the 'fight of Heav'n, you are my lawful Husband- You cannot forget the 'time when you enter'd into the Obligation - and tho there were no Wit-'ness to it, you cannot but know, that you seald it at the same time with 'your own Seal—What a murrain— how many Wives would ye have—? 'As many as the ancient Jews—? If so, Sir stay till the Law allows it— 'the West-Country Knight has not yet got his Bill past- In the mean time consider what an Injury you do your own Sex - for what Maid will ever 'trust a young Man again, for your sake? I pity'd your Sighs, your Sobs, 'your Tears, and your Lamentations-I had Compassion upon your Moans, and your Groans, and the mournful Out-cries of your Impatience, and be-'lieving I might believe a Person of your Quality, I was at length, tho you well know it was a long time first, prevail'd with by my Commiseration, and trusted to your Honesty - But what Maid will ever pity a Person of 'Quality more?' Twas this Compassion of mine, that for the Relief of your 'crying Necessities, and impatient Distresses, made me venture the Dis-'graces of a great Belly, and who knows but that I might ha' come to 'the Misfortune of being hang'd for stiffing the poor Baby in a House of 'Office? And can you turn away your ungrateful Eyes from one that has ' so deeply hazarded her Honour and her Life, upon the Considence she ' had of your Vertue, and your Justice? If I were more forward then I 'should ha'been, were not you more hasty then I? And therefore do but 'marry me, 'tis all I desire-then keep as many Misses afterwards as you 'please, I'le never say, Love, why d' ye so? I'le never be moody when ye come home fuddl'd, nor upbraid ye for losing your Money at Play; but 'marry me, I beseech ye-fave my Life, and take my Goods- When you first courted me, you told me I was fair; and am I so much older since 'that? Be not so scrupulous, Sir, especially in such an Age of Liberty as this is, when any thing will ferve for a Wife- And your VVife I am as 'fure as Eggs be Eggs, if you are but half as true and real to me, as one 'Pick-pocket is to another. As for Lucinda, you see she belongs to another 'Man. And why should you that have a Park o'your own, be so strangely 'absurd, that nothing will serve ye, but to hunt in another man's Enclo-'s fure? If this that I have said will not prevail, read Baxter's Saints Ever-' lasting Rest, and see what Rest you are like have either in this, or the other VVorld, after so many falsify'd Oathes and Perjuries as you ha' committed.

D. Ferdinand being thus rally'd between Jest and Earnest, found himself shot between wind and water. On the one side, her undeniable matter of Fact had vanquish'd all the Arguments of his libertine Folly, and the Tears and Sobs that seconded her serious Admonitions, had stuck so many Crums in the Throat of his Conscience, that finding himself so run down both by Reason and Morality, he quitted Lucinda, and ran with his Arms ex-

panded like the VVings of a Cherubim, and embracing Mrs. Dorothy; My dear Dolly, quo he, no longer now plain Dorothy, but lac'd Madam Dorothy, live and be a Lady, fince Fate will have it fo. 'Tis true, I did debauch thee--- but before all this Company, here's my hand upon't, I'le mend thee up again as found in Law, as e're thou wert i' thy life. For thine, my dear Dolly, is only a Stitch fall'n i' thy Reputation, which the Needle and Thread of Wedlock will repair at any time. With that he gave her a Kifs, and at the fame Instant breath'd a new Soul into her Body.

On the other fide, Lucinda had been fo long supported by D. Ferdinand. that finding her felf at Liberty, she was like to ha' fall'n to the Ground, had not Cardenio, who all the while flood behind D. Ferdinand, because he wou'd not be feen, caught her up in his Arms For tho she were glad to fee that all things fadg'd so well with Mrs. Dorothy, yet some little Qualms of Envy at that good Fortune in another, which she thought as due to her felf, made fuch a deep Impression upon her Spirits, as made the whole Frame of her Microcosm begin to totter. But then, fair Lucinda, cry'd Cardenio, considering the Feebleness of your Condition, you cannot be better then in the Arms of him that has always lov'd ye from his Infancy. VVith that, Lucinda turning her Head, and perceiving him to be her beloved Cardenio, Heav'ns! she was ready to jump out of her Skin; up she leapt as nimble as a Bird, and darting her felf about Cardenio's Neck; And is it thee. my dear Husband, quo she? What Miracles are these? Did I ever think, by fuch a strange Accident as this, to meet again the Joy and Comfort of my Life? And then feconding her amorous Expressions with amorous Actions, forgetful quite of either Time or Place, the joyn'd her Lips fo close to his, that Cardenio might easily feel her Mind, and know what she

wou'd ha' been at, had the Opportunity been favourable.

But these Endearments between Lucinda and Cardenio, did no way please D. Ferdinand: For, notwithstanding all his new Engagements to Mrs. Dorothy, he had still an aking Tooth after Mrs. Lucinda. And he could not but think he had some Right to her too, considering the Money she cost him. So that he began to change Colour, and fall a handling the Hilt of his Sword with his Right Hand; curfed Symptoms of Mischief in his Mind. Which my Lady *Dorothy* observing—ran to him, and catching him about the Middle, Sir, said she, since you have now been pleas'd to own me for a Wife, be pleas'd to hear me when I utter Reason — How! quo D. Ferdinand, what, breaking Covenants already! 'No, Sir, quo my Lady Do-\*rothy—I neither chide ye for being fuddl'd, nor tax ye for lofing your Mo-'ney; nor am Igoing about to perswade ye from keeping a Mistress; be as modish as you please, Sir, but never meddle with other Men's Wives. There are fingle Gentlewomen enow i' the World, that would be glad to And therefore why should you meddle with Madam Lucinda? In the first place, you see she can't endure ye: And by my new recover'd Happiness, I swear, were I a Man, I'd not give my old Shoeftrings for a Woman that did not love me as well as I lov'd her -Besides, 'Sir, you see her Affections at present are engag'd quite another way— So that you may as well think to remove Bow-Steeple, with all the Bells 'in't, to Highgate, as think to unsettle her Love in the Honey moon of her ' doating fondness. And therefore seek not to sunder thus an amorous Pair, 'that Heaven seems to have so pleasingly united. Surely your heat for me 'cannot as yet be so extinguish'd, but that you may find Divertisement suf-'ficient, at least, till you find my Passion begin to cool— Come try me, Sir, I'le find ye Sport enough, I'le warrant ye; for I may talk a little freely

'now— We were fever'd by Disaster, and now here we are met again 'together by a Miracle; which, as it is the Work of a Superiour Power, 'never oppose Fate, nor seek to unravel a Bottom, which the Destinies are 'so harmoniously winding up; nor spoil the last Scene of a Tragi Comedy, 'that begins to conclude so naturally, that all the Poets in Town, could 'never ha' brought it so exactly to pass.

While my Lady Dorothy was thus laying the Law to D. Ferdinand. Cardenio who held his Lucinda, as the Lobster held the Hair upon Salisbury-Plain, watch'd D. Ferdinand's Sword-hand, for fear of being furpriz'd, as being refolv'd before he would part with Lucinda again, to have ventur'd half a dozen Oylet-holes in his Skin. But D. Ferdinand's Friends and the Curate perceiving how the two Desperado's look'd one upon another, like two Boar-Cats, ready to dispute the Possession of Madam Grey-Maulkin, to prevent Mischief, ran to D. Ferdinand, and besought him to consider, that he had already before 'em all acknowledg'd Madam Dorothy for his Wife; and therefore to hinder another from what he could not enjoy himfelf, was like Hunt's Dog, that would neither go to Church, nor stay at home. Then the Curate stept in, and desir'd him to consider what would become of him, should he be Lungs or Liver-tapp'd in an unjust Quarrel; That he did ill to shew his boistrous Propensity, and his ranging Humour to a young Lady, that had the same Advantages of Form and Beauty with the person for whom he contended—withal, the Curate bid him beware what he did, for that fuch Rudeneffes as those would bring him within the Verge of the Spiritual Court— and that the Law took its Course as well against the Lord as the Peasant—That he must be forc'd to come in a Witness against him, upon his Promise to Madam Dorothy, which would go a great way in her Caufe, and would procure her Alimony in spite of his Teeth—and therefore it would be much better to perform that willingly which he had promis'd to do, then to be forc'd to it to his Difhonour, and for the whole Court to cry out shame upon him.

D. Ferdinand, who was not so resty neither, but that he might be curb'd by Reason, finding that his own Friends forsook him, and that no body took his part, surrendred at length to Reason and Necessity; and then embracing once more his almost-forgotten Object of Matrimony, Lady, said he, dry up your Tears, for I can no longer suffer her to weep, to whom I have giv'n my Heart; forget the Injuries and Injustice I ha' done thee, for which my Repentance and Lucinda's Beauty, may in some measure excuse me. But since I now perceive there is not a T—to chuse, let Lucinda contentedly enjoy her dear Cardenio, and let my Nut-brown Dolly be the Blessing of my Life; Boys and Girls be the Consequences of our Amours, and be thou sure to save a Portion for thy second Daughter, out of House-keeping. And with that, he embrac'd his beloved Madam Dorothy with such an amorous Heat, and such a tender Affection, that he who breath'd nothing but Duels and Sas Sa's but just now, himself was ready to melt into a De-

luge of Cow-baby Tears.

On the other side, Lucinda and Cardenio had no such Command over the Sluces of their Eyes, but that the Surplusage of their Joy caus'd a kind of April-Shower in the midst of the Sun-shine of their Content, to trickle down their Cheeks; so strangely overjoy'd they were for the Felicity of their Friend, no more expected then their own sudden Accumulations of Happiness. But those Tears of Affection being soondry'd, all their Sorrows were as soon forgot, and they fell a kissing, Ferdinand and Dolly, Cardenio and Lucinda, like young Citizens and their

Wives in an Epsom-Coach. Only Sancho, who wept for Company's fake, could not so soon recover from his Melancholy, in regard it proceeded from another Cause. For he, alas! was forely griev'd, that Mrs. Dorothy was not the Princess of Miconicona, and that he had left all the hopes of his so long gap'd-for Earldom.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

At length Lucinda and Cardenio return'd a thousand Thanks to Don Ferdinand for all his Favours in the Surrender of his Copy-hold, which they did in that Courtly Language, that Don Ferdinand being at a stand for verbal Complements, repaid em in silent Embraces only, and close Hugs; which was all he could do at that time to display the Testimonies of his Satisfaction. At the same into a Countrey so far distant from her own; who thereupon repeated to him all that she had recounted to the Curate and Cardenio, with such a Grace, that her Husband in Posse was ravished at her Discourse, and

vow'd, That if all her Curtain-Lectures prov'd no worse then her Story-telling, he should think himself bleft in a Bed-fellow.

Book IV.

After that, Don Ferdinand related what had befall'n him at Lucinda's House the Night that he should have been marry'd; how he found the Letter in her Bosom, wherein she declar'd, that she was marry'd to Cardenio; which transported him to that degree of Rage and Fury, that he would ha' kill'd her, but that her Parents prevented him (for to fay the Truth, 'twas an ugly Disappointment.) That after this confounded Baulk, he flung out of the House, and resolv'd to be reveng'd upon her, the first time he met with her. That afterwards he was inform'd, how that Lucinda had taken a Ramble, and was run a Wild-goose Chase, but whither all the Conjurers and Saffolds in London could not tell but that at length he heard she had shelter'd her self at a famous Boarding-School i' the Country, where he lay perdue for some Days, to watch her Motions; and observing that she was wont to walk out i' the Evening to a certain Cheesecake House, about a Mile from her Habitation, to spend her Six-pence with some of her Companions, in Tarts and Bottle drink, he got three of his Acquaintance, besides himself, well mounted, with a leer Hobby for Lucinda; and meeting her returning i' the mid-way home, notwithstanding all her squealing, and her squaling, having fix'd her in her Saddle, he led her such a Race, while the Gentleman that follow'd, whipp'd on the Hobby behind, that they foon got out of the reach of Pursuit. After which, they wander'd up and down from place to place, till guided by their good Fortune, they arriv'd in that Inn, where so many miraculous Accidents had befall'n 'em.

D d 2

Being a Continuation of the History of the Famous Princess of Micomicona, with other Delightful Adventures.

Ancho, who listen'd attentively to every word was said, was almost at his Wits end, to find all his Hopes blown up like a Chymist's Furnace, when he thought himself sure o' the Philosopher's Stone; and that the Princess of Micomicona was metamorphos'd into Mrs. Dorothy, and the Giant Pandafilando into Don Ferdinand; while Don Quixote lay fnorting and fnoring at his ease, regardless altogether of the important Interests of his poor Squire. In this forlorn, afflicted, and melancholy Condition Sancho entring Don Quixote's Chamber, who now began to be awake; Your Worship now, Sir Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, said he, may take a Nap for seven Years together, if you please, without vexing or tormenting your Soul about restoring the Princess Micomicona to her Throne. or fighting any more Giants; for your Quietus is already Sign'd, the business is done, and all things are concluded. I believe what thou say'st, reply'd Don Quixote; for it is not above three minutes since I had so much leisure as to take a little breath: For I have been engag'd for these fifteen hours in the most dismal, desperate, dreadful, surious, terrible Encounter with a huge, horrid, grizzle bearded, Sawcer-ey'd, Whale mouth'd Giant that ever was recorded in Story, true or feign'd: The Father of all the Devils made me fweat fort, as if I had been if the Bagnio. But at length, with a true right Bear-Garden Butcher's back-stroke, I fetch'd off his Head so smooth, and so clean, and hit the Joynt so like a Shrieves Carver, that were the Giant alive again, I am confident ha' wou'd thank me for putting him fo foon out of his pain. The Rogue was vengeance full of Blood too, Sancho; for it spouted out of his Vena Cava, and Vena Porta, the great Aorta, the Axillaries, Pulmonaries, and Jugulars, like so many Rivers, and made such an Inundation, as wou'd ha' carry'd a Western Barge - Vengeance full of Blood! Vengeance full of T --- quo Sancho; for the monstrous Giant that you flew was no other then a great black Boracho, with above forty flasks of Red Wine in his flagitious Wemb. I say Flasks, because they are a little bigger then your ordinary Quart-Bottles. As for the Blood that made fuch an Innundation i' the Room, 'twas nothing but that fame Red Wine which your hair brain'd Worship spilt — I wish your VVorship choak'd when you did it ---- And then for the Head you cut off, 'twas the Whores that brought me into the world, I think, for Satan has carry'd it away \_\_\_\_ Hoy day, Sancho \_ quo Don Quixote, what's the matter? why fure the fellow's not in his wits - what! ha'ft been eating o' wild Parsenips? \_\_\_\_ I'my wits, quo Sancho! yes, and out o'my wits too, to fee what a Reck'ning your Worship has to pay ---- Pray now rife, will ye---and fee how the face of the world is chang'd below. The Queen is chang'd into an ordinary Chamber-maid, that they call plain Doroty; and feveral other wonders, that will make your hair stand an end. No Wonders at all, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; for as I told thee before fo I tell thee again. there is nothing but Enchantment in this House. All this I should be willing to believe, reply'd Sancho, had my toffing in a Blanket been an Enchantment; but it was not fo, for it was real and true. I remember that

the very Inn-keeper below stairs held one corner of the Instrument of my Misery; and tossid and laugh'd, and laugh'd and tossid more then any of the rest. Now, I'le never believe, tho I am no Schollard, but an ignorant Sinner, that when a man knows the faces of the Persons again, there can be any Enchantment I' that case, but bare ill Luck, such as mine was.

205

Well—well—quo Don Quixote, let 'em be Enchantments, or no Enchantments, I'm fure there's fomething more then ordinary i'the matter; and therefore gi'me my Clothes; for when I come to examine the business,

I shall foon smell it out.

While Don Quixote was dreffing himself, the Curate gave Don Ferdinand and the rest of his Friends a short account, what a fort of Person this Famous Knight was; and how they had laid their Plot to cure him of his Extravagancy. But now, added the Curate, our first Design is spoyl'd. and we must feek out some other way to get him home, in regard that Madam Dorothy is otherwise now concern'd. To which, Cardenio reply'd, that Lucinda should act her part. But Don Ferdinand was resolv'd that Madam Dorothy should go on with her Cue; the rather because that being Neighbours in a manner, they might be more ready to assist one another. While they were thus confabulating, enters Don Quixote, in his one likeness, buckl'd up in Iron from top to toe, as if Vulcan had been his Taylor, Hosier, and Shoe maker; for as for Trimming he had none, but his Target upon his shoulder, and his Lance in his fift, and Mambrino's Bason, batter'd as it was, upon his Head: So that nothing more was to be feen of him but his Tann'd Countenance, his meager Cheeks, and his hollow Eyes. Such a ftrange Figure of a Mortal Wight, strangely surprized Don Ferdinand, and those that were with him, who had never feen this Illustrious Knight before. They could not but with Admiration behold his Ell-long Visage, his Box-Complexion, and the strange disorder of his Whiskers; and with a kind of awful Silence listen'd to hear what the Rusty Apparition had to fay to em. Presently Don Quixote, resting against his Lance, and fixing his Eves upon Madam Dorothy,

Madam, faid he, I understand by my Squire, that you are fall'n from the Garret into the Coal-hole; that is to say, that from a Queen, you are come to plain Mrs. Doroty: Which if it be done by the malicious Contrivance of the Grand Enchanter, the King your Father, if he were afraid I could not give you that Affistance which was requisite; I say, the King your Father was deceiv'd, like an Old Dotard as he was, and little read in the Histories of Chivalry. For had he read 'em but as often and as serioully as I ha' done, he would ha' found, that they are full of Accidents much more furprizing, and incomparably more difficult to be perform'd; which yet have been accomplish'd by Knights far inferiour, tho I say it that flourd not, to me in Reputation. Tis no fuch great difficulty, as People think, to lop off the Head of a Giant, tho he were as big about as the Duomo i'the Stocks-Market, and as high as the Monument. 'Tis not long fince I prov'd the truth of this in an Encounter with two of these Heav'n Scalers; of which I fay no more, because I hate to be caught in a Lye. Not with two Giants, with your good leave, Sir, but with two harmless Boracho's of Wine, quo the Inn-keeper: And so faying, he up with a Bottle to have thrown at Don Quixote's Head, had not Don Ferdinand commanded him to be quiet. And then Don Quixote proceeding; I say then in short, Thrice Illustrious and Dis-inherited Lady, that if this be all the Reason, why your Father has thus transmogrify'd your Person, you need not fear to depend upon me; for there is not any Danger, Peril, or Hazard in the world, that

I do not furmount by the sharp edge of this Sword; and with this Sword it is, that after I have laid at your feet the Head of your so redoubted Enemy, I will restore ye to the Throne of your Ancestors, and be the daring Under-Sheriff that shall put ye into the quiet Possession of your own.

Here Don Quixote flopt, in expectation of the Princeffes Answer: At what time, Madam Dorothy, knowing she should please Don Ferdinand in carrying on the Defign—with a Princely Air, and Majestick Seriousness, Whoever told ye, said she, that I was Transmogrify'd, most Valiant Knight of the Ill favour'd Face, deceiv'd ye with a vile Untruth; for I am the same to day that I was yesterday. 'Tis true, perhaps some Change in my Fortune may have happen'd to me for the better fince I faw ye last; but for all that. I have still the same Necessity to be beholding to the force of your Invincible Arm. And therefore, I befeech ve, good Sir Knight, of your accustomed Generolity, restore my Father his Honour again, and never queftion but that he was a Person of Prudence and Fore fight, that could find out a Means so easie, and so secure; nay, the very Probatum est that could Cure all my Misfortunes. And in truth it was a wonderful thing, and happy I'm fure for me, that I met with fuch a Champion; as being fully fatisfy'd, that had it not been for your Pleasantries, and the Chimera's of your Noble and Love-fick Brain, I had never been in the Condition wherein I am. And I believe the greatest part of these Gentlemen are of my Opinion. as having been Witnesses of what has befall'n me since our first meeting. In short therefore, we have nothing more now to do, then to set forward to morrow Morning, and for the Success, I leave it to Heaven and your

Courage.

206

When Mrs. Doroty had thus discreetly spoken, Don Quixote, turning to Sancho with the frowns of Choler and Indignation, Sirrah, Sancho, faid he. now do I find thee to be the arrant'st Varlet, Scoundrel, and Rascal that ever was whelp'd in Pickt-Hatch - Did not your Rogue-ship tell me, that the Princess was turn'd into plain Doroty? And that the Giant's Head which I cut off was the Whore your Mother's? What a lying Ragamuffin wer't thou to tell these Stories? By the fair Dulcinea's Virginity, a little matter would make me wring off thy Capon's Neck, and make thee an Example to all Sons a' Whore lying Squires, that ever for the future should have the Honour to follow the heels of a Knight-Errant. Abate your Paffion, Sir, quo Sancho; for tho I might be perhaps mistaken in the change of Madam the Princess of Micomicona; yet, as to the Giant's Head, or rather the head of the murder'd Boracho's, and the Blood that was shed, which was no other then Red Wine, by all the Seven Champions I aver it to be truth what I faid, and will justify't to the Beards of all the Knight-Errants i' the world. Don't tell me, Sir! for there are the wounds and gashes i' the Boracho's still to be feen; and if y' have any Nose, you may go up and smell what fort of Liquor 'twas made that Lake i' the Room. For my part, I wish the Princess may not be chang'd for your fake, for else I'm afraid you must pawn even Rosinante himself for the Reckining. Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, gi' me leave to tell thee, th'art a Buffle-head, and a Dunder-head, and a Cuckowbrains; and fo I ha' done with thee for the present. 'Tis more then enough, Sir Knight, quo Don Ferdinand: And now, fince the Princess is resolved to stay till to morrow Morning, let's resolve to spend the Night as merrily as we can. To morrow we'll all accompany the Renown'd Don Quixote, to the end we may be witneffes of his Prowefs, and those Acts of wonder which we make no Question but he will perform, in the accomplishment of this Enterprize.

No, Gentlemen, 'tis I that shall have the honour of your Company, and who must think my self for ever engag'd to ye, for your good Opinion of me, which I shall endeavour to preserve with the loss of my Life, and more then that, had I more to lofe, which God knows I ha' not, confidering the Mortgages upon my small Estate. But, Sir, for Lives, had I as many as a Cat, they were all at the Princesses Service.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

In this manner how far Don Quixote and Don Ferdinand would ha' gallop'd on in lofty Complements, the Lord of Oxford knows, had they not been interrupted by the arrival of a Traveller that enter'd the Inn. By his Habit they took him for a Slave, that had made his escape from Argier: For he was clad like a Saylor, in a short loose Jerkin without a Collar, and Drawers of blew Linnen, such as you shall see hang out at the Slop-sellers Shops, and a Cap upon his head of the fame; with a Scymitar that hung from a Swash that was girt about his waste. He was follow'd by a woman upon an Ass, in Moorish Habit, having a Veil upon her head, that cover'd her Face, and under her Veil a little Bonnet of Tiffue upon the top of her Crown. The rest of her Apparel that appeard, was only a long Simarr, that reach'd down to her heels. The Slave was a Man about forty Years of Age, proper and well shap'd; and by his Meen he appear'd to be a Person of some Quality. He ask'd for a Chamber as soon as he came into the Inn, and feem'd to be very much troubl'd, when they told him there was ne'r a one empty. However, he took down the Moorish Lady in his Arms from her Ass. At what time Lucinda, Madam Doroty, and the women of the Inn, attracted by the Novelty of a Habit which they had never feen before, accosted the Female Stranger; and after they had star'd and gaz'd upon her, as long as Breeding and Good Manners would give 'em leave: Madam Doroty, who had observ'd that the Slave was much discontented for want of a Chamber, addreffing her felf to the Stranger, Madam, faid she, never wonder to find so little Breeding in a Carrier's Inn, where only a forc'd Putt constrains any Persons of Condition to stop; and therefore since the Woman o'the House has so little manners, as not to proffer a Stranger her own Chamber; if you please to joyn Company with us, pointing at the same time to Lucinda, you will meet with those that will be glad to serve a Stranger in your Condition. For we are neither Sluts nor Pick-Pockets, but civil honest Gentlewomen as any in all this Country. But to all this, the veil'd Lady answer'd not a word; only she rose from her Seat, and laying her Arms like a St. Andrew's Crofs upon her Breaft, bow'd her Head, to signifie that she was sensible of their Kindness, and return'd 'em Thanks. By which the witty Madam Doroty rightly guess'd, that the she might understand somewhat, yet she could speak nothing of the Language. At length the Slave, who had been all this while providing for his Als, returning from the Stable, and feeing the Ladies fo busie about the Moor, after he had made his Obeysance to Madam Doroty and Lucinda; Ladies, said he, this young Damfel speaks no Language but her own, which is the reason she cannot answer to your Questions: O'my word else you should not find her derogate from her Sex; for she has Wit at Will, and Tongue at Command. Sir, faid Lucinda, we ask her no Questions, only we offer her our Company, and the best Accommodation we have. Ladies, reply'd the Slave, I return ye a thousand Thanks, both for her and for my self; and I put the higher value upon your Civility, because I find it to proceed from Persons of Worth and Merit. Pray, Sir, tell me one thing, I beseech ye, cry'd Madam Doroty, is this Lady a Moor, or a Christian? For by her Silence and her Habit she does not seem to be of our Religion. Madam, reply'd

the Slave, she is a Moor by Birth, but a Christian in her Heart, and desires nothing more then really so to be-How! cry'd Lucinda, interrupting him, was the never Christen'd then?— And then whispering Madam Dorothy i'the Ear; Is it safe, quo she, to converse with a Pagan? Which the Slave over hearing, Madam, quo he, the reason why she is not Christen'd, is only because we have not had an Opportunity since she came from Argier, for that's the Place of her Nativity. Besides, 'tis fit that a person of her Years should understand her Catechism besore she be baptiz'd. Pray, Sir, quo Madam Dorothy, is she modest and vertuous? For I'le assure ye, I take her so to be? Chast and Spotless as the Morning light, reply'd the Slave. Why then, quo Madam Dorothy, let's never trouble our selves any farther; baptize her as foon as ye can, and i'the mean time, give me a vertuous Moor before an impudent, lascivious Quistrel of a Christian. This short Discovery of the Slave fet all their Curiosity agog to be diving a little farther; but they did not think it seasonable to ask any more Questions as yet, believing that Time and Conversation would bring out the rest. Madam Dorothy therefore, who, for ought I find by the Story, was the cunning if Gypsie i' the Pack, taking the Female Stranger by the Hand, and seating her in a Chair close by her side, desir'd her to lift up her Veil. Whereupon the Moor looking the Slave full i' the Face, and demanding, as it were, with her Eyes, what it was the Ladies desir'd, and what it became her to do; the Slave told her in Arabick, That the Ladies desir'd her to lift up her Veil, and withall allow'd his Consent. But then, what a Magazine of Beauty did she shew! Madam Dorothy thought her fairer then Madam Dorothy, and Lucinda thought her fairer then Lucinda: Nay, all the Standers by confess'd, that if there were any difference, the Moores' had the Advantage. And as it is the Prerogative of Beauty to command the Hearts and Affections of all the World, or like a Grocer's empty Sugar-Cheft to draw to it all the Flies i' the Parish, the Mooress had now got a new Crowd of Liquorish Servants, all striving who should be most obsequious, most officious, and double diligent to serve her. D. Ferdinand desir'd the Moor to tell him her Name; who answer'd, that her Name was Lela Zoraida. But the Mooress understanding by the Answer what the Question was, with an extraordinary Vehemency (tho fuch as extremely became her, because pretty and handsom ) cry'd out, No-no Zoraida- Maria- as much as to say in plain English, her Name was Mary, and not Zoraida. For the Mooress not understanding the way of Godfathers and Godmothers, had made choice her self of a Christ'n Name; or whether it were that the Slave did not think it worth while to trouble either Godfathers or Godmothers, fince there were neither Midwives nor Nurses to gratifie. However it were, Madam Dorothy and Lucinda, who intended to have invited themselves to the Christining, perceiving themselves disappointed, fell a crying for madness. And yet who knows, but that Fortune had contriv'd it for the best, to prevent a torn Whisk, or a scratch'd Face about Who should name the Child. Nor could Madam Dorothy be got out of her Pouts, nor hardly be brought to own the Name; but Lucinda, the better natur'd of the two, embracing the Mooress, Ay, ay, Mary, Mary's the word, quo she, and therefore dear Madam Cake-bread set your Heart at rest. To which the Moores's answer'd not a tittle; for indeed it had been somewhat preternatural for the Child to have spoke before it was Christen'd.

But now'twas Supper-time, and the best Entertainment that had been seen i'that Inn for many Years; D. Fer dinand having sent about for all the Rarities to be had i' the Country. Don Quixote was forc'd to take the up-

per end of the Table, who feeing he could not avoid it, would needs have the Princess of *Micomicon* fit by him, as being under his Protection. *Lucinda* and *Zoraida* fate next to Madam *Dorothy*; *Lucinda* the uppermost of the two, as being the better Christian, and *D. Ferdinand* and *Cardenio* opposite to them. The *Curate* and the *Barber* sate below the Ladies, and over-against them the Slave and *D. Ferdinana*'s Friends.

At Supper they were as merry as Mice in a Chaff heap, for they were all good Company, and every one with a full Discharge i' their Minds from all Disquiets and Disturbances whatever, from the Beginning o' the World to the Date of the Release. But that which augmented their Divertisement, was the pleasant Discourse of Don Quixote, who inspir'd with the same Raptures, as when he preach'd after Supper to the Goat-

herds, in a kind of Bachanalian Fury, thus began:

Book IV.

Ladies and Gentlemen, they who make Profession of Knight-Errantry, 'have one great Advantage, that they are every Day accustom'd to the fight of Accidents altogether wonderful- I would fain know, whether the best Astrologer or Figure-caster of 'em all, that should come this very Minute into this Castle, and see us sitting together, as we do, could find out with all their Scheams, and their Houses, and their Scrawls upon Paper, who we are. Who would imagine this Lady that fits here by me. to be so great a Princess as we know her to be? Or, that I were the fa-'mous Don Quixote, Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, and her Pro-'tector? And now dares any Man deny, but that this Profession surmounts 'all other the Inventions of Men? Or that it is not so much the more to be esteem'd, as being more expos'd to Hazards and Dangers then any Pro-'fession i'the World. And therefore if any one should presume to tell me. ' that Learning is to be preferr'd before Arms, I'd tell him, he was the Son 'of a Whore, and a'ly'd. 'Tistrue, I know, those Champions of Learn-'ing will tell ye, that the Labours of the Mind are much greater then those of the Body; whereas there is nothing but Vigor and Strength requir'd 'for the Exercise of Arms: as if there were no difference between a Soul-' dier and a Porter, and that there were not a great deal of Judgment and 'Conduct to be us'd in Fighting, as well as Strength and Vigor. For Ex-'ample, as if the General of an Army, Governour of a great and confider-able Garrison, had not as much need of a cunning, contriving, plodding 'Head piece and Vigour of Mind, as force of Limbs. Is it by the Strength of his Body that he finds out the Defigns of the Enemy, or that furnishes 'him with subtile Artifices to oppose the Stratagems of a politick and ex-'perienc'd Adversary? Can any Man deny, but that it is his Wit, his Judgment, his Ingenuity, and acquir'd Skill, that teaches him the over reaching 'Part of War? Therefore faies the Proverb, Policy goes beyond Strength. 'Since then it is an undeniable Truth, that Wit is as requisite in a Souldier as 'in a Scholar, let us consider the End of both. I ha' nothing to say to those that fludy really and fincerely for our Salvation; I mean those that trouble 'their Brains to reck'n by the Rule o' Three, how many Mites there are in the Liver of a Cod-fish, or about fixing Wings to mens Shoulders; your Astro-'logers and Astronomers, and those sooty Refiners of Nature, call'd Chr-'mifts, that lie toyling, and moyling, and watching Moors Heads and Crucibles, for the Philosopher's Stone, till all their Gold and Silver be evapora-'ted out o' their Pockets; your Frisesomorum and Barocho Men, your Scotists 'and Aquinatifts that torment their Pia Maters about how many Angels will stand upon the Point of a Needle; your Men of Politicks, and Erecters of Common wealths and Utopia's; what do all their Studies, their

Labours and Inventions fignifie? They are only Mispendings of that lei-' fure and quiet which they enjoy by the Souldiers maintaining Peace, both 'at home and abroad. For Peace is a Bleffing that only God and the Soul-'dier bestows upon Kingdoms and Nations, supported by his Valour and Industry. The Lacedemonians and the Romans were then most victorious and fortunate, when Learning least flourish'd among 'em. Oh! but you'l say, Learning teaches us Civility. Civility! with a Pox—as if there were more civil Men, or greater Courtiers i' the World, then your Knight-Er-'rants. Whereas on the other fide, there are not a more contentious, inveterate, malicious, foul-mouth'd fort of People i' the World, then your ' learned Men; always quarrelling and scribling one against the other, reproaching, back biting, nick-naming, and spitting their Venom one at another, like so many Cats in a Moonshiny-Night. Nay, you shall have too Criticks ready to flab one another with a Mahometan Fury, and scolding 'at each other like two Rag-women, about the misplacing of a G, or an L. Whereas the Souldier before he goes to't, embraces his Enemy; and when they have push'd and hack'd one another as long as they can, if

While Don Quixote thus discours'd, there was not any one i' the Room that took him for a Fool. For because the greatest part of 'em were Gentlemen of Fortune that profess'd a Military Life, and the Ladies, as generally they are, being great Admirers of Souldiers, they liften'd to him, as

'neither fall, they embrace again like Twins out o'the same Womb.

one that was haranguing i' their own Praise.

210

Then Don Quixote proceeding; 'All the Hardships, quo he, that a Student endures, is only Poverty: Not that all Scholars are poor neither, but I lay it thus to drive the Argument as far as it will go. For he that is poor, is miserable. And Poverty may be divided into three Parts, Hunger, Cold, and Nakedness, and sometimes all three together. Yet is this Hunger never so continual, but that the Scholar sometimes does eat; sometimes he gets to be a Tutor, and then he eats at the Stewards Table; sometimes he gets Six-pence or Twelve-pence for enditing a Love-Letter, and then he goes and solaces himself at Fetter-lane end. If he be a cold, for four Farthings he may finell to a Fire at the next Ale-house; which, tho it may not roaft him, will abate the Rigour of his Sufferings; and then, tho at Night he sleeps in a Garret, yet is he safe from the Weather, not to mention those other Trisles of Shoes out at Toes, and Stockins out at Heels, want o' Shirts, and a flapping greafie-brimm'd Felt, with a thread-bear, thin, transparent, what shall I call't --- for 'twill not bear the Name of Garment, which, I confess, are very great Hardships; yet sometimes by their creeping and cringing, their flattering and colloguing, they creep into the Affection of some Person or other, that gives em a gentle Lift at first, and then helps 'em up by degrees, till at length, by a strange Indulgence of Fortune they arrive at the Haven of their Wishes, and from contemptible Poverty, and pinching Mifery, come to wallow in Plenty, and frisk it in the voluptuous Pastures of Honour and Preferment. But then, they prove the most ingrateful, proud, imperious, unsufferable Bubbles of Vain-glory i the World; fo that many times, and most frequently they forget their own Benefactors, and are not asham'd, if they want but a Stick to light their Oven, to burn the Ladder by which they first ascended to their Advancement.

Book IV. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

### CHAP. XI.

Containing the farther curious Discourse of Don Quixote upon Arms and Arts.

7E have hitherto discover'd the Poverty of the Scholar, let us now examine whether the Souldier be any richer then he. How, the Souldier rich! yes, as a new-shor'n Sheep— Certainly there is not a more honourable fort of Misery i' the World, then his. Gentlemen Souldiers! Gentlemen Beggers. 'Tis true, he looks a little uppish at first, with a Months Pay before-hand, but when he has been a Month upon Service, out at Heels, out at Elbows, ragged as a Forest-Colt, Shirtless, and Pennyless, chewing over in thought the last good Meal which he eat three days ago, till he meet with another Pig, or a Flitch o' Bacon, for which he ventures his Conscience, and the Curses of the poor People from whom he robs it. By this time he begins to admire, whether there be any fuch thing as Money in Nature, or no, for his Pay comes very flow, or never. Were he one of the Grandees of the World, he would give an Earldom or a Dukedom for a Bag pudding, and looks upon Esau as the only manthat ever knew how to value Victuals. when he fold his Birthright for a Mess a' Porridge. He is bound to endure all Weather; fometimes marching all the day long with his Gun fretting the Skin from his Shoulders in a fultry Season that would bathe him in Sweat, had he any Moisture to exhale from his Body, which his Stomach has fuck'd before from all parts to fuftain Nature. Sometimes poaching through thick and thin up to the middle Leg, and all the while the Rain pours down upon his Thread-bare Tatters: not his alone, but the Condition of the whole Army, looking like the Picture of Pharaoh's Host half drown'd in pursuit of the Ifraelites; and all the day long the dry Crust new soak'd with Aqua cælestis in his Snapsack, serves him both for Meat and Drink. Yet after all this tiresome March, had he but the Comfort at Night of an Inn, and a warm Chimney corner, 'twou'd be something tolerable, nay, he might think himself happy to lie with the Horses i' the Stable; but to be chamber'd in the open Field, where tho he has the Liberty to make his Bed as wide as he pleases, and to tumble from one side to tother, without rumpling his Sheets, yet to be plagu'd with two fuch Bed fellows as Dung-wet and Hunger, and to be so wretched as to be forsak'n of his own Vermin, without any other Consolation then certain Whisfs of Mundungus from a Pipe as black as a Brewer's Chimney; What can be more miserable then this? And yet these are the Hardships which a Souldier endures, and to which he is subject every day, as being Necessities which are not to be avoided. But suppose he do light by the way into a poor Man's Cottage, where he pra-Etifes his Courage and his Valour upon the fingle Cock and Hen, the wretched Labourer has, or the only Loaf of Bread and piece of Bacon, for which three or four Children will cry when he is gone; yet that Exigency which constrains him to commit such an Act of Barbarism, as to tear the Bread out of the Mouths of those that are as miserable as himself, does but list him among the worst of Robbers, and entitle him to the lowest degree of sharking Beggery. Bring him into a warm Garrison, there's nothing for him but cold Comfort still. If he chance to out run the Constable in a Groat-Ordinary for Dinner, he must go supperless to Bed. His Landlord snips away half his Sustenance in Gains. For the Cheese, the hard, dry, course Cheese

Book IV.

is valu'd according to Arithmetical, marked out according to Geometrical Proportion, which measures out but a short Allowance to the poor Souldier's hungry Belly. All the Food he eats is fo course and dry, that it turns to Excrement, while the Ferment of the Stomach can hardly extract a Chylus fufficient to fupply the craving Functions of the Entrails. Yet all this while the poor half-starv'd Souldier must help to repair Breaches, must warch, must fight, must stand Sentinel; stand, do I say! yes, a' must stand. because sometimes his Feet are half frozen to the Ground; a' must stand, because a'shall be hang'd if a' stirs; let him stir if he dare, tho he hear the Enemy mining under his very Heels; and tho he be fure at the same instant to be fent of a dead man's Errant to the Stars, and never to drop down again but in a Shower of shatter'd Limbs. And now would I fain help him again. if I could, with a Day of Battel, the Souldier's Harvest, the blessed time that he shall receive the Reward of all his Labours; but instead of the Spoil and the Plunder, with which he thinks to enrich himself, comes a Bullet that makes a hole through both his Cheeks, and carrys away his Tongue along with it, or elfe at one Blow draws all his Teeth; a Kindness in some measure, considering what useless things they are to him. Or, if one Bullet spares his Cheeks, or his Tongue, or his Teeth, another breaks a Leg. or an Arm. Or, if he does escape safe and sound, what is he the richer? For he must have so many Witnesses of his Valour, so many Testimonials of his Courage, that he must be in more Battels then ever Casar fought, before he shall be advanc'd to the Degree of a Serjeant. Then again, Gentlemen, I pray ye now consider how few there are that have gain'd by the Wars, how many have perish'd in Battel, and lost both their Hopes, and their Fortunes at the same time. The number of the slain is innumerable, but for those that have enrich'd themselves by going a Solgeering, as they call it, not enow to fight a pitch'd Battel at Draughts upon the back fide o' the Tables. But it is not fo with your Men of Learning, they are never reduc'd to so much Want, nor expos'd to so much Hazard and Danger of their Lives. I ha' known a Man o'Letters that has been a Prisoner for Debt, and wanted Bread, yet by the Favour of his Keeper, having been let out of a Sunday, has got his Noble or ten Shillings, and a good Dinner besides, for talking an Hour to the People. Besides, it is much more easie to reward two or three thousand Men of Learning, then thirty or forty thousand Souldiers. For there be those Dignities and Places to be bestow'd upon the one, of which the other are not capable; whereas the latter must be rewarded by the Wealth and Substance only of the Prince or Potentate, whom they ferve. But this does no way demolish my Affertion.

And therefore I return to my first Undertaking, which was to prove the Preeminence of the Souldier before the Man of Learning; and this I shall do by Reasons which I shall produce in favour of both. First, the Men of Learning fay, That the Men of Arms cannot fublish without 'em; for tho the Souldiers have their Laws among themselves, to which they are subject, yet those Laws were made by Men of Learning; and that they are as well the Interpreters, as the Dispensers of those Laws. But by their Pardons, and with their good Leaves, let 'em not be so nimble-chapp'd; for I fay that Arms are the Support of the Laws: They defend Common-wealths and Kingdoms, fecure the High-ways, preserve the Frontier-Garrisons, scoure the Seas of Pirates and Rovers, and, in a word, are the Security of the publick Safety. Besides, is it not a general Maxim, that we esteem that most, which costs us dearest? Oh, is it so ! pray gi me leave then-I would fain know what it costs a Man of Letters to become learned? You'l

fay, Time, Patience, Watching, drudging at his Book, spare Diet, poor Habit, and the Want and Privation of a thousand Pleasures and Delights of this World. Well - and what's all this to the purpose? As if a Souldier were not put to these, and other Hardships and Inconveniencies ten thousand times more dismal and disastrous. For what Hardship is it for a Scholar to encounter a whole Army of Celarent's and Barbara's, Camestres's and Festino's, or to be Sorbonicosicabilitudinistally confounded with a Legion of Quinta Essentia's, Genera Generalissima's, or an Host of Prædicaments, that will never break his Bones, nor his Brains neither, unless the Curse of running mad were entail'd upon him from his Mother's Womb, and for three Generations before? On the other fide, look but through a ten foot Profpective Glass (for I'd ha' ye befure you be out of reach, for fear of Harm watch, harm catch:) I say therefore, look through a long Glass, and see a Company of Souldiers storming a strong Bulwark resolutely defended, and fee how boldly they venture up the Scaling-ladders, tho they are fure to be roafted with Bombs and Fire-balls, and then bafted with whole Pail-fulls of boiling Lead, or scalding Oil, which, if it do chance to wash his thin facket, all the Honour he has, is to tumble to the Ground, and die roaring like Hercules in Deianira's Shirt. Could ve, like Eneas in Venus's Cloud, fo ftand with Safety and Conveniency, as to observe two Men of War, within a Ship's length one a' t'other, vomiting twenty Pounders one at another, till the Decks and Gun-rooms swim with Blood, strew'd over with whole Joynts, Heads, Arms, and Shoulders, Legs, Thighs, and Bodies equally divided i' the Waste with Chain-shot, instead of Persian Carpets and sweet Herbs. By and by the two Spit-fires lay their Iron Claws one upon another, and lie grappl'd Yards-Arm and Yards-Arm together: In this Condition what has the poor Souldier to do? Stand he must, or leap into the Sea, which is no less ready to swallow him, and as hungry after his Perdition, as Death it felf; and all the while upon that little piece of Timber that preserves him from one surrounding Danger, he sees a thousand more menacing his Destruction; Musquets, Cutlaces, Half-pikes, Hand-Granado's, and the Devil and all. All his Hopes are in the Strength of his Arm, and his Resolution: He must either make his way by main force. or die; he must bear down all before him, or perish. However, here a man has some Sport for his Money; here is doing for receiving Mischief. But to ha' feen Opdam in his Chair losing his Draught, when the Silver Tankard of Lemonade was just at his Nose, and sent of a sudden to the Calum Empyraum, and never know who hurt him, there's the Plague on't: That's the thing that spoils the Honour of Knight-Errantry; for a Person of Quality, a Man of Courage and Gallantry, that had a fair Play, would drive a Regiment before him; but to be kill'd at a distance, is that wou'd vex a Saint. Now tell me, whether the Hardships which your Men of Letters undergo, are like to these? Tell me, whether the sierce Disputes between the Sorbonists and Jansenists will hold Comparison with these bloody, frightful Encounters? O happy Age, that never knew those dreadful Engines of Death! and a thousand times more happy Ignorance, that never found out that Infernal Mixture of Sulphur and Salt-peter; and may he be well rewarded in Hell, that first discover'd that damnable Invention that gave the basest, vilest, Coward, to him that perhaps wink'd when he shor, the means to bereave at a distance, the bravest, the most valiant, the stoutest Knight that ever brandish'd Weapon, of his Life, in the full Career of his Renown; while a pocky, confounded little Gobbet of the basest Mettle i'the World, discharg'd from the rusty Piece of the basest Scoundrel, Rake shame,

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Hen-rooft-Robber upon the Earth shall of a sudden, unexpected, unthought of, foat out the Brains of a Person that deserv'd to ha' liv'd many Centuries of Ages: So that when I consider these things, I begin to repent that ever I embrac'd the Profession of Knight-Errantry in such a detestable and unworthy Age. For the there is no danger, how terrible foever, that can terrifie me, yet it troubles me to think that I should be subject to such an idle Hazard, least a Thimble full of Powder, and a little lump of Lead no bigger then a Nutmeg, should put a stop to my Courage, and prevent me from making known to the utmost ends of the World the strength of my Arm, and the keen edge of my Sword. But let Fortune dispose of me as she pleases, my Fame and Reputation must be so much the greater, since I expose my self to greater Dangers then all the Knight Errants of former

Thus did the Hero's Tongue run on with a Continuando, but his Teeth were idle all the while; for he was a Man that never minded his Victuals. when he was in a Discourse of Knight-Errantry: Tho Sancho were so kind as frequently to put him in mind of the Meat that was before him, and to follow the good Example of those that he saw so smartly laying about 'em for their Lives; and telling him withal, that it would be time enough to talk out his Talk when his Belly was full. On the other fide, they that heard him, and had given as much Attention to his Harangue, as the feafon would permit, could not chuse but look one upon another with Admiration: that a Person who discours'd with so much Wit and Judgment upon other Subjects, shou'd lose himself so ridiculously at last, in his freakish and deteftable humour of Knight-Errantry. However, the Curate applauded him, and told him, that he had spok'n a great deal of sense, in preferring the Sword before the Gown; and that for his part, tho it were against his Interest to say so, as being a man of Letters, and one that had taken his

Degrees; yet he could not chuse but be of his Opinion. At length, Supper being ended, and the Cloth tak'n away, while the Hostes, her Daughter, and Maritornes were getting Don Quixote's Chamber ready for the Ladies, Don Ferdinand desir'd the Captive to relate the flory of his Life; for that in all likelihood by his coming in Company with the fair Zoraida, there must be something in it more then ordinary. Which Request being seconded by the Curate and all the rest that were i' the Room. the Captive reply'd, that he could not deny to fatisfie their defires, only he was afraid left he should spoil a good story in the telling: For, said he, the Story is a good one, I must confess, and contains such unlikely Truths, that will feem to furpass all the Fables that ever yet the Invention and Industry of Man contriv'd. Which words made 'em all presently prick up their Ears, and put themselves into a list'ning Posture, as if they had been to hear the Last Speech and Confession of some Eminent Offender upon the Scaffold. At what time, the Captive perceiving their Attention fo well prepar'd, thus began.

214

CHAP.

## CHAP. XII.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

# The History of the Slave.

Was Born in a Village feated among the Mountains of Leon, of Parents that had more Wit then Money; or rather that were more beholding to Nature for Parts and Endowments, then to Fortune for Lands and Tenements. Yet in a place where Poverty it felf feems to raign, my Father might have had the Reputation of being a Rich man, had he tak'n the same care to preserve, as he did to spend what he had. VVhich expensive and lavish humour he learnt by being a Souldier, having spent his Youth in that Pious School of VVar, which makes a Miser liberal, and a Liberal Man a Prodigal; and where one that pretends to Thrift, is lookt upon as a Monfler, and unworthy the Profession of Arms. But at length, my Father finding the bad Effects of his Profuseness, and how destructive it was to that Provision which he was to make for his Children, who were all now at Age, he resolv'd to rid himself of that same dirty Arable and Pasture that fed his Prodigality, and to quit that troublesome Title of Landlord, before the Taverns got all. To which purpose, calling my two Brothers and my felf into his Closet, Children, said he, I know my own Insirmity, that when I am fix'd at the Tavern, with my Cronies about me, I never think of my Boys at home; I would be loath that all, or any of ye, should come to the Gallows, because I never heard that any of your Ancestors were hang'd before ye. Neither do I like the curfed Trades of Bully rocking, or Gaming, which are both pernicious, and will bring ye to dye in a Brandyshop. But this I know, that fince ye are begot, ye must live; and ye are now all of ye of Age to shift for your selves; and to betake your selves to fome laudable Profession, that may one day advance ye both to Honour and Estates. To which purpose, that I may contribute as far as my late Repentance will give me leave, I have refolv'd to divide all that I ha' left into four equal parts; of which I intend three Divisions for you, and the fourth for my felf. We have a Proverb, which in my Opinion contains a world of Truth, as all Proverbs are grounded upon long and fage Experience. The Church, or the Sea, or the Court. To teach us, that they who have a design to raise their Fortunes in the World, must apply themselves either to Learning, or Trade, or to the Service of his Prince. And thus I would have one of ye to follow his Studies, the tother to turn Merchant, and the third to be a Souldier. But herein you must advise with your own Genius's; for tho a Dunce may attain to good Preferment, yet he must be sure of Courage and Resolution, that advances himself by the Sword. In eight days I will be ready with your Proportions, and give 'em ye in ready Money, which will be the least trouble. Now, tell me what ye think of my Proposals; or whether you believe my Counfel worth following.

When my Father had done speaking, I earnestly desir'd him not to sell his Land, of which he might dispose without asking us leave, and told him that we were young enough, and had the World before us; and at last, I made my choice to be a Souldier. My fecond Brother, filially obedient, had the same sentiments that I had, and chose to be a Merchant, and so took his Fortunes in the Indies. The youngest, and the wisest of us all, made choice of the Church, a Harbour where a man of Complaisance may

Book IV.

be always certain to ride fecure. And thus having concluded among our felves, and made our Election to my Father's content, he embrac'd us all three, and at his time prefix'd he gave us our Dividends in ready Cash, which amounted to a thousand pounds apiece; one of my Uncles having purchased the Land, because it should not go out of the Name. All things were now ready for our departure, and we all agreed to take our feveral Roads the same day; but a certain scruple griping my Conscience, that my Father should be left with so small a pittance to support his Old Age, I return'd him fix hundred thirty odd pounds of my share, affuring him that what remain'd, would be enough to buy me an Enfign's Place, and to spare for bodily Furniture. My Brothers, following my Example, did the like: fo that we reftor'd him back eighteen hundred ninety nine pounds of his Money again, like Sons full of Affection and Duty as we were, and to our Credit be it spok'n. And then it was that we took our leaves of our Father and Uncle with clear Consciences and lighter Pockets then we needed, after they had laid a strict Injunction upon us to fend 'em weekly Tydings how we throve in the World. And now, behold the three Brothers parted, as if one should take the Road for Oxford, the other for Plymouth, and I for Flanders; whither indeed I went, and there purchased a Colours under Duke D' Alma, where, how I behav'd my felf, I shall not trouble this Company to relate. But hearing that Don John of Austria was made General of the Christians against the Turks, away I posted with Letters of Recommendation to Genoa, and there arriv'd the same day that Don Toba enter'd the City; where I had prefently a Company conferr'd upon me, and was Shipp'd in a Man of War, that with feveral others was bound to joyn the Venetian Fleet: By which means it came to pass, that I was present at the Battel of Lepanto, so advantageous to all Christendom; where among fome that were flain, and others that enjoy'd the Honour of the Victory, I had the misfortune to be taken Prisoner. For Uchali, King of Argier, a famous and desperate Pirate, being grappl'd with a Maltese, wherein there were but three Knights left alive, and those every one fore wounded, our Ship bore up to their Relief; at what time, I forfooth, to shew my felf worthy of my new Preferment, must need be jumping into the Enemies Veffel: And this happen'd just i'the nick, when Uchali, a cunning Gamester, having got clear of the Maltese, sheer'd away from our Vessel: So that none of my Souldiers being able to follow me, Peel-Garlick was left all alone i' the power of the Turks: Who, after they had wounded me in feveral places, for I refolv'd they should pay dear for their Bargain, made me a Slave; and I was carry'd to Constantinople, where Selim made my Master Vehali his Admiral at Sea, for having so valiantly behav'd himself in the Engagement, and brought away the Flag of the Order of Malta: For as for his running away at length, it was not imputed to him for a Crime, because he saw the Battel was lost. After Vehali's Death, I fell by Lot to the share of a Venetian Renegado, whose Name was Aranaga; formerly one of Uchali's Slaves himself, but one that knew so well how to please his Master, that he won his very Heart, and became very Rich; but was certainly one of the cruellest Rogues that ever defy'd Humanity; afterwards also advanced to be King of Argier, whither for that reason I was carry'd: And truly I was glad I was got fo near within the smell of my Native Country, fully perswaded that I should find some way or other to make my Escape; for I could not find in my heart to despair. And therefore when one Project fail'd, I presently set my Brains at work for another. And thus I spent my time, brewing every day new Designs, being shut up in one of

those Prisons which the Turks call Stoves, where they put their Christian Slaves, as well those that belong to the King, as to particular Persons. Now the King's Slaves are never put to work, no more then are they that have once treated concerning their Ransom; however, they are kept close i'their Stoves, for fear they should run away like slippery Tenants, and never pay for their House-rent. For my own part, as soon as they knew me to be an Officer, it was in vain for me to plead Poverty; I was look'd upon as a Person of Quality, and put among the Slaves for whom Ransom was expected, with a Chain so light, that it only shew'd me to be upon Terms for my Liberty, and that I was not one who was long to wear it. Yet can I not say, that I was free from Hunger, and many other Miseries, besides that Azanaga's Cruelties continually terrify'd me. Who, besides that he was wont, for every small Offence, to hang and impale his poor Captives, had a particular Humour to cut off their Ears, meerly to pickle em instead of Mushrooms, for Sawce to his Mahometan Fricassees. But to say no more of his Cruelty, nor my own Fears, and to come to the Point, you are to understand, that the Windows of a House belonging to a very rich Moor, very near as rich as his Kinsman Pluto himself, lookt into the Court belonging to our Prison; which Windows, according to the Custom of the Moors, are very narrow holes, and those too clos'd with wooden Lattices. Now it happen'd one day, as I and three others of my Companions (for the rest were gone forth to work) that is to say, as four of us were trying in the Court-yard how well we could leap the Almond Jump in our Chains, casting up my Eyes to the Window, I saw descending from the Lattice a long Reed, with a Handkercheif ty'd to the end of it, which the Hand that let it down, caus'd to dance i the Air, as it were a signal for fome one of us to come and take it. Whereupon one of my Companions went to ha' laid his Paws upon it, but then it prefently mounted again out of his Reach; which he taking for a Rebuke, return'd to his Sport. Then a fecond try'd, and then the third, but were all tantaliz'd alike; till at length feeing the Cane descend a fourth time, I resolv'd to try my Fortune; but then it was easily seen for whom the Handkerchief was intended; for as foon as I came near the Window, the Cane fell down at my Feet. Prefently I took up the Handkerchief, and as halfily untying the Knot, I found a Nest of small pieces of Money, to the value of one of our Crownpieces. You may well conjecture I did not weep to see such an unexpected Relief in the Condition I was in, and that I should be the only Object of the Charity. And then looking up to see from whence the Blessing came, I could discover no more then only a Lilly-white Hand that clos'd the Lattice at the same time. However, we all return'd our Thanks by bowing to the Window, after the Turkish manner, with our Arms a cross upon our Breasts. Which we had no fooner done, but there prefently appear'd out at the same Window a little Cross made of Reeds; and then we concluded, that fome Lady that liv'd in that House had tak'n Compassion upon us; but why fo particularly to me, thought I; and with that I began seriously to consider with my self, whether I had ever made water under the Window, or no, but could not for my life remember any fuch thing. Then we imagin'd she was some Christian Slave, whom her Master had marry'd. For your Moors, as black as they are, love white Flesh for all that. And then we thought again, that having been once a Christian, she might be so still in her Heart. But all our Divining fignify'd nothing to us that were no Conjurers; and therefore we took the common Road of Enquiry. But after all the Enquiry we could make to the utmost of our Power, all that we

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

could learn, was only this, That it was the Habitation of a certain rich Moor, whose Name was Agimorato, who had been one of the chief Magistrates of Argier, and far richer then ever was old Audley; a meer Miser. born to get a Mountain o' Money, and leave it when he has done. Ceafing therefore any farther Enquiry, we only ador'd the bleffed Window every Day, from whence our comfortable Benediction feel. But notwithstanding all our Eye-worship, the celestial Casement did not open again in fifteen days; so that we look'd upon our late Refreshment, as only some few heat drops of Female Charity, and despair'd that ever the blissful Window would open again. But fifteen days after, when dreaming least of any such thing, being the same all four together in the Stove, without any other Company, down came the Angelick Reed and Handkerchief a fecond time. Upon which we made the same Trial, as before, but with the same Success; for still the coy Handkerchief would not suffer it self to be touch'd by any but my felf, enfolding a Present of forty Crowns of Spanish Gold, and a Letter written in Arabick, with a fair Cross at the bottom of the Writing. Upon which, we return'd to our Station, and made our Obeysances, as before; and after I had made a fign that I would read the Letter, the white Hand vanish'd, and the Lattice of Confolation clos'd again. This Accumulation of Fortune's Favours fill'd us with new Joy and fresh Hopes: But in regard that none of us understood Arabick, we were at a strange Loss where to find an Interpreter, not knowing whom to trust in such a ticklish Case as this was, as being loath to hazard our selves, but much more afraid to injure our Benefactress. At length my Curiofity to underfland the Depth of fuch an Intrigue as this, constrain'd me to trust a Renegado of Mercia, who pretended a great Kindness for me. So that after I had us'd all the Caution imaginable to engage him to Secrecy, and pawn'd all the Credit I had with him in Mountains of Promifes, if the Success were answerable to such a Foundation laid in Miracle, I desir'd him to read me a Letter, which I told him I had found in a hole in our Dungeon. The Renegado took the Letter, and after he had read a Line or two, he ask'd me for a Pen and Ink, and a piece of Paper; all which I had ready prepar'd i'my Pocket (for Slaves that have Money may have any thing.) And then the Renegado retiring, in a short time gave me the Letter back again, and the Translation of it, with this farther Advertisement, That Alla fignify'd God, and Lela Marien, the Virgin Mary. The Substance of the Letter was this.

'When I was a Child, my Father kept a Christian Slave in the House, ' who taught me the Prayers of the Christians, and inform'd me of many 'things concerning Lela Marien. This Slave is fince dead, and I know she 'was not cast into the eternal Fire, but is with God; for she has appeared to 'me twice fince her Death: And both times she charg'd me to retire among the Christians, to see Lela Marien, who has a great love for me. I have ' feen out at this Window feveral Christians, but I must confess, I never 'faw any one that lookt like a Gentleman but your felf. I am young and 'handsom, and in a Condition to transport a vast Estate along with me. 'Consider whether you will undertake to carry me away: It shall be your fault, if I be not your Wife; or if you will not marry me, I make no Question 'but that Lela Marien will provide me a Husband. 'Twas my self that wrote this Letter, and I would have you be careful whom you trust; no "Moor, whatever ye do, who are all a Company of Traitors. For if my Father should have the least inkling of my Project, he would thrust me 'into a Well, and cover me with Stones. I have ty'd a Thread to the end

of the Reed, with which you may fast'n your Answer. If you can meet with no body that writes Arabick, tell me your Answer by Signs, which Lela Marien will instruct me to understand. God and she preserve 'ye, and that Cross which I kiss as often as the Slave commanded

Book IV. The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

It will be needless, Gentlemen, to tell ye how we were all transported with Iov when we read this Letter, fince every one knew they should be the better for my Success. The Renegado too, believing it might be likewife to his Advantage, as one that could never beat it into his Head, that we had found fuch a Letter by Accident, but that it was purposely written to one of us Four, with great Importunity requested us to tell him the Truth, and to rely upon his Fidelity, as one that would venture his Life to procure our Liberty. And so saying, he drew out of his Bosom a small Crucifix, and swore by him that suffer'd upon it, that he would be fecret to whatever we should entrust him; to which he was the rather encouraged, because he saw so great a Probability for us all to recover our Liberty by means of the Person that had written the Letter: And he accompanied his Oath with fuch a Shower of Tears, and fo many Marks of Repentance for his turning Infidel, that we discover'd the whole Myflery to him, and shew'd him that heavenly Window from whence our Gold'n Showers fell down. Who, thereupon, promis'd he would use his utmost Industry to learn who it was that liv'd in that House; and that when I had written my Answer to our obliging Benefactress, he would transcribe it into Arabick for me: The Substance of which, I remember much to this purpose.

'The true Alla preserve ye, Madam, and the thrice happy Lela Marien, 'who has inspir'd ve with those blessed Thoughts of turning Christian. 'Your Defign is pious and generous; and therefore you may be confident of our Endeavours, who are all your Vaffals to ferve ve with the loss of our Lives. Fear not then, Madam, to write, and give me notice of what 'you resolve to do. We have among us a Christian Slave who writes A-"rabick, as you will find by this Answer. As for your Offer of being my Wife, I should be the most ingrateful person living, should I not accept it; 'and if I should not honour, while I have Breath, the Person that throws 'her felf into my Arms. The great Alla and Lela Marien preserve

Two days after, when there was no body in the Stove, I went into the Yard, where I had not staid long, before I faw the Reed appear again, to which I fasten'd my Answer. Nor was it many Hours after, before the Comfort of our Lives hung out another white Flag of Peace, which dropt, furl'd up at my Foot, with above fifty yellow Boys in it, which was fo far from being any Affliction to us, that we never question'd a fertile Harvest of our Enterprizes, when water'd by fuch Gold'n Showers as those. The fame Night our Renegado came to us, and inform'd us that the House belong'd to Agimorato, one of the richest Moors in Argier; and that to inherit all his Wealth, he had but one Daughter, who was the most beautiful Perfon in all Barbary, and had refus'd all the confiderable Matches that had been offer'd her: To which he added, That in her Infancy she was bred up by a Christian-Slave, who had been dead for some years. All which agreed with what we found in the Letter. Thereupon we consulted with this Renegado how to make our Escape, and carry away the lovely Mooress. But before we came to a Result, we resolv'd to stay till we heard farther News from the fair Zoraida (for that we understood to be her Name) seeing Ff 2

that without her Affiftance, all our Confultations fignify'd not a Straw-The four following Days the Stove was full, and so nothing was to be done: but the fifth, none but our own Number being left, our Paradife o-

pen'd again, and down dropt the Crums of Comfort wrapp'd up in clean Linnen, but never till I was at hand to take it up. For if I were making water at what time the Hand appear'd, the Hand would never let go till I had done. And this time too Zoraida doubl'd her Files, no less then a hundred vellow Boys, all good Men and true, together with a Letter; of which

to the best of my Remembrance, these were the Contents.

'I know not which way we shall take to get into Spain, for Lela "Marien has not yet inform'd me, tho I have earnestly besought her 'in my Prayers. All that I can do, is to furnish you with Gold enough to ranfom your felf, and your Companions, and for one of the ranfom'd 'Captives to purchase a Bark to convey us all away. For my part, I intend to spend all this Spring with my Father and our Slaves, in a Garden 'adjoyning to the Gate of Barbazon, near the Sea-side. Thence in the 'Night time you may take me without any Danger, and conveigh me 'to the Bark. But remember, my dear Christian, that you have promis'd 'to be my Husband. For if thou fail'st me, I will pray to Lela Marien to 'punish thee. If thou canst not conside in any person to buy the Bark, 'ranfom thy felf quickly, and go thy felf; I know thou wilt not fail to return, as thou art a Gentleman and a Christian. Make it thy business also, 'to know where our Garden stands. In the mean time do but walk in the Court when the Stove is empty, and I will give thee what Money thou de-'firest. Alla preserve thee, dear Christian.

When our Company heard this Letter read, there was not one but offer'd, if he might be first ransom'd, to go and purchase a Bark, and as soon as he had done, to return again with all the Speed and Sincerity imaginable; and had it been possible to ha' gone with their Bodies alone, wou'd ha' left their Souls behind em in pawn, till they came back according to their Words; but the Renegado, who knew that one Christian was not to believe another in these nice points, would by no means consent that any one should be fingly ranfom'd, till all were redeem'd together. For that he had known by Experience, that feveral Slaves had been fingly ranfom'd to fetch Conveniencies for those who tarry'd behind, in Expectation of the releas'd persons Return, who might as well have expected the Vessel hop'd for, to come by water out of the Clouds, as by Sea. Upon whom the love of Liberty, and the dread of returning into Captivity fo far prevail'd, that when they were once free, they forgot there were ever any fuch things as Gospels or Evangelists, upon which they had sworn not to leave their Friends i' the lurch. And therefore, said he, give me the Money which you design for the Purchase of a Bark, and I will buy one here, even at Argier it felf, under pretence of trading to Tituan, and upon the Coast: fothat being Mafter of the Vessel my felf, and under no Suspicion, it will be easie for me to serve ye all together; especially when ye have purchas'd your Liberty by the Lady's Affistance; for then being Free men, you may go aboard without Interruption, at Noon-day. Nor do I fore-fee but one Difficulty i' the matter, which is, That the Renegado's are not permitted to buy Barks, but only great Veffels to pyrate upon the Seas. But for that I have an Expedient i my Head, which is, to take in a Moor of Tagarino for a Share both of the Vessel and Gains, and so under-hand become sole Proprietor my felf, and by that means bring all our Defigns to Perfection. Truly we consider'd with our selves, that Necessity had no Law; that if

we should seem to mistrust the Renegado, to whom we had already discover'd so much, it might incense him, and sorce him to disclose our whole Design; not only to our Destruction, but to the Ruin of the Lady, whose Life was more dear to us then our own; so that at last we resolv'd to put our felves into the hands of God and the Renegado; and to that purpose I order'd him to Transcribe a Letter, which I had written to Zoraida; that we were ready to follow her Advice, which feem'd to be no less then what Lela Marien had inspir'd into her Breast; renewing my Promise withall to Marry her. And I commended her, to make fure of a Husband as well as of her Reli-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

The next day the Stove was empty, and then it rain'd Handkerchers; which at feveral times furnished us with a thousand Pieces of the same colour'd Metal, that reconciles and fets all the World together by the Ears; makes Friends Foes, and Foes Friends. Which made me so in love with Handkerchers ever fince, that I can never come into a Gentlewoman's Company, but I am always either fnatching, or stealing her Handkercher; nor do I ever return 'em again, tho the young Ladies beg their Hearts out, and protest never so much they were presented 'em by their Sweet-hearts, or Valentines, or any other the dearest Friends they have i'the World. Such a passionate Assection for Handkerchers did Zoraida's fortunate Linnen engrave in my Memory. So that when ever I see a young Gentleman filching a Ladies Handkercher, I ask him presently, whether he were ever i'the Stoves at

Algier?

But to return to my Story: At the same time I sound a Note in one of the bleffed Handkerchers (for I can never speak of Handkerchers without an Epithet) to let us understand, that the next Friday she was to go to her Father's Garden; in the mean time, that if we had not Money enough, we should but give her notice, and we should have as much as we defir'd: For that she was Mistress of all her Father's Cash. And i'my Conscience she spoke Truth: For the next Thursday the t'other thousand Peruvians fell down prostrate at the Toes of my Shoes; at which I never murmured i'the least, but presently with a confiding Soul gave five hundred Crowns to our Renegado, for the Purchase of a Bark. The rest of the Money I put into the Hands of a Venetian Merchant, of my Acquaintance, who ranfom'd me for eight hundred Crowns from the King my Master; promising to pay the money upon the first Return of a Vessel, which he suddenly expected from Italy. For had my Friend paid down the money upon the Nail, the crafty Azanaga would have suspected, that he had had it a good while in his Cuflody, and had made use of it himself. The same Night I had another Note from Zoraida, to let me know, that the next day she was going to the Garden, and therefore defir'd, as foon as I should be redeem'd, to let me see her. To all which I answer'd as much to her Satisfaction, as lay in my Power.

In the mean time, I made it my business to agree for the Ransoms of my Companions, left, seeing me at Liberty, and themselves still in Captivity, they should suspect me to be forgetful of their Condition, and enter into Combinations against me. For there is no trusting to the Devil in such Cases, who takes all Occasions to work upon men in Misery, to do mischief. To which purpose, I put all the rest of my money into my Friend the Merchant's Hands, with Orders to Redeem my three Companions, at as low a rare as he could, upon his Credit: Which he foon after accomplish'd.

#### CHAP. XIV.

Wherein the Captive goes on with his Story.

ND now the Renegado within the space of sourteen or sisteen days had purchased a very good Bark, that would conveniently carry thirty Persons. And first of all, that there might be no suspicion of his Design, together with the Moor that he had tak'n in for his Partner, he made two or three flight Voyages upon the Coast of Barbary, driving a Trade in dry'd Figgs; and every time he put to Sea, he never fail'd to come to an Anchor in a little Creek, within Musket shot of Agimorato's Garden. And sometimes he would go ashore, and walk up to Agimorato's House, to beg Fruit, which the Moor would bestow upon him, tho he knew him not: which he did to try whether the Access to the Garden were easie or no. By which means, when he faw that his Partner wholly confided in him, that he might cast Anchor where he pleas'd, and that I and my Companions were at Liberty; he came to me, and told me, that all the business I had to do, was to pick out a parcel of flurdy Fellows, that could tug at an Oar, and would help to cut a Throat or two at a dead lift; to consider who I intended to take along with me, and then to look after the main Business, which was, to get Zoraida ready against the next Friday, at what time he resolv'd to be gon. As for Rowers, kind Fortune (for had not Fortune been kind, this story could never ha' gone on so cleverly) I say then again, Kind Fortune help'd me to a Crew that were out of Employment, by reason their Master staid at home from Cruising that Summer, to look after a new Ship that he had upon the Stocks; whom I order'd to flay for me fuch a day hard by Agimorato's Garden, where I would give 'em their Hire: For I knew Sea-men too well, to give 'em money before-hand. For then when I wanted 'em, I must ha' been forc'd to have hunted all the Brandy holes i' the Town, before I could ha' found 'em. And now, quo I to my Brains, Brains, if ever you will shew your selves to be Brains, now shew your Quickness, your Craft, your wille Contrivance, and the Perfection of your Invention - for now am I going about a Design, that requires the Affistance of all Lucian's Council of the Gods, the Subtlety of fifty Bawds, the dexterity of threescore Heiress stealers, and the acuteness of threescore and ten marry'd Wives, that are refolv'd to Cuckold their Husbands. For I must confess, when I consider'd the hazards and difficulty of the Enterprize, I was at my Wits end. And sometimes when I bethought my self how uncomattable young Virgins were i'that place, Despair so seiz'd upon my Spirits, that I was once about to ha'giv'n over the Design. But then, quo I to my felf, I never yet heard i'my life, when a young Lady had resolv'd upon a Bed-fellow, but that she would have him by hook or by crook; and therefore, quo I to my self, sure Zoraida has laid all her Plots so well beforehand, that if I am not a meer Ninny, it must be impossible for me to fail. This chear'd my Spirits, and reviv'd my Hopes again; fo that I refolv'd, fall back, fall edge, to speak with her. To that purpose, two days before our departure, I ventur'd boldly to the Garden, with an Excuse ready coin'd i'my mouth, that I came to pick fome green Herbs for a Sallad: And fo it happen'd, that the first Attempt that I made, the first Man I met was Agimorato himself; who ask'd me in the Language of the Galley-Slaves, what

I look'd for, and to whom I belong'd? To whom I answer'd, That I was Arnaut Mamy's Slave, as being a Person that I knew to be of his familiar Acquaintance (for the I had never convers'd with the Book feller that resolves Cases of Conscience, yet I made no scruple to tell a Lye to a Moor) therefore, I say, I told him I was Mamy's Slave, and that I came to gather a Sallad: Wherein however there was fomething of Truth; for tho I only pretended an Errand for a Sallad, yet I was fure I came for the best Flower in his Garden. After that, he ask'd me, whether I had offer'd Ransom. and how much it was? And upon the same Subject put me fundry Questions, and I gave him fundry Answers. But now to the Point - For as Agimorato was thus gratifying his Curiofity, Zoraida, who saw me at first when I enter'd the Garden, appear'd her self to make it a compleat Paradise. And as the Barbary Ladies never scruple to shew themselves to the Christian Slaves. notwithstanding my being there, she came directly to her Father, who as foon as he fpy'd her, call'd her himself. 'Slife - such a Charming Beauty, and fo much Wealth as glitter'd upon the Ornaments of her Head, where she had more Oriental Pearls to cover her Hair, then she had hairs to cover; the sparkling Diamonds, and other Precious Stones about her Wrists, and on the Buskins that she wore upon her Feet, brought my very Soul to stare out at the Casements of my Eyes, and with Admiration to behold the dazling fight. What a Devil, thought I to my felf, ayles this Virgin, that has so much Beauty, and so much Wealth, to quit her Native Soyl, meerly to run away with Heaven knows who, and a tatter'd, ragged, abject, miserable Slave to boot? And then was I i' my Dumps again, as one that could not imagine that such a Morsel was ever designed for my Tooth. But then recollecting with my felf, that the Celestial Bodies, who are themselves subject to Excentric Motions, govern the Humours of Youth and Beauty; and calling to mind, that once a Pris'ner in Ludgate became the Master of his Mistress, and so to be Lord Mayor of London; I did not think it reasonable to call Destiny to give too strict an Account of her Actions, but rather resolv'd to lay my self at her feet, believing she had some Christmas Gambol to play, and then to fit and laugh at it when she had done. Parlous Zoraida therefore, as I told ye, came to her Father; to whom Agimorato, Look ye, Child, faid he, this is one of my Friend Arnaut's Slaves, and comes to pick a Sallad for his Master. Very likely, Sir, said she; and then turning to me, and what, quo she, have you paid your Ransom then? Madam, I have, faid I; and I think my Mafter valu'd me fufficiently, to make me pay eight hundred Crowns in Gold. I affure ye, my Friend, cry'd Zoraida, had you been my Father's Slave, he should not ha' parted wi' ve for twice as much. For you Christians are such cunning Dissemblers, that for the lives of us, we Moors can never understand your Qualities; so that ye cozen us still of above three parts of your Ransoms. Y' are all Captains and Commanders after y' are redeem'd: But while y'are Slaves, you'd make us believe your Parents were so poor, as if y' had all been begot upon Dunghills. Madam, faid I, I am not to answer for what others do; but for my part, I deal candidly with my Master, as I intend to do with all the World. And more then that, Madam, I love to be true to both Sexes, to the utmost of my ability, in what-ever I promise. Very good, reply'd Zoraida; and when d'ye think to be gone? To morrow, Madam, faid I; for there is a Vessel in Port ready to set Sail, and I am unwilling to lose the Opportunity. Besides, I have such an eager desire once more to re visit my Native Country, and to fee what are become of my Friends and Relations. that it makes me the more impatient to lay hold upon the first Occasion.

Book IV.

224

'Tis an even wager then, faid Zoraida, that you are marry'd in your own Country. Not marry'd as yet, reply'd I; but I have pais'd my Word, to marry as foon as I come there. And is she handsome too, to whom y' have made this Promise? cry'd Zoraida. Madam, said I, she is so handsome, that I may fafely fay, I never faw a Person more like her i'the World then your self. At which words, Agimorato smiling: I do not wonder, Christian, faid he, thou art so hasty to be gone, if thy Mistress be as handsome as my Daughter, that has not her Peer for Beauty in all the Kingdom of Barbary. Look upon her well, and thou wilt find it to be true what I fay. But while Agimorato pleas'd himself to find his Daughter pleas'd with this fort of Divertisement, a Moor came running towards him in all hast to tell him, that four Turks had clamber'd over his Wall, and were gathering his Fruit before twas Ripe. Which put him into a great Disorder, as he that would have rather a' had so many Swine in his Garden, which he could ha' driven out again when he pleas'd. But the Turkish Souldiers were a Masterless sort of Beafts, of whom the Moors stood almost in as much awe, as the Christian Slaves of their Masters. Thereupon Agimorato order d Zoraida to go in adoors, and bid me take what Salading I pleas'd, while he went to perswade those Dogs of Turks, as he call'd em, out of his Ground; leaving me and Zoraida together, who pretending Obedience, seem'd to make toward the House; but when her Father was out of fight among the Trees and Currant Bulhes, fwiftly returning with Tears in her Eyes, And are ye going then, Christian, said she; are ye going in earnest? — I am going, said I; but, Madam, take me not for such an Insidel, to be gone, unless I carry along with me the Treasure of my Soul. Therefore I come to give ve notice, that all things are prepar'd against next Fryday: Manage your Business then so, as to be ready against the Time, and sear nothing - For tho you have fav'd me the Expence of a thousand Lovers Oaths and Protestations, which are often as false as Hell, never believe I'le forseit my Credit and my Reputation to so much Love and Vertue as yours. And this I utter'd with fuch a Reality, and so sensibly proceeding from the bottom of my Heart, that where my brok'n Language fail'd, the very motions of my Lips and Eyes supply'd the defect of my Expression to convince Zoraida of my Sincerity. Infomuch, that throwing her tender Arm about my Neck, she slowly mov'd in that posture with a trembling pace toward the House; and in that posture it was that we met Agimorato returning, after he had perswaded the liquorish Turks to quit his Garden. True it is, that we plainly perceiv'd he had descry'd the Loving Embracements of his Daughter, and I trembl'd for fear of my dear Zoraida. But here it was that I found that presence of mind, which always succours the Female Sex in their Amorous Contrivances. For instead of taking away her Arm, which would but have put Agimorato into a Jealous Passion, she clung more close to me, and resting her Head upon my Breast, gave way to the weight of her Body to fall which way it pleas'd, as if she had been in a Trance; while I on the other fide made a shew of supporting her with all my strength. Presently Agimorato came with more speed then a Dog-trot, to see what was the matter; and finding his Daughter in that Condition, ask'd her, what she ail'd? To which she returning no Answer, Alas! poor Girl, said he, tis only the fright which these Dogs put her into, that has brought these fits upon her; and at the same instant he took her out of mine into his own Arms. At what time, Zoraida, fetching a deep figh, with her Eyes still bedew'd with Tears; be gone. Christian, said she, be gone. Why, my dear Child, why would'ft thou have him be gone? Alas! he has done thee

no harm, cry'd Agimorato, and for the Turks, they were so honest as to quit their pilfering Design, upon my Approach. Chear up then, my Girl, and let the Christian stay, perhaps he'll tell us a Story will make us both laugh; for the Christians sometimes are notable Pratters - No, no, said I, interrupting him, let her alone, these cursed Turks, Sir, have put her too much out of humour to hear Stories; and therefore for my part, fince The defires I should be gone, I do not think it proper to trouble her with Impertinencies. Only I beg of your Worship to give me leave to come now and then as long as I ftay, and pick a Sallad in your Garden As often as thou wilt, honest Christian, cry'd Agimorato. With this Liberty of his fo freely granted, I took my leave both of the Father and the Daughter: Who, if there be any Truth in the Imagination of Lovers, feem'd to me as if she had been parting with her own Soul, when I parted from her. For young People in love, are like your Aftrologers, who believe they fee Bulls, and Bears, and Rams, and Lions i'the Sky, when there are no fuch things. But hang a Man that has no shifts, and a Lover without his Poetical Fancies. Well! but what did I next, you'll fay? Why, in the next place, being thus uncontroulable, and alone i' the Garden, I walk'd it round, furvey'd every Corner, every Descent, and every rising Ground: I observ'd all the Avenues to it; all the ways out of it, and where most conveniently to attack the House, if there should be Occasion, and whatever elfe of that Nature might ferve to accomplish our Defign: And having fo done, away I went to give an Account of all to my Companions and the Renegado, impatient to possess the Blessing that Fortune offer'd me in the Enjoyment of the fair Zoraida. Well—at length the wish'd-for Day arriv'd, and we had all the Success we could expect from a Contrivance laid with fo much Difcretion and Confideration. For the Renegado came to an Anchor in the Evening over-against Agimorato's Garden, and the Rowers lay ready conceal'd, with itching Fingers to be boarding the Veffel, and cutting the Moors Throats, knowing nothing of my Delign, but abfolutely believing they were to gain their Liberty by Surprize, and downright Murder. Soon after I came with my Companions; at what time the Rowers rofe out of their lurking Holes, and met us for Orders what to do. We faw Fortune favour'd us, for by this time the City Gates were shut, and all the Coast was clear a that side. So that our first Consultation was. Whether we should first endeavour to get Zoraida into our Posfession, or make sure of the Moors that row'd i the Bark. To which our Renegado, who was by this time enter'd into our Council, made Answer. That the Moors i' the Vessel were most of 'em asleep, the rest in a careless Security; and therefore the best way would be to make sure of them first, that we might be absolutely Masters of the Vessel, before we went to fetch Zoraida. And so saying, he lead the way, and seaping into the Bark with his Scimitar in his hand; Let not a man of ye, said he, so much as offer to stir, unless he be meary of his life. The Moors, who had hardly the Courage of so many Red-Herrings, surprized to hear their Master thunder out fuch big words, and feeing so many Cutlaces drawn about their Ears, not daring so much as to lay a finger upon their Arms, with which they were but ill provided neither, submitted Hands and Feet to Christian Rigour with the Patience of fo many Martyrs. So that having foon bound 'em to their good Behaviour, and lock'd up their Tongues and their Throats, under the Penalties of immediate Death and Destruction, we left 'em with a Guard of one half of our Party, while the reft, together with the Renegado, went directly to Agimorato's Garden. Where, after we had open'd the Door,

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Book IV.

we went to the House without the least Noise, or being perceiv'd by any body. Only Zoraida, who impatiently watch'd for our coming, with a low Voice ask'd us if we were Christians? To whom I made answer, The same and all your Servants, Madam; at what time, she knowing my Voice, open'd the Door and came down to us, fo bedeck'd and gliftring with Pearls and Iewels, that I know not whom to liken her to; and therefore I will lik'n her to no body.

I took her by the Hand and kiss'd it, so did the Renegado, and the rest of my Companions. For by Instinct of Nature in such kind of Complements, Men and Sheep are alike; what one does, they all do. Nor had it been safe for me to have stood upon Punctilio's at that time, had I been Amadis de Gaul himself. After that, the Renegado ask'd her where her Father was? who answer'd him, a bed and asleep. We must wake him, cry'd he, and carry him along with us, and then clear the House, for why should we leave any thing behind? By no means, cry'd Zoraida, I would not have a hair of my Father's head touch'd; I have fleec'd him sufficiently already, for I shall take along with me all that is of value i' the House; and therefore pray be contented without medling with him, who will have Sorrow enough, I warrant him, when I am gone. With that, re-entring the House, before I could well perswade the Renegado not to contradict her in the least, she return'd with a Cabinet full of Gold, as much as she could lift, or rather more. At what time unluckily her Father wak'd, and hearing a Noise i' the Garden, put his head out at Window, and began to cry out Thieves, Thieves; Christians, Christians; which put us into a great Diforder. But the Renegado seeing the Danger wherein we were, and of what Importance it was to be speedy in the Accomplishment of a Design of this Nature, ran up presently into Agimorato's Chamber, with some of my Companions, while I staid below with Zoraida. And now it appear'd that our Renegado was in his Element when there was a Robbery to be done, and that he hunted, as Dogs do, for his own Ends. Never did Men act more cordially and vigorously like Thieves in a Burglary, while he ftole the Father, and I the Daughter. For he had not been gone above four Minutes with his trufty Companions, 'ere they brought down poor Agimorato with his Hands bound behind him, and his Mouth cramm'd with a foul Handkerchief, to prevent his bawling; only they left him his Legs at liberty, because they would not be troubl'd to carry him. When the Daughter saw her Father in that Condition, she turn'd away her Eyes, and befought us to do him no harm; which was the least of our Thoughts, provided he did us none. However, it shew'd a great deal of good Nature in a Child to Spare her Father's Life, tho she took his Goods. And thus having all we came for, deeming Haste and good Heels to be our surest Protectors, we made all the speed we could to the Bark, where they that staid behind, were in no less Expectation of us, as fearful of our Success; but feeing us return'd with our whole Prey, their very Hearts skipp'd i' their Bellies. It was now two a Clock in the Morning when we, being got fafe upon the salt water, unbound Agimorato, and unstopp'd his Mouth, but threatning with a thousand Oaths to slit his Wezand, if he made the least use of his Throat. Presently the poor old Man beholding his Daughter, began to figh, but he was more aftonish'd to fee me hugging her so close as I did i' my Arms, and she suffering it with a conjugal Patience; and no question but he wou'd ha' made use of his Lungs, but that the Renegado frood over him with his drawn Hanger. However, Zgraida fuller and fuller of good Nature still, when she perceiv'd the Vessel begin to make away, befought

fought the Renegado to defire me for Love's-fake, to fet her Father and the rest of the Moors ashore, for that it went against her Conscience to carry her Father away, whom she lov'd so dearly, as not to rob him of all, but leave him his native Country to be bury'd in. To which I readily confented, as desirous of nothing more then to be rid of him. But the Renegado, his Craft's-Master in such Exercises as these, shewing me the Danger of landing a Company of exasperated Devils, that as soon as they had their Liberty, would be calling for help, and engage the People to fend after us fome nimble Frigat to pick us up again for Hawk's Meat; we all agreed, and Zoraida no less prudent then dutiful, consented not to deliver the Moors till we were upon Christian Land. So that after we had recommended our felves to God, as well as we could, confidering the undefiledness of our Consciences, and the Justice of the Fact we had committed, we row'd on merrily, steering away for Majorca. But a North-wind rising, and the Sea beginning to swell, we were forc'd to bear in to the Coast of Oran, and to creep along by the Shore, not without some Apprehensions (for the Guilty are always in fear ) of being discover'd from Sargel, which lies upon that Coast, about threescore Miles from Argier, or else meeting with fome Corfair of Tituan, tho should it have happen'd to be a Merchants Ship, we had not card; for then we had been in our own Element again, believing our felves strong enough to ha' tak'n her, and so to have added to our Plunder. All this while Zoraidalay with her Head i'my Lap, either unwilling or asham'd to behold her Father; and yet for all that I could hear her very devout at her Prayers to Lela Marien for our Prosperity. Which I lookt upon as a Sign that a little Christianity would serve herturn, to her Praise be it spoken.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Well by this time we had row'd thirty Miles, and the day breaking, fhew'd us, that we were not above thrice Musket-shot from the Land, and that all the Coast was clear, which embolden'd us to put out to Sea. But then a bluffring Wind rose, that oblig'd us to clap on all our Sails, and steer towards Oran, running eight Miles an hour, afraid of nothing but Pirates. Under the leifure of this Gale we gave the Moors to eat, affuring em, that they were no Slaves, but that we would give 'em their Liberty as foon as Conveniency would permit; and having repeated the same to Zoraida's Father; Christians, said he, if I may so call ye, that act more like Turks. never think me so simple to believe, that after you have expos'd your selves to all this Danger and hazard to carry me away, that you will be so generous as to grant me my Liberty, especially knowing what a Booty ye have. But if you will fet your Price, I will give ye whatever you will demand, to release my self and my Daughter; at least, if ye will but set Her free, who is more dear to me, then my Life, and all my Estate. And so saying, he let fall fuch a Deluge of Tears, as if he had been going to walk his own footy Moor's Face white; which drew from us all that little Compassion we had; at what time Zoraida turning about, and beholding her Father in that State of Affliction to which the had reduc'd him, could not forbear throwing her Arms about his Neck, and weeping to fee him weep; and then to fee them weep, you would ha' laugh'd to ha' feen all us weeping for Company. Tho I must confess, I cannot believe that Zoraida's Tears were any other then Tears of Courfe. For should I say they produc'd any Confession to her Father, or any other figns of Repentance then what I tell ye, I should lye most incarnately. But at length Agimorato having wip'd his Eyes, observ'd his Daughter in all her sumptuous Raiment, and glittering with all her high priz'd Jewels, as if she had been going to a Feast: How now, Daughter,

Book IV.

quo he, What's the meaning a' this? Yesterday before this Missortune befell us, you were i' your Worky-day Clothes, and now i'the height of our Calamity you appear in all your gorgeous Gallantry, as if you were going to a Wedding? To all which Questions Zoraida, as well she might, was at a stand what Answer to make her Father; who at the same time perceiving the Casket of Jewels in a corner of the Bark, which he thought had been fafe in his Closet in Argier, strangely surpriz'd, he ask'd her how that came into our Hands? But then the Renegado stepping in; Come, come, Sir, said he, Catechises are for Christians, and not for you Moors: In short, Sir, your Daughter is not the Daughter you take her to be: She is turn'd Christian, and she it was that furnished us out of your Coffers with the means to purchase our Liberty; and thinks her self happy in embracing a Religion as full of Truth, as yours is of Lyes and Falshood. Is this true, Daughter, cry'd the Moor? My dear Father, I cannot deny it, answer'd Zoraida. How! reply'd the Moor, turn'd Christian! A precious Religion, by Mahomet, that teaches a Daughter to rob and enslave her Father. . I am truly turn'd Christian, answer'd Zoraida, but I was not the Occasion of your Captivity; nor did I think to displease ve, but only to withdraw my felf, and take a comfortable Sublistance along with me, which I humbly thank ye, dear Sir, you never deny'd me; to the end I might go feek that Happiness among the Christians, which I could not find among the Moors. And what Happiness, confounded Devil of a Daughter, is that, quo the Moor? Nay Sir, you must ask Lela Marien that Question, reply'd Zoraida, she'll tell ye better then I can. Upon which, the Moor thinking himself derided by his own Flesh and Blood, with an incredible Dexterity flung himself headlong into the Sea, where he had perish'd without Redemption, but that his Clothes buoying him up above water, we had at length the Opportunity to hook him up again into the Vessel, half drown'd and senseless. Which fo afflicted good natur'd Zoraida, that she threw her felf upon her Father, Pearls and Jewels and all, and wash'd him again with a Deluge of Tears, as if, poor Man, a'had not been wet enough before; but alas! she thought he had been dead, and that was only to embalm him. But because those vain Complaints fignify'd nothing, I carry'd her off into the Cabbin i'my own Arms of Confolation, and kiss'd away those Tears that had fully'd her fair Cheeks, telling her, that Fathers were to be forgot, when Husbands were i'the case: while the Rest took so much care of her Parent sor my fake, that in two Hours he was as crank again as a Body-loufe. At what time the Wind changing, Fortune guided us better then we expected, to a certain Bay fecur'd by a Promontory, which the Moors call Cava Rouncia, or the Wicked Christian Woman; having a Tradition among 'em, That the Daughter of Don Julian, who was the Occasion of the loss of Spain, was bury'd there. In that Place, perceiving the Wind favourable, and the Sea grown calm, we unbound the Moors and fet 'em ashore, contrary to their Expectation But when we came to let down Agimorato into the Skiff, Wherefore is it, Christians, d'ye think, said he, that this wicked Woman is so desirous to see me at Liberty? Think ye, 'tis out of any Love or Pity that she has for me? No, no, 'tis only because she's asham'd I should be the Testimony of her wicked Designs. Don't you believe that she has chang'd her Religion, because she thinks it better then her own, but because she has heard the Women have more liberty in your Country then among the Moors. She has heard what Pranks the Women play there, how they go when they please, and come when they please; how they crow over their Husbands, nay, how they have choice of Gallants, and the li-

berty too to pick and chuse; and that's the thing she'd be at, under the pretence of changing her Devotion. But Christian, said he, turning to my felf, for I find thou art pretty intimate with her already, if it be thy Missortune to have her, pad-lock her be sure, chain her, immure her, let her never see Sun nor Moon, but only Candle-light, when thou art with her; for of all Women, there are none more dangerous, nor more certain to shew a Man a slippery Trick, then your Women that counterfeit Religion to cloak their mischievous Designs. And then turning to Zoraida, while my felf and another held him, for fear he should a' done her a Mischief; Quistril without shame, said he, ingrateful, and inconsiderate Off-spring of my Loins, whither do thy youthful Ardours fo impetuously hurry thee? Think'st thou all the Moors are Eunuchs but my self that gave thee life? Curs'd be the Hour I did it, and curs'd be all my Care to breed thee up. Is it for this thou fend'st me home to empty Chests and Cossers?—Here I stopt the stream of his Passion; for finding the Storm of his Rage begin to rise too high, I thought it best to order the Rowers to carry him away by main force, and put him fafe ashore, knowing we should soon be out of hearing his Exclamation; for which, to tell ye the truth, in Justice I could not blame him. But he had no fooner fet his foot upon dry Land, but he began to pour forth his Maledictions, like Peafe out of a Sack, both against us, and all the whole Race of Men and Women for our fakes: befeeching Mahomet to beg of God to fink, destroy, confound and overwhelm us, Ship, and all, to the bottom of the bottomless Pit. And when he thought us out of hearing, that his Curses and Lamentations would fignifie nothing, he fell a' tearing his Hair, rending his innocent Beard from his Chin, and wallowing upon the Sand with fuch visible Marks of Depair, that we were all afraid he would lay violent Hands upon himfelf. But then again, the Remainders of his Affection calming the Fury of his Transports, with all his force, Return, he cry'd, dear Child, return, I pardon all thy Folly. Leave those Ravishers the Wealth which they possess, only return, the sole Confolation of a Father that loves thee tenderly, and who must die in this Desart, if thou forsak'st him. Zoraida heard him, but all the Comfort that she gave him, was only this, That she desir'd Lela Marien, who had made her a Christian, to grant him Consolation; withall, calling the great Alla to witness, that she could not help what she had done, that the Christians had not forc'd her away, but that she could not withstand the Charms of Lela Marien, who incessantly press'd her to proceed in her Design, and therefore desir'd him not to be offended. I must confess, sh' had as good ha' faid nothing, being affur'd that half these words were spok'n to the Wind; only that Zoraida had a mind to shew her self a dutiful Child to the last Breath. For by this time we had loft fight of Agimorato, and now difingag'd from all farther Trouble, as we thought, we fail'd along with fuch a merry Gale, that made us hope we should reach the Coast of Spain by break of Day. But as there is no good Fortune that comes pure and neat, without some Sting i'the Tail of it, whether it were our own bad luck, or whether Heaven had heard the Curses which the Moor had so heartily bestow'd upon his Daughter, our Joy was not of long Continuance. For as we were in the open Sea, three hours of the Night being spent, spooming before the Wind with a brisk Gale, and all the Sail we could make, we faw by the light of the Moon, a round Vessel bearing right upon our Larboard-side, so that we had much ado to sheer clear of her. At the same time they hal'd us, and ask'd us, whence our Ship? what we were, and whither bound? All which Questions being made in French, the Rene-

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

231

gado would return no Answer, affuring us, that they were French Pirates that made no Diffinction of Friends or Foes. Upon which we held on our Course without answering a tittle, leaving the other Vessel by the Lee. But they resolving not to let us go so, sent two Messengers after us i'the Devil's Name and guided certainly by his own invisible Paw. For the first Shot brought our main Mast by the board, so that it tumbl'd into the Sea, Sail and all: The second went through and through the Bark from side to side, and made fuch a wide Paffage for the Salt-water, that finding our Veffel ready to fink, we call'd out for help. Thereupon they prefently hoifted out their long Boat, and in a trice we had no less then twelve French men, with their Muskets and Match lighted, to attend us; who perceiving the Condition of our Bark, took us into their Boat, reproaching us for our Incivility; and after they had ask'd us as many Questions as they thought fit, fell a stripping us, as if we had been their Capital Enemies; for they took, without Compassion, all that we had, from us, except the Cascanet of Jewels, which the Renegado not knowing otherwise where to hide, flung into the Sea, for Neptune to present to some of his Concubines; chusing rather so to dispose of 'em, then that they should fall into the Hands of those that would ha' fold 'em for Bristol-stones, and spent the Money upon Whores and Brandy. From Zoraida also they took the Bracelets about her Legs and her Wrists. But I did not so much mind the loss of the Pomp and Vanity of the World, as I fear'd the rude, lawless Rogues would ha' been for ambling for another Jewel more worth then all the reft, which wou'd ha' vex'd me to the Soul, that I shou'd ha' taken so much Pains for Sailers Leavings. But as luck wou'd have it, the Brutes were fo intent upon dividing their Spoil, that they ne're minded Beauty by Moon-light. But that which put me into a deeper Confideration, was, That they confulted among themselves, whether they should not throw us all into the Sea, muffl'd up in our own Sails; for that having a Defign to trade in some parts of Spain under English Colours, they were afraid we should discover the Piracy they had committed, and cause 'em to be stopt in Harbour. But the Captain, to whose share Zoraida's Plunder fell, thought himself so well paid for his Night's Work, that he alter'd those violent Refolutions of his Diabolical Crew, and was fo kind as to give us his long Boat, and as much Victuals as would ferve to carry us ashore, of which he found we needed no great Quantity, being now within ken of the Spanish Coast; the fight whereof did so revive our Hearts, that we forgot our late Misfortunes. Nay, more then that, the Captain being a Man of some Compassion, and out of I know not what Qualm of Generolity, believing it ungentile to leave a young Lady without any Money in her Pocket, return'd her about forty Crowns of her Gold, and would not permit the Souldiers to meddle with the Clothes that she had on. So that indeed what might we not ha' fav'd, had we been half so wise as Waltham's Calf, when we had time to prevent the worst. However, we were very thankful, Ile affure ye, for what we had; and so being dismiss'd, away we row'd toward the Land, and by Midnight-Moon-light got ashore. Where, as soon as we had fet our Feet upon the firm Sand, we wept for Joy, and gave thanks to Heaven that the worst was no worse. After that, we fetch'd our Provision out of the Skiff, and all that Night shelter'dour selves, as well as we could, under the Covert of a Rock close by. So foon as Morning appear'd, we fent up some of our Company to see if they could discover any Towns, or Villages, or Steeples at any diffance; but there was neither the one nor the other to be feen, as if we had been in a Defart. Thereupon

we resolv'd to soot it along, under the Guidance of Fortune, till we met with something, or some Body, that might convince us we were got into an inhabited Country. Nothing griev'd me, but to see that poor Zordida's feet began to blister; so that I could ha' wish'd her for the time no bigger then a Pigmy, that I might ha' carry'd her at my back, as the Gypsies carry their Bantlings. I consess, sometimes meer Tenderness and Affection constrain'd me to take her up upon my shoulders; but then me thought, I look'd so like a Petty-Chapman, with his Potter's Shop at his back, that I could not chuse but laugh at my self; besides, that it hinder'd us from keeping pace with our Company: So that all the help we had, was to walk Arm in Arm together, like Toung Gammer, tugging her Toung Gaffer along, with her Fibour in his Bibs.

with her Elbow in his Ribs, upon a Holy-day.

In this posture we travell'd along, till we heard the tinkling of a little Bell, which made us believe that there were some Sheep feeding not far off; and looking about us, we faw a Shepherd lying at the foot of a Cork-Tree, plotting no Treason I dare swear, but at his full ease, whitling a stick with his wood'n hafted Knife. As foon as we came within hearing, we call'd to him; but he, turning his Head, and seeing the Renegado and Zoraida in their Moors Habit, got upon his ten Toes, and believing all the Moors in Barbary had been at his heels, fell a running as hard as his Legs could carry him; crying out, Moors, Moors, Arm, Arm. Which put us into a peck of troubles, well knowing the Custom of the Place. For we were afraid that this should alarm the Cavalry, that lay ready to scour the Country upon such Occasions. And indeed, as we fear'd, so it happen'd; for about two hours after, as we were entring into a fair Plain out of a long Heath full of Brakes and Bryars, we faw about fifty Horse-men galloping towards us in very good Order. Nevertheless we resolv'd to abide their Charge without stirring a foot, believing they could not be so inhumane to hurt us. But alas, they were more aftonish'd then we, when they found instead of the Moors which they look'd for, a small Crew of miserable, ragged, forlorn, tatter'd Chriflians. What! are you, they cry'd, the terrible black Legion of Moors, that ha' giv'n this hot Alarm? To which I was going about to give an Answer, at what time, one of our Companions knowing the Horse-man again that ask'd the Question, Bless'd be our Guardian-Angel, faid he, that has brought us hither. For if I mistake not, we are in the Province of Velez Malaga; and if my long Slavery has not destroy'd my Memory, you are such a One my Uncle. Upon which the Horse-man, after he had look'd wistly in his face, whipt from his Saddle, and embracing the young Man, tis very true, faid he; dear Nephew of my Soul, 'tis very true, I am that Uncle, that have a thousand times be wail'd thee for dead (see now how the Story begins to thicken) and thee it is, that my Sifter, and thy Mother and I have lamented and bewail'd whole hours together believing thee buried in the Belly of some Shark or Sword-fish; but Heavens! what weeping now will there be for Joy, when all thy Friends, that are still alive, shall see thee again. When the Souldiers perceiv'd that we were Christian Slaves, they all alighted, and proffer'd us their Horses, to carry us to Malaga, whither it was about four miles and a half. But we refusing to ride single, they took us up behind 'em; and as for Zoraida, my Companion's Uncle took particular care of her. In this Equipage we were joyfully receiv'd by the People of the City, who having notice of our Arrival, came forth in heaps to meet us. But nothing furpriz'd 'em fo much as Zoraida's Beauty, at a time when the heat of Travelling, and her joy to fee her felf safe among the Christians, brought such lively Colours into her Cheeks, that I may fafely fay without flattery, I never faw any thing more lovely in my life.

Book IV.

All the People accompany'd us to the great Church, where we alighted, to return thanks to Heaven for our Miraculous Deliverance from Slavery. And I remember that Zgraida, as foon as fhe enter'd the Church, and had look'd a little about her, told us, that she saw Faces which resembl'd that of Lela Marien, as she had appear'd to her. 'Tis very true, said I, for those are the very Pictures of her; which I inform'd her the rather, that she might pay the same Veneration to 'em, that the Christians did. Nor was Zgraida so thick skull'd, as not to know what I meant; for she acted the Christian so prettily, that all the People were over-joy'd to see such a Convert.

When we came out of the Church, the rest of my Companions had Lodging appointed for 'em at Publick Houses, where you may be sure they had their Diet and Being for nothing, to tell their Stories over and over to all Commers and Goers. As for Zoraida, my felf, and the Renegado, the Souldier's Nephew carry'd us all three to his Father's House, who was a Slop-feller, a very fufficient Man; and one that receiv'd, and made as much of us as he did of his own Son. There we continued fix days, till our Story grew thred-bare (for Stories are like Flowers, delightful when fresh, but wither when too much breath'd upon,) nor was the Slop-feller bound to maintain us for ever. Therefore after the fix days of Honey-Moon were over. the Renegado went to feek his Fortune; but whither, or how he intended to dispose of himself, as having now done with him, I neither enquir'd, nor car'd to know. As for Zoraida and my felf, we liv'd upon the Liberality of the Courteous Pirate, of which I laid out some part to buy her a Mule, to ease her in Travelling; and now I am going to see whether my Father be alive, and whether my Brothers have met with any better Fortune i'the World then I did. Though I must confess, I have no reason to complain of Fortune, who tho a little too unkindly she has bestow'd her Portion upon another, has however bestow'd the Wife upon me; and the Affection of Zoraida, whose Beauty and Vertues I value above all the Riches in the World. But in regard this World is govern'd by Proverbs, of which there is one that tells us, More belongs to Wedlock, then four bare Legs in a Bed: And another, that fays, Sweet-heart and Honey-bird keeps no House; therefore it is, that I would fain find out a way to reconcile my felf with this angry, frowning, waspish World; andbeg of Madam, Countess. Dutchess, Queen, Empress; nay, if Titles would please her, I would call her Saint Fortune, that she would condescend to favour me so far, as to affift me to recover my felf into a condition, that I may be able in some measure, to retaliate Zoraida for the Losses she has sustain'd for my sake, that the may not repent her having exchang'd and abandon'd the Superfluity and Abundance of Mahumetism, for the Poverty and Misery of Christianity. In a word, the Patience which she has shewn in all the Hardships which she has suffer'd, and all the Misfortunes that have befall'n us is such, that I cannot but confider it with Admiration. But that which is more to be admir'd then all the rest, is her ardent desire to be a Christian. So that had I receiv'd no other Obligations at her hands, her Vertue alone is that which engages me to efteem and honour her as long as I live. Nevertheless, in the midst of all my Joy to be possess'd of Her, I cannot be at rest, till I am affur'd to find some corner of my Country, where I may possess so much Felicity in Tranquillity and Peace of Mind, fearing the death of my Father; and that my Brothers, if advanced, have found their Preferent in some places far distant from the seat of their Nativity; or else that Fortune has been no kinder to them, then to my felf. This, Gentlemen, is my Story,

Story, which if I have not rehears'd to your content, you must pardon me, because I am no Orator: Or if I have been too prolix, I beseech ye to excuse me, because I could not make it any shorter. Besides, Gentlemen, I have observ'd, that when men tell stories of themselves, they are so full of their own Conceits, and so wrapt up i' their own Thoughts, that they never mind the Errors they commit; so that while they are, as it were, playing their own Game, they make those mistakes, which they can never so curiously observe as the standard by.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

### CHAP. XV.

Of what happen'd in the Inn; and of other Remarkable Passages, worthy to be known.

HE Story's a good Story, quo Don Ferdinand, and will ferve well enough over a Bottle o' Wine: But not so strange, nor so full of Accidents or Variety, that I have heard. For my Ears meet with but one change in all the whole Relation, and that was when the Pirates chang'd your Gold for ye, and gave the Lady the rest again. But gi' me leave to tell ye, for tho I ha' been a finner i'my time, I am now and then a little queasse-conscienc'd; I do not like the Master-Spring, that gives motion to the whole Watch-work of your Discourse. And therefore, had I been the Surveyor of this Tale, I should ha' laid it upon some other Foundation. I cannot believe, the Alcoran it self does any where justifie a Christian Daughter, under a pretended inflam'd desire of turning Mahometan, to rob a dearly beloved Christian Parent of all he had i' the World, and run away with a Gentleman-like manner o' man, that had not a rag to his back. 'Tis true, I ha' heard of a Christian Damsel, that so soon as her Father was dead, got the Key of his Iron Cheft, and cramming five hundred broad Pieces into her Apron, in her Brother's absence, ran away with it to a Grocer, and marry'd him, and the Grocer marry'd her for lucre of the Money. But this Christian Virgin was Conscionable; she took but five hundred out of five thousand, and lest her Brother the rest. But this Lady robb'd her Father of all he had i'the World, and left him nothing but a Garden, and his choice of a few Trees to hang himself, when he consider'd how his own Flesh and Blood had serv'd him. You say, she did it at the importunity of Lela Marien: But this is to make our Saints in Blis, no better then the Ancient Poets made their Heathen Gods and Goddesses, meer Whores and Pilferers. For if Lela Marien advis'd Zgraida to rob her Father; nay, as far as I can hear, she took a Journey to Earth a purpose to encourage and instruct her, then was Lela Marien Accessary to the Crime; which can never enter into my thoughts. And therefore, Sir, the next time you tell your Story, I would have ye with the Pruning knife of Discretion pare off some part of it, and only say, That the Young Lady, like Pasiphae, and feveral others, long'd for fomething that Young Ladies, pent up as the Moors lock up their Daughters, by instinct of Nature long for at her Years; and that fixing her Fancy upon you, no body else would serve her turn and so go on - What think you, Mr. Curate? - Truly, my Lord, reply'd the Curate, I have been all along of your Mind; and if I were to be

Book IV.

Fore man of Lela Marien's Grand-Jury, I would bring her in Ignoramus. However, Don Ferdinand, perceiving Zoraida to colour at his Opinion, told the Captive, that fince the Lady had paid to dear for her Learning, he pity'd the misfortunes of her Beauty, tho nor the disappointment of his own Expectations: And as for her Pious design of turning Christian, he was so far from discouraging her in it, that if both he and she would be pleas'd to accept his offer, and go along with him, he would prevail with his own Brother to be Zoraida's God-father; and would himself take care to put em both into such an Equipage, as should Command a Welcome to his Native Country, besitting Zoraida's Beauty and Merit. Which the Captive with many endearing Complements acknowledg'd for a high favour; but whether it were that he was unwilling to trust Zoraida with such a Whipfter as Don Ferdinand seem'd to be, he humbly excus'd himself, alledging his desire to return with all the speed he could, where his Heart was already gone before. However, the Curate, Cardenio, and the rest applauded Don Ferdinand's Generosity, and gave him a thousand Thanks, as if the Offer had been made to themselves.

By this time the Sun was just gone down, when a Coach and Six came thundring to the Gate of the Inn, attended by feveral Horse men, that rode into the Yard, and ask'd for Lodging. To whom the Answer was, That the House was full. Full! said the Gentleman, it cannot be so full sure. but that there must be room for the Judge of the Prerogative. The Innkeeper furpriz'd to hear the Title, modestly answer'd, That all his Rooms were taken up, but if the Judge had a Bed of his own, as he question'd not but that he had, he would spare him his own Chamber. Presently appear'd a comely graceful Person, in a long Gown with tusted Buttons, leading a young Lady in his Hand, about fifteen Years of Age, to outward Appearance, in her riding Habit, neat and fashionable; but in her own Person so fair and lovely withall, that she dazl'd the Eyes of all that beheld her; as being nothing inferiour to Madam Dorothy, Lucinda, or Zoraida themselves. Don Quixote standing at the Inn-door when the Judge alighted out of the Coach, fo foon as he faw him ready to enter, 'Sir, faid he, you may boldly advance into this Ca-'ftle, and fray as long as you pleafe, tho it be not so spacious, nor so well 'accommodated as it should be: But be it what it will, there must be room 'for Knights and Men of Learning, especially when accompany'd with so much Beauty as you lead along; to which, not only the Gates of Castles 's should flye open, but Rocks themselves should know their Duty, and re-'move, or else dissolve before her; and Mountains part asunder, or fink in-'to the Earth, to give her way. Then enter, Sir, this Paradife, where 'you shall meet with Stars fit to attend the Sun that shines in your Hand: Valour and Courage in their Perfection, and Beauty in the Highest degree of Splendour. The serious Judge, amaz'd to hear Don Quixote's Bombast, survey'd him with a curious Eye, admiring his Dress and Aspect beyond his Words, and finding no Body to fatisfie his Curiofity, refolv'd himself to have t'other view of the Mysterious Object, when Lucinda, Madam Dorothy, and Zoraida, having heard the Hostess to extoll her new Guest, went to pay her the Civilities of Strangers, and invite her into their Company. And the fame spreading News also brought Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, the Curate, and the rest of the Company to wait upon the Judge, as an unknown Person of Honour and Dignity, but more to behold the dazling Beauty of the Young Lady, and Complement her into their Society. On the other side, the Grave Judge was so confounded to hear and see so much in so little time, that he had not leisure to consider where he was, or whether

ther they were Apparitions or Realities. However, he put off his Har with both Hands, bow'd to the Right, and to the Left; and with a compos'd Formality, for many Complements that had been bestow'd upon him. return'd a Majestick and Brief I thank ye, Gentlemen: For Gentlemen he thought 'em to be, and Persons of Quality; but as for the Countenance. Actions, Accourrements, and Behaviour of Don Quixote, he knew nor what to imagine or conjecture. However, as much Gentlemen as he took 'em to be, the Judge, who was a Man of Experience, as one that had been Young in his time, refolv'd to prevent their Kiffing-Dances with his Niece: and therefore as foon as he had tak'n his Chair at the upper end of the Table, he made a Decree i'the first place, that the Women should keep together i'the inner Room, after the Persian manner, as being a sufficient number to hold a Chat together, till they dropt fast asleep, and tire the best Short-hand Writer in Christendom: And that the Men should drink and confer Notes together i'the outer Chamber, as a Guard to the Ladies.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

The feparation being thus made, the Glass had not gone about many times, before the Slave, who had all along kept his Eye fix'd upon the Iudges Face, began to have strange Fancies and Imaginations in his Head, that the Judge was his own Brother; but being unwilling to trust his own Judgment, he went forth, and enquir'd of one of the Judges Servants, what was his Master's Name, and what Country-man he was? Who, instead of answering him, ask'd him, where he was born, that he did not know Doctor — the Famousest Civilian in all Spain, who had advanced himself by his Learning, as being born but of mean Parentage among the Mountains of Leon. By which Answer, the Captive was confirm'd in the truth of his Conjecture, that it was his Brother indeed, and the same that had chosen to betake himself to his Studies. Thereupon he took Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the Curate aside, and affur'd 'em the Judge was his Brother; and that he was certain of it by all the Circumstances which the Judge's Servant had told him: Moreover that the Young Lady was not his Niece but his Daughter; whose Mother dy'd in Child-bed, after she had brought her forth into the World. Thereupon he desir'd em to advise him what course he shou'd take to discover himself, and whether it would not be his best way. to try whether his Brother would acknowledge him or no; in regard 'twas the fashion of the World to disown Poor Kindred. Let me alone, quo the Curate, to try th' Experiment; my mind gives me I shall ha' good luck, for I remember I rose with my Bum upward this Morning: Besides, by that skill in Physiognomy that I have, I do not find by the Judge's Face, that he is a Person of that haughty Humour, to despise People in misfortune.

Thereupon, Supper being ferv'd in, the Slave made an Excuse to absent himself; and for the Ladies, they Supp'd i'their Turkish Haram by themfelves. The Curate therefore watching his time, about the middle of the Repaft, after feveral chirping Cups had gone round (for many Judges will take up their Cups pretty smartly at Meals, which causes 'em as often to fleep upon the Bench:) I fay, the Curate then taking his Opportunity, and addressing himself to the Judge, who was also at the same time in a pleafant Humour: 'Sir, faid he, being formerly a Slave at Constantinople, I had then a Companion in misfortune, that bare the same Sirname as you do: And I'le affure ye, Sir, he was a brave flour Fellow, and one of the best Foot Officers that ever fought i'the Low-Countries: But the poor Man did 'not meet with that good Fortune which his Courage deserv'd. To which the Judge, I well know my own Sir-name, quo he; but I pray, what was that Officer's Christ'n Name? 'He had two, reply'd the Curate, Ap Hh 2

Shenkin, ap Thomas, and was born, as he faid, among the Mountains of Leon, or Prittain, I can't tell well which. And I remember particularly that he told me one Story of himself, and two other Brothers that he had, 'how his Father was given to good Company, but of such a singular good Nature, that his Liberality purchas'd him many Hangers on; by which ' means finding his Estate begin to waste, he resolv'd in time to divide what 'he had left among his three Sons; giving 'em withal, at the same time fuch proper Counsel and Advice, as shew'd him to be a person that under-'flood the World. My Companion, it feems, chofe the hazardous Em-'ployment of a Souldier, and betook himself to the Field, where, by his 'Valour, he advanc'd himself to be Captain of a Foot-Company, and had 'a fair Prospect of a Colonel's Place, had not Fortune laid a Block in his 'way, at which he flumbl'd, and fell into Captivity, being taken Prisoner 'at that fame famous Battle of Lepanto, where so many Slaves recover'd 'their Liberty. From Constantinople, it seems, he was carry'd to Argier, where the strangest Accident befell him that ever was known fince the Creation. And here the Curate took an Occasion fuccinctly to give the Judge an Account of the whole Story of Zpraida and his Brother, till he had brought 'em to be taken and plunder'd of all they had by the French, who had reduc'd em to the lowest Abys of Misery and Poverty. To which headded, that fince that time he had heard no News of 'em, and whether they were arriv'd in that lamentable Condition upon the Coast of Spain, or whether taken by other Pyrats, he could give no Account. To all this the Judge liften'd with fuch an Attention, as plainly discover'd him to be not a little concern'd; infomuch that when he found the Curate had quite done, the poor Gentleman, with the Tears standing in his Eyes, fetch'd a deep Sigh. Ah, Sir, quo he, you little think what News you have told me, nor how deeply you have pierc'd me to the Heart. That brave Souldier you speak of, is, or was my eldest Brother, who out of a generous Ambition, chose to serve his Prince in the Wars, which was one of those Professions my Father propos'd to our Election. For my part, I betook my felf to the Law, an advantageous Study, if a man can but once get the knack on't, and learn to comply with his Superiours. I thank God, I hit it fo right, that I have advanced my felf to the Degree of a Judge. As for our younger Brother, he went to the East-Indies, where he has vastly enrich'd himfelf, and fo supply'd my Father with his yearly Presents, that he is in a much better Condition to fatisfie his liberal Humour then ever he was. The good old Gentleman is still alive, and prays continually to Heaven to spare him his Life, but only till he may have the Happiness to fee once more his eldeft Son from whom he has never heard fince he last took his leave. And truly I wonder that so prudent a Man as my Brother, fhould be follong abroad, and never find fo much leifure as to write one fingle Line, to let a tender Father know what was become of him. Alashad we understood his Condition, he should never ha' been beholding to a ridiculous Story of Lela Marien, and a miraculous Reed for his Liberty. All that I fear, is this, left those cursed Frenchmen shou'd ha' retaken him, and flung him into the Sea, to prevent his Discovery of their Villany. Poor and unfortunate Soul! knew I but where thou wer't, thy Mifery should foon be at an end, if all my Wealth could redeem thee from the deepest Dungeon in Barbary. And thou Zoraida, no less bountiful then fair, what Recompence can be fufficient to reward thy Kindness to my Brother? What would I give to fee thee? Nay, what wou'd I not give to make two fuch unfortunate Lovers happy to their Satisfaction, after fo much Hardship and

Fellow-fuffering? All which foft Expressions dropt with such Tenderness and Affection from the Judge's Lips, that all who heard him were deeply fensible of his fraternal Pity.

Thereupon the Curate feeing his Design had so well succeeded, resolv'd to release the compassionate Judge from the Oppression of his Sorrows, and restore the Company to their former Mirth. To which purpose he rose from the Table, and going into the Lady's Apartment, and leading Zoraida by the Hand, attended by Madam Doroty, Lucinda, and the Judge's Daughter, brought her forth, and prefenting her to the Judge, while the Captain stood incognito, to observe the Event; Dry up your Tears, Sir, faid he, and enjoy your Wishes; see here the levely Sister, whom you have fo ardently desir'd to see, and there behold the Captain your dear Brother. You see, Sir, the miserable Condition to which the French have reduc'd 'em; which Heaven perhaps has so brought to pass, that you might have an Opportunity to exercise your Bounty. With that, the Captain ran to embrace his Brother; who having view'd him well, and finding him to be the same person, immediately threw his Arms about his Neck, while the Captain embrac'd the Judge's Waste, and both held each other fo closely enfolded, that the one feem'd to be Thistleworth-Steeple, and the other the Ivy that grows about it. And all the while the Judge wept, and the Captain wept, which fet the Company a weeping to that Degree, that you could fee no Faces for white Handkerchiefs; fo that had a Stranger enter'd, he would ha' fworn it had been the House o' Mourning, or that the World had been at an end with 'em. At length the Judge let go, and being ungrasp'd by his Brother, ran to embrace Zoraida, promiting her all Ignoramus's Joynture, Gownos, Silkoatos, Kirtellos, & Peticotos, for her Kindness to his Brother. Then he embrac'd the Captain again, and then again Zoraida. To tell ye truth, the good Gentleman was so over joy'd, that he knew not which to embrace first, nor which to embrace last. Then Zoraida embrac'd the Judge's Daughter, and the Judge's Daughter embrac'd her: And they two could not chuse but have the tother Bout at Weeping. to shew they were of the true Female Sex. And thus you fee that Tears are like the Bells, which make no Distinction between Burials and Weddings. As for Don Quixote, he looks on all the while very seriously and gravely, but neither wept, nor spoke a Word, ascribing all these strange and various Events to the Chimera's of Knight-Errantry. However, he offer'd to watch the Castle, lest any Giant or other boisterous Hector of a Belianis of Greece, hearing what an infinite Treasure of Beauty the Castle enclos'd. might have a Design to surprize it. For which, they that knew him return'd him immediate Thanks; and for fear he should think himself slighted by the Judge, they gave the Judge a brief Account of his Humour. and told him aloud, for Don Quixote to hear, that he was the valiant Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, who had promis'd to guard the Castle that Night, and to give 'em notice how the Hours pass'd, with a Good morrow my Masters all, good morrow. Upon which, the Judge could do no less then gravely and seriously accost him, and return him Thanks as the rest had done, for his Care and Civility. Only Sancho, poor Sancho in the midst of all this general Rejoycing, stood fretting, and fuming, and cursing to himself, to be kept so long up from his natural Rest; till at length having obtain'd his Mafter's Permission, he betook himself to his beloved Packfaddle, and there laid him down to snore, with a Head less troubl'd then a finking Banker's, you may be fure; for which he paid full dearly, as you will hear by the Sequel.

For now the Ladies being retir'd to their Apartment, and their Men having accommodated themselves the best they could, Don Quixote went out of the Inn to watch the Castle, according to his Promise. And now was all the Inn wrapp'd up in Slumber, hush'd and quiet as the Temple of Silence; when a little before day-break the Ladies were awaken'd by a well-tun'd and most harmonious Voice, especially Madam Dorothy, by whose side, for want of a more comfortable Bedsellow, lay the fair Madam Clara, for so was the Judge's Daughter call'd. It was only a single Voice, and sometimes they heard it in the Court, and sometimes in the Stable. By and by came Cardenio knocking softly at the Chamber door, and perceiving all were not sast; they that are not assepp, said he, let em come forth and hear a young Mule driver sing. I profess, added he, his Voice is so delicious, that tis enough to enchant your Ears. We have heard him, reply'd Madam Dorothy, with wonderful Delight. But then Cardenio departing, and the Voice beginning a second time, Madam Dorothy listen'd with more Attention, and distinctly heard the sollowing words.

### CHAP. XVI.

Relating the Story of the young Mule-driver, with other strange Passages that happen'd in the Inn.

T.

Am a young Sailor launched of late
Into the wide Ocean of Love,
Nor long did I rove,
Ere a Frigat so gay and nimble I met,
That I sain wou'd ha' laid her aboard:
But alas! when I saw she was free
To ha' spok'n wi' me,
My sails I presently lor'd,
So willing was I to ha' come by her Lee.

II.

But then a black Storm envelop'd the Skies,
And away she tack'd with the wind in her Poop,
While I unable to fetch her up,
Soon lost the sight of my Prize.
And ever since that, my fortune unkind,
I ha' fail'd up and down,
Despairing to sind
Love's Haven so known, nor his great Sea-port Town.

TIT

I lookt for a Star that might had secur'd me, At least, as I thought, which the Poets assur'd me, Book IV. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Shone as bright as the Star i the Tail of the Bear;
But the hair-brain'd Poets talk idle, I fear;
For I gap'd i' the Skies
For my Mistrefi's Eyes;
But the Devil of any fuch Stars were there.

ŦŴ.

What's the matter, quo I, that thus I (hould mis's The general Mart o' the World;
Where all men are hurl'd,
To Love's Markets and Fair's
With all forts of Wares?
'Slife! let me but meet this Frigat again,
Ple hazard the Risco of wounded or slain,
But I le humble her Pride,
And clap her aboard, or sink by her side.

Here Madam Doroty, who till then had let Madam Clara sleep on. after fhe had wak'd her, Pardon me, Madam, faid she, for giving yee this Diflurbance— which was only that you might have the Opportunity to hear the most pleasant Voice i'the World. Madam Clara rubbing her Eyes, and ffretching out her Legs, as not being fully come to her Senses. did not well apprehend at first what her Bedsellow said; so that Madam Doroty was forc'd to repeat her Excuse over again. But then when Madam Clara heard the Voice it felf, she fell into such a strange trembling, as if the unmerciful Devil of a Quartan Aque had been rattling her tender Bones in a Temple In-and-In Box. Ah, Madam! faid she, wherefore did ye wake me? It had been better for me to ha'slept my last, then have heard this unfortunate Songster. How, Madam! reply'd Madam Doroty, what's the matter? Why,'tis no body but a rascally young Mule-driver that sings, let his Voice be never fo fweet. No, no, answer'd Mrs. Clara, you are mistak'n, 'tis a young Gentleman of a fair Estate, and a Person of good Quality, that comes not hither by accident \_\_\_\_ To tell ye truth, Madam, he's the very Person that I love above all the Persons i'the World; and if my Father were dead, as I wish to God a' were, I would marry him to morrow. Alas! I ha' been lock't up, and watch'd, and guarded any time this half year, for fear I should make my escape out at the Garret-window to himbut - Madam Doroty strangely surprized to hear a young Girl of her years talk so feelingly of Love, and Marriage, and Garret-windows; I profess, Madam, quo she, I do not understand ye-pray explain your selfand let us understand who this unfortunate Musician is - but stay --- He's beginning to open his Pipes again-Pray let's hear the words of his Madrigal, if we can - You shall answer me my Questions, when he has done. When you please, Madam, reply'd Mrs. Clara; and so saying, she stopp'd both her Ears with her Fingers, and funk down under the Bed clothes to prevent the Sound from reaching her Heart, while Madam Doroty liften'd with all imaginable Attention to the following Song.

Book IV.

I

N Chase of a Mistress I ramble, like one
That sain would be doing as others ha done;
Tho what luck I shall have, or whether I must
Still sollow by Water, or choak a we the Dust,
That's more then I know; but this I am sure,
The Doctor spoke right, whoever spoke truer,
That a Hair of a Woman, with her Goldy-love-locks-on,
Draws more then a Yoak of Somerset-Oxen.

II.

Then Cupid, y' faith, for Age my own Brother, Be kind, as one Boy should be to another; Thou seeft me scarce weard from my sweet Sugar-sops, Yet wou'd I be dabling for better for worse; Then seed not my Passion with frivolous Hopes, Nor tire my Fancy with Patience per-force; For if bank'd i' my Humour, at random I run, Thy Godhead's contemn'd, and I am undon.

#### III.

There is one thing more I must tell thee, dear Love, These Smithfield Bargains I ne're could approve; I like not my Father's Match-broaking for Me, As if I cou'd not please my self better then He. 'Tis Thou shalt direct me alone i' my Wooing; Then assist me, dear Love, my own Humour pursuing. For abandon'd by thee, if at random I run, Thy Godhead's contemn'd, and I amundon.

So foon as the sweet Songster had made an end, Mrs. Clara began her Complaints afresh; which redoubling Madam Doroty's Curiosity, she claim'd the young Lady's Promise. At what time Mrs. Clara embracing Madam Doroty in her Arms, and laying her Lips to her Ear, lest Lucinda should hear their Discourse; 'He that sings, said she, is the Son of a great Lord in our Country, that liv'd at Madrid over against my Father's House. 'I know not how this young Gentleman came to see me, unless it were 'at Church ( where, you know, our young Gentlemen go more to look for Mistresses, then Devotion) I say, I cannot imagine where else he 's should ha' feen me, for our Windows were always kept shut. However it were, see me he did, and fell in love with me, and gave me to underfland as much out at a Window that lookt full upon ours; where I could ftand and peep, and fee him cry for madness that he could not come at me, that it griev'd my very Heart to see him. Among the rest of the Signs that he made me, he would be shewing me a Hoop-ring, and put it upon his Thumb, and then joyn both his Hands together, to let me understand that he would marry me. I was over-joy'd to think I flould have a Husband; for I was pretty ripe, and young and simple tho I

were. I had heard of Cupid's Name: Besides, my Mother was dead, and I 'liv'd all alone, and me-thought a Husband was the only thing that I wanted. But the Mischief was, I could not for my life contrive a way to let him know my Thoughts. So that all the Favour I could return him, was only when my Father was from home, to lift up the Lattice 'and shew my Face; which put the young Lad into such a Passion; that he 'feem'd to be almost distracted. When my Father was to go out of Town, 'I know not how he came to understand it, for I am sure I ne're cou'd have the Opportunity to tell him, as I heard, he fell fick for Grief; fo 'that I could not be so happy as to take my leave of him, not so much as with my Eyes. But after we had been two days upon the Road, as we were entring into the Inn, where we lay last Night, I saw him stand-' ing at the Inn-Gate in the Habit of a Mule-driver, To perfectly difguis'd, that had I not always fince the first time I saw him, carry'd his Portrai-'ture in my Heart, I shou'd never ha' known him again. I confess I was 'aftonish'd to see him, and yet I was glad he was so near me. And he for 'his part, has his bugle Eyes always fix'd upon me, unless it be when I am in my Father's Company, from whom he conceals himself with all the Care imaginable. And now in this Condition I know not what in 'the world to do; for being so well satisfy'd as I am of his Condition, and 'that it is for me that he fuffers all this Hardship, and travels thus a foot, I am ready to die for Sorrow; and where-eyer he fets his Feet, there do I 'fix my Eyes. I wonder i'my heart how he stole from his Father, who 'loves him entirely, as being his only Heir, and all the Children he has; 'and a lovely Youth to boot, as you will fay when you fee him. More then that, all these Verses that he sings he makes himself; for he is a most curious Poet, and as I heard fay, he made Verses at School before he was 'twelve years old. And therefore, Madam, I must tell ye, that every time 'I fee him, or hear him fing, my Heart is at my Mouth, and all my Blood 'comes into my Face; which makes me ready to die, for fear left the crafty 'Fox my Father should come to discover something. For the I never spoke 'to the poor Lad i'my life, yet methinks I know not how to live without him. And thus, Madam, I have discover'd to ye a great Secret, and as 'much as I know concerning this young Songfter, who has fo delightfully charm'd your Ears. Say no more, cry'd Mrs. Doroty, 'tis enough, Mrs. Clara, never trouble your felf, I know better what belongs to these Love jobs then you; and if you will but let me alone, I make no question but to bring this intricate Business to such a Conclusion as so fair and honest Beginnings deserve. Alas, Madam! what happy Issue can I expect, if his Father be so rich, and so noble, as they say he is? For then will he be so far from thinking me fit to be his Wife, that he will not deem me worthy to wipe his Shoes. How! reply'd Madam Dorothy; as if it were not a common thing for Noble men now a days to marry Citizens Daughters! and I hope 'tis not come to that yet, for a Tradesman's Daughter to hold up her Nose with a Judge's Daughter. That's nothing, reply'd Mrs. Clara, for I ha' heard of a Judge's Daughter that has marry'd her Father's Clark. And therefore I had rather the young Gentleman would return home again. Perhaps Time and long Absence (for we are going to settle far off in another Province) may at last wear him out of my Thoughts; tho I must confess I ha' but a bad Opinion of the Cure. I wonder i' my Heart, what Match-making Devil it was that put this amorous Intrigue into our young Brains; for I dare say, both of us together cannot make nine and twenty yet; he being but fixteen, and I, as my Father faies, not full thirteen

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

thirteen till next Bartholomew Fair. At which words, the subtile Madam Doroty could not forbear laughing, to hear one that was fo ready for a Husband, talk so like a Girl in her Sampler. Come, Madam, said she, let's fleep the rest of the Night, to morrow I hope that Fortune, who has so well behav'd her self hitherto, will make a good end of her own Comedy.

Thus all was hush'd and quiet again i'the Inn, not a Weezle stirring; only the Inn keeper's Daughter and Maritornes well acquainted by this time with Don Quixote's blind fide, were resolv'd to play him a Trick of Youth to make themselves Sport, while the Knight in compleat Armour, and a Horse back was parading and keeping strict Watch about the Inn.

You must know then, that in all the House there was no other Window that lookt out into the Field, but only a hole i'the Wall to put Straw into the Stable. Out of which hole it was, that the Inn-keeper's Daughter and Maritornes perceiv'd Don Quixote leaning upon his Lance in a languishing Posture, and fetching such profound and dolorous Sighs, as if Death had deny'd him his last Petition for Life. 'Fair Dulcinea of Toboso, cry'd 'he, with an amorous and effeminate Voice, Most Sovereign Queen of Beauty, Perfection of Wisdom and Discretion, Treasury of Debonairness 'and Behaviour, Vertue's Exchequer, and Exemplar of whatever is honest. 'profitable and delightful in this World, What is now your Princely High-'ness doing? Voutsafes your Highness one poor Thought upon vour Beauty's Slave, who thus exposes himself for your sake alone, to so much Danger, yet with so much Patience and Courage? Tell me, Goddess with three Faces, tell me what she thinks, and what she does. For my 'mind gives me that thou beholdest her with Envy, walking in one of the 'fumptuous Galleries of her magnificent Palace, or leaning over fome gild-'ed Balcony, meditating some happy means to fend Comfort to my Mind, to calm the reftless Diffurbances of my Thoughts, and to reftore Repose 'and Tranquility to my Soul; how she may recal me from a rigorous Death, to a Life full of Felicity; and without engaging her Honour, recompence "my Services. And thou Sun, who questionless dost hast'n thy Course, not so much to restore Day to Mortals, as to behold that Master-piece of Miracles, falute her in my behalf fo foon as thou feelt her. But forbear by any means to kis her Lips, when thou mak'ft thy Approaches to her 'Person, for she's reserved and modest beyond Imagination; and to be re-'fus'd a Kiss, would be a greater Disgrace to thee, then the Affront which that same wanton and ingrateful Hussie put upon thee, when she made thee sweat in running after her o're the Plains of Thessaly, or along the Banks of Peneus, for I ha' forgot which of the Places it was.

In thefe and fuch like eloquent Raptures was Don Quixote pleasing and carreffing his vain Fancy, when he was interrupted by the Inn-keeper's Daughter, who beckoning to him with her hand, and calling him with a low Voice; Come hither, I befeech ye, cry'd fhe, quickly, quickly, Sir Knight. Upon that the amorous Knight turn'd his head, and perceiving by the light of the Moon, that some body call'd to him from the hole i' the Cockloft, which he took, at least, for a Window with golden Bars, fuch as belong'd to all those Castles that his fond Imagination had built i' the Air, he began as idly to conceive, that this could be no other than the Lord o' the Castle's Daughter, who altogether charm'd, and desperately in love with his merit, importun'd him to appeale the Torment of her Pasfion. And with these Conundrums in his Pate, unwilling to shew himself a Clown, he approach'd the Hay loft, where beholding two young Damfels;

'Most beautiful Lady, quo he, believe the truest Knight that ever kis'd the Hand of the fairest Virgin, if my Bowels do not yern within me to 'find your amorous Passion so unhappily misplac'd. But do not blame a mi-'ferable Knight-Errant, who is not Mafter of his own Will, whom Love 'has enthral'd ever fince that very Moment that another became the ab-'folute Mistress of his Soul. Pardon me, Madam, I say, a Crime that I 'am no way guilty of; return, I befeech ye; to your Chamber, and do not 'heap Ingratitude upon me by the Accumulation of your Favours. Bur if 'in any other thing then Love I may repay your Kindness, demand it bold-'ly; for by the Lovely Eyes of that fweet Enemy of mine, whose Slave I 'am, I swear, if you require it, I will immediately prostrate at your Feet a thousand Giants Heads, the snaky Curls of terrible Medula's hairy Scalp, the Golden Fleece, nay, the very Beams of the Sun himfelf.

My Miftress has no need of any of these Toys, Sir Knight, reply'd Maritornes. What are then your Lady's Wants, most prudent Governante. reply'd Don Quixote? Only lend me one of your fair Hands, answer'd Maritornes, to affwage in some measure her violent Ardour that brought her to this Window, fo much to the hazard of her Life, that if her Father should but know it, he would shread her as small as minc'd Meat: or if not fo, I'm fure the biggeft Bit of her would be but her Ear. How! reply'd Don Quixote, I'd fain see that Son of a Where Father, that durst be so insolent as to touch the soft and tender Members of his enamour'd Daughter, his last end should be a most dreadful Example to all Fathers

how they interrupted their Daughters Caterwawling.

Maritornes, who made no question but that Done Quixote, after the Oath he had fo folemnly fworn, would give her his Sword-grasping Hand, reach'd out the Halter of Sancho's As; at what time the courteous Don Quixote raifing himfelf upon his Stirrups, and ftretching forth his naked four Fingers and Thumb, with the wrinkl'd Back and Paume thereto belonging; There, Madam, faid he, behold the Hand which you require, or rather, that Flail to thrash those Oppressors that trouble the Earth. That Hand, 'I fay, which never Lady had yet the Honour to touch, no not she who 'has the fole disposal both of my Body and Soul. Not that I give it ye to 'kis, but to admire the Contexture of the Nerves, the knitting of these 'Muscles, the swelling and capaciousness of these Veins; and that you 'may judge of the Strength of the Arm that has fuch a Hand at the 'end of it.

We shall see that presently, reply'd Maritornes; and so having made a fliding Knot at one end of the Halter, she fasten'd it about Don Quixote's Wrist, and ty'd the other end to the Bolt of the Door of the Hay-loft, with all the Strength and Skill she had. Presently Don Quixote perceiving the Halter begin to pinch and gird his Wrift, By the Mass, Lady, quo he, I don't like your Bracelets; you talk of kiffing my Hand, and I think you intend to rend it from my Wrist-bone. Spare it, I beseech ye, Madam, for I affure ye, 'tis no way guilty of the Torment which I cause ye to suffer; there is no reason you should revenge your self upon an innocent Member. Alas! Madam, 'tis none of my Hand's Fault, that your Heart is fo tormented for love of me \_\_\_ If you will be playing Love-tricks, play Lovetricks—This is Horse-play Madam; by my faith, I don't like it—and therefore if I must be your Slave, I beseech ye, bind me in another Fashion.

But these Excuses, these Complements, these Expostulations signify'd nothing; the unfortunate Invincible pleaded all this while to the Wind; for the two Ladies that had hamper'd him, not in the Fetters of Love, but Ii2

with his own Squire's Ass's Halter, were gone to make wanton Comments

by themselves upon the unlucky Prank they had play'd.

All this while the poor Knight flood upright in his Stirups, with his Arm i' the hole, and fast bound by the Wrist, in a Pannick Fear, lest Rose nante should take a frisk from under him, and leave him to suffer a new Torment, which the Ten Perfecutions never dreamt of. So that he durft not move either to the right or left, for fear of disturbing his Steed. whose Patience he knew was such, that of himself, without being switch'd or Spur-gall'd, he would fland i' the same Posture a whole Age together. Therefore after he had continu'd in this Affliction for some time, perceiving the Ladies were vanish'd, he began to think it was fome piece of Enchantment, such as befell him, when the enchanted Moor had almost pounded him into Almond Butter i'the fame Castle; and then he curs'd his own imprudent Noddle, that had expos'd him a fecond time to the fame Snare of Sorcery and Witchcraft. Nevertheless, he tugg'd, and hawll'd, and pull'd with all the Strength of his Man-flaying Arm; but the more he pull'd, the faster he found the Knot, and his Flesh the harder grip'd. So that the poor Knight was forc'd to stand a Tip-toe in his Stirrups, not being able to feat himself in his Saddle, unless he should have made an absolute Divorce between his Hand and his Arm, that Nature had joyn'd together. How many times in this Condition, did he wish for that miraculous Sword of Amadis, which cut in funder all the Knots of Enchantment, as you would cut a Pack-thread with a Pen-knife? How many times did he benhore and bejade Fortune, for depriving the Earth of the Succour of his wrong-revenging Arm, when the World had fuch emergent Occasions of his Assistance? How many times did he invoke his dear Dulcinea del Tohoso? How many times did he call for his faithful Squire, who lying at his Ease upon the Pack-saddle of his Ass, and drown'd in fweet Sleep, had now forgot there was ever any fuch a Man as his Mather in the number of Mortals? How many times did he implore the Aid of the two Necromancers, Lirgand and Alquiff, and call upon his dear Friend Urganda the Sorceress?

At length Madam Aurora, and the Tel tale Sun discover'd him too, hanging by one Arm, like a great Calf by one Leg in a Slaughter-house, which put him into such a strange Consusion, that he fell a roaring like two Bulls sighting for a Cow in a Meadow, and he was so absolutely convinced of his being enchanted, seeing Rosimante stand so immoveable, as if his Hooss had been pegg'd to the Ground, that he gave over questioning, but that he and his honest Horse were to stand there in that Posture for some Ages together, without eating, drinking, or sleeping, till reliev'd by

fome compassionate Necromancer.

At the same time four Horse-men well arm'd, and in good Equipage, rapp'd at the Inn-Gate, as if they were in haste to be let in; which Down Quixote observing, that he might not be wanting however in the Duty of a faithful Sentinel; Knights, or Squires, or whatever ye are, said he, forbear knocking at the Castle-Gate. Had ye either common Sense or Manners, you might easily perceive by the stillnes within, that the Constable and his Servants are fast i' their Beds; and as y'are Knights, might know, 'tis not the Custom for Castle-Gates to be open'd before Sun-rise. Pray stay therefore, as ye ought, till the Sun be up, and then we shall see whether it be safe or no for the Gates to give ye Entrance; and this he utter'd so surlive, and so tartly, as if he had sed upon Tenksbury Mustard all Night.

I' the Devil's Name, cry'd one of the Horse men, what Fort or Castle is here, that should oblige us to all these Ceremonies? And therefore if thou art the Inn-keeper, prethee open the Gates, for we are in hafte to bait our Horses and be gone. Dogs of Knights, quo Don Quixote, do I look like an Inn-keeper? I know not who thou look it like, cry'd another but I'm fure th'art out o' thy Wits, to call this a Cassle. I say, 'tis a Cassle' reply'd Don Quixote, and one of the best i' the Province; and there are Persons within, whose Scepter'd Hands and Crowned Heads I stand to guard. I'le warrant ye, Mr. Scare-crow, cry'd another of the Horse-men. some paltry Gang of strolling Players, that sometimes lewdly act the Parts of Kings and Emperors; and you, like a Clout in a Cherry tree stand to watch their loufie Tinsel! — Else I can't imagine what Crowned Heads should be lodg'd with so little noise about 'em, in such a Hovel of an Inn as this. I perceive, quo Don Quixote, y' are all a Company of Buffle. heads as to the Affairs o' the World, that understand so little the Miracles of Chivalry. To that the Horse-men made no farther Answer, but being tir'd with such a sort of Bedlam Gibbrish, fell a bouncing and thundring at the Inn-Gate with such a Fury, that they awaken'd the whole House. and fetch'd the Inn-keeper out of his Straw to open the Gates himfelf. But in the mean time it so fell out, that one of the Horse men's Beasts, which happen'd to be a Mare, finelling Rosinante, who, poor melancholy Creature, flood as quietly as a Lamb, supporting his Master stretch'd out at his full length, as if he had been reaching at a Hen rooft, made toward him with an amorous Behaviour. On the other fide Rofin inte, Flesh and Blood like other Horses, could not forbear to meet the Caresses of so loving a Miftress, which caus'd him to turn soberly about to shew his Breeding. At what time Don Quixote having loft his footing, had fall'n like a Pig of Lead to the ground, had he not hung by the Wrist, like a West phalia Ham in an Oyl-man's Shop. 'Twas an unmerciful Twitch, you may be fure. that the whole weight of fo much Flesh and Bones, enclos'd in so much Iron, gave to one small Member, and the Pain no less tormenting, while the Sinews were ready to crack: Which Don Quixote augmented by stretching out his Legs to feel for the Ground with his Toes, which put him still more upon the Rack, out of a vain Hope to give himself Relief.

## CHAP. XVII.

Being a Continuation of unheard-of Adventures.

HE dreadful Bellowing and Out-cries which Don Quixote made in this unfupportable Martyrdom were fuch, that the Inn-keeper scar'd almost out of his Wits, open'd the Gate, and accompany'd by the Horsemen, repair'd toward the Noise, to see what was the Matter. In the mean time Maritornes, waken'd at the same instant by the Knight's howling, and easily divining the Occasion, steals into the Hay-loft, and having distory'd the Inchantment, by untying the Halter, gave the distressed Warrior his Liberty; who being releas'd, presently fell to the Ground like a Stone, in the sight of the Horse-men and the Inn-keeper, who were all very inquisitive to know the Cause of his roaring so hideously, as if all the Winds in Lapland had been pent up in his Guts. But so far was he from

Book IV.

giving an Answer, that being got upon his Legs, up he whipt upon Rofinante, shoulder'd his Buckler, couch'd his Lance, and trotting a little way up the Field to take his Career, returns upon a full speed, as if the Devil had drove him, crying out, Whoever dares maintain, that I ha' been deservedly enchanted, lyes from his Throat to the bottom of his Guts. and I defy him for the Son of ten thousand Whores; and if the Princess of Micomicona will give me leave, I challenge him to fingle Battel. The Travellers were strangely surprized at Don Quixote's Fury, but being inform'd of his Humour, they took no farther notice of him; only ask'd the Inn-keeper, if there were not in his House a young Gentleman of about fifteen years of Age, clad like a Mule-driver, giving him all the Marks of the Youth that was up to the hard Eyes in love with Madam Clara. Truly, reply'd the Inn-keeper, there are fuch a Number of People of all forts i the house at this present, that I never went about to take particular Cognizance of any fingle Person. Presently one of the Horse-men espying the Judge's Coachman, cry'd out, he must be here without question, for that's the very Coachman that drove the Coach which he is faid to ha' follow'd. Let one of us, added he, stand at the Inn-Gate, while the rest search about the House; and it wou'd not be amis, that some body should keep riding about the Inn to prevent his Escape over the Walls. All which the Inn-keeper observ'd, but could not imagine the Reason of so much extraordinary Circumspection, only thought twas to find out the Lad, of whom they had given him fuch a punctual Description before.

By this time the Sun was mounted high i'the Sky, and the noise which Don Quixote made, had awaken'd all the House; so that every body began to think of getting up, especially Madam Doroty and Mrs. Clara, who could neither of 'em fleep; the one to think her Inamorato should be so near her, and the other, out of an eager Curiefity to fee what fort of Demi-

Cherubim he was.

246

In the mean time, Don Quixote perceiving the Travellers took no Cognizance of his Challenge, and that not one of 'em vouchfaf'd so much as to think him worth a Look, breath'd nothing but Rage and Indignation; and but that he was afraid to transgress the facred Laws of Chivalry, after he had pass'd his word, had certainly attack'd em all four together, and made em know their Driver. But in regard he could not attempt any Enterprize, till he had restor'd the Princess of Micomicona to her Throne, he muffer'd up all his Patience, and prevail'd upon his Passion to spare the Travellers for that time. Of whom, one of the Number having by this, found the young Person they sought for, sleeping securely by the side of a Mule-driver, after he had wak'd him by pulling him ftrongly by the Arm; In good truth, Mr. Lewis, faid he, I ha found ye in an Equipage very much befitting a Person of your Quality, and this Bed is monstrously sutable to the foftness wherein you have been brought up. The young Lad, not yet fully come to himfelf, began to rub his drowlie Eyes, and looking wiftly upon the Person that held him by the Arm, knew him at length to be one of his Father's Servants; which put him into fuch a Consternation, that he lay for a long time like one that had lost the use of his Tongue. Mr. Lewis. Mr. Lewis, continu'd the Servant, if it be a Love ramble that y' are now upon, your best way will be to give over your Chase at present, and return home with us, unless you have a Defign to hast'n your Father into the other World; for nothing else can be expected from the pining Anguish which he suffers by reason of your unadvised Absence. This I fhall

shall also add, that you are safe from the Doctor's Anger, and the Birches. Lashes of his Fury; for your Father believing you were fled from his Pedagogical Tyranny, has vow'd never to fend ye to that House of Corrections any more. Hartlikins, quo Mr. Lewis, how came my Father to know which way I was gone, or that I was thus difguis'd? Why, Sir, one of your School-fellows that you had made privy to your Design, was he that made the Discovery, seeing your Father in such a deplorable Toss for want of your Company. Thereupon he fent my felf, and three more of his Gentlemen after your Lordship; and now how glad are we to be the Instruments of restoring ye so soon as we hope we shall, to the Embraces of a tender Father, who certainly cannot but give us Annuities for our lives, for the Dispatch we ha' made, and the Comfort we shall bring him in his old Age. But still I hope 'tis at my Choice whether I'le go along with ye, or no, reply'd young Don Lewis. Why fure, Sir, reply'd the Servant, I hope the Devil has not bewitch'd ye to follow this Course of life: neither can I think you can be fo ungracious toward my Lord your Father - All this Discourse the Mule-driver that lay i the Straw by Don Lewis, attentively heard, and gave notice of it to D. Ferdinand and the rest. who were by this time up and harness'd, telling 'em how the Servant call'd the young Lad, my Lord; and how they intended to carry him back to his Father, in spite of his Teeth. Which Information of the Mule-driver. together with the delicate Voice, which it was reported he had, made'em all earnestly desirous to know who he was, with a Resolution to affist him. if any Violence should be offer'd him. And with these Thoughts they went to the Stable, where they found the young Lad and the Servant in a hot Dispute together. At the same time Madam Doroty whips out of her Chamber, and meeting Cardenio, told him in few words what she knew concerning Mrs. Clara and the young Songster; and he on the other side, recounted to Madam Doroty what had passed between Don Lewis and his Father's Servants; which he could not do fo privately, but that Mrs. Clara. who, with itching Ears, follow'd Mrs. Doroty close at the Heels, over-heard him; which was such an unwelcome Breakfast to her empty Stomach, that had not Madam Doroty ran with all imaginable haste to support her, she had fall'n to the Ground; but as good luck would have it, the got to her in Pudding time, and carry'd her back to her Chamber, whither Cardenio defir'd the fainting Lady to return, with a Promife to bring all things to rights in a short time. And now the four Servants were all got about Don Lewis, perswading him to return home forthwith, not allowing him time so much as to wash his Hands and comb his Head. Soft and fair, quo Don Lewis, my Mother stay'd for me before she had me, and my Father is like to stay for me too, till I have dispatch'd a Business that concerns my Life, my Honour, and my Soul. Upon which, the Teoman of the Bottles, and the rest of his Gang, let fall such words, whereby Don Lewis might easily underfland they were refolv'd to carry him home like a Cloak bag, or a Calf before a Butcher, if he would not be conformable. That you may do, cry'd D. Lewis when I am dead, for then I may be Stuffing proper enough for a Leathern Mail.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Thus the Dispute growing hot o' both sides, all the Men that were in the Inn, ran out to fee what was the matter, Cardenio, D. Ferdinand, and his Friends, the Judge, the Curate, the Barber, and Don Quixote also, who feeing all that Company, thought the Castle wanted no more guarding. Presently Cardenio, who understood the Story of D. Lewis better then the rest, demanded of his Father's Servants, Wherefore they went about to

Book IV. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

carry the young Gentleman away against his Will? The Reason is cry'd they. that we may restore the old Gentleman his Father to his Wits, who is ready to run mad for his Absence. That's nothing to you, reply'd D. Lewis, whether my Father run mad or no; I will return when I think good my felf: and if I am not minded so to do, all that you can do shall never force me. Prav. Sir, then let Reason over-rule ye, cry'd one of the Servants; but if it won't prevail with you, we must endeavour to do our Duties. Upon which, the Judge interpoling, Pray, Gentlemen, said he, let's understand the bottom of this bulinels. Immediately one of the Servants knowing the Judge by his Face, after he had made him a reverend Bow, Does not your Lordship know, said he, this young Springal, whose Father liv'd so long overagainst your House? and yet indeed, my Lord, it is no wonder at present, confidering how featly the young Gentleman has bedizon'd himfelf. Upon which words, the Judge looking wiftly in his Face, and calling him to mind; Good God, saidhe, my Lord D. Lewis! embracing him in his Arms, What childish Whimsies are these? What Affair of Life and Death, as if pursu'd by a Messenger, has clouded ye in this Disguise so much beneath your Quality? But then perceiving the Tears run down his youthful Cheeks, and that he made him no Answer, he desir'd the Company to stay a little,

while he took him into a little private Examination.

248

Now while the Judge was thus discoursing, and laying the Law to D. Lewis, there happen'd a great Hurly-burly at the Inn-Gate; for it feems that two Men, who had lay'n i'the Inn that Night, finding the People of the House were all busie, wou'd fain ha' stol'n away without paying their Reckoning; but the Inn keeper more mindful of his Bar, then of Love ftories, ftopp'd 'em at the Gate; and being in a Passion, demanded his Money with so much Choler and foul Language, that the two Men began to return him Score for his Scores, and to pay him in hard Blows, which they laid on fo thick, that the Inn keeper was forc'd to cry out for help. Presently the Hostess and her Daughter ran to his Affistance; but not able to do any good, the Daughter perceiving Don Quixote walking about, as one that had least to do i' the Company, ran speedily to him, and pulling him by the Arm, Sir, faid she, I beseech ye, now shew that invincible Power that Heaven has bestow'd upon ye, and help my poor Father yonder in distress, and ready to be murder'd by two monstrous Giants. Fair Lady, answer'd Don Quixote, with a flegmatick Gravity, and a most furly Grace, you must excuse me, for indeed my word is past, and I dare not engage in any Quarrel, till I have finish'd an Adventure which I have promis'd to undertake. All the Service I can do your Ladyship at present, is only to give your Father good Counsel. Go then to the Constable of the Castle, and bid him maintain the Combat to his best Advantage, so as not to be vanquish'd; either by fighting on, or running away, as shall be most for his Convenience. In the mean time I will wait upon the Princess of Micomicon, for leave to affift him; which if I obtain, as I make no question but to do, you shall see me deliver him safe out of his Enemies hands either dead or alive. Wo is me a Sinner, cry'd Maritornes! before you can get leave of the Princess, my Master will be in another World. Pray Ladies, answer'd he, be but so kind as to suffer me to ask that leave, which is so necessary for me to obtain. For then, what tho the Constable of the Caftle should be i'the other World? I'le fetch him thence with a Wannion in spite of all the Devils in Hell; or at least I'le revenge him so dismally upon his Enemies, that I'le fend 'em all to a worse Place. And so saying, he went and threw himself at Madam Doroty's Knees, and in the most ex-

quisite Terms that the Romantick Raptures of Knight-Errantry could express, most humbly belought her to release him a minute or two from the Chains of her Service, that he might but only go and rescue the Constable of the Castle from the Saracen-laws of two inhuman Giants that were ready to devour him. To which the Princess having most graciously condescended, the Knight grasping his keen Kil-zadog, and covering his lest-Shoulder with his Buckler, flew like lightning to the Gate of the Castle, where the two Butchers were belabouring the Constable, like two Fellows dusting an old Piece of Arras. But no fooner did he behold the two Combatants, but of a fudden he ftopp'd fhort, like a Setting-dog upon the Scent of a Covey, and stood as stock-still, as if his Feet had been enchanted to the Ground; and whatever the Daughter and Maritornes could do, to provoke and incense his noble Passion, wou'd not stir the tenth part of an Inch. 'Tis against the Laws of Chivalry, cry'd Don Quixote, for me to employ my Sword in the Murder of mean and paltry Squires; and therefore call Sancho- the Honour of these pitiful Jobs of Revenge belongs to him. This was the Issue of Don Quixote's Assistance, while the two Butchers were mawling the poor Inn-keeper's Face and Eyes without Mercy: at what time the Hostess, her Daughter, and Maritornes enrag'd to see the Champions Courage fo strangely bank'd, call'd him ten thousand Dastards,

and cowardly Rascals, fitter to drive Hogs then to be a Knight-Errant.

All this while the Judge and Don Lewis were in deep Discourse toge. ther, who being press'd by the Judge to tell him the reason of his forry Disguise, and the Ramble he had tak'n: Sir, said he, grasping hard the Judge's hand in his own, like a person who had something that lay heavy at his Heart, and with Tears in his Eyes, My Distemper is Love, the common Plague of Youth in this World: For, having feen your Daughter, Mrs. Clara, while you liv'd over-against my Father's House, to be free wi ye, Sir, her Beauty has made a Wound i'my Heart, that i'my Conscience you may lay your three Fingers in it; and therefore fince only she can be my Surgeon, if you think it convenient, the Price of her Cure shall be a loving Husband in the Person of Don Lewis; and this is the true Reason wherefore I have thus forfak'n my Father's House, resolving to follow her where-ever she go; altho as yet, I know, she's not acquainted with my Passion, in regard I was never yet so happy as to express my Passion to her. In fhort, Sir, you know who I am; I am my Father's only Son and Heir, as my Mother affur'd Him, and he believes. If then you think me worthy your Alliance, make me happy at last in the Possession of your Daughter: and I make no question, but you will find in me a Son-in-Law as dutiful, and a Husband as respectful as you can desire; and as for my own Father, should he have other Designs of disposing me, that will become frustrate by my own choice; I make no question but when he sees how well I have chosen for my self, he will heark'n to Reason.

Here the inamour'd young Gentleman flopp'd, while the Judge in a ffrange Surprize, and not knowing what Answer to make of a sudden, as being us'd to deliberate before he gave Sentence, faid no more, but bid the young Gentleman not disquiet himself; for that, if he could prevail with his Father's Servants to let him stay that Day, he would consider his Case, and contrive what was most proper to be done for his Satisfaction. Upon which Don Lewis, forcing the Auditor's hand to his Mouth, carefs'd it with his Lips, and bath'd it with his Tears; which so mollify'd the Judge's Heart, especially knowing how advantageous a Match D. Lewis would prove

Book IV.

bolical Encounter.

to his Daughter, that the Match had been made, had Don Lewis's Father

been there to have agreed upon the Toynture.

250

By this time the Inn keeper and his Guests were at peace and quiet; for tho Don Quixote could not prevail by his huffing and swaggering, yet he laid the Law to the Butchers with that Discretion and Moderation, that they paid their Reckoning, and quietly departed. D. Lewis's Servants also patiently expected the end of the Judge's Discourse, and their Master's Resolution. In a word, all things were hush'd and quiet again; or at least, there was a fair Probability of a general Peace; when as the Devil, that perpetual Coyner of Mischief, would have it, who should enter the Inn, but the Barber from whom Don Quixote had forcibly tak'n Mambrino's Helmet, and Sancho the Furniture of his Afs, by way of an honest high-way Exchange. This fame Barber carry'd his Mule into the Stable, where feeing Sancho Panca, and calling him again to mind; Most noble Squire Thief, quo he, have I found ye at length! and then seconding his Words with down-right Blows; Restore me, Rogue, my Bason, my Pack-saddle, and the rest of my Furniture, or I'le make Mummie o' thy Bones. Sancho finding himfelf fo unexpectedly affaulted, and which was worfe, fo fcandaloufly abus'd with fcurrilous Language, fnatch'd up the Pack-faddle, for which the Barber contested, with one hand, and with the Knuckles of the other, directed his Fift so full upon the Barber's Chop's, that he unloofen'd all that fide of his Teeth, and made him swallow an Ounce of his Blood. For all this the Barber would not let go his hold o' the Pack saddle, but after he had empty'd his Mouth as well as he could, bawl'd out with all his force, and made fuch a Noise, that the Guests ran all to the Stable to understand the reason of the Combustion-Justice, Justice, i'the King's Name, quo the Barber; here's a high-way Rogue has robb'd me, and because I challenge my Goods where I find em, the Villain wou'd murder me-Ye impudent Tooth-drawing Dog, cry'd Sancho, I a High-way-man! ye lye i' your Throat; these are the Spoils of War, which my Master fairly gain'd in Battel. Don Quixote beheld all this with incredible Delight, pleas'd in his Soul to fee how vigorously his Squire defended himself, and offended his Adversary. And now he began to think his Squire a Man of Prowess, and resolv'd to have him Dubb'd with the first Opportunity, as believing the Order would receive great Advantage by his Valour.

As for the Barber, he made a better Defence with his Tongue then with his Fists. And among other things, Gentlemen, cry'd he, this Pack-saddle is as much mine, as my Life is his that gave it me; and I know it again as well as if I had brought it into the World. There's my Mule i' the Stable, that fcorns I should be tak'n in a Lye, do but try the Pack-saddle upon his Back, and if it don't fit him as exactly as ever any Lady's Stays that were made by a French Taylor, hang me upon the Sign-post without Doors. Nay, this was not all—for the fame day I was robb'd, they took from me a brass Bason spick and span new, that had never been us'd i' this World, and cost me a hard Angel but two days before. Here Don Quixote could not refrain, and therefore interpoling, and parting the two Combatants, after he had laid it fairly to be feen by all the Company, till the Controversie were fully determin'd; Gentlemen, said he, Lam glad you are here to be the equal Judges of the gross Mistake of this worshipful Squire, who calls a brafs Bason, that which was, is, and ever will be, Mambrino's Helmer, and which I won from him in fingle Combat; at what time, not only his Helmet, but his Life was forfeited to my victorious Sword. As for the pretended Pack-saddle, 'tis no concern of mine; all that I can say to it, is this; That after I had vanquish'd this Hedge bird of a Knight-Errant, my Squire

Squire Sancho ask'd me leave to exchange Harnesses, that is to say, to take the Knight's Saddle and Housses to put upon his own Ass, which I gave him Permission to do; but how that Saddle and Housses should come to be chang'd into a Pack-saddle, is past my Apprehension, unless it should be done by the Power of those Enchantments so frequent in Knight-Errantry. And now to confirm what I fay, Go, Sirrah Sancho, go presently and fetch me the Helmet, which this Son of Infamy calls a Bason. By my new-won Honour, quo Sancho, if we have no better Proof then your Helmet. we shall lose our Cause: For a Bason will be a Bason; and a Pack saddle a Pack-saddle, tho you talk till Dooms-day. Do as I bid thee, for all that, cry'd Don Quixote and don't make me believe the Devil works altogether by Inchantment l'this Castle— Thereupon Sancho having setch'd the Bason, Don Quixote holding it up in his hand; Look ye now, Gentlemen, said he, how is it possible that this Mahometan of a Squire should be fo confident as to maintain, that this is not a Helmet? And yet by the Order of Knighthood which I profess, this is the very Helmet which I took from that brazen-fac'd Infidel, without Addition or Diminution. Yes by

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

### CHAP. XVIII.

my Honour is it, quo Sancho, and ever fince my Master has been the Owner

of it, he never wore it but in one Combat, and that was when he fet the

unfortunate Galley-flaves at Liberty; and in good Sooth-law, happy was

it for him that he had this Bason of a Helmet to defend his Brains from a

Shower of Stones and Brick-batts that rain'd upon his Scull in that Dia-

Wherein are decided the Controversies touching the Helmet and Pannel, with other Adventures as they really happen'd.

IS very well, my Mafters; pray tell me now what's your Opinion of these worthy, right worshipful Russians, that have the Impudence to out face ye, that this is a Helmet and not a Bason? He that dares say the contrary, cry'd Don Quixote, if he be a Knight, then a'lyes ten times in his Throat, and I'le justifie't; but if a Squire, he's a Lyer ten thousand times, and I'le prove it. Thereupon Mr. Nicholas the other Barber, willing to support Don Quixote in his Folly, and to drive the Jest a little farther for the Divertisement of the Company; Sir Barber, quo he, addressing himself to his Brother Tooth-drawer, know that I am a dignify'd Brother of the same Trade or Mystery with your self; and as I have been admitted of the Company these twenty Years, I understand all the Instruments that belong to your Barber's Trade, from the Wash ball and Earpicker, to the Blood-letting Lancet and Crow's-foot. More then that, I have exercis'd in Cripple gate Church-yard, and understand a close Helmet, a Morion, and a Head-piece, and the distinguishing Difference between all these three; and I do affirm, with something of Submission to better Judgments, That that same piece which the Worshipful Knight holds there in his hands, is no more like a Barber's Bason, then a Medlar's like a Lobster: and therefore, I say 'tis a Helmet, tho I must confess not so well shap'd nor so near and compleat, as you shall see hang up in the Halls belonging to the Houses of some ancient Families. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don K k 2 Quixote,

Quixote, because the Beaver is wanting, which is no less then one half of the whole. The Knight speaks with Discretion, and like a Person of Judoment, quo the Curate, who well understood Mr. Nicholas's Design. Cardenio also, and D. Ferdinand, together with his Friends, agreed in the same Opinion. As for the Judge, 'twas beneath his Gravity to mind these Fooleries; besides, he had found a Match that lik'd him for his Daughter, and therefore he was plodding how to bring it about, according to Law.

God forgive me, quo the Barber, fetching a deep Sigh! how is it posfible fo many worthy Gentlemen should be fo beetle-blind, as not to difcern a Bason from a Helmet? 'Slife! 'tis enough to puzzle the most learned University i' the World. Why, had ye been all fo many blind Harpers. ve might have known a Bason from a Helmet by your feeling- And now the Bason's gone, I find what will become o' my Pannel; for if the Bason be

a Helmet, the Pannel must be a War-saddle by Consequence.

For my part, reply'd Don Quixote, Imust needs confess I believe it to be a Pack-saddle; but as I told ye before, those mean things are beneath my Decision; and therefore whether it be a Pannel or a War saddle. I shall not turmovle my Brains. My Lord Don Quixote, consider I pray, reply'd the Curate, 'tis your Bufiness in such like Difficulties as these, to rule the Roast with absolute Dominion. For in matters of Chivalry, there is not one in all the Company but fubmits to your Determination, and as they ought in Duty, are refolv'd to abide by it. By the spangl'd Spheres of Heaven, Gentlemen, quo Don Quixote, you honour me to a high Degree; but so many, and so strange have been the Adventures I ha' met with in this Castle, both times that I have layn here, that I dare not determine affirmatively of what I fee with my own Eyes; which makes me believe that nothing but Enchantment governs this Castle. The first time I was plagu'd almost out of my Life by an enchanted Moor; and Sancho my Squire was no less tormented by an invisible Legion of the same infernal Hue. And then again, but yesterday, which is but of a fresh date. I was hung up by one Arm for two hours together, not being able to divine who the Devil should do me the Injury, unless it were the Devil himself, or fome of his footy Co-partners. And now for me to undertake to unriddle Mysteries so perplex'd and confus'd, would be but rashly to provoke Beelzebub to do me more Mischief. I have told ye my Opinion already concerning the Helmet; but as to the business of the Pannel, to decide whether it is a Pack-saddle or a War-saddle, I dare not adventure to do it. That belongs rather to you, Gentlemen; for that perhaps not being Dubb'd Knights as I am, Enchantments may have no power to hurt ye, and you may be able to make a founder Judgment of the Transactions, while the Objects shall appear without Inchantment to your Senses, what really and truly they are, not as they appear to me.

Without question, quo D. Ferdinand, the Lord Don Quixote speaks nothing but Reason; this business falls properly under our Determination: and therefore that we may proceed regularly, and upon fure Grounds, I will collect the Suffrages of every one in particular privately by himself, and so let the Plurality of Voices carry it. This was sufficient matter of Pastime to those that understood Don Quixote's Humour: But D. Lewis, his Father's Servants, and the three new-enter'd Guests, who seem'd to be Bum-bayliss, as indeed they were, look'd upon it as a meer frolick, but knew not what to make of it.

All this while the Barber was at his Wits end, to see his Bason transmogrify'd before his Eyes into a Helmet, and made no question but that his Pack saddle would undergo e're long as bad a Change, at least, for him-

felf. And therefore twas not for him to be so merry as the rest, who could not forbear smiling to see how seriously D. Ferdinand went about collect. ing the Votes, and whispering every one in the Ear, with such a starch'd and compos'd Gravity, as if it had been a Concern of Life and Death. After he had tak'n the Verdicts of all that were acquainted with Don Quixote's Humour, addreffing himself to the Barber with a loud Voice. Honest Friend, said he, the Case is this, I am weary of asking the same Question so many times, especially finding that still they make me the fame Answer. For there is not one but tells me, 'tis the greatest Folly i' the World, to ask'em, whether this be the Pannel of an Ass, or no, since 'tis so visible to all Men of Sense and Judgment, that 'tis a Saddle; and not only a Saddle, but the Saddle of a Horse of Value; and they question whether it might not have been some Mayor's, or some Sheriff's Horse, confidering the Ruines of the Trappings. And therefore your only Remedy must be the mad Dog's Cure, Patience per-force. For in spite of your Nose, and let your Ass bray never so many Arguments to the contrary, this is a War-saddle, only you have made a wrangling Dispute to no purpose. and prov'd nothing.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

May I never enter into Paradife, cry'd the poor Barber, if ye are not all a Company of Ignoramus Jury men, as wife and as worshipful as ye are; and may my Soul no otherwise appear in Heaven, then as this appears to me to be a Pack-saddle: But Might has overcome Right, and so let it go. Yet after this, I am fure I am not drunk, nor have I tasted so much as a bit

o' Bread to day, unless it were i'my Sleep.

Book IV.

Thus the Follies of the Barber caus'd no less Laughter then the Extravagancies of Don Quixote, who having got the Day; Come, faid he, there remains now no more to be done, but that we take our own Goods where we find em. And fo faying, he feiz'd upon the Bason, while Sancho carry'd away the Pack-faddle, and the discontented Barber grumbl'd out a thou-

fand Curses against the Partiality and Injustice of his Jury.

But the Devil could not be fatisfy'd to see a Comedy conclude so pleafantly, without any Mischief at all in it; and therefore he enters one of D. Lewis's Servants, who being so possess'd, would need be spending his Verdict where he had nothing to do; quo he, like a pragmatical Coxcomb, If this were not a piece of premeditated Drollery, how the Devil can it be, that so many Persons that seem to be Gentlemen of Quality and Underflanding, should be so strangely over seen, as to mistake a Fox for a Civet-Cat? But fince they both fay and affirm it, there must need be some Myflery i' the thing, or elfe I fwear — (and with that, he wrapp'd out three or four Cannon-bullet Oathes) a Legion of St. Francis's, and St. Dominic's shall never make me believe, but that yonder's a Bason, and that there's an Ass's Pack-saddle. Don't swear so fast, quo the Curate, for it may be a Mule's, for ought you know. As you please for that, quo the Fellow, still I say, 'tis a Pack-saddle. Thereupon one of the Bumms that last enter'd the Inn, and had liften'd to the Dispute, all in a Heat and Fury to hear such a Paradox maintain'd; 'Tis as really a Pack-saddle, quo he, as ever my Father was my Father; and whoever faies, or shall fay the contrary, must be either mad or drunk as a Grape. Ye lye like a Dog, reply'd Don Quixote; and with that, heaving up his Lance, which he always carry'd in his hand, he made fuch a difinal Blow at the Bailiff's Pate, that had he not skipp'd for his Life, the Knight had laid him forawling at his Feet, where half the Lance lay in Splinters upon the Ground already, with the Fury of the Stroke. Upon which, the rest of the Bailiss seeing the bad Entertainment of their

Book IV.

Companion, fell a tearing their ungodly Throats for the Constable. Their Yauling and Bawling brought out the Inn-keeper, who being one of the worshipful Fraternity, hasten'd to their Relief, with his rusty Basket hilted Rapier, and fides with his Brethren. D. Lewis's Father's Servants fearing his Escape, withdrew to secure their Charge. The Barber perceiving the whole Inn in a Hurly-burly, defirous to take the Opportunity, runs away to regain his Pack-faddle, while Sancho fuspecting his Design, was no less diligent to fecure his own Right. In the mean time Don Quixote draws. and with his keen Kil zadog attacks the Bumms. And now the Devil's Sport begins. D. Lewis entreats, defires, commands his Guardians to run and affift Don Quixote, D. Ferdinand, and Cardenio, who by this time were all engag'd in his Quarrel. The Curate bawls out a thousand For God-sakes. Gentlemen; the Hostess squall'd, her Daughter squeal'd, Maritornes howl'd: Mrs. Doroty trembl'd: Lucinda quak'd; Mrs. Clara quiver'd; the Barber cuff'd Sancho, and Sancho maul'd the Barber. On the other fide, D. Lewis perceiving himself held by the Wast-band of his Breeches by one of his Father's Servants, for fear he should make his Escape, gave him such a Salute full i' the Mouth, for his Sauciness, that he fent four of his Teeth to chew over his Meat again in his Stomach. Don Ferdinand trampl'd one of the Bailiffs under his Feet, as if he had been treading Grapes in a Wine-Trough; and Cardenio laid about him like Garagamua himfelf, while the Inn keeper in vain invoked all the Justices o' the Quorum i' the County. So that the whole Inn was in a hellish Disorder, where nothing was to be heard but Out-cries, Lamentations, Howling, Yelling, clashing of Swords, and a Loathbury Noise of Thwacks, Thumps, Buffets, Bastinado's, Knocks, Drubs, and Whirrets; besides a thousand disgraceful Dogs, Rogues, Thieves, Murderers, Villains, Sons a' Whores, Hoyday - as if Hell it felf had been let loofe You wou'd ha' fworn t'had been the Devil's own Bear-Garden. In the midst of this Chaos and dreadful Confusion, Don Quixote, whose Memory never fail'd him so long as he kept his Scull whole, began to bethink himself of the Mutiny that happen'd in Agrimant's Camp; and believ-

ing himself engag'd in the thickest of that fatal Medley, with a roaring Voice that made the very Beams of the Inn shake; Hold a while, cry'd he, sheath your Swords, and give ear to my seasonable Admonitions, as ye value the Preservation of your Lives. Such was the Terror of his Voice, that as if the Grand Signior himself had spoken, they all stopp'd of a fudden, and prick'd up their Ears in Expectation of all the Proverbs in Erasmus; at what time Don Quixote proceeding: 'Have I not told ye, Gentlemen, quo he, that this Castle is enchanted, and that 'tis posses'd with a whole Legion of Devils? Now to confirm what I fay, do but ob-'ferve with your own Eyes, and then tell me whether that damn'd Squabble that happen'd in Agrimant's Camp, have not squeez'd it self in 'among us. Do but observe how, at that time, one fought for a Horse, another for a Doxy; one for an Eagle, another for a Crow; one for a 'Greyhound, another for a Setting-dog; just as we now cut and hack one 'another, yet neither know for what, nor who are our Friends, nor who 'are our Foes. Pray, therefore, you Mr. Judge, and you Mr. Curate, come 'hither; let the one be King Agrimant, and the other King Sobrin; and 'do you endeavour to reconcile us. For before George and the feven Cham-'pions, 'tis a shame that so many Persons of Quality, as here are now, 6 should fight and kill one another for Helmets and Pack-saddles.

The Bumbailiffs not at all acquainted with Don Quixote's Raptures, and who had been rudely Rib roasted by Cardenio, D. Ferdinand, and his Friends,

were all for Revenge, and would hearken to no Accommodation. But the Barber was for a Truce, in regard his Pannel was broken, and his Beard almost all torn from his Chin. D. Lewis's Servants were easily perfwaded, well knowing how much it concern'd 'em to mind a business of far greater Importance. And Sancho gave over as foon as he heard his Master's Voice, like a vertuous and obedient Servant. Only the Inn keeper could not suppress his Choler, breathing the utter Extirpation of that impertinent Dotard, that did nothing but diffurb the Peace of his Inn. and plague him with continual Brawls and Quarrels. However, at length the Riot was appeas'd, or at least, there was a Cessation of Arms; the Pack-saddle continu'd to be a War saddle, and the Bason to be a Helmet, and Don Quixote fancy'd the Inn to be a Castle, as before, without Controul or Contradiction

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Thus by the indefatigable Pains of the Judge and the Curate, Peace being concluded, and all become Friends, or at least seeming so to be, Don Lewis's Servants renew'd their Importunities to him, that he would be pleas'd to return home to his Father; at what time, while D. Lewis was holding the Servants in suspence, and considering how to be rid of 'em, the Judge taking D. Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the Curate aside, gave 'em an account of what D. Lewis had discover'd to him, and desir'd 'em to give him their Advice what was fit to be done. Thereupon they all agreed, that D. Ferdinand should make known to D. Lewis's Servants who he was, and promise to take the young Gentleman home along with him, where he should be receiv'd and entertain'd according to his Quality; for that they found D. Lewis fully refolv'd not to fee his Father as yet, unless they carry'd him whom Piece-meal. Nor durft the Servants resist, when they understood D. Ferdinand's Dignity, and the Resolution of D. Lewis; so that they concluded among themselves, that three of 'em should return back to give an Account of their Journey to his Father, and that one should tarry behind to wait upon the young Gentleman. And thus the Authority of Agramant, and the Prudence of King Sobrin, pacify'd all Difcords, and ruin'd the dreadful Structure of Contention and Division, which the Devil had rais'd.

But Satan, that profess'd Enemy of Concord, disdaining to see his Building thus demolish'd, and himself mock'd, and robb'd of the Fruit of his Labours, while he was but only stepp'd aside a little way, to sow a Handful or two more of Diffention in another Place, refolv'd to try one trick more before they parted, to fet 'em all together by the Ears, as they were before. Thereupon he whispers one of the Bailiffs i'the Ear, who being no Ignoramus i' the Devil's Language, both understood, and was easily perswaded by him. Besides, he had been soundly thrash'd by Don Quixote, who, it feems, had particularly taken him to task, and Revenge was fweet; and this was another Motive besides the Devil's Temptation. Remembring therefore what the Devil had told him, he pulls his Letter case out of his Pocker, and there among other Papers, finds a Chief Justice's Warrant against Don Quixote, upon a Complaint made for rescuing several condemn'd Rogues from their Keepers, who were to carry em to the Sea-side, in order to their Transportation. Having open'd his Warrant, he read it very leisurely, at the end of every Line, staring Don Quixote i' the Face, and still comparing the Lineaments of his Countenance, with the Description made of his Phyfognomy i' the Warrant. By which means being at length fully affur'd, that he was the Person intended in the Warrant, he darted himself upon Don Quixote, like a Lyon upon his Prey, and catching him by the Collar,

held him so fast with his Thumb upon his Wind-pipe, that he hardly gave him Liberty to breath, crying out at the same time, Take notice, Gentlemen, that by Virtue of this Warrant, I feize this Fellow here; he's a Thief and a High-way-man, and therefore I charge ye i'the King's Name. to affift me. The Curate read the Warrant, and found it true as the Bailiff faid. But the Knight finding himself so rudely handl'd by a Scoundrel. and call'd Thief and High way man befide, fell into fuch a prodigious Rage, that you might have heard his very Bones grind one against another in his Skin; and notwithstanding the hold which the Bailist had of him, he clapt both his hands with that Violence to the Bailiff's Throat, that he had certainly strangl'd him without the help of a Lute string, had not his Companions come all to his Rescue. Thus, while some took Don Quixote's part, and the Inn-keeper ran to help his Brethren, here was the Devil to do again. The Hostels seeing her Husband engag'd in new Broils, exalts her hideous Voice, while her Daughter and Maritornes put in for two upper parts, enough to ha' frighted the Devil out of a Body posses'd. Heavens bless us, cry'd Sancho! beholding this new Combustion, certainly my Master spoke Truth, when he said this Castle was inchanted; nay, more then that, I believe all the Devils in Hell are broke loofe, that a Man can't have an hours rest i'this damn'd Hole. Well—at last Don Ferdinand parted Don Quixote and the Bailiff, to the great ease of both, who were mutually grasping each other's Throats, with a murderous Defign. Nevertheless, the Bailiffs demanded their Prisoner, and requir'd Aid to bind him, and deliver him up into their hands as the King's Prifoner. a High-way man, and a Rifler of Travellers. On the other fide Don Quixote laugh'd at their seizure of his Body, and with his usual Gravity; 'Hark 've me Caitiffs, and Scum of the Earth, faid he, Do you call him a 'High-way-man, and a Rifler of Travellers, that fets at liberty poor Peo-'ple in Chains; delivers diffressed Captives, succours the afflicted, and 'rescues the oppressed? Infamous Rascals! whose abject Cowardise, and 'Understanding not equal to that of a Dormouse, renders ye unworthy that 'Heaven should impart to your Knowledge the Vertue of Knight-Erran-'try, or convince ye of the Sin ye commit, or Ignorance ye are in, for 'not adoring the Shadow, much more the personal Assistance of a Magna-'nimous Knight-Errant. One word more, Scoundrels of Bailiffs! not Officers of Justice, Robbers, under pretence of Authority, tell me who that Justice was, that was so bold to sign a Warrant against a Knight of 'my Order? Some ignorant Wharfinger or other, who never understood 'that Knight-Errants are no Game for Justice to hawk after; that they 'acknowledge no Judge or Tribunal i' the World: that they have no o ther Laws but their Swords, nor obey any other Statutes, Edicts, or Or-'dinances, but their own Will. What impertinent Justass of the Peace, 'continu d he, was that, who was so ignorant, as not to know that there is not any Title of Nobility can claim fo many Priviledges, Prerogatives, and Exemptions, as are due to a Knight-Errant, the very moment that he is Dubb'd, and devotes himself to that illustrious, the laborious Calling? 'What Knight-Errant ever paid Customs, Subsidies, Taxes, or Tolls, Knight-Baronet's Fees, Royal Aid, or Hearth-money? What Taylor ever askt him Money for making his Clothes? What Constable ever refus'd him Entrance 'into his Castle? Or who ever ask'd a Knight-Errant to pay a Cook for his Meat and Drink? Where is that King or Prince that has not always giv'n Knight-Errants free Admittance to their Tables? Or where is that Lady that has not been charm'd with their Merit, and submitted to their VaBook IV. The Renowned Don Quixote.

6 lour? Lastly, where was ever, is, or will be that Knight-Errant that has 'not himself alone a Strength and Courage liberal enough to bestow four ' hundred Bastinado's upon four hundred miscreant Bumms, if they dare be

'fo hardy as to accept of his Kindness?

#### CHAP. XIX.

Containing the notable Adventure of the Bailiffs, and declaring mithal, the horrible Wrath of the most Noble Don Quixote.

7 7 Hile Don Quixote was defying Law and Justice after this raving manner, the Curate endeavour'd to perswade the Bailiss, that Don Quixote was out of his Wits, as they might rationally judge themselves, as well by his Actions as his Words; and therefore that they would have no Thanks for their Labour, to feize and hurry away a mad Man to the Trouble of those that would as foon release him for a Lunatick, as he was. To which the Fellow that had the Warrant, made Answer, That it was not for him to judge, whether he were a Fool or a Knave, but only to execute his Warrant; which when he had done, let the Judges give him a hundred Discharges, 'twas nothing to him. I hear ye, and understand ye, quo the Curate, however for this one time you shall not carry him away; neither do I believe that he himself will suffer ye to do it, for you'l find him a tough piece a' Flesh, a'my word. In short, the Curate knew so well how to preach to the Bailiffs, and Don Quixote committed fo many Extravagancies at the same time, that the Bailiffs had been madder then he, had they not submitted to the Curate, and concluded to return a Non est inventus upon the Writ. Thus was Don Quixote secur'd from one of the greatest Perils that ever had like to ha' befall'n him in this Life: And the Bailiffs of their own accords, undertook to make an Accomodation between the Barber and Sancho; who ready to eat one another, still continu'd their Malice and Hatred, and fain wou'd ha' had the t'other Brush. But the Bailiffs being a fort of Retainers to Justice, the two embitter'd Enemies could not refuse their Mediation, wherein they behav'd themselves with such an unusual Equity, give the Devil his due, that both Parties submitted to their Determination, if not fully contented, yet in some measure satisfy'd; the Pannels being both exchang'd, but neither the Halters nor the Girts. And as for the Helmet, the Curate gave the Barber two Shillings for it, caufing him to fign a general Release, at the same time, to the Knight, of all Actions, or Causes of Action, Suits, Endictments, Prosecutions, &c. from the beginning of the World to the Day of the date.

These two important Quarrels thus decided; the next thing was to fend away D. Lewis's Servants back to their Master, leaving only one to attend the young Gentleman; which the other three were easily perswaded to do; first, because they could not help it; and secondly, because they left him in fafe hands. So that Mrs. Clara, finding that at length the should have the Company of her beloved Smock-face, was so over-joy'd, that she look'd as fresh as a Rose in Tune, and seem'd ten times handsomer then she did before. As for Zoraida, who understood not the Reason of things, for want of understanding the Language, she observed her Female-Companions,

and when they laugh'd, she laugh'd; when they were sad, she was forrowful. And in Cases of Difficulty, she watch'd the Motions of her Captives Eyes, as your Dancing-horses observe the Hand and Switch of their boystrous Pædagogues.

There was only one thing more to be done to procure a perfect Reconciliation, which was, to fatisfie the Inn keeper for Don Quixote's Actions of Battery. For the Inn-keeper observing the Composition which the Comrate had made with the Barber, demanded Satisfaction for his Boracho's and his Wine, and like a true Captain of a Vintner, brought in his Bill double the Sum, staring and swearing, that neither Rosinante, Sancho, nor his As should stir, by Virtue of an Inchantment call'dan Attachment, that he had laid upon 'em, till he was paid the utmost Farthing. To which the Curate; Men of no Conscience, quo he, (as but few Vintners are) must not be their own Carvers; and fo taking the Bill, and making an equitable Deduction upon every Item, he procur'd of D. Ferdinand to lay down the Money, and order'd the Vintner to acknowledge the Receipt of his Bill to Don Quixote, with an All's paid, and y' are welcome, Sir. Thus was a Pyrenean Peace a second time concluded, and the Diffention and Slaughter in Agramant's Camp exchang'd for the Repose and Tranquility of Augustus's Reign, as Don Quixote himself most learnedly observ'd. And all the People in the Inn observing that this Miracle was wrought by the Prudence of the Peace making Curate, and the Liberality of D. Ferdinand, they returned to both their most hearty Thanks.

And now Don Quixote finding himself disingag'd from all manner of Quarrels or Combats, either for his own Honour, or in his Squire's behalf, began to bethink himself once more of the Adventure which he had undertaken, and that it was now high time to accomplish it. Full of these Thoughts he went and threw himfelf at Madam Doroty's Feet; who with no less Humility, unwilling to receive his Addresses in that humble Posture, made him a Sign to rise; which he observing, and being got upon his Legs, 'Most Noble, and most Illustrious Lady, said he, there is an old, old Proverb that tells us, Diligence is the Mother of good Fortune; and Experience teaches 'us. That in all Undertakings of Moment, Pains and Vigilance furmount the 'greatest Difficulties. The Truth of which appears in nothing so much 'as in War, where a watchful Care to prevent the Designs of the Enemy, ' frequently gains a complete Triumph, before the other has time to defend 'himself. I speak this, most Excellent Princess, because it seems to me, ' that our stay in this Castle is not only to no purpose, but may also prove greatly to our Disadvantage. For who knows, but that by this time the Giant Pandafilando may by his fecret Spies have got Intelligence, that I 'am haft'ning to his Destruction; and so taking the Opportunity of the 'time which we loofe, he may have fortify'd himself in some Castle, which 'all the Strength of my indefatigable Hands, and boiffrous Shoulders shall 'not be able to demolish, either by tearing out the Stones one by one, or 'shoving it down all at once, in forty Years; to the great Disappointment of my Honour, and your Happiness. Therefore, I say, let us prevent his Designs by our Diligence and Speed; let us then make haste and be gone; ' for the longer it is before I come to grapple with your Enemy, the longer 'it will be before you obtain your Desires.

Here Don Quixote stopt and said no more, but with a compos'd Gravity awaited the Princess's Answer; who with a set Countenance, and Expressions accommodated to the Knight's Humour and Language; Most Invincible Knight, said she, your eager Desire to relieve me in my Missortunes, obliges

me for ever to acknowledge your Favour, which I could not expect from any Deferts of my own, but as you are a courteous Knight, to whom it belongs to fuccour the Distressed and Necessitous: Propitious Heaven accomplish both our Wishes, to the end I may be in a Condition to let you see there are Women in the World that know how to be grateful. As to what concerns my Departure, I am ready at this Instant, as having no other Will but yours; dispose of it therefore as you please your self, for you may be sure that she who has entrusted in your Hands the Interests of her Kingdom, and the Desence of her Person, can have no ill Opinion of your Prudence and Conduct.

In the Name of all the Twelve Cafars, let's away then, reply'd Don Quixote; and fince so great a Princess condescends to this Humility before me, let's not lose the Opportunity to recompence her Lowliness, by an Exaltation equal to her Dignity, and a Restoration to her Hereditary Throne. Then Madam let's not stay one minute longer, Delays breed Danger; but hang Danger, 'tis Honour spurs me on. Danger! what's that?— 'Slife! Heaven never created that thing, nor Hell e're saw that Monster, that could ever scare Don Quixote— Saddle Rossinante, Sancho— pannel thy As—and get ready the Queen's Palfrey— That done, we'll only take our leave of the Constable and these noble Knights— and then Giant, have at thee— Come, Madam, your Hoods and Scars, where are they?

Ah! Master, Master, cry'd Sancho, shaking his Head, there's more Knavery i'the Village then every body thinks of; I beg pardon of all vertuous Ladies for fo faying. What Knavery, Dog, Slave, Traytor, reply'd Don Quixote? What Knavery in any Village, or in all the Cities of the World, can there be to my Dishonour? Nay, Sir, quo Sancho, if y' are angry, Sir, Ple bung up my Mouth. All that I had to fay, was only to ha told ye what I thought my felf oblig'd to tell ye, as being your Squire, and what a faithful Servant ought to tell his Master. Say what thou canst, reply'd Don Quixote, but not a Syllable to cool the Ardour of my Resolution. If Fear possess thee, go hang thy felf; for my part, I know not what Fear is, but when I behold it in the Countenances of my vanquish'd Enemies. As I'm a Sinner to Heaven, Sir, y' are out of the way. All that I intended to ha' faid, is only this Here's a Lady, forfooth, that pretends to be Princess of Micomicon, when she's no more Princess of Micomicon then my Mother that's dead and bury'd. For if she were such a great Princess, as the faies the is, the wou'd never lie fmacking and flabbering the Snout of one ithis Company, as the does, to my Knowledge, in every Hole and blind Corner, where they think they are not feen. Sancho's Clownery fetch'd the Blood into Madam Doroty's Cheeks, which her Modelty could not prevent. For true it was, that D. Ferdinand would sometimes privately attempt to reap some part of the Harvest of their mutual Amours; which, Sancho who was all Chastity himself, having spy'd by chance, thought such a Familiarity rather became a Curtesan, then the Queen of a great Kingdom: Besides that, she had promis'd her self to his Master upon the Recovery of her Throne; and therefore he was of Opinion, that his Master might deserve the first Cut for so great a piece of Service. However, Madam, Doroty thought it not fit to take any Cognizance of Sancho's Information; she could answer the Allegorical Knight, but not the down right dunstable Squire: And therefore Sancho proceeding; That which obliges me, Sir, to this Freedom, is this; That I do not think it reasonable, after we have rid hard, fed hard, lain hard, and fuffer'd all the Hards, but drinking hard, for I expect nothing but an empty Celler, and that's the hardest thing of

Book IV.

all; I say, after you ha' flain this same dismal Giant, and laid him as dead as a Pilchard at the Princes's Feet, as ye call her, a Bragadosbio here prickt up in an Inn, shall enjoy the Fruits of all our Labour and Travel: And therefore I say there's no such haste to saddle Rossante, and the Queen's Palfrey, nor to pannel my Ass—no, no, let them that have a mind to the Hare, beat the Bush themselves—'Twas ne're a good time since young Women gave themselves to Idleness— and therefore let every Whore to her Spinning-wheel, and let us to our Victuals.

Which of the Muses shall I now invoke to aid me to express Don Quixote's unexpressible Wrath, when he heard this insolent Discourse of his
Squire. So terrible it was, that with a Face like Mount Atna, casting
forth Fire from his Eyes, and breathing forth nothing but Smoke and
Smother from his Nostrils, with a Voice of Thunder, and his Words
crowding out of his Mouth so thick, as if he had been born in Nutting-time.

'Ye Baker-legg'd, Squint-ey'd Hopper-ars'd, Monky-sac'd, ignorant, stupid, unmannerly, Ill-bred, saucy, soul-mouth'd, muttering Puppy, Whelp,
'Hell-hound, Ribbal, Rogue, Hedge-bird, Hang-dog, Caitiss, Mongrel,
'Bruit, are these Blasphemies for thee to utter i'my Presence, and before
'these illustrious Ladies too? How durst thy lewd Imagination harbour
'fuch abominable Thoughts as these? Get out o' my sight, thou Sink of
'Falshood, Store-house of Iniquity, Magazine of Imposture, Furnace of

'Mischief, Privy-house of Calumny, and perfidious Enemy of all Breeding and good Manners. Be gone, I say, under Pain of my just and heavy Indignation, least, after I have tormented thee, like another Ravillack, I crumble thee to Attomes, and scatter thy irreligious Dust to the four Corners of the World. And having so said, he knit his Brows, and survey'd every Point of the Compass with a grim and direful Aspect, and with his right Foot stamp'd at that rate, that the very Earth trembl'd again; evident Signs of the implacable Fury that instant'd his Bowels.

These dreadful, terrible, dismal, suriband Menaces so amaz'd, consounded, and dismay'd the poor disconsolate Sancho, that Benengeli does not scruple to say, That he wish'd with all his heart, the Earth would have open'd to have swallow'd him up; and not knowing what other Course to take, he shrugg'd up his Shoulders, and like a Dog that had stole a Pudding, slunk from his enraged Master's Presence. But the prudent Madam Doroty, who had sufficiently study'd Don Quixote, to know his Humour, by way of Attonement; Never, said she, Sir Knight of the Ill-savour'd Countenance, let the Follies of your Squire provoke your Passion to so high a degree. Perhaps he might have Reason for what he said, and it may be look'd upon as a Mark of his good Nature and his Conscience to boot, that he attempted to advise ye for your own good, which frees him from any premeditated Intention to prejudice my Reputation. And therefore we are to believe, as you have already said, that questionless there is nothing but Enchantment in this Castle; and through this same Diabolical Delusi-

on it was, that Sancho spoke as he did against my Honour.

Now by the Omnipotent Mars, the God of bloody Battel, cry'd Don Quixare, your Highness has found it out—My life for yours some Necromantical, Satanical Vision has troubl'd the Senses of this miserable Sinner, Sancho, and has caus'd him to dream those Dreams, which nothing but Enchantment could have inspir'd into his Brains; for I know too well the Simplicity and Innocence of that filly Wretch, to think he has Wit enough to bear false Witness against a Worm. It must of necessity be as you say, reply'd D. Ferdinand, and therefore it behoves your Honour, my

Lord Don Quixote, to grant him your free Pardon, and restore him to the Bosom of your Favour, as he was before this villanous Vision embroil'd his Understanding. I pardon him, cry'd Don Quixote; and with that the Curate going to feek for Sancho, brought him again into his Presence: who immediately proftrating himself at his Master's Feet, begg'd that he might have his hand to kifs, which his Master reach'd him forth with a fingular Affability, and then giving him his Benediction to boot; Son San-cho, faid he, now never question what I have told thee so often, that all things are manag'd by the Devil and Enchantment in this Castle. I do believe it, replyd Sancho, nay, I will swear it too, whenever I shall be subpæna'd: For I find that I speak at this time, as if I were enchanted my felf. Only I except the business of the Blanket, for I'm sure there could be no Enchantment in that, where every thing was done according to the ordinary Course of Nature. Mistake not in that, as in all the rest. reply'd Don Quixote; for had it not been fo, I had certainly reveng'd thy Quarrel, and would do it still; but I could not do it then, neither can I do it now; and the Reason is, because I know not upon whom to fix my Revenge, where all I encounter are only invisible Bodies. This made all the Company inquisitive to know what Sancho meant by the Blanket. Upon which the Inn-keeper having given a true and faithful Relation of the whole matter of Fact, the Story fet the whole Company a laughing. but it put Sancho into fuch a Passion, that he had like to ha' fall'n foul upon the Inn-keeper, had not his Master once again assur'd him. That it was nothing but an Act of Enchantment; to which Sancho was conffrain'd feemingly to fubmit, for diverse politick Considerations. For he was not fuch a Fool vet, as to believe his being tosi'd i'the Blanket, to be an Illusion; his own Sufferings convincing him, that it could be nothing else but a piece of Malice executed by mortal Men, compos'd of

Two whole Days had this good Company now spent i'the Inn, and therefore deeming it high time to depart, they confulted which way to get Don Quixote home, without giving D. Ferdinand and Madam Doroty the trouble to ride out of their way, in pursuance of the Frolick of restoring the Princess of Micomicon to her Kingdom. To which purpose many Inventions were propounded, but at last they concluded to agree with a Waggoner that was coming along upon the Road, to carry him home in his Waggon; and how to get him in, they contriv'd in this manner. They made a kind of a strong woodden Cage, so large that a Man might either sit or lie in it at his own ease. Which done, D. Ferdinand and his Friends, Cardenio, D. Lewis's Servants, the Bailiffs and the Inn-keeper, being every one in feveral Difguises, according to the Curate's Direction, as chief Manager of the Defign, enter'd Don Quixote's Chamber. like so many Goblins, who being retir'd to rest himself after his toilsom Extravagancies, lay most sweetly folded in the Arms of Morpheus, little dreaming of the Trap that was preparing for him. In this Condition they swath'd his Arms and Hands to his Sides, and ty'd his Legs, as you fee in your Crape-Shrowd Signs, to prevent all manner of Horse-play.

They had no sooner finish'd their Work but Don Quixote wak'd, and finding himself unable to stir Hand or Foot, and besides that, being surrounded with such a strange Guard of Goblins and Hobthrushes, he was strangely consounded in his Imagination; but being sully waken'd by his Fears, he call'd to mind that he was in an inchanted Castle, and now thinking himself in the middle of all the whole Legion; his Breech

made

261

made Buttons, as being in a deadly Quandary what they intended to do with him, especially perceiving himself so absolutely at the Devil's Mercv. Sancho beheld all this, the only person of all the Company undifguis'd in his Habit; and so far too in his Senses, as to believe there was a Design upon his Master, not of Enchantment, but of Waggery, if 'twere no worse. But having been so dismally snubb'd by his Master so lately before, he durst not fay a Word, till he could make some Discovery whither the Contrivance tended: Besides, he saw his Master was quiet. and wherefore, thought he, should I diffurb him. Indeed Benengeli the Historian saies he began to stink a little; which was the Reason that the Goblins hasten'd to send for his Close stool; where, after they had nail'd him fo fast, that 'twas impossible for him in his Condition to break loose, unless he would ha' ventur'd the Death of Bajazet, they took him upon their Shoulders. But just as they were going out of the Chamber, they heard a Voice, like the found of a deep Bafe, roaring through a fpeak-Trumpet, which made 'em fet down their Load again, to give Attention to the thundering Utterer, who rumbl'd forth these Words:

'Sir Knight of the ill-favour'd Countenance, wonder not at thy Captiviv. for tis no more then what by Fate's Decree must needs befall thee, to the end the desperate Adventure, wherein thy matchless Courage has en-' gag'd thee, may the fooner be accomplish'd. The end of this renowned Adventure shall be known, when the furious Lion of Mancha, and the Milk-white Turtle of Toboso shall delight each other with the Bus-' ses of Matrimony, and humble their Princely Necks under the tender 'Yoke of Wedlock. From whose Embraces shall spring two Lions 'Whelps, whose rampant Claws shall trace the unimitable Foot steps of 'their invincible Father. And this shall be before the lovely Chacer of the 'fugitive Nymph in his natural and rapid Course, has three times parlied 'with the Northern Constellations, and bless'd the Samoeds with Day-'light. And thou the most noble and obsequious Squire that e're handl'd 'glittering Sword, that ever wore Spade-beard upon his Chin, or Sence of Smelling in his Nostrils, grieve not to fee thus hurry'd away before thy Eyes, the Flower and Cream of Chivalry-Errant; for before a certain number of Moons, thou shalt behold thy self exalted to that subblime Degree, that thou shalt seek, and yet not find thy self; while 'thou enjoy'st in peace the absolute Infallibility of thy Lord's most faith-'ful Promises. Once more I assure thee, in the Name of the fam'd Inchantress Telladam'dlya, that thy Herculean Labours shall not remain un-'recompenc'd; but that thou shalt find all thy past Sufferings water'd with the fertile dew of thy long expected Wages and Sallary. Go then. 'Celestial Squire, pursue the Foot steps of thy most valiant and enchanted 'Knight; for it behoves thee to attend him, till both of ye attain the 'Goal prescrib'd by Destiny; and now because I am allow'd to say no 'more, farewel; while I return to Regions far remote, unknown to all the World beside.

Toward the end of this Prophesie, Mr. Nicholas slacken'd his Tone with such an Oracular Delivery, that they who were privy to the Imposture, began themselves to be surprized, and aw'd by an Illusion of their own Contrivance; so easie it is for Superstition to couzen it self. But as for Don Quixote, all his Fears were scatter'd by the vain Promises of the delusive Oracle; so he had presently forg'd a Pick-lock for all the dark Sayings of it, and had found it out, most happy Man now he, in his fond Imaginations, that the time was shortly coming, that should tie him to

his dear and well-beloved Dulcinea, with the Weaver's Knots of lawful Matrimony, whose fertile Womb should bring into the World a Race of young Lions, to the perpetual Honour of Mancha. And believing all this with as implicite a Faith, as he did his Books of Knight-Errantry, he fetch'd a deep Sigh from the bottom of his Diaphragma, and with a loud and sonorous Voice; Othou, cry'd he, whoe're thou art, who hast fore-told me these 'glad Tidings, conjure, I beseech thee, in my Name, the sage Necromancer 'that manages my Affairs; not to suffer me to perish in this Prison wherein they have enclos'd me, till I fee those incomparable Promises thou hast 'made me successfully fulfill'd; and then I shall glory in my Captivity, and 'rejoyce in the Chains that fetter my Arms, fo far from thinking this a 'place of Hardship to which I am confin'd, that I shall esteem it more 'foft then the delicious Down of my Nuptial Bed. And for the Pains 'thou hast tak'n to chear and revive my disconsolate Squire Sancho, I return thee hearty Thanks; having that Confidence in his Fidelity and Af-'fection, that he will never forfake me, no not in my lowest Adversity; ' for that the Fortune should be so froppish, as to deny me the Power of conferring upon him the promis'd Island, he is fecur'd of his Salary by a 'Mortgage I ha' made him. Which Bounty and Goodness of his Master fo mollify'd Sancho's tender and affectionate Heart, that he bow'd his head, and bellabber'd both his Master's hands; for one he could not fingly kiss, as they were coupl'd together. But the Goblins being in hafte would not admit of long Complements, but at the same time took up the Cage, and having heav'd it up into the Waggon, fix'd it there among the rest of the Lumber.

### CHAP. XX.

## Containing several Occurrences.

ON Quixote seeing himself thus encag'd and perch'd up i'the Waggon, after a short brown Study and Examination of his Memory; 'I have read, said he, a hundred Books of Knight-Errantry i' my time, ' but I never read, nor faw, nor heard that ever inchanted Knights were 'carry'd after this manner, and at the lazy rate that these heavy, and sloath-'ful Animals travel. For they were wont to be whirl'd away i the Air ' with an unspeakable Swiftness, envelopp'd in some dark Cloud, or in a fiery 'Chariot, or upon a Hippo-Griffin, or a Pacolet's Horse, or some such kind of fwift Monster, and not in a paltry West country Wain, tugg'd along by ' a pin buttock'd Team of fluggish cloven-footed Oxen; (I wish the Wag-'goner's Hoofs may not be of the same shape. ) How confoundedly asham'd am I now, to fit here with a Company of Country Trulls going to the 'next good City to be pick'd up for Whores and Serving-maids? But it 'may be, modern Chivalry and Enchantments do not observe the ancient 'Laws and Customs; and perhaps, because I am a new Knight, and the 'first that in this Age has reviv'd the Exercise of Chivalry-Errant, for a long 'time quite bury'd in Oblivion, they have invented, for my fake, new ' forts of Enchantments, and new ways to coach their inchanted Knights. What think'st thou, Friend Sancho? I know not what to think, reply'd Sancho, for I never read so many Books of Knight-Errantry, as your Wor-

ship has done; but this I dare swear, that all these Goblins that surround us, are no Catholicks, as we are, nor go to Church as we do. Catholicks, ve Fool! quo Don Quixote, How should they be Catholicks, and serve God. who are only Spirits that have dress'd themselves in human Shapes, a purpose to do me this Kindness. But if thou hast a mind to be convinced of the truth thy felf, feel 'em, and handle 'em, Sancho, and thou shalt find 'em to be nothing but Air, that have only the Appearance of Bodies. God'sfish, Sir, if that be all, I ha' handl'd 'em already, with a Witness; and this same very Devil that gives you all this Trouble, I can tell ye, is one that has more Flesh then Sawce, he's as plump as a Partridge; nor do I believe he maintains those smooth Cheeks of his, by feeding upon the Wind; besides another Property which he has, quite different from all the Properties of Spirits, I mean your Inn-haunting Spirits. For whereas they always finell of Sulphur, and Brimftone, and Affa factida, this Devil finells of Amber and Musk half a League off. This he spoke of D. Ferdinand. who being a great Personage, and still i' the Fashion, or it might be for other Reasons best known to himself, went always richly perfum'd. Ne're wonder at that, Friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, for the Devils are cunninger then thou art aware of; and tho 'tis true, they generally smell of Brimftone and Gun-powder, yet they can deceive the Nose as well as the Eye. And therefore it is, that this Devil, knowing what a prying Devil thou art, has perfum'd himself with Amber and Essence of Jessomy, that thou shouldst not take him to be what he is.

During this Discourse between the Master and the Man, D. Ferdinand and Cardenio, fearing lest Don Quixote should discover the Cheat, resolv'd to hast'n his Departure. To which purpose they order'd the Host to saddle Rossmante, and pannel Sancho's Ass, and the Curate agreed with the Bailiss to accompany the enchanted Knight to his own Village. Cardenio sasten'd the Bason and the Target to the Pommel of Rossmante's Saddle, the Bason a' won side, and the Target o' t'other; withal, giving order to Sancho to lead the Horse, and ride before upon his own Ass, while the

two Bailiffs rode by the Waggon.

But before the Oxen fet forward, the Hostess, her Daughter, and Maritornes came forth to take their leave of Don Quixote, pretending a more then ordinary Sorrow for his Misfortune. 'To whom Don Quixote, Grieve 'not, most illustrious Ladies, said he; such Accidents as these are always 'entail'd upon the Calling which I profess; and if they did not befal me, 'I should not think my self a true Knight-Errant; for that the like Misfortunes never happen to Knights of little Fame, and mean Reputation, 'who live unthought of in that Obscurity where they bury themselves. 'Therefore such Mishaps as these are the Inheritance of Knights renowned, whose Valour and Vertue is both envy'd and fear'd by several Princes; 'and other Knights, who, not able to furmount, or equalize their Merit, basely and treacherously seek their Ruin. But Vertue is of her self so 'powerful, that in despite of all the Magick that ever Zoroastres invented, ' she vanquishes and subdues all Obstacles, and displays her glorious Beams 'upon the Earth, with equal Lustre to the Sun in Heaven. Pardon me, 'Ladies, I beseech ye, pardon me, if ever through Ignorance, or unwit-'tingly I offended Persons of your Quality; for sure I am, that of my own 'Knowledge and Malice afore-thought, I never injur'd a Fly. And there-' fore let me beg your Prayers to Heaven for my Deliverance from this un-'sancify'd Imprisonment, wherein I am thus enclos'd through the Treathery of some malicious Necromancer envious of my Glory; from whence when

'when my good Fortune and your Devotion shall have set me free, I shall 'never forget the Favours I have receiv'd in your Castle, so deeply engrav'd in my Remembrance, that time shall never deface those Acknowledg-ments that oblige me to repay with the utmost of my Services, either a foot or a horse-back, the several Kindnesses you ha'done me.

While Don Quixote was thus complementing the Ladies of the Castle, as he call'd 'em, the Curate and Mr. Nicholas took their leaves of all the Company, both the Men and the Ladies, more especially of Madam Dorothy and Mrs. Lucinda, with whom they had been some time longer acquainted. On the other side, D. Ferdinand engag'd the Curate to give him a weekly Account of his Patient Don Quixote, making no question, but that there still remain'd some pleasant Conceits behind, which would be sufficient matter of farther Divertisement; and being desirous withal to hear the end of such a merry piece of Extravagance, much more delightful and profitable then either the Weekly Packet of Advice, or the History of

Gresham Colledge.

And now being just ready to depart, the Inn-keeper presented the Curate with the rest of the Papers which were in the Cloke bag, where he found the History of the Curious Impertinent, for that he believ'd the Owner, that Poet-like, had pawn'd his Wir for his Reckoning, would never call for 'em again. The Curate thank'd him, and presently looking 'em slightly over, cast his Eye upon one short Manuscript, entitled, The History of Rinconet and Cortadillo, which he thought could not be amiss, since the Novel of the Curious Impertment had pleas'd so well. Soon after, the Curate and Mr. Nicholas took Horse, with their Faces mask'd, for fear of being known by Don Quixote, and follow'd close behind the Waggon, which was guarded as we told ye before.

Thus this illustrous Train jogg'd on with a grave and majestick Pace; a Pace that seem'd to boad our *Hero* all suture Prosperity and Triumph, by the stately March of the Procession: The Priestess of *Cybele* never rode with more Solemnity, when drawn by her two Sons to the Temple. As for *Don Quixote*, he lay all along at his Ease, leaning his Head against the wooden Bars, with his Hands ty'd, and his Legs stretch'd out, so silent, so quiet, and so patient, that you wou'd ha' sworn some Knight-Templar's Tomb had been removing, Spikes and all, out of some Cathedral to the

Place of his Nativity.

In this Posture they had measur'd about two Leagues, till they came to a Valley where the Waggoner would needs have baited his Horses; but being inform'd by Mr. Nicholas, that there was another Valley a little farther, where there was both more and better Grafs, he drove on. At what time they were over-tak'n by fix or feven Persons well mounted, and who, by their hafte, feem'd desirous to get to their Inn in good time. Both Parties gave each other the time o'the day; but then the chief of the Company, who feem'd to be a Prebend of some Cathedral at least, by the Respect which the others gave him, observing such an orderly Procession, which he had never feen in his Life, and a Man enclos'd in a Cage, could not forbear to ask the meaning of the Solemnity, and what monffrous Canary-Bird it was, fo fafely lock'd up i' the Cage; believing, because he faw the Sheriffs Officers, that he was some desperate High way-man, whom they were carrying in that manner to Jayle. Sir, faid the Bailiff, you must e'en ask the Knight i' the Cage himself, for we know nothing o' the matter. But there was no need o' that; for Don Quixote having heard the Question started; Sir Knights, in short, quo he, Did ye ever M m

read, or d'ye understand any thing of Knight-Errantry? For if ye do, then will ve easily apprehend the Reason of my Misfortunes - But if ye don't. 'twill be an idle thing for me to trouble my Brains to better your Information with Mysteries above your Reach. Why, truly honest Friend, reply'd the Prebend, I ha' been a young Man i' my time, and then I study'd Knight Errantry much more then either Keckerman or Burgersdicius, to my Praise be it spoken; and therefore if that be all, you cannot impart vour Distresses to a Person that may do ye more Kindness. You say very well, reply'd Don Quixote; then know that I am shut up i'this Cage by Inchantment, through the Malice and Treachery of some cursed Necromancer; Vertue being always more vigorously persecuted by the Wicked, then belov'd and supported by honest Men. I am a Knight-Errant, not in the number of those, of whom Fame takes little Cognizance, and less Care to eternize their Memories; but of those that in despite of Envy her felf, and all the Magicians of Persia, the Brachmans of India. the Gymnosophists of Ethiopia, and the Figure casters of London City, leave their Names, and their Exploits engrav'd in the Temple of Immortality, to ferve as Rules, Examples and Models for all Knight-Errants, who ever intend to climb the Pinnacle of Honour won by feats of Arms. 'Tis very true, reply'd the Curate, the Lord Don Quixote is enchanted in this Waggon, not through any Fault of his own, but by the wicked Contrivances, Surprize, and unjust Violences of those that repine at his Valour and his Vertue. This is the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, of whom you must have heard e're now, whose Heroick Exploits, and unheard of Atchievements will remain to Posterity, inscrib'd in durable Marble, and eternal Brass, maugre all the Attempts of Malice to deface, or Envy to tarnish their unspotted Glory. The Prebend and his Company were so amaz'd to hear that the Parson at Liberty should talk at the same extravagant rate as the Man i'the Woodden Cage, that they could not tell what to imagine of fuch a piece of Distraction. But Sancho having heard the whole Discourse, full of Discontent, mad in his Mind; disturbed in his Thoughts, and therefore refolving to unfold a Mystery so prejudicial to his Interests; Gentlemen, quo he, I have a weak Conscience. and therefore offended or pleas'd, 'tis all one to me, I'm refolv'd to tell ye the whole Truth. Now the Truth is, That my Lord Don Quixote is as much enchanted, as my Mother was enchanted when my Father begot me. He has all his Senses entire, and his Judgment found; he eares and drinks, fleeps and talks, and goes to Stool like other Men, and as he did before he was put i' the Cage. Which being fo, how dare they pretend to make us believe him to be enchanted? As if I did not know, that they who are enchanted never eat, nor fleep, nor talk, and yet I'le venture the Price o'my Ass, that do but put my Master to't, and he shall out-bawl ten young Nist-prius Counsellors. And at the same time addressing himself to the Curate; Ah, Mr. Curate, Mr. Curate, said he! do you think I don't know ye. or understand whither your Enchantments tend? You may hide your sweet Countenance as long as ye pleafe, I know ye as well as I know my own Afs; and through all your Visors, and your Masquerades, I am not such a Fool, but I can discover your Cheats and Deceits, your Wiles, and your Tricks. But I find now where the Wind blows; where Envy reigns, there's no abiding for Vertue; where Poverty and Scarcity, there can be no Munificence. Now the Devil take the Devil, and God pardon us all together, you for your Sins, and me for mine. For had it not been for your Wor-Thip, pox o' your Preferment, my Master had e're now been marry'd to

the Princess of Micomicon, and I had been a Count at least, as being the smallest thing I could expect from the Liberality of the Knight of the Illfavour'd Countenance, and the Merits of my own Services. But I find the Wheel of Fortune turns more swiftly round, then a Mill wheel; they who vesterday sate upon the Pinacle, lie to day i'the Durt. I am only troubl'd for my Wife and Children, who will be strangely disappointed in their Hopes, to fee me return home no more then a poor Groom. when they expected me no less then a Vice-roy, or the Governour of fome great Island. I only preach this, Mr. Curate, to your Dry-vinity, to mind ye of being a little conscionable in abusing my Master, for fear of being call'd to a strict Account both in this and the other World, for the good which you prevent him from doing, as well in fuccouring the Afflicted, as in punishing the Violence of unjust Oppressours. Prate-roaft, keep your Breath to cool your Porridge, quo the Barber, what, are you one of your Master's Fraternity? By the Lord Harry, I cou'd find i'my Heart to have thee inchanted too, and coop'd up with thy Master, as a Member of Chivalry. Your Changelingship is with Child of an Island, I hear but I'le fend ye a Midwife, y' faith. I am with Child by no body, reply'd Sancho in a deadly Chafe, nor am I to be got with Child by any person living, the 'twere the King himself: The I am poor, I am honest: I am an old Christian, and out of Debt. What if I do desire an Island? There are Parsons and Barbers too have been more extravagantly desirous then fo --- I tell ye-- every Man is the Son of his own Works; and therefore he that is a Man, may be a Pope for ought any body knows, much more eafily the Governour of an Island, especially when my Master has won so many, that he shan't know where to bestow 'em. Therefore, good Mr. Barber, rule your unruly Tonfor's Tongue; we are not now talking of Wash balls and Razors — We understand our selves a little, God be thanked, and we can tell the difference between Peter and Peter; not all Fellows at Foot ball, good Mr. Barber. As for my Master's being enchanted, as ye call it, there's one above knows all things; and therefore let it rest, and fay no more of it, lest the more you stir it, the more it stink. The Barber, fearing Sancho's Discoveries, thought it his wisest. Course to make him no Answer. And the same Fears possessing the Curate, he led the way before with the *Prebend*; and as he rode along, gave him a full Account of the Mystery of the Cage: He also inform'd him of the Condition of the Knight, his manner of living, and his Inclinations; fuccinctly recounting to him the Beginning and Cause of his extravagant Dotages, and how they were getting him home, with a Resolution to try whether his Follies would admit of Cure.

The Prebend and his Company liften'd with Admiration to the Story of Don Quixote; and when the Curate had made an end; In good footh, Sir, faid the Prebend, I find your Books of Knight-Errantry and your Romances, are not only unprofitable, but also very prejudicial to a Common wealth; and tho I began to read almost all that are printed, I could never yet find i'my heart to read any one quite through; for me-thinks'tis still the same thing, and there is nothing to be learnt more in one then in another. The whole Composition and Stile resembles that of the Milesian Fables, which are only a Company of idle Stories made only for Passime, far different from those moral and significant Apologues, contrived as well for Instruction as Delight I would fain know what Neatness or Proportion there is of the parts to the whole, or of the whole to the parts in a Picture, where a young Stripling of seventeen, with a back-blow divides a

Mm2

vait

267

Book IV.

vast Giant i' the middle, tho as tall as a Steeple, with as much ease as to chop a pickl'd Gerkin in halves? Or who can believe that a fingle Knight should be able to vanquish a million of Enemies, without losing a Drop of Blood? And is it not a wonderful thing, that a great Queen, or the Heiress to an Empire, should at first fight entrust all her weighty Concerns with the first Knight-Errant she meets with? What man that was born with a Grain of Sense, can be so stupid, as to read with any delightful Satisfaction, a Story of a Stone Tower full of Knights that fwam as nimbly in the Sea, as a Fourth-rate Frigat with a fresh Gale; and that this Tower was feen upon the Coast of Genoa in the Evening, but by break of Day next Morning should be landed in Ethiopia, or the East-Indies, or some other Country which Ptolemy never heard of, nor T. Coriate ever travell'd. It may be faid, that these Authors designing nothing but Fable, are not oblig'd to such a strict Observation of Decorum; as if a Lye could be pleasant that does not in some measure border upon Truth; or that Adventures could be delightful, where there is not fomething disputable and seemingly possible. For Fables ought to be so compos'd, as to win upon an unbelieving Reader, by rendring Impossibilities only difficult, levelling the mountainous height of Difficulties, and by keeping the Mind in a charming Suspence, where Wonder and Delight walk, as it were, hand in hand together: which is the Perfection of a Romance, and never to be met with, but where there is some Shadow of Probability. I never faw that Book of Knight-Errantry wherein the Body of the Fable is truly compos'd and fet together with all its Members, fo as to make the middle cohere with the beginning; but rather confifting always of so many mishap'n Limbs, as if the Author had design'd the framing some strange Monster or Chimera, rather then any proportionate Figure: And besides that, their stile is harsh and barbarous, their Adventures are incredible, their Amours lascivious, and their Lovers indiscreet. They are tedious in their Description of Combats, ignorant in their Geography, and impertinent in their Discourses. In a word, they have neither Learning, nor Art, nor good Conduct; and therefore fit for nothing but to be exterminated out of a Christian Common wealth, as unprofitable and prejudicial to the Publick.

The Curate having listen'd with Attention to the Prebend, and finding him a Man of Sense, told him, He was clearly of his Opinion; and withal, that out of a particular Aversion to Books of Knight-Errantry, he had caus'd all Don Quixote's numerous Legends to be burnt; as also after what manner he had brought 'cm to their Tryal, and condemn'd them to the Fire; the Reasons why he had reprieved some sew, and what was Don Quixore's Fancy upon the loss of his Library; which was Sport alone for the Prebend and his Company. However, reply'd the Prebend, after all that I have said concerning these Books, there is in a right Management of a probable Romance, a large Field for a person of Wit and understanding to exercise his Parts, whether in the Descriptions of Tempests, or Shipwracks, or well-fought Battels, or in the depainting forth a great Captain, with all those admirable Qualities that make him such, as Vigilance, Fore sight, Eloquence, Prudence, and Experience in Counfel, Quickness in Execution, and Presence of Mind in Danger; or at other times in describing some mournful and tragical Event, sometimes some pleasing and unexpected Adventure; sometimes some illustrious and beautiful Lady, with all her Ornaments of Chastity, Discretion, and Reserv'dness; at another time, some noble Knight, couragious, active and liberal; and by and by another, no

less haughty, insolent and rash; at another time, some prudent and moderate Prince, that only feeks the good of his Subjects, and shews himself always ready to reward their zealous and affectionate Services. Upon these Subjects an Author has a great Advantage to shew his Learning in all manner of Arts and Sciences, in Philosophy, Morality, and Politicks, while he attributes to his Hero's, the Wit and Eloquence of Ulysses, the Piety of Eneas, the Valour of Achilles, the Friendihip of Euriolus, the Valour and Prudence of Casar, the Clemency of Augustus, the Truth of Trajan, the Fidelity of Zopyras, and the Wildom of Cato; and in a Word. adorns and furnishes 'em with all those pregnant Grandeurs of a humane Soul that render a man illustrious i' the World. For by this means, in a pure and natural Stile, and with an Invention and Art still careful to preferve Decorum and Probability, he may be able to weave a lovely Tiffue of several Varieties, and a perfect Picture that will not fail, both to please and instruct, which are the ends that fet him at work.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

# CHAP. XXI.

Wherein the Prebend pursues his Discourse upon Books of Knight-Errantry.

TOU charm me, Sir, with your Discourse, reply'd the Curate; and therefore certainly they deserve more severely to be blam'd, that neglect the Rules which you have prescrib'd, and which have rendred so famous the two Princes of Greek and Latin Poesie. I must confess, reply'd the Prebend, I had once a kind of Temptation to write my felf a Book of Knight-Errantry, according to the fame Rules; and I had compos'd some tifteen or twenty Quires; and to try whether this Beginning answer'd my Expectation, I shew'd 'em not only to some Persons that were capable to judge, and were passionate Admirers of that Romantick way, but also to fome others that were no less ignorant, and had a Gusto for nothing but Extravagancy, who nevertheless both equally applauded what I had done. However, I forbore to proceed, in regard that besides that it did not seem consentaneous to my Profession, I find that the number of Fools far surpasses that of the judicious; and tho it be much more advantageous to a Man, to be commended and esteem'd by the small number of the Learned, then it is disadvantageous to be scorn'd and slighted by the innumerable Number of Ideots, yet I was unwilling to expose my felf to the Cenfure of the blockish Vulgar, that particularly feek their Pastime in such forts of Books. But nothing more oblig'd me to discontinue, then to see that the Comedies of our Times are all fuch a Company of ridiculous Farces, without any Rule or Decorum, and yet should be so applauded and humm'd up, as they are; nay, and it is come to that pass too, that the very Poets and Actors will tell ye, that nothing else will please the Stage, the Generality of the Spectators not enduring any thing of Art, or regular Invention. Therefore, thought I, why should I go about to break my Brains, and lofe my time in fludying Rules and Precepts to no purpose? Sir, reply'd the Curate, you have touch'd upon a Point that has reviv'd in my Thoughts an old Animofity, which I have always had against the Comedies of our Times, no less then the invererate Enmity which I have always

always born against Knight-Errantry, and all its Abettors. For whereas Comedy, as Tully tells us, ought to be a Mirrour of human life, an Example and Pattern of good manners, and a Representation of truth, it is now become a meer Huddle of Extravagancy, countenancing open Debauchery upon the Stage, and farc'd with little else then Lewdness and Obscenity. What can be more ridiculous, then to tell us of an Infant newly born in the first Scene of the first Act, and in the next Act to bring him in fighting a great Battel? Within the space of two Musicks, a sucking Baby and a great Commander? What more impertinent then that of the Play of Adam and Eve, where Grannam Eve is brought in with two or three Waiting-maids attending her, when there was ne're a Woman but her self i'the World? What more filly and ridiculous then to introduce a Lacquy speaking like an Orator, or a Page like a Privy Counsellor? to make a Prince talk like a Porter, or a great Empress like a Chair-woman? Others there are that cannot write a Play without two or three Devils in it; and those too brought in by Head and Shoulders. And some there are that fill their Scenes with antick Dances and Mummery, fitter for a Booth then a Stage; as if they defign'd rather to tickle the Pancy of youth with wanton and lascivious Postures, then to reform the Vices of the Age by deliberate and well meditated Instruction. Others there be, who observing neither Time nor Place, lay the Scenes of their first A& in Enrope, of the second in Asia, of the third in Africa, of the fourth in America; but then what pity'twas, that the World should want a fifth Quarter for the Conclusion? What a Gallimaufry and Mixture of Fable with Historical Truths? What a Confusion of Nations, Characters and Times, we meet with in others, which causes the Composers to lie at the mercy even of the most ignorant of their Auditors? All which proceeds from hence, that the Poets write not now adays for Honour and true Applaufe, but for Gain, and the Profit of the third Day; and therefore they are conftrain'd fo to write, as that their Studies may please the Purchaser, who else will return his Ware upon his Hands, to the disastrous Disappointment of all the Trades about the Town that belong to eating, drinking, and cloathing, who had trusted the poor Comedian, or more lamentable Tragedian, in hopes of being paid by the Muses.

While the Prebend and the Curate were thus discoursing together, the Barber made bold to interrupt 'em, telling the Curate, that now they were come to that lovely Valley, where he had told 'em they might with so much Pleasure repose themselves, while the Waggoner gave his Oxon a cool Sallad of green Grass. I like it well, quo the Curate, and at the same time ask'd the Prebend, whether he would be pleas'd to alight? Which the Prebend readily consented to do, no less taken with the Prospect and Pleasantness of the Vale, then with the Curate's Discourse; and withal willing to understand something more of the Humour and Story of Don Quixote. Thereupon the Prebend order'd one of his Servants to ride away to the Inn, and see what was to be had; but being better inform'd that one of his own Mules was gone before better surnish'd with Provision then the Inn would afford, he bid the same Servant carry the Horses to the Inn, and fetch back the Mule; which was done with all convenients free!

enient speed.

270

All this while Sancho finding that the Curate and the Barber, for whom he had as much kindness as a Whore for a Whipping post, gave him no farther interruption, but that he might freely discourse with his Master, being got as near as possibly he could to the Cage; Master, said he, for

the discharge of my Conscience, I must needs tell ye what I think of your Inchantment. These two men that travel along with us, with their Masks upon their Noses, are the Curate of our Parish, and Mr. Nicholas the Barber; and I'le be hang'd now, or at any other time when you pleafe. if this ben't a Plot meerly of their Contrivance to carry ye away thus in a Cage-Errant, because your famous Exploits throw Dust i their Eves. From whence I conclude, that you are no more enchanted then my Afs. but only bubbl'd and made a Fool of. For Proof of this, Sir, give me leave to ask you one Question, and if you do but answer me as wifely as I expect, I'le make the cheat as plain as the Nose i' your face. So that if after I ha' done, you believe your felf inchanted, I shall then believe your Brains to be turn'd i'your Scull. Ask what Questions thou wilt, Son Zancho, reply'd Don Quixote, I'le answer thee as punctually as my Confessor. Tho as to those persons, who thou say'st are our Parishioners, the Curate and the Barber, they may indeed feem to thee to be so; but that they are those very real persons, I would not have thee believe no more then thou dost in Mahomet. Pin thy Faith therefore, if thou lovest me, upon my Sleeve; for to do otherwise in this case, is of dangerous consequence, and believe that these two persons who appear to thee in the likeness of our two Neighbours, are most certainly my confounded Inchanters, that have assum'd the Shapes of those two honest men a' purpose to delude thee, and throw thee into a Labyrinth of Imaginations, whence thou wilt never be able to disintreague thy self, tho thou hadst the Clue of Thefeus, and fo to raife in me the Spirit of Revenge against two innocent People, that never meant me harm; or else to puzzle my Understanding, that Is should not be able to find out who 'tis has done methis Mischief, For look thee, friend Sancho, on the one fide thou amusest my Brains with a Story of the Curate and Barber, whereas on the other fide, I find my felf here enthral'd, yet am affur'd that all the Curates and Barbers i'the World, nor any other power, not altogether supernatural, no not Tamerlaine himfelf, could have so encag'd me; which I am the rather bound to believe, because my Inchantment is of a nature quite different from all that ever I read of enchanted Knights in any Hiftory that ever I faw. And therefore banish that idle Crotchet out of thy head, that inveagles thee to think those persons to be what thou say'st they are. For they are no more the Barber and the Curate, then I am the Turk and the Devil. And now ask what Questions thou wilt, I'le answer thee till to morrow Morning. Mercy deliver me, cry'd Sancho, with a Voice of Admiration, Is it possible your Worship should have such a thick Scull and so little Brains, as not to understand what I tell ye to be true? Why then I tell ye, you do the Devil an injury; he has no hand, no not fo much as a finger i this Plot— 'tis all a Contrivance of mortal Men, to your Infamy and Difgrace; and I'le prove it to be no Inchantment, as clear as the Sun at Noon day. Now then, tell me, Sir, as you hope for Deliverance out of these Barricado's, and as you expect one day to fee your felf enfolded in the Arms of Madam Dulcinea - Prethee Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, interrupting him. what a Racket dost thou keep? Have I not promised to answer punctually to all thy Demands?— Tell me then without bouncing or mincing the matter, but fincerely and faithfully, as perfons ought to speak that make profession of Arms in the Quality of Knight-Errants— VVhy then assure thy felf, reply'd Don Quixote, that I do renounce not only the Father, but the Mother of Lyes-But for the love of Heaven, either begin, or make an end before thou begin'st; for in good footh, Sanche, thou tire'st me

to death with thy Circumlocutions and Preambles --- Why then, Sir, quo Sancho, secure as I am of the goodness and truth of my Master, I ask ve. Sir, tho with all Reverence and Modesty, whether, fince you were as you believe, inchanted in that Chicken-Coop, you never had, through the motions of Nature, Desires micturient or cacaturient, as they say? I understand not. Sancho, what thou mean'ft, reply'd Don Quixore, prethee explain thy self in Language less mysterious. That's strange, quo Sancho. not understand at your years what 'tis to be micturient and cacaturient! why, 'tis the first thing we are perfect in at School- I ask you then in plain English, whether you never had a defire fince your Encagement, to go where you can fend no body of your Errand? Oh, ho \_\_\_\_ Sancho, halt thou finelt me out? Now I understand thee Yes, in good sooth-law, have I and now thou putt'st me in mind on't, the Bolts of my Tail are none of the fastest atthis very instant \_\_\_\_ Quickly, dear Sancho, tell the Devil my urgent Occasions - and bid him lend thee the Pad-lock or a sheet of clean Paper --- or if thou can'ft, get two --- for I fear one wont be enough---.

#### CHAP. XXII.

Containing the excellent Discourse between Sancho Pancha and his Master Don Quixote.

TS it so, quo Zancho? then y' faith, Master, I have ye upon a fair Hank, as they fay. This is that which I more eagerly long'd to know, then ever young Woman long'd for green Apricots. Come on, Sir, then i' the fecond place, Can you deny the usual Answer to the common Question, What ails such a one, that neither sleeps, nor eats, nor drinks? Don't they presently cry, such a one's bewitch'd? Whence I conclude, that they who neither eat, nor drink, nor sleep, nor go to my Nuncle's House upon the necessary Occasions of Nature, are bewitch'd - But as for them that have these pressing Occasions, as your Worship has at this time, they that would eat if they had it, would drink if they could get it, and still anfwer to the purpose, 'tis impossible they should ever be inchanted-Thou fay'st very true, Sancho, repl'yd Don Quixote; but how oft have I told thee, that there are several forts of Inchantment, and it may be, that process of time has alter'd the manner of Incantation; so that it may be the fashion now, that they who are inchanted, may have all those Defires that I have, which formerly they that were in the same Condition, had not. And this being fo, there is no arguing against the allow'd Alteration of Custom, nor drawing Conclusions from what was done in past Ages. In short, therefore, it is a thing ramm'd into my Brains, that I am inchanted, and that's sufficient for the Discharge of my Conscience: For were it not for that, it would be a fore Burden upon my mind, like undigested Sturgeon upon a weak Stomach, to lie here like a Squirrel in a Lady's Pocket, buried in Sloth and Cowardife, while fo many miserable and unfortunate People roar out in all Corners of the Earth for my Favour and Assistance. Nevertheless, reply'd Sancho, for the more assured security of your Soul hereafter, I would desire you to endeavour your Liberty, and to free your self from this ridiculous Captivity; to which pur-

pose I engage the utmost of my Assistance; nay, and it shall cost me a fall but I'le bring it to pass too - for I would fain see your Worship once more upon the Back of Rosinante, who to me seems as much inchanted as vour self: such is his profound Sadness and Melancholy, not to be cur'd. but by your bestriding him again, in search of new Adventures. If we fail in our Enterprises, you ha' time enough, I warrant ye, to return to vour woodden Jail; and then if you are so accurst of Heaven, and I so bewitch'd with the Simples, to fail i'my Defign, I swear upon the Faith of a true and loyal Squire, and let me die the death of ten thousand drown'd Kittens, if I don't shut my felf up along with ye, and live or starve with your Worship, as the Devil of an Inchanter shall think sit to dispose of our Bodies. Look thee, friend Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, that thou may'st see 'tis no fault of mine, I give thee ample Commisfion to do thy utmost, and begin with the first Opportunity. But I fear me, poor Sancho, thou art only going about to water a Stake, and that like an ignorant Physician, thou art mistak'n in thy Judgment concerning

the Cause of my Distemper.

This was the politick and learned Discourse between the Knight-Errant and his Squire, till the flow-pac'd Oxen arriv'd where the Prebend, the Curate, and the Barber were alighted. Presently the Waggoner unspang'd his draught Oxen, and set 'em a grazing at their own freedom; when Sancho, feeing those dull Animals enjoying their liberty, desir'd the Curate that his Matter also might be permitted to come forth of his Cage, and stretch his Legs, at least tho it were but for so long time as the Beafts themselves were unyok'd; which if he refus'd to do, he affur'd him his Prison would not be so sweet and clean as became the Lodging of such a worthy Knight as his Master. The Curate understood what Sancho meant, and for answer; Friend, said he, when I was a Bov. and us'd to ask my Master leave to go forth, I did it more to play the Truant, then for any occasion I had. And therefore I fear this is only an Excuse of thy Master, and that when he is once out, he will gad so far out of our fight, that we shall never see him again. I'le be his Security. reply'd Sancho, and I likewise, reply'd the Prebend, provided he will swear by his Knighthood, not to ftir beyond those Limits we shall prescribe him. By the Faith of a vertuous Knight Errant I swear, reply'd Don Quixote, who listen'd attentively to all they said, altho my Oath be needless, seeing they who are inchanted have not the Power to do what they please themselves, but are at the Disposal of the Inchanter, who by his Art can nail their Toes invisibly in such a manner to the Earth, that they shall not be able to stir a hair's breadth in three Ages together; or if they should endeavour to make their Escape, can fetch em back i' the Devil's name. So that, Gentlemen, added he, you may fafely release me, or else you must be forc'd to remove to another Post; for to deal truly wi'ye, my Occasions are very urgent, and I will not be answerable for offending your Nofes, after a fair Warning. Thereupon the Prebend took him by both his hands, ty'd as they were, and affifted him out of the Cage, to the unspeakable Joy of the poor enthrall'd Knight. Thus being unbound, the first thing he did, was to stretch his Limbs, which were not a little stiff, you may be sure. Which done, he went immediately to Rosinante, and giving him three or four claps o' the Buttock; Mirrour and Flower of all Steeds-Errant, quo he, mauger all these Missortunes of ours, I trust in God and his blessed Mother, that we shall both behold our felves e're long in that same happy Condition, which both our hearts

defire; Thou prancing under thy Lord and Master, and thy Lord and Mafter mounted on thy fturdy Chine, performing those Atchievements, which my fortunate Stars portended at my coming into the World. And having so said, Don Quixote and his Squire retir'd to a Thicket at some distance from the Company, where the Knight having eas'd himself, and Sancho done the Duty of a cleanly Squire, they both return'd again, the Knight much sweeter and lighter then he had been for some hours before, and the Squire over-joy'd that his Endeavours had prov'd fo fuccefful.

At the same time the Prebend could not forbear gazing upon the Knight; and after he had with a diligent Eye observ'd the motions of every particular Member, and descanted to himself upon every word that drop'd from his mouth, he stood amaz'd at such an extravagant piece of Madness, that left a Man his Senses, and his Judgment in everything else, but unhors'd all his Reason when he came to talk of Knight-Frantry: Insomuch that the compassionate Church-man pity'd the Missortune of the poor Gentleman; and therefore defirous to try whether all his Eloquence and Arguments could reclaim him; after every one had taken their Places upon the green Grafs, addressing himself to Don Quixote; Is it possible, Sir. faid he, that such a witless, unsavory, and impertinent Study, as that of idle Romances, should have that Operation upon a man's Senses to deprave his Understanding to such a degree, as to believe himself inchanted, with other Chimera's of the same Nature, as far from Reason, as the Lye it felf is from Truth? How is it to be imagin'd, that there should be any perfon i'the World fo simple as to think that ever there were such a number of Amadis's, fuch Legions of Knight-Errants, fo many Emperors of Trebizond, Guy's of Warvick, Falixmarts of Hyrcania, Bevis's of Southampton, and Valentines and Orsons; so many Lady's-Errant, so many Serpents, so many Dragons, fo many Giants, fuch Variety of Inchantments; fo many Defies and Challenges, fuch unheard-of and impossible Encounters, fuch Shoals of Squires, Counts, enamour'd Princesses, and Amazonian Tiltresses in man's Apparel; in a word, such a confus'd Heap and Babel of Trash and Extravagance, as swell the Folio's of Knight-Errantry?

I must consess, that when I read 'em, while I look'd upon 'em to be no other then Fables and Fictions, they were a kind of a pleafing Pastime to me; but when I feriously consider d what they were, cursed insipid Lyes, and Improbabilities, there was not one which I did not think deferv'd to be thrown into the Fire, as being a Company of Impostors that abus'd the Credulity of the ignorant Vulgar, and sometimes disturb the Brains of men of Sense and Judgment; of which I find in your self an unfortunate Example, by fuch Studies to be reduc'd to that Condition, that your Friends are constrain'd to secure ye in a Cage, and carry ye about the Countrey like some African Monster to be shewn at Market-Towns for Six-pence a piece. For Heaven's sake, Mr. Quixote, take Compassion upon your self, call home your wandring Reason, and make use of that Prudence and that admirable Wit, which God has giv'n ye, to chuse a more noble and profitable fort of Study, wherein to employ your ferious Thoughts. But if your Inclinations are fo ravish'd with War-like Exploits, and prodigious Actions, apply your felf to real and authentick History, where you will find those Miracles of Valour, that not only surpass all Fable, but ev'n human Belief it felf. What a preposterous thing it is, that Men should addict themselves to the Invention of so many fictitious Hero's, as if Vertue it self were a Fiction, and a thing that could be only practis'd by

fuch Romantick Champions; or that her most noble Instructions were only to be fought for among the Rubbish of Lyes and Fables? Would you read the Stories of great Men, Greece offers ye an Alexander, Rome a Cafar ; Carthage a Hannibal ; Portugal a Viriatus ; Spain a Gonfales, a Diego Garcia, a Perez de Vargas, and several others; Great Britain, a Black Prince, and a Harry the fifth; all of 'em so many Portraitures' of heroick Virtue. which affect the Reader at the fame time with true Admiration, Delight, and a noble Emulation to follow their Examples. This, Mr. Quixote, is a Study to employ a Wit fo towring as yours; by this means you will become well read in authentick Story, in love with Vertue, better'd in Goodness, refin'd in your Manners, valiant without Fool hardiness, and warv without Cowardife, to the Honour of God, your own Profit, and the Renown of Mancha, as I understand, the Place from whence you derive your

noble Original.

Don Quixote listen'd with an extraordinary Attention to the Prebend's Discourse, and perceiving at length that he made a full Stop, after he had star'd him wistfully for some time i' the Face; Mr. Prebend, quo he, you ha' made, as you think, a very fair Speech, and all your Oratory, I find tends to perswade me, that there never were any Knight-Errants i' the World, that all Books and Stories of Knight-Errantry are false, fabulous, unprofitable and prejudicial to the State; that I did ill to read 'em, worse to believe 'em, and still worse to imitate 'em, by taking upon me the severe and laborious Profession of a Knight-Errant. You repeat my Sense precifely, reply'd the Prebend - You added likewife, cry'd Don Quixote, that these Books have done me much wrong, that they ha' turn'd my Brains i' my Scull, which is the reason I am put i'this Cage; and that it would be better for me to read ferious and allow'd Histories, as you call 'em, at the same time both profitable and delightful. Your Memory fails not in the least Particular, reply'd the Prebend -- Very good, quo Don Quixote- And now, Mr. Prebend, the Devil take me, if I don't believe your felf to be the inchanted Person, and the mad Man, that has dropt his Wits in a Mill dam. For what greater Proof have you for many things that you impose upon the World, but only the general Belief? Upon what grounds do you, Mr. Prebend, justifie the numerous Fardle of your Legends, and the strange Miracles repeated in em, when you are not certain there ever were any such Persons i' the World; nor are there any Witnesses of the Wonders which they are faid to have wrought. And vet your Catalogue of Saints far exceeds the Ephemerides of Knight-Errants. and their Actions are altogether as incredible as those of Amadis de Gaul, or Greece; besides the innumerable number of Reliques, Baptists Heads, pieces of the Cross, Nails, Veroniques, &c. more then Atlas and St. Christopher were able to fland under. As for Example, the Cross is supposed to be but one piecce of Timber, and that not of the choicest Wood neither, and yet how many Snattocks of it shall we meet with, some of Cedar, fome of Juniper, some of Cypress, &c. Then for the Nails, which could not be above four or five that were at first canoniz'd, Heavens! how they are increas'd! Hannibal had not more Rings at the Battel of Canne, nordoes Bromigeham make so many in a Year, as you shew Nails of all forts and fizes; and so many Napkins, that had one man fold 'em all, he must ha' been the richest Linnen-draper i' the World. Now I desire but fair Play, that the Authors of my Books may be believ'd to be Authors of what they wrote, as well as yours. If your Books are generally received, fo are mine; and more then that, acknowledged to contain such real Truths, that

he who denys the matter of Fact, deserves the same Punishment for a Heretick, to which you fentenc'd your own Books, when you threw 'em i' the fire. For, in short, to perswade me there were never any such persons i'the World as Amadis, or any of those other Knights so loudly fam'd in Stories of Chivalry Errant, is to tell me the Sun does not shine. or that Winter's hot, and Summer cold: Y'had as good make me believe, that the History of the Princess of Florence and Guy of Bargunds were false; or what befel Fierabrass upon the Bridge of Mantible, in the time of Charlemaigne; tho I dare swear both to be as true as that I was like to ha' befoul'd my felf just now i'th' inchanted Cage. For if these be Lyes, then there never was any Hettor, no Achilles, no Trojan War, no Twelve Peers of France, no King Arthur of Britain, who still lives i' the Shape of a Crow, and is still expected to return to his Throne; no St. George for England, when the Signs of St. George almost in all the Towns of that Countrey, convince men to the contrary; and the Defeat of that strange Dragon which was then pregnant, and so was slain both her and her Issue, is demonstrated by the Extirpation of all Dragons ever since, that the thing was true. You may as well deny, that D. d'Alva's Face is not to be seen upon all the Jugg-pots in Holland, or Monsieur D. Ancre's Quidlibets in all the Taverns in France. Nay, more then all this, you may as well condemn for Fables the Amours between Sir Triftram and Queen Isond; or those between the fair Guinever and Sir Lancelot du Lake, when there be persons alive that remember they have seen the Lady Quintaniona, who had the Gift of tafting Wine beyond any Wine cooper in London; and the Story is fo true, that I my felf who speak the words, remember, that my Grandmother by the Father's fide, when she saw any of those venerable Matrons that look a little red about the Nose; Look, Child, quo she, that Lady's like the Lady Quintaniona; whence I infer that she must needs ha' seen her, or at least her Picture, which could ne're ha' been drawn, had she not been alive. As vain it is to contest the History of Peter of Provence, and the fair Lady Magdalene, when the Pin with which he govern'd his woodden Horse that carry'd him i' the Air is still to be seen i'the King's Armory. Which Pin was as big as the Thill of a Waggon; by the same token that it stands within a quarter of a yard of Babiela's Saddle, which the valiant Cid's Back fide has warm'd full often. At Roncevaux also you have Orlando's Heart, as big and as thick as one of those pieces of Timber ye call Girders. You may likewife, if you will, but 'twill be to no purpose, deny the History of the three Bold Beuchamps, of whom the one kill'd the King of Bohemia, the t'other flew a Giant, and the other fought for the King's Daughter, and won her. Which was fo true, that the Butchers of London would fee no other Play at the Fortune, by their good Wills, but that, for several years together. Will any man presume to deny, that John of Mello was no Knight-Errant, and that he did not fight in Burgundy with the famous Lord of Chargny, and at Basil with Henry of Remestan, and lambasted 'em both? What think ye of the Challenges, and bloody Adventures of Peter Barba, and Gualter Quixada, from whom I my self am lineally descended by the Male-line? I'le spit in his Face that shall tell me to my Teeth, they are Tales of roasted Horfes, when tis known they fent the Sons of the Count of St. Paul to the Devil. Nor will he be a Friend to himself, that provokes me, by telling me, that D. Ferdinand of Guevara did not go to feek Adventures in Germany, where he fought with the Lord George, a Knight of high Quality, and so well rubb'd his Bones, that he confess'd he was never so rubb'd in

his life: with a thousand more renowned Feats of Arms perform'd by Christian Knights in all parts of the World, not to mention the English Knights of Jerusalem, that flew whole Armies to day, and begot whole Armies to morrow: And all these things so true and authentick, that but to question their Verity, would betray the greatest madness that ever was

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Book IV.

The Prebendaftonish'd to hear what a confus'd Gallimawsry of History and Fable Don Quixote jumbl'd together, and his wonderful Memory in repeating whatever almost had been written in Knight-Errantry; I cannot deny, said he, but there is something of Truth in what you say, especially concerning the Knight-Errants of Spain; and I agree wi'ye, that there were Twelve Peers of France, but in good footh I cannot give credit to all that Archbishop Turpin has written. All that I believe, is this, That they were certain Knights made choice of by the Kings of France, and call'd Peers, for their equality both in Prowess, and in Birth, at least they ought to have been such; for I dare not swear for the evenness of the Scales in that Particular. Neither will I deny, but that there might be such men i'the World, as the Cid, or Bernard de Carpio, or Guy of Warwick- S'life, Sir, quo Don Quixote, his Tomb's to be seen to this day i' the Town where he liv'd - Pardon me, Mr. Quixote, cry'd the Prebend, I do not deny, but that there might ha' been such Mortals upon Earth, but that they perform'd those miraculous Atchievements, which they are said to have done, I am somewhat tender how I make an Article of my Faith. But as to the Horse-pin you speak of, that is to be seen i'the King's Armory with Bab esaddle, let me die, if I don't begin to think my self blind, since you have affirm'd it; for I could never fee this Pin, as big as you fay it is; tho I must consess, I ha' seen the Cid's monumental Saddle several times. Upon my life, Mr. Prebend, 'tisthere, reply'd Don Quixote; by the same Token, they had put it in a Leathern Case to preserve it from the Dust. There's it then, quo the Prebend fhame take th'unmannerly Rascals, that ne're would shew me such a Rarity, else how could I possibly divine what was in a Leathern Cafe. But grant it were there, I am not bound to believe the Stories of all your Amadis's, or of the ragged Regiments of all your other Scaperloitring Knights, that were never heard of, but in those fabulous Legends that so amuse the World, upon whom be the Hangman's Benediction, in sempiter num; and to which, how a Person of vour exquisite Parts and Endowments should give so much credit, is to me a greater Wonder, then all the seven Wonders of the World put together.

# CHAP. XXIII.

Containing the pleasant Dispute between the Prebend and Don Quixote.

IS a very pleasant business indeed, reply'd Don Quixote, that Books printed with Licence and Approbation, and applauded by all the World, high and low, old and young, rich and poor, learned and fimple; I fay that these Books, notwithstanding all this, should be nothing but a

Book IV.

Heap of Lyes, and feigned Inventions, and yet that Truth should appear fo naked as the does, to her very Smock, in every Page, with all her Circumstances attending about her, as the Names of the Fathers, Mothers, Uncles, Annts, Countrey, Kindred, and Age of the Knights, many times under the very Clerk and Minister's Hands, their Exploits, and the Places where they perform'd'em day by day, as exactly as a Seaman's Journal— For Heaven's fake, Sir, and as ye expect Preferment i'the Church, ffitch up your Lips for ever, rather then utter such a piece of Heresie; and fay I advise ye as a Friend. Or else, at your leisure times (and leisure enough you have, according to your lazy mode of reading your Sermons) read 'em once more over again, and then tell me what greater Happiness there can be i'this World, then to fee appear before your Eyes of a fudden, a wide Lake of Pitch, boiling like a Bell-founder's Furnace, full of Neuts, Adders, Toads, and other poisonous Creatures, no less venomous, then terrible to the Sight: by and by from the midft of this same todgie, smoaking Caldron of the Devil's Water-gruel, you hear a soft, melodious. screaming, skreeking, mournful Voice address to your felf in these words: 'Sir Knight, who e're thou art, that view'st this dreadful Lake, and would if 'enjoy those unspeakable Treasures conceal'd beneath these pitchy Waves. 'now shew the Grandeur of thy Courage, and like another Drake, shoot this same flaming Gulf; else th'art a Dastard, and a white Liver'd Cow-'ard, unworthy to behold th' inestimable Wonders enclos'd within the se-'ven Towers of the seven Fairies here below this Lake of Hell's infernal 'Ielly-broth: and then the Voice ceasing, the Knight, all Fire and Tow, without any humming and hawing, or confidering the curfed Rifco he runs, but trusting to his Iron Enclosure, and only recommending himself to God and his ador'd Mistress, fetches a Jump, and darts himself head over heels down through the feething Puddle; and ftreight, before he knows where he is, or cares a straw what becomes of him, he finds himfelf in the midst of a spacious Plain, cover'd with a thousand sorts of odoriferous Flowers, and a thousand times more pleasing to the Sight, then all the Asparagus, or Mulberry-Gardens i'the World. On the other fide he views a delightful Forest, where the Verdure of millions of beautiful Trees, and all of different Natures, charm his Eyes; at what time an infinite number of little Birds with painted Wings of various Colours, hopping from Branch to Branch, all naturally finging Walfingham, and whistling John come kiss me now, enchant his Ears In another part he discovers a pleasing Rivolet, whose purling Streams of liquid Chrystal, bedimpl'd with Pearls and Silver, gently glide o're Sands of Gold. There stands a sumptuous Fountain of speckl'd Jasper; a new Wonder of Art, adorn'd with Statues that feem to talk, and bid ye welcome. There you enter a cool Grotto, where the confusion of Muscles, Cockles, Periwinkles, Mother a' Pearl, Coral, and Oak-moss, far exceeds the vain toil of young Ladies at Boarding Schools; representing Neptune's Dining room hung about with Tritons and Syrens.

By and by he discovers a stately Castle, the Walls of which are of masfie Gold, the Battlements of Diamonds, the Gates of Jacinths; In a word, fuch an admirable Structure, that the meanest of the Materials are of Rubies, Carbuncles, Pearls, and Emeraulds: and while he is gazing upon this miraculous Pile, a numerous Train of young Ladies, with graceful pace, come forth from one of the Gates of the Caftle, and all so fair, so beautiful, so gorgeous in their Artire, as would inflame a Statue, and warm the frozen Blood of the most zealous Anchorite. But then! what then!

Then she that seems to be the Princess of the Castle, and Mistress of all the rest, advances forward, and with a submissive and respectful Modefly, takes the bold Knight by the hand, and without speaking a word leads him into the sumptuous Palace; where, having caus'd him to be stripped to the naked Skin by her Damsels, just as he was when he came out of his Mother's Womb, they put him into a delicious Bath, and rub him all over from head to foot, before and behind, with precious Effences, and odoriferous Pomatums; and having wip'd him dry, first they pur him on a Shirt of Cobweb Lawn fit for the Queen of Fairies, all perfum'd. Which done, another Damfel comes and casts about his Shoulders a magnificent embroider'd Mantle, worth the Metropolisses of three great Kingdoms. Then they carry him into another Room of State. of which the Furniture surpasses Admiration; where first they bring him in a large Bason of Gold, emboss'd and studdi'd with Diamonds, a Sea of Effence of Amber, Orange, and Jeffomy-water; then feat him in an Ivory Chair, where all the Damfels attend and wait upon him with an exact and profound Silence. But then who can recount the Variety and Delicacy of the Viands? Who can express the charming Excellency of the Musick all the while the costly Banquet lasts; yet neither they that play, nor they that fing are to be feen. The Table being cleard, while the Knight stretch'd out at his ease, sits picking his Teeth, of a sudden a Ladv incomparably more beautiful then any of the rest, seating her self down by him, takes him about the Neck, and having kiss'd him some three or four hundred times with her rofie Lips, informs him what Castle it is, tells him she is enchanted, and implores his Assistance, with a thousand other miraculous Accidents, which then amaze the Knight, and aftonish the Readers hereafter. And thus you fee how the Stories of Knight-Errantry create both Pleafure and Wonder.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Therefore, Mr. Prebend, be rul'd by a Fool for once; read these Books over again, and you shall find how insensibly they exorcise that Devil of Melancholy, and rock the troubl'd Soul into the pleafing Extafies of Mirth. and true Content; fo that let a man be never fo churlish, and ill-natur'd, they are able to rectifie and cultivate his Inclinations. For my part, I do affure ye, Sir, since 'twas the Will of Heaven to make me a Knight-Errant, of a cowardly, froppish, niggardly, stingie, boarish Lobcock, I am become valiant, affable, courteous, complaifant, liberal, generous, indefatigable, and patient to that degree, as to endure without the least murmuring or repining, all the Imprisonments and Enchantments that ever befel a Knight of my Profession. And tho you see me at this time penn'd up in a woodden Frank, like a Boar against Christmas, I despair not however, but within these few days, by the strength of my Arm, and the Favour of Heaven, to ascend the Throne of some great Kingdom, that I may be able to fow i' the Field of the World, those Vertues of Liberality and Acknowledgment, that I am forc'd at prefent to keep hoarded up in my Breast. For who that is poor, can be munificent, tho he had the Soul of a Prince? Since Acknowledgment in Desire, is but a dead Vertue, like Faith without Works. And therefore I could wish, that Fortune once in her life would be so kind as to help me to an Empire, that I might be in a Condition to enrich my Friends; especially this poor Squire of mine. who is the honestest Fellow i the World, and upon whom I would fain beflow an Earldom, as being a thing that I promis'd him two or three times i'my Cups, (and what I promise when I'm merry, I always love to perform when I'm fober) the I confess I much question his Ability for so

Book IV.

great an Employment. Oh, Sir, quo Sancho, do you but get the Earldom. and ne're trouble your head about my Capacity. I warrant ye, I'le govern it. take you no farther care—I have heard em talk of a fort of People that let out their Lands to Farmers, and these Farmers improve and till those Lands, as if they were their own, while their Landlords live at their ease, gutling and swilling up their Revenues without any farther Trouble or Perplexity of mind. Just so by my faith will I do, I find no difficulty i' the matter, 'tis as easie as pissing; I'le farm out my Government, and eat and drink my Rents like any Prince, and so let the World turn round or stand still, I'le never busie my head. Judge you now whether I am capable to govern an Earldom. You say very well, friend Sancho. reply'd the Prebend; but as to what concerns the Administration of Justice, you ought not to be so indifferent; that's the Earl's main business to look after, and which requires great Prudence and Judgment to manage; and above all, an honest and vertuous Intention to determine rightly and justly which is to be the beginning and end of all his Actions. For as God ne're fails to favour Truth and Sincerity, so he ranverses the crafty Defigns of the Wicked.

I understand not your Gibberish Philosophy, cry'd Sancho, but I know how to govern an Earldom; and an Earldom I would fain have as foon as I could, for I have a Soul and a Body as well as other men; and I would be as absolute in my Earldom, as a King in his Kingdom: I would do what I lift; and doing what I lift, I would follow my own Humour; and following my own Humour, I would be contented; and being contented, I should ha nothing more to desire; and having nothing more to desire, What-a-devil would a Man have more? Only let's have the Earldom, and then farewel till I see ye again, as one blind man said to t'other. There is no false Latin in all this, reply'd the Prebend, however there is much more to be faid upon this very Subject of Earldoms. I know not what there is more to be faid, quo Don Quixote, interrupting him, but this I am fure of, I go according to the President, and follow the Foot-steps of several Knights of my Profession, who, to reward their Squires, have made em Lords of Islands and Cities; to go no farther then Amadis de Gaul, who made his Squire Earl of the Swimming Island. Which being so, with as little Scruple of Conscience may I give Sancho an Earldom; he being one of the best Squires that ever attended upon a Knight-Errant, and had he been born in former Ages, might ha' been a Pattern to all his Succes-

While the Prebend was admiring at the strange and deep Impressions which the Study of Knight-Errantry had made in Don Quixote's Fancy; and no less at the Simplicity of Sancho, who thought his Master could ha giv'n him an Earldom with as much ease as some men play away a Mannor. the Servants return'd from the Inn with the Provision-Mule; who having spread a Carpet upon the Grass, under the shade of certain Trees, for once the Company madea shift to sit down like Turks, and fall too like Christians. But they had not been long at their Repast, before they heard the found of a little Bell among the neighbouring Bushes, and by and by they faw a black and white Goat dance out of a Thicket, speckl'd with yellow Spots, pursu'd by a Goat-herd endeavouring to stop her with all the flattering and careffing Language imaginable. But the Goat having taken some distaste, and unwilling to be re-taken, ran directly to the Prebend and his Company; where being stopp'd, the Goatherd having caught her by the Horns, began to expostulate with the dumb Animal, as if 't had been

the rational Goat that gave Tupiter suck; Ah wanton sugitive, cry'd he. 'ye spotted Slut, whither art a jumping my Dear? what has frighted thee my Child? is't because thou art a Female, and lovest to be gadding, 'ha? Come Nanny, come Nanny, go along with me, where thou shalt be ' fafe among the rest of thy Companions: what dost thou think will be-'come of them, who art their Guide and Mistress, if thou runn'st a ram-'bling a'this manner?

The Renomned DON QUIXOTE.

The Prebend was extreamly pleas'd with the Goat-herd's Courtship, and therefore desir'd him not to be so hasty to carry back his Goat. Friend, said he, if she be a Female, as thou say'st she is, you ought to let her have her will; for if she have a mind to have her Fegaries, thou't find it a hard task to hinder her — Here, here, come and eat a bit, and drink a Cuo of Wine to cool thy Passion, while the poor Goat lies down and rests her felf \_\_\_ And so saying, he gave the Goat-herd the Leg of a cold Rabbet. which the Goat's Sweet-heart took with a Countrey Congy; and after he had drank, with a b' y'er leave Geontlemen, to all the Company, Don't ye think, Geontlemen, quo he, tho che sbeak a thick manner to thick Bieast, that ch'am a meer Glown, as they zay. What ch' ha' zaid to the Bieast, ch' a' zaid, and there's more in't then you are aware on, Geontlemen — Ch'am a Glown, 'tis drue, but che' gnow how to sbeak to Geontlevoke, as well as to Bieasts. I am apt to believe it, reply'd the Curate, for I know by Experience, that Contemplation of times feeks the lonely Mountains, and Wisdom is no stranger to the homely Cottage - At least, Gentlemen, changing then his rustick Dialect, they may sometimes harbour. quo the Goat herd, Men of Reason and common Understanding - And therefore if it ben't a piece of Rudeness to intrude into your Company, and that you'll be pleas'd to hear me but a quarter of an hour, I'le tell ve a Story to confirm the Truth of what the Gentleman has faid. Friend, quo Don Quixote, undertaking for the whole Company, i' my Conscience, I fmell either a Knight-Errant, or something of an Adventure in your Story; which if there be, Ile lend ye my Attention with all my Heart, and fo I dare assure ye will these Gentlemen, whom I take to be all great Ad-

then to begin as foon as you pleafe. God speed ye, Gentlemen, quo Sancho, a hungry Belly has no Ears; and therefore give me leave to retire to yonder Brook with my share, where I intend to stuff my Guts for three days: Squires and Ships must be vittl'd, or else they'll do no Service. Besides, I have often heard my Master tell me, that your Knight-Errants Squires mult lose no Opportunity to fill the Wallet of their Stomachs, which will afterwards have leisure enough to digest its Load; in regard that many times it is their hard Fate to enter into a wide defart Forrest, out of which they cannot get out again in five or fix days; so that if a man be not well ballasted before hand, he may be Food for the Crows, for want of Food for himself. Very well argu'd, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, go where thou wilt, eat what thou can'ft, and prudently put the rest i thy Breeches. For my part, I have an Appetite foon satisfy'd, and therefore having fed my Body, I am now for feeding my Mind, as valuing the Banquet of a good Story, beyond all the costly Viands of an Emperor's Table. We are all of the same mind, reply'd the Prebend, and with the same Earnestness expect the first Course. With that the Goat herd stroaking his Beloved upon the back; Lie down by me a while, my pretty motley Fool, quo he, the Day's not so far spent, but that we ha' time enough to return to the Herd. Upon which, they fay, the Οo

mirers of Novelty and Curiofity; and therefore you have no more to do.

great an Employment. Oh, Sir, quo Sancho, do you but get the Earldom. and ne're trouble your head about my Capacity. I warrant ye, I'le govern it, take you no farther care I have heard em talk of a fort of People that let out their Lands to Farmers, and these Farmers improve and till those Lands, as if they were their own, while their Landlords live at their ease, gutling and swilling up their Revenues without any farther Trouble or Perplexity of mind. Just so by my faith will I do, I find no difficulty i' the matter, 'tis as easie as pissing; I'le farm out my Government, and eat and drink my Rents like any Prince, and so let the World turn round or stand still, I'le never busie my head. Judge you now whether I am capable to govern an Earldom. You say very well, friend Sancho, reply'd the Prebend; but as to what concerns the Administration of Justice, you ought not to be so indifferent; that's the Earl's main business to look after, and which requires great Prudence and Judgment to manage; and above all, an honest and vertuous Intention to determine rightly and justly which is to be the beginning and end of all his Actions. For as God ne're fails to favour Truth and Sincerity, so he ranverses the crafty Deligns of the Wicked.

I understand not your Gibberish Philosophy, cry'd Sancho, but I know how to govern an Earldom; and an Earldom I would fain have as foon as I could, for I have a Soul and a Body as well as other men; and I would be as absolute in my Earldom, as a King in his Kingdom: I would do what I lift; and doing what I lift, I would follow my own Humour: and following my own Humour, I would be contented; and being contented, I should ha nothing more to defire; and having nothing more to defire, What a devil would a Man have more? Only let's have the Earldom, and then farewel till I see ye again, as one blind man said to t'other. There is no false Latin in all this, reply'd the Prebend, however there is much more to be faid upon this very Subject of Earldoms. I know not what there is more to be faid, quo Don Quixote, interrupting him, but this I am fure of, I go according to the President, and follow the Foot-steps of several Knights of my Profession, who, to reward their Squires, have made 'em Lords of Islands and Cities; to go no farther then Amadis de Gaul, who made his Squire Earl of the Swimming Island. Which being so, with as little Scruple of Conscience may I give Sancho an Earldom; he being one of the best Squires that ever attended upon a Knight-Errant, and had he been born in former Ages, might ha' been a Pattern to all his Succes-

While the Prebend was admiring at the strange and deep Impressions which the Study of Knight-Errantry had made in Don Quixote's Fancy; and no less at the Simplicity of Sancho, who thought his Master could ha giv'n him an Earldom with as much ease as some men play away a Mannor, the Servants return'd from the Inn with the Provision-Mule; who having spread a Carpet upon the Grass, under the shade of certain Trees, for once the Company madea shift to fit down like Turks, and fall too like Christians. But they had not been long at their Repast, before they heard the found of a little Bell among the neighbouring Busshes, and by and by they saw a black and white Goat dance out of a Thicket, speckl'd with yellow Spots, pursu'd by a Goat-herd endeavouring to stop her with all the slattering and caressing Language imaginable. But the Goat having taken some distaste, and unwilling to be re-taken, ran directly to the Prebend and his Company; where being stopp'd, the Goatherd having caught her by the Horns, began to expossulate with the dumb Animal, as if 't had been

the rational Goat that gave Jupiter suck; Ah wanton sugitive, cry'd he, 'ye spotted Slut, whither art a jumping my Dear? what has frighted thee my Child? is't because thou art a Female, and lovest to be gadding, ha? Come Nanny, come Nanny, go along with me, where thou shalt be fase among the rest of thy Companions: what dost thou think will become of them, who art their Guide and Mistress, if thou runn'st a ram-

bling a'this manner?

The Prebend was extreamly pleas'd with the Goat-herd's Courtship, and therefore desir'd him not to be so hasty to carry back his Goat. Friend, said he, if she be a Female, as thou fay'ft she is, you ought to let her have her will; for if she have a mind to have her Fegaries, thou't find it a hard task to hinder her — Here, here, come and eat a bit, and drink a Cup of Wine to cool thy Passion, while the poor Goat lies down and rests her felf - And so saying, he gave the Goat herd the Leg of a cold Rabber. which the Goat's Sweet-heart took with a Countrey Congy; and after he had drank, with a b' yer leave Geontlemen, to all the Company, Don't ye think, Geontlemen, quo he, tho che sbeak a thick manner to thick Bieast, that ch'am a meer Glown, as they zay. What ch' ha' zaid to the Bieast, ch' a' zaid, and there's more in't then you are aware on, Geontlemen \_\_\_ Ch'am a Glown, 'tis drue, but che' gnow how to sbeak to Geontlevoke, as well as to Bieafts. I am apt to believe it, reply'd the Curate, for I know by Experience, that Contemplation of times feeks the lonely Mountains, and Wildom is no stranger to the homely Cottage \_\_\_ At least, Gentlemen changing then his rustick Dialect, they may sometimes harbour. quo the Goat herd, Men of Reason and common Understanding - And therefore if it ben't a piece of Rudeness to intrude into your Company, and that you'll be pleas'd to hear me but a quarter of an hour, I'le tell ve a Story to confirm the Truth of what the Gentleman has faid. Friend, quo Don Quixote, undertaking for the whole Company, i' my Conscience, I smell either a Knight-Errant, or something of an Adventure in your Story; which if there be, Ile lend ye my Attention with all my Heart, and fo I dare affure ye will these Gentlemen, whom I take to be all great Admirers of Novelty and Curiofity; and therefore you have no more to do. then to begin as foon as you pleafe.

God speed ye, Gentlemen, quo Sancho, a hungry Belly has no Ears; and therefore give me leave to retire to yonder Brook with my share, where I intend to stuff my Guts for three days: Squires and Ships must be vittl'd, or else they'll do no Service. Besides, I have often heard my Master tell me, that your Knight-Errants Squires must lose no Opportunity to fill the Wallet of their Stomachs, which will afterwards have leisure enough to digest its Load; in regard that many times it is their hard Fate to enter into a wide desart Forrest, out of which they cannot get out again in five or fix days; fo that if a man be not well ballafted before hand, he may be Food for the Crows, for want of Food for himself. Very well argu'd. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, go where thou wilt, eat what thou can'st, and prudently put the rest i thy Breeches. For my part, I have an Appetite foon satisfy'd, and therefore having fed my Body, I am now for feeding my Mind, as valuing the Banquet of a good Story, beyond all the costly Viands of an Emperor's Table. We are all of the same mind, reply'd the Prebend, and with the same Earnestness expect the first Course. With that the Goat herd stroaking his Beloved upon the back; Lie down by me a while, my pretty motley Fool, quo he, the Day's not so far spent, but that we ha' time enough to return to the Herd. Upon which, they fay, the

Book IV.

intelligent Creature, as if she had understood his Language, laid her self-down at his feet, and looking wistly in his Face, seem'd to bid him proceed, which he did after this manner.

#### CHAP. XXIV.

Containing the Goat-herd's Story.

Bout three Leagues from this Valley, in a small Village but one of the richest in all these parts, there liv'd a wealthy Farmer, well-belov'd, and in great Reputation among all his Neighbours, tho more for his Vertue and good Qualities, then for his Estate. But his chiefest Happiness was a Daughter, beautiful, discreet, and modest beyond compare. This Damfel was not above fixteen years of Age, when the Report of her Perfections spread it self over all the neighbouring Villages, and at length arriv'd in distant Cities, inslaming the young Sparks to that degree, that they came far and near to behold this matchless Master-piece of Nature. On the other fide, her Father had a watchful Eye over her, as being the only Treasure i' this World, which he most highly priz'd; tho indeed his Care was needless, she being of her felf so reserv'd and wary of her Honour. Nor was it without reason, for being an Heiress to a considerable Competency, the Fame of her Beauty, and her Father's Acres, drew a mighty Resort of young Whipsters to the House; some passionately enamour'd of her Person, others in love with her Fortune, and others with both together; fome i' their lac'd Coats and Point-Cravats, fome of meaner Rank, with red and blew Ribbands under their Chins, of all Sizes and Professions; fo that in the midst of so much Variety, the poor man was extreamly troubl'd where to fix, well-knowing his Daughter could have but one at a time. Among this numerous Croud of Pretenders, I was one who had not the least reason to hope well for my self, as being of the same Village, well known to her Father to be descended of honest Parents; besides that, he understood both my Estate, and my Age; and then again, I was lookt upon i' the Countrey to be no Fop. All which put together, contributed very much to the Conclusion of the Match. But there was at the same time another Lad i'the same Town, hopeful and handsom, and indeed my equal in every thing; who making the same Applications that I did, made the Father totter in his Opinion what to fay, or what to think, finding us both fit Matches for his Daughter. In this Confusion he determind to leave it wholly to the fair Leandra's choice (for that was the Name of the Damsel ) that he might not seem to impose upon her Affection. I know not what Answer Leandra made him, but this I'm sure of, that the Father still put us both off from time to time, neither condescending nor refusing, but pretending to both, that his Daughter was not of Years yet ripe enough to marry. Therein doing like a prudent Father, in propounding a good Choice, but leaving his Daughter to please her self. By the way you are to understand, that my Rival's Name was Anselm, and mine Eugenio, two of the chief Persons concern'd in this Story that begins with Love, but ends a little odly.

Now while we were thus kept at the Stave's end in a Dilatory Suspence, there came to the Village a certain young Swash buckler, whose Name was Thomas of Waltham, the Son of a ravenous Pettifogger, that liv'd

in the same Hamlet. This Thomas of Waltham, at twelve Years of Age, ran away from his Father, and having rambld Flanders and the Low Countries, where he pretended to put his Cheats upon the Duke of Luxemburgh and the Prince of Orange, twelve years after that return'd home again in the Habit of a Souldier, but so bedizon'd with Glass beads of a thousand Colours, set in Branches of St. Martin's Wier, that he made a more glistring shew i'the Sun, then a Prince of Guinney; and these Beads he so well knew how to chop and change, and put others in their places, that he feem'd to have a new Suite for every Day i'the Month. The Countrey People, who are naturally malicious, and when they have nothing to do, become as envious as the Devil himself, could not be content to admire, but set themfelves to examine diligently this same odd fort of Jay-like Bravery. And at length by ftrict Observation found, that he had no more then three different Suits of Apparel of ordinary Stuffs; but he had so many fantastick Tricks and Inventions to disguise 'em, that you wou'd ha' sworn he had had a Duke's Wardrobe. He would usually fit upon a Bench under a spreading Oak that grew in the Village, and there make long Relations of his Adventures, and his famous Archievements; there was not any part of the World where he had not fet his feet; not a confiderable Battel had been fought, wherein he had not been present; he had kill'd more Moors then all Barbary contain'd; he had fought more Duels then all the Bullies in London, in every one of which he had still come off with Victory. Then he would pretend to shew us the Scars of Wounds, which tho they could not be discern'd, yet he made us believe they were the Shots and Slashes which he had receiv'd in several desperate Encounters; he was so arrogant, that he would Dick and Tom, and Thou and Thee his Superiours with an unusual Insolence, boasting that his Arm was his only Parent, and his Atchievements were his Pedigree; and that being as he was a Souldier, he was not inferiour to the King himfelf. Besides these rare Qualities, he could fing a little better then a Countrey Parish Clerk; he had a Voice like a Bird call'd a Swine, and scrap'd upon a Violin like a Countrey Fidler. But his chief Excellency lay in his Poetry, for he had his Rhymes ready upon all Occasions, as if he had emulated the great Fame of Poet Ninny; and if a Wench did but fart in her fleep, would scribble ye two or three Sheets upon the Subject in a Quarter of an hour; so that he furnished the whole Village with wast Paper for a long time.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Now this Thomas of Waltham, this Bugle-merchant, this Gulman, this Braggadoshio, this Huff snuff, this Doggerel-Rhymer, did the more fair then wife Leandra behold from a Window of her Father's House, and was presently smitten; the Souldier's invisible Weapons immediately wounded her Heart; his Pedlar's Trinkets dazl'd her Eyes; she was charm'd with his Rodomontado's, she look'd upon him as a second Sir Eglamore, took every thing for Gold that gliffer'd, and the Devil owing her a particular Shame, she fell so desperately in love with this same Son of Ostentation. that she became his Prisoner before he had the confidence to summon her to a Surrender; and as no Intrigue in Love is carry'd on fo fmoothly as that, where the Gallant is favour'd by his Mistress, 'twas a Match between Leandra and Thomas of Waltham, before either of us had the least Suspicion of it: for Argus himself, had he been sent to watch her, would ne're ha' suspected fuch a Thief as he. In short, the business being thus suddenly concluded. and the time appointed, the precious Map of Modesty makes up her Fardle, ( for still you must know, that in such Cases as these the Father always

:\_

entrusts his beloved Darling with the Keys of his Treasure) ta kes one of the Old Man's best Geldings, and away she troops as fine as Pins could make her, with she hardly knew whom, she scarcely knew whither.

An Accident fo unexpected strangely surprized the whole Village, which was presently all in an Uproar; the Father tore his Beard from his Chin, while poor Anselm and I, amaz'd, distracted, confounded, and overwhelm'd with Despair, were ready to hang our selves in our own Garters, for Grief and Sorrow. Presently Hue and Cry was sent after the two Fugitives with all the speed imaginable; and the Officers, partly for love of the Old Man. partly well paid before hand, us'd fuch diligence, and made fuch hafte. that in three days they found Leandra stript to her very Skin ( for Thomas of Waltham was rid away with all the rest, but her Maiden-head, not thinking it fafe to flay the taking it along with him.) In that Condition, only with an old Coat left her in Charity to hide her Nakedness, they brought her back to her Father, to whom she confess'd that Thomas of Waltham had deceiv'd her. got her good Will, and perswaded her to go along with him to the Devil's Arfe i the Peak, or some place or other where he had vast Preferments. and where the should be the Lord knows what. By which means abusing her eafiness and the Confidence she had in him, he carry'd her the same Night to the Cave where they found her, and where the Raggamuffin, after he had stript her, left her to condole her Folly and Missortune, without offering any other Violence to her Body. Which was a difficult thing to believe of a luftful, rough hewn young Gulman as he was. But Leandra made so many Protestations of the Truth of her Paramour's Continency, that her Father over joy'd he had her again unplunder'd of her most inestimable Jewel, forgave her all the rest of his Losses. However, the same day The appear'd, The vanish'd again, being privately convey'd away to a safer Lock and Key then his own, in a Nunnery distant some few miles off. hoping that time would obliterate the Miscarriage of her imprudent

'Tis true, that they who had only a Neighbourly Kindness for the Maid, were willing to accept her Youth for a satisfactory Excuse of her Vanity, and improvident Rashness. But they who were well acquainted with her Wit and Discretion in other things, rather blame the natural Inclination

of Women, which is fickle and humourfome.

As for Anselm, ever since Leandra's first disappearing, he is fall'n into a deep Melancholy, fits musing and picking a Straws, like a Changeling; and tis thought 'twill come to that in time, that we shall see him sitting upon the High-way in a long Coat and a clean Bib, begging the Charity of Travellers. And for my own part, that lov'd her dearly, and perhaps may have a Kindness for her still, I am in such a Quandary, that I know not whether I shall ever see the Female Sex more: Which has made me retire into this Valley, where I feed a Herd of Beafts, as wanton as Women: but more easie to be rul'd. How many Curses have I bestow'd upon that Son of a Whore Gusman? How many times have I blam'd the Carelesness of Leandra's Father, that had not a stricter Watch over her? Nay; how many times have I bestow'd a kind Malediction upon Leandra her felf, for her Folly and Indifcretion? But all fignifies not a Rush; for hat I know not whether I should abide here any longer, were it not to behold the Folly of others. For you must know, these Mountains are full of Leandra's Inamorato's, as if Arcady were remov'd hither; at least, these defert Hills are become the Habitations of fuch a number of puling whining Lovers, as may juffly give these Groves and Thickets the Title of

Fools Paradise. Here is nothing else to be heard but Leandra's Name. One Shepherd calls her Fanstatick and Light; another, Easie and Imprudent; fome accuse and justifie her, all in a Breath; some talk of her Beauty, others bemoan her Absence, others blame her for all the Missortunes which they fuffer; almost all despise, and all adore her; some complain of her Cruelty that never faw her i their lives; and others are jealous of her, that never had any Occasion; for she dispos'd of her Body before any one could claim an Interest in her Heart. Here sits one upon the Clift of a Rock, with his Arms a cross, and his Hat over his Eyes, bewailing his Misfortunes; there fits another by the fide of a purling Stream, invoking Heaven to witness he knows not what himself; there lies another leaning upon his Elbow at the foot of a shady Tree, breathing out loud Complaints to the filent Air, against a person that never did em any harm, God knows. The Trees, for ought I find, are the only Sufferers, as being daily wounded and gash'd to make way for Leandra's Name. And thus the Name of Leandra, that I dare fay, never dreams of any of these her raving Admirers, bewitches and enchants'em after the strangest manner i'the World, while they live continually in Hopes and Fears, yet know not what to hope, nor

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

what to expect.

Book IV.

But among the whole Crowd of these Fopdoodles, there is none so frantick as my Rival Anselm, who having the most just Complaints of any but my felf, to make, and perhaps not without reason, does nothing all day long but bewail her Absence, when he knows the way to her again; and if that be all he has to except against, I dare fay, might be a welcome Guest to her Father, who would be glad to see his Daughter's Reputation stitch'd up again upon any Conditions. For my part, I think I take a wifer Course, for I spend my time in exclaiming against the Inconflancy of Women, the Falihood of their Promises; and in laughing at the Folly of their Actions, their Scorn and Contempt of those that truly love em, and their fantastick Choice of Fools and Knaves. And then come the Descants of the World, when she's sent home again to her Parents, without a Rag to her Tail- She was told on't- but she would not be advis'd by her Friends- She might have had an honest Gentleman-but she would needs have a Royster- and now she may thank her unpity'd felf— And this, Gentlemen, was the meaning of those words which I talk'd to my Goat, when I follow'd her to this place, for which I have but a very small Respect, as being a Female, tho she be one of the fairest in my Herd. I know not whether my Story may have answer'd your Expectation, however, if you please to go along with me to my Cottage hard by, I will endeavour to repair the Injury I ha' done ye, with a short Collation of Cheefe, and Milk, and Fruits of the Season, which perhaps may be more acceptable.

# CHAP. XXV.

Containing the quarrel between Don Quixote and the Goat-herd, and the rare Adventure of the Penitents, which cost him the Sweat of his Brows to accomplish.

THE Story pleas'd the whole Company, especially the Prebend, who highly applauded the Goat herd's Elocution; who was now no more in his Thoughts the Clown and Rustick which he took him to be, but a Person literate, and of excellent Sense; of whom the Curate had reason to fav. That the defart Mountains were not always without Men of Wit, and fuch as knew the World. Therefore they repaid him with all the Civilities and kind Offers imaginable: but Don Quixote, more liberal then any of the rest, Truly, honest Friend, said he, were I in a Condition to undertake an Adventure, I would make it my business to serve ye, without delay. For I would go immediately and tear Leandra out of the Nunnery, where, without question she is detain'd against her Will; and in despite of the Abbess, and all the Monks and Nuns under Heaven. would furrender her into your hands, to dispose of at your own pleasure; observing however, the Laws of Chivalry-Errant, which do not permit the least Injury to be done to Ladies. But I hope in God, the Malice of a villainous Inchanter will not always be so powerful, but that another Necromancer better affected, will deliver me out of his Clutches, and then I will fecure ve both my Favour and Affiftance, according to the Laws of my Profession, which oblige me to the Relief of those that are oppressed.

The Goat heard, who had as yet taken little notice of Don Quixote, hearing him utter such Romantick Bombast, view'd him from head to soot, but finding neither his Habit, nor his Physiognomy correspondent to his Offers, he turn'd to the Barber that fate next him, and whifpering him in the Ear; Sir, faid he, who is this person that talks at this extravagant rate? I never faw fuch a strange Creature i' my life. 'Tis a sign you live in a Forest, quo the Barber; who should it be but the famous Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Flail of Oppression, the Revenger of Injuries, the Protector of Ladies, the Ribroaster of Giants, invincible in Battel? This, quo the Goat-heard, is just like what we read i' your Books of Knight-Errants, who were all such a fort of Desperado's. But for my part, I am apt to think you are only merry with the Gentleman, as one that has empty Lodgings to let in his Costard. Ye damn'd insolent Son of thirty Tinkers, cry'd Don Quixote, 'tis thou art the Skimmer-scull'd Rascal I have a thousand times more Brains then the carted Bawd thy Mother, and all thy Bitchwhelp'd Generation; and fo faying, he took up a Six-penny Loaf that stood upon the Table, and flung it with fuch a malicious fury at the Goatherd's Head, that the hard Crust had almost levell'd his Nose with his Face, and loofen'd all his Fore teeth. The Goat-herd not understanding fuch kind of Railery, and as hafty to return Civility for Civility, never minded Table cloth, nor Victuals, nor the Squeezing of Tarts as flat as Pan-cakes, but flew upon Don Quixote, and catching him by the Throat, had throatl'd him without mercy, had not Sancho, taking him by the Shoulders, pull'd him backward, cross the Collation, upon Dishes, Pots, and Glasses, among the Relicks and Orts of the Prebend's good Chear.

On the other fide, Don Quixote finding himself free, threw himself again upon the Goat-herd, who being thus unequally befet, two for one, with his Face and Eyes all bruis'd, and Sancho still laying on like a Loathbury Brazier, felt about for one o' the Carving-knives to have tak'n a fatal Revenge. by tapping the Breaft and Guts of Knight and Squire both at once. But the Prebend had warily caus'd those unlawful Weapons to be remov'd out of the way; so that 'twas only a desperate kind of Counter-scuffle, where neither Dish nor Cup could stand still, but the Salutations were fo rude and unmannerly, that tho the Meat was well dreft, the Guefts were all raw, and the Blood ran about their Chaps, as if they had been Cannibals feeding one upon another. And as yet the Goat herd had the worse, till the Barber willing to see a little fair Play, gave him an Opportunity to get upon Don Quixote, who then bestriding the Knight, ply'd him so fast with his Knuckles, that he was even with the Hero for the Blood which he had loft before; and now you'd ha' fworn they had both put on their Visor-Masks to hide their own handy Work; Dust and Blood had so bemoyl'd their Faces, where their Eyes were no more to be seen for the Rainbows and Swellings that usually accompany such kind of Horseplay. The Prebend and the Curate were ready to burft; the Bailiffs hoop'd and hollow'd, clapp'd their hands, and with Halloos, and to him Lion. there Brindle, fet 'em on as they do Massiss i' the Street. Only Sancho

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

was as mad as a March-Hare, to find himself held by one of the *Prebend's* Servants, to prevent his helping the Knight his Master.

Book IV.

Now while this Bear-garden Sport made all the rest of the Company merry, but the two Combatants, who lay battering one another with an unspeakable Antipathy, what animates to fight at other times, did here diffolve the Fray. For by and by they heard the found of a Trumpet so fad and doleful, that it enforc'd their Ears to a more then ordinary Attention. But it wrought upon none so much as it did upon Don Quixote; who, tho he lay full fore against his Will under the Oppression of the Goat-herd's Body, more then moderately bruis'd and pounded, and unable to relieve himself, yet was his Spirit of Revenge at that time willing to submit to that of his Curiosity. And therefore Brother Devil, quo he; for other then a Devil thou canst not be, that hast both Valour and Strength to equal mine; prethee let's make a Truce, and leave off this same Butcherly Boxing; I am quite weary of it - besides that, I am perswaded the dolorous Sound of this same Trumpet calls me to the more noble Recreation of killing out-right. Upon which the Goatherd, no less weary of pounding, then being pounded, presently gave off; at what time Don Quixote getting upon his Legs, after he had shook his Limbs and wip'd his Face, turn'd himfelf toward the place from whence the found came, and prefently fpy'd descending down the side of a Hill feveral People clad in white, which others readily differend to be a Cluster of Penitents, but Don Quixote strongly fancy'd to be Devils in Masquerade. Now it feems there had no Rain fall'n all that year, which made the Countrey People think it convenient to implore the mercy of Heav'n by a devout Procession to a Hermitage that lay at the foot of the Mountain. But Don Quixote no sooner beheld the strange Habiliments of the Penitents, but he imagin'd it to be some desperate Adventure which he was to undertake, as being the only Knight-Errant in the Company. And that which confirm'd him in this reverend piece of Dotage, was an Image cover'd with Mourning, carry'd by the Penitents,

which he took to be fome forlorn Princess, which those Miscreants, and disloyal Knights had ravish'd away by force, and were hurrying to fome dismal Castle of their own. Full of these Imaginations, he buckles on his Armour, shoulders his Buckler, and having mounted Rosinante with no less speed; Now, Lords and Gentlemen, quo he, be patient a while, and you shall see how vastly it concerns the whole World, that there should be persons like my self, that make Profession of Knight-Errantry. Now I say, the Hour is come, that you, beholding my courageous Actions in setting at liberty this captive Lady, shall acknowledge the high Honour that is due to the Lambasters of the Wicked. And so saying, he clapp'd his Heels to Rollinante's Sides, as having loft his Spurs, and putting on a good round Gallop (for in all this true History you never read, that ever Resinante trotted) rode directly toward the Penitents, who little dreamt of the Storm that was coming, while they were praying for . Rain. And all this, notwithstanding the vigorous Endeavours of the Prebend and Curate to restrain him, and little regarding Sancho's Exclamations, who yauling inceffantly after him, cry'd out, Where the Devil are ve posting, Master Don Quixote? Does Beelzebub himself possess ye, thus to fend ye a tilting against the Catholick Faith? Don't ye see "tis only a Procession? and that the Lady which they carry upon that same Pedestal, is the Image of the bleffed Virgin — Upon my life y' are distracted— Master - Master - Hey - Master - Master come back i'the Devil's Name. and don't ride headlong to Hell. But Sancho worry'd his Lungs in vain; for his Master was so bent upon delivering the Lady i'the Mourning, that he would not ha' return'd back, no, not for the Pope himself, nor all the Perswasions of the whole Council of Trent.

Stopping Rosinante, therefore, within twenty Paces of the Procession. with a hoarfe and furious Tone; Hold Rake-hells, cry'd he, that under facred Vestments, disguise the worst of Miscreants, attend and heark'n to my Words - The first that stood still, were those that carry'd the Image; at what time one of the four Priefts that fang the Letanies, beholding Don Quixote's extravagant Garb, the meagre Ribs of Rollmante. and several other ridiculous Circumstances, which he observ'd in the menacing Champion; Friend, faid he, if you have any thing to fay to us, speak it quickly; for all this while these poor People are scourging their own Flesh, and we have no leisure to hear a long Discourse. Why then, reply'd Don Quixote, in short \_\_\_\_ Pray release that fair Lady, whose disconfolate Looks and Tears fufficiently declare, that you have done her fome ungracious Injury, and that you are hawling her away from her Parents and Kindred, against her Will. For my part, I came into the World to prevent such Violences as these, and cannot therefore in Honour consent to let ye pass, till ye have restor'd her to her desir'd Li-

berty.

There needed no more to confirm those People, that Don Quixote was no wiser then his Father had begot him; so that they could not forbear laughing in his Champion like Face: and it is to be fear'd, that one was so bold as to bid him troop about his own Business, like a Fool as he was—But this was to set a lighted Match to a Barrel of Gun powder—For Don Quixote enrag'd to see himself derided, made directly, with his Sword drawn, toward the Image. At what time one of the persons that carry'd it, leaving his Employment to the rest of his Companions, ran to meet the menacing Hero, with one of the Forks that sustained

fustain'd the Pageant when it rested in any place: Which, tho the mighty Champion slit in two pieces with the first Blow of his Sword that he struck, yet with the other half that remain'd, the stout Opponent return'd the Knight such a use of Admonition upon the right Shoulder, that his Buckler not being bound to take care of both sides, the Violence of the Randan-Rub setch'd him from his Steed to the Ground, where he lay yerking with his Legs at first, like a Capon newly Neck-twisted, and by and by became as motionless as the Image he sought to deliver.

Sancho, who still follow'd his Master, came in pussing and blowing just at the God-speed of this unfortunate Mischance; and seeing the dismounted Knight in that bad and disastrous Condition, cry'd out to the Countreyman to hold his hand, for that his Master was a poor filly inchanted Knight that never did any body harm in his life. However, 'twas not Sancho's Intercession that stopp'd the Countryman's Fury, but his own Fears; for he perceiving that Don Quixote lay like a Dormouse in a Box of Cotton, not so much as wagging Hand or Foot, verily believ'd he had murder'd him; and therefore tucking up his long Gown about his Waste, for Expedition-sake, he fell a' running, as if the Constable and all his Watch had been at his Heels.

By this time the Curate and the Prebend, with all the reft of Don Quixote's Company were come into the end of the Fray; upon whose Approach, the Processioners beholding the Bailiss with their Swords and Pissols, and conceiting Revenge i their heated Countenances, cluster'd together about the Image, and lifting up their Veils, the Penitents with their Scourges, and the Priess with their Torches, resolv'd to abide the Assault, and defend themselves and their Idol, as well as they could. But Fortune order'd the Business better then they could expect, to the Advantage and Satisfaction of both Parties. For while Sancho lay stretch'd out at his full length over his Master's Body, most dolefully lamenting and bewailing him for dead, the Curate happen'd to be known to the Curate of the Procession, which presently dispers'd all Fears and Jealousies on both sides; so that the Curate having given his Brother Parson a short Account who Don Quixote was, they went all together, Penitents and all, to see if he were within the Cure of Spruce-bear and Irish-state, or no.

But when they came near the Thing that seem'd to lie for dead, like one of the Knights of Jerusalem i'the Temple Rounds, there they found Sancho with the Tears trickling down his Cheeks as big as counterfeit Pearls, and making his Master's Funeral-oration in these Words: 'Bright 'Flower of Chivalry, quo he, by Ignominious Cudgel thus laid low, a 'Sacrifice to a damn'd Sexton's Wrath; farewel eternal Honour of thy Race, ' not only Mancha's Darling, but the whole World's Glory, now by thy death become like a defenceless Orphan, expos'd to the Rage and Violence of 'wicked men, that fearless now of thy chastizing Arm, will ravish Vertue, 'and fet Justice naked with her Heels upward. Liberal above a thou-' fand Alexanders, who for eight Months Service only, hadft enrich'd me with one of the best Islands i' the World! O thou that wert humble to the Proud, and lofty to the humble, that frightedst every one, of all afraid; daring in Danger, tame Sufferer of Affronts; a Lover of Shadows, the 'Scourge of Oppressors, and Enemy of Penitents, as Oppressors of them-'felves! In a word, a Knight-Errant, and then what Tongue of Mor-'tals can say more? But only farewel Master, farewel Islands, farewel all 'the World.

Book IV.

These loud Moans and Lamentations fetch'd Don Quixote again to himself; at what time, after a long and profound Sigh, which was the first Sign he gave of Life; He that is absent, quo he, from Thee, most peerless Dulcinea, can never be other then miserable — Help me, dear Sancho, once more into the Inchanted Chariot, for I am not in a Condition to bestride unruly Rosinante- Oh- Sancho- Sancho! never was a Tavern-bisket crack'd into fo many pieces, as my Shoulder-blade-I have no more use of my right Arm, then a joynted Baby - With all my heart, reply'd Sancho, I am still ready to assist my dear Master ..... And fo, Sir, let's e'en return home to our own Village, where we may at leisure consider of some other Adventure, more to our Honour and Profit. Thou fay'st well, answer'd Don Quixote, 'tis Prudence to weary the malicious Influences of the Stars. Upon which words, the Prebend, the Curate, and the Barber fail'd not to strike while the Iron was hot, and having footh'd him up in his provident Care of himself, return'd him into his inchanted Cage, where they laid him forth upon a Truss of Hay, to the great grief of Rosinante, who at that time did not a little envy him his Cushion.

Thus the Procession went on in good order; the Goat-herd retir'd, after he had takn leave of the Company, and the Bailiffs were paid and dismiss'd by the Curate The Prebend also embrac'd the Curate, and after he had obtaind his Promife to give him an Account of Don Quixote's Cure, pursu'd his Journey. And thus the Curate, the Barber, Don Quixote and Sancho, were left alone with Rosinante, who among fo many Hurly burlies had shew'd no less Patience then his Master. So that now the almost dismember'd Knight being laid at his ease, as we said before, upon his Bottle of Hay, discreetly strew'd under his bruis'd Bones, the Waggoner drove on according to the Curate's Directions; and at the end of fix days, according to the grave pace of those lazy Animals, happily arriv'd at Don Quixote's Village; into which they made their entry at high Noon, upon a Sunday, of all the Days i'the Week. Presently Men, Women, and Children came forth to see the Man i' the Cage; but when they knew their old Landlord and Acquaintance, Joy and Admiration put 'em into fuch a fit of hooping and hollowing, enough to ha' wak'd the seven Sleepers three years before their time. In the mean while, a little Boy ran to carry the News to Don Quixote's Neece and Governante, telling 'em, That their Uncle and Master was come home, laid upon a Bottle of Hay, but so lean and disfigur'd, that he hardly knew him again.

'Twou'd ha' griev'd your Heart to ha' heard the Lamentations of his Kinfwoman, and his old Maid, when they faw him- Lord! Sir, cries one, What makes ye come home thus in a Cage? And then she thump'd her Breast, and water'd her Cheeks, like a Nurse at a Funeral. Was there ne're a Stage-Coach, cries t'other, to be got, but that you must be thus cag'd home, like a wild Swedish Cat? The Devil take all those Diabolical Books of Knight-Errantry, cries the Neece \_\_\_ Is this the fruit of Adventuring, cries the Maid? The Lord bless me with that little Wit I have, and no more—— And all this and a great deal worse they repeated, when they saw him creep in a-doors, like one that had shatter'd his Bones from the top of a Pear-tree. Presently comes Sancho Pancha's Wife (for the News slew like a fir'd Rocket) and meeting her Husband, Well, quo she, and how does the Ass? Better then his Master, quo Sancho. The Lord be

prais'd for that, i' the first place, quo his Wife-But prithee. Husband, tell me, quo she, What hast got all this while by thy Squiring? Hast brought me home e're a new Petticoat? or any Shoos and Stockins for the Children? I ha' brought none of those Trifles home, quo Sancho, but I ha' brought things of greater value. Now thou chear'st my Heart, quo his Wife, prithee let's see those things of Value. I will shew thee at home, reply'd Sancho; in the mean time be fatisfy'd, good Wife; for if it be our good Fortune to take another frisk, as I hope we shall, thou shalt see me in a short time Governour of an Island, I say of an Island, and that one of the best Islands in the World; none of your paltry Islands of thirteen to the Dozen. Pray God thou be'st John, Husband, quo she \_\_\_\_ But what dost mean by an Island, Sancho, for I don't understand your hard Words? Why look ve, quo Sancho, Tell a Mare a Tale, and she'l let a Fart-'Tis not for Asses to lick Honey - Thou shalt understand what I mean time enough, when thou shalt wonder to hear thy self call'd nothing but Lady and Madam, and see all thy Slaves and Vassals bowing and cringing about thee, with their Hats off---- What dost think on't? won't these be brave new-Petticoat-days? --- I' the mean time, good dear Joan Pansa, not a word o' the Puddingflay till the time comes, and make no Brags-Tis enough, that what I tell thee's true - And therefore believe thy nown Sancho—— Only by the way let me tell thee, There's no fuch Pleasure i'the World, as to be a Squire to a Knight-Errant that goes a Nutting after Adventures—— 'Tis true indeed, that all we meet with, do not always fucceed—— Of a hundred, not fourfcore and nineteen hit right \_\_ I know it by Experience, Wife \_\_\_ thanks be to God. I ha' try'd it \_\_\_\_ I ha' been toss'd in a Blanket \_\_\_\_ I ha' been thrashid till my Bones ha' rattl'd i' my Skin, like a Bag of Chessmen - Nevertheless, 'tis a most pleasant life to ride a hunting, as we do, in chase of that Whore Fortune ---- over Rocks, over Mountains, through Defarts and Forests, to visit Castles, and lodge at Inns, without paying the Devil a Cross to the Sot of an Inn-keeper, that gives us the best Dyet and Lodging he has.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

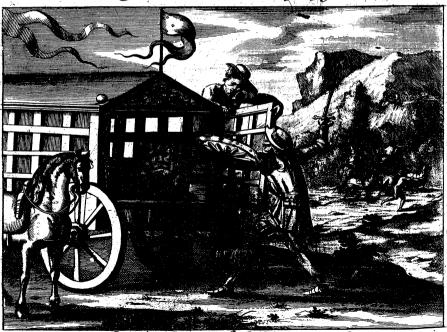
Thus Sancho mus'd his Wife, while Don Quixote's Niece, and his Maid undress'd him, and put him in his old Bed, where he lay casting a melancholy Look, fometimes upon the one, fometimes the other; yet not knowing either them or himself. At the same time the Curate laid a strict Charge upon the Niece to take care of her Uncle, but above all things, narrowly to watch him, to prevent his making a third Escape; telling her withal, what a deal of Pains and Trouble it had cost him to get him home again. With that the Niece and the Maid began again to lift up their Voices; they thundred out a thousand Maledictions against Books of Knight-Errantry; and befought of Heaven to confound, and fend to the very Center of the Abyss the Authors of so many Lyes and Impostures. In short, they made it their business diligently to watch the good Gentleman, continually alarm'd with Fears and Jealousies, lest they should lose him again, as foon as recover'd; which unhappily not long after fell out accordingly, notwithstanding all their Industry and Diligence.

The End of the First Part.

# Book I.



Don Quixoto Encounter with the Players page 339.



Don Quixots Adventure of the Lyons page 363

THE

SECOND PART

OF THE

# LIFE and ATCHIEVEMENTS

Of the most Ingenious KNIGHT,

# Don Quixote

# MANCHA.

# PART II. BOOK I.

### CHAP. I.

Containing the manner of Don Quixote's third Escape.

I D Hamet Benengeli recounts in the fecond Part of this Hi-flory, and the third Escape of Don Quixote, that the Curate and the Barber were above a Month before they would Adventure to give him a Visit, for fear of recalling to his Memory what in time they were in hopes he might have clean forgot. Nevertheles, they fail'd not every day to see his Neece, and his old Maid, to whom they gave a special Charge every time they came, to be careful of their Nurfery, and as well to divertife him with their Company, as to recruit his Body with wholesome Dier, proper to comfort the Heart and Brain, where lay his chiefest Distemper. To which they answer'd, That all the Mad-houses about London could not be more tender of him, then they both were, and wou'd be; fo much the rather, because they observed a strange Amendment in him, and that he would many times talk as rationally and discreetly, as the *President* of a *Synod*. This was joyful News to the Curate and Barber, who look'd upon it as a good Effect of the Inchantment they had themselves divis'd. Thereupon they determin'd to

Book I.

give him a visit, and make tryal themselves of the Progress of his Cure. which, however, they thought impossible. And because they would not wake a fleepy Lion, they agreed not to fpeak a word of Knight-Errantry. With these Resolutions they enter'd his Chamber, where they found him fitting up in his Bed, in a Wastcoat of green Bays, with a Turban-fashion'd Cap upon his Head, but with his Skin so wither'd and sallow, and so Dog-lean, that he look'd like the Picture of Death it felf. Nevertheless. he was very glad to fee his Friends, thank'd 'em very civily for their kind Visit, and like a man in his perfect Senses, gave 'em an Account of his Condition as rationally as a Colledge-Doctor, and made 'em an Anfwer to all their Questions pertinently and discreetly, beyond their Imagination. After they had thus prattl'd, for some time, of ordinary Matters, they fell at length upon State affairs, and began to discourse of Government, reforming fometimes this bad Custome, fometimes another Grievance, and establishing new Laws, as if they had been the Solons of the Age. Upon all which Subjects Don Quixote reason'd with that Gravity, that Discretion, that Knowledge, as if he had been Privy-Counfellor to Charles the Great, and fo to all his Successors; infomuch that the Curate began to think him once more a rational Creature. Nay more, his Neece and old Maid, who were prefent at all these Discourses, wept for Joy, and could not forbear to give thanks to Heaven, the one to fee her Uncle, the other to find her dear Master had so cleverly recover'd his Understanding. For between the Curate, the Barber, and Don Quixote,

they had fo new minted the Government, as if they had made a Stamp a purpose for it, and had refin'd the Common-wealth into another U-But the Curate, aftonish'd at this sudden Change, was resolv'd to see whether Don Quixote's Senses were Musquet-proof against the most dan-

gerous Tryal of all; and therefore, notwithstanding his first Resolutions, not to open his Lips about Knight-Errantry, he told him there was great News at Court, how that the Grand Signior had rais'd a vaft Army, and no body knew where the Tempest would fall. However, all Christendom was alarm'd, and that the King was providing to fecure Malta, and the Coasts of Naples and Sicily. The King, reply'd Don Quixote, does like a prudent Warriour; for by that Precaution he prevents the Surprizes of his Enemy. But if he would take my Counsel, he should take another Course, which I am apt to believe he little thinks of at this present; which, nevertheless, would be much the safer way. Scarcely had the Curate heard Don Quixote speak, but he shrugg'd up his Shoulders, and shaking his Head; Alas, poor Gentleman! quo he, I find thee out already; and I am much deceiv'd, if thou art not now more Fool then ever. Thereupon the Barber, who was clearly of the Curate's Opinion, desir'd Don Quixote to let 'em understand what sort of important Counsel his might be. Certainly, faid he, the King has fo well confider'd, that yours can deserve no better then to be rank'd among those impertinent Admonitions that are usually given to Princes, much like the Frenzies of that great Stateswoman, Hannah Trapnel. Mr. Soapsuds, quo Don Quixote, tis neither Frenzie . nor Impertinency, but Ponderosity it self. May it please ve. Sir. I thought no harm in what I faid, quo the Barber, only we find by Experience, that most of these kind of Projects that are offer'd to his Majesty, are either impossible, or ridiculous, or to the Detriment of the King and Kingdom. But mine, reply'd Don Quixote, is neither ridiculous, nor impossible; but politickly invented, thoroughly weigh'd, and the The Renowned Don Quixot E.

easiest thing i' the World to be put in Execution. However, quo the Curate, methinks your Worship is too chary of it. Frankly then I must tell ye, reply'd Don Quixote, I should be very loath to tell it you to day, for the Lords of the Council to be inform'd of it to morrow, and so another shall go and reap the Fruits of my Invention. For my part, quo the Barber, I swear by my Mother's Chastity, to tell neither King, Queen, Rook; Pawn, nor Knight, or any Man or Woman that lives upon the Earth, of it. An Oath, Sir, that I learnt out of the Vicar's Tale; in the Preface to which, he tells the King who it was that robb'd him of his hundred Pieces, and his ambling Mule. I know nothing o' the Story, reply'd Don Quixote, but I rely upon the Oath, because I believe Mr. Barber to be a Man of Honour. Let him be what he will, quo the Curate, in this Case I'le be his Surety, that he shall be as silent as a red Herring. And who shall be Bailsman for you, Mr. Curate, reply'd Don Quixote? Super verbum Sacerdotis, quo the Curate, which obliges me to all the Secrecy i' the World. I' the Name of Bethlem Gabor, then, quo Don Quixote, what has the King to do more, then to make publick Proclamation only for all the Knight-Errants of his Kingdom, to appear upon a prefix d day, at Court ? For the there should meet but half a dozen, there may be one among em, fingly of himself sufficient to destroy the whole Power of Turky. For mark what I say, Gentlemen, and take me along with ye-Perhaps you may think it a miraculous thing for one Knight alone to defeat an Army of two hundred thousand men, as easily as if they had all, being joyn'd together, but one Head; and yet you see Histories are full of these Prodigies. Cud's life! 'tis a thousand Pities, that the samous Don Belianis, with a Pox to me, for I'le curse no body else, is not alive i'this Age; or any one of that innumerable Throng of the Race of Amadis de Gaul; for were but one of them now living to meet these Mahometans, y' faith I wou'd not be i their Coats- He would so handle 'em without Mittens, that not a Sutler should return to Constantinople. However, patience awhile, God will provide for his People, and raife up one, it may be, who, tho he have not the Reputation of the Knight-Errants of former Ages, yet may be no way their Inferiour in Courage—God knows my heart, I fay no more. Let me die, quo the Neece, if my Uncle ha' not still a hankring after Knight-Errantry. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote, a Knight-Errant I am, and a Knight-Frrant I will die; and let the Turk land where he please, when he pleases, and with all the Power he can make, once more I fay, God knows my heart. I befeech ye, Sir, quo the Barber, gi me leave to tell your Worship a Story of an Accident that happen'd not long ago, not far off, very pertinent to our Discourse at this time. Good leave have ye, quo Don Quixote, go on a God's Name; for I'm a great Lover of Stories to the purpose. With that, the Barber thus began:

There was in the Hospital of Bedlam a certain Person, whose Relations had put him in for no other Reason, but because he was mad. He was only a Batchelor of Art, tho had he been a Doctor, many are of opinion, he might ha' been mad enough for all that. This Batchelor in some few years, weary of his Confinement, believing himself so well recover'd, that he might well deserve his Liberty, wrote to some Noble man in great Authority, beseeching him for the Love of God, to release him out of his Misery, since he was so well come to himself; only his Relations kept him in still, to enjoy his Estate, which they had got into their Possession. The Noble-man, perswaded by his Letters, sober and well penn'd, that what he alledg'd was true, gave order to his Secretary to inform himfelf of the

Book I.

298

Governours, whether what the Batchelor wrote, were real or no: Moreover, that he should himself discourse him, with an absolute Design, if hewere fully recover'd, to order his Liberty. Thereupon the Secretary went to the Keeper of Bedlam, and ask'd him in what Condition the Batchelor was? Who made Answer, That he was as mad as ever; That. true it was, he would sometimes talk like a Man of Reason and Sense, but still at the end of the Story he would relapse into his former Extravagancies, as he might try himself, if he pleas'd to take the Pains. Thereupon the Secretary requesting the Favour, he was carry'd to the Mad man's Chamber, where he discours'd the Lunatick a full hour together, without perceiving the least Disturbance in his Brains imaginable. On the other side, he utter'd so much Reason, and deliver'd himself with so much Wit. and so discreetly, that the Secretary was fully convinc'd of his Recovery. Nay, he went so far as to make a plausible Complaint against the Keeper. alledging, That to please his Relations, and for the sake of those Presents. which they continually fent him, he represented his Prisoner to his Friends that came to fee him, as one that was still a Mad-man, only that he had now and then some few lucid Intervals. But after all, that his greatest Enemy was his Estate, which his Friends unwilling to restore him, would not acknowledge him to be in his right Senses, tho they knew better things. In short, he discours'd at that rate, that the Secretary believing the Keeper to be a Canary-Bird, and his Relations to be no better then they should be, resolv'd to take him along with him to his Lord, that he might be able to fatisfie himself of the Truth of the whole matter. The Keeper labour'd all he could to perswade the Secretary to quit his Design, desiring him to have a care what he did; affuring him, that the Batchelor was mad, and that all he would get by the Bargain, would be only the trouble to find himself mistaken. But the Secretary persisting in his Resolution, and the Order which his Lord had procur'd, being politive, the Keeper was fain to return the Mad man his Habit, and to deliver him into the Hands of the Secretary, to do with him as he pleas'd.

The Mad-man now stript of his Bedlam-Weeds, and finding himself restor'd to the number of Rational Men, begg'd the Secretary's Permission. that he might only take leave of his late Companions in Affliction. To which the Secretary readily consented, desirous as well to see the rest of the mad Folks, as to observe a little more narrowly the Humour of his releas d Captive. In his Rounds, the Batchelor by and by came to a Chamber that was fast lock'd, and where lay a man that was as mad as mad could be. only he had his lucida Intervalla now and then; to whom, Adieu, Brother. quo the Batchelor, I am just going home, thanks be to God, that has reftor'd me to my Senses; only I call to know what Service I can do thee abroad. I hope God will be as merciful to thee, as he has been to my felf. In the mean time use the means, pray to him, and trust in him. For my part, Ishall not fail to send thee many a hot Bit: For 'tis my Opinion, that all our Madness proceeds from Stomachs empty of Victuals, and Brains full of Air. Eat, therefore, drink, and be merry; for this desponding in Mis-

fortune, is but a lingring way of dying.

Just over against this Aparmtent lay another three sizes madder then he, who liftning with an envious Attention to the Batchelor's Difcourfe, starts up in a great Fury out of his Straw, where he lay as naked as a Virgin that has put off one Smock to put on another, and all enrag'd; Who's that, quo he, that's going away so well recover'd, and so wise? 'Tis I, Brother, reply'd the Batchelor, 'tis I, Brother, that have no longer need of Whey

and Butter-milk, thanks be to God. Parson, quo the Mad-man, take heed what thou fay'ft, and let not the Devil deceive thee; return to thy Chamber, and flay there, for fear thy Friends be troubl'd to bring thee back. I'le warrant thee, Brother, for coming here any more more, quo the Batcher lor. I know my felf as found i my Intellects as a Bishop, and therefore is time for me to leave my place free for some new Collegiate. You are sound you fay \_\_\_ farewell quo the Mad man; but by the eternal Jupiter, whole Majesty I represent on Earth, for this very same Crime alone, and no other. in suffering thee to be releas'd out of this Colledge, I intend to take such a fevere Revenge upon this City, that they shall have cause to remember it in secula seculorum. Thou think it, poor brainless Parson, 'tis not in my power; but thou shalt find that I am the mighty Jupiter, that grasp the Thunder-bolts of Heaven in my Hands, and in the twinkling of an Eve. can reduce the whole World into Ashes. But I will not punish the ignorant, filly People so severely; I will be more merciful, I will only shut up the Flood gates of the Skie, fo that there shall not fall a drop of Rainupon the City, nor the Suburbs, nor the Countrey twenty Miles round, for three years together, counting from this very Day and Moment that I make this folemn Protestation, till the particular Expiration of every day inclusively. Thou free, thou found, and in thy Senses, and I here mad, distemper'd, and chain'd to my Straw! By my Thunder, let me be hang'd and damn'd, if it rain a Spoon full in all that time. The Batchelor having heard the Mad-man rave at this rate, turns to the Secretary, and taking him by the Hand; Sir, said he, never let the Menaces of this Mad-man trouble ye; for-if he be Jupiter, and will not let it rain, I am the Sun that draws up the Clouds into the Skie, and it shall rain when I please, and where I please in spite of his Teeth. Oh - Mr. Phabus! cry'd the Secretary, you speak very well; however, i' the mean time 'twill not be fafe to provoke my Lord Jupiter, stay i' your Chamber to day, and we'll come to morrow, or next day to fetch ye away, when Monsieur Jupiter is in a better Humour. The Keeper, and the People that were with him, could not forbear laughing; only the Secretary was not a little troubl'd to find himself so cheated by a Mad-man. In short, the Batchelor being disrob'd again, was fent to his Chamber; and fo my Tale ends.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Well! Monsieur Barber, quo Don Quixote, and this at length is your Tale, which you fay was so pat to the business, and which you could not forbear telling for the Heart, Blood, and Guts of ye! Oh - Signior Walb-ball, Signior Walb-ball! How blind must he be, that can't see through a Mill-stone? Does not your worshipful Logger head-ship know, that all Comparisons made between Wit and Wit, Beauty and Beauty, Courage and Courage, are odious? Good Mr. Barber, I am neither Jupiter nor the Sun, neither do I pretend to be one of the Sages of the Age; all that I aim at, is only to make the World to understand the Prejudice it does it self, in not endeavouring Might and Main the Restoration of contemn'd and flighted Knight-Errantry. But after all, I find, that this unfortunate and paltry Age is unworthy that vast Advantage, which former Ages enjoy'd, when Knight-Errants took upon themselves the Desence of Kingdoms, the Protection of Ladies, the Relief of Widows and Orphans, the Reward of Vertue, and the Punishment of violent and lofty Oppressors. Knights now adays are for their foft Garments of Tiffue and Silk, and not for ponderous Cuiraffes and Coats of Mail; they had rather stand i' their Shops perfum'd and perriwig'd, measuring a yard of Bombazine, or Paul Methin's Cloath, then meet an Enemy; they had rather lead up

Qq2

20 City Company into the Artiller ground, with their Falf pike carry'd af tersiem by a Foot-boy, then coap an Advertary in the Field. Where are any new adays; that will leave their Feather beds to take a Nap i the open Air, arm'd from head to foot, and expos'd to all the Inconveniences of Heat and Cold? Where are any now, that without flirring from their Scirrups, only leaning their Heads against the unease Pillow of their Plances, firive, as it were, to out brave Sleep, Drouth and Hunger, and a thouland other Discomforts of Life? I say again, where is that Knight at this time of the day, who, after he has clamber'd Mountains, and travers'd Forrests and Desarts, finding himself upon the brink of the Sea. where there is no other Vessel to be had, but only a small Wherry that has neither Sails, Masts, Oars, or Sea-men, without any Shilly-Shally's throws himself hand over head into the Boat, consulting nothing but his Courage, the he fees the Sea all in an Uproar, one Wave mounting him to the Skie, and another tumbling him down to the bottom of the deep; yet all this while th' undaunted Knight fits his Boat as firmly as his Saddle. as if he knew not what Danger was; and by and by, when he least expects it, finds himself three thousand Leagues from the place where he first embark'd; and skipping ashore, like a Taylor from his Shop board, in a strange Countrey, performs those extraordinary Atchievements, that deferve to be engraven i' Brass, as an Eternal Monument of his Renown. But now Efferningey, and paltry Laziness, and the Theory of Custard-Encounters are the Vertues A la mode, that triumph, unpunish'd, over Labour. Vigilancy, and the true practice of Arms, that only flourish'd in the Age of Gold, and among Knight-Errants. But give me leave to ask ve. Where d'ye find more Honour, or more Courage, then in Amadis de Gaul? Who more prudent, then Palmerin of England? Who more affable then the White Tyrant? Who more a Courtier then Lifnart of Greece? Who more hack'd and hewn, or a greater Hewer and Hackster, then Belianis? Who more undaunted, then Perion of Gaul? Who more daring, then Falixmart of Hyrcania? Who more prudent, then King Sobrin? Who more invincibley then Orlando? Who can compare, for Valour and Courtefie, with Rogery from whom the Dukes of Ferrara are descended, according to Turpin in his Cosmography? All these Knights, and a great many more that I have i'the Budget of my Memory, were Knights Errant, the Glory and Ornament of Chivalry; and fuch as these are they, whom I would advise the King to make use of, if he aim at his own good, and to save Charges; and then let the Turk kils where he fate a Saturday. However it be, I am refolv'd not to keep House, whether the Secretary come to fetch me out, or no; and whether Jupiter will fend Rain or not, etis not a Fart matter to me. And now, Mr. Tonfor of Epsom, you find that I understand your worshipful Tale.

Truly, Sir Don Quixote, quo the Barber, I had no delign to displease your Worship, God is my Wirness, and therefore I hope you will take nothing smiss that I ha' said. Whether I take it amis or no, reply'd Don Quarota, you are not to be fo faucy as to examine me. Let that pass, ono the Curate, and as I have hitherto been a Hearer only, without interrupting your Discourse, pray give me leave i'my turn, to be satisfy'd in one Scruple, which Don Quixote's words have skewer'd into my Conscience. Speak on Mr. Curdte, quo Don Quixote. Why then, Sir, reply'd the Carate, I cannot, for the Soul of me, be perswaded, that any of this whole Troop of Knight Breams which your Worship has muster'd together, were ever i the number of Men that were born of a Woman without sheets.

as they fay, into this World, or christen'd without the Consent of the Parish; but to deal ingeniously with ye, that they were only Fales made at random, and invented by a fort of idle Fellows, that knew not how better to employ themselves, if they were not half asleep when they wrote em. See now the common Error, reply'd Don Quixote, that mifguides the chiefest part of Mankind, and makes em such stupid Infidels to question the Being of those renowned Champions. Neither is it the first time that I have had several Disputes and Quarrels in defending this manifest Truth, wherein sometimes I ha'got the better, sometimes not. And yet the Truth is so apparent, that I dare be confident I ha' seen Amadis de Gaul with my own Eyes. He was a tall man, with a fanguine lively Complexion, a well shap'd black Beard, and a fowr, affable Aspect: He was no great Talker, feldom angry, and never long in a Paffion. And I could as easily give you a Description of all the Knight Errants i' the World, as I ha'done this of Amadis; for that after you have well study'd in History their famous Exploits, and various Humours, ordinary Philosophy will teach ve to delineate their Features, their Complexion, their Stature, nay, the

very Air of their Faces, and whatever else you desire to know.

Pray, Signior Don Quixote, how tall was the Giant Morgante? Whether there were Giants or not, reply'd Don Quixote, is a great Dispute among the learned. However, holy Scripture that cannot err an Atom from the Truth, informs us there were Giants, as we find by the Story of Goliah, who was seven Cubits and a half high. In Sicily also have been found the Bones of Men's Shoulders and Thighs fo big, that from thence we must of necessity conclude by the certain Rules of Geometry, the men, to whom they belong'd to, have been as big, and as high as St. Pulcher's Steeple. Nevertheless, I do not affirm for Truth, that Morgante was such a hideous May-pole, rather I am apt to believe he was not altogether fo tall. And that which moves me to think so, is this; That the Story saies, he sometimes slept within doors. Now if there were any House that could contain him, he could never be fuch an unreasonable Monster. That's very true, reply'd the Curate, who being highly pleas'd with these extravagant Fancies of Don Quixote, ask'd him at the same time, what he thought of Rinaldo, and Orlando, and the rest of the Twelve Peers, who all had been Knight-Errants? As for Rinaldo, reply'd Don Quixote, I dare be bold to fay, That he was a Man broad fac'd, of a lively ruddy Complexion, sparkling Goggle eyes, damnable captious, extreamly cholerick, a Protector of Thieves and High-way-men, and a great keeper of lew'd and debauch'd Company. As for Rowland, Rotoland, or Orland, for all these Names he went by; without doubt he was a short, squar Man, broad shoulder'd, somewhat bow-leg'd, and hunch-back'd, brown-visag'd, red bearded, and very hairy in his Body; a menacing, furly Afpect, and a great Talker, but withal, very civil and gentile. If Orlando, quo the Curace, were such a fort of a rough-hewn, ill-shap'd Blade, as you describe him, no wonder that Madam Angelica preferr'd the downy bearded Medor before him, who was young, handsome, and courtly. As for Madam Angelica, Mr. Curate, gi' me leave to tell ye, quo Don Quixote, the was as right as my Leg, as they fay, a meer fickle Gil-flurt, a giddy-brain'd Slut; a confounded Strumpet, more famous in History for her drinking Healths, and straining the Wine through her Smock, then for her Beauty or Vertue. She fer ar nought Kings and Princes, and diffcaining the most prudent and valiant Warriours and Knights that ever were i'the World, pick'd up a beardless Page to cool her wanton Heat, that had neither Honour, nor Estate,

a City-Company into the Artillery ground, with their Falf pike carry'd after em by a Foot-boy, then coap an Advertary in the Field. Where are any new adays, that will leave their Feather beds to take a Nap i' the open Air, arm'd from head to foot, and expos'd to all the Inconveniences of Heat and Cold? Where are any now, that without stirring from their Stirrups, only leaning their Heads against the unease Pillow of their Dances, strive, as it were, to out brave Sleep, Drouth and Hunger, and a thousand other Discomforts of Life? I say again, where is that Knight at this time of the day, who, after he has clamber'd Mountains, and travers'd Forrests and Desarts, finding himself upon the brink of the Seawhere there is no other Vessel to be had, but only a small Wherry that has neither Sails, Masts, Oars, or Sea-men, without any Shilly-Shally's throws himself hand over head into the Boat, consulting nothing but his Courage, tho he fees the Sea all in an Uproar, one Wave mounting him to the Skie, and another tumbling him down to the bottom of the deep: yet all this while th' undaunted Knight fits his Boat as firmly as his Saddle. as if he knew not what Danger was; and by and by, when he least expects it, finds himself three thousand Leagues from the place where he first embark'd; and skipping ashore, like a Taylor from his Shop board, in a strange Countrey, performs those extraordinary Atchievements, that deserve to be engraven i' Brass, as an Eternal Monument of his Renown. But now Effeminaey, and paltry Laziness, and the Theory of Custaid-Encounters are the Vertues A la mode, that triumph, unpunish'd, over Labour. Vigilancy, and the true practice of Arms, that only flourish'd in the Age of Gold, and among Knight Errants. But give me leave to ask ye, Where d'ye find more Honour, or more Courage, then in Amadis de Gaul? Who more prudent, then Palmerin of England? Who more affable then the White Tyrant? Who more a Courtier then Li/nart of Greece? Who more hack'd and hewn, or a greater Hener and Hackster, then Belianis? Who more undaunted, then Perion of Gaul? Who more daring, then Falixmart of Hyrcania? Who more prudent, then King Sobrin? Who more invincibleythen Orlando? Who can compare, for Valour and Courtesie, with Roger, from whom the Dukes of Ferrara are descended, according to Turpin in his Cosmography? All these Knights, and a great many more that I have i' the Budget of my Memory, were Knights Errant, the Glory and Ornament of Chivalry; and fuch as these are they, whom I would advise the King to make use of, if he aim at his own good, and to save Charges; and then let the Turk kiss where he sate a' Saturday. However it be, I am resolv'd not to keep House, whether the Secretary come to setch me out, or no; and whether Jupiter will fend Rain or not, 'tis not a Fart matter to me. And now, Mr. Tonfor of Epfom, you find that I understand your worshipful Tale.

your Worship, God is my Wirness, and therefore I hope you will take nothing amiss that I ha' said. Whether I take it amiss or no, reply'd Don Quixote; you are not to be so saucy as to examine me. Let that pass, quo the Curate; and as I have hitherto been a Hearer only, without interrupting your Discourse, pray give me leave i'my turn, to be satisfy'd in one Scruple, which Don Quixote's words have skewer'd into my Conscience. Speak on, Mr. Curate, quo Don Quixote. Why then, Sir, reply'd the Curate, I cannot; for the Soul o'me, be perswaded, that any of this whole Troop of Knight Errants which your Worship has muster'd together, were ever i'the number of Men that were born of a Woman without sheets,

as they fay, into this World, or christen'd without the Consent of the Parish; but to deal ingeniously with ye, that they were only Tales made at random, and invented by a fort of idle Fellows, that knew not how better to employ themselves, if they were not half asleep when they wrote em. See now the common Error, reply'd Don Quixote, that mifguides the chiefest part of Mankind, and makes em such stupid Insidels to question the Being of those renowned Champions. Neither is it the first time that I have had several Disputes and Quarrels in defending this manifest Truth, wherein sometimes I ha'got the better, sometimes not. And yet the Truth is fo apparent, that I dare be confident I ha feen Amadis de Gaul with my own Eyes. He was a tall man, with a fanguine lively Complexion, a well shap'd black Beard, and a sowr, affable Aspect: He was no great Talker, feldom angry, and never long in a Paffion. And I could as easily give you a Description of all the Knight Errants i' the World, as I ha'done this of Amadis; for that after you have well fludy'd in History their famous Exploits, and various Humours, ordinary Philosophy will teach ye to delineate their Features, their Complexion, their Stature, nay, the very Air of their Faces, and whatever elfe you defire to know.

Pray, Signior Don Quixote, how tall was the Giant Morgante? Whether there were Giants or not, reply'd Don Quixote, is a great Dispute among the learned. However, holy Scripture that cannot err an Atom from the Truth, informs us there were Giants, as we find by the Story of Goliah, who was seven Cubits and a half high. In Sicily also have been found the Bones of Men's Shoulders and Thighs fo big, that from thence we must of necessity conclude by the certain Rules of Geometry, the men, to whom they belong'd to, have been as big, and as high as St. Pulcher's Steeple. Nevertheless, I do not affirm for Truth, that Morgante was such a hideous May-pole, rather I am apt to believe he was not altogether fo tall. And that which moves me to think fo, is this; That the Story faies, he sometimes slept within doors. Now if there were any House that could contain him, he could never be fuch an unreasonable Monster. That's very true, reply'd the Curate, who being highly pleas'd with these extravagant Fancies of Don Quixote, ask'd him at the same time, what he thought of Rinaldo, and Orlando, and the rest of the Twelve Peers, who all had been Knight Errants? As for Rinaldo, reply'd Don Quixote, I dare be bold to fay, That he was a Man broad fac'd, of a lively ruddy Complexion, sparkling Goggle eyes, damnable captious, extreamly cholerick. a Protector of Thieves and High-way-men, and a great keeper of lew'd and debauch'd Company. As for Rowland, Rotoland, or Orland, for all these Names he went by; without doubt he was a short, squat Man, broad shoulder'd, somewhat bow-leg'd, and hunch-back'd, brown-visag'd, red-bearded, and very hairy in his Body; a menacing, furly Afpect, and a great Talker, but withal, very civil and gentile. If Orlando, quo the Curate, were such a fort of a rough-hewn, ill-shap'd Blade, as you describe him, no wonder that Madam Angelica preferr'd the downy bearded Medor before him, who was young, handlome, and courtly. As for Madam Angelica, Mr. Curate, gi' me leave to tell ye, quo Don Quinote, she was as right as my Leg, as they fay, a meer fickle Gil-flurt, a giddy-brain'd Slut, a confounded Strumpet, more famous in History for her drinking Healths, and straining the Wine through her Smock, then for her Beauty or Vertue. She fer at nought Kings and Princes, and discaining the most prudent and valiant Warriours and Knights that ever were i'the World, pick'd up a beardless Page to cool her wanton Heat, that had neither Honour, nor Estate,

but only the Reputation of being one that pleas'd his Mistresses. And therefore the celebrated Ariosto, that had a great Kindness for her, extoll'd her Beauty, and flatter'd her more then ever Lady was flatter'd in a Dedication to a Play, when he found what a Choice she had made for her self, seems to ha' been asham'd of her, and concludes her Story with these two Verses:

But how she came to be a Prince's Miss,
I' the next Age you'll know, but not in this.

Whether this were spoken by way of Prophesie, I cannot tell (for Poets formerly, as still they pretend, were taken to be a fort of Sooth-sayers) but this is certain, that in process of time there was a Poet or Poetaster that wrote a Poem, and call'd it Angelica's Tears, perhaps for the rarity of the Subject; for it may so happen, that a Whore may live to repent; and another wrote a Panegyrick in Praise of her Beauty and Modesty, peradventure well hir'd by some of her natural Issue, who were unwilling their great Grandmother should lie under so foul a Scandal. I wonder, ant like your Worship, quo the Barber, that no body ever writ a Satyr against her, fince she was so bad as you say she was. I make no question, reply'd Don Quixote, but Sacripant or Orlando had done it, had they been Poets. For it is the fashion among despis'd Lovers to rail upon their Mistresses. tho to tell ye true, 'tis an unhandsom piece of Revenge, and beneath a generous Spirit. However, I never heard of any Libel that ever came forth to Angelica's Disadvantage, tho she were one that always made Mischief where e're she came. That was a wonder indeed, quo the Curate-But here they were interrupted by a Noise below i' the Court, where the Niece and the old Maid were ringing a Billings-gate Peal, as loud as two Saints Bells --- which made 'em listen to hear what was the matter.

# CHAP. II.

Of the pleasant quarrel that happen'd between Sancho and Don Quixote's Niece and Governante.

HE Occasion of the Noise, it seems, was this; that Sancho Pansaknock'd at the Door, and endeavour'd to force his way into the House, desiring to see his Master. But Don Quixote's Neice and Governess at the same time oppos'd him with all their Might; ye idle Varlet, ye Pumkin headed Rogue, they cry'd, ye shan't come within these Doors—for you are he, and none but you that debauch my Uncle, and put him upon all his impertinent Rambles—Get ye home to your own Kennel, with a murrain, and don't trouble us wi' your Visits. Pandress to Satan, quo Sancho, thou art deceiv'd above half in half; for if any body be debauch'd, 'tis I amthe Person; 'tis I that ha' been lead the Devil's Dance from Post to Pillar, upon Promises of more Butter then Bread, and not your Master; 'twas he that inveage and fair Promises of an Island he would give me—and I think a blind Man wou'd be glad to see't. Hell consume thee, and all thy Islands together, reply'd the Governess—what should fuch a greedy

greedy Gut-cur do with Islands, unless they were made of Bag-pudding. to eat 'em—Be gone, ve hungry, beggarly Rakeshame, be gone, ve Gorbelly'd Cur- I don't mean Islands to eat, but to govern, quo Sancho, and that far better then any four of the King's best Mayors of his Corporations. Govern where thou wilt, quo the Maid, thou come'ft not within these Doors, thou Bundle of Iniquity, and Sack-full of Mischief work ye lazy Rogue, work, and ne're trouble your head about Islands. The Curate and the Barber were ready to kill themselves with laughing at this pleasant Dialogue. But Don Quixote fearing lest Sancho should grow mutinous, and blunder out in his Passion some Discoveries prejudicial to his Reputation, order'd the cholerick Governess to govern her Tongue, and let him in. Thereupon Sancho enter'd victoriously, and the Curate and the Barber took their leaves of Don Quixote, despairing of his Cure, finding him still so bewitch'd to his Dreams and Deliriums of Knight-Errantry. When they were out a doors, Well, Neighbour, quo the Curate to the Barber, now shall we see that this Knight of ours, when we least think of it, will leave us i'the lurch for another Fegary. I expect no less, quo the Barber; i'the mean time, however, I would give a couple a Testers to hear the wife Discourse at this juncture between the Cuccow-brains of a Knight. and the Jobber nole of a Squire; for indeed the Master's Madness without the Servant's Impertinency, were not worth a Straw. Patience, quo the Curate, Ple warrant we an exact Account from the Niece and the Maid. for their itching Ears I'm fure will be list'ning. In the mean time Don Quixote and Sancho having lock'd the Chamber door, thus interparly'd.

Thou dost very ill, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, to report, as thou dost, that I entic'd thee from thy Dog-hole of a Cottage, knowing that I left my own House at the same time, a Palace, in comparison of thine. VVe went out both together, we travell'd both together, and we run the same Fortune, and the same Hazzards both together; now if thou hast been toss'd in a Blanket once, I ha' been thwack'd and pounded a hundred times, and that's all the Advantage I have had above thee. 'Twas but Justice, reply'd Sancho, feeing that by your own Confession, Rubbs and Missortunes, Slashes and dry Basting belongs properly to the Knight-Errants, and not to their Squires. Thou deceiv'st thy self, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, according to the old Verse, Quando caput dolet, &c. I understand no Language but my own, Sir, quo Sancho. I'le tell thee then, reply'd Don Quixote; when the Head akes, the rest of the Body is never well at ease: So then I being thy Master, I am also thy Head, and thou art one of my Members, as being my Servant: whence it follows, that if I am well fwaddi'd at any time, much of the Pain will fall to thy share; as if thou art soundly cudgell'd, I must in like manner be sensible of thy Sufferings. It may be so, quo Sancho, and yet when I was toss'd i' the Blanket, my Head was a' t'other fide the Wall, beholding me vaulting, and cutting Capers i'the Air, regardless of my Affliction; why did not you come in and take your share? Oh, Sancho! reply'd Don Quixote, thou art greatly mistaken; for at that very time I was more troubl'd in Mind, then thou wert tormented in Body. But leaving this Discourse till another time, and more leasure to rectifie what has been done amiss, prithee tell me, Sancho, what do the Neighbours talk of me? What do they fay of me i'the Village? What Opinion has the Nobility of me? How do the Knights discourse of my Valour, my Exploits, and my Affability? What do they think of my Delign to restore to its ancient Luster, the almost-forgotten Order of Knight-Errantry? In a word, without any Consideration of Flattery or Respect, tell me truly and fincerely

Book I.

fincerely, like a true and faithful Servant, what thou hast heard. For I would have thee to know, Sancho, that if Princes were inform'd, as they ought to be, of the naked Truth, by men of unbyass'd Vertue, Tranquility and Peace, Justice and Abundance, would bless the World, and this Iron Age of ours, by a miraculous Philosopher's Stone, would be chang'd into an Age of Gold. Remember this Advertisement, friend Sancho, to speak the Truth, without apparelling and disguising her Beauties; for she's a Lady that always ought to be seen naked. That I shall do from the bottom of Heart, reply'd Sancho, provided you will not bee offended, if I tell what I heard, just as I heard it, and no otherwise, and present ye Madam Truth as naked as ever you faw Lady i' your Life. Upon my Honour, quo Don Quixote, nothing shall offend me, speak freely, and without Circumlocution.

In the first place then, Sir, you are to know, that your Neighbours take ve for a perfect Mad man, and me for a man, that at best, has not overmuch Wit. The Gentlemen fay, that your Worship, vent ring beyond the Limits of Gentility, have affum'd to your felf most arrogantly the Title of Don, and have Dubb'd your felf a Knight with two Acres of Land, a Tatter before and another behind. The Knights take Pepper i' the Nofe, to fee that your Gentlemen think themselves equal with them, especially your Gentlemen Squires, that mend and lam-black their own Shoes, and are forc'd to beg a Needle-ful of course Yarn to darn their own Stockins. All this, nothing concerns me, reply'd Don Quixote; for thou know'ft, I always wear good Cloaths, and never patch my Breeches. True it is, they may be a little out at Elbows fometimes, or want a Skirt, but that's the fault of my Armour that loofens the Stitches, and rubs out the Cloath. Then Sancho proceeding, as for your Valour, your Courtesie, your Exploits, and your great Defign, the World speaks variously. Some say he's mad, but a good merry-conceited Fellow-others, that he's valiant, but his Luck's naught—others, that he's affable, but damn'd impertinent— In a word, they spend so many several Verdicts upon us, that they leave neither you nor me a sound Bone in our Skins. Hark ye me, Sancho, the more eminent Vertue is, the more she's expos'd to Calumny. Few of the great men of this World could escape her venomous Teeth. Julius Casar, that valiant and prudent Captain, was lookt upon as ambitious, and reproach'd for his Luxury, and Effeminacy in his Habit. Alexander was accus'd for a Drunkard and a Debaushee; that Hero, who for his renown'd Atchievements well deserv'd the Name of Great. Hercules, after he had consum'd himself in restless Toil, and Labours incredible, was bespatter'd with the Titles of voluptuous and lascivious. 'Twas reported of D. Galaor, the Brother of Amadis, that he was so huffy no body could keep him Company; and of Amadis himself, that he would cry like a Child. And therefore, my dear Sancho, I never mind the Quips and Girds of Malice, if they gall my Reputation no more then these; being satisfy'd she deals no worse by me then the did before by those unblemish'd and renowned Warriors. Body o' my Father, quo Sancho, you say well, if this were all-but the Devil's in em, they don't stop here: Why, what can they say more, reply'd Don Quixote? More! quo Sancho Cuds foot, Sir, why we are still to flea the Cat's Tail, you have had nothing yet but Cream of Almonds and white Bread. But if y have such a Desire to hear what severe Sentences are daily pass'd upon ye, I'le bring ye one presently that shall give ye a full Account, without miffing a Tittle. For here's Bartholemew Carrasco's Son, who makes it his Business to visit all the noted Coffee-houses about the City, twice a day,

newly come to Town with a Sack-ful of News. And he tells me, your Life is already in Print, under the Name of the Most Ingenious Gentleman, Don Quixote de le Mancha. He saies, I am in too by by own Name of Sancho Pancha, and that they have jumbl'd in Madam Dulcinea del Toboso by Head and Shoulders; nay, and as if the Devil had been their Intelligencer, they have crowded in some things too, that were only private Discourses between you and I; how the murrain they should come to know 'em otherwise, I can't for my Soul imagine. Affuredly, reply'd Don Quixote, it must be some Necromancer that has writ this Storyfor they are here, and there, and every where, like Satan himself. How should he be a Necromancer, quo Sancho, for young Corrafco tells me, he writes his Name Cid Hamet Hen en-baken? That's an Arabian Name. reply'd Don Quixote. That may very well be, quo Sancho, for they fav. your Arabians are great Admirers of Hen and Bacon; if they don't, I'm sure I do. And thus, friend Sancho, thy Belly has put thee out; for thou art indeed within a mile of an Oak of the Name, which is Benengeli, not Henan-baken, you Logger head, if I miftake not; and Cid fignifies Lord. I never stand upon Names, quo Sancho, but if you desire to hear young Corrasco's News, I'le bring him hither flying—Prithee go, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, for my Victuals will do me no good, till I understand the Truth of this matter. With that, Sancho ran down Stairs, and returning

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

### CHAP. III.

how pleasantly they chatted you shall hear i the next Chapter.

in a short while after, brought young Corrasco along with him; and now

Containing the learned Discourse between Don Quixote, Sancho Pan-fa, and the young Corrasco.

A LL the while Sancho was gone, Don Quixote thought every Minute a thousand years, till he came again. He sate like one that had been fludying the Philosopher's Stone, musing, and dreaming, and wondring who the Devil this Person should be, that had finish'd and printed the Story of his famous Archievements, e're the Blood of his Enemies had scarcely done reaking upon the Blade of his Sword. But at length he concluded it must be some Necromancer who had wrought this Miracle, either as a Friend to extol his great Exploits, above whatever yet had been perform'd by the most famous Knights that ever pranc'd upon the Ball of the Earth; or else as an Enemy, to disparage the Merit of his noble Actions, and debase 'em below the most pitiful Orchard-Robberies of the meanest Squires; tho, quo he to himself, I do not remember that ever the little Hen-roost Attempts of Squires, were ever recorded in the Book of Fame. But let it be what it will, if the Book were printed, he thought it could not chuse but be magnificent, lofty, and true, fince twas the History of a Knight-Errant. This was his Consolation for a while; but then agen, when he consider'd, that the Author had given himself the Title of Cid, and consequently must be a Moor; reflecting, I say, that the Moors were all a Company of Mountebanks and Chymilts, then he was ready to hang himfelf, fearing lest the Historian should have been too lavish in talking of his Amours, to the Prejudice of his illustrious Lady Dulcinea del Toboso's Cha-

Book I.

Part II.

stity; and mortally dreading, left the Historian should ha' forgot to extol his own Fidelity, and the Decorum, and Reservedness, which he had always observ'd in his Passion for her; and how he had always slighted Empresses, Queens, and Ladies of all forts of Qualities, and kept all his wanton and lascivious Inclinations at a Bay, for fear of tarnishing his Loyalty to his beloved Damsel.

Plung'd over head and ears in these melancholy Fancies, Sancho and the young Corrasco found him; at what time he seem'd to wake out of a Dream, to receive the young Schollar, whom he complemented with all

the Civility imaginable.

306

This Corrasco, tho his Name were Sampson, was none of the biggest in Body, but an anointed Crackrope, about four and twenty years of Age, lean and pale, but witty, and a notable Fellow for Bantring, as they call it now adays. He was round-visag'd, flat nos'd, and wide mouth'd, all the Signs of a wicked and scurrilous Disposition, and of one that would never scruple to abuse his Friend, so he could make Sport for himself, as he plainly discover'd, when he saw Don Quixore. For immediately he threw himself upon his Knees before him; and after he had humbly beg'd the Favour to kiss his Highness's Hands, My Lord Don Quixote, said he, by the holy Order of Priesthood, you are certainly the most famous and renowned Knight-Errant that ever was, or ever will be through the whole extent of the Universe. All the Bleffings of Paradise be upon Cid Hamet Benengeli, for writing the History of your valiant Exploits; and may he never want Claret, as long as he lives, that translated it into English, for the Delight and Pastime of Male and Female. And blest are we, that the Copy comes out now in Peace and Quietness; for there had like to ha' been a foul Stir about it, while one Bookfeller claim'd one Limb of your Lordship, and another another. Is it true then, reply'd D. Quixote, that my Life is in Print, and that a Moor has writ it? 'Tis very certain, my Lord, reply'd Corrasco; and that I believe there has been printed already in feveral Languages above twelve thousand Volumes at Lisbon, Valentia, Barcelona, Antwerp, Colen, Paris, London, &c. and Idon't believe that any other Books will be printed for these seven years together. Truly, quo Don Quixote, one of the greatest Happinesses that can befall a Man i' this World, is to see himself in good Esteem and Reputation in the World. For Esteem and Reputation, quo the young Schollar, I'le assure ye, my Lord Don Quixote, you ha' won it above a hundred Pikes length, from all the Knights-Errant that ever were. And the Moorish Author, and his Translators have been very industrious to set forth your Character with all the Ornaments that can give it luster, your Undauntedness in Danger, your Constancy in Missortune, and Patience in suffering Wounds, Buffets, and Bastinado's, and your Reserv'dness and Continency in your Platonick Amours between your self and the most Illustrious Madam Dulcinea del Toboso. Bodikins, quo Sancho, I never heard her call'd the Illustrious Madam before, but only Madam Dulcinea; and therefore certainly that must be a fault i' the History. That's a small Mistake, if there be no worse, quo the Schollar— Well - but Signior Corrasco, quo Don Quixote, which of all my Atchievements and Adventures does the History most take notice of, and lay its greatest stress of Remark upon? Why, truly my Lord, quo Corrasco, in this the Judgments and Opinions of Men are divided; some cry up the Adventure of the Windmills, which your Highness took for so many Morgantes and Ascaparts; some, that of the Fulling-mills: Others extol to the Skie that other, when you fought with the two Armies, that afterwards prov'd

prov'd to be two Flocks of Sheep, where you wrought Miracles. Others are Tooth and Nail for the Adventure of the dead Corps that was carrying to Segovia. Others will lay ten pound to a Crown upon that of the Galley-Slaves: some are mad to pawn their very Souls upon that of the Benedictine Giants; but the more prudent fort are ready to make affidavit, that the Adventure of the Biscarner, ought to be engrav'd in Marble, above all the rest. I beseech ye, Mr. Schollar, quo Sancho, is there no mention of the Adventure of the Carriers, when our precious Rosinante long'd for the forbidden Fruit? There's every thing in, reply'd the Schollar, the Author has left nothing out, not so much as honest Sancho's dancing Trenchmore i' the Blanket. I did not dance i' the Blanket, quo Sancho, for I danc'd i' the Air, to my grief be it spoken; and therefore that's another Lye. Certainly, quo Don Quixote, there is no Hiftory i' the World where you shall find one man to be always prosperous, much less any Story of Knight-Errantry; where many times you meet with nothing but Croffes and Misfortunes. 'Tis very true, reply'd Corrasco, and therefore there are some who have read your Life, that very much blame the Author for being so careful to inventory that infinite number of Drubbs, and Rubs, and Ribroaftings, that you have receiv'd with Cudgels, Candlesticks, and Pitch-forks, from Carriers, Mule drivers, and Penitents, in several desperate Encounters. However, quo Sancho, 'twas Truth of History. Why, truly, Mr. Schollar, quo Don Quixote, they might as well ha' been left out, now I think on't : for Actions that neither impair, nor alter the History, are better bury'd in silence, then continued to Posterity, if they redound to the Prejudice of the Lord of the Story. Affuredly, Eneas was never fo pious as Virgil makes him, nor Ulysses never so wise as Homer describes him. I believe it, reply'd Corrasco; but 'tis one thing to write like a Poet, another thing to write like a Historian. 'Tis sufficient for a Poet to report things as they ought to be; but a Historian must relate Matter of Fact, as it was really transacted, withour swerving from the Truth, upon any Pretence what-

If the worshipful Moor, quo Sancho, be so consciencious in telling of Truth, I hope, among all the Showrs of Bastinado's that fell upon my Mafter, he has not forgot mine; for they never took measure of my Master's Shoulder, but they were always so kind to take the same measure of my whole Body to boot. But 'twas no wonder, that, fince 'tis his own Rule, that if once the Head akes, all the rest of the Members should suffer. Y'are an unlucky, dissembling Knave, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; for now, Sirrah, I fee you can find a Memory, when y'ave a mind to't. How the Devil should I forget the Swadlings I ha' fuffer'd, that are not well out o' my Ribs to this Hour? Hold your prating, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, and let Mr. Corrafco proceed. You speak very seasonably, reply'd the Schollar, for with all these Interruptions, we shall ne're ha done. Yet I must needs say this for honest Sancho, that he is no such contemptible person, as being the second i'the Story; and some there are, who had rather hear his impertinent Prattle, then all the learned Discourses of his Lord. Tho some there are agen, that take him for a Cully, at least, a very credulous Simpleton, to believe his Master spoke a tittle of Truth, when he offer'd him the Government of an Island. Forbear, Mr. Schollar, quo Don Quixote, what I said, I said; and what I said, I intended; but this it is, I find that Sancho has not fow'd his wild Oates, there's a Glimmer in his Touch-box still; however, Age and Experience may fit him in time for a Government, at least, by that time I have one to give him. Fore George, Sir,

quo Sancho, that Island which I cannot govern at this Age, I shall never govern at the Age of Methuselah; but the Mischief is, we ha' Brains enough, but we want the Island. Well, but leaving this business of the unfortunate Islands, I am very glad, Mr. Schollar, that the Historian is fo kind as to remember me, and so to speak of me, as not to give me an ill Character: For, by the Faith of a Christian, had he said any thing that did not become an old Christian, as I am, I should ha' rung him such a Peal, that the Deaf should have heard me. I confess, quo the Schollar, as filly, and as illiterate Fellows as thou, have wrought greater Miracles then that, i' this Age. Miracle me no Miracles, quo Sancho, let every one have a care what he writes concerning other Men, and not put down at random, right or wrong, whatever comes into his Noddle. The main fault found with this History, quo the Schollar, is this, That the Author has thrust into it, by Head and Shoulders, the Novel of the Curious Impertinent; not that the thing is ill writ, or badly invented, but because it has no coherence with the Story of Don Quixote. I'le lay my life, quo Sáncho, the Son of a Whore has made a Gallimawfrey of my Master's Life, and crowded foul and clean, Higglede-pigglede, into his Cloak bag. Pox take him, quo Don Quixote, l'le be hangd if the Fellow ben't some Narrative-writer, or one of those that scribble the Lives of Great Men, now adays, as soon as the Breath is out of their Bodies, in abominable Six-penny Duodecimo's. And thus has this Dogbolt undertaken my Story Habnab, like the Painter, who being ask'd, What he painted? answer'd, What comes next to hand \_\_\_\_\_ and when he had made a mishapen Cock or Bull, was forc'd to write in Gothick Letters, This is a Cock, or This is a Bull. And so I fear me, my Life will require another confounded Commentary of witless, festivous Notes to explain it. Trouble not your self for that, Sir, quo Corrafco, for the Gentleman has taken a world of Pains, and made every thing so plain, that a Boy of twelve years of Age may understand what he means. Nay, 'tis come to that already, that if the People do but see a lean, scragged Jade, scarce able to draw one Leg after another upon the Road, they presently cry, There goes Rossnante. Pages already Dogs-ear it, Boys read it, young Ladies make themselves merry with it; Gentlemen understand it, old Men applaud it; there's hardly a Dining-room Window, where you shan't find a Don Quixote; when one leaves him, another takes him up. In a word, 'tis a Hiffory that pleases all forts of Sexes and Ages, as being a Book, wherein there is nothing that borders upon Aristotle's Problems, nor so much as a profane Thought. Otherwise it were not a true History, quo Don Quixore; and we know, that false Historians deserve the same Punishment as the Coiners of counterfeit Money. Nor do I know why the Author should stuff his History with Tales of a Tub, that are nothing to the purpose; as if there had not been matter sufficient for the Exercise of his Wit, had he only confin'd himself to my Designs, my Sights and Tears, my Encounters, my Penances, &c. which, I'm sure, would ha' made a Volume bigger then all Tostatus's Works, or the Book of Martyrs. In my Opinion, Mr. Schollar, 'tis not fo easie a thing as men imagine, to write a History, or any Book whatsoever, which requires a folid Judgment, and a ripe Understanding. To speak wittily, and write pleasantly, belongs to great Wits. The pleasantest Part in a Play, is the Fool's, and yet he must be no Fool, I'm sure, that acts that Part. On the other side, History is a sacred thing so far as it contains Truth; for where Truth is, there God himself is also: and therefore, for those that make Books, equal in number to Fritters upon a Shrove-Tuesday, I cannot con-

ceive their Compositions can be worth a Straw. There is no Book so bad. quo the Schollar, but something useful may be pickt out of it. That's true, reply'd Don Quixote, yet oft it happens, that Men who have gain'd a Reputation for doing well once or twice, lose it again when they come to print often. The reason's plain, quo the Schollar, for the more they write. the more they are pry'd into, and examin'd. All your great Poets and famous Historians are still subject to the Censures, ev'n of such as never could put Pen to Paper i' their Lives. That's no wonder, quo Don Quixote, for there are many Divines, not worth a Rush in a Pulpit, will judge incomparably of another man's Sermon. All this is Truth, reply'd Corrafco, and therefore I could will these Momus's and Censurers would be more merciful, and less scrupulous in examining the Motes of that same Sun, whose Works they callumniate; and that they would confider, the Homer sometimes may feem to take a little Nap, How many a tedious hour confum'd his Lamp? How many a live long Night he kept himself awake to bring those famous Works of his to light? For many times it may so happen, that what those morose Censurers reprehend for Faults, may be rather Perfections; like Moles, which, tho they are Blemishes i the Skin. yet fomerimes add to the Beauty of the Face. Besides that this is certain. let a man be never so eloquent, never so learned, never so just, it is imposfible for him to please all the World. And that, I fear me, quo Don Quixote, will be the Fate of my History, to please but few, there being but few wife Men to read it. But the number of Fools, reply'd Corralco. is without number, and they from high to low, from rich to poor, admire your Story. Only fome there are, who tax the Author for want of Memory, or defect of Intelligence, because he does not give us an Account who 'twas that stole Sancho's Grizle; only we find by the Story, that the Ass was stoll'n, and yet by and by, we find him riding the same individual Ass again, not knowing how he came by her; enough to make a man think that Sancho stole her himself again. Then they say, that the Author forgot to tell us what Sancho did with the hundred Pieces in Gold, he found i'the Cloak bag upon Sierra Morena. Mr. Schollar, quo Sancho, I am not in a Condition at prefent to cast up Accompts, for I find a gnawing at my Stomach; and such is my Constitution, that if I don't repair the Detriments of Concoction every two hours, I shall waste like a stale Lobfter, and grow as lean as a Hermite \_\_\_\_ When I ha' din'd, I am for ye,\_\_ that is, when I ha' fatisfy'd Nature, I'le fatisfie you, or any man that wears a Head, either as to the loss of my Ass, or the true laying out of the hundred Pieces, or let the Demand be what it will - And so, without faying a word more, or expecting any Reply, away he went. Don Quixote desir'd the Schollar to stay and take a Colledge Commons with him, to which he added a couple of Pigeons more then usual, by way of Exceedings. The young Corrafco accepted his Invitation, and staid. All Dinner-time they discours'd of Knight-Errantry, and the Schollar obferv'd the Knight's Humour exactly; after that, they took a Nap for Digestion's-sake, till waken'd again by Sancho's Hobnails, they prepar'd for a fecond Colloquie.

# CHAP. IV.

Wherein Sancho satisfies all the young Schollar's Queries, with other things profitable to know, and fit to be related.

C Ancho Pansa being now return'd, and beginning where he lest off. Mr. Schollar, quo he, you desire to know when, and where, and by whom my As was stoll'n. To which I answer, and say, That the same Night that we fled to avoid the Hue and Cry, which we had just reason to fear would pursue us, after those two cursed Adventures of the Galley-Slaves. and the dead Man, that was going in peace to his Grave, my Mafter Doz Quixote and I betook our selves into the thickest, and most unfrequented Part of all the Black Mountain: where he resting his Head against his Lance, and I, without alighting from my nown dear Grizle, wearied with our late Encounters and Bastinado's, sell sast asleep, and slept as soundly as if we had been stretch'd out upon two Feather-beds, especially your Friend and Sancho. For to fay Truth, the Devil had hung fuch a Weight upon my Eye-lids, that the Thief, whoe're he was, had leisure enough to support the four Corners of the Pack-saddle with four stakes, and then to lead away the Ass from between my Legs, without being perceiv'd by me i' the least. Which is no new thing, nor so difficult to be done; for so it seems the Country-fellow's Horse was stoll'n from under him in Bartlemen-Fair; and thus was Sacrapant also robb'd at the Siege of Albraca, of a Steed that cost him fourscore and fifteen Pound, by the great Thief Brunel, the Horse being fairly stoll'n from betwixt his two Thighs, as he bestrid'd him. At length I wak'd, but with my stirring, and stretching my felf i'my Pack-saddle, down came the Stakes, and down came I all a' t'one side upon the hard Stenes, wi' the Pack-saddle upon me. Prefently I look'd for my Ass, but no Ass was to be found- Woe is me then! how thick the Tears fell from my Eyes as big as French-beans, and I made such a dreadful Lamentation, that if your Historian has forgot it, I would not give him a brass Farthing for his Dedication. Some few days after, attending upon Madam, the Princess of Micomicon, I knew my Ass again, and the Fellow that rid her, in the Habit of a Gypfie, who was one of those wicked Rake-hells, that my Master and I had sav'd from the Gallies. This is not the Mistake of the Historian, quo the Schollar, but only that he sets Sancho upon the same Ass's Back that was lost, before he gives us Intelligence of his being found. As for that, reply'd Sancho, if the Historian be more Beast then my Ass, how can I help it; but it may be, 'twas a Fault of the Printer. 'Tis very probable, quo Corrasco; but now i' the second Place, What became of the hundred Pieces, did your Master and you divide?

No, quo Sancho, my Master, I'd ha' ye to know, scorns Money— Ispent 'em my self upon my self, my Wise and Children— they ha' far'd well ever since— for I must needs say this for my Wise, she loves her Belly better then her Back—— and that's the reason she takes so patiently my late Rambling and scaperloitring after my Master Don Quixote's Tail— For had I come home with empty Pockets, as I went out— Heaven knows whether I had not been in Holosernes's Condition before now—— I am sure, at least, one house could ne're have held us, besides the loss of both the Drums of my Ears. And now if y' have any thing more to say to me,

I am here ready to answer the King in Person; for what has any body to do, whether I brought home, or not brought home, whether I spent or not spent—and therefore, pray spare your Quips and your Quirks, good Mr. Schollard, for if all the Thumps and Thwacks that I ha' receiv'd i' these Rambles, were valu'd but at Ha'pence a piece, and I to be satisfy'd in Money for every one, a hundred and a hunderd Pound in Gold more would not pay for the tenth part; which I wish Mr. Curate had for his share—Come, come, Mr. Schollard; He that will meddle with all things, may go shoe the Gostings—but let every man take his own Nose by the end, and not be so busie to mistake black for white, or white for black—every man is as God made him, and sometimes a great deal worse. Truly, friend Sancho, quo the Schollar, your Proverbs are very sententious, and I shall take special care that they be recorded by the Author in his next Edition.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

How, quo Don Quixote, will the Author print a fecond Edition? Yes, Sir, quo the young Corrasco, and would fain put out a fecond Part too—But he saies, he cannot find it, neither does he know where it is—fo that for this same very reason, and for that 'tis generally said, That second Parts are seldom worth reading, I fear me, we are like to see no more of it. And yet abundance of People that love Mirth, and hate Melancholy, cry out—More Quixote's Fegaries—More Quixote's Fegaries—let but Don Quixote appear, and Sancho talk—'tis as good as a Play at

any time.

Book I.

And how stands the Author affected, quo Don Quixote? Fully resolved, Sir, quo the Schollar, as foon as he has found what he feeks for, to furbish it up, and publish it immediately; more for his own Profit tho, then for any Kindness to your Worship. Nay then - quo Sancho, if the Author feek his own Gain, he's like to write a fine History, by fore-George; rather like your Taylors upon an Easter-Eve, that stitch with hot Needles and burnt Silk to make haste; we shall have a Huddle of Flim-slam, and Trim-tram, that will never hang together \_\_\_\_\_ But let Mr. Moor have a little Patience, and my Mafter and I will furnish him, my life for his, with Matter sufficient of all forts, as well successful and unfortunate, as between both, not only to make a fecond, but a hundred Parts more, if his leifure will permit him; furely he thinks we do nothing but fleep in a Hay-- but let him come to the point and fee whether we fail him. In short, Mr. Schollard, if my Master Don Quixote would have taken my Advice, we had been i'the Field before now, redreffing Wrongs, and fubduing Oppression, as all Knight-Errants are oblig'd to do.

Scarce were Sancho's last words out of his Mouth, but they heard Ro-sinante neighie; which Don Quixote took for such a lucky Omen, that he resolv'd to take t'other Ramble within three or sour days at farthest. To which purpose he discover'd his Resolutions to the young Corrasco, desiring his Advice which way he should steer his Course. If you will follow my Advice, reply'd Corrasco, you will do well to take the Road for Saragossa; where within, these sew days, upon St. George's Festival, there is to be a most famous Tilting Bout, and much Honour to be won, if you can but bear away the Bell from the Arragonian Champions; for that done, you ham string all the other Champions i' the World. Moreover, the young Schollar applauded his Design, yet admonishing him withal, not to be too free in exposing himself to Danger, but to be a good Husband of his life, which was none of his own, but theirs that stood in need of his Succour and Assistance in their Assistance in their Assistance.

now, Mr. Sampson, let me be hang'd if it ben't, quo Sancho, that makes me sometimes ready to run mad; for my Master, I'le assure ye, will make no more, when he's i' the Humour, to set upon a hundred armed Men, then old Marriot wou'd ha' done to have encounter'd a dozen roaffed Chickens. Cuds me life, Mr. Schollard, there's a time to affail, and time to retreat, and not to be always St. George, and have at thee, bold Dragon. For if my Memory don't fail me, I ha' heard my Master Don Quixote himfelf say, That Valour lies just i'the middle between Cowardise and Rashness: which being so, I would not have him run, when there's no need: On the other side, I wou'd not have him venture his Flesh, but when he's fure to get the better. But above all things, I wou'd have my Master to understand, That if he intends to take me along with him, the Bargain's to make upon this Condition, That he shall fight all the Battels, Rancounters, Encounters, Skirmishes, Duels, Quarrels, and On-sets himself; and that I am only to look after his Cloaths, the Wine, and the Victuals, wherein he shall find I'le serve him as diligently as a Fairie; but for me to draw my Sword against Carriers and Mule-drivers, because they are no Knight-Errants, in good footh law, I beg his pardon \_\_\_\_ 'tis a thing I shall never consent to; and I think I do fairly to tell him before hand. For my part, Mr. Sampson, 'tis not Fame and Honour that I covet, nor do I care to be thought a fecond Orlando, but only to be renown'd for one of the most faithful Squires that ever follow'd the Heels of Knight Errant. And if after all my Services, my Master Don Quixote will be so kind as to bestow upon me one of those Islands he talks of, I shall be his humble Servant, and thank him; but if he does not, why then, naked I came into the World, and 'twill be no such great matter if naked I return to the Dust. It may be, the Bread I shall eat without a Government, may taste as well as if I were the greatest Governour i'the World. And what do I know, but that the Devil is providing me one of these Governments for a Stumbling-block to give me a Fall, and dash out my Teeth? I was born Sancho, and Sancho I intend to die. Neverthess, if Heaven would bestow an Island or a Province upon me, without any Trouble, or running any Hazard, I am no fuch Fool neither, God be thanked, to refuse a good thing when'tis offer'd me; according to the Proverb, When the Cow's given thee, ne're refuse to lead her home by the String. In truth, friend Sancho, quo the young Corrasco, thou speakst like an Oracle. But be patient, Patience is a Plaister for all Sores; Trust in God and thy Master, my Lord Don Quixote, and he'll gi' thee, not only an Island, but a Kingdom. I am afraid, as soon one as t'other, fo God help me, quo Sancho; and yet let me tell ye, Mr. Sampson, should my Master give me a Kingdom, he should not find it thrown into an old Sack; for I have felt my own Pulse, and find my felf, thanks be to Heaven, sufficiently strong, and healthy to govern either a Kingdom, or an Island, which he pleases; and this I ha' told my Master a hundred times. Sancho, cry'd Corrafco, Honours change Manners; have a care, that when you come to be a Governour, you do not grow proud, and forget your own Mother. That's good Advice indeed, quo Sancho, for those that were born among Hogs, but not for fuch, whose Souls are cover'd four Fingers thick with your old Christian Fat, as mine is. Men of my Condition scorn to be proud or ungrateful. Stick to thy Principles, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, the Proof of the Pudding's at hand; for, if I mistake not, I have a Government just now i'my Eye. But, Mr. Corrasco, added he, pray tell me, Are you a Poet? \_\_\_\_\_ if you are, I would desire ye to make me a Copy of Verses upon the Subject of my Departure, which you may call D. Quixote's Book I. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Farewel to his Mistress, Madam Dulcinea del Toboso; and I would have it be an Acrostick, if you please, that is, for every Verse to begin with the Letters of her Name. Why, truly Sir, I am none of the best Poets in Europe, of which there are a very few now adays, God knows, no, not above three and a half in all your Poetical Countries, as Italy, France, and England, put 'em all together; however, l'le endeavour to satisfie your Lordship; tho the Task will prove the more difficult, because there are seventeen Letters in the whole; so that if I make four Stanza's of four Verses a piece, then there's a Letter too much; and if I make five Stanza's, then there will be three too little; but I'le endeavour to smother one, and so it may do well enough. By any means, Mr. Corrasco, reply'd Don Quixote, make em fo, that no other Woman living may pretend the Verses were made for her. After this, they concluded to be gone within eight Days. Don Quixote also enjoyn'd the Schollar to be secret, and not to say a word either to his Niece, his old Maid, the Curate, or Mr. Nicholas the Barber; who would be fure to use their utmost Endeavours to put a stop to their generous Design. Corrasco promis'd not to open his Lips to any Soul living; and so having begg'd of Don Quixote to give him an exact Account of his Misfortunes and Success, took his leave, and departed. And Sancho at the same time went to make all necessary Provisions for his Jour-

#### CHAP. V.

Containing the pleasant Discourse between Sancho Pansa and his Wife, &c.

THE Translator of this History, when he came to look over this fifth Chapter, would needs have it to be down-right Apocrypha, because it introduces Sancho speaking in a more lofty Style, and after a more scholastick manner, then could be expected from such a stupid Ignoramus as he; and because he talks of matters far above his Understanding. However, he would not leave it out, believing it to be his Duty faithfully to follow his Original.

Sancho then, faies he, came home so blithe, and so merry about the Eyes, that his Wife beheld him with a joyful Aspect, as far as she could see him. So that when he came near; Husband, quo she, you look as pert as a Pearmonger's Mare; what is the Occasion of your Mirth, my Heart? I should be much more merry, dear Chuck, quo Sancho, were I not so well pleas'd as I am. You speak Riddles, Husband, quo his Wife, I don't understand ye \_\_\_ for I am no such Fool yet, to think a Man would be discontented, if he could help it. Why, know then, my dear Honey, quo Sancho, I am over joy'd because I am going to serve my Master Don Quixore again, who is resolved upon a third Frisk in chase of Adventures; and I for my part, think is better to go along with him, then to lie starving at home; for who knows, Wife, but we may find another Bag of Gold, as big as that we ha' spent? - On the other side, it grieves me to leave my sweet Swotterkin, and my poor Children, the Pledges of our Youth; for to tell thee Truth, I take no delight to lead a Goat's life in clambring over Mountains, and jaunting over Forrests \_\_\_ So that if Heaven had been so kind to have granted

granted me a small Estate, that I might but eat Bread dry-shod at home. I wou'd ha' renounc'd these Wild goose Chaces after Knocks and Bastinado's - But Misfortune has otherwise dispos'd of my short time i' this World- And these are the Hopes, and these the Sorrows that make me both joyful and disconsolate at the same time. In good faith, quo Teresa, y'are got so deep into your Knight-Errantries, that ye talk above my Element. The God above understands me, quo Sancho, and that's sufficient. In the mean time, Honey, take care for these next three days, of my dear Grizlepate, that she may be in a Condition to bear Arms; double her Ordinary. look out my Pack faddle, and let it be mended for in fhort, we are not going to a Wedding, but to compass the Earth; to meet with Giants. and Dragons, to encounter Hobgoblins, and to hear nothing but roaring. and rumbling, and bellowing, and howling, and yelling, which, nevertheless, will be all but meer Scare crows, if we don't meet with your cursed-Carriers, and enchanted Moors - Dost understand me, Wife? I make no question, reply'd Teresa, but that Squires-Errant do not eat their Master's Bread for nothing; only I befeech God to preserve thee from all Mischances. Truly Wife, quo Zancho, did I not think thou should'st see me in a short time, Governour of an Island, I'my Conscience I should fall down dead immediately at thy feet. Not so, my dear Love and Joy, quo Terefa; Let the Pullet live, the she ha' got the Pip; only live, and let all the Governments i'the World go to the Devil. Thou cam'ft out of thy Mother's Womb without any Government that I know of, thou hast liv'd without a Government hitherto, and without a Government thou mayst be carry'd to thy Grave, when it shall please God. How many People are there i' the World that live without Governments, and yet live at Ease and Content? The best Sauce i'the World, is Hunger; and therefore the Poor always eat with a good Stomach. But to the purpose, Husband, if it should be thy good luck to get a Government, prithee don't forget thy poor Wife and Children: Confider that our Son already numbers fifteen, and I think 'tis time for him to be fent to School, especially if his Uncle design him for the Church. Then for your Daughter, I am perswaded a Husband wou'd not scare her out of her Wits; for, if I am not mistaken, she longs as much to be marry'd, as you do for a Government. For what fares the Proverb, Marry your Daughter betimes, lest she marry her felf; and 'twere better she were ill bestow'd, then be a Miss, tho 'twere to two Lords at a time. Hark thee me, my dear Wife, quo Sancho, upon the Faith of a man believe me now, the second day after I come to my Government, it shall be my business to marry our Daughter, and to match her so well, that she shall be, at least, a Lady all over the World. Prithee now, good Husband, none of your Ladiships, I beseechye,— Like Blood, like good, and like Age make the happiest Marriages. Let her have plain Neat's leather and Sarge and for lac'd Shoes and fine Petticoats, they are fitter for Ladies. She that never was at the Dancing-School, how ridiculously would she behave her self in her Silks and her Sattins? What fine Discoveries would she make of her Swine-serving Breeding? Th' art a Fool, quo Sancha, Ile fend her to a Boarding-School but for two Years, and thou shalt fee how strangely she'll alter. Prithee let her be but a Lady, and let all the Gossips i the Town be hang'd, if they please—I warrant thee, Woman, she'll do well enough i the Countrey. Lsay still, Husband, quo Terefa, Let every one measure himself with his own Ell. 'Twould be a very pleasant thing indeed for us, to go and marry our Daughter to a Lord, for him, in a short time, to be always upbraiding her, and calling her

Madam Hog-walh, Gillian a' Croydon, and Pig-driver's Daughter -- No. no. Husband—I'le ne're marry my Daughter to fuch fine Folk, by onr bleffed Lady, not I-I han't bred her up, I hope, as I ha' done, to throw her away at length. No, no, Sancho, do thee bring me Money, and let me alone wi'my Daughter—— There's young Dick Tree, old Tree's Son. I find him beginning to fmirk upon the Wench already, he's an honest Fellow, and her Match—and then we shall have Parents, Children, and Grandchildren, and God's Bleffing always among us: marry her the Lord knows where, and we shall see our Son in law and Daughter, the Lord knows when — Marry her at Court among Lords and Ladies, and then she'll understand no body, and no body will understand her. Wife of Barabas, and Beast of the Forrest, quo Sancho; why, without Rhime or Reason, should'st thou thus obstinately disswade me now from marrying my Daughter to one that shall make her a Jointure of eight hundred a Year, and get me Lords for my Grandchildren belides? - Suppose the Lord her Husband dies, dost think eight hundred a Year wont maintain her as long as she lives? Besides, she'll live near, and save something by House-keeping in his life-time. I have heard my Grandfather fay, That he that will not, when he may, when he fain would, shall have nay——— Shall we, when Fortune knocks at the Door, shut her out?— No, no, when the Wind blows fair, let's take the Advantage of the Gale—and let's hold Opportunity by the Forelock, before the turn her Tail \_\_\_\_ [ This Huddle of wife Sayings, and some others out of Sancho's Mouth, made the Translator take this Chapter for Apocrypha 7 Then Sancho proceeding; Bruit, said he, what Injury will it be to thee, for me to get a Government, and raise our Fortunes? What Harm will it be to thee, for me to marry my Daughter to a Lord, and make thee thy felf, Woman, a Lady; and then thou mayft come to Church, and lean over the Gallery upon thy Velvet Cushion, in despite of all the giggling Ladies i' the County? Why, what a God's name, Woman! wouldst always live i' the fame Posture, neither lower nor higher, like a Picture i' the Hangings? Fy fy talk no more on't; I say, little Sanchia shall be a Countess, speak till thy Caul burst. Husband, quo Teresa, have a care what thou fay'ft; I am afraid these Earldoms will be the ruine of vour Daughter. You may make her a Dutchess, or a Princess, if you can, but I'le never give my Consent. For my part, I was always a Lover of Equality \_\_\_ I was christen'd Terefa, without any Additions of Madam or Madamoisell- my Father was call'd Gaffer Cascayo, or Gaffer Stone; and my Name's Terefa, or Margery Pansa, because I am unsortunately your Wife; otherwise my Name might ha' been still Margery Stone; but where the Kings are, there are the Laws. However, either of these single Names content me, without being lac'd with any Additions. By him that made me what I am, I'le be as he made me, and no otherwife-I'le be no body's Laughing stock - I'le give no body cause to cry out, when they fee me, Look, look- she that kept Hogs i' the Stubble t'other day, she that went to Mass with an old Napkin pin'd about her Head, look, how she struts it in her Cloth a'Gold Manteau turn'd up with Velvet - What! no less then a whole Silkman and Milliner's Shop upon her maingy Back at one time! Lord bless us! What will this World come to! No, no, by my faith-law, God grant me my five or fix Senses, or as many as I have, and I'le tie up their Tongues from quipping a'me i this fashion, I'le warrant 'em - that is, I'le give 'em no cause, and then let "em speak, if they can. You may go, Husband, and be a Lord, or a Go-

vernour, or a Prefident, or what you please, by the Parent of my Mother, your Daughter and I will not stir an Inch from our Station- let them feek for Jointures, that cannot work with their ten Fingers. For my part, I had rather have a broken Leg, then a Crack i'my Reputation-And therefore, Husband, march you, and your Don Quixote together, to your Islands, and your Governments, and don't study Contrivances to debauch your poor Daughter; tho after all's done, I wonder how your Master came to be a Don; for I'm sure, neither his Father, nor Grandfather were any more then Headboroughs of the Hundred. May I be roasted, Wife, if I don't believe thou hast got a Familiar i'thy Belly-The Lord bless thee for aWoman, what has all this Stuff that thou hast twisted together, thy Cascayo's, thy Cloath a' Gold Manteaus, and thy Presidents, to do with what I ha' faid? Ninny-hammer and Shallow-brains, as thou art, for I can call thee no other, fince thou canst not understand Reason For should I ha' told thee, that thy Daughter was to throw her felf from the top of the Monument, or to trot about the World like a Gypsie, or a Bess-a-bedlam, then I should not ha' blam'd thee for being troubl'd; but if in less then two Hits of a Tap-ball, I make her a Countess; if I fetch her from the Straw, to fit under a Canopy, and to fet her Bum upon more Velvet Cushions then all the Empresses of Morocco, why shouldst thou be against it? Oh! Husband, Husband—quo Terefa, tis because of the Proverb, Husband, That that covers thee, discovers thee- No body minds the Poor, but all Eyes are gazing upon men in Grandeur and Authority-if a poor man become wealthy and great, it fets all Tongues a grumbling and back-biting; and the worst is, that when they once begin, they never leave off. Oh, but my dear Terefa! I tell thee things that thou never heard'st of i'thy life; nor do I speak of my own Head, but what I heard from one of our Lent-Preachers, who told us, if my Memory fail me not, That what we fee daily before our Eyes, take a deeper root in our Remembrances, then things that are past and gone. [ And this Discourse, so far above Sancho's Genius, was another, and one of the strongest Arguments to perswade the Translator, that this Chapter was not authentick. ] And therefore, quo Sancho, proceeding in his Philosophy, when we see a man fumptuously habited with a great Rope of Lacquies, hanging like Onions at the Tail of his Coach, we pay him Respect in spite of our Teeths; tho we remember him formerly to have been but a Foot boy, or at most, a Clerk's Clerk himself; and his present Condition causes us to forget his former Poverty; and how mean and base soever his Parentage were, we look upon him what he is, and not what he was. Let him have been found in a Church-porch, if after he comes to Preferment, he shews himfelf liberal and courteous, he deserves as much esteem as if he had been a Lord of five hundred years standing; and that all the Records of his Pedigree i' the Herald's Office, were Worm eaten with Age.

I don't understand a Tittle what you say, Husband, reply'd Teresa, and therefore e'en follow your own Inventions, and don't break my Brains with your Retricks and Philosophies—but if y'are so devolv'd to do as ye say——Devolv'd, Wise! what's that?——you should say, resolv'd—speak like a Schollard, my dear Honey-suckle—For the Lord's-sake, Husband, quo Teresa, Schollard me no Schollards, I speak as God a mighty taught me—and for hard words, I give all my share to Mr. Curate—only this I ha' to say farther, That if you are so mad to be a Governour, pray take your Son Sancho along with ye, and teach him to be a Governour after you are dead. For 'tis but reasonable for Parents to teach their

their Children their Trades. When I am fix'd i' my Government, quo Sancho, I'le fend for him by the Post, and send thee Money withal— for there is no body, but will lend Money to a Governour— and do thou provide him such Cloaths, that he may appear not what he is, but what he ought to be. Well, well, Husband, for that take you no care—do you but send Money, and I'le make him as sine as a Parrot. So then, Wise— 'tis concluded, you say, between us, quo Sancho, that our Daughter shall be a Countess.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Mercy a'my Soul i' the meantime, cry'd Terefa, for I'm fure my Daughter's first Lady-day, will be the last of my life—However, do what you please—you Men are the Masters, and we poor Women must bear our Curse of Obedience, tho our Husbands are no better then Cowcumbers. And so faying, she fell a' weeping, as if her Daughter had been breathing her last Gasp—But Sancho appeas'd her with a Promise to delay her Preferment as long as he could with conveniency. And having so said, away he posted to Don Quixote to receive Orders for his Departure.

# CHAP. VI.

Containing what pass'd between Don Quixote, his Niece, and his Maid; which is one of the most important Chapters in the whole History.

Hile Sancho Pansa and Teresa Cascayo, or Margery Stone, his Wise, were thus no less eagerly then impertinently arguing the Case, Don Quixete's Niece and Maid were at their Wits end. They saw the good old Knight was as full of his Frenzies as ever, and was resolv'd upon a third Frolick; and therefore they us'd their utmost Endeavour to perswade him to the contrary: but all they could do, was but basting of Stones with Butter.

Among other Arguments which they us'd to bring about their Defign, the Governess adventur'd to use this threatning Language; Sir, quo she, if you will not be rul'd, but will needs run a rambling again, like a fack with a Lanthorn in a Winter-night, and still be vagabonding from your Family, in search of Hobgoblins and Fairies, to make your self a Laughing stock to all the World; I'le never cease petitioning both God and the King, till I either prevail for cure, or get ye lock'd up in Bedlam, for a Mad man, as ye are. Joan, quo Don Zuixote, what Answer Heaven will give thee, I know not; neither can I tell what the King will fay to thee, but this I know, that if I were in his Majesty's place, I would ne're be troubl'd with a quarter of those impertinent Sheets of gilt-Paper that are deliver'd to Princes every day; and therefore, as it is one of the greatest Vexations they have, to hear this idle Story, and tother Flim flam, I hope the King will be so kind to himself, to make thee stay till he has nothing i' the World else to do. But, I beseech ye, Sir, quo the Maid, pray tell me, Are there no Knights at Court? Yes, without doubt, reply'd Don Quixote, feveral— as well for the Ornament of the Court, as to fet forth the Lufter of Royal Grandeur-Why then, quo the Maid, would it not be better for you to be one of those Knights, then thus to run a Robinhooding, as you do. Hear me, Joan, quo Don Quixote, all Knights cannot be Courtiers, neither can they, nor ought all Courtiers to be Knight-Errants; Part II.

318

Book I.

there must be of all forts i'the World; and tho there were no other but Knight si'the World, yet should there be a great difference between Knight's and Knights. For Courtiers, without fo much as stirring over their Thresholds, or quitting the Court, travel all the World over with their Eves. furveying the Maps, without Labour or Expence. But we that are the true Knight-Errants, really and truly roam and wander over Hill and Dale. Night and Day. Summer and Winter, expos'd to Heat and Cold, Hunger and Thirst, and all the Hardships that Nature can endure. We not only behold the Pictures of our Enemies, but meet 'em arm'd Cap-a-pe, at every turn, and every hour, never standing upon Trisles, or the Laws of Duels, or examining whether our Lances or Swords are of an exact Size. or no; whether our Enemies have any Charms about 'em, or any privy Armour on; nor ever regarding whether the Sun be in our Faces, or upon our Backs, nor any other Punctilio's or Ceremonies observ'd among single Duelifts; things which thou understand ft not, but I perfectly do. And vet I would have thee know thus much however, That every Knight-Errant is so far from being afraid to meet ten Giants, whose heads are as high as the Clouds, their Thighs like the Tower of Babel, and their Arms like Masts of Ships; their Eyes as big as Milstones, and burning like Glasshouse Furnaces; I say, a Knight-Errant is so far from being afraid of meeting ten of these Giants, that he meets 'em with a settl'd Countenance and undaunted Courage, he affails 'em, closes in with 'em, and if it be possible, vanquishes and murders 'em all in an Instant, tho arm'd at the same time with the Scales of a certain Fish, much harder then an Adamant; and laying on, infeed of Swords, with difmal Hangers, thirty foot long, and seven foot broad, sharp as Razors, and all of Steel of Damascus, or else with Iron Maces as big as the Monument; such as I ha feen full often to my cost. This, Joan, I ha' told thee, to shew thee the difference between Knights and Knights. And in truth, I could wish, that all Princes knew how to make the Distinction, and that they understood a little better the Merit and Importance of Knight-Errants, among whom, as we may read in their Lives, there have been some that ha' fav'd not only one, but many Kingdoms at a time. Oh, Sir, quo his Niece, shaking her head— have a care what ye say— For is it not plain, that all the Stories of Knight-Errants are nothing but a company of Lyes and Fables; and if they are not burnt by the hand of the common Hangman, yet are they so branded and stigmatiz'd for Falsehood and Imposture, that they deserve to be so. By the living Jupiter, quo Don Quixote, all inflam'd with Rage and Choler, wert thou not a Woman, and my near Kinswoman, I would lash thy bare Buttocks, as bad as ever the Doctor lash'd his Maid, for uttering such unheard of Blasphemies! What! fuch a little pitiful Arfeworm as thou, that canst hardly tell nine, to be so bold and audacious as to censure Knight-Errants! What wou'd the great Amadis de Gaul ha' faid, had he heard thee prate at this rate? And yet I am apt to believe he would ha' pardon'd thee', for he was one of the most affable and courteous Knights of his time, and a great Defender of Ladies. But you might ha' lit into the hands of one that wou'd ha' yerk'd your Bumfiddle for ye, y' faith, my dear Niece; and therefore have a care next time how ye talk fuch Bugg's Words, as these. For all Knights have not the same Moderation, nor are they all of the same mettle; for some are of Gold, and others of Copper, yet all seem to be Knights. Nevertheless, we our selves have a Touchstone to try 'em by. For you have some base Rascals that leave no stone

unturn'd to seem Knights; and some Knights of Quality there are, that ride Post to the Devil, on purpose to stiffe the Lustre of their Birth. Some are advanc'd by their Ambition and Vertue. Others there are, that sink under the Burthen of Esseminacy and Vice; and between these two sorts of Knights, it requires a great Judgment to make a right Distinction, for they both carry the same Title. Bless me! cry'd the Niece, in truth, Uncle you are so learned, that I believe, for a need, you could step into a Pulpit, or at least, could hold forth upon a Stall. And yet for all that, you have so little Wit, as to think your self still a young man, that are as crazy as a rotten Post, that ye are strong, when I durst venture to blow ye down with one Blast o'my back-side my self; that you can set things to Rights, when ye bend i'the back, like the Sign of the Dolphin—And then you say are a Knight—I'de fain know who the murrain made you a Knight—I'm sure the King never did; for Knights must have great Estates—and I am certain you ha' little or none to speak of.

Niece, quo, D. Quixote, thou say'st very right as to the business of Estates; and therefore to add to thy Knowledge, I have a good mind to tell thee fomewhat more then ordinary concerning Pedigrees. All the Pedigrees i'. the World may be reduc'd to four forts. Some men there are, who are born of obscure Parentage, yet raise themselves by degrees to sovereign Dignity. The fecond fort, being born to Royal Eminency, preserve and maintain their Grandeur without any decay. Others there are born Noble and Illustrious, that unravel themselves into nothing; like Pyramids that having a spacious and large Foundation, lessen by degrees, till they vanish with an imperceptible Point. The laft fort far more numerous then any of the rest, are they, whose Extraction being mean, or at least, not very remarkable, they so continue, neither rising higher, nor falling lower Of the first we have a notable Example in the Ottoman Race, who deriving their Original from a poor and miferable Shepherd, have advanced their Dominion to the highest Pinnacle of Grandeur. A great number of Princes, born successively to fair Inheritances, and preserving their Estates within their ancient Limits, without Enlargement or Diminution, are an Example of the second fort. And for the third fort, that have ended in a Pyramid, we have a thousand Examples; all the Pharaohs and Prolomy's of Egypt, the Calars of Rome, together with that infinite Crowd of Median, Affrian, Persian, Grecian, and Barbarian Monarchs and Princes, of whose Race there are not any now left i' the World; or if happily any might be found, we should find em in very mean and low Condition. I have nothing to fay of the common fort, that only ferve to make up the number of the Living, neither ambitious of Fame, or understanding what Merit is.

From what has been faid, Girls, you may fee, that there is a great difference between the Races of Men, and that only those Families are great and illustrious, where Wealth, Magnificence and Vertue most eminently appear. I say Vertue, for that a Person of high Birth, without Vertue, seems more vitious then another person; and for that he who is rich, and not liberal, may be truly lookt upon as a most miserable Creature, that possesses without Enjoyment. Now the poor Knight has no other way to shew that he is a true Knight, but by his Vertue. It behaves him therefore, to be affable, courteous, humble, just, without Pride, without Malice; and by that means, tho he give little, as having but little to give, his private Liberality will be as much esteem'd as theirs that are prosuse with Ostenation before a Multitude; and possessing all

those noble Qualities, there is no body but will believe him to be of illustrious Parentage, and pay him that Respect, and those Honours which are due to his Merit. I must inform ye farther, Girls, that there are two ways for men to enrich and advance themselves, by Learning, and by Feats of Arms. Now for my part, I find my felf more inclin'd and adapted for military Employments, as being born under the Influence of the Planet Mars; for which reason, in Compliance with my Stars, and my own Inclinations, I am resolv'd to follow that Profession in despite of all the World; and therefore you torment your felves in vain, to refift the Decrees of Heaven, and to oppose my own Destiny, my own Reason, and my own Desires. I know that *Knight-Errantry* is accompany'd with infinite Hard-Thips; yet on the other fide, I understand the infinite Benefit and Glory that attends it. I know that Vertue leads us through a very fireight and narrow Path, and that the Road of Vice is broad and spacious, leading us, with all its Charms, to Death Eternal; whereas the narrow way of Vertue, full of Thorns and Briers, and difficult to pass, guides us to Immortal Life: according to that of the Poet:

Through this same narrow Path, with Cares oppress'd, At length we climb to our Immortal Rest. They Heav'n renounce, who think the other Way, More easie, leads 'em to the Seats of Day.

Bleffed Lady! my Uncle's a Poet too, quo the Niece, he knows all things, and can do everything—Nay, I'le hold a Wager, if he would but undertake it, that he could build a Cathedral with as much ease, as a Bird-cage. Ah, my dear Niece! reply'd Don Quixote, I could safely swear, that were it not for this Knight-Errantry, that transports me, as it does, quite beside my Senses, there is nothing which I durst not undertake to perform, nor any Curiosity that could scape my hands, especially quilted Balls and Tooth-pickers.

But here their farther Discourse was interrupted by Sancho, who rapp'd at the Door, like a Constable, and made a noise, like Tom a' Lincoln, to be let in. Upon which the Governante slipp'd out of the way because she would not see him, for she hated him with a mortal Hatred. The Niece open'd the Door, while Don Quixote stood with his Arms expanded to receive him, and having embrac'd him, as the Devil hugg'd the Wirch, they lock'd themselves once more into the Chamber, where their Discourse was no less pleasant then what they had before.

# CHAP. VII.

Containing a second Colloquie between Don Quixote and his Squire, with other most famous Adventures.

To sooner did the Governess perceive that Don Quixote and Sanchohad lock'd themselves in together, but she presently surmis'd their Design, and not doubting but the Result of this same private Interview, would prove no less then a fix'd Determination to take another Vagary, she slung her Scarse about her Neck, and like a Wench posting to a Cumning

ning Man, away she trots as pensive as a Girl that had lost three Silver Spoons, to find out young Corrafco, whom the thought to be the most proper person to check her Master's unbridl'd Frenzie, as being a Man of Wir. and one of Don Quixote's new Acquaintance. Having found him out, with a black Pot in his hand, and a Pipe in his Mouth, tho somewhat shy, for fear of being arrefted, she fell at his feet all in a cold Sweat. What's the matter, Mistress Governess, quo Corrasco? What dismal Accident has befall'n thee, that brings thy Soul, to this Affright, to the very root of thy Tongue? Nothing, Mr. Sampson, quo the Maid, nothing else, but that my Master's departing, he's departing, there's no help for't. How, departing! What dost mean, quo Sampson? Is he fall in into an Apoplexy? No. no. quo the Governess, he's only leaving his Senses, and departing from his Wits —— He's going for t'other broken Shoulder —— God forgive me for faying fo, I wish he might break the one half of his Neck down Stairs. The last time, he was brought home athwart an Ass, like a Calf before a Butcher, from head to foot as black as my Hood, with the Knocks and the Bruises his Playfellows had given him. And the second time, for footh, he came riding home in a Waggon, shut up in a Cage—Lord bless me! I wonder'd what strange Beast it was - and who shou'd it be, but my monstrous Master for I never saw a man so monstrously batterd, and shoulder sprain'd i' my life. He might well say he was inchanted, for l'le be hang'd if his Mother that bore him, cou'd ha' known him; a' look'd as yellow as the back fide of a Parchment skin, with his Eyes fo bury'd in his head, that to fetch'em back again, it cost me twenty dozen of Eggs, God knows as well as my poor Hens, that could tell the Truth, were they able fpeak- There's no need of Witnesses for that, quo the Schollar, all the Parish knows thou wert never given to lying—But, Mrs. Governess, d'ye fear nothing else but your Master's Escape? Nothing else! quo the Maid; why, is not that enough?———— If that be all, quo Mr. Sampson, let me alone, do you only go home, and get me fomething hot for my Supper— You may also, if you can, say the first four Staves of the Nunc dimittis backward, as ye go along-

Sure you ha' drank a Cup too much, Mr. Sampson,——Say four Staves of the Nanc dimittis backward! why, my Master's Pain lies in his Head, and not in his Teeth——I know what I say——don't you dispute with me that ha' been a Reader of a Parish, till I could read there no longer, tho Sunday were a priviledge-Day——I say, don't you dispute with me, but go home, and do as I bid ye—— The Governante, thus shub'd, return'd home as fast as she could trudge; and young Corrasco went to consult the Curate—— of which we shall give ye a farther Account by and by———

In the mean time, Don Quixote and Sancho being alone in their Retirement, had a long Conference, which the Story relates after this manner:

Sir, said Sancho, I have at length brought it to that pass, that my Wise is dissolved to let me attend your Worship where-ever ye go——— Disfolved! Sancho, Wilt thou never speak English? thou should the say, resolved. Sir, quo Sancho, this is now the second or third time that I has warn'd ye of your Captiousness at my Pronunsations, especially when you understand what I mean. If ye don't— then you may say, Sancho, the Devil take thee, speak plain—Then if I don't explain my felf, you may distract me—for I am not so infocible as you think for——

Now the Devil take thee, Sancho, if I understand thee at this time-

t

Di-

Distract thee!—— and thou art not so infocible! What a pox is all this Gibberish?—— Why, Sir, quo Sancho, infocible signifies a man that is—as a man should say—— not given—so and so—— Infocible is——what d'ye call that word—— puh—'tis at my Tongue's end—— you understand me, Sir—— By all my Progenitors, less thene're I did, quo Don Quixote—— Why then, quo Sancho, there's an end of the Discourse—for I can speak no better, and so farewel Island. I guess, quo Don Quixote, thou wouldst say, thou art not so indocible, but that thou art able to learn, if I instruct thee—I'le hold my life, quo Sancho, you understood me at first, but only you had a mind to puzzle my Brains wi'your Impertinencies, meerly to hear me knock your sine words out a joint. 'Twas the least of my Thoughts, I assure thee, quo Don Quixote—— but prithee tell me—What saies Teresa?

Teresa, quo Sancho, bids me make sure work wi' your Worship—She tells me, That Paper speaks, when Beards never wag; That 'tis good to be sure—That a Bird i the Hand's worth two i the Bush—That he that lives by hope, dies breaking a' wind backward—That one Hold-fast, is better then two I'le give Thees—Better my Dog dirty, then no Dog at all—"Tis true, Women and Fools Bolts are soon shot, but sometimes they speak reason. I believe so too— quo Don Quixote; but prithee go on, Sancho, for thou talk'st monstrous sententiously to day—

I say, quo Sancho, as you know better then I, that no body knows who shall live, nor who shall die; that a man's here to day, and gone to morrow \_\_\_\_ That as foon goes the Lamb to the Spit, as the old Weather \_\_\_\_ In short, we cannot promise our selves to live an hour longer then God has appointed. For Death is deaf, and when he knocks at the Door, he's in post-haste - nor Force, nor Intreaties, nor Crowns, nor Miters can prevail with him for one minute's delay—— at least, if we may believe our Preachers. All this is truth, Sancho, quo Don Quixote What would'st infer from hence? Why, Sir, quo Sancho, I think 'tis very requisite vou and I should understand one another, and that we should agree upon a certain Sum to be paid monthly so long as I shall have the Honour to ferve your Worship - and to be paid in Money - not in Recompences, with a Bond for Performance of Covenants—— For these Recompences always come flow, or scarce are worth accepting, or else never comebut God bless Me with what is my own. In a word, I would be glad to know what I get, be it little or more. A Hen fits upon one Egg, as well as upon twenty \_\_\_\_\_ Sixteen Farthings make a Groat, and four Groats make fixteen Pence; Many littles make a mickle- and while a man gets, he can never lose. However, should it so fall out, tho it be a thing that I never expect, or hope for, that your Worship should give me the Island vou ha' promis'd me, I am not such an ungrateful Pinch-penny, but that I am willing to discount upon the Revenue for what Wages I receive.

Friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, a Cat is oftimes as good as a Rat—You say very true, quo Sancho—but I hold a Wager your Worship would ha' said, That a Rat is as good as a Cat—However, 'tis all one fince I find your Worship understands me—So well, quo Don Quixote, that I ha' div'd to the very Bottom of thy Thought-bag—and can see without a Prospective glass whither all thy musty Adages and Proverbs tend. And indeed, because th' art a poor fellow, I should never scruple to pay thee thy Wages by agreement in dry Money, but that I could never discover in any History of the meanest Knight-Errant, that ever they pay'd their Squires either by the Month, or by the Year, or indeed, that they ever

Book I. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

pay'd 'em any Wages at all. That which I can remember is only this,
That their Sources ferv'd 'em in hopes and that many times when there

That their Squires serv'd 'em in hopes, and that many times when they least expected it, Fortune seating her self in their Master's Laps, and chucking 'em under the Chin, presently they found themselves recompenc'd with an Island, or a County, or some such kind of Trifle. If therefore you think good to ferve me upon these Terms, and these Expectations, you may, if not, befo las manos, fare ye well - For I must not, for love of your sweet Countenance, ranverse all the Customs of ancient Chivalry. And therefore, Sancho, go home again, tell your Wife my Refolution. and so advise together; if either she or you, or both, dislike my Proposals. however let's be still Friends, and so part. While there's a Cummin-loaf i' the Dove-coat, the Pigeon-house shall never want Customers. Nevertheless, Sancho. let me tell ye, fair Hopes are better then Mifery in Possession: And tis ill wasting your Bait upon Gudgeons, when you may hope to catch Carps. I speak this to let you see I can piss Proverbs as well as another: and so in one word for a thousand, if you will trust Fortune as I do, you may: if not. God bless thee, and make thee a Saint; no question, but I shall find Squires enow, less faucy, less talkative, and more obedient then ever thou wert-

Sancho was Thunder-strook when he found his Master so indisferent; for he thought verily Don Quixote could ne're ha' pis'd without him. Now while he was in this same Agony of Melancholy and Despair, in dropt Corrasco, together with the Niece and the Governante, who follow'd him close to see what Method he would take to disposses Don Quixote of his

Devil of Knight-Errantry.

He was no fooner enter'd, but he embrac'd Don Quixote's Knees, and with a loud and ferious Tone; Choice Flower of Chivalry-Errant, quo he, most radiant Light of War, chief Honour and Glory of thy Nation, I beg of all Saints, and all Souls, that whoever shall oppose thy generous Resolution of a third Ramble, Prosperity may never bles em; may they be unfuccessful in Woing, and never genetheir VVives with Child; and then turning to Don Quixote's Maid, 'Twill be in vain, Mrs. Governess, quo he, to fay the Nunc dimittis backward any more: For Heaven has decreed. that my Lord Don Quixote must return to the samous Exercise of Chivalry-Errant; and I should act against my Conscience, should I not encourage him my felf, to make known the Strength of his Arm, and the Vigour of his invincible Prowefs, which he cannot forbear to do, without defrauding the miferable of his Affistance, without injuring the Widow and the Orphan, and exposing the Honour of Ladies and Virgins, whose Bulwark and Support he is; and without breach of all the Laws of that incomparable Order, which Heaven so potently supports for the general Good and Safety of Mankind. Courage, my Lord Don Quixote proceed, most valiant Hero— and if you want a Squire, I am here ready to ferve your magnificent Grandure, as deeming it the greatest Honour that the World can beflow upon me.

Hark ye there, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, turning toward his Squire, I told thee I should never want Squires. Thou seest who offers me his Service, no less then a University Schollar, a Reader, and an Instructor of Youth to boot; one that has suffer'd much by Hunger, Cold, and Drouth, yet nimble, young, and healthy; and which is more then all the rest, one that whatever he knows, never tells any body but Friends. But Heaven sorbid, that I shou'd rob the Church of such a Member, or the Liberal Sciences of such a Pillar and Support. Let him live, and like another Orpheus.

Tt2

live

live to tame Beafts in Ludgate or the Fleet, where his vast Knowledge may be of greater use. For my part, any Squire shall serve my turn, since Sancho thus forfakes me-

I'le go, I'le go, cry'd Sancho, all in Tears and Blubbering, like a Widower of three hours standing- 'T shall ne're be said of me, quo he, No longer Pipe, no longer Dance; I am not come of an ungrateful Race, and I am thoroughly fatisfy'd in the great Defire you have, and how your Worthin makes it your fludy to do me good. And if I did ask your Worship for Wages, twas only to please my Wife, who, when she sets upon a thing, all the Devils in Hell cannot fatisfie her, till she has her Will; but fince God has made me a Man, I'le be a Man at home too, as well as in other places; and if the wont be quiet, I'le nail her up in a Barrel a' Tenterhooks, and roll her down Mauvern-Hills, before I'le be plagu'd with her. And therefore, Sir, you have now nothing more to do, but to make your Will; but be sure to make it without a power of Revocation, and then let's be gone as foon as you pleafe. Alas, my dear Mafter! don't you believe but I am ready to follow ye to all the four Corners of the Wind, and to fignallize my Fidelity and Care of your Person, above all the Squires-Errant, that ever were recorded in immortal Story.

Thereupon Don Quixote and Sancho embrac'd again, and became as good Friends as ever; and fo with the Approbation, and good liking of young Corrasco, who was now Don Quixote's Privy-Councellor in Ordinary, it was concluded, that Don Quixote should be gone within three days, which they reserved for themselves to provide all things necessary for their Journey; more especially a whole Helmet and Vizor, which was the only Appurtenance to a Knight-Errant, which Don Quixote wanted at that time. Happy man he, in knowing Corrafco, who presently told him where there was one to be had, a found and well-temper'd piece of Mettle, only 'twas fomewhat rufty with lying.

The Niece and Governess were so strangely startl'd to find that Signior Corrafco had deceiv'd their Expectations, that they curs'd him to the bortomless Gehenna, tore their Hair, claw'd their Faces, and set up such a howling and yelling, as if they had foreseen Don Quixote's certain Death, and all the fatal Dilasters of this same third Vagary. But Corrasco's Design, to tell yethe truth, after he had confulted the Curate and the Barber, was to furnish the Author with new matter for a second Part, wherein I think he did very well.

And now all things being in a readiness, and Sancho having pacify'd his Wife, the two Hero's fet forward i' the dead time of the Night, unknown to any living Soul, but only Corrafco, who would needs accompany the worthy Knight about half a League upon his way. Which done, the Schollar belought Don Quixote to give him an Account from time to time, of whatever befell him, whether good or bad. Don Quixote gave him his hand upon't, and then they both embrac'd, and took their leaves, the Schollar returning back to the Village, and the Knight continuing his Journey for the famous City of Tobofo.

## CHAP. VIII.

What befel Don Quixote going to visit his Lady Dulcinea.

TO W bleffed be the mighty Alla, cry'd Cid Hamet Benengeli, at the Beginning of this Chapter, repeating his Benediction no less then three times, when he heard the News that Don Quixote and Sancho Panca had once more taken the Field. For now, quo he, Readers of this Story may expect a fecond Part of the matchless Atchievements, unheard of Discourses, and surprizing Adventures of that famous Baron of Mancha: enough, if it were possible, to drown all his former Transactions. But let em both live together, and let these his last Feats of Arms begin from his first putting foot in his Stirrup for Toboso, as the former began in the Plains

The Renowned Don Quixote and the faithful Sancho were no fooner parted from the Schollar, but Rosinante began to neighie, and Sancho's Grizzle to figh and bray; which the Knight and the Squiretook for happy Omens of their Success; tho to say truth, the sighings and brayings of serious Grizzle, far exceeded Rosinante's Mirth; whence Sancho concluded, That this third Frisk would prove much more to his own, then his Mafter's Advantage. I confess, I do not believe he grounded his hopes upon any Knowledge which he had in Judicial Aftrology, or that he had been to enquire of Saffold the Necromancer; only twas a piece of Superstition which he had learnt among the old Women, That if his Ass stumbl'd, or tript, or fell down, he wou'd ha' given his best Sunday's Coat, that he had not stirr'd out of his House all that day; for he was wont to say, That stumbling or falling, were only Signs of ripp'd Soles and broken Ribs; and tho he were a Cods head, he was not much out of the way in this.

Friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, the Night comes on apace, so that I doubt me, 'twill be dark before we can reach Tobofo. However, thither it is that I intend to go, before I undertake any Adventure, to receive the Benediction, and take my leave of the most incomparable Dulcinea, being affur'd after that, of being fuccessful in all my Enterprises; for nothing renders a *Knight-Errant* more valiant, and more fortunate in all his Undertakings, then to find himfelf belov'd and favour'd by the Lady of his best Assection. I am apt to believe it, quo Sancho; but I'm afraid you'll find it a difficult thing to fee Madam Dulcinea, and talk with her, at least, in a place proper to give ye her Benediction, unless she should throw it ye over the Mud-wall of the Court, where I first saw her, when I carry'd her the News of your Gambols, and freakish Pranks i'the midst of the

Black Mountain.

Thou art infinitely mistaken, my poor filly Friend, quo Don Quixote-Mud-walls of a Court, dost call'em, where thou sawift the peerless Paragon of Beauty and Gentility! why, thou art blind, Man-they were the gilded Balconies, or else the sumptuous Galleries of some magnificent Palace. It may be fince alter'd, quo Sancho, but as far as I could then difcern, it was a perfect ordinary Mud-wall, at least, if I ha' not lost my Memory. Be't what it will, quo Don Quixote, thither 'tis we must go; and provided I may see her, let it be over the Wall, or through a Window, through Chinks or Lattices, for which way soever the least Beam of her Beauty reaches my Eyes, it will fo enlighten my Understanding, and for-

Book I.

325

This is that which I mortally dread, quo Suncho; for I dare fay, that in that same Story which Neighbour Corrasco has seen of our Lives, my Honour is expos'd like a Curtesan set upon her Head naked, and then kick'd down Staires. And yet upon the faith of an honest Squire, I never spoke ill of any Necromancer i' my life; nor have I Wealth enough to be envy'd. Tis true, I am a little malicious now and then, and that I do talk at random sometimes, yet I was always counted more Fool then Knave. And were it only for this, That I believe in God and the Catholick Faith, and am a mortal Enemy of the Jenus, the Historians ought to take Compassion upon me, and spare me i' th' their Libells——But before George, let'em say what they can, naked I came into the World, and naked I must go out; I neither win nor lose; and therefore I say again, let'em write their worst, I care no more then the great Turk— nor will I give 'em, begar, what the Cat lest i'the Malt, to make 'em hold their Tongues.

This puts me in mind, quo Sancho, of what befel a famous Poet of our Times, who having made a fmart Satyr against all the Ladies of the Court. whose Names were up, forbore to name one, as not being certain whether the were fit to be put in his Catalogue or no; who not finding her felf in the Lift, made a great Complaint to the Poet, and ask'd him, What Injury she had done him, that he should leave her out of his Roll? Desiring him withal, to enlarge his Satyr, and put her in, according to her Merits, or else she would claw out his Eyes. Thereupon the Poet went on, and gave her a Character with a Vengcance, to the great Satisfaction of the Lady, who was glad to fee her felf in Print, tho it were at the Expence of her Honour. I must tell thee, Sanche, this desire of Honour, and to be talk'd of hereafter, is a bewitching thing. VVhat caus'd Horatius to throw himself arm'd into Tiber? What made Mutius Sc.evola, with that undaunted Patience, hold his Hand in the burning Flame till it was confum'd to Ashes? What encouraged Curtius to throw himself headlong into the gaping Earth? What made Cafar pass the Rubicon, after so many unlucky

Omens? By the Lord Harry, I don't know, quo Sancho. And now to come to modern Examples. What made a small number of Spaniards under the famous Cortez, being landed in the new world, to fink their Ships, to deprive themselves of all manner of Safety, by flight? 'Twas all to get Honour, Sancho; Honour that spurs us on to all great Actions, and inspires us with Resolution to contemn the most surprizing Terrors, and even Death it felf: and all in hopes of a determin'd Fame, that ends with the Subversion of this world. VVhereas we Christian Knight-Errants cumbat rather for that eternal Honour enjoy'd in Heaven, then for that vain Renown that shall perish with the world's Conslagration. In killing Giants. we aim at the overthrow of Pride. And in our daily war against our Pasfions, we combat Envy by Generofity, Anger by Humility, Gluttony and Drowfiness by Temperance and Vigilancy, Incontinency by that inviolable Fidelity which we observe in our very Thoughts toward our Mistresses: and Sloth by continual Travel through the world, in fearch of all Adventures, which, together with the Name of Christians, may acquire us the Character of Illustrious and Renowned Knights. And these, Sancho, are

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

the Steps, by which we mount the Pinnacle of Honour.

I understand, Sir, to a hair's breadth, quo Sancho, every Tittle you have faid. But still I would fain be refolv'd one Doubt that strangely perplexes the infide of my Scull. What is't, Son Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote? fpeak, and I'le endeayour to release thee from thy Anguish. Why then, Sir, quo Sancho, pray resolve me those Julius's, Augustus's, and all the rest of those eternized and immortalized Champions you have number'd up, all dead so long ago, where are they now at present? The Heathens, answer'd Don Quixote, are, without all question, in Hell. The Christians, if they were good Christians, either in Paradise or Purgatory; at least, if their Friends were so remiss as not to be at the Charges of having 'em pray'd out; tho I cannot believe fuch great Personages as they could want either Money or Friends upon such an emergent Occasion. So far, so good, quo Sancho. Now then for the Sepulchers where these great Lords lie interr'd, be there any Silver Lamps still burning therein? Are they hung about with Crutches, broken Legs and Arms, Wax-heads and Glass-Eyes, or with what are they hung? The Tombs of the Idolaters, answer'd Don Quixote, were for the most part, magnificent Temples; Julius Casar's Ashes were set upon the top of a Pyramid, all of one Stone of a prodigious bigness, which they call at this day, St. Peter's Needle. The Sepulcher of Adrian the Emperor was a great Castle as big as a large Village, formerly call'd Adrian's Mole, now the Castle of St. Angelo. Queen Artemisia lay'd her Husband in a Mausoleum, so Jarge, so magnificent, and fo fingular for the Curiofity of the VVorkman-ship, that it was accounted one of the feven VVonders of the world. But never any of the Tombs of the Gentiles were adorn'd with Hair-cloths, Hour-glaffes, and Death's heads, or any other Offerings that fignaliz'd 'em for Saints.

Thus far we are right, quo Sancho; now pray, Sir, tell me, which is the greater wonder, to raise a Man from the dead, or to kill a Giant? The Question's easily answerd, quo Don Quiscote, certainly to raise a Man from the dead. Then Ple be with ye presently, quo Sancho: For then we must believe the Fame of those that raise the dead, restore sight to the blind, and heal the lame, before whose Tombs we daily behold infinite Crowds of devout People continually kneeling and adoring their Reliques, must be much more glorious both in this and the other VVorld, then that of all your Heathenish Emperors, and all the Knight-Errants that ever were

born.

The Life and Atchievements of

born. I grant it, quo Don Quixote. Very good, quo Sancho, and now expect a sparring Blow-for if the Bodies of the Saints are allow'd fuch Priviledges and Prerogatives, as ye call 'em, to have their Chappels continually burning with Lamps, and with the Approbation and Leave of our holy Mother the Church, to have their Smocks, their Petticoats, their Huckle-bones, their Hollow-Teeth, their Combings, the Bridges of their Nofes. Tips of their Ears, with a thousand other Reliques preserv'd in Gold Boxes, and to have their Shrines ador'd and enrich'd with the Offerings of Emperors, Kings, and Princes, to the immortalizing their Fame, and the Propagation of Christian Devotion—And what of all this, quo Don Quixote, what's your Inference— Why I infer from hence, that it would be our best way, our nearest way, and our safest way to turn Saints. For by that means we shall acquire that Fame and Immortality, which we aspire to at a far cheaper Rate, and with the ten thousandth part of the Trouble. 'Twas but yesterday, or tother day, or I cannot tell when, that two Carmelite Fryers were canonized, and you cannot imagine the Press of People that crowded to kiss the Iron Chains that they wore about their Wasts, instead of Girdles; and with their Hankerchiefs to touch their Reliques, which, I warrant ye, were lookt upon with more Veneration, then Orlando's great Sword that hangs up i'the Kings Armory. So that for ought I fee, 'twou'd be much better to be a Fryer of some begging Order, then one of the most valiant Knight-Errants that ever slew Giant. Two dozen of Lashes bestow'd by a man's own felf upon his own Shoulders, are more pleasing to God, then two thousand Blows lay'd on with Heart and good Will upon Dragons Scales, or the infensible Backs of Hobgoblins. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou fay'ft very well; but we cannot all be Monks \_\_\_\_\_ there are many ways which God makes use of to bring his Elect to Heaven. Knight-Errantry it felf is a religious Order; and there are Knight-Errants in Heaven. St. George, St. Taffey, St. James, St. Andrew, St. Patrick, St. Martin, S. Christopher, with a hundred more that I could name. However, quo Sancho I have heard fay, there are more Fryers in Heaven then Knight-Errants. That may very well be, quo Don Quixote, for where there's one Knight-Errant, there are ten thousand Fryers of all forts.

In fuch Discourses as these, the two Adventurers spent that Night and the next Day, without encountring any Occasion to fignalize their Vertue. at which Don' Quixote was very much difgusted. But at length the next day toward Evening, they discover'd the famous City of Toboso, which our Champion no sooner discoverd, but his Eyes run over with joy; whereas Sancho, on the other side, became very melancholy, and much disturb'd in his mind, because he knew not the House where Dulcinea liv'd, and had never seen the fair Lady in his life, no more then Don Quixote. So that the one was mad till he saw her, and the other ready to befoul himself because he had not seen her. However, Don Quixote, notwithstanding the heat of his Desires, would not make his Entry in the day time, but stay'd till 'twas night, for the more Solemnity of the Busi-

ness.

# CHAP. IX.

Which. When you ha' read, you will fee what is in it.

T was now near the hour of Midnight, when Don Quixote and Sancho descended from a little Hillock, and enter'd Toboso. There was no body stirring i'the Street, but a profound Silence every where, while every body was a bed, and fast asleep, with their Legs stretch'd out at their full Ease. Only the Dogs kept a filthy noise, and with loud Acclamations, after their manner, welcom'd the noble Champion to Town. The Hogs grunted, the Affes bray'd, and the Cats were at their loud Musick upon the Tiles. Which made altogether such a Confusion of Discords, that Sancho trembl'd, and fill'd th' inamour'd Champion's Pate with a thousand inauspicious Conundrums. Yet in the midst of all his Terrors, Sancho, quo he, ride on, the Devils are at Barley-break; however, shew me the way to Dulcinea's Palace, perhaps she may not yet have left off playing at Cards, and so we may chance to speak with her before she retires to her Rest \_\_\_ Body of Phabus, quo Sancho, what Palace do ye mean? The Palace where I faw her, was no more then a Cottage, and one of the meanest in all the Village- I'le lay my life, quo Don Quixote, thou met'st her coming from the VVomens Parlament-house, as they call it and yet I dare fay, hadft thou seen it within, 'twas all over gilded, with Seats of Cedar, and richly perfum'd— VVell, Sir, quo Sancho, suppose I am mistaken. and that Madam Dulcinea's House be a Palace, d'ye think this is a time a night to find the Gates open? And would ye ha' me go and knock at fuch an unseasonable hour as this, to alarm all the Town? VVhy, what! ye are not going to a Bawdy house sure, that you think to be let in at all hours! Come, come, take my Advice, let's to the next Inn, and rap up the Folks that make it their Trade to be disturb'd i' their sleep, and not go to visit Ladies like Bears - First, I say, let's see where the Palace stands, quo Don Quixote, and when we ha' found it, I know what to do-But flay - methinks I have a Glimmer i'my Eye of something large and spacious, 'tis a Structure too, and doubtless must be that same Palace which we hunt for.

Ride on, Sir, then, quo Sancho, tho I'le first see it with my Eyes, and feel it with my ten Fingers, before I cease to be an Infidel in this Particular. Thereupon Don Quixote led the way, and having rode about two hundred Paces, he arriv'd just under the Steeple of the Parish-Church. We are mistaken, Sancho, cry'd he, this is the Church. I see 'tis reply'd Sancho, and I wish to God we have not found our Graves i' the Yard; for 'tis a confounded ill fign, and bodes no good to mistake Churches for Palaces i'the Night; especially when I told ye, that this Lady's House stood in Turnagain-Alley. Dunderhead, accurs'd of Heaven, quo Don Quixote, when didst thou ever see a Royal Palace built in an Alley? Sir, quo Sancho, all Countries have their particular Customs, and perhaps it is the Custom of the Princes of Toboso to build their Palaces in finall narrow Streets \_\_\_\_ And therefore let me alone, I'le try what I can do to find out this Dog-hole of a Palace - it may be, I may meet with it in some Chink or other, unless the Devil ha' swallow'd it-Pox take it, for me, for putting us to all this trouble ----- Speak reve-

Book I.

rently, Sirrah, quo Don Quixote, of my Mistress and her Palace, if thou in-

tend if to live in peace. I beg your Pardon, quo Sancho, tho to fay truth, you'd make a Saint fwear - For how d'ye think I should be able to find our Mistresses's House, that I never saw but once i'my life, when we ride as it were in an Oven for darkness; and you your felf cannot find it that ha' seen it a hundred times.

Guds my Dignity, quo Don Quixote, this Fellow will make me mad by and by; why we Brute, ye Heretick, I never faw the matchless Dulcinea i'my life, never set my foot in her Palace, but only fell in love with her upon the loud Report that flew abroad, of her being one of the most beautiful and lovely Princess's in the World. Oh, now I understand ve. Sir, quo Sancho! and gi'me leave to tell ye, if you never faw her i'your life, y'gude faith, no more did I neither. How can that be, reply'd Don Quixote? Didst thou not tell me thou faw'st her winnowing of Wheat, when thou broughtst me the Answer of the Letter I wrote her? The Curse of my Grannam possess him, for me, that knows Madam Dulcinea, any more then the great Turk. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, there's a time to droll, and a time to be serious—because I say that I never saw the peerless Dulcinea i'my life, which is true; is it for you, Sauce box, to fay, you never faw her, which is a damn'd Lve?

In the midst of these Quandaries and Disappointments, by and by they heard a man and two Horses coming towards 'em, and by the noise of the Plough which the Horses drew along, they guest it might be some body that was going a' field to his Day-labour; and all the way what should the

Fellow fing, but the Ballad of Chiver-Chace.

### With that an Arrow forth he drew, And feather'd it so fetuously-

Sancho, quo D. Quixote, I'le be hang'd, if we meet with any good luck this Night: Dost hear what this Boar sings? What then, quo Sancho? VVhat has Earl Donglass, or Earl Piercy to do with us, or we with them? By this time the Plough boy being come pretty near 'em; Good morrow, Friend, quo Don Quixote, which is the Princes Dulcinea's Palace? Sir, quo the Plough boy, I am but a ftranger i' the Town, where I have ferv'd a good wealthy Farmer, not much above a Fortnight- But look ve, Sir, go to yonder House with the Pale before it, and there lives the Curate and the Clerk, who are the likeliest Persons i'the Parish to tell ye where this Princess lives; tho I don't believe any such Princess lives hereabout, unless she be some person of Quality that may be a Princess indeed in her own House. 'Tis a thousand to one, quo Don Quixote, we shall find the Lady we inquire for, among that fort of Ladies- 'Tis very likely, quo the Boy; and so faying, Tapp, quo he, to his Horses; and without staying for any more Questions, fell a singing his Ballad again to the Musick of his Horses Bells.

Sancho perceiving his Master dissatisfy'd with the Plough-boy's Answer, and very much disorder'd in his Countenance; Sir, said he, you see 'tis broad day, for Heaven's sake let's not sit here to be star'd at, as if we were drying our felves i' the Sun; either betake your felf to some good house, or else to some VVood without the Village, where you may sit and pick Strawberries, while I return and enquire from House to House, and Door

to Door, where this Palace is wherein your Mistress lives. Certainly I must be curs'd i'mv Mother's VVomb, if I don't find it, supposing it to be above Ground. And when I ha' found it, I will go to her Highnels, and tell her that you are here hard by, and then in most humble manner beseech her, that you have the Liberty to pay her a Visit, and that it may be so contrivid as to be done without Prejudice of her Honour.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

By my Dignity, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou hast spoken a thousand Sentences in three words; I approve thy Advice, and therefore let's go i' the first place, and find out a convenient place of Retreat. VVhich done, thou shalt return to find out, see, and deliver thy Embassy to this same Queen of Beauty, from whose Discretion and Courtesie, I ha' reason to hope for Favours more then wonderful. Sancho fate upon Thorns till he had got his Master out of the Town, for fear he should discover the Trick he had put upon him in counterfeiting the Answer which he carry'd him from the Lady Dulcinea, when he was i'the Black Mountain; fo that he led the way, and put on at a more then usual rate, till after about two miles riding. they came to a VVood, where Don Quixote alighted, with a Resolution to stay till Sancho had met with his dear Dulcinea: In which Negotiation feveral Accidents fell out, that require new Attention, and a strong Be-

# CHAP. X.

Containing a Relation how Sancho found out a way to enchant the Lady Dulcinea; with other Passages no less certain then ridiculous.

ON Quixote being thus retir'd into a Chess nut Grove, not far from Toboso, order'd Sancho forthwith to be gone, and not to return till he had spoken to his Lady, and obtain'd leave, that the Knight, her Beauties Captive, might be permitted to kiss her Hands; and a positive Promise to vouchfafe him her Benediction, from whence alone he could hope for prosperous Success in all his Enterprises. All which Sancho chearfully undertook to perform, and oblig'd all his Fidelity to bring him back as good an

Answer as he had brought him before.

Go then, my Son, reply'd Don Quixote, and have a care of being daunted when thou approachest the bright Rays of that Sun of Beauty. Happy, O happy thou, above all the Squires upon Earth, whose fortunate Bliss it is, to behold at once all the Treasures of the Terrestrial Globe, enclosed in one Person; forget not, I intreat thee to engrave in thy Memory the manner of thy Reception, whether she change Colour upon thy delivery of thy Embassy; whether thou observ'st any Commotion or Disturbance in her Countenance, when she hears my Name; whether she feem to sit in her Chair of State, like one that fate upon itching Powder; if she rise up, whether she stand sometimes upon one Leg, and sometimes upon another; whether she repeat three or four times the Answer that she gives thee, letting thee go, and then calling thee back; then she nods thee a Farewel, and then she crys, but stay Friend, and then she repeats her Answer agen, and then she dismisses thee and thou art half way down stairs, and then she calls thee agen; and then lifting her Lilly white Hand to her Head,

fhe scratches a little where it does not itch, and then she repeats her Anfwer agen. In short, observe her Eyes, her Lips, the Tone of her Voice, and every Motion and Gesture of her Body; for by the true and faithful Account which thou giv'st of these things, shall I be able to penetrate the Secrets of her Heart, and to understand whatever it imports me to know, in reference to the happy Success of my Amours. For I must tell thee, Sancho, if thou doft not know it already, that the outward Motions, Gestures, and Actions of Lovers, are the most certain Discoverers i' the World of the inward Passions of the Heart. Go then, Sancho, and enjoy a better Fortune then thy Master; and may kind Heaven grant thee such Success, as may be welcome to a person that fits between the two Stools of Fear and Hope, in this same forlorn Solitude wherein thou leav'st me.

I flie, quo Sancho, and return in a Trice; in the mean time, Sir, set your Thoughts at rest-S'life, Sir! a Knight-Errant with a Heart no bigger then a Filberd! chear up, and fland to your Pan pudding - Faint heart never woo'd fair Maid - Where there's dry'd Meat, there can be no want of Vittles — And then agen; — The Hare lesps out of the Bush, where we least look for her— I speak this, because that if I can't find Madam Dulcinea's Palace to day, I may find it to morrow- And when I ha' found her, I'le bring her to Reason, or I'le make her fly up with Jackson's Hens. For the Passion a' Patience, away then, quo Don Quincte, and mayst thou prove as fuccessful in my business, as thou art in finding out Proverbs

ready pickl'd upon all Occasions.

This faid, Sancho shew'd his Master his back parts, and switching his beloved Grizzle, made all the hafte he could to the Town. In the mean time Don Quixote kept his Saddle, resting himself upon his Stirrups, and leaning his Head against his Lance, top full of pensive and confus d Imaginations. Nor was Sancho lefs tormented in his Brains then his Mafter, not knowing what Course to take to satisfie his extravagant Fancy. No fooner therefore was he got out of the Wood, but turning his As about, and perceiving his Mafter quite out of fight, he alitt; and laying himfelf down at the foot of a Tree, thus began to dialogue with himself.

Brother Sancho, quo he, can you now imagine whither your Worship is going? Is it in fearch of any Afs thou hast lost? No- What is't then thou art drawing dry foot after? Only a Princess --- only a Princess hat furpasses both Sun and Moon for Beauty and Brightness - Well and where dost think to find this only Princess, Sancho? Where! why in the great City of Toboso- And who employs thee? why, the famous Knight, Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Hot-presser of Oppressors, that gives Drink to the hungry, and Meat to those that are a dry. So far thou art right. Sancho; and dost know where she lives? Not I, before George but my Master says she lives somewhere in a great Castle, or else in a Royal Palace - Didst ever see her by any Accident i'thy life? Neither I nor my Mafter neither, fo God help me. But suppose that the People of Tobofo, believing or suspecting that thou camft to inveagle their Princesses, or spirit away their Daughters, should decently noint thy Shoulders with Onl of Faggot fick, till they left thee nere a found Rib to hoop in thy Bowels, doft think they wou'd do well, or no? - Why, truly were I to be Judge in another man's Cause, I might perhaps be a their side. On the other fide, I am apt to think, that when they came to confider I was only a Servant, and that what I did, I did by Command, they would not be so liberal of their Cudgel grease. Never trust to that, my dear Sancho; the People of Mancha are a furly Generation of Men, and will endure no Tricks

Tricks to be put upon 'em. By the Lord Harry, if they fmell thee out once, 'twill behove thee to have Shift of Skin and Bones --- Ware Hawk-ware Hawk- Why shouldst thou go about to search for more feet then the Cat has, to gratifie another? And perhaps when all's done. I may as well find Dulcinea in Tobofo, as Joan Whackum in London. Nono - I renounce thee, Satan, I renounce thee - Tis the Devil has put me upon this Employment, and wou'd fain ha'me pounded like Beef-Steaks. to make me tender for his Supper—but I defie thee, Satan, I defie

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

After these Expostulations, Sancho ponder'd awhile, and then beginning afresh; But yet they say, quo he, there's a Remedy for all things but Death, under whose Yoke we must all submit when our time comes. Therefore, Sancho, never despair, nor go about to throw the Helve after the Hatchet. This Master of mine, by a thousand Signs that I ha' feen, is a Mad-man, fit to be lockt up in Bedlam; and to deal ingeniously with thee. Sancho, I think thou art, within a quarter of a Yard and a Nail, as great a Fool as he, to serve him as thou dost, unless it be for the Proverb's fake. Trim-tram, like Master like man; and another as good, Shew me thy Company, and Ile tell what thou art. Now then my Maffer being mad and fo mad that he mistakes many times black for white, and white for blackas when he took the Windmills for Giants, and the Flocks of Sheep for Armies, 'twill be no difficult matter to make him believe the first Country Girl I can meet with, to be the Princes Dulcinea. If he will not believe me, I'le swear it; if he swear agen, I'le swear faster then he. If he stamp, and stare, and tell me I lye; I'le stamp, and stare, and tell him he lyes; and thus I'le so out-face, and out-stare, and out-swear him, that he shall either have fuch an ill Opinion of me, as never to fend me any more of his first of April Errants; or else believe, and then I'le swear it, that some of those Necromancers that envy his Happiness, have transmogrify'd the glorious and matchless Dulcinea into some Doll Common or other, on purpose to despite him.

Book L.

This Contrivance restor'd Peace to Sancho's troubl'd Thoughts, believing now he should have all desir'd Success in his grand Affair. Thus therefore calm'd and quieted, he stay'd till the Evening, thereby the more to amuse his Master; at what time he descry'd at a distance three Countrey Wenches upon three young ragged Colts, directing their Course to the place where he lay. The Author faies nothing whether they rid fide-ways, or aftraddle; nor does he say, they were drest i'their Holy-day Habit, like Wenches that were coming from Market, which is not material to the Point. But this he faies, That so soon as Sancho discover'd the Girls, away he rode back to his Master in post haste; whom he found i' the same Posture that he left him, breathing out his Amours in Sighs and Lamentations. Ah, my dear friend Sancho, quo he! and is long lookt for come at last? I'the Name of Prophelie, What News? What News? Are we to mark this day with a black or a white Bean? With neither, Sir, quo Sancho, but let it be a red Letter Day, in Characters fairer then This Indenture, and more welcome then St. John's, or St. Michael's to the wanting Landlord. Why then, Sanche, quo Don Quixote, it seems thou bring'st us good News. Good News! quo Sancho, such News never came to an eldest Son of his Father's sudden Death. You ha'no more to do, but to trot gently into the open Fields, and by that time you have rid four Bows shots, you will meet Madam Dulcinea coming to gi'ye a Visit, with two of her Damsels—— Holy Father, quo Don Quixote, What Angel's Voice is this I hear, friend Sancho? Dost

Book I.

334

tell me truth, or dost thou in kindness abuse me, thinking with false Iovs to intoxicate my Sorrows? What shall I get by that, Sir, quo Sancho, to tell you a Lye, and be found out the next Minute? There's neither Pleasure nor Profit i' that, Sir; And therefore don't fit talking there, but ride on away bit, and you'll fee her coming; I mean the Princess your Mistress. array'd and bedeck'd like her nown Telf-She and her two Damfels are all three but so many glittering Ingots of Gold. And then for Diamonds, Rubies, and Pearls, they hang about their Shoulders in Clusters, like red and white Grapes upon a clambring Vine ----- Gud's lid, I wonder how they and their Horses are able to bear'em- their dishevell'd Hair hangs down in Curls to their very Wastes, like so many Sun-beams sporting with the Wind: and more then all this, they are mounted upon three Gambolling Hags, as fleek as the Back of an Eel, and worth their weight in vellow - Gambolling Hags! ye Block-head - quo Don Quixore ambling Nags thou mean'st - S'life! should the Princess hear thee talk so like a Clown, she'd take me for some Cheesemonger rather then a Man of Honour — Well! quo Sancho, Gambling or Ambling Hags, or Nagsthere's no such great difference that I see but let 'em be Hags or Nags. I am a Pagan if I ever beheld such beautiful Creatures as those that ride upon'em, especially Madam Dulcinea, who, by Guds-nigs, would ravish a Mahometan.

Come on then, my dear Sancho, quo Don Quixote, let's away— and for these happy Tidings thou hast brought me, I freely bestow upon thee all the Spoils of the first Adventure we shall meet with; or if that content thee not, then take the three Colts of my three Mares that are now ready to foal, upon the Town Common. I like the Colts, quo Sancho, but for the Spoils, they may cost your Worship dear, and be worth nothing.

And now they were got into the open Plain, at what time they difcover'd the three Countrey Girls within a Stone's throw. Upon which. Don Quixote casting his Eyes towards Toboso, and seeing no other then these three Tatterdemallions upon the Road, strangely dejected in Spirit, quo he to Sancho, Was the Princess come forth of the City, when you left her? How d' ve mean forth of the City, quo Sancho? —— Where be your Eyes? i' the Nape of your Neck? I fee nothing, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, but three tatter'd Scrubs upon three ragged Colts.

Now God deliver me from the Devil, quo Sancho, what a Winter Fog ha' you before your Eyes, that you cannot differn three Nags, as you call em. I protest as white as Snow, from three ragged Dun Colts! Why then, quo Don Quixote, I'le give thee leave to pill off my Beard, if it be fo \_\_\_\_ Body a' Cafarathey are either ragged He-colts or She-colts, or else Ilye, as fure as I am Don Quixote, and thou Sancho Pancha; and I dare swear it, should there be occasion.

I think the man's betattl'd, quo Sancho I fay, make haste \_\_ fnuff your Eves - ride up to the Princess quickly, and e're she come too near us, pray go pay your Homage, like a man of breeding, to the Lady of your Affections. And fo faying, Sancho himself, kicking with both Heels, hastens up to the Wenches before his Master, alights from his Ass, and after he had stopp'd the foremost Colt, holding the Collar in his hands, and falling upon his Knees; Great Princess, quo he, both Queen and Dutchess of Beauty, youchiafe to cast an Eye of Favour upon yonder Knight your Slave and Captive, whom the very fight of your illustrious Presence has petrify'd into a cold and fenfeless piece of Marble, without Pulse or Motion, as being daunted, dismay'd, and dazl'd with the Luster of your Majesty. I am Sancho Pancha,

Pancha, his Squire, and he himself the wand'ring, scaperloitring Knight, Don Quixote de la Mancha, otherwise call'd the Knight of the ill-favour'd Countenance.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

By this time the enamour'd Knight being alighted also from his Horse. had clapp'd himself down upon his Knees by his Squire, like devout Man and Wife in a Tomb i' the Chancel; but perceiving his Goddess to be no other then a fusty Joan Ruggle, a meer blubber cheek'd, swarthy, flat nos'd, greasie Trugmullion, he found himself in such a strange Aversion to Female Adoration, that he could not fo much as open his Lips. On the other side, the Wenches no less aftonish'd to see two men in such different Guises. upon their Knees, and stopping the poor Colts, were in a Peck of Troubles. But at length, the boldest, and the foremost of the three, unwilling so to be pray'd out of her Maiden-head, and not liking the Frolick; Gentlemen, quo she, pray rise and go about your Business, and let us go about ours, for we are in haste; we have Hogs to serve, and Kine to milk, and our Dames expect us at home-

To whom Sancho; Most illustrious Princess, quo he, and Lady in common of Tobofo, how can a Heart so hard and cruel, dwell within so fair a Breast, and not relent to see the Prop and Pillar of Knight-Errantry kneeling at the feet of your most glorious Highness? - Hoy-day! What ha? we got here tro? quo the fecond ----- Thefe Purfe proud Cockneys think they may abuse us Countrey Girls at their pleasure, as if we could not return 'em a Rowland for their Oliver- No, no, y' are i' the wrong Box, y fackins — Here are none for your turn — If ye are so hot, the Town's before ye --

Rise, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, for now I find my cursed ill Fortune persecutes me still with her accustom'd Malice, and has damm'd up all the Paffages that should convey Contentment to my miserable Soul that lingers in this frail Trunk of mortal Flesh. But oh! thou living Sun of human Beauty, Master-piece of Heaven, and only Remedy that can cure this afflicted Heart which adores thee; tho the villainous Enchanter that continually diffurbs my Reft, have now cast Mists and Clouds before my Face, and hides those peerless Beauties from my sight alone, under the foul disguise of rural Desormity; disdain me not however, but look upon me with a glance of Pity and Affection; at least, if not by the same Power transform'd into some ugly Shape, that may render me frightful to thy All charming Eyes Thou feeft, Celestial Princess, both my Submission and my Zeal; and be assur'd my constant Heart will never fail to pay the Homage due to thy divine Beauty, mauger all the Artifices of my

Marry gap, Mr. Smell smock, wi' your Lyricum fancies, quo the Countrey Wench - What's all this for? In short, Sir, you do but waste timewe are all, I think, bespok'n already; for my part I am --- And therefore I beseech ye, ride on, Sir, wi' your Gridiron cheeks-you seem to be very old, and I'm fure y' are very ugly-nor indeed do we understand your high Language. She had no sooner spoken the words, but Sancho let her pass,

over-joy'd that his Stratagem had so well taken.

On the other side, Madam Dulcinea, no less glad to be thus rid of her troublefome Gallant, and fearing pursuit, with a Pin thrust through the end of her Withie-wan, so betickl'd the Colt's Buttocks, that the resty young Jade, unaccustom'd to such kind of smart Instigations, fell a kicking and flinging so outragiously, that the Girts of the Pannel breaking, down came the pretended Princess. Presently Don Quixote ran to help her up, and

Sancho to mend her Furniture; which being done, and all things made fast agen, the amorous Knight went about to have taken his inchanted Mistress in his Arms, with an Intention to have re-seated her upon her sumptuous Side-saddle, as Sancho had sworn it to be: but the fair Lady getting up at the same time, took a run, and laying her hand upon the Crupper of the Colt, at one Jump leap'd cleaverly into her Pannel, where she sate aftride, like the Queen of the Amazons her felf.

By this Air, quo Sancho, our Lady Mistress is as nimble as a Titmous. Let me die, if I don't think her fit to teach the best Horsemen in Morocco to mount their Barbaries. See how she since her young Palfrey run like a Grey hound; her Damsels of Honour too, are as notable Whipsters as she—fore George, they sly like the Wind: For indeed they rid for their lives, not daring to slacken their pace, till they were got out of the Reach of two such Saint-like Wooers, under-

standing neither their Devotion, northeir Courtship.

Don Quixote pursu'd'em as sar as he could with his Eyes, and when they were quite out of fight, Sancho, said he, What dost think of the consounded Malice of these damn'd Enchanters, thus to deprive me, Caitiss as they are, of the greatest Happiness' the World, to have seen the peerless Dulcinea in her natural Shape and Glory? Certainly I was born to be the very Example and Mark of Misfortune it self, against which these Vermin are employ'd to shoot all the Arrows of her Hatred. Nor were these Traytors content to transform the matchless Dulcinea into a deformed Puzzle of a Countrey Wench, but they must take from her that lovely Scent too, which is peculiar to Ladies of her Quality, who always smell of Amber and Arabian Persumes: Insomuch that when I went to embrace her to lift her up again into her Saddle, as thou call'st it (for I cannot beat it out of my head, but that it was no more then a Pannel) such a rank Hogo of Garlick and raw Onions invaded my Nostrils, as had like to ha' taken away my Breath.

Dregs of Mankind, then, cry'd Sancho, in a terrible Passion, Scoundrels of Inchanters, Oh, that I might have the pleasure once to see the whole Rabble of such Imps of Satan threaded together upon one String, and hung up a smoaking like Herrings at Tarmouth! Was it not enough for ye to change those Eyes of my Mistres, brighter then Aurora's, into Acorns? her Golden Tresses into a red Cow's Tail? Was it not enough for ye to alter the whole Frame and Form of her Body, but that you must be medling with her Breath, and alt'ring the steam of her Flesh, which was sweeter then the Morning Exhalations of Roses, by which we should ha' known her to ha' been the Person we sought for, tho under Disguise? And yet for all this, I must consess, the Lady Dulcinea never appear'd to me to be deformed, but rather on the other side, methought I never saw a more lovely Creature i'my life; by the same token she had a Mole upon her right Lip, which gave root to seven or eight hairs of a deep Norway Red, about two singers long, looking like so many strings of Gold Wire.

According to the Doctrine of Moles, quo Don Quixote, the Lady Dulcinea having such a Mole upon her Lip, should have such another upon her Thigh; tho I must tell thee, Sancho, the hairs thou talk'st of, are too big to grow upon Moles. By the life of Pharaoh, quo Sancho, 'tis true as I tell ye—there they were, and they look'd too, as if she had brought 'em along with her into the World; but I must needs say, they are very becoming. That I believe, friend Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; for Nature could not add to Dulcinea's Features any thing but what was the Persection

of her Workmanship: so that those Moles were no Desormities in her, but bright and glittering Stars that augmented the Lustre of her Beauty. But prithee tell me, Sancho, that which appeared to me no other then a Pannel, was it a Pillion, or a Side-saddle? It was a Side-saddle, an't like your Worship, with an inestimable Imbroidery, by this fair Skie, worth half a Kingdom. How the Devil came it to pass, quo Don Quixore, that I could see nothing of all this? Well! I have said it, and must say it as long as I live, I am the most unfortunate among Men. Upon that, the Crackrope of a Squire could hardly sorbear laughing to see how artificially he had gull'd his credulous, and All to be falcinated Master, which he glory'd in till his dying Day, as one of his chiefest Master-pieces.

At length, after several other Discourses of the same nature, they mounted again, and took the Road for Sarragosa, whither they hasten'd to be present at one of the most pompous Festivals that is solemniz'd in that City. But they met with so many Adventures and Rubs by the way, which by reason of their Novelty: their Strangeness, and their Curiosity, must not

be left out.

### CHAP. XI.

Containing the prodigious Adventure of the Charist of the Officers of Death.

DUT tho Don Quixote were got a Horse-back, yet was he so o'rewhelm'd and doz'd with Melancholy to fee himself so despitefully fool'd and baffl'd by these villainous and Caitiff Necromancers; more especially in the late Transfiguration of his high born Princess into a Countrey Wastcoteer. without any possibility, of himself, to dissolve the Inchantment, that his Senses quite forfook him. In which disconsolate Condition he rode in a careless Posture, with folded Arms, and the Reins of his Bridle thrown upon Rolinante's Neck. Who, as he was a Horse of great Understanding, finding himself without any controul, at his full liberty, and tempted by the goodness of the Grass, took his opportunity (as any other ingenious Horse wou'd ha' done ) to graze four mouthfulls, and step two steps forward to the next fair Tuft, as one that thought his Master in no great haste. Which his faithful Squire perceiving, Sir, faid he, 'tis not for Beafts to be sad, but only for rational Men; yet men that suffer their Reason to be overcome by their Sorrows, make Beafts of themselves. Recollect your felf therefore, and ride wi' your Bridle i' your hand, like a Man: Wake, Sir, wake by any means, and shew your self a Knight-Errant \_\_\_\_ S'life Ine're beheld a man so mop'd i'my life--- I'd rather Beelzebub should carry all the Dulcinea's i' the world a' pick-back to Hell, then lose one fingle Knight-Errant, more worth then all the Inchantments and Transmogrifications upon Earth-

Peace, Sancho, peace, reply'd Don Quixote, not a treasonable word more against the inchanted Princess Dulcinea. 'Tis I am the sole occasion of her Missfortune——— Curs'd be those Hell-hounds of Enchanters that envy my Glory, and deprive me of my Felicity. By Cuds-liggers, reply'd Sanchy.

'tis a fad case; nor do I think there is that Heart so hard in mortal Breast. that would not melt to fee how strangely the Lady's alterd---- Well mayst thou say so, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, for thou hast seen her in all her Lustre, when her Beauties dazl'd all the world, and shone without a Cloud; when no Inchantments dimm'd thy Eyes, as they did mine. But alas! 'tis I alone that prove the fatal Consequences of their dangerous and venomous Effects. By the way, Sancho, I must tell thee, thou didst not make a right use of thy Eyes neither, by the Description of this Lady's Beauty, which thou madeft me. For thou told'ft me, if I forget not, she had Eves of Pearl for Eyes like Pearl, are more properly to be ascrib'd to the Fish call'd a Guilthead, then to a Lady. Wherefore I rather believe, that Dulcinea's Eyes are like Turquoifes, or green Emeralds, which are arch'd over with two celestial Rain-bows instead of Eye-browsand therefore keep the Pearls till thou com'dft to her Teeth. For affuredly, Sancho, thou wert mistaken, and took'ft her Teeth for her Eyes. That might be, reply'd Sancho, for I was then as much dazl'd with the fight of her Beauty, as you were troubl'd just now at her Deformity. But it behoves us to leave all things to God, who both foresees and knows whatever is to happen in this fame Vale of Tears, this wicked world, where there is nothing without a mixture of Malice, Imposture and Villainy.

I'the mean time. Sir, there is a thing newly come into my Head, that troub es me more then all the rest, which is this, That when you have vanquish'd a Giant or a Knight, and then command 'em to present themselves at the feet of the Lady Dulcinea, where aduce this poor Knight or Giant shall find her, or how we shall be able to direct 'em? fee the Tom ladles already at their Duties, faunter, faunter, gaping and staring, wi' their hands i' their Pockets, and enquiring through all the Streets of Toboso, for the Lady Dulcinea, who, it may be, has met 'em five or fix times full But, and yet are they still to feek; for they know her no

more then they knew my Father deceas'd.

Perhaps, reply'd Don Quixote, the force of the Inchantment may not extend to Giants and Knights that are vanquish'd ..... But we'll try the

Experiment upon the next that we luckily light upon.

I like your Design very well, Sir, reply'd Sancho, for thereby we shall find out the Truth, whether the Enchanters are in fault, and whether they conceal my Lady's Beauty from you alone, or no \_\_\_\_ for then it is Malice fore thought in them; and its you that fuffers, and not she. So then if our Mistress be well, let us be glad for that, and bear the rest of our Afflictions as well as we can; and we can take no better course then by feeking out new Adventures, which will draw off our Thoughts another away, till Time, the best Physician i the world, shall perfect the

Don Quixote was just about to have return'd him an Answer, when he descry'd upon the Road a kind of a Cart, like a Hay-cart, that carry'd a Company of People in strange and different Habits. He that seem'd to be the Carter, was a most hideous Hobthrush, enough to scare a hundred Knight-Errants. In the next place, as the Cart drew nearer and nearer, he discover a Resemblance of Death with a human Countenance. On the one fide of Death flood an Angel with large expanded Wings of divers Colours; on the other flood an Emperor with a Crown that feem'd to be of Gold. At the feet of Death lay the God of Love, with his Bow and his Arrows, only he was not hood-wink'd. Next to these there appear'd a Knight compleatly arm'd from head to foot, only that instead of a Helmet he wore a Hat with a large Plume of Feathers; nor were these all. there being feveral other persons, which like the rest, were variously dis-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

guis'd.

Book L

So strange a Spectacle as this, surprizing our valiant Champion, put him into a cold Sweat, and his hair stood an end with that force as to lift up his Helmet two inches above his Scull; and as for Sancho, you might ha' fmelt him with the Wind i' your Teeth, above a Furlong and a half. But Don Quixote in a trice returning to himself, discover'd all the marks of Joy imaginable in his Eyes, not doubting but that Fortune offer'd him an Opportunity to perform Miracles in a more then ordinary Adventure. With this inward Incouragement he advances, and like one refolv'd to expose himself to all the Dangers that could threaten Mortality, posting himself before the Cart; Gee-ho-man or Devil, quo he, with a furly menacing Tone, tell me, at thy Peril, who thou art, whither thou art going, and who all these Inhabitants of some other World are, that ride in thy Cart, which feems to be rather Charon's Boat, then a terrestial Tum-

Sir, quo the Devil, very calmly and civilly, we are a Company of poor Comedians that Yesterday, being Corpus Christi day, acted the Tragedy, call'd The Parliament of Death, behind yonder Hill, and now are going to play the same over again this Evening in the Village you see before us; and we go in our Habits to fave the labour of new attiring our felves. That young man represents Death; that other, an Angel; that same Woman, who is the Poet's Concubine, plays the Queen — There is one that personates an Emperor, and there is another plays the Souldier's Part, and I. Sir, am the Devil at your Service, one of the chief Actors i'the Play, for I speak the Prologue; if you have any other Questions to ask me, pray proceed; for as I am the Devil, I understand the whole Plot; and I must tell ye farther, that our Poet is one that makes all the chief Plays for Bartlemew and Southwark Fairs — He has been a little down i' the world hitherto, but he hopes to mend his Fortune at one time or other—

By the faith of a Knight-Errant, cry'd Don Quixote, when I first saw this Tumbrel, I thought some strange Adventure had been offer'd mebut now I find there is no trust in outward Appearances. Drive on, honest Friends, drive on in peace, go act your Play; and if I can do ve any Service, believe me ready to affift ye with all my heart \_\_\_\_ for I ha'been a great Admirer and Reader of Plays and Masks, from my very Cradle.

No fooner were the words out of his Mouth, but the Fool in the Tragedy, having fray'd a little behind, overtook his Fellows: He was clad in a red and yellow Coat, hung about with little Bells, with a Stick in his hand, at the end of which were ty'd three large blown Bladders full of blew Beans. This Fool, coming near Don Quixote, fell a skipping and leaping after his antick fashion, and all the while kept fencing with his Stick, and thumping the Ground with his rattling Bladders, which made fuch a Confusion of sounds, that what with his Bladders, and what with his Bells, that Rosinante, till then the patientest Horsealive, scar'd out of his Wits, took his Curb in his Teeth, and notwithstanding all the Rider's Skill, fell a frisking, curvetting, and running, as if the Devil had fent post for

Sancho fearing fome Mischief would befall the best of Champions, skips from his Patient Grizzle, and runs with all the speed he could to help him; but before he could come near, by many a Bow's shot, Rosinante had made a false step, (for he was troubl'd with Corns ) so that both Horse and Rider had Xx2

done all their tumbling Tricks, and were both come to the Ground before his Approach. On the other fide, the Knave of a Fool perceiving Sancho's As without a Master, leaps into the Pannel, at what time the dull Beast, awaken'd with the Thumps of his Bladders, and the ringing of his Bells, took fuch a female Fright, that away she ran toward the Village, as swift as à Hare in her first Course.

Sancho, with incredible Sorrow beholding his Mafter's Fall, and the Flight of his Ass, was in a great Quandary whither to bend his Succour. But at length, good Nature over ruling, notwithftanding his unexpressible Affeation for his Ass, he determind in favour of his Matter. To whom, after he had help'd him up again, and fix'd him in his Saddle; Sir, faid he, the Devil is run away with my Ass. What Devil, quo Don Quixote? The Devil that was hung with Bells, quo Sancho. Chear up, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, l'le fetch him again, let the Devil lock him up in the darkest and deepest Stable he has in all his lower Regions. Follow me only to the Cart, I'le unharness all their Trumpery-draggers, I warrant thee. Thou shalt have 'em all, Sancho, to recompence thy loss -

Joy be wi'me, quo Sancho, there's no need \_\_\_\_\_ Temper your Choler. I befeech ye, Sir \_\_\_\_ the Devil has abandon'd my As, and the poor Creature is returning back again. I knew the loving Soul would never leave me, if once he could get his Liberty. And true it was what Sancho faid; for the Devil and Grizzle it feems had been shewing their Tumbler's Tricks, in imitation of Don Quixote and Rolinante: And then it was, it feems, that Grizzle getting up first, scudded back to her dear Master, and the Devil

was fain to foot it to the Village.

I care not for that, reply'd Don Quixote, I'm of opinion, 'tis fit to chastize the Insolence of this Devil, tho twere only to make him an Example; and if I can't light upon him, I'le be reveng'd upon the first I meet, tho't be the Emperor himself. I beseech ye, Sir, let it alone— there's nothing to be got by meddling with these strolling Interluders: For tho they are Fellows condemn'd by the Statute-Law, yet they find more Friends then honester People. I knew one of these Stage-tredders sent to Prison for two Murders, and yet he escap'd without paying a Farthing. I tell ye, Sir, all the loofe, idle, extravagant, lawless Part of the world esteem and adore 'em for the Pastime and Sport which they make; and therefore fince we have our Ass again, let 'em go and be hang'd for a Company of Vagabonds as they are.

No- quo Don Quixote, were't for nothing else, 't shall ne're be said, I was afraid of the Devil, tho all Mankind took his part: and with that, he spurr'd after the Cart, which was now got pretty near to the Village, crying out, T' your Prayers, Vagabonds T'your Prayers, Varlets I'le teach fuch Bruits as you are, to be civil to the Beafts that carry the

honourable burden of a Knight-Errant's Squire.

These loud Threats of Don Quixote's assuring the Players of his fell Intentions, presently Death, the Emperor and the Angel leap'd out of the Cart, and joyn'd with the Devil; nay, Cupid himself and the Queen adventur'd to hazzard their Persons in the common Calamity. And thus entrenching themselves altogether, on the other side of the Waggon, well ftor'd with the usual Ammunition that stony High-ways afford in such cases, they resolv'd upon Self-preservation and Defence. Don Quixote, on the other fide, perceiving 'em fo well prepar'd, and fo couragiously determin'd, stopp'd his Career, and fate confidering with himself, how he might attack this formidable Battalion, with least danger to his person;

at what time Sancho having overtak'n him, and perceiving how advantageously the Enemy had posted themselves; Sir, said he, I don't like this Adventure by no means—— and in my Judgment, 'tis a meer madness to undertake it - for what defensive Arms have you to keep off a Showre of Stones and Brick bats, unless you could walk with the great Bell of Lincoln over your head? Have not you had a enough of these Broils to your cost? and will you agen be fingly encountring a whole Army, where an Emperor fights in person, attended by Death himself, and affisted by good and bad Angels? Lastly, consider that the they be all Emperors, Princes, and Angels, yet there is not fo much as one Knight-Errant among'em.

Book I.

Sancho, que Don Quixote, I ne'er found thy Advice worth a Button till now; 'tis very true what thou fay'ft, and I must alter my Resolution; for indeed I ought not to draw my Sword against any one living that has not been dubb'd a Knight-Errant. And therefore, Sancho, 'tisthy business to revenge thy felf upon these Rakeshames of Comedians for the Injury done to thy Grizzle; however, I'le flay to encourage thee, and give thee wholesom Advice. Sir, reply'd Sancho, 'tis not for the Professors of Chriflianity to think of Revenge a true Christian must forgive and forget. And as for my poor Grizzle, who is as peaceable as my felf, I shall be able to accommodate the business well enough with her, and perswade her to reason; for I know her humour so well, that she'll be better contented with one Measure of Oats, then with all the Revenges i' the World. Nay then, good Sancho, discreet Sancho, Christian Sancho, patient Sancho, if that be thy Resolution, let's leave these idle Apparitions, and proceed in fearch of more important Adventures, of which, methinks, we should meet with great Variety in this Countrey. And so faying, he wheel'd off, ridding the Players of a thousand Fears, and putting an end to the most dreadful Adventure of the Chariot of Death, at the same time; thanks to the fage and prudent Counsels of Sancho Pancha, whose Name be eterniz'd in History for fo pious and glorious an Action.

## CHAP. XII.

Containing the strange Adventure that befel the valiant Don Quixote with the gallant Knight of the Wood.

HE next Night, which was the Night that follow'd the fatal Day wherein Don Quixote encounter'd the Chariot of Death, the Knight and the Squire repos'd their weary Limbs; and then it was that Don Quixote, at Sancho's Perswasson, made a short Supper upon such Provision as Sancho's new Wallet afforded. Now while they were feeding, Ah, Sir! quo Sancho, had not I been a fine Fool to ha' chosen for the Reward of my News, the Spoils of your first Victory, instead of your three Colts? Faith, Sir, I shall fay't as long as I live, He that waits upon Fortune, is never sure of a Dinner—— Come, come, A Sparrow in hand, is worth a Bustard upon the wing.

All this is very true, quo Don Quixote, yet hadst thou let me alone, thou hadft had by this for thy share an Emperor's Crown of Gold, and Cupid's painted Wings; for I would ha torn 'em from the Shoulders of his Deity-ship, and thou shouldst ha' worn 'em thy self. And what then, quo Sancho? I hope you are not so simple to think me such a Child to be pleas'd with Gewgaws; or to believe that Emperors in Plays are crown'd with pure Lombard-freet Gold. And what should I ha' got by all their

St. Martin's Trumpery?

Sancho, quo Don Quixote, I don't believe all to be Gold that gliffers : however, I would not have thee think the worse of Comedians or Comedias. which are of great use in a Commonwealth, as being the Looking glasses that represent to our fight the Beauties and Deformities of Vertue and Vice; in them we behold all the Actions of human Life; nor is there any thing that more truly shews us what we are, or what we ought to be. Prithee, Sancho, tell me, Didst ever see a Play where Emperors, Kings, Popes, Knights, and Ladies of all forts and fizes, Clergy and Laity, Gentle and Simple are brought upon the Stage? One acts a Ruffian, another a Cheat, another a Baud, another a Divine, another a Lawyer, another a Souldier, another a Fop, and another a fond Lover—But when the Play's done, and the Actors have chang'd their Habits, they are all as they were agen, hail fellow well met. All this I ha' feen, quo Sancho. Why thus, quo Don Quixote, all men living, i their turns, act their Parts in the same manner upon the grand Stage of the World, till at length comes Death, entring at the last Scene of our Lives, strips us of all our Honours, and Characters of Distinction, and lays us all equal in the Grave Bless me, quo Sancho! what News you tell me! as if I had never feen a Game at Chess, where, as long as the Play lasts, every piece of Wood does its Duty under several Names of Kings, Panns, Rooks, and Knights, and when the Game's over, they are all put higglede-piggledy into the Bag together agen, without any difference, just as you say we are laid up, like the Lumber of the World, in the Bowels of the Earth. I think, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou grow'st wittier and wittier every day then other Oh, Sir! quo Sancho, you may be sure I learn something every moment by keeping you Company, else I should be the very'st Dunce in Nature \_\_\_\_\_ Those Lands must be very barren indeed, that never yield any Crop, when they are well dung'd and manur'd- I mean, Sir, that your Discourses have been the Dung which you have spread upon the barren Soil of my Understanding; and the Time that I ha' spent in your Service, has been the Tillage, which I hope has fo well manur'd me, as to bring forth Fruit worthy the Husbandman's Pains.

Don Quixote was so pleas'd with Sancho's Learning, that he laugh'd to excess beyond his accustom'd Gravity-for he thought him extreamly improv'd—nay, sometimes was so astonish'd at his Notions, his Similes, and his Proverbs, that he thought him half inspir'd, and began to think him fit to govern not only an Island, but all the Turkish Empire; tho many times, tistrue, the Squire would make a Trip, when he foar'd too high above his Capacity, and come tumbling down from the Mountain of Simplicity to the deep Abys of Ignorance, as you may have already found,

if you have observed the Story as ye ought to do.

In these and such like Discourses it was that they spent the most part of the Night, till Sancho was willing to let fall the Port Cullices of his Eye-lids, which was the Phrase he us'd, when he had a mind to go to sleep. Thereupon he unhalter'd his Grizzle, and took off her Pannel, leaving her at her full Liberty to feed and fill her Belly. But as for Rosinante, he only took off his Bridle, for that Don Quixote had expressly forbid him to meddle with his Saddle, where, and whenever it were that they flept in

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE. Book I.

the Field: it being an ancient Custom prudently establish'd, and inviolably observed by all Knight-Errants. And therefore, guard a touch not the Saddle for your Ears. I cannot fay, but that the Squire might flacken the Girths a little to give the Horse more freedom to eat his Vittles; and if it happen'd that Rosinante laid himself down and roll'd in a Cow-turd at any time, it was but only Sancho's bestowing a small Curse upon him, and cleaning the Knights Furniture agen. And now you may be fure, that neither Rosinante, nor Madam Grizzle made any scruple whose Grass it was they eat, but lovingly fell too, and fed like Horfes upon what Nature had foread

before 'em.

And indeed it was a wonderful thing, the Friendship and Kindness that was between Madam Grizzle and Rosinante, insomuch that Tradition informs us, how that the Author of this Hiftory compos'd feveral Chapters upon that Subject, tho he would not infert 'em in his Book, for fear of breaking the Laws of Decorum. Yet fome few touches to shew the unparallel'd Amity between two dumb Creatures, could not escape him; where he writes, That these two matchless Brutes (if they might be call'd Brutes, and not rather rational Animals) took a most fingular delight to scrub and lick one another; and that when they were weary of that Pleasure. Rosinante would lay his long Neck over Grizzle's Crest, and thus they would fland with their Eyes fix'd upon the Ground, in a deep Metaphysical Contemplation for three whole Days and Nights together, unless diffurb'd. or that Hunger compell'd 'em to a Divorce. Some fay the Author did not scruple to compare their Friendship to that of Nysus and Euryalus, or Pylades and Orestes; which if it were so, deserves a universal Admiration, to the shame of men, that so ill observe the Rules of Friendship one among another. Nor must we blame the Author for comparing the Friendship of Beafts with that of Men; for that the Beafts themselves have been men's Instructors and Tutors in many other things of great Importance; while the Stork taught 'em the use of Clysters; Dogs, the benefit of vomiting; Cranes gave 'em an Example of Vigilancy; Ants, of Providence and good Husbandry; Elephants, of Honesty; and Horses of Loyalty. But to return to the Story-

No fooner were thefe two peerless Examples of cordial Affection thus turn'd to Grass, but Sancho, stretch'd out at full length under a spreading Oak, fell fast asleep; while Don Quixote, leaning his careful Head against the stump of another smaller Tree, fetch'd a short Slumber, which perhaps might have continu'd fomewhat longer, had be not been waken'd by a noise behind him, which made him start up of a sudden, like a Hare frighted out of her Form; at what time he faw two men a Horse-back, of which the one, as it were, letting himself down from his Saddle, like a Bundle of Feathers from an Upholdsterer's Garret, cry'd to the other, Alight, Friend, and let us unbridle both our Horses——here's excellent feeding for 'em'; besides that, the Silence and Solitude of the place seems most agreeable to entertain my amorous Thoughts. And having so faid, he laid himself down upon the Grass, yet not so easily, but that his Armour made a rattling, which caus'd Don Quixote presently to think he had met with one of his Brethren.

Upon that, away he goes to his Squire, and having wak'd him with three or four Tuggs by the Elbow, So-ho, Sancho, quo he, whispering him i' the Ear - I spie an Adventure - God send us good luck, quo Sancho; but where's this worshipful Adventure, I would fain know? Look yonder - Dost not see a Knight lying all along upon the Grass? - I'my

Conscience

Conscience he is a Man of Sorrow, for I saw him throw himself upon the Ground with fuch a Negligence, as if he had been regardless of his Bones. whether he broke 'em or no \_\_\_\_ And what of all this, quo Sancho, why must this be an Adventure? I do not say 'tis an Adventure, reply'd Don Quixote, but it may prove an Adventure in time \_\_\_\_ for most Adventures begin thus.

But hark— Sancho— I think I hear Musick too—— 'tis either a Lute or a Tews-Trump—— hold a little— 'tis a Lute— and by his clearing his Throat, we are like to have a Song too \_\_\_\_ I told thee 'twas an Adventure-Upon my life, Sir, you say true, quo Sancho, this must be some enamour'd captivated Knight - Did you fee him pull down his Breeches, Sir? Why fo, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote? Because, quo Sancho, 'tis the Epsom Proverb, That shitten-come-shite's the beginning of Love—— as Love's the beginning of all Adventures— 'Tis very true, quo Don Quixote; for all Knights-Errant are obliged to be in Love——— But hold thy prating a while \_\_\_\_ by the Song we shall understand the Secrets of his Heart - For out of th' Abundance of the Heart the Mouth speaksthere's Proverb for thy Proverb, Sancho: Not a word more—but whist the Song begins ---

The SONG.

Oft lovely fair, but cruel Iris, My heart, my heart for thee on fire is; Oh! how I cou'd, and wou'd, and wou'd and cou'd! But thou, alas! Hast neither Life nor Mettle in thy Blood. Now, my dear Lamb, play not the As-Perhaps ten thousand are not of my mind,

Why then (hou'dst thou to me be so unkind? A fairer Chapman then my felf, More never bid for all thy Beauty's Wealth: Take thy first Chapman, lest the Market fall, And then thou lie Fly-blown upon the Stall.

She will not hear-Which makes me stamp, and stare, Lament, and howl, and tear my hair-Oh! what are Women's Breasts made of, I trow? Some fay of Snow, But I fay no-For Love would enter then, and melt it too. Some Jay of Stone-

Which I disown; For Love would force its passage through.

No, no --- her heart is harder far then Stone, Which makes me sigh, and sob, and grunt, and groan, Quite weary of my life— then quickly Death, Oh, quickly, quickly stop this useless Breath, And rid me of my Pain, my Pain, my Pain-Tet stay- life's sweet- now I think on't again, Rather then fail. Ple live-tho but in hopes I may at length prevail.

The Renowned Don Quixote. Book I.

345

After he had done finging, the poor Knight of the Wood fetch'd fuch a Sigh as wou'd ha' blown up the Roof of a Cathedral; and then with a mournful, doleful Voice; O fairest Fair, said he, altho the most ungrateful among Women, how is it possible, most High-born Rosamond of Tunbolftretia thy heart should be so hard to suffer the Slave of thy Beauty to spend his days, and flower of his Youth, in truanting about the World. wandring like a Gypsie, and raving, like a Tom a' Bedlam, over Hill and Dale, exposed to Rain and Sunshine? In how many Duels upon Putney-Heath, Barn-Elms Walks, and Chelfey-Fields, has my Courage, and the Strength of my Arm been try'd in thy Defence? How many Hectors, Bully-Rocks, and Huffing-Dicks, have I made eat their Swords to the very Hilts for blafpheming thy Chaftity, and villanously swearing no more then this, She paints? How many times have I thrash'd Whipping-Tom, when thou hast quak'd for fear of his Lash? And lastly, how many times have I basted that fame Bravo of Mancha for preferring his Trugmullion before thee? and every time I made him eat his words, and swallow'em down his perjur'd Throat?

He lyes in his Lungs, quo Don Quixote, for I am of Mancha my felf, and I never did eat my words, nor ever will eat my words, to the Prejudice of my peerless Mistress Madam Dulcinea's Beauty; and therefore this Knight must be a Mad man but hold a little we shall hear more of his raving by and by perhaps—— That you may be fure of, quo Sancho, for he talks as if he intended to expostulate a Month together. But contrary to Don Quixote's and Sancho's Opinion, the Knight concluded his Complaints at the same time; for having heard Don Quixote's Voice, and perceiving himself to have been discover'd, he rose up, and cry'd out, Who's there? What are ye? Are ye of the number of the Fortunate, or the Afflicted? Of the Afflicted, cry'd Don Quixote. If so, reply'd the Knight of the Wood, ye may approach, and here behold the same Sadness,

and the same Affliction.

Upon so kind an Invitation Don Quixote advanc'd, at what time the Knight of the Wood taking him by the hand; Sir Knight, quo he, fit down; for I perceive you are fo, having found ye in a place where only Sorrow and Solitude keep Company, the only Stations and Repofes of Knight-Errants. I am a Knight, reply'd Don Quixote, and of the same Profession that you name; and tho my Sorrows, and the Remembrance of my continual Misfortunes usurp the feat of my Mind, and plague my Brains, yet have I a Heart no less sensible of the Calamities of others; and I pity yours the more, having heard the mournful Complaints which you so lately made of that ungrateful Fair One, whose Name you utter'd in the depth of your Grief.

Now you must know, that while the two Knights were thus parlying together, they sate close one by the other, upon the hard Earth, like intimate and loving Friends, and not like mortal Foes that were to Ribroast each other by break of Day \_\_\_\_ In which posture of Peace and Tranquility, quo the Knight of the Wood to Don Quixote, Probably, Sir, Knight you are in love? Unfortunately I am, reply'd Don Quixote; tho the Misfortunes that arise from a well plac'd Affection, ought rather to be taken for the Favours of Heaven, then for any Difasters. This might be true,

reply'd the Knight of the Wood, if the continual Disdains of ungrateful Women did not perplex our Reason, and deprive us of all our Hopes. For my part, quo Don Quixote, I never had the least frown from my Mistress. By Yea, and by Nay, quo Sancho, interrupting him, never i'

After

this World. She's as tame as a Doe with a Bell about her Neck, and as fost as Lamb's Wool. Is that your Squire, quo the Knight of the Wood? The same, reply'd Don Quixote. He's a saucy Fellow, quo the Knight of the Wood: I never heard before of a Squire that durst presume to interrupt his Master when he was speaking himself; shou'd my Squire but dare to open his Lips i'my presence, I'd kick him into the other World. A Cat may look upon a King; quo Sancho, by my faith, I ha' talk'd more then once or twice, and in the presence of but I ha' done: the more ve stir, the more 'twill stink \_\_\_\_ At the same time the other Squire gave Sancho a twitch by the Sleeve, and whispering him i' the Ear, Come, Brother, said he, let us two go where we may talk by our selves, and leave our Masters to tell one another the Stories of their Amours; they have enow, I'le warrant ye, to hold 'em till Morning. With all my heart, quo Sancho, and then I'le tell ye who I am, that you may be able to judge whether I am a person to be shut out of Company for a Wrangler, or no.

### CHAP. XIII.

Containing a Continuation of the Adventure of the Knight of the Wood, and the pleasant Discourse that pass'd between the two Squires.

THUS the Knights and the Squires were divided into Parties, the one recounting their Lives, the other repeating the Stories of their Ladies and Mistresses. And tho it had been proper to have set down the Discourse of the Masters before the Squires, yet the Author thought it not worth his while to insist upon such a Nicety, but tells ye, That the Knight of the Wood's Squire first brake silence; quo he to Sancho, 'tisa laborious and troublesome life we lead that are Squires to Knight-Errants; and we may truly fay, that we eat our Bread by the Sweat of our Brows. And we may as truly fay, quo Sancho, that we eat our Bread by the shivering of our Bodies; for there are no poor Creatures that suffer more Cold then we do; tho if we had our Bellies full, 'twou'd be some Consolation; but sometimes we go whole days together, and never so much as break fast till ten a' clock at Night. unless it be upon the Wind that blows. However, quo the Squire of the Wood, this may be endur'd upon the hopes of a good Reward; for that same Knight-Errant must be curs'd in his Mother's Belly, that at one time or other in his life has not an Island, or a Earldom to bestow upon his Squire.

For my part, quo Sancho, I have already told my Master, that I will be contented with the Government of an Island; and he is a person so noble and so liberal, that he has promis'd me such a Recompence several and several times. I cannot pretend to such great things, reply'd the Squire of the Wood; I should think my self well paid for all my Services with a fat Sine cure, for which I ha' my Master's Promise as well as you. Why then belike, quo Sancho, your Master is a Knight o' the Church Militans, since he is able to procure Benefices for his Squires. As for my Master, he is a Secular Person, tho some of his Friends, who, in my Opinion, had no true kindness for him, would have advis'd him to be an Archbishop;

but he thank'd 'em, he never wou'd, because he had a Design to make himself an Emperor; and let me die, if at that time I were not wickedly astraid he wou'd have enter'd into Orders, not finding my self capable of Ecclesiastical Preferment. For mark ye me, Sir, tho I resemble a Man, yet I should make but an ugly Beast in Ecclesiastical Habit.

Governments of Islands are not so easily manag'd as you think for, reply'd the Squire of the Wood; besides, there are some Islands that won't afford Water to wash your hands; some meer barren Rocks, others only the Habitations of Conies; and the best are Charges which Governours take upon their Shoulders, and sink under the weight. And therefore to deal freely with thee, I think 'twou'd be much better for us that are under this confounded Hardship and Slavery, to return home to our Houses, where we might live more at our Ease, and spend our time much better in Deer-stealing, and robbing of Fish-ponds.— He's a poor Squire indeed, that lives i' the Countrey, and has not a Horse and a Drag-net at his Command—— I ha' ne're a Horse, quo Sancho, but I have an Ass, which I assirm, without boasting, to be worth two of my Master's Rossante; God send me a bad Christmas, and may it be the next, if I would truck with him, tho he would give me a whole Quarter of Oats to boot—Then for your Greyhounds, I'le ne're be without a Brace or two; the Forrest, you know, is hard by us; and what says the Proverb, Stollen Venlon is liveet———

Brother Squire, quo the Squire of the Wood, 't has been my Resolution long fince to abandon the Service of these intoxicated, hair brain'd Knight-Errants, and return home to my Wife and Children, of which I have, thanks be to God, three Oriental Pearls of my own, whose Education it

behoves me to mind.

I ha' but two, quo Sancho, but for their Learning, they are fit to be Secretaries to the Pope himself; especially my Girl, that I breed up to be a Countess, so soon as God pleases, tho my filly Wife be utterly against it. How old is that Damsel you design for a Countels, reply'd the Squire of the Wood? \_\_\_ About fifteen and a half, quo Sancho \_\_\_ Morblew, the's as found as a Roach, as tall as a May-pole, as fresh as an April morning, and as strong as a Wine Porter. By the Pleasure of Generation, quo the Squire of the Wood, these are Perfections to fit her not only for a Countes, but to be fam'd to Posterity for another Robin-hood's Maid-Marrion; the young Whore wou'd make a brisk Wood-Nymph, I'le warrant her-My Daughter's no Whore, reply'd Sancho very mustily, nor her Mother before her, nor shall be, so long as I live i'this World, and can help it: And therefore pray confider what ye fay- and don't let your Tongue run before your Wit --- but talk like a young man that had been bred among Knight-Errants, who are all Manners, and Civility it felf .- Puhquo the Squire of the Wood, I find you ne're travell'd far from the Smoke of your own Chimney-you don't understand the City way of Commendation- 'tisthe Fashion now adays, if you wou'd commend a Blade that has fought bravely, to cry, God take me, if the Son of a Whore did not fight like a Devil; — and of a Woman — God take me, if I ever heard a Jade speak better i' my life — and where Phrases alter, we must talk according to Custom; and you ought to renounce those Children that perform not those Actions for which their Parents were fo commended. Well, well, quo Sancho, if those be your Commendations, I renounce 'em; for by the fame Argument you may call my Wife and Children Whores and Jades, and fay you did it in their Commen-Y y 2

Book I.

dation— Pox o' your Commendations, if those be your Commendations— I had like once to ha' had my Pate broken only for faying, fuch a Lady who had manfully defended a Castle, was a Brave Virago, because the word Virago is sometimes taken in an ill Sence and therefore men must be cautious in their Expressions, and pick and chuse their words. when they talk of honest Women and Virgins --- For my part, I love my Wife and Children and to the end I may but fee'em once more, the Lord deliver me from this mortal Sin of Squire-Erranting, into which I am fallen a fecond time, deluded and bewitch'd by my covetous hopes to find another Bag of Gold as big as that which I found in the midst of the Black Mountain. For this Temptation of the Devil so haunts me, that methinks I fee another Bag at this very moment lying just before my Nose, that I have taken it up, look'd in it, handl'd the bright Angels, have 'em all under my Arm- that I have carry'd 'em home, bought Land, let Leases, and live like a Prince-And this Imagination of mine it is that continues me in my Master's laborious Service, who, as I may fay between our felves, is more a Mad-man indeed then a Knight.

Why this, quo the Squire of the Wood, is just according to the Proverb, Covetousness is the root of all Evil; and since we are come to talk of our Masters, I do not believe there's a greater Fool i'the World then mine. For he is one of those of whom the Proverb says, He that meddles with another Man's business, milks his Cow into a Sieve. For he, to recover a certain Knight that has lost his Wits, is turn'd Coxcomb and Mad-man himself, runs rambling from Post to Pillar; and when all's done, I fear me, 'twill prove but the Lamentation of a bad Market. I'le be whipt if your Master ben't in love, quo Sancho. Yes, yes, we know that, reply'd the Squire of the Wood, he's in love with one Madam Rosamond of Turnbolstretia, a confounded humersome Carryon; I can't tell what to make - she's neither Fish, nor Flesh, nor good red Herring; but that's not the thing that now troubles my Master, he has other Windmils in his Pate, as you will fee in a short time. There is no way so fmooth, quo Sancho, wherein a man may not fometimes meet with fomething to give him a fall; but if it mizzle in some Houses, it rains Milstones in ours. However, if it be a Consolation to have Society in Mifery, let that be our Comfort, that we are both in the same Predicament, thou ferv'st one Fool, and I serve another.

He is a Fool, I must confess, quo the Squire of the Wood—but he is valiant withal, tho more a Knave then either valiant or foolish.

Mine, quo Sancho, is so far from being a Knave, that he has no more Gall then a Pigeon; nor will he hurt a Worm, he's such a Blockhead, that a Child of two years old may make him believe tis Night at Midsummer-Noon, tho the Sun shine never so bright; and this down-right Simplicity of his, is that which makes me love him like the Apple of my Eye, and so loath to leave him, notwithstanding all his Extravagancies. However, dear Brother, quo the Squire of the Wood, when the Blind leads the Blind, they are both in danger of falling into the Dirch: and therefore y' good faith, let us steal home again to our Wives and Children, and iet em run a rambling after Adventures that have a mind to come home by Weeping-Cross.

Here the Squire of the Wood perceiving that Sancho spit often, and very dry; Brother, quo he, the moisture of thy Lungs is very much wasted, but I have a Remedy for thy Distemper; and so saying, he went and setched a large

a large Leather Bottle of Wine, and a huge Piece of a Mutton Pasty, that it look'd like the Corner of a Chappel of Ease, and strangely over joy'd Sancho when he felt the weight of it - Well! quo Sancho, God love ve. and all them that love their Bellies - I fee, Brother, you know what's good for your felf - Oh, Brother! quo the Squire of the Wood, if ye took me for a fresh-Water Squire, ye are deceived; I never travel, but my Wallet is the greater load of the two, and I carry as good Vittles as the General of a Field. Few words to the wife, quo Sancho; and so saying, he fell on without faying Grace, bite and fwallow, bite and fwallow as if he had never eat in a Month before. At length, when his leifure would permit him; Brother, quo he, thou art the most loyal, noble, liberal, round and found Squire that ever I met with, thou deferv'st to ferve the King—— S'life— here fits miserable I that ha' nothing i' my Wallet but a piece of Cheese so hard, that you may shoot it in a Morter-piece through the Gates of a City, a few Onions, and three or four dozen of Filberds — fhame befall my Master's Nigrality, and his curfed Opinion, that dry'd Fruits and Sallads are th' only Dainties fit for Knight-Errants. In good faith, reply'd the Squire of the Wood, I am not for Nebuchadnezzar's Diet; let our Masters observe the strict Rules of their Chivalry; if I stir a Mile, I must ha'my Belly-timber and this Bottle, the faithful Companion of my Travels- the Leather Boteel, Oh, the Leather Boteel—this is my Joy, my Confolation, the Miftress of my Affection. that I kiss above forty times in a quarter of an hour; and so saying, he gave the Bottle to Sancho, who rearing it to his Mouth, with his Eyes fix'd upon the Stars, kept himself in that happy Contemplation, till his Lungs were no longer able to hold out; and having finish'd his Draught, leering upon the Bottle, with his head a' one side, and fetching a deep Sigh, by Guds-niggs, quo he, how this Son of a Whore Bottle has cool'd me! Oho quo the Squire of the Wood, have I caught ye wi' your Son of a whores! where's your Manners now? Guilty, my Lord, quo Sancho, I fee tis no Injury for a man to call his Friend Son of a Whore, when he loves him — And now by the Remembrance of her you love beft, prithee tell me, Is not this your Wine they call Porto, Porto? Thou haft a Vintner's Palate, upon my life, quo the Squire of the Woodnam'd the Wine, and 'tis the best that ever Colborn had in his Cellar. I have an excellent Nose, you see, quo Sancho, let me but smell to a parcel o' Wine, and I'le tell ye, whether it be fine or green, whether 'twill keep, and all the good and bad Qualities of it. Nor is this to be wonder'd atfor I had of my Ancestors, by the Father's side, two of the best Wine-Coopers that ever jumbl'd Wine i'this World. These two were call'd to give their Judgments of a Pipe of Canary; the one Imelt to his Tafter, the other fipp'd no more then a Sparrow drinks at a time, and fourted it out again. The one said, the Wine tasted of Iron; the other, that it had a fmack of old Leather — The Vintner, however, protefted the Wine was near, without mixture — well the thing past on — but when the Wine was drawn out, What d'ye think they found at the bottom of the Cask? but a Key that hung in a fmall Tagg'd-Leather Point. Judge you now whether these men had not exquisite Palates, and whether a perfon descended from such a Family, may not be fit to be Taster General for all the Vintners in London— Well! quo the Squire of the Wood, but what does this Knowledge avail ye in that Rascally Imployment you follow? And therefore let's leave off this strolling Occupation in time, and betake our felves to some more profitable Course of life; Thee, to

thy VVine-tasting, and I to what God directs me— tho I must tell thee, the Vintners of London, who are the Vintners of the World, are grown so proud and self-conceited, to the shame of all Wine bibbers be it spoken, they think no men i the World can taste Wine like themselves— nay, ye shall have a Drawer, but newly admitted access to the Wine-Vault, that shall out-face a Gentleman's Palate, and tell him he lyes in his Teeth—Therefore when thou meet'st any of those saucy Raicals, as thou art a Squire-Itinerant, be sure to break their Pates, or kick'em down Stairs—

In the midst of these, and such like Discourses, the two Squires having fill'd their Bellies, and their Bones requiring rest, fell sast asleep; where we shall leave 'em——And now let's hear what pass'd between the

Mailers

## CHAP. XIV.

Containing the Continuation of the Adventure of the Knight of the Wood.

Mong other Discourses that pass'd between Don Quixore and the Knight of the Wood, the Story relates how the latter of the two thus proceeded. In short, Sir, quo he, by Destiny and Choice, I became enamour'd of the peerless Rosamond of Turnbolstretia. I call her Peerless, because there was never any Female in this World that ever equall'd her in Beauty and Merit; but on the other side, if I may presume to say it, never any Woman upon the sace of the Earth surpass'd her in Ingratitude— Whatever I could do, all the Offers and Protestations I could make her, could never bring her to take the least notice of my Affection. She saw me willing to do any thing to gain her good Will, and put me upon more desperate Designs then Hercules himself was renowned for, still feeding me with Hopes and Promises, and still bassling my Expectations.

Once she fent me to challenge that same Giantess of an Hostels at Lincoln, so tall, that Ascapart himself could not kiss her, unless he stood upon a Joynt-stool; and so strong, that she wou'd drive twenty Bailiffs before her at a time. I went, I faw, and overcame and I made her down of her Knees, and drink the Pope's Health, tho she happen'd to be a Heretick. Another time she commanded me to go and remove Stonehenge (which is a prodigious number of vast Stones, every one as big as an ordinary Castle ) from Shaftsbury to Amesbury Plain- I did so, and there they stand to this hour ---- Then she order'd me to go and throw my felf headlong into a Hole in Darby shire, call'd the Devil's Arle, and upon my return to tell her how far the bottom reach'd, which some Vertuoso's in England wou'd give ten thousand Pound to know- I did so, and was above a Month a falling; at length I pitch'd within three Furlongs of the Antartick Pole, and was ten Months more before I could get into Ethiopia, and thence home agen: fo that I may fafely fwear, I fetch'd a Compass about the world much more remarkable then ever Captain Drake did \_\_\_\_ Yet after all this, th' ingrateful Resamond of Turnbolstretia call'd me Coxcomb for my Pains, and bid me go about my bu-

finess.

fines, for she had nothing more to say to me. After this she put me upon challenging all the Hectors, Bully-Rocks, and Huffing-Dicks i' the Kingdom, with a Command not to see her Face, unless I brought Confessions under all their Hands, that she alone was the only Lady that deserv'd the Crown of Beauty, and that I was the most valiant Knight living—— and i' my Conscience, were the Notes to be fild, they would reach up as high—let me see— I would not willingly be taken tripping— as high—as one of the Pyramids in Egypt. But the most noble Victory which I won, was that, when I sought hand to hand with the sam'd Achilles of the times, Don Quixote de la Mancha; 'tis true, I had a pretty tough Bout on't—but for all that I brought him upon his Knees at length, and made him confess that the fair Rosamond of Turnbolstretia was incomparably far more beautiful then Dulcinea del Toboso.

Don Quixote could hardly forbear from shewing his Passion; he had a hunderd ye lyes ready upon the Tip of his Tongue, only he refrain'd out of a particular Design to draw from the Knight's own Mouth a Justification of his words, or an Acknowledgment of his being mistaken. To which purpose, Sir Knight, quo Don Quixote, I am willing to believe that you have vanquish'd all these Knights and Champions you speak of—but as for your vanquishing Don Quixote de la Mancha, I very much question it; perhaps, Sir, it might be some body like him, tho I can't think there are

many in the World that resemble him.

Body a' Casar, quo the Knight of the Wood, d'ye think I don't know Don Quixote de la Mancha?— I tell ye, I fought him— beat him— had him at my mercy— and to let ye see that I know him— He's a tall, scragged, wither-fac'd, leathern jaw'd Fellow— grizzle hair'd, hawknos'd, with long thick black Mustacho's, like a Limehouse-Master of a Ship— and he calls himself by the Name of the Knight of the sad Figure. Lastly, he bestrides the far fam'd Rosenate— his Squire's Name is Sancho Pancha— and he owns for the Mistress of his Astections, one Dulcinea del Tobeso, alias Joan Ruggle of Hockley i the Hole, Spinster—— And if these ben't Tokens enow to justifie what I say, I wear a Sword by my side to punish arrogant Incredulity——

Sir Knight, quo Don Quixote, Fair and foftly, as Lawyers go to Heavennot so hot, I beseech ye - for you must know, that this Don Quixote you talk of, is one of the best Friends I have i' the world, insomuch that I love him as well as I do my felf; and by the Description you ha' made me of him, so certain and so punctual, he should be the person subdu'd and vanquish'd by your Prowess- On the other side, I am so clearly convinc'd by my own Knowledge, that he never was subdu'd or vanquish'd by any person living under the Canopy of Heaven, that I for the Blood of me, can't tell what to make of your Story; unless that some Enchanter (as there are a great many that perfecute his Honour ) should have taken upon him to appear in his Shape, and suffer'd himself to be thrumm'd and lambasted, a' purpose to defraud him of that Renown, which his famous Exploits have acquir'd him over all the habitable World - Which feems the more probable, in regard it is but two days ago that one of those Caitiff Infidels transform'd the fair Dulcinea del Toboso into a foul and despicable Countrey Dowdy; and if this be not fufficient to convince thee of thy mistake, here is Don Quixote himself in person to justifie, either arm'd or unarm'd, afoot or a horse back, that y'are a Son of a whore, a poor Man, and ye lye ---- And fo faying, up he started, lay'd his hand upon the Hilt of his Sword, expecting Wonders to be wrought by the

Knight of the Wood, who calmly and foberly made him this careless Answer—Sir, quo he, a good Pay-master scorns to be in debt—He that could thwack your Jacket, when Devil incarnate, has no reason to fear the Threats of human Imbecility—but in regard that only Russians and Window breakers fight by night, let us expect the morning light, that the Sun may be the Witness of our Valour; on this Condition, that he who is vanquish'd shall be wholly at the Victor's Mercy, to do whatever he shall be commanded, according to the Rules of Chivalry.

I accept the Conditions, quo Don Quixote, and at the same time both the Champions went to look out their Squires, whom they sound snoring together like two Western Barge-men: But they presently waken'd 'em out of their sweet Sleep, and gave 'em order to get their Horses ready, and to see that their Tackling was tight and sound, sairly intimating the bloody Combat that was to be between 'em so soon as the Sun should be up to lend 'em his light. Sancho was Thunder strook at the News, for he dreaded the event of such a fatal Encounter, especially after the Stories which the new Squire had told him of the Knight of the Wood's Valour.

Sancho, however, would not discover his Perplexity, but up he rouz'd and went with his Companion to feek for the Horses. By the way, quo the Squire of the Wood, I find our Masters are to fight to morrow-by which I perceive we must not be long Friends; for 'tis the Practice of our Order, according to the French Custom, that when the Principals are engaged, the Seconds, who are the Squires, must not be idle, but ought to try their Skill and their Mettle at the same time. This may be a Custom, quo Sancho among Desperado's and Duellers, but among Squires-Itinerant I know no fuch Practice- neither did I ever hear my Mafter speak of any fuch thing, who has all the Statutes of Knight-Errantry by heart. Befides, if there be any fuch Statute, then there must be a Penalty; and I had rather pay the Penalty, which cannot be abovet wo Groats, then forfeit my whole Estate in Lint and Plaisters-for methinks I see my felf cleft into two equal halves, like a slit Deal, already; and what the closing me together again will cost, Heaven and the Surgeon only knows. And then, my dear Brother, there's one thing more— I ha' ne're a Sword, nor never wore one i'my life that I remember-

Why then we'll take another method, quo the Squire of the Wood;-I ha' got two Oaken Plants just of the same length and bigness to a hair's breadth, you shall measure 'em your self and take your own choice; for we must not stand still with our hands in our Pockets----- What will that fignifie, quo Sancho? --- nothing but the dusting of our Dubletsand for my part, I had mine fcour'd at the Cloath-workers but just before I came forth --- How d'ye mean, quo the Squire of the Wood; I intend to screw on at the end of each Cudgel, a couple a' Clock-weights of Lead, made purposely for the Sport -- for there are more Instruments of Death then one Body o' my Father, Brother Squire, quo Sancho, if you have a Head of Brass, what's that to me? mine is only a hollow round Bone cover'd over with a thin Skin, and a little Flesh, God knows-In a word, Brother Squire, tho your Cudgels were as limber as Taylors Lists, I am not in a Humour to fight; let our Masters fight if they please, and hear on't i the other World let us drink, till one of us falls first : there I'm for ye- and 'tis the shorter and the safer way- Time will take care, ne're fear it, to dispatch us out of the World, we need not be so

hasty of our felves. We need not be so furious to gather the Plums that will drop o' themselves when they're Ripe. However, quo the Squire of the Wood, there's a necessity for it; we must fight half an Hour - not a Minute, quo Sancho; it shall ne're be said I quarrel'd with a Man that gave me good Wine, and good Vittles - besides, I am angry with no Man living --- how the Devil can a Man fight when he is not angry? Oh! but there's a way to wake your Choler, quo the Squire o' the Wood; with three or four good dusts o'the Chops, and half a dozen kicks o'the Guts before we go to't- Ay, Ay, quo Sancho, and there's a way too to lav your fury so fast asleep, by spatting out those mischievous Brains of yours, with a good Leaver, before we go to't that it shall never wake more unless i'th other World- where you shall hear of me I am no such Milk-sop, that will let every body play with my Nose-Come, Come, take heed of waking a fleeping Lyon - They that look after Wool, many times return without Hair \_\_\_ God has bless'd Peace, and layd his Curse upon War \_\_\_ let us do so too \_\_\_\_ if a Cat too much baited in a narrow Room becomes a Dragon, what may I turn to, too much chaf'd, that am a Man - Well quo the Squire, 'twill be day prefently, and then we shall see what's to be done-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

And now the little Birds began to chirp their Early Salutations to the Dauning Light; and fair Aurora discovering her Eastern Beauties, shook from her Dewy Locks those Showrs of Pearls, that enliven'd and enrich'd the Flowry Meadows. The Fields were fresh and Gay, the Woods were merry; Serenity and Sunshine laugh'd upon the Earth.

Only Sancho was strangely surprized with fear and Affliction; for no fooner Day light began to distinguish Objects, but the first thing that offered it self to Sancho's view, was the Squire of the Woods Nose, which was of that unreasonable length and bigness, that it overshadow'd his whole Body. To tell ye truth, the Author of the History in Arabick, who, good honest plain dealing Soul, was no friend to Hyperboles, modestly aver'd it, to have been about the bigness of one of the Arches of London Bridge, and to fland bending as they do; and besides, that it was Camel back di the middle; there shooted forth also from the sides of it, as it were seven other leffer Noses, so bestudded with Warts, and Carbuncles of all sorts and Colours, blew, green, and rubicund, for number like the Sands of the Sea, that it render'd the Countenance of the Squire most hideous, and inhuman. And this Monstrous Apparition it was, that put poor Sancho into such a Pannick dread, that he made vows in his Heart to all the Saints in the uppermost Region for his deliverance: and so disturb'd the natural Operations of his Body, that he fell a vomiting and fcummering as if he had swallow'd a whole Pothecary's Shop; so that he resolv'd to endure five hundred Kicks o' the Paunch, rather then his Choler should waken to combat fuch a dreadful Hobgoblin.

In the mean time Don Quixote fix'd his Eyes upon his Adversary, but could not see his Face; in regard he had already put on his Helmet and pull'd down his Bever: however he observ'd him to be strong Limm'd and well Set. Over his Armour he wore a Coat that seem'd to be of Tissue, glittering with little pieces of Looking glasses cut into half Moons, very dazling and mighty Emblematical. About his Helmet wav'd a Plume of yellow, green, and white Feathers, and his Launce, which he had set up against a Tree, was very thick and long, with a Steel Head at the end, about a Foot in length, and scowr'd as bright as an Andiron. Don Quixote observing all this, judg'd him to be a Man of great strength; but was so

far from being difmay'd, like his Squire Sancho, that advancing towards the Knight with a lively and undaunted Countenance, Sir Knight of the Looking glaffes, quo he, if your eager defire of Combat have not extinquish'd all your good Nature, lift up your Bever I beseech ye, that I may fee whether the Air of your Face be answerable to the Vigour and Proportion of your Body. You may have time enough to examin that hereafter Sir Knight, quo the Knight of the Looking-glasses; at present I have not leifure to fatisfie such a vain piece of Curiofity; for every minute of delay from Combat, is still so much time robb'd from Rolamonds Beauty and my own Honour. At least you may tell me, quo Don Quixote, while we get a Horseback, whether I be the same Don Quixote or no, whom you pretend to ha' vanquish'd. Why truly Sir, quo the Knight of the Lookingglasses, you are as like him as if y' had been spit out of his Mouth: But in regard you say you are persecuted by Enchanters, I will not swear you are the same. 'Tis very well reply'd Don Quixote; but by the Host of Agypt, if Heaven, my Miltris, and my own Courage fail me not, before a Cat can lick her Ear, I'le fee that difdainful Face of yours, and make ye know I am not that Don Quixote whom you vapour fo briskly to have Hamflring d. At the same time they both mounted, and parted from each other to take ground for their Career - But before Don Quixote had rid twenty Paces, the Knight of the Looking-glasses calling after him, Sir Knight quo he, you remember the Conditions, that the Captive shall be at the mercy of the Victor—- I do, reply'd Don Quixote, provided the Victor impose nothing contrary to the Laws of Chivalry — That's but just, reply'd the Knight of the Looking-glasses.

Thus they parted a fecond time; when Don Quixote cast his Eye by chance upon the Squires huge Toting Nofe; upon which while he was ftaring and gaping with more aftonishment then the Country Folks gape upon the Picture of the Rhinoceros, Sancho, who would not flir from Rosinante's Crupper, as being in Mortal fear of his Companion with the Elephants Snout, took an occasion to whisper his Master i'th' Ear, and desire him to help him up into a Tree, where he might in fafety behold the Combat, which he believ'd would be one of the sharpest that ever were Fought. Sirrah, quo Don Quixote, is this a time to diffurb me wi' your fooleries?— To tell you truth, Sir, quo Sancho, that ugly Nose does so terrifie me, that I dare not trust my self alone upon the Ground with that hideous Monster: I wonder how the Devil the Knight can endure fuch an Apparition in his Company— I wish it may not be the Necromancer himself that protects him I confess reply'd Don Quixote, I never saw such a Stygian spectacle i' my Life, I cannot blame thee for being afraid and fo faying he rode among the Boughs, till Sancho got up behind him and fo fcrambl'd in-

to a Tree, where he fate like a Judge in a Balcony.

Now while Don Quixote was helping his Squire, the Knight of the Looking-glasses setting Spurs to his Horse, began his Career as fast as his Horses heels could carry him, which truly was no more then a gentle Trot; for indeed his Courfer was neither more mettlesom, nor much better in heart then Rosinante just such another Spittle as your Prentices ride out a Town, upon a Sunday Morning. But feeing Don Quixote busie, as I said before, he stop'd i' the middle of his Career, to the great comfort of his Hackney. Which when Don Quixote beheld, he couch'd his Lance, and ferring his Spurs to Rosinantes sides, gave him such sharp Memento Mori's, that the Story fays, he forc'd him into a Gallop. On the other fide the Knight of the Looking-glasses lay, dig, dig, like a Seaman between his Horses Ribs, as if

he would ha' fpurr'd out his Bowels, but the more pains he took, the more stock still the Jade stood. Don Quixote took no notice of this disorder of his Adversary, but presses on furiously, unhorses him, and sends him flounce to the hard Earth with such a damnable squelch, as beat all the Breath out of his Body - infomuch that poor frail Mortality lay without Life or Motion, helpless.

Book I.

Sancho no sooner saw the Knight sallen, but down he comes spinning from his Tree, like a Spider from the Top of a Window, and falls a running to the Spoil, like a Spaniel after a new Shot Wild-duck. But when Don Quixote had unlac'd the Knights Helmet to give him Air; Heaven's! in what an amazement was he, when he saw the Face of the Knight of the Looking-glasses? for at the same time he beheld the very Aspect, Phyfiognomy, Shape and Lineaments of his Acquaintance, young Samfon Carrafco's Countenance. - Sancho - Sancho - quo He, come hither quickly, quickly—look, fee, view, furvey, observe, and consider that Face—and then tell me what thou thinkst of the Malice of Necromancers, and the force of Inchantments? Upon those words, Sancho drewneer, and beholding fuch an exact resemblance of his Friend Samson; Ave Maria quo He, Croffing and Bleffing himself, as if he had met his Grandfathers Ghost --- for Heaven's sake, Sir, make sure work -- run your Sword in at his Throat, and out at his Fundament --- 'tis a thousand Pound to a Nutshell but you may chance to Murder one of those Necromancers that so maliciously haunt your Good fortune. By the Mass, and so I will, quo Don Quixote—and so saying, he was just going to open poor Samson's Teeth; when the Knight of the Looking-glasses Squire came running, and crying out with a loud Voice, Mercy, Mercy, Sir Knight, for Heaven's fake, Mercy---'Tis your Friend and Acquaintance, young Carrasco, the Student of Brazenole—and I am his Squire—fave his Life and take his Goods—Avast quo Sancho, where's your Nose? --- here, quo the Squire, and so faying, he pull'd his Monstrous Vizard from under his Coat. Sancho also at the same time, now rid of all his fears, which had so disturb'd his Eye-sight before, that he could not fee Wood from Trees; Bleffed Virgin, quo he, whose this? Tom Grigge the Thatcher, my old Friend and Neighbour? The very same, quo the Squire—and I'le tell ye at more leisure, the occasion that brought us hither. In the mean time, desire your Master not to embrue his hands in Christian Blood, but to be merciful to the Knight that ly's at his Mercy; for that asuredly, and without any Mental Reservation, he is no other then the poor and unfortunate Student, Sampson Carrasco.

At the same time the luckless Knight of the Looking-glasses, began to breath and come to himself; which Don Quixote observing, set the point of his Sword to his Throat, and with an Imperious tone, Sir Knight, quo he, y' are a dead Man, if you deny to acknowledge, that Dulcinea del Toboso bears away the Bell of Beauty from your Strumpet Madam Rosamond of Turnbolstretia: and unless you promise me, so soon as you shall be cur'd of your Wounds, to go to Tobolo; where you shall prostrate your self at the Feet of the Lady Dulcinea, and surrender your Person to her Disposal, as the Trophy of my Conquest; and if she grant ye your Liberty, as perhaps she may upon your good behaviour, then to find me out by the found of my famous Acheivements, and give me an exact accompt of your Reception, and Difmission, which are Conditions Natural and Essential to

the Order of Knight-Errantry.

concluded

his

I do confess and acknowledge cry'd the unfortunate Knight of the Looking-glasses, that the Heelpiece of Madam Dulcinea's Cobbl'd Shoe is worth all the Kisses of Mrs. Rosamonds Lips. I do also promise to fulfil all your Commands in going to Toboso, and returning from thence. You shall also confess, cry'd Don Zuixotc, that the Knight whom you pretend to have vanquish'd, was not, neither could be the famous D. Quixote de la Mancha; but only some Body in his likeness, as I on the other side do confess and acknowledge, that you are not the Student Samson Carrasco, but some other whom my Enemies the Necromancers have moulded into that shape, to moderate the impetuous violence of my wrath, and to oblige me to Clemency, for feeing the certainty of my Conquest. All this I acknowledge and confess, grant and allow, reply'd the Knight, as you would have it confess'd, acknowledg'd, granted, and allow'd; and whatever else you wou'd have allow'd, granted, acknowledg'd, and confess'd- And now I beseech ye, Sir, help me up, for I feel my felf very much bruis'd by my fall. Thereupon Don Quixote, and Tom Grigge the new Squire, raised the Knight of the Looking-glaffes upon his Legs; Sancho all the while fixing his Eyes upon the new Squire, and asking him a thousand Questions, the answers to which convine'd him fully that Tom Grigge was the real Tom Grigge, and no Delusion : tho the notions of Sorcery and Necromancy, which his Master had fix'd in his noddle, were fo strongly imprinted in his fancy, that he could not believe what he faw with his Eyes, and felt with his hands.

# CHAP. XV.

Giving an account who the Knight of the Looking-glasses, and his Squire with the Toting Nose, were

On Quixote jogg'd merrily along, Triumphing and Glorying in the great Victory he had got over the Knight of the Looking-glasses, whom he would not allow by any means, to be any other then one of the most Valiant Knights under the blew Skie. And besides that, relying as he did upon the solemn Promise the forlorn Knight had made him, and which he could not violate without transgressing the Laws of Chivalry Errant, and rendring himself unworthy the noble Profession; he now expected sudden news of his Princess Dulcinea, and whither she still continued under the Bonds of Inchantment or no. But Don Quixote dream'd one thing, and the Knight of the Looking-glasses thought another: For the Latter was only for curing his broken Ribs; tho not without mischief in his Head, as one that was resolv'd to make his Adversary pay for the Cure at the long Run.

In the mean time the Author of the Story unwilling to leave the least doubt unremov'd that might puzzle the Reader, tells us, how that when the Student Carrasco advis'd Don Quixote to take his third Ramble, it was done after a long Debate with the Curate and the Barber, who unanimously

concluded, that the best way to recover the poor Gentleman out of his Freakish Distemper, was to let him go, and that Sampson meeting him upon the Road, like a Knight-Errant, should take an opportunity to Duel him, and thrash his Doublet, which was thought no difficult thing to do: and that after he had vanquish'd him in fair Combat, the Student should impose Conditions upon the Captive, according to the Laws of Chivalry; of which the chief should be, that Don Quixote should return home, and not shir out of his House in two years without permission; which they knew Don Quixote would inviolably observe, for fear of infringing the Statutes of Chivalry-Errant; in which time they thought he might be wean'd from his extravagant Imaginations, or be otherwise cur'd of his Frenzy.

This Task the Student Carrasco willingly undertook, and Tom Grigge his Friend, and Sancho's Neighbour, at the same time proffer'd to be his Squire. To this purpose Carrasco having equipp'd himself, as you have heard under the Title of Knight of the Looking-glasses, and his Squire having got himself a Vizard with a huge Nose, that he might not be known to Sancho, they follow'd Don Quixote so close, that they overtook him sluss'd with Victory, just after he had accomplished the Adventure of the Chariot of Death, and sound him in the Wood, where this satal Encounter happen'd. Where it luckily sell out, upon Carrasco's Miscarriage, that Don Quixote was so extravagantly obstinate in not believing Carrasco to be Carrasco: for otherwise the poor Student had been degraded for ever, from appearing

more in his Changeable Silk 'i the Readers Desk.

And now Tom Grigge feeing the ill Success of their Journey, and the unfotunate Carrafeo fo rudely rewarded for his good Will --- In good Faith Mr. Student, quo he, the Laborour is worthy of his Hire, and we have had our Wages justly pay'd us: 'Tis an easie thing to undertake, but difficult to accomplish. Don Quixote is a Fool, and we think our selves Wise; yet the Fool's gone away found and laughing in his Sleeve, and we return difgrac'd and sham'd, and well bang'd to boot. The difference is, reply'd the Student, that an obstinate Fool will always be so; but a Fool for his pleasure can retreive himself when he pleases: Nay then reply'd Tom Grigge, I who was fuch a Fool for my pleasure to serve you as your Squire, that I may retreive my felf from my folly, will een return home to my Thatching Trade again - You have your Christian Liberty reply'd the Student, but if ever I return home till I ha' made the Fools Bones rattle in his Skin, I'le gi' ye my Mother for a Maid; and this I resolve, not out of a design to recover his Wits, but out of pure revenge; for the pain of my Bones has made me forget all manner of Charity; were I now whole, and could meet him, I should drub him without Compassion. This was the discourse of the Knight and his Squire, till they came to the next Village, where they met with a Horse Doctor, to whose care Carrasco committed his Ecclesiastical Carcass, at what time his Squire Tom Grigge, quitted his Service, and made hafte home again, with his bundle of bad tydings, and the loss of a Weeks work.

# CHAP. XVI.

What befell Don Quixote with a sober Gentleman of Mancha.

S we faid before Don Quixote Rode merrily along with all the Com-S we laid before Don Quixore Rode merrily along with all the Comfort imaginable in his Soul, as one that had all the World in a String; and thought himself the most accomplish'd and fortunate Knight Errant that ever the Sun beheld, presaging nothing now but a Continuation of future Success, from a Victory so Glorious, and so easily purchas'd. He breathed nothing but Adventures, and those the most dreadful that Humane Force could undertake. He defy'd all Enchantments, and all the Necromancers the Devil could muster together to his prejudice. He had forgot, and pardon'd the Stones that had dash'd out three of his Teeth at a timethe Ingratitude of the Gally flaves, and the Showrs of Baffinado's, which the Carriers had rain'd upon his Ribs.

There was but one thing that remain'd to confummate his Felicity; and that was to dissolve the Enchantment of his adored Daleinea, which done,

he thought himself the happiest Man upon God's Earth.

In the midst of these vain Imaginations, Sancho accosting him, Sir, faid he. I cannot but laugh at my Neighbour Tom Grigge's Policy, in thinking to fright us with his hugeous Nose; I wish I had been but as Wise as St. Dunstan, to ha' caught him by't with a Pair a Tongues : but who can think of present Expedients, when a Man's scar'd almost out of his Wits?---Why, and art thou still so silly to believe that the Knight of the Looking-glass fes was the Student Carrasco, and his Squire Tom Grigge. I know not what to think on't, reply'd Sancho, but this I'm fure of, that no other Tom Grigge could ha' told me those Token's of my Wife and Children, nor ha'given me that description of my own Pigstie, as he did: besides, that when his great Nose was off he had Tom Grigge's Face to a Wrinkle, and the very tone of his Voice; and how the Devil could I be deceiv'd that know him fo well, and fee him every day, when I'm at home? Come on then, Sancho, let's argue the Point a little, quo Don Quixote; prithee what reason canst thou give me that the Student Carrasco should come equipp'd like a Knight-Errant, with Arms offensive, and defensive to fight against me? Am I his Enemy, or did I ever give him any occasion to be mine? does he look upon me as his Rival, or does he make Profession of Chivalry, that might encline him to envy the Fame which I have purchas'd by my Sword? But Sir, reply'd Sancho, what can you or any Man in the World fay to the Resemblance between Carrasco and the Knight of the Looking-glasses, and the Likeness between Tom Grigge my Neighbour, and the Squire? If it were Inchantment, as you say it is, had they no other Shapes to assume? Puhthere's the Cream o' the Juggle, quo Don Quixote, and the cunning Malice of my persecutors, the Necromancers, who foreseeing that I should get the Victory, disguis'd their subornd Hero under the Likeness of my friend Carrasco, to serve as a Mill-damm, to stop the Current of my just Fury, and prevent my ripping up the Guts of him that had so treacherously assail'd my Life. But friend Sancho, can there be greater proofs of the malice and power of these Necromancers, then what we ha? so lately tri'd in the Transmogrification of my Goddels Dulcinea? Hast not thou told me thy self that thou hast seen her in her natural Shape, dazling thy Eyes with all the Charms of Humane and Celestial perfection, when I the Object of their

hatred, was shew'd her under the disguise of a deformed Country Puzzle; Blear ey'd, Blubber-lipt, Hopper-ars'd, and breathing only burnt Feathers and Assarfetida. What greater proof of their malice and their power? and what other Artifice could they have more cunningly invented, to leffen and eclipse the Glory of such an Important Victory, as if the famous Knight that fell by the strength of my Arm, had been no more when he came to be conquer'd, then a pitiful Servitor of a Colledge-whereas had he vanquish'd me, thou shouldst have seen him appearing in another form: But it is my Comfort, that in spight of all their Charms my Courage render'd me Victorious. Well quo Sancho, the Truth of this Mystery will one day come to light: for he was no way fatisfi'd with his Master's Arguments; however he durst not contradict him for fear of discovering the Cheat

The Renowned Don QuixotE.

which himself had put upon him.

While they were thus discoursing together, they were overtak'n by a Gentleman upon a curious Dapple Grey Mare: He was Habited after the Country Fashion, in a Gray Coat, with Gold Buttons, with a short Hanger by his Side, and a Velvet Monteero upon his Head; he had a Pair of Summer Boots upon his Legs, with Spurs richly inlay'd. As he rode by, the Gentleman gave 'em very civilly the Time of the Day, and fetting Spurs to his Mare, began to put on a good round Gallop; at what time Don Quixote calling after him, with your good leave, Sir, quo he, if y are not in haft we should be glad of the favour of your Company, so far as you Travel this Road. Sir, quo the Gentleman, I had not rid fo fast away, but that I fear'd my Mare would provoke your Stone-horse to be unruly. Oh Sir, answer'd Sancho, there's no fear of that i' the World, our Rosinante's th' only Horse in Nature for Chastity and Sobriety. He's not a Horse addicted to Licentious Inclinations, and if he happen'd to fly out once in his life, I am fure he had a severe correction for it, besides what it dearly cost my Master and I. And therefore, Sir, never be afraid, your Mare's as safe as if the were in a Numery: They might live ten years together, your Mare and our Horse, before he would so much as ask her the Question, if she did not Court him first. With that, upon Sancho's word, the Gentleman stopp'd his Mare and rode fostly, ever and anon casting his Eye with admiration and wonder, upon Don Quixote's exorbitant Figure, who then rode without his Helmet, which his Squire carry'd fasten'd to the Pummel

But if the Gentleman survey'd Don Quixote, the Knight had his Eyes no less wishly fix'd upon the Gentleman, who seem'd to be a Person of Quality, by his Aspect and Deportment. He was about fifty years of Age, his Hair somewhat turn'd, with a look no less Modest then Chearful; evident figns of a vertuous disposition: nor was he a Man apt to make the worst construction of what he saw; however he could not choose but think Don Quixote to be a Man of a strange Kidney; nor could he call to mind that he had ever seen a Man so shap'd and garbated before. He gaz'd to see such a slim, wiredrawn, long-backt Gangrel; he admir'd his meager thin Jaws, his Aspect, and with what state he bestrid a poor Jade as lank as a Posthorse; which were all Novelties that his Eyes had not been accustomed

Nor was Don Quixote unsensible of the Gentlemans admiration; and therefore reading in his Eyes the delire he had to be farther fatisfi'd; out of his wonted Curtesie willing to prevent the Gentleman's Interrogations, Sir, said he, I do not wonder to find you surpriz'd at the sight of a Person so different in his Garb and Air from all other Men; but when you shall understand

understand me to be a Knight-Errant, of the Order of those that seek their Fortunes, and hunt after Adventures, your Admiration then will ceafe. I left my native Soil, Mortgag'd and Sold my Land, and renounc'd the pleafures of this Life, to throw my felf into the Arms of Fortune. I have endeavour'd to reftore again the neglected and forgotten Profession of Knight-Errantry; which having begun to do, some while since I have accomplish'd some part of my design, in succouring Widows, protecting young Damsels, defending the Rights of Marry'd Women and Orphans. the proper Office and Duty of Knight-Errants; and I have at length by my Religious and Valiant Atchievements, after infinite Toyls and Hardships, brought it to that pass, that my Renown is spread almost over all the four Quarters of the World. The Story of my Life is already in Print, of which there has been fifteen Editions, and about threescore thousand Books fold. The Stationers that bought the Copy were all happy Men; for 'tis thought there will be thirty Millions more fold, if they don't fall out among themfelves. In short Sir, not to keep ye longer in suspence, my name is Don Quixote de la Mancha, otherwise the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance: and tho it be not a thing fo commendable for a Man to praise himfelf, yet living far from Neighbours, I am forc'd to do it fometimes; when I want a good friend to spare me the trouble. Wonder not then most worthy Sir, to fee this Shield, this Lance, this Squire, and this Horse; nor at the paleness of my Face, nor my exhausted Body, knowing from this time

forward who I am, and the Profession which I maintain.

Here Don Quixote stopp'd, to whom the Gentleman after he had ponder'd awhile, you had a piercing infight into my Thoughts, Sir Knight, faid he, and rightly guest the eager appetite of my Curiosity; but you are fo far from having abated my wonder, that I am rather more furpriz'd then ever I was. For is it possible that there should be at this time any Knights-Errant i' the World, and that there should be a true History of a Living Knight-Errant in Print? In good truth Sir, I should have hardly been induc'd to believe there could be any of these Protectors of Widows, and Defenders of Virgins and Orphans, did not my Eyes afford me an affured Testimony of it in your self. High Heaven be prais'd a thousand times for this same Real History of your Far-fam'd Exployts, which bury in Oblivion all those idle Romances of pretended Knights-Frrant, that have fill'd all Europe with their Fables, and distract the Brains of all that read em. Mr. Gentleman, Mr. Gentleman, reply'd Don Quixote, we must not so over credulously believe the Stories of Knight-Errants to be Fables. Why, quo the Gentleman, is there any Man living that believes the contrary? Yes Sir, quo Don Quixote, my self for one. But let that pass; I hope as we ride along to convince ye of that common Error into which you are plung'd, as being carri'd away with that fame Torrent of Incredulity that overflows the World. These last words of Don Quixote, and his manner of expression, created in the Gentleman a strong suspicion that he had met with a fort of Madman, fo that he observ'd him still more wistly, to fee whether he could find any other fymptoms of Frenzy, that might confirm him in his Sentiments. At what time Don Quixote altering the Subject of his Discourse, desir'd the Gentleman to tell him who he was, since he had been so free to let him understand his Profession and manner of Living. Sir Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, answer'd t'other, I am a Gentleman born in a Village hard by, whither we intend, God willing, to go and Sup together this Night. I have a reasonable Competency. I spend my time contentedly with my Wife and Children, making

little or no noise i'the World: My usual Recreations are Hunting and Fishing; not that I keep either Hawks or Hounds, but only aSetting-Dog to catch a Partridge or two now and then, and a Spaniel to pearch a Pheasant for Variety. I have also a Competent Library, both of History and Divinity: and I can endure to read a Play sometimes, if the Stile and Contrivance be neat and void of Ribaldry; but as for Books of Knight-Errantry I never suffer 'em to enter within my Study Doors. My Neighbours and I keep a friendly Correspondence, and we often Eat and Drink at one anothers Houses. My own Table is serv'd with cleanly Dyet, not superfluous. as being one that hates Excess and Debauchery. I have made it a Law to my felf to live foberly; to relieve the Poor, to Backbite no body, nor prie into the Actions of other Men; as I am in Commission of the Peace, I reconcile those that are at variance, and serve my God according to the Government Establish'd in the Church.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Sancho listen'd to this Relation of the Gentlemans with an attentive Ear. and believing that a Person that led such a Life could not choose but be a Saint, and work Miracles, he threw himfelf from his Grizzle, and catching hold of the Gentlemans Stirrup, with Tears in his Eyes, fell a Kiffing the Gentlemans Foot, as if it had been some Relick of St. Benedict, the

Virgin Mary's second Husband.

Friend, quo the Gentleman, all in wonder, what's thy meaning thus to be so Complemental? Oh, Sir, quo Sancho, let me alone I beseech ye, let me Kiss this Foot of yours; for I have always honour'd the Saints from my Childhood, but in all my Life I never faw a Saint a Horse-back before I faw your Worship. Truly honest Brother, quo the Gentleman, I am no Saint: but if either of us two may be faid to be Saints, it should be thy felf,

by thy humility.

Book I.

Sancho said no more, but having thus pleas'd his humour, return'd to cover his Pack-faddle, not without tickling his Masters's Spleen; who notwithstanding all his Flegm, could not forbear laughing out right at the Simplicity of his Squire. But his mirth being foon over, he went on with his discourse, and ask'd the Gentleman how many Children he had? adding withal, how he had ever observ'd that the Ancient Philosophers plac'd their chief happiness as well in the Advantages of Nature, as those of Fortune; in number of Children and Friends. I have but one only Son, reply'd the Gentleman, and perhaps if I had not him, I should not think my self the less unhappy. Not that he is leudly inclin'd, but only because he is not so good as I could wish him. He is a Lad of about Eighteen years of Age, and has been fix years at the University to perfect himself in his Greek and Latin; of both which he is a competent Master. But when I press'd him to improve himself in the profound Mysteries of true Learning, I found him so addicted to Poetry, that he despises all the other Sciences; fo that I cannot get him fo much as to look upon a Law Book, and but very little to mind Divinity; to either of which I would have had him apply'd his Studies, to fit him for the Service of his Prince: especially living in an Age wherein Wise and Learned Men are so highly esteem'd by His Majefly. He spends whole days in his Criticisms, whether Homer said well or ill, in repeating Ton'd Apomeibomenos fo often? -- whether such an Eprigram in Martial ought not to be expunged for its Obscenity-whether Virgil had he liv'd, could ha' better'd his Eneads— He is a great admirer of Horace, Juvenal and Persius - but as for the Modern Poets, he allows very few to be worth a Straw; among the rest, he has a particular Peek against Du Bartas, and Paradife loft, which he fays has neither Rhime nor Reason. Neverthelefs

Book I.

less he cannot forbear playing the fooll with Love Verses and Acrosticks, which are the idlest Trash in Nature.

Sir, reply'd D. Quixote, Children are the Flesh and Blood of their Parents: and whether good or bad, they ought to love 'em. Particularly they ought to have a care of laying found Foundations of Vertue in their Infancy; not to let'em run about the Streets, and lie fwearing and gaming in every paud Alley i' the City; but to inspire 'em with Christian Principles, as foon as they are able to speak, as being the growing Props from which they expect the Support and Comfort of their old Age. Nevertheless, I would not have Parents put a force upon the Inclinations of their Children, by constraining their Studies more to one Science then another, but to let 'em follow their own Genius's, especially when they have no occasion to study for Bread. For the Poetry be a study not so profitable as delightful, yet is not to be despis'd, nor is it a scame for a Gentleman to be a Poet. Tho I must confess, the name of Poet be now a days contemptible among the Illiterate; I fay Illiterate, tho ne're fo wealthy: for Riches render no Man wife nor learned of themselves. But I must tell ye Sir, Poetry is like the youngest Daughter in a Family, whom all the elder Sifters tend upon. She is the Ornament carefs'd by all her other Sister-Sciences; and adds to their Grace and Beauty when ever she appears among 'em. However Men must have a care how they prostitute her Excellency in Libels and Obscenity. She's Curtifan'd upon the Stage by Licentious Pens, and prophan'd by Popular Adulation, to please the Vulgar, that are utterly ignorant of her real worth and Beauty. But she's a Virgin not to be roughly handl'd, and expos'd in every Market-place and corner of the Street nor to be set to view, unless in losty Tragedies, Heroic Poems, and Comedies truely useful and Facetious. She's not to be meddl'd withal by Jesters, and Pitiful Rhimers, to please the ignorant Rabble. Nor do I here mean by the Vulgar, the Common Rabble only; for who ever is ignorant, be he Prince or Potentate, he is to be lifted in the number of the Vulgar. But who ever shall effeem of Poetry according to those Characters that I have given her, his Name shall be famous in all well-govern'd Common-wealths.

And whereas you fay your Son neglects all Modern Poefie, in my Opinion he does not do so well. For neither did Homer write in Latin, because he was a Grecian; neither did Virgil write in Greek, because he was a Latin: and indeed all your Ancient Poets wrote in their Mother Language, without feeking to conceal their lofty Notions in unknown Tongues. And I could wish that Custom were still observ'd in all Languages; there being no reason that a German Poet should be undervalu'd, because he writes in his own Dialect, or a French, or an English Poet, because they write in Theirs. But your Son, as I suppose, millikes not Modern Poesie, but your Modern Poets, that understand no other Language or Sciences, that may adorn, awaken, and affift their natural Impulse. Altho in this there may be an Errror. For it is the common faying, That a Poet is fo born. That is, that a Poet is born a Poet from his Mothers Womb, and with those natural Inclinations that Heaven has infus'd into him, without the helps of Study or Art, composes those Lines, which verifie that

faying, Est Deus in Nobis, &c.

However a natural Poet that helps himself by Art, shall be much better'd by Study; for that the Art do not surpass Nature, yet it adds to its perfection. And therefore I say, Sir, let your Son follow his own Inclinations; for that being endu'd with a good Genius, as he is, and underflanding as he does both the Greek and Latin, that enclose within themfelves all Arts and Sciences, he will eafily afcend to the Pinacle of Learning, which is no less an Ornament to a Person of his Quality, then it is to those that are oblig'd to profess it. Only Sir, take a care that he make choice of good Subjects, that he write nothing scurrillous; for 'tis the Debauchery of our Poets, that renders their Lines as Debauch'd as their Lives and Conversations; a Poet that lives vertuously will be so in his Verses. Let him not while he decrys Vice, bespatter the Reputation of any Person. Let him in his praises of Vertue give such descriptions of her, that he may be thought to be conversant with her; and then Poetry will be so far from being a dishonour to him, that he will become at the fame time the Glory of his Family, esteem'd by his Prince, and in reputation among all Men.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Here Don Quixote concluding his Discourse, the Centleman was strook with so much Admiration, that he began to think the worse of himself, for the bad Opinion he had conceiv'd of the Knight; fo that he was going about to renew his Discourse, when Don Quixote lifting up his Eyes, beheld a Waggon upon the Road full of Flags and Streamers, bearing the Kings Arms, and believing it to be some new Adventure, call'd out to

Sancho, who was then at a distance, to bring him his Helmet.

# CHAP. XVII.

Wherein is set forth the greatest Mark of Courage that ever Don Quixote shew'd in his Life, and the happy Conclusion of the Advenure of the Lyons.

Ancho was neither for Sermoms nor Homelies, and therefore while his Mafter was preaching, he observing that certain Shepherds were keeping their Flocks hard by, went to fee what Provision they had got, and he had just made a purchase of some Cheescurds, when his Master call'd out fo loud for his Helmet; at what time not knowing what to do with his Merchandise, yet loath to lose it since he had payd for it, he clapt it into his Masters Helmet, which he carry'd at the Bow of his Pack-faddle, and fo came trotting up to his Mafter to know his Pleasure. Sancho, quo he, give me my Helmet, for if I understand Adventures, I descrie one yonder, that is not to be undertaken unless a Man be well Arm'd. The Gentleman hearing what Don Quixote faid, lookt round about him, and feeing nothing but a Waggon fluck about with Flags and Streamers, conjectured it to be a Waggon of Money going to the Kings Treasury, and told Don Quixote his Opinion of the matter. To whom the Knight, who would not fo eafily be convinc'd, but look'd upon all things to be Adventures, Mr. Gentleman quo he, fore-arm'd fore-warn'd, a Man loses nothing by standing upon his Guard; and I am affur'd by woful experience, that I have Enemies both visible and invsible, that continually lie in wait to surprize me; and at the same time snatching the Helmet out of Sancho's Hands, before he could have leifure to empty it, he clapt it upon his bare Crown; at what time the Curds being squeez'd between his Head and the Iron, the Whey came streaming down his Face, and overflow'd his Beard and Chin at fuch a rate, that the poor affrighted Aaa 2

Champion in great disorder cry'd out, What's the matter with me? Sancho, either there's a Well in my Scull, or else my Brains are melted, for I'me all in a Sweat from top to toe. Well, if I do fweat, I'm fure tis not for fear, tho tis an ill omen of a showr of Blood do ensue - Give me a Cloath to wipe me for this fame Sweat almost blinds me. Thereupon Sancho gave him the best Clout he had, not daring to speak a word, but giving a thousand thanks to Heaven that his Master examin'd the Bufiness no farther. However Don Quixote having wip'd his Face and his Beard, and taking off his Helmet to drie his Hair, and fee what it was that felt fo cold upon his Head, when he fpy'd the white Marmalade, and found by the smell what it was; by the Life of Madam Dulcinea, quo he, ye damn'd Traytor of a Guttle gut, had ye no where to put your Curds and Cream but i' my Helmet? To whom Sancho very cunningly, and without the least alteration in his Countenance. If they be Curds, Sir give em me- I'le eat 'em rather then they shall offend ye, or else let the Devil eat 'em himself that put 'em there ; for you cannot believe that I should be such a Beast to foul your Capp-a-maintenance. As sure as you live Sir, I have my Inchanter's too that bear me a Spleen, and fain would a' provok'd ye at this time to ha' fallen fowl upon my Bones. But I ferve a good Mafter, that understands their malice full well; and knows that if the Curds and Cream had fallen to my lot, I should rather ha' put 'em i' my Belly then in his Helmet \_\_\_\_

All this the Gentleman heard with no less attention then Admiration; more especially seeing how solemnly Don Quixote prepar'd himself; for after he had wip'd his Face and his Beard, he clean'd his Helmet, try'd whether his Sword were loose enough in his Scabbord, fix'd himself in his Stirrups, and then shaking his Lance, now quo he, come what will come, I fear not Satan himself, tho guarded with a whole Regiment of Devils.

By this time the Waggon drew neer, with one fingle Person in it, who fate at the farther end, and the Waggoner riding by, upon a forry Scrub. Immediately Don Quixote posted himself before the Waggon, and with a furly fummons, Whither a way my Masters, quo he, what Waggon is this, what's your Loading, and what's the meaning of these Streamers? Sir reply'd the Waggoner, the Waggon is mine, and there are in it two Lyons in two Cages, which the Governour of Oran has fent to the King our Master, and these Streamers are to let you understand to whom they belong. Are they great Lyons? quo Don Quixote; very large Lyons, reply'd the Waggoners companion; so large that I believe, larger have not been seen i' this Country. I am their Keeper added the fellow. I have seen several Lyons, but never any like to these in all my Life. In this first Cage is a Lyon, and in the other a Lyoness; and they are both cruel Hungry, for they have not been fed to day; and therefore pray Sir be pleas'd to ride out of the way and let us go on. Thereupon the Waggoner gave his Horses the word, and began to drive on; at what time Don Quixote smiling, Lyons against me, against me Lyons, quo he! I'le make the Governor that fent these Lyons to know I am not afraid of a Lyon - Come down friend, you i' the Waggon; and if you be the Keeper of the Lyon's, open their Cages, and let 'em come forth; - The World shall be convinc'd in this same very Field, that I am still Don Quixote de la Mancha, mauger the malice of those Inchanters that have fent these Lyons to skare me. Well quo the Gentleman to himself, there needs now no more to satisfie any Rational Man, what this Knight is-the Curds I find have soften'd his Scull, and mellow'd his Brairs - At the same time Sancho approaching

approaching the Gentleman, and ready to befinear himself for fear-For Heaven's fake, Sir, faid he, don't let my Master fight with these Lyons-Upon my life Sir, we shall be all torn a pieces. Why, quo the Gentleman, do'ft think thy Mafter's fuch a Mad man to encounter these Lyons? He's no Mad man, reply'd Sancho, but he's a Person will fight with the Devil. Go, go, quo the Gentleman, I'le undertake for him, and fo riding up to Don Quixote, who was raging to have the Cages open'd; Sir Knight, quo he, Knights-Errant ought to undertake Adventures that are possible. and where there is a probability of Conquest, and not engage against all likely hood of fuccess; for Rashness is but inconsiderate and savage sierceness, rather Madness then real Fortitude. Besides, these Lyons are not fent against you, but as a Present to the King himself, and therefore you do ill to stop these People upon the Road, who are to answer for their forth coming. Mr. Gentleman, quo Don Quixote, very briskly, meddle wi' your Partridges and your Setting-Dogs at home, and leave every Man to his own Profession; I am now about my own Calling, and I am to judg whether these Lyons are sent against me, or no; and so turning himself to the Keeper of the Lyons, perpetual Ragamuffin, quo he, By the Body of St. George, either open the Cages, or i'le nail thee with this Lance to the Wheel of thy Waggon. For the love of God, Sir, cry'd the Waggoner, seeing Don Quixote so resolute, let me take out my Horses, and get far enough out of the way before ye open the Cages; for if they should once set upon the poor Beasts, I must live upon the Alm's of the Parish all the rest of my Life; for as I hope to be sav'd Sir, I ha' no other subsistance but my Waggon and my Horses. Scoundrel of little Faith, reply'd Don Quixote, alight and take out thy Horses, and run where thou wilt, but thou shall find by and by, how little need thou hadst of being fo wary. In short the Waggoner took out his Horses, and began to make haste out of Harms way: and then it was that the Keeper of the Lyons 'cry'd out to the Company, and desir'd 'em to bear witness, that it was against his will, and by constraint that he open'd the Lyons Cages, and protested against the Knight, that he should be answerable as well for all the mischief the Lyons did, as for the Loss, which he sustain'd by the miscarriage of the Kings Present. He also advis'd 'em all to get out of the way before the Cages were open'd; for that as for himself, he knew the Lyons would do him no harm.

Nevertheless the Gentleman made a second attempt to divert Don Quixote from his extravagant design, putting him in mind how he tempted God in exposing himself to such an apparent danger. To all which Don Quixote answer'd him carelessy, that he knew what he did. Consider however what you do, reply'd the Gentleman, for assured you are under a very great mistake. I beseech ye Sir, reply'd Don Quixote, if you think there is so much danger, put Spurs to your Dapple, and make haste

out of the way.

Sancho feeing the Gentleman could not prevail, would needs try a fecond time what he could do, and so coming up to his Master with Tears in his Eyes, besought him to desist from such a perillous Enterprize, to which the Adventures of the Wind mills and the Fulling-mills, were but Holy Thursday skirmishes among the Boys; have a care Sir, quo he, there he no Inchantment in this case—Alack and well a day, Dear Master, I look into the Cages, and through the Cages, and by the Claws that I saw, the Lyon must be bigger then an Elephant, with the Castle and all upon his Back—What a thing is Fear! reply'd Don Quixote, 'twill make these Lyons

Lyons by and by as big as Mountains \_\_\_ go, go, poor Sancho, fave one. fave one-thou loosest time-if I fall in the Attempt, thou knowst our

agreement - repair to Dulcinea - I say no more.

266

To these he added some other Expression's, which cut off all hopes of any accommodation between the Lyons and him. So that the Gentleman perceiving he did but wash a Blackamore white, and finding himself nor in a Capacity to with-hold a Man by force, that he saw so well Arm'd and more furiously resolv'd, he set Spurs to his Mare, Sancho kickt his Grizzh with both Legs, and the Waggoner lasht on his Horses, every one striving to get out of the way as fast as they could, while Don Quixote lay curfing and Iwearing at the Keeper to open the Cages. Poor Sancho at the same time bewayl'd his Masters Death, as one that already fancy'd he saw him fast in the Lyons Paws, and the greedy Beast Banquetting upon his Witless Brains: he curs'd his ill fortune, and the Hour that engag'd him in the Service of such a Mad man: and bemoaning the loss of his Time and his Islands, bad adieu to all the Pomp and Vanity of the World: but for all that he punch'd on his Grizzle, as one that had no mind as yet to be entomb'd in the Paunch of a Lyon, tho he were the King of Beafts.

Now when the Keeper saw that the Company were got far enough out of danger, once more he befought D. Quixote, that he might not be conftrain'd to let forth these Terrible Animals upon him, using all the eloquence he had to perswade him not to expose himself to unnecessary Ruin. But all the anfwer he had was only a disdainful smile and a command to dispatch.

Now while the Keeper took time to open the first Cage, as one that wou'd fain ha' been better employ'd, Don Quixote began to debate with himself whether to fight a foot or a Horse back; and upon mature deliberation, considering that Rosinante might be frighted and miscarry, at the unwonted fight of fuch dreadful Creatures, he leapt from his Saddle, shoulder'd his Target, and with his Sword in his hand, and an undaunted Courage he fix'd himself just besore the Door of the Cage, yet at such a distance that the Lyon might have room enough to take his Career, recommending himself to God at the same time, but invoking more heartily the affistance of his Mistress Dulcinea.

And here it was, that the Author of this History could not forbear bursling forth into a Passion, and in an Extasie of wonder, make the following Exclamation. Oh! most intrepid Champion, Brave and Couragious Don Quixote, the bright Honour of Mancha, the Grand Exemplar of Knight-Errantry! what words and Epithites shall I now coyn to express thy Death defying Courage! What Language shall I borrow from the High flown Melpomene, to convince succeeding Ages of the Truth of such a more then Human Enterprize! Where shall I find out Praises and Elogies, that will not be too mean for thy insuperable Valour? Thou all alone, a foot, with nothing but a Sword, and that none of your try'd Bilbo's, nor trenchant Fox-blades neither, but a poor forry Ammunition Weapon, God wot, and a Shield not able to withstand the Shot of an Elder Gun, defy'ft and dar'ft the Savage force of two vast Lyons, more monstrous and more furious then ever roard within the Lybian Deferts. Then let thy own renown'd Exploits build up the Monument of thy Fame, for Po-Herity to gaze at : Let thy own Valour tell the wondering World what I want words to utter; which makes me break off thus abruptly.-

And now it was, that the Keeper of the Lyons perceiving Don Quixote ready in his Gladiator's Posture, and fearing the Champions farther Indignation, set the Door of the first Cage wide open, where (I tremble to tell

ye) lay a huge, monstrous, grum, spanishrust'd Lyon, to which the Nemean Beast that Hercules kill'd, was a meer Kitten. The fowl Monster seeing the Door of his Prison open, the first thing he did was to rowl and tumble up and down, and wallow in his Straw; i' the next place he stretch'd out his massie Legs, and put forth his Claws of a prodigious length; after that he gap'd and yawn'd and shew'd his hideous Fangs, and when he had purg'd his Head with a dreadful Sneeze or two, with a foot and a half of broad Tongue, he lick'd and wash'd his Face and Eyes. After this pleasant Preludium, he thrust his Head quite out of the Cage. and with his Eyes refembling two live Coles of Fire, look'd round about him from his Chamber Window, to see what Weather it was, enough to have dismai'd all the seven Champion's leagu'd to his Destruction. All which Don Quixote heedfully observed, and stood firm in expectation of his Adversary, impatient to be doing, and affur'd of Victory. But the generous Lyon, far more prudent then the vain glorious Hero, and perhaps contemning his Bravado's, after he had taken a little fresh Air, retir'd into his Cage, turn'd his Tayl to the vapouring Knight, and layd himself fair and foftly down again. Which, when Don Quixote beheld, he commanded the Keeper to provoke him with his Poking stick, and to force him out whether he would or no. Not I upon my Life quo the Keeper, for all the Shoes i' your Shop, for if I raise his Passion, I'me sure to be his first Course. Besides, Sir, you have all the reason i the world to be fatisfi'd: you have put your Valour upon the Tenter-hooks: I defie all the Men i' the World to do so much as you ha' done; you gave your Enemy a fair Challenge; you waited for him; he fail'd: what could you do more, unless you intend to post him for a Coward? Body a truth, Sir,

what wou'd ye have? he's vanquish'd, and you are the Victor.
Shut the Cage honest friend, quo Don Quixote, and give me a Certificate in due form: That is, How thou didst open the Cage for the Lyon to come forth, that I waited for his coming, that I gave him his own time, and that instead of meeting me, he only rose to stretch his Legs, and layd himself down again. I ha' done all that could be requir'd from me, and I am oblig'd to do no more. I fay once more I ha' done my duty, and a fart for all the Necromancers i' the World-I ha' done my duty, and God bless Knight-Errantry- and therefore lock up thy Lyons again, while I go and hollow to these dastardly Sneak-gooses, and fetch 'em back again,

to the end they may hear the Truth from thy own Mouth.

Thereupon the Keeper lockt up his Lyons without being twice bid, and Don Quixote fastning his Handkercher at the end of his Lance, hung out his white Flag, which he kept waving in the Air, as a fignal for the Fugitives to return. At what time Sancho, spying the flourish'd Muckinder-I'le be hang'd quo he, if my Master have not kill'd the Kings Lyons, and now no ground will hold him—Stop Gentlemen, stop—my Master has done his business, he hollow's so chearfully—With that the Waggoner stopp'd, and the Gentleman, who led the Van i' the slight took up his Mare, and all perceiving Don Quixote flourishing his Ensign in the Poflure of a Victor, they turn'd their Horses, and free from all their fears rode back to congratulate the Conquerour.

So foon as they were within easie hearing — Come on honest friend, quo Don Quixote, put thy Horses into the Waggon again, and pursue thy Journey; and Sancho, do thou give him two Pieces for his trouble in staying for my fake. Most willingly, quo Sancho, drawing his Purse-But I pray Sir, quo he, what are become of the Lyons? are they alive or dead? Then the Keeper of the Lyons observing his Cue, gave a true and perfect relation of the whole Action, with all the Advantage that might be on the Champion's side, extolling his Valour, and attributing the Cowardize of the Lyon, to the inward sear which he had of the Champion's Prowess, as knowing himself to ha' been a lost Lyon, had he ventur'd the Encounter.

Now Sancho, quo Don Quixote, what dost think on't? is not my Valour Inchantment proof? Your Necromancers perhaps may rob me of some part of the Victory? but they can never lessen my Courage.

In short the Waggoner being well satisfied for his stay, put in his Horfes and drove on with his Lyons, assuring Don Quixote, that he would spread abroad the same of his Atchievments where er'e he came; and that he would give the King himself an account of what he had so nobly perform'd, so soon as he came to Court. If His Majesty should chance to ask ye, reply'd Don Quixote, who the Person was, and what was his Name, you shall tell him 'twas the Knight of the Lyons; for hence forward I intend to be call'd the Knight of the Lyons, whereas before I call'd my self the Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, according to the Ancient Custom of Knight-Errants in former times, who alter'd their Titles as they pleas'd themselves.

Thus the Waggoner drove on, and the Victorious Knight, the Gentleman and Sancho pursu'd their Journey with great silence. For the Gentleman was so employ'd in making his Observations upon Don Quixote, that he had not time to speak a word, not knowing what Opinion to have of a Person in whom he found at the same time so much Sence and so much Extravagance. For his Words were proper and well deliver'd, his Actions foolish, hair brain'd and unadvis'd. But Don Quixote perceiving him in fuch a Brown study, and conjecturing readily the reason of his Meditations; Sir, said he, I make no question, but you take me for a Hair-brain'd Fellow, or rather for a Madman that has lost his Wits, for by my Actions, 'tis impossible to think otherwise: but give me leave to tell ye, I am no fuch Fool as you take me for- You think it a fine light to fee a goodly Knight with his pamper'd Steed richly caparifon'd, in the view of his Prince attacking a Wild Bull i' the Market-place, and happy that rational Creature of a Knight, that first has the good luck to dig out with his Lance the Bowels of that same poor irrational Beast, that never did him injury. You think it a goodly shew to see a Courtly Champion prancing about a Tilt-yard in fight of his Mistress, and all to run at a senceless Ring, or break a Lance with an Adversary that will do him no wrong. You think fuch Knights as those that can shew their Activity at a Turnament, or caper highest before the Ladie's at a Ball, to be the Ornaments of a Princes Court, while all they do, is nothing but for Sport and Recreation; but gi'me leave to tell ye, a Knight-Errant is much superior to any of these, perpetually in motion through Deserts, Solitudes, over Hills and Dales, o're Mountains and Vallies, and continually expossing himself to danger and hardship. I say, Sir, that Knight-Errant, who succours a Widow oppress'd in a Country Village, by far surmounts in Vertue, a Smellfmock Knight that do's nothing but Banquet and Coach about the Ladies i' the City. All Knights have their particular Employments. Let the Courtier wait upon his Mistresses, fill his Prince's Court with his Costly Liveries; let him allow poor Gentlemen a free access to his Table; let him be Liberal and Magnificent, give Sumptuous Entertainments; in all these things he complyes with his Profession. But the Duty of a Knioht.

Knight-Errant is to traverse the World, to look danger i'the Face where e're he meet's it, to undertake all forts of Adventures, and to attempt Impossibility it felf. He despises Hunger and Thirst, the Rigor of the Weather, the Inconveniences of Climates and Seasons, he laughs at Lvons and Hobgoblins, it being the duty of his Profession upon all occasions to be ready to meet, to dare, to encounter, and overcome to the utmost of his Power; and not to fuffer the least disturbance of the Peace, and Tranquillity of human Kind. And therefore fince it has pleas'd my Deffiny to rank me in the number of these Knight-Errants, it behoves me to perform my Duty, and to behave my felf becoming my Profession. Which was the Reason, Sir, I durst not but attacque these Lyons, tho I knew it to be a piece of Rashness justly to be condemn'd; for I had rather the World should accuse me of Rashness then of Cowardize: and this is my Comfort. let 'em say what they will of me, there's nere a He that wears a Head can fay I'me a flincher from Death it felf, tho perhaps they may call me a Mad man. In good truth, Sir, quo the Gentleman, all that you do, and all that you speak fill's me full of Admiration, as being measur'd out by the Line of Reason; and I am perswaded, that if all the Laws of Chivalry-Errant were absolutely lost, they might be found again in your Breast, which feems to be the fole Chappel, wherein the Records, Charters and Evidences of that Order feem to be layd up. And so, Sir, let us put on. for the day begin's to waste, that we may get home in good time to my House; where I shall be glad to reap the benefit of that time, which you shall be pleas'd to afford me, in taking my poor Habitation for your own. You honour me with your obliging offers reply'd Don Quixote, and so putting on, they arriv'd within two hours at the Gentlemans House.

ВЬЬ

THE



Don Quixot's Encounter with the puppits.

Page 417



Don Quixots Adventure of the Enchanted Bark

page 427.

### THE

# SECOND BOOK

OF THE

HISTORY of the most Ingenious

# Don Quixote

DELA

# MANCHA.

# BOOK II.

# CHAP. XVIII.

What befell Don Quixote at the Knight of the Green Cassocks House, with other extravagant Passages.

o N Quixote being come to the Gentleman's House, which he found to be very large and well Built, with the Ancient Arms of the Family over the Portal, and several Jars i' the Court, like those that were made at Toboso, the sight of which awaken'd in his mind the Remembrance of his Inchanted Dulcinea, he began to setch a deep Sigh; and never minding where he was, nor what Company stood next him, burst forth into a sudden Passion, crying out,

When shall these Eyes of mine behold the Hour, When she releas'd from Vile Inchanter's Power,

But he was interrupted in his Ecstasie, by the arrival of the Gentleman's Son leading his Mother in his Hand, who came to welcom her Husband Home; tho not a little surpriz'd, to see what an extravagant Mortal her Husband had brought along with him. Don Quixote no sooner beheld her, but he threw himself from Rosinante's Back, and with his accustom'd Gravity saluted the Lady. Wise, said the Gentleman, this is Don Quixote de la Mancha, the most Prudent and Valiant Knight-Errant i' the World, and therefore give him a Welcome according to his Merit. Thereupon Bbb 2

Book II.

Madam Christina (for so was the Lady call'd) receiv'd him with a more then ordinary Civility; to which when the Knight had made his due Returns, he faluted the Son, between whom and the Knight there pass'd feveral most learned and unusual Complements; which put the young Student into a high conceit of his Parts. Afterwards Don Quixote being conducted into a fair Hall, Sancho help'd him off with his Armour; which being done, the Knight appear'd in a pair of close Breeches, and a Wastcoat of Shamoy Leather, all befmear'd with the filth of his rufty Armour; a plain Quaker-like Band, unstarch'd, about his Neck: upon his Legs he wore a pair of Leather Spatterlashes over his Stockins, which Heaven knows whether they were Yarn or Worsted; and upon his Feet a pair of Wax'd Shoes that had been often at the Coblers: His Sword hung by his fide in a Belt made of a Sea-wolfs Skin; for 'tis th' Opinion of many that he had been troubl'd with a Gonorrhea for feveral years. But the main of all his Bravery confifted in a long leaguer Drap de berry Cloak. that cover'd all the Rest.

The first thing he did was to wash his Face and his Head, in five or fix Pailfulls of Water, for as to the number of the Pailfulls there is fome dispute; nor can you imagine what a Tincture the Whey still gave to the Water; thanks to that guttling Rascal his Squire, for buying the Curds that so besimear'd the inside of his Masters Helmet, and besides that, had so bematted his Hair, that they were forc'd to make use of a

Main-comb before they could part it.

372

Now while Don Quixote was thus putting himself into Kelter, the Gentleman's Son having leisure enough, Sir, said he, to his Father, Who is this Person that you have pickt up upon the Road? My Mother and my felf have been commenting this hour upon his Afpect, his Drefs, his Name, but most of all upon the Title of Knight-Errant, which you give him. and were we both to be presently martyr'd, we cannot tell what to think of him. Son, quo Don Diego, (for that was the Gentleman's Name) thou hast puzzl'd me with a Question, I know not what answer to give thee. For he is a Man that speaks good Sence, and yet commits the greatest follies i' the World; tho by what I ha' both seen and heard, I believe his Whimfies exceed his Differetion. But do thou difcourse him thy self, and

then tell me thy own Opinion.

With that, Mr. Laurence (for that was also the Son's Name) went out to look for Don Quixote, whom he met returning out of the Yard into the Hall, smug'd up as spruce as an Onion, and as lively as a Norfolk Tumbler; where after the usual formalities were at an end, Sir, quo Don Quixote, I am glad to hear that you are the worthy Son of fo worthy a Father ; he has told me of the Excellency of your parts, but more especially that you are a great Poet. A Poet perhaps I may be, reply'd Lorenzo; but to be a good Poet, I never yet pretended. The truth is, I am a great Admirer of Poetry, and love to read good Authors; but that's all— my Father may fay what he pleases. I like ye (Sir) the better, quo Don Quixote, for your Modesty, for a Poet should not be arrogant, nor have a high Opinion of himself. But pray, Sir, tell me, what Verses are those which your Father tells me you are at this very time so puzzl'd about? For I understand something, and if it be any thing of an exposition that you want, perhaps I may assist ye. But if it be a Lampoon, I have nothing to fay to 't, for I hate that fort of Poetry mortally. Hitherto all's well, quo Lorenzo to himself, lets go on — You seem to me, Sir, reply'd Lorenzo, to have Study'd at the University; pray (Sir) to

which of the Sciences did you apply your felf most seriously? To that of Knight-Errantry, reply d Don Quixote, which is ten thousand times better then all your Poetry. To tell ye truth, Sir, quo Lorenzo, I do not underfland that Science at all, nor indeed did I ever hear talk of it before. 'Tis a Science, quo Don Quixote, that incloses in it felf all the other Sciences i' the World. He that would profess it must be a Lawyer, and understand the Laws of Distributive and Commutative Justice: He ought to be a Divine to give a Reason of his Faith: It behoves him to be a Physician to understand the nature of Simples; for Surgeons do not hang out their Anatomy-signs in Desarts and Mountains: He ought to be a Master in Astrology, to understand the Motions and Influences of the Stars; how else shall he know what a Clock 'tis in a dark night upon Westbury Plain, or in what part of the World he is, and the difference of Climates? If he understands not the Mathematics, how shall he know what belongs to Fortifications, and many other things which are absolutely requilite for his Profession? In a word he must be adorn'd with all the Divine and Moral Vertues. To descend to trifles, he ought to know how to mend a Saddle; shoe a Horse; patch his Breeches; he ought to serve God and his Miftress inviolably; to be chafte in his thoughts, faithful in his promises; he ought to be Liberal, Valiant, indefatigably Laborious. patient in Adversity, charitable to the Poor, and a maintainer of Truth. tho it cost him his Life to defend it. These, Sir, are the Persections that compose a Knight-Errant, and now be you a Judge, whether there be a ny Science that is to be compar'd with Knight-Errantry. If it be so, reply'd Lorenzo, I fay this Science goes beyond 'em all. How d've mean. Sir, if it be so? quo Don Quixote. I mean, Sir, quo Mr. Laurence, that I do not believe there ever were, at least that now a days, there are i'the World any Knights fo divinely accomplish'd as you speak of. Why, look ve now, quo Don Quixote, this is just as the generality of People talk; and 'tis an Opinion to which they are so wedded, that unless Heaven do work some particular Miracle a' purpose to convince 'em, that both formerly there were, and now there are Knight-Errants, a Man may as well baste Flints with Butter, as perswade em out of their ungodly misbelief. I shall not trouble my felf at present, Sir, to convince ye of an Errour that is grown fo Common. All that I can do, is only to beg that favour of Heaven to enlighten our understandings, by letting us see the necessity of Knight-Errants in former Ages; and how advantageous they would be, if it were for nothing else but to scowre the Roads of Great Britain, where a Man cannot ride five mile out of Town, without being robb'd: how many men i'that Country might a good busie Knight-Errant fave from the Gallows? But now it is, that for the Punishment of our fins, the Taverns and Coffee Houses increase, where Men guzzle and idle away their time, and that Effeminacy and Wantonnels triumph over Induftry and Sobriety. Indifferent well hitherto, quo Lorenzo to himfelf, there's no great hurt done yet; and yet so much, quo he to himself agen, that I should be a very dunce indeed to take thee for other then a Witty Fool.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Here they were interrupted by being call'd to Supper; at what time, D. Diego taking his Son afide, ask'd him what he thought of the Knight? I find, Sir, reply'd Lorenzo, that 'tis not in the power of ten Colledges of Phylicians to cure his Diffemper. He is a Mad man past recovery, but yet a pleasant Mad-man, and one that has excellent Lucid Intervals.

Soon after, to Supper they went, fed heartily, and Don Quixote was highly pleas'd with his Entertainment; but he admir'd nothing fo much as the extraordinary filence which he observ'd throughout the whole House, which made him compare it in his own Thoughts to a Monastery

374

of Carthulians. 1 After Cheefe and Fruit comes nothing. So that at length the Cloth being taken away, Grace said, and Hands wash'd, Don Quixote began very earnestly to desire Lorenzo to shew him the Verses, that had occafion'd their Discourse before Dinner. To which Lorenzo reply'd, that he was none of Horace's Mulitioners, that being desir'd to Sing, were as coy of their Voices, as a Whore of her first favours to a Cully; but undefir'd, were as free of their Tunes as a Thrush in a Summer Morning. First therefore, quo he to the Knight, I shew ye my Theme, 'tis a kind of a Riddle 'tis true; but as we whet our Knives upon hard Groundfels, in like manner we University youngsters, make use of Problems and Knotty Enigma's to sharpen our Wits. Hunph-quo Don Quixote, will these Laborious vanitys be never left off, upon which when a young Man has fpent a world of Fancy and fine Words, they are still but the waste of Time and fignifie not a Rush - A friend of mine I remember, and a great Schollar once told me, he would rather put his Son to beat Hemp in Bridewell, wherein there was fome Benefit to the Publick, then to this fort of unprofitable Brain-thrashing. Whims and Gimcracks are but the strainings and rackings of the Fancy to no purpose, while one crucifies his Brains to write an Elegy upon a Butter-flie drown'd in a Ladies Eye; where if there be not some strains above Ela, 'tis not worth a straw; as for example, the filly Butter-flie must be commended for its prudence in choosing it's Cossin— and then the Insect must be made to speak too, and acknowledge the Honour done it by Phillis, to weep at its death; she for whose fake twenty Lovers, Men of reason, dye in a morning not so much as figh'd for. Fair Inhumane, cries another, I cannot Live without seeing thee, nor see thee without Dying. And was not he well employ'd, that upon a Present of Gloves to his Mistress, after long toyling of his Invention, having taken away the G. found Love remaining? Or that other Acute Wit who unfolded this profound Mystery;

# He that Loves Glass without a G, Take away L. and that is He.

But much more cunning was he that fnipt off Hop from Archbifb - because the Archbillop fent him no Drink to his Fish. Of the same fort are your filly Emblems and Devices, that coft Men a great deal of Brain-labour to nothing of valuable Benefit. For example, you would give a Lady to understand that Fire spoils her Complexion, and therefore you would have her hold a Screen in her hand to preserve her Beauty. To this purpose, you introduce Mars who comes to visit Venus in the Winter-time. Wellbut Venus, willing to have a Testimony of her Conversation in the Room, the must have one of the Graces standing by her. Then comes Vulcan in an Angry posture threatning to strike the Lady, which signifies the Fire that endammages her Complexion: at what time Cupid interpoling with his Wings display'd between Vulcan and Venus, does the Office of a Screen. What a world of Poetry would this Invention take up in explanation, and yet when all's done, fit for nothing but to be thrown its felf into Vulcans Fire. I could shew ye several new French Enigma's, study'd a' purpose to puzzle and dizzie the Brains of young Gentlemen, as ridiculous as some of their Fashions, but Ay, but Sir, we poor Country Schollars are not fo Critical, as you that converse with all the Court Wits, and Language refiners of the Age—— Pardon me, Sir, quo Don Quixote, I do not say but that a Person of your extraordinary parts and breeding, may be right in the choice both of your Theme and the Comment upon it; and therefore I am ready to lend ye all the Attention imaginable, not doubting but that your pains will answer my Expectation. With that Lorenzo producd his Theme and his Comment, telling Don Quixote withall, that the Gentleman that sent him the Theme was as proud of his conceit, as if he had sound the Philosophers Stone.

### The THEME.

Book II.

AS is, WAS was, WAS will be, WAS was not; IS is; IS is not WAS; IS goes to Pot, One flyes, One flays; Both flye, Both flay; The toyle Will be, this Paradox to Reconcile.

### The GLOSS.

Nere talk of Reconciliation, Friend. You may as well, with equal labour loft, Unite the Turk and Independ-Ent; For Inconstancy rules all the World: While Men, in Fortunes Blanket toft, From one Extream are to another Hurl'd. A Man to day, a Mouse to morrow ; To day a Lender, next day fored to borrow. Some purchase, others fell; Where such before, now other Races dwell. Fortune a' top of all the Hill, Seems a one side to crane up Men in Haste; But tumble's em, a' t'other, down as fast. Thus WAS and IS, Through Times Abyss, In dayly motion range, without Controwle, As through the Deep the Restless Billows rowles

II.

He WAS a Man, whose word or single Bond,
Vpon th' Exchange wou'd fetch Tenthousand Pound?
He WAS a Man, that had his Prince's Ear,
Whom all Men therefore did respect or fear:
He WAS a Captain, Coll nel, one that rowl'd,
In heaps of All-or'ecoming Gold.
He WAS a Lovely, Modish, Proper Squire,
That set all Lady's Brests on fire;
And with a Veni, vidi, vici,
He storm'd and won all Hearts, tho nere so Icie.
He WAS so eager at the Sport,
That He put in, at every Port;
Nor Lewd, nor Honest scap'd his heat, if Any
Con'd in the Town be got for Love or Money:

He WAS a Spark made all the Tavern's roare. Whom Scriveners Capt, and Vintners did adore: He WAS a Lively Batchelour, free to range, Where e're he minded to look out for change: All This WAS once, and now if WAS were still; WAS was, WAS is, and WAS could nere be ill.

But what fays IS?

### III.

The Merchant IS undone, not worth a Groat; Retir'd within White-Fryer's or the Mint : At Court the Favorite's out of Date, Degraded and dismiss'd in Print. The Scarlet Officer now fee's his Folly. And poor in Pocket, rich in Face, Makes private Ale-debauches in Ram Alley For fear of City-Serjeants Mace. Monsieur Adonis, now grown Old and feeble. Emulsions of another sort desires To cool his burning Bones, and gouty Fires. And He that flew at every Wench His Amorous Heat to quench, IS now inchanted with a vir'ulent Clap. And Money-less, wants cure for his Mishap : The Spark that made the Tavern's roar. The Tavern's cry, IS now grown poor; And well they may; for having spent The Purchase of his Father's Toyl, Vintner and Scrivener now divide the Spoyl. Nav. the nooz'd Batch'lour's at length come to't; Marry'd, Henpeck't, and Cuckol'd too, to boot. Thus WAS was once, now 't IS, and IS Will be; for from such Hell's as These Vestigia nulla retrorsum.

#### IV.

Now bring it to the Female Sex, More ugly most, then made in Wax. If rude deformity fit on her Brow, Whether [mall Pox or Nature made her fo; Or if before fifteen she lost The Jewell Women so much boaft; When none before could have reproach'd her Till fuch a One debauch'd her. Here WAS will still be IS: for once a Whore And always so; You find it by Jane Shore. Then for the Foule, they'l never mend, Tho for a need they sometimes may befriend. When the's a Mifs, To dally with and Kis,

And her Adorer thinks it much Her Glistering Shoos the ground should touch: Then IS is IS. When layd aside, And forc'd to pawn her pride, She falls to Chamber-practice for her Bread, Then WAS prevailes in IS's stead. But Oh! when Twenty comes to be Threefcore; In IS she ends, and WAS will be no more. Thus WAS and IS Through Times Abyls In dayly Motion range without Controwle; As through the Deep the Restles Billows Rowle.

Book II.

Pyramus and Thisbe.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Lorenzo having thus made an end of reading his Theame and his Comment, Don Quixote started briskly up upon his Legs, and squeezing Lorenzo by the Hand; Most generous youth, quo He, transported with admiration, Before George you are the best Poet that ever I met with, and deserve to be Crown'd, not with Lavender Cotton in Cyprus, nor with Neapolitan Roses at Gaietta, as a scurvy Poet said, whom Heav'n forgive; but with Leaves of gilt Laurel, and that by all the Free Grammar Schools in Europe. And may those Judges that deny this honour to your Merit, nere find a Bookseller to Print their Poems; may Phœbus tear out their Gut's to string his Harp, and may neither Melpomene nor Polyhymnie, nor any of the Nine ever give ear to em, let em bawl nere so loud i' their Prologues. At the same time Don Quixote besought Lorenzo, to give him a taste of his more lofty Contemplations, not doubting but that a Genius fo accomplish'd, soard above the ordinary flight of Riddle me, Riddle me. And now to fee the force of Adulation! that subdues both High and Low, Rich and Poor, Young and Old, Learned and Unlearned; for Lorenzo was fo tickl'd, and so pust up with Don Quixote's Flattery, that the Knight might have had his Heart out of his Body, had it been a Copy of Verles: So charming a thing is applause, tho from the Lips of Mad-men and Fools more foppish then themselves. So have we seen an Aspiring Poet, repeating whole Scenes of his high-flown Tragedies in an Ale-house, to next Oares and Scullers, meerly to have himself admir'd by those that underflood him not. Lorenzo therefore not able to refuse Don Quixote any thing,

to sweeten his Mouth, presented him with this following Macaroon, upon

HE fair Virago thunder's down the Wall, That made a Breach to Pyramus's Breast; Wide as the far-fam'd Breadth of Priam's Hall, Where He Dardanian Youth was wont to Feast. Streight through the Breach the Son of Venus posted, To tell how Heroefs for Love of Hero rofted.

Broad was the Breach, and yet the Breach was narrow, Broad as Vespasian's Wall, and yet so streight As hardly to give entrance to a Sparrow; Or had I said a Fly, it had been right.

376

III.

At this same broad, streight, spacious, Leetle hole, Through speaking Tube, the God of Love bespake With a Loud Whisper, the Brave Hero's Soul; And drowsie Love, did sleeping Rage awake: The Hero rowz'd, twixt Love and Wrath provok'd, And in his Anger wish d the Challenge-bearer choak'd.

IV.

Mean while the Valiant Damfel, doubly hot;
With Love and Fury to her Ruin speeds:
Her Rage remembers what Her Love forgot,
And down drops Hero where the Damfel bleeds.
Ye Gods! the Story's done—— and now what more?
What more? no more, but only that the Story's o're.

#### The ELEGY.

Here lyes a Loving Pair,

Kill'd in despaire,

Yet unaware;

How ere they fought with Chevie-Chace good Will,

And fore-thought Malice for to Kill.

One Sword, one Grave, one Garagantuan strain,

Kills,

Covers,

and Restores

'em Both to Life again.

No fooner had Lorenzo made an end, but with his Hands uplifted to the Skies; Blest be the whole Catalogue of Hesiods Gods, quo Don Quixote, that among the whole Croud of Men of Rhapsody, have now brought me to the Quintessence of Rhapture it self.

And now had our noble both Champion and Poet, been highly carefs'd and entertain'd at Don Diego's House, for four days together. At the end of which, calling to mind the old Proverb, Guest's and Fish of three days old grow stale, he thought it high time to take his leave and shift his Pasture. To which end he summon'd up all his Courtship, return'd a Thousand Thanks to Don Diego, ten thousand to his Lady, and sive thousand to his Son; vowing withal, that nothing should have separated him from such good Entertainment and such good Company, but the Regret which he had to lie so long idle. He besought 'em therefore to pardon him, if he harken'd to the Duty of his Profession that call'd him to Action; beside that he had dreamt the night before of strange Adventures, that implored his Presence and Assistance. Don Diego and his Son Lorenzo applauded his Resolution; and so embracing each other they took their Leaves.

# CHAP. XIX.

Of the Adventure of the Amorous Shepherd, and several other things.

Rue it is that Sancho had no mind to change his Quarters; he lik'd good Vittles, good Drink, and a good Bed in a Hospitable Gentlemans House, much better then to lye without Sheets, and to feed with the Beasts of the Field upon Grass and Herbs, in Deserts and Forrests; which made him very loth to remove. However to make the change of his Condition as comfortable as he could, he made such fair weather with the Gentlemans Butler, that he cramb'd his Wallet as long as he could thrust in a bit, resolving not to want as long as that would hold; for he had learnt of the Water-mans Mother, to lay up against a rainy day, where-

ever opportunity offer'd it felf.

And now Don Quixote full of foaring thoughts, and Sancho well Vittled were jogging on fair and foftly, and were got about four or five Miles from the Gentlemans House, when they overtook four Travailers upon the Road, neither well nor badly Mounted. Two of the Men look'd like Schollers, the other two like Husband-men. One of the foremost carry'd a Port-mantle behind him; the other had nothing of luggage but only a Couple of Foils and a pair of Pumps. As for the Husbandmen they had their Wallets full of Provisions, and seem'd to have been at Market. But both Schollers and Farmers fell into the same Admiration as all others did, that ever beheld him, and were impatient to know who this same Iron Gentleman should be, that appear'd in such a Figure and Posture so different from all other Mortal Men. Don Quixote faluted 'em, and perceiving that their Road lay the same way, he offer'd'em his Company; however he desir'd em not to ride too hard for him, in regard his Horse-was not much addicted to fly; and to oblige 'em the more, he discover'd to 'em who he was, his Employment and Profession; that he was a Knight-Errant, one that travers'd the World in search of Adventures, that he was call'd in his own Country Don Quixote de la Mancha, but that lately he had giv'n himself the Title of the Knight of the Lyons. All this was Heathen Greek to the Countrimen, but not to the Schollers, who presently perceiv'd that the Knight had a plaguie hole in the fore part of his Scull. Nevertheless they look'd upon him with no less respect then Wonderment, and perhaps there might be fomething of fear i' the Case; for as he was Elderly, so was there, I must tell ye, both awe and Terrour in his Countenance. However it were, one of the Schollers, observing his distance; Sir Knight, said he, if your business be only to seek Adventures, I suppose you are never out of your way; and therefore if you will be pleas'd to go along with us, we will carry ye to a Wedding, one of the most Sumptuous and Magnificent that have been in these parts for many Years. Is there any Princess to be Marry'd here about, quo Don Quixote? No Princess, reply'd the Scholler, but a Farmers Daughter, a most delicate Buxome Girl as ever you faw, to a young Farmer, the Richest in all the Countrey. The Preparations are extraordinary and altogether unufual, the Wedding being to be kept in a Meadow nere the Village where the Bride Lives, who by reason of her Beauty is call'd all over the Countrey Mandlin the Fair, and he Martin the Brave. He is about two and twenty Ccc 2

years of Age, and she draws toward eighteen. In a word they are well met, only some Fools that have all the Pedigrees i' the World i' their Heads, and will be prating, fay, that Maudlin comes of a better Family then Martin: But that's nothing, wealth will hide small faults. This fame Martin's as free as a Prince, and is resolv'd to spare for no cost. He will cover all the Meadow with one Arbour of Boughs to keep out the tell tale Sun: there shall be all the Fidlers and Minstrels i'the Countrey: and all manner of Pastimes and Recreations, as Dauncing, Jumping, Hotcockles, moulding of Cockle bread, Stool ball and Cudgel Playing; there shall be all the Milk maids, far and nere jogging their Breeches, with their Pails drest up with Garlands and Silver Tankards. There shall be Hall and his Fellows to daunce upon the Ropes, Lancafter and his Gang for juggling Tricks; and the German with his Cards. There will be all the Jack-puddings and Merry-Andrews to be got for Love or Money; and lastly there will be your Bear-Garden Exercises of all forts, wherein you may come in for a share. But that which will surprize ye most, will be the appearance of the poor Disconsolate Nicka-Demus, whom they call Basil. Who the Devil's that Basil? quo Don Quixote. Why Sir, this Basil, quo the Student, is a rich Farmer too, that lives next Door to Maudlin the Fair. They two lov'd one another from Chicken's: But Maudlin's Father not believing him to be rich enough for his Daughter, when he was grown up, and that his Daughter began to be ripe, deny'd the young Lad his wonted access to his House, and to deprive Basil of all his hopes, huddl'd up a Match between Maudlin and Martin, who indeed is the more wealthy of the two; but in all other things no more to compare with Honest Basil, then a Sowgelder with a Lord of a Mannour. For he is by much the handsomer of the Two, and as active as a Norfolk Tumbler: For he will pitch a Bar the length of Cheapside; will kick ye a Camping-ball over Salsbury Spire; he shall out play Loman at Nine-Pins; he will run like a Greyhound in a Paddock Courfe, leap like a Cat, fing like a Lark, fiddle like a Barber, and for a Prize-Player there's no Body dares take him

Had he no other Excellency then only that, reply'd Don Quixote, he's a Husband not only for Maudlin the Fair, but for Queen Guenever her felf, were fhe now alive, in despight of Sir Lancelot or any other that durst oppose him. My Wife for that, cry'd Sancho, who till then had not open'd his Lips, she's for every Body to Marry according to their degree, according to the Proverb, Like Blood, like Good, like Age make the Happiest Marriage; and another of the same Nature, Every Sow to her own Trough; I say my friend Basil (for methinks I begin already to love him) shall marry Madam Maudlin, and so God give em joy: but the Deviltake them that spoyle a

good Match between those that love one another.

If all that fell in love one with another should marry, quo Don Quixote, what would become of the Authority of Parents? If young Girls might have their own wills in the choice of Husbands, we should have rare Breeds y'faith; while one marry'd her Fathers Footman, another his Buttler, a third would run away with the Thrasher i' the Barn, for the sake of something she discover'd through the Tatters of this Breeches: and a fourth that had fludy'd Physiognomy, would bequeath her felf to the next she met i' the Street for the love of his Roman Nose. For when the more terrestrial Part of Love overrules our Reason, we choose like blind Folks or People in the dark. Yet I must tell thee Sancho, there is not any concern of our own that requires us to muster up all our Wits together, so much as

that of Marriage. For a Woman is no fuch fort of ware that a Man may be rid of when he pleases; sick or well she sticks to a Man; be she better be she worse, 'tis all one: Wedlock's a Gordian Knot, which only the Fatal Sisters can clip afunder with their Scissars. I could preach a longer Sermon upon Marriage, Sancho, added Don Quixote, but that I am fo eager to know what the Gentleman has more to inform us in reference to the

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Story of this unfortunate Basil.

Book II.

All that I have to fay, reply'd the Student, is this, that when Basil understood that Mandlin was to be marry'd to Martin, he fell into a deep Melancholy, which might indeed be rather call'd a dozing frenzy; you might as well ha' pull'd out one of his Teeth, as a word out of his Mouth; ask him a Question and he stares i your face like a Man har'd out of his fleep; he has never been feen fo much as to finile fince; he hardly eats enough to keep the Orifice of his Stomach open, drinks less; never goes to bed, but fetches short naps now and then i the Fields upon the Grass: he fighs like the Hinge of a Door for want of ovling; formetimes he lifts his Eyes to the Heavens, then fixes 'em upon the Ground; and in either Posture stands as if he were in an Ecstasie, like a meer Statue. In shore he is reduc'd to that Condition, that we that are his Neighbours, believe, he will immediately expire fo foon as he hears that Maudlin's marry d. High Heav'n forbid, quo Sancho; come, come, God that gives the Wound. will fend the Cure: who knows what will happen, I'me fure no body here. There are feveral hours between this and to morrow— The House that has been many years a Building may fall in a Moment. How many times have I feen it Rain and Shine at the fame Instant? Many a Man goes found to Bed, and is found dead the next Morning. Who is he, I pray, that can boaft, he ever drove one nail into Fortune's Wheel? Let me fee the Man and I'le give him a White Black-bird for his pains. As for a Woman's I and  $\overline{No}$ , I would not undertake to put the point of a Needle between 'em. But let me see the Man that will undertake to bauke Martin, and procure the fair Manalin's Affection for Bafil, and I'le give him a Sack full of Benedictions: For Love as I have heard fay, fee's through Spectacles that make Copper look like Gold, and Cherry-ftones like Pearls.

In the Name of ill luck, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, whither art thou a running on with a pox to thee?— That cursed Clack of thine, when 'tis once got a Threading a Proverbs and Old Wives Sayings, not the Pope himself could hold it, tho' he had it under the Penalty of present Excommunication: I would fain know, Beaft as thou art, what thou knowst of Fortune or any thing else, that thou should'st thus go about to put a Spoke in her Wheel? Nay, Sir, if ye don't understand me, reply'd Sancho, no wonder my Sentences are despis'd. But what's that to the Purpose! I understand em my self, and I'me sure, I ha' spoken nothing but what might become the Recorder of a City: But you love always to Trowle my Words and my Actions— Trowle ye Rascal! quo Don Quixote, Controwle thou woud'st say, confounded Corrupter of human Speech, the

Pestilence rot thy Tongue out for it.

Death o' the Devil, quo Sancho, what makes ye fo angry, Sir? You know that I was never bred up at Court, nor at the University, to underfland when I murder a hard Word. Heaven's bless us would, ye have a Farmer of Westmerland speak like an Inn's a Court Gentleman? and yet you shall hear some of them too, that cannot forget the Twang of the Country where they were born. Tis very true, quo the Batchelour (for it feems of the two Schollars, the one was a Batchelour, the other a Student)

dent) and more then that, your meaner fort of People in Cities where they speak the most refinedly i' the whole Nation, never talk so politely, as the Gentry and Men of Breeding, that are always improving the Language. For my part, quo the Student, I ha' been bred a Scholler, and know how to express my felf in proper Terms. Indeed, quo the Batchelour, you might ha' been a Scholler and a Master of Art by this; but you minded the Fencing-School more then your Book. Hark ye, Hark ye, Mr. Batchelour, quo the Student, y'are the most mistaken Man i' the world, to think it a frivolous thing for a Man to learn to Fence. 'Tis no fancy of mine, quo the Batchelour, but a real truth, and eafily prov'd; and tho' it were not fo, yet I will undertake to make you confess it prefently. You ha' got two Foils there; come but off your Horse, and try all your Fencing-School Tricks and Lessons, observe your Circles and Angles, yet for all that, if I don't with one device that Nature has taught me, shew ye the Stars at noon day, I'le be bound to eat the Hilts. I defie that Man alive, that can force me to turn my back; on the other fide I know not that Man living, but I'le undertake to make him give

As for turning your back, reply'd the Student, I ha' nothing to fay to't: but it may be your bad fortune nere to ftir your Foot from the place where you first set it, if you meet with a Man of skill. I'le trye that, quo the Batchelour; and with that leaping from his Horse, he snatch'd

away one of the Student's Foils, and put himself into a Posture.

Hold there, quo Don Quixote, I am Master of this School; there shall be nothing but fair play here—and with that presently alighting from Rosinante's Back, with his Launce in his Hand, he posted himself in the midst between the two Antagonists, till both were ready. And then it was that the Student advanced briskly up to the Batchelour, and the Batchelor with fire in his Eyes ran suriously to meet the Student; while the two Farmers and Sancho kept their Saddles at a distance to behold the Combat.

Infinite were the floccado's, foines, thrusts, down right cleavers, and Back-blows which the Batchelour offer'd at the Student; he laid on like a Lyon, and follow'd his stroaks, as he had been a Bear-Garden Butcher. But the Student never quitting his ground, so well put by his Thrusts, and warded off his Backsword play, that he made him ever and anon kiss the Button of his Foil, as it had been a Relick, but not with half the Devotion. In short the Student so exactly counted the Buttons of his Cassock, that he made the Skirts of his Doublet sly about like Fish Tails, the Batchelor all the while not being able so much as to touch him. The Student struck off the Batchelours Hat twice, made him puss and blow, and tyr'd him out at length in such a manner, that out of meer rage and vexation, he took the Foil as he held it by the Hilt, and flung it, as one of the Farmers afterwards made Affidavit, above three quarters of a League; which Affidavit was thereupon slid, that Posterity might know how much strength goes beyond Art.

And now the Batchelour ftood still a while to rest himself, when Sancho approaching him, Mr. Parson, quo he, hencesorward take a sool's advice and never challenge a Man to Fence, but to pitch the Bar, or to a
Match at Foot-ball; for you are well made for those sports: But for these
Fencers, let 'em alone; I have heard say, they can hit the Eye of a Needle
with the very point of their Weapons. I submit, quo the Batchelour, nor
do I repent to find that experience has convinced me of my Errour. And so
saying

faying the Student and he most lovingly embrac'd each other, and became

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

as great Friends as ever.

Book II.

After that they all mounted again and hasten'd toward Madam Mandlins Village. But tho it were dark before they could reach it, there was such an infinite number of Lights hung abroad in every part, that the whole Compass of the Village seem'd to be one Skie, all full of Stars: Nor were their Ears less pleas'd with the delightful but confus'd sounds of several forts of Musick. The Bells rang forward and backward; the Weights toated; the Flutes and Recorders Hoop't; the Fises and Flagelets were merrily shrill; the Fiddles struck up; Tabors and Pipes put in for a share; nor would the small Morrice bells be drown'd, but gave notice that the Dancers were no less active with their Heels, then the Musicians with their Fingers. All which were but preparations for the Solemnities of the next day, destin'd for the Nuptials of Martin the Brave, and the Funerals of the unfortunate Basil.

Don Quixote would by no means enter the Village, tho earnestly invited by the Student and the Farmers, and notwithstanding all that Sancho could do to perswade him. For he still alleadg'd, that it was contrary to the Ancient Custom of Knight-Errants, who rather chose to sleep under Heaven's Canopie, in the wild Forrests, then in soft Beds, tho under Rooss of Gold. Thereupon he betook himself to a private Covert for that Night, full fore against Sancho's will, who had not yet forgot the plea-

fing Convenience of Don Diego's House and Entertainment.

### C H A P. XX.

Containing very strange Accidents, as well in reference to Martin the Brave, as Basilius the Poor.

O fooner had the Bright Aurora difinife'd bright Phabus from her dewie Arms, with the heat of his burning rayes to dry up the Pearls that hung upon his dishevell'd Locks, when the Incomparable Don Quixote, the Irreconcileable Enemy of floath, got up upon his Legs, and went to call his Squire. But finding him buried in a profound fleep, and fnoaring as if he had fnoar'd for a Wager, reflecting upon his Condition; O happy Thou, quo he, above all that live upon the Face of the Earth: Thou that neither envying nor being envy'd, so quietly reposest in the sweet Arms of sleep, free from the Persecutions of Inchanters and Inchantments. Snoar happy Man, I say a hunder'd times Inoar on: No jealousies of mistrusted Lady distract thy Brains; no hunder'd Pounds to pay, nor forefight of inevitable want harrafs thy pleafing Rest; Ambition nere torments thy wakeful thoughts; the Pomp and Vanity of this frail World nere crucifie thy thinking Soul; nor are thy Boundless Desires turmoyl'dand toss'd with the continual Hurricanes of Fury and Impatience: Thy cares are narrowly confin'd only to fee thy Grizzle fed, while the Charge of thy Person lies wholly upon my shoulders, that am thy Master, whom Nature and Custom obliges to make Provision for thy sublistance. The Servant sleeps securely while the Master has no leifure to close his Eyes, but must labour day and night to recompence his Services. Tho the Heav'ns refuse the Earth their generating

fixteen

Dew, and more impregnating Showrs, what minds the Servant the Afflictions of his Mafter to fill his craving Stomach, as well in time of Famine as Abundance?

To all this Sancho, fleeping as found as a tyr'd Beagle in a Chimney Corner, and fnoaring like an Oftler, answer'd not a word; nor wou'd he have wak'd fo foon, had not his Mafter rows'd him with two or three good flaps with the end of his Lance; at what time Sancho opening his Eve-lids half way, after he had gap'd and yaun'd and ftretch'd forth his Legs as he lay upon his Back; Methinks, quo he, I fmell a pleafing perfume of broil'd Bacon, that strangely comforts my Nostrils this Morning - now would I give all the precious Odours of a Poet's Sweet-scented Mistress for one Rasher—Steaks, Steaks, by this round Belly o' mine—a Steak upon the Coals there's nothing like it- And by my Holiness, I'le speak one word for all, this must be a Generous Wedding it begins so sa-

Get up then Lazy Glutton, quo Don Quixote, get up \_\_ The Fox that fleeps till noon nere Feathers his Tongue- Time calls us to the Nuptials, and I long to fee the Disdain'd Basilius. Let him be hang'd, reply'd Sancho, if he be poor; what should a poor fellow dream of Lac'd Petticoats for? 'Tis very true, let the Moon lose one Quarter and shee'l fall from the Clouds-But y' good faith Sir, my Opinion is this, that he who is poor should flay at home in his Cor, and not gad abroad to feek for Muskmelons i' the Sea. I've hold ye one of my Arms, and that's a fools wager, that Mr. Martin the Brave is able to spend all Basil's Estate at a Breakfast, and be nere the worse; and d' ve think that Madam Mandlin will quit her Gold Fring'd Petticoats, her Necklaces of Pearl, her Rich Points, her Coach and Horses, to marry a Fellow with whom she must Knit, or make Childern's Coats for a Living. What fignifies his Pitching the Bar, or his Art of Foyning? His capering the Compleat Dancing Mafter quite through, will it pay for one Pint of Wine at the Tayern? If your Activities and your Accomplishments will not pass for current Coyn; if they won't go to Market and pay the Butcher and Poulterer, may they be the Lord of Nolands Portion for me: tho I confess that where they light upon a Man that has Money, they do very well together. He that builds upon a ftrong Foundation builds a good House; and Money is the best Foundation i' the World. For Heav'ns fake, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, prithee come to a Conclusion; I'my Conscience, wer't thou let alone when thy Tongue's upon the Gallop, thou wouldst hardly allow thy felf Time to eat or fleep. But that your Memory fails ye, Sir, reply'd Sancho, you would not ha' fo foon forgot our last Agreement, that I should always talk till I thought fit to leave off, provided I faid nothing in prejudice of my Neighbour, nor of Madam Dulcinea; how is it then that you who pretend to so much honesty, thus break your Contract? I remmeber no such Agreement, quo Don Quixote; and tho it were fo, I never yielded thou shouldst hinder business with thy Twatling— and therefore saddle Rosinante and follow me: For the loud Musick that fills my Ears, tells me there must be fomething more then ordinary.

Thereupon Sancho faid no more, but faddl'd Rosinante, and having laid on his own Pack-saddle upon Grizzle, away they both rode softly toward the Arbour, where the first thing that blest the fight of over-joy'd Sancho, was a whole Steer, spitted upon a whole Elm; there were twelve Turnbroaches at each end to turn it, and the Fire that Roasted it you would ha' fworn had been a Mountain of Charcoal; over which hung no less then

fixteen huge Iron Pots large enough to hold a dozen Legs of Mutton at a time, with their Colly flowres to boot, and all full of Neats Tongues and Udders, Pidgeons and Bacon, Westphaly Hams, Pullets, and boyl'd Hanches, some quite, some half ready, others newly put in. The Capons, Green Geefe, and Fowl of all forts in Season; Lobsters, Sea crabs, Jowls of Salmon, Rands of Sturgeon were without number; heaps of Whitebread like the Cannon Bullets that lie at the Tower: the Cheeles pil'd up made such a beautiful Fortification, that he would gladly a' been the first that should ha' ventur'd his Body to assail it; Spice and Sugar lay ready for use in whole Chests, neer to which stood lakes of Oyl to supply the waste of Fry'd Meats and Sallat's : And then for Drink, Sancho told no less then threescore Punchins, each containing thirty Gallons a piece; there were no less then twelve little Pigs with Puddings i'their Bellies, fow'd up i' the Paunch of the Steer to give it a Relish: And to dress all this Provision no less then fifty Cooks besides Tenders. So that altho the

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Feast were not so Courtly nor Alamode de France, yet was there so much Plenty as might ha' ferv'd to ha' fed an Army.

Book II.

Sancho beheld all this with wonder and admiration, and almost inchanted with the variety and pleasure of the Show, would often smile and lick his Lips as he rode along. The first Temptation that enthrall'd his senses were the Pots upon the Fire, next to that he became enamour'd of the Punchins and Dry'd Tongues, but the Scent of the Fritters and Tanfeys put him into such an Agony, that he could no longer forbear, but addressing himself to one of the Cooks with all the smooth and hungry Arguments he had, befought him that he might only fop a Crust that he had in one of his Kettles. Friend, quo the Cook, nothing like Hunger rules within this place to day - thanks to the noble Martin for his Bounty-And therefore alight thy felf, take a Ladle where thou canst find one, fetch out a whole Fowl or two, and much good do thee \_\_\_ I see nere a Ladle big enough, quo Sancho: Slife quo the Cook, I never faw such a filly Fellow i' my life; and fo faying, he took a new Frying-pan, and thrust-ing it into one of the great Caldron's, brought up three Pullets and two Geese at one heave—Here friend, quo he, make a shift with that Scum to stay thy Stomach till Dinner. God reward ye, quo Sancho; but where shall I put it? — Put it, quo the Cook — take Frying-pan and all, there's no body will grutch it thee -

At the same time Don Quixote, whose thoughts were otherwise employ'd, saw twelve young Farmers Sons i' their Holiday Jackets come riding in under the Boughs, upon Barbary Mares, both themselves and their Horses all bedeckt and set forth with Madam Maudlins Favours. These twelve rid about the Meadow with their Prancing Mares, crying out, for and long Life to the Bridegoom and Bride, the Noble Martin the Brave, no less wealthy then Madam Maudlin is beautiful, and she the fairest i' the World. Which Don Quixote hearing, ah ! quo he to himself, these People never saw my Dulcinea del Toboso; for if they had, certainly they nere would cry up Madam Maudlin thus, like a Company of Buz-

zards.

Soon after at several other parts of the spacious Arbour, enter'd a great Number of Dancers; and among the rest four and twenty young well favour'd brisk Lads, in their Half-shirts of fine white Holland, with their Handkerchifes of vary colour'd Silk wound about their Heads, and crown'd with Lawrel and Chestnut-branches, carrying every one a Sword i' their Hands. These danc'd a Military dance, and skirmish'd one

Part II.

with one another in mood and measure, that Don Quixote was mightily taken with the sport.

Nor was he less surprized at the fight of a Company of young Virgins none under fourteen, and none above eighteen, clad in slight Green, with their Hair partly filleted up with Ribbonds, and partly dangling loofe about their Shoulders, wearing Garlands of Jasmine, Roses, and Woodbines. These tript it about and danc'd a hundred jumping Galliards, to an Instrument like our Lancashire Horn-pipe, with that dexterity and nimbleness of Foot, as if they had every one been born in Wake-time under a May pole. An other fort there were that could shake their Heels al. a mode. This Company confifted of two Rows, of eight Nymphs apiece; the one led by Cupid with all his accourrements, the other by Money clad in a rich Vestment of Gold and Silver: The Nymphs that follow'd Love, were Poesie, Wisdom, Nobility and Courage. Those that follow'd Riches, were Liberality, Reward, Treasure, and Peaceable Possifion. Beiere 'em there came a Castle drawn by four Savages, clad in Green, cover'd over with Ivie. and grim furly Vizards upon their Faces, but so to the Life, that Sancho was almost scar'd to look upon 'em: Over the Portal of the Castle was written the Castle of Prudence. Cupid began the dance, and after a change or two, looking up toward the Castle, he made as if he would shoot at a Lady that appear'd upon the Battlements, to whom he thus Address'd himself.

> Am Priapus, Not the Poet's God, But a Reality that Rules, With a much more Majestick Rod: Know then tis I,

And not a filly Boy,
Makes Fools run mad, and wife Men Fools;
Both Sexes are my Slaves, by Land and Sea,
Fish, Fowl, Beasts, Men, all my Commands obey;
No Fence will hold Bold Mortals, for my sake
Engag'd the Laws of God and Man to break.

They call me Love, but my true Name's Desire; (For true Love you must know Was banish'd hence, long, long a go.)

And Salamander-like Ilive in Fire;
And Salamander-like Ilive in Fire;
For heat of Youth is that which gives me Life,
And nothing cools me but the name of Wise.
For would you know the only way to tame me,
But marry once, and streight Enjoyment shames me.

nce, and streight Enjoyment shames me. What do I hear then? some will crie; Oh! Who at first but I?

But satisfi'd, like an Autumnal Plant, I streight run up to Seed and die.

Cupid having thus shot his Bolt, and discharg'd an Arrow at the Castle, retir'd to give place to Money, who thus bespake the same Lady.

Ove is an Ass to me, for all his Boasting;
'Tis I send Restless Mortals Roasting
For utmost India's wealthy Spoyls;
I make 'em hire their Souls and Bodies forth,
To all the heats and Toyls

Of wicked War; they hunt me round
The Worlds vast Globe,
And when they cannot find me above ground,
Tear up the Bowels of their Mother Earth.
I make the Crooked streight;
The Lame to go upright;
And with my scowring oare
Can Wash milk-white the sooty Blackamore.
Fools only wed for Love,
But all my Matches th' Old and Wise approve:
How simply looks the Man that wanteth Me?
But that same Happy He,
That does my stores controuse,
He's the True Body, that has Life and Soul.

Here Money retird, when Poetry stepping into her Place thus pleaded for him self:

Ady, I Money love, and love it not; For Poet's few are Rich, but thousands Poor, Yet in conceit above the Stars they Soare, Great Princes in their Cups not worth a Groat.

But seeing without Money there's no Sport, I send ye these sew Lines of Prayer and Praise; A Nuptial Song sometimes will do no hurt, If the Fair hand be Liberal that Pays.

Remember Lady, tho, how the Case stands, 'Tis on a Poet you bestow, no Sot, But one that Immortality commands; And as you give, you live, or die forgot.

This faid, Poetry gave way, and Liberality advancing from Money's fide, thus deliver'd her felf.

Some Men upon their Wedding days seem mad,
And make such Tearing shews with Ribands, Feasts,
Enameld Rings and bidden Guests;
As if the Portion Bag no bottom had.
So like his Spouses Maiden-head, at Night,
Nere to return, the Money takes its slight.

II.

But tho' I'm liberal, give me the Man
That steals to Church, and then steals home again.
Yet if he needs must keep a Wedding day,
To throw off some loose Corns
Of his great Portion, let him stay
Till that day three years, rather half a score,
Until he find himself secure from Horns,
From Female Empire, and God knows what more
Ddd 2

Confounded

Ay,

Confounded Plagues of marry'd Life; Then let him banquet with his Friends to Riot, To shew, tho' marry'd, yet he lives at Quiet, Lord of his own and Her; the Term to which

All Husbands tend, but few go thorough stitch.

In this manner all the Nymphs came forth and spoke their Verses i' their Turns, of which some were bad, some indifferent, as Lurkin danc'd: However among the rest, Don Quixote, who had a good Memory, remember'd these, as being those that pleas'd him best.

After every one of the Nymphs had fpoke i' their Turns, they all intermix'd and danc'd the Hay, and every time Cupid came against the Castle, he shot an Arrow at the Lady; but when Riches fac'd the Fortress, She

threw feveral Guilded Balls over the Battlements.

After they had thus danc'd awhile, Riches took a great Purse made of a Cats Skin that feem'd to be full of Money, and threw it against the Castle with such a force, that the Boards fell down, and left the Virgin without any defence. At what time Riches hasting to the Cattle with her Train, threw a Gold Chain about the Virgins Neck, as it were to take her Captive; but then Love coming with his followers to her Refcue, there happen'd a pleasant dispute for some time, to the rlute and Tabor, performed with great agility and exactness, till they were at length parted by the Savages, and so the Show ended, to the great satisfaction, and with the high Applause of all the Spectators.

When all things were over, Don Quixote askt one of the Dancers, who it was that had compos'd the Mask? who answer'd, that it was the Curate of the Village, that had an Admirable Wit for fuch Inventions. By the Mass, quo Don Quixote, he was more a Friend to Mr. Basil, then Don Martin; and I dare be bold to say, better understands a Play then a Prayer Book: for he has made Martin pay with a vengeance for Bafils

Activity.

388

Body a' me, quo Sancho, who heard the discourse, The Kings my Cock ..... I am for Don Martin. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, when wilt thou learn to diffemble; thou wilt always, do what I can, discover thy felf to be a Rascal, that is, one of those that always hold of the winning side. I know not what I am, quo Sancho, but this I know that I shall never skim out of Basils Pot, what I ha' Ladell'd out of my Master Martin's Caldron; and so faying, he shew'd the Knight his Panfull of Geese and Hens, and at the same time fell on with his wonted Appetite, crying out, a Fig for Basils Activities ...... So much as the Lands worth, so much the Mans worth, and fo much as the Mans worth, fo much the Lands worth. My old Grandmother was wont to fay, there were but two Progenies i' the World, Have much, and Have little, and she had always the greatest kindness for the Family of the Have much's. And now Sir at this day, your Physician had rather choose the Pulse that has, then the Pulse that knows; and an Ass laden with Gold, looks better then a Horse with fine Trappings: And therefore I say agen, I am clearly for my Master Martin, the very Scum of whose Pot is nothing but Geese, Hens, Hares and Coneys; but as for Basil, by what I find, I question whether he were born to the worth of a Skillet. I' the Devil's name, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, when dost mean to make an end? Just now; I ha' done, quo Sancho, because I find ye begin to be in a Passion; for otherwife I had cut my felf out work enough for three days together.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE. Book II.

Ay, que Don Quixote, I know thou hast a restless Tongue of the own; I wish to Heaven I may but see it fairly pull'd out of thy Chaps before I die. Y'faith, Sir, quo Sancho, according to the Courses we take. I may have Tongue little enough one of these days, when you shall have your satisfaction to see my Mouth full of cold Durt; and then tis a thoufand to one you may never hear me speak more till the end of the World.

at least till the day of Judgement.

Grant it should be so, reply d Don Quixote, thy silence i thy Grave will never recompence for thy past vexation, and the future plaguing of my Ears before thou dy'st; besides, that by the Course of Nature I should die before thee; and while thou liv'ft, I am fure thou't never leave prating, neither fleeping nor drinking. In good faith, Sir, as for which of us two shall die first, quo Sancho, I know not what to say to't: There's no trusting to that Madam Barebones, I mean Death. She devours the Lamb as well as the Sheep; and as I have heard our Vicar fay, all the Treasures of the Great Turk won't bribe her; but she tramples o're the Palaces of Kings as well as the lowly Cottages of the Poor. She's a Lady that has a vast power, and not so much as one grain of Civility; neither is she at all squeamish or queasie Stomach'd; the devours all, swallows all, and fills her wide Satchel with all Ages, all Sexes, and all Conditions, whether Turks or Christians. She's no Mower that sleep's a Holydays; she's always at work, and cuts down the Green as well as the Ripe Corn. She toils day and night, she swallows without chewing, and crams her ungodly Maw, as if she had a Greedy-worm in her Guts; and though you can fee no Belly the has, yet fuch a fatal Dropfie haunts her, that her Thirst is never fatisfi'd, but she's alway swilling and guggling the Lives of Men, and it goes down with her like Mothers Milk.

Stop there Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, hold while th' art well, for certainly thou haft spoken of Death in thy Rustical Phrase, as much as some Preachers could ha' done. Hadft thou but Learning to thy Natural Parts, thou might'st turn Itinerant Minister, and appear i' the Pulpit. He preaches well that lives well, quo Sancho, I know no other Philosophy: No. no, quo Don Quixote, thou hast knowledge enough-only I wonder at one thing, fince the fear of God is the beginning of Wildom, how thou should'st come to be so Wise, thou that art more afraid of Famine, then of all the Deities i' the World. Good my Lord Shudge, quo Sancho, do you censure your Knight-Errants, and let other Men alone with their fears and their Courage; and yet for all that I'de ha' ye to know I am as genteel a fearer of God, as any of my Neighbours; and fo, Sir, here's to ye out of this Pan fix go-downs upon Rep \_\_\_\_ The rest are all idle words of which we must give an accompt—and so saying, he made a fecond attack upon his Provant, with that Mettle, as began to sharpen his Master's Appetite; who doubtless would have bore him Company, had he not been prevented by that which necessity constrains us forthwith

to fet down i' the next Chapter.

## CHAP. XXI.

Containing a farther Relation of Don Martins Nuptials, and several other strange Accidents.

7 Hile Don Quixote and his Man Sancho were thus Parlying together, a strange Consulion of noises and voices reach'd their Ears, but none that were other then the figns of Joy and Acclamation. Thereupon they discover'd at a distance the Bride and the Bridegroom, hasting to the Arbour, accompani'd by the Curate, their Relations and Friends, befides a great number of People, both of the same and the neighbouring Villages, all i' their Holly-day Habits, with the Musick playing before em.

So foon as Sancho faw the Bride, y' gude faith, quo he, this Girle mun be no Country Lass— wa is me, she's not drest like a Farmers Daughter. but like some rich Aldermans Heiress- Three rows of Pearl about her Neck, and a Glaring Thing behind, by this good Light—Look, look, Sirs. what a Gown she has on, ye connot zee what 'tis made on for Lace, but I warrant 'tis thirty pild Velvet- Bless us what a Petticoat's there! fee how 'tis bedaub'd! 'twas never bought for vorty good Shillings I dare fay Hoy da! and what are those things about her Arms? nothing but Gold—perfect Gold as I'm a Sinner— and what's that glitters a little Jower? Diamonds blow me down they must be Diamonds by the Mass she cost more the Rigging then I am worth—had they been black Beads or Scotch Pearl, I could a' match'd 'em in our Town \_\_\_\_ And now vonder again, what fine Locks the Quean has got! for if they be true I never faw longer nor whiter i' my Life. What Fillets of Pearl too she has upon her Head! Cuds-niggers—if every Pearl ben't as white as a Sillabub—Heaven's how she's bedizond— she glissons from top to toe like a Looking glass, and bows under the weight of her Beads and her Jewels like a Laden Datetree-- l' my Conscience she would pay a Broken Bankers debts, and fet him up agen.

Don Quixote, with all his Gravity, could not choose but smile to hear how Sancho set forth the Lady after his Rural manner; for next to his own Dulcinea, he thought her one of the fairest Women that ever he faw. However 'tis faid, at that time she look'd a little Palish, which might be perhaps for want of fleep. For Maids that are to be marri'd next morning, never go to Bed the Night before, which is all time little

enough to dress themselves in Quill for the next Nights undoing.

In this posture all the select Company made toward a kind of a Scaffold, fet up a' one fide the Meadow, and cover'd with Boughs, where the Ceremony was to be perform'd, and where they might with most convenience see all the sport. But they were no sooner come to the foot of the Scaffold, but they heard behind 'em a hideous outcry, and a mournful voice crying out, Hold- Hold- a little, be not so hasty- At which words, turning about their Heads, they perceiv'd a Person clad in a long black Jacquet, border'd with Crimson, powder'd with slames of Fire; upon his head he wore a Garland of Cyprus, and in his hand he carri'd a good big Cudgel, headed with an Iron Spike. So foon as he drew neer, they all knew him to be Basil, and every one thought there would some mischief be done, seeing him come neither welcome nor look'd for. At length

length he arriv'd weary and breathless; and as he was placing himself just before the Couple that were to be marry'd, he strook the Iron end of his Cudgel into the Ground; and then fixing his Eyes upon the Bride, turning pale and trembling at the same time, with a hoarse and wheazing voice; Ingrateful Maudlin, quo he, that half forgot thy plighted Troth to me alone; Thou that by the Laws of God and Man art oblig'd to Wed no other but my felf, while I am Living, Hast thou e're found me unfaithful? and all the while I ftay'd for Time and Diligence to better my Fortune and render me a Match more equal for thee; did ever I follicit difhonourable favours to the prejudice of thy Vertue? What urges thee then, thus to falfifie thy word, and go about to give my Right to another, whose Riches only make him Fortunate? But let him enjoy his Felicity, fince tis thy pleasure; I'le not be long the Obstacle of his Happiness; these Hands of mine, at the expence of my own Life, shall give him the peaceable Possession of my Claim- Live wealthy Martin, live Ingrateful Maudlin; and let the poor unfortunate Basil dye, whose Poverty has clipp'd the wings of his Felicity, and lay'd him in his Grave; and so saying, he drew forth a short Sword that was cas'd in the Stick, and setting the Pommel of it to the ground, fell upon the Point in such a manner, that it came out all bloody at his Back, and there lay poor Peel Garlick, weltring of a sudden in his Blood. Presently Basil's Friends running to the doleful spectacle, set up their Throats and made most hideous Ohones and Lamentations over him. Don Quixote also alighting from his Horse, haften'd to the bleeding Carkafs, and perceiving poor Basil yet to breath, made use of all his Compassion to comfort him. Upon which his Friends finding there was Life in a Muscle, would fain have drawn the Sword out of his Body, but the Curate would not permit 'em, till he had confess'd him; alleadging that the drawing out of the Sword would be his immediate Death. But then it was, that Basil as it were coming a little to himself, with a languishing utterance, and fetching a deep sigh; Where is the cruel Maudlin? faid he, now, now at this last gasp of my Breath, would she but now youchsafe to give me her Hand, and acknowledge her felf to be my Lawful Spouse, contented would I then expire, and think my felf rewarded amply for the pains and torments that I suffer. One poor Sillable does it; fay but Yes, and then-

Here the Curate interrupting him, told him he had now no leifure to think of worldly pleasures, that his time was but short, and therefore admonish'd him to reconcile himself to Heaven, and beg pardon for the Desperate Act he had committed. To which Basil reply'd, that he knew the Desperateness of his Condition; however that he was resolv'd to dye desparing, unless Maudlin would condescend to grant him the favour which he demanded; which done, he would submit to any thing they should require from him. Upon which Don Quixote cry'd out with a loud voice, that Basil requested nothing but what was just and reasonable, and a thing fo much the more easily to be granted, in regard it would be no less honour for Martin to marry Basils Widow, as true a Virgin as she was before, then if he had receiv'd her at her Fathers hands, since her saying an inconsiderable Tes, made no Distinction 'twixt Basil's Nuptial Bed and

Poor Martin, who faw what was done, and heard what was faid, was in a peck of Troubles, not knowing what to fay or what to think. However Basil's Friends attackt him severely, and besought him to give way that his Bride might be marry'd for a moment to their dying Friend, if it

39**1** 

were but only to fave his Soul, in danger of being eternally loft, should he dye impenitent; and so forcible were their Importunities, that Martin was content, provided Maudlin could be perswaded to it; since 'twas but delaying for a minute or two the Accomplishment of his own desires. Thereupon they all made their addresses to Maudlin, some with Tears in their Eyes, others with the most obliging Arguments their Pity could invent, urging withal, that it could be no way i' the world to her prejudice, to marry a Man whom Death would Divorce the next minute from her. But whether it were want of Breeding, or scruple of Conscience, Maudlin would make no answer, but stood like an Idol, speechless and motionless, not knowing what to resolve; and how long she would ha' flood in that manner like Lots Wife, no body can tell, had not the Curate, who had the Padlock of her Confcience, come to her, and bid her determine something or other; for that Basils Soul was just ready to depart, and could not stay for her Brown study's. But then the poor Virgin trembling every Joynt of her, with a flow pace drew neer where Bafil lay, with his Eyes fix'd, his Breath almost failing him, and making the World believe he would dye like an Infidel. At length Mandin standing close by the dying Lover, bow'd her felf down, and made him a fign to give him her Hand, as not being able to speak. Then Basil opening his Eyes, and fixing 'em in a Languishing Posture upon Maudlin, Ah, Maudlin, said He, where was all thy Pity flown before? Now 'tis too late thou com'ft, bringing thy pity rather to make fure work, as if thou wert afraid my timorous hand had falter'd. Now I have no more strength left me, for a moment to enjoy the honour of being thine, and nothing can arrest the pains that send me to my Grave, now, now thou com st. However fince 'tis only for a moment and no longer, abuse me not a second time; speak not like one constrain'd, but sincerely acknowledge me thy Husband; fince twould be now an unworthy piece of inhumanity, considering the Condition to which thou hast reduc'd me, to play the Counterfeit with Me, expiring Me, whom thou hast always found so faithful and so true. This He spoke with such a force upon himself, and such a languishing utterance, that there was not one that heard him, but believ'd each word he spoke would have been his last. And now he seem'd to faint away, when Maudlin with Blushing Cheeks, yet with a seeming chearful Countenance, and a kind of violence upon her felf, taking the unfortunate Lover by the right Hand: No force, faid she, can work upon my will; I give thee here the freest hand I have, to be thy Wedded Wife, and receive thine upon the fame accompt, if by thee as freely given, and in an undiffurb'd condition of thy sence and judgment. I give thee mine fincerely, reply'd Basil, and with an Intellect as sane as ever Heaven bestow'd upon me; and so I vow my self thy Wedded Husband. And I receive thee fo, cry'd Maudlin, whither long liv'd, or whither forthwith hurry'd from my Arms into thy Grave: Now dye in Peace, and I wish thee a good Passage.

My thinks, quo Sancho, this young Man talks a little too much to be wounded to Death; but if he be so neer it as you say he is, I would advise him to leave off his woing, and to mind the health of his Soul, which by what I can find, is much more vigorous in his Tongue then in his Teeth.

Now after Basil and Maudlin had enter'd into this solemn League and Covenant one with another, while yet their Hands were clasp'd together, in steps the Curate, willing to content the poor dying Basil to the utmost

of his Power, and no less mortify'd with the fight of such a sad Spe-Etacle, with Tears in his Eyes gives 'em both his Benediction, befeeching God, withal, to have Mercy upon the Soul of the new marry'd Man. Who had no fooner receiv'd the Nuptial Bleffing, but he started upon his Feet, and with an unexpected Activity drew out the Sword that had been sheath'd in his Body. At this, all the spectators were amaz'd; and some of the simpler sort cry'd out a Miracle, a Miracle. No, no, quo Bafil, with a voice as found as a Cryer of a Court, and louder then the rest. No Miracle, but only a Trick of Agility. Whereupon the Curate more astonish'd then all the rest, lay'd both his Hands upon the Wound, and after he had felt the place, he found that the Sword had no where pierc'd the Cunning Basils Body, but only a Tin Pipe full of Blood ingeniously sitted to his Ribs, and prepar'd for his defign. In a word the Curate, Monsieur Martin, and his Friends, acknowledg'd themselves to be fairly cheated. As for the new marry'd Woman, she was so far from being concern'd. that hearing 'em fay that the Marriage was fraudulent, and eafily diffolv'd, she openly declar'd, that she would abide by what she had done. and confirm it anew; which made some People think that it was a Plot

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

lav'd between Basil and Her.

Monsieur Martin and his Friends enrag'd to be thus chous'd of a Wife and a Wedding, were all for immediate revenge, and drawing their Swords, fell upon Basil in great fury. But Basil found as many Friends as his Baffl'd Rival; fo that in a Trice there had like to ha' been a pretty Battel. But Don Quixote, seeing the Consusion that was like to happen, presently remounting Rosinante, with his Lance Couch'd, and cover'd with his Shield, threw himself between the Combatants, and put a prefent stop to their fury, while Sancho retir'd to the Place where he had had his dainty Morfels, believing that would be a Sanctuary to which they would all give respect and veneration, in the height of their Malice. In the mean time Don Quixote turning sometimes to one side, sometimes to the other, Hold, Gentlemen, Hold, cry'd he, and hearken to Reason, whose Interpreter I am. Know then there's no reason i the World to revenge upon a Lover, the Deceits of his Love: For as in War, fo in Love, Stratagem's are always allow'd. Madam Maudlin belong'd of right before to Basil, and Basil to Madam Maudlin; Heaven it self had so ordain'd it; Don Martin is Rich, and may meet with Wives enow, that will be glad of his Estate, as handsom as she; as for Basil, that has but one Sheep, tho he has no reason to complain, 'tis unjust to deprive him of his fingle delight: and therefore let no Man funder those whom God has joyn'd; for here I folemnly declare the first that shall be fo bold as to attempt it, must wrest this Lance from my invincible Hand; and fo faying he shook his Spear with that remarkable force and vigour, that he cast a sudden terrour into all that beheld him. So that Don Martin's Choler changing at an Instant into an immediate scorn of Madam Maudlin's Contempt, he resolved to sorget her; which was the Grand reafon that upon the easie perswasions of the Curate, who was a Person of fingular Prudence, both He and all the rest of his Party put up their Swords, more offended at Maudlins Inconstancy, then Basils Policy. Don Martin also reason'd thus discreetly with himself; that if Maudlin lov'd Bafil when she was a Maid, 'twas most probable that her love would have still continu'd, and he should have only been a marry'd Cuckold; so that inftead of being Wedded to her, he had more cause to thank Heaven that he was so fairly rid of her. Pacify'd with these Considerations, Don Mar-

tin was fo far from refenting the Accident, that he was refolv'd the Feaft should go forward, as if it had been his own Concern.

But Basil and Mandlin, and all that were of his Party, resolv'd to retire to Basils Village: For discreet and Vertuous mediocrity is no less admir'd and honour'd by her followers, then the rich are applauded by their Crouds of Flatterers. Basil also and his Companions invited Don Quixote along with them, as looking upon him to be a Person of Quality and Worth; who was easily perswaded to follow those whose part he had taken.

But as for Sancho, not to lie, he follow'd his Master with a sorrowful heart. His Soul was in a Mist, and his disconsolate breast could admit no Consolation, to find that he must abandon the Good Chear of Don Martins Feast that lasted till night. Full of grief and melancholy therefore he Shuffl'd after Rosinante, seeing himself so unfortunately constrain'd to leave behind him the Flesh Pots of Egypt; which however he carry'd away in his mind, while the scum of Don Martins Kettle, that lay yet unconcocted in his Stomach, represented to his thoughts the abundant happiness he had lost.

# CHAP. XXII.

Of the unheard of Adventure of the Cavern of Montesinos, which Don Quixote accomplish'd with great success.

He new marry'd Couple thought nothing too good for Don Quixote, The new marry'd Couple thought nothing too good to whom they made most highly welcom, in acknowledgment of his bridence no less then his readiness to defend their Cause, honouring his Prudence no less then his Valour, while they ascrib'd to him as well the Eloquence of a Cicero, as the Courage of a Guy of Warwick. Sancho also repair d all his Losses, during the three days that his Master stay'd, and being plentifully recruited came to his good humour again. Basil also declard that Madam Mandlin had no hand in his Plot, but that it was a meer contrivance of his own, which he had only imparted to some of his Friends, that they might affiff in case of necessity to make good his Amourous Fraud. To which Don Quixote answer'd, that there was nothing to be call'd Fraud, which tended to a vertuous end; of which nature was Matrimony, where both parties had a real Affection for each other, there being but one Inconvenience that annoys it, Poverty and Necessity. For Love is altogether Gladness, Comfort, and Content, especially where the Person loving enjoys the Object of his Affection; a Tranquility that has only for its profest and open Enemys, Penury and Hunger. All which he spake, with a purpose meerly to advise his Friend Mr. Basil, to quit his Youthful Sports and Exercises, which tho they won him Reputation, brought him no Money to make the Pot boyl, and to attend the getting of a Livelihood by fair and honest ways, that never fail the Industrious. Then pursuing his discourse, The Man that is Poor and Honest, quo Don Quixote (if a Poor Man may be call'd Honest) has a Jewel in having a vertuous Wife; which he that takes from him, dishonours her, and takes away his Life. The Woman that is fair and honest, when her Husband is Poor, deserves to be Crown'd with Garlands of Conquest and Tryumph: Beauty attacks

the Good will of all that behold it; the Royal Eagles and high foaring Faulcons floop to her pleafing Lure: But when they find it in necessity; the Kites, Crows, and other Birds of Prey are continually fluttering about it: Which she that can withstand with an Invincible Constancy, deserves to be the Glory of her Sex.

Observe most worthy Basil, farther added Don Quixote; It was the Opinion of a Wise Man, whose name I have forgot, that there was but one good Woman in the World, and he advis'd every Husband to think his own Wise was she, as being the only way to live content. For my part I am a Batchelour, nor have I hitherto had any Inclination to marry; and yet methinks if my advice were ask'd, I could tell another how he should choose a Wise. I would advise him in the first place to consider her Reputation rather then her Fortune: For a Vertuous Woman does not acquire a good Name by her being so, but by her appearing so. For the least liberty that a Woman takes in the sight of the World, does her more injury then all the loosness she can practice in secret. If a Man finds her good, 'tis an easie thing to preserve her so; but if she come bad to him at first, 'tis a difficult thing to mend her; in regard 'tis almost an impossible thing to pass from one extream to another; I say almost impossible, for I do not hold it altogether so.

All this while Sancho had list id with an unspeakable deal of Patience, but being no longer able to contain himself; My Master, quo he, muttering to himself, when I sall upon such discourses as these, was wont to tell me, that I should tye a Pulpit at my Back, and carry't about wi' me, to preach my Conundrum's in: but I'm sure when he begins to thread Sentences, and talk Sparables, he had more need of a good Waggon load for his own share. The Devil take him for a Knight-Errant, I think he's one of the seven Wise Men; by my Soul, at first I thought he had understood nothing but Knight-Errantry; but upon my Life, I find he understands all things; there's no Water so hot, but he can put his Finger in it.

Sancho, quo Don Quixote, overhearing him, what's that thou art grumbling at? I fay nothing, quo Sancho, neither do I grumble at any Body; only I was faying to my felf, that I wish I had heard your Worship preach this Doctrine before I marry'd, I might ha' been now like the unyoak'd Ox, to lick my felf where I pleas'd; or like the As at her ease, to wallow where I thought fit. Why, quo Don Quixote, is my Nighbour Teresa so bad? Not so very bad neither quo Sancho, nor yet so good as I would have her. Fie Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, thou do'st not do well to speak ill of thy Wife, who is the Mother of thy Children. There's no love lost between us reply'd Sancho, she speaks ill of me sometimes, especially when she thinks I ha' been a Swan-hopping; and then Satan himself would not endure her maundring.

Well, to be short, three days did our Adventurers stay with the new marry'd Couple, where they were feasted like the Guards of the Kings Body. At the end of which Don Quixote requested the Curate to provide him a Guide that might conduct him to the Cave of Montesinos, otherwise call'd the Devil's Arse i'th Peak, which he had a strange desire to be Romaging, and to see with his own Eyes all the wonders that were reported of it by the Country People. Thereupon the Curate promis'd that one of his Kinsmen should go along with him, who was a very good Grammar Schollar, and one that had a great kindness for Books of Knight-Errantry; and that he should carry him to the very Hole of the Cave: moreover that he would be very good Company for him, and

In a fhort time the young Man came, upon a forry Mare that was with Fole, having his Saddle cover'd with an old Carpet, for the better grace of the Business. Thereupon Sancho saddled Rosinante, got ready his own Grizzle, fill'd both his own Wallets, and the Students to boot; at what time Don Quixote taking leave of the Company in most solemn Manner, they

all mounted and fet forward toward the wonderful Cave.

As they rode along Don Quixote ask'd the young Schollar, what Employment he follow'd, and what was his Profession. To which the Schollar answer'd, that his Profession was Humility; and that he spent his time in making Books for the Press; which were not only profitable for himfelf. but of great advantage and benefit to the Publick: Particularly that he had one Book that would come forth the next Term, a very large Volumn in Folio, entitled Calliopes Cabinet, illustrated with figures and Brass Cuts. wherein all Gentlemen, of all Qualities and Degrees, might be enform'd how to order themselves at Feasts, Funerals, and all Heroick Meetings, and how all Degrees are to take Place, with a Dictionary of Herald Terms. I have another almost as ready as that, quo he, call'd Mr. I l's Legacy to his Friends, containing seven hunder'd fifty six Instances of Gods Providence, in and about Sea Dangers and Deliverances. with the Names of several that were Eye witnesses to many of 'em; for the Conversion of Seamen. I have another call'd Ovids Metamorphofes transpos'd: This is a new and rare Invention, for that by means of Hiflory intermix'd with Fable, I tell ye who Merlin was, give ye an account of the Pinner of Wakefield, make St. Winifreds Well agree with Salmacifs's Fountain; the Cumaan Sybil's Cave with Oukie Hole; St. Vincents Rock with the Story of Lychas: The Floating Island in Scotland I compare with the Island Ortroia, and tell ye that Silbury Hill was Misenus's Tomb; I omit not the Whispering place at Glocester, nor to give ye the true Original of Stonehenge; a work full of Metamorphoses and Allegories, as well for Diversion as Instruction. I have another call'd a Supplement to Polydore Virgil, a work that shews the great Pains and Learning of the Compiler. For example, you shall not find there who was the first Man i' the World that was troubl'd with a Catarrh, nor who was the first that was Syring'd for the Neapolitan disease, which I make out as clear as the Sun by the authority of five and twenty Testimonies living at the same time. Sometimes I Compose Godly Manuals of Devotion, and directions for receiving the Communion, for the Pedlers to spread about the Country, besides what I present my felf to such as I hear to be People devoutly given. And now I leave you to judge, Sir, whether I don't take a world of pains, and whether these Books may not be of great Benefit to the Publick.

Sancho having liften'd all this while with great attention; So God direct vour right Hand, quo he to the Schollar, in all the Rest of your Transcriptions, I beseech ye Sir, for I find you know all things, can you tell me, who was the first Man i' the world that scratch'd his Head? for I am apt to think, 'twas our first Father Adam. Y' are i' the right on't, quo the Schollar; for he being the First Man i' the World, without doubt had a Head and Hair upon it, which as it could not choose but itch sometimes, so he could not choose but scratch it. Very good, quo Sancho; but can you tell me who was the first Vaulter i' the World; In truth quo the Schollar I cannot resolve ye at present, but I'le turn over my Books, and tell ye the next time we see one another, for I hope this will not be the last

time. No, no, Sir, quo Sancho, l'e spare ye that labour and resolve the Question my self. The first Vaulter i the World was Lucifer, when he was thrown out of Heaven, and jump'd into Hell.

The Renowned Don Ouixote.

Book II.

You fay very true, quo the Schollar, what a Dunce was I not to think on't. Hang him, quo Don Quixote, this Answer is none of his own. Body a' me, quo Sancho, don't you believe that Sir; for if I fall a questioning and answering once, I'le undertake to hold on till this day sennight; let me alone to put idle Questions, and answer Extravagancies without the help of my Neighbours. Thou giv'st 'em a better Name then thou art aware of, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, for there are some People that spend a world of Time, and labour infinitely in the search of Trisles.

that are not worth a button when they come to be known.

In these and such like pleasant Discourses they spent the day, and at night they lodg'd in a Village, from whence the Schollar told em. 'twas not above fix miles to the Cave, and where it would be necessary for Don Quixote to provide good store of Ropes if he intended to see the Bottom? Let that be your care Sancho, quo Don Quixote, for I'm resolv'd to see the Bottom, tho' it carry me to the Suburbs of Hell it self. Thereupon Sancho went and bought a hunder'd Fathom of new strong well twisted Hempen Merchandize, and the next day by two a Clock i' the Afternon, they arriv'd at the Mouth of the Hole, which was very large and spacious, but fo surrounded with Bushes, Nettles, Burdocks, and other Weeds, that you could hardly come at it, as if Nature had set a Guard about it, or the Devil had hid it for a Pit-fall to have caught Don Quixote himself.

Don Quixote was no fooner arriv'd, but he presently alighted, as did the other two with the same swiftness; and Don Quixote was in such haste, that he immediately set the Student and Sancho to fasten the Ropes together, which while they were a doing; Sir, quo Sancho to his Master. consider what ye do, look before ye leap, and don't be so hairbraind in one of your Megrims, to bury your felf alive: Don't put your felf Dinole dangle you don't know where, as they hang Bottles in a Well to keep the Wine cool. Consider what business you have to do there, and whether you have any acquaintance in Hell that may do you a kindness. should the worst come to the worst. Prithee friend bind me, and hold thy Tongue, quo Don Quixote, or bind on, and talk on; but be fure bind me fast; bind fast, and find fast- He's a Man a' parts can do two things at once and who knows, but that this Adventure was referv'd only for Me? Theseus went down into Hell - and Pious Eneus went down into Hell-and Pious Don Quixote will go down into Hellbind me I say. --- Pray, Sir, quo the Student, when y'are in, look well about ye-let nothing scape your Eye, nor your Memory that's worth recording; there may be many things proper for the next Edition of my Metamorphofes. Let him alone, quo Sancho, the Game's all in his own hands, and he'l play it well I warrant ye.

Don Quixote finding himself well bound, 'Slife quo he, what ha' we forgot?—I should have had a little Bell ty'd to my Girdle, to give ye notice still where abouts I am; - but fince there's no Remedy, welcom what falls; and fo faying, he fell upon his Knees, and after a short Prayer to Heaven for success and affistance in an Adventure so perillous, at least to all outward appearance, up he got again, and then fixing his Eyes toward Toboso, with the same devotion as the Turks look toward Mecca, with a loud voice, O thou, faid he, that govern'st all my Actions and most secret Thoughts, Illustrious and Marchless Dulcinea del Toboso, if

it be possible for the prayers of thy All daring Champion to approach thy Ears, by the Charms of thy Celestial Beauty I conjure thee to youchfafe me thy Protection and thy Favour, fo requisite to fortifie my Courage at this time of need. I am just now going to ingulf, precipitate, and cast my self headlong into this unknown Abys, meerly out of an Ambition to do fomething worthy thy Renown, and to let the World know, there is nothing impossible to him that adventures under the Banners of thy Beauty.

This faid he approach'd the Mouth of the Hole, and finding it all overgrown with Weeds, Brakes and Bushes, he drew his Sword and began to cut his way through. But strange to tell, he had not struck above four or five blows, before he had rais'd fuch an infinite number of Crows and Flittermice about his Ears, that he was not able to fland upon his Legs, fuch was the Impetuofity of the Winged Tempest that overwhelm'd him to the Ground; to that had he not been better grounded in Christianity then to be superstitious, he had certainly taken it for a bad Omen, and defifted from his Enterprize. But he rose again with an undaunted Courage, and finding that he had put all the Birds to flight, he committed himself to the mercy of the Rope and his two Friends; who serving instead of a Custom House Crane, let him down gently, having wound the Rope, Wine-Porter like, about the Body of a small Tree that grew close by, to have the more command of their weight. At what time Sancho, seeing him going; Heaven, quo he, prosper thee, and our Lady of Loretta, and the holy Martyr St. Thomas a Becket go along with Thee, thou Mirrour of Chivalry, and Cream of all Knights Errant. There goes the Hackster of the World; Arms all of Steel, and Heart of Brass-Omnipotence preferve thee, and bring thee back again found Wind and Limb, once more to fee that Comfortable Sun by thee contemn'd, to court Infernal Darkness, and gratifie the Maggot's of thy Brain, that fend thee upon a fleevless

Errand to the Devil. To all which the Schollar faid Amen. But Don Quixote, who neither minded nor heard their Prayers, cry'd out aloud to give him more Rope, upon which the Schollar and Sancho were so free of their Hemp, that they never left off, till they had let down full out a hunder'd Fathom of Cord; and then they began to confider whether to hawl up agen or no. However they thought he must have fome time to look about him, and fo they ftay'd half an hour, which being expir'd, not able to endure any longer delay, they began to heave at the Capstall; but finding the Rope to come so easily at first, without any stress or weight at all; Well— quo Sancho, farewel Knight-Errantry now has some damn'd Devil or other got my Master a Pick back, and is running away with him, Sword and Buckler and all-and with that he burft forth into a shower of Briny Tears, and fell a hawling like madd for farther fatisfaction. But after they had pull'd up about eight and twenty Fathom, they began to feel Ponderosity, which reviv'd their drooping Spi-

rits like a noggin a' Brandy.

398

When they came within ten fathom of the Ropes end, quo Sancho to the Schollar, hold fast, and out of the bundance of his Joy, running to the mouth of the Hole, Cud's life, Sir, said he, we thought y' had been pawnd for the Reck'ning. To which Don Quixote answer'd not a word; and when they had drawn him quite up, they found that his Eyes were quite shut, as if he had been in a profound sleep: presently they lay'd him upon the ground, and unbound him, yet withal their moving and stirring him he never made any sign of waking. In which Condition

Condition they turn'd him, and rowl'd him, and tumbl'd him about fo long, that at last he began to come to himself, rubbing his Eyes and stretching forth his Limbs, as if he had waken'd at the Fortnights end: at what time staring round about him with a ghastly look; Ah my dear friends, faid He, you cannot imagine the Injury you have done me, you have depriv'd me of one of the sweetest Lives and pleasantest Sights that ever Mortal led, or human Eye beheld. And now it is that I am fully convinc'd that all the Pleasures of this Life are all but transitory Dreams. Oh unfortunate Montesinos, and thou luckless Durandart, so treacherously wounded! Unhappy Belerma, but more to be deplor'd Guadiana! and you the sad and mournful Daughters of Ruydera, whose swelling Waters flew what Streams of Tears once trickl'd from your Charm-

The Renowned Don Quixote.

ing Eyes. \_\_\_

Book II.

The Schollar and Sancho amaz'd to hear fuch fad expressions as these utter'd by the new return'd Champion, and denoting a more then ordinary Affliction, befought him to explain himfelf, and to let 'em know what he had feen in that fame Hell upon Earth, where he had been. Call not that Hell, reply'd Don Quixote, that rather seem'd to be a Paradise. as if you'l have but patience, I shall soon convince ye. In the mean while gi'me fomething to eat, for I think I was never fo hungry i' my Life. Upon that, Sancho spread the Schollars old piece of Hanging, that serv'd him doubl'd for a Saddle, upon the Ground, and all the Leathern Butteries having furrender'd their Store, they eat altogether lovingly and heartily; for Don Quixote was not a Man that took State upon him, when he was not in high Company. Now when they had all done, and that Sancho had taken away; come Sancho, quo Don Quixote, come and fit down again - and let no Man rife, but mark attentively what I am preparing to tell ye.

# CHAP. XXIII.

Containing a Relation of the wonderful things which the Unparallell'd Don Quixote saw in the Cave of Montesinos; the Strangeness and Impossibility of which makes this Chapter to be taken for Apocrypha.

T was now about four a Clock i' the Afternoon, and a close day, so that the Sun not able to pierce the thicker Clouds with his scalding Beams, gave Don Quixote the liberty to enjoy the cool Air, and to entertain his two Illustrious Friends with the following Relation of the unheard of

Wonders which he had seen in the Cave of Montesinos.

When y'are descended, said he, about twelve or fifteen Fathoms into the Cave, you come to a large and spacious Concavity, big enough to hold a West-Country Waggon with all its Oxen; into which there falls a glimmering Light, from certain narrow holes that reach to the Superfices of the Earth. When I came to this place, I took a fancy to it, and being tyr'd with hanging so long by the Middle, and to tell ye the truth, fomewhat unwilling to descend any lower, neither knowing where I went; not having any Guide, I confider'd better of it, and refolv'd to go into this same place and rest my felf: when I was in, I call'd to you to let

down no more Rope, but it feems you did not hear me; however I coyl'd up the Cable, and laying it by me, fate my felf down upon it, full of Pensive Contemplation; when of a sudden, as if some Necromancer had lav'd his charming Rod upon my Brows, a most profound sleep feiz'd me; out of which, being, I know not how, foon after wak'd agen. I found my felf in one of the fairest, and most delightful Meadows that ever nature beautify'd with all her Ornaments: Now that I might be fure I was not in a Dream, I wip'd my Eyes, I blew my Nofe, I told my Money, scratch'd my Head, and gave my felf all the affurances imaginable, that I was as certainly awake as an Angler in a Lighter.

Presently I beheld a most Princely and Sumptuous Castle, of which the Walls and Battlements feem'd to be of clear and transparent Chrystal. At the same time likewise two great Cedar Gates leisurely opening, there came forth a Venerable old Man, clad in a long grey Mantle, with a Tippet of green Sarcenet covering his Shoulders, like the Fellow of a Colledge. Upon his head he wore a black Bonnet fomewhat like a Cardinals Cap; his Beard that was broad and white as the Driven Snow. reaching from his Chin to his Girdle : in his hands he had no other Weapons then a Rosary of Beads about the bigness of Wallnuts, and his Credo Beads as big as ordinary Offridge Eggs. The Port, the Gravity, the Pace, the awful and ferious Afpect of this Old Man struck me with Admiration; but much more was my surprize when this Reverend Spectacle accosting, and embracing me, gave me this folemn welcom; Long and with extream impatience, faid He, have we been waiting for thy coming, most Valiant Knight Don Quixote de la Mancha. We that lye Inchanted in this Solitude, to the end thou may'ft reveal to the World the Prodigious Wonders lockt up from Human knowledge, within this Cave call'd Montesino's Cave, an Adventure reserv'd alone for thy invincible Courage, and only worthy of thy Resolution. Follow me then, thou most Illustrious Champion, and behold those Astonishing Miracles inclos'd within this transparent Palace, of which I am the perpetual Governour: for I am that same Montesinos from whom this Cavern takes its name.

No fooner had the Venerable Seer inform'd me that his name was Montesinos, but I requested him to tell me whether it were true or no, what was so confidently reported upon Earth, that he had ripp'd the Heart of his great Friend Durandart, out of his Belly with a little Dagger, and had carry'd it as a Token from him to the fair Belerma, according to his own defire upon his death Bed. To which he answer'd me, that all the rest was truth, only that he did not make use of a Dagger, but of an Agat hafted Carving Knife, polifh'd and fet as keen as a Razor.

Then I believe, quo Sancho, I can tell where 'twas bought, either in Shoe-Lane or Popeshead-Alley; especially if it were Razor Mettle. I don't believe, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, that any of your Acquaintance fold it; for the Battel of Roncesvales happen'd long before Shoe-Lane or Popeshead-Aller were famous for Cutlers; neither is it of any Importance to confirm or disprove the Truth of the Story. You say very true, reply'd the Schollar, and therefore, Sir Knight, pray be pleas'd to go on with your Information, which affects me with a strange delight to hear it. You win my Soul, quo Don Quixote, for I'm sure no Man can be better pleas'd in telling it.

And fo I say, that being arriv'd at the Chrystal Castle, Montesinos led me into a low Room of State, all of Alablaster and very cool. There was in it also a Marble Tomb, a Piece of most incomparable Workman-

fhip; upon which lay a Knight extended all at length; not of Marble or Brass, as in other Monuments, but Flesh and Bones. He cover'd the Region of his Heart with his Right Hand, which feem'd to me to be very hairy and finewy; an unquestionable sign of the great strength of the Deceased Knight. Now while I was viewing this Sepulcher with equal Curiofity and Aftonishment, behold here, faid Montesinos, my Friend Durandart, the Flowr and Mirror of all the Amorous and Valiant Knights of his Time. Merlin, that famous Welch Necromancer, who as they fay was the Son of the Devil; tho I believe if he were his Son, he knew more then his Father; I fay, that Merlin keeps him here Inchanted, as he does Me and a great number of others both Men and Women: But how or wherefore he has Inchanted us no body knows: Perhaps he may be call'd to a fevere accompt ere long; and I believe the time is neer at hand. But that which most astonishes me is this, that I am as sure as ever I eat my Vittles, that Durandart breath'd his last Gasp in my Arms, and that fo foon as he was dead I ript his Heart with my own hands out of his Body; by the same token, that to speak modestly it weigh'd above two Pound Averdupois weight: and what opinion ought we to have then of the Courage of my Friend, fince the Natural Philosophers tell us, that a great Heart is the mark of a great Courage? Now this Knight being dead as I have told yee, how comes it to pass, that he sighs and weeps, and makes those heavy complaints as every day he does, just as he us'd to

do when he was alive?

No sooner were these words out of Montesinos's Mouth, but the unfortunate Durandart cry'd out. Ah my dear Cousin Montesinos! well vou know, that the last request I made you with my fainting Breath, was to rip my Heart out of my Body, so soon as I was dead, and carry it to the Fair Belerma. To whom Montelinos, falling upon his Knees with Tears in his Eyes, Sir Durandart, faid he, the Dearest of my Kindred, believe me now upon the word of a Kinsman, if I did not fulfil all your desires; the very fatal day of your Deceafe, I took your Heart out of your Body as cleverly as an Anatomift, dry'd up the Blood with a Damask Napkin, then wrapt it up in a Lawn Handkercher, border'd about with a Needlework Lace, wash'd my Hands in the Tears that fell from my Eyes, and after I had payd my last Duties to your deceased Body, away I tript from Roncesvalles for France, by the same token that the next Town I came to lodge at, I rub'd your Heart with three or four Handfuls of the best Salt, for fear it should smell and offend the Nostrils of the fair Belerma, whom the Necromancer Merlin has kept Inchanted in this place for many years, as well as you and I, together with Guadiana your Squire. Madam Ruydera, her seven Daughters, and too Cousins were here two; with several others of your Acquaintance: and tho it be now above five hunder'd years fince we were first clapt up in this Jayl, we are all still alive, unless it be Madam Ruydera and her seven Daughters; whose Tears so melted cruel Merlins Heart, that he metamorphos'd the Daughters into fo many Fountains, and the Mother into a River. Guadiana your Squire, who continually bewail'd your Misfortune, he chang'd into another River, that bears his own name, yet still so sensible of your disasters, that sometimes it hides it felf under Ground, desirous as it were to conceal its sorrows from the World; nor will it suffer any wholsom and well tasted Fish within its Streams, as loth to feed the Cruelty of Human kind. All this dear Cousin I have several times told ye before, and because you never made me any answer, I thought you gave no credit to my words, which griev'd

greiv'd me to the Soul. But now I have other News to tell ye, which if it do not revive your Spirits, can be no prejudice to your Quiet; and that is, that you have here before ye the famous Knight, concerning whom the Cruel Merlin has foretold so many Miracles, I mean the Couragious Don Quixote de la Mancha, who has not only restor'd neglected Knight-Errantry to the World, but advanc'd it to its ancient Lustre, and by whom we may expect to be releas'd from our Inchantment, since great Performances are still reserv'd for the most Illustrious Champions. Then Durandart with a faint and languishing utterance, Oh Cousin! but should it be otherwise— should it be otherwise, Cousin— there's no remedy but patience and suffling the Cards again— and so saying, he turn'd him a one side and fell asseep again.

By and by I heard most bitter Howlings and Lamentations, accompani'd with most doleful sobs and sighs; at what time turning about my head I saw through the Chrystal Wall, a Procession, in two Companies, of Beautiful Ladies all clad in Mourning, with White Sarcenet Hoocs upon their heads. In the rear of the rest follow'd a most Ravishing Lady, that by her Gate and Gravity feem'd to be superior to the others, in a black Crape Manteau, with a long white Veil that reach'd down from her Head to her Heels; she had a black Peak upon her Forhead, and her Head was dreft up with plain white Moselin, cover'd with a large Love Hood. Moreover she had a full black Eye brow; a Nose somewhat flat. and a wide Mouth; a little Blubber Lip'd, but her Harrow-Teeth were extreamly white, though very thin and fnaggy withal. She held in her Hand a very fine Diaper Napkin, wherein you might perceive an Embalm'd Heart, that look'd as if it had been dry'd in a Bakers Oven. Montesinos told me, that all those Ladies were Maids of Honour to Durandart and Belerma, all Merlins Prisoners, and that she that carry'd the Heart was Belerma her felf, who four times a week walk'd that Procession with her Damsels, finging all the way the Lamentation of a bad Market, or rather howling out a hunder'd Ohone Ohones over the Heart of the unfortunate Champion. To this he added, that if Belerma was not so fair as was reported, it was to be attributed to her sufferings under Enchantment that had funck her Eyes, and tarnish'd her Complexion; for that when she was in her Prime, the Fair Dulcinea, so sam'd in the World, was a meer Dowdy to her. Hold a blow there, good Mr. Montesinos, quo I, Comparisons are odious, Mrs. Belerma might have had her Advantages of Beauty, but I beseech ye wipe your Mouth when you talk of Madam Dulcinea; the Matchless Dulcinea gives way to nere a Piskitchin Belerma i' the World. I beg your Pardon, Sir Knight, quo Montesinos, I confess I talk'd at Rovers, to compare Mrs. Belerma with Madam Dulcinea, especially confidering how Fame has fpread her Beauty. Had I known you had been her Knight, I would a bit off my Tongue, and swallow'd it, before I would ha' compar'd her with any thing, but Heaven it felf. This fubmission of Montesinos pacifi'd me, and kept my boyling wrath from Run-

Nowns— quo Sancho, I wonder ye did not lay th' old Rascal sprawling upon his Back and kick out his Guts; certainly you were very tame i'th' other World— how could you leave him one hair upon his Chin! No, Sancho, no, we are oblig'd to respect our Elders, tho they be no Knights; especially such as are under the Oppression of Enchantment. However as I would not seem to be rude, so neither would I take any thing which I look't upon as an affront.

But I befeech ye, Sir, quo the Schollar, how could it be, that in fo fhort a time you should see and hear so many strange things? Why how long, quo Don Quixote, have I been below i' the Cave? About five quarters of an hour, reply'd Sancho. Five quarters of an hour! quo Don Quixote, how can that be? when I have seen the Sun rise and set three times. Troth, quo Sancho, my Master may be i' the Right on't- for feeing that whatever befals him is done by Enchantment, the time which we took for an hour may well be three days, with every one their Nights belonging to 'em. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote. I hope, Sir, quo the Schollar, you have been highly feasted i your Chrystal Palace; pray, Sir, what good chear had ye? Not one Morfel, reply'd Don Quixote, nor indeed had I any desire to eat or drink all the while. Why? quo the Schollar, do the Enchanted never eat? They neither eat nor drink, reply'd Don Quixote, nor do they ever untruss their Breeches or draw against the Wall, tho some are of opinion that their Nails and their Beards do grow. But do they never sleep neither? quo Sancho. No more then Hares, reply'd Don Quixote; at least in all the three days time that I was there, I faw not one that had fo much as an Inclination to wink. Company makes Cuckolds, quo Sancho, you were with those that were Enchanted, who neither eat nor drank; no wonder then, you neither did eat nor drink fo long as you were in their Company. They that are at Rome must do as they do at Rome. Yet for all that, Sir, would ye have me speak my mind; why then I beg your pardon, Sir; for God take me, I was going to fay, the Devil fetch me, if I believe one Tittle of all your long Story. What's your Reason, quo the Schollar; is your Master Don Quixote so addicted to lying? Or suppose he were, he could never have invented so many stories in so short a time. 'Tis not, quo Sancho, that I believe my Master Lies; --- What is 't then that thou believ'st, quo Don Quixote? I believe, Sir, reply'd Sancho, that this same Merlin, or those Necromancers that Enchanted all that Rabble of People you talk of, have cramm'd into your Pate by Enchantment, all that you have told us, and all that you have yet to tell us, and this I dare be bold to take my Corpral Oath of. This is no fuch improbability but that it might be so, quo Don Quixote; however 'tis not fo: For what I faw, I faw with my own Eyes, and what I heard, I heard with my own Ears. But what will thy Infidelship say to hear me tell thee, that among four thousand other far m re amazing wonders, which Mon-tesinos shew'd me, and which I shall impart at times as we ride together, He gave me a fight of three Country Girls, that leapt and frisk'd about the Meadow like two young Goats, of which I knew one to be Dulcinea, and the other two to be her Companions, that thou and I kneel'd to, not far from Toboso. I ask'd Montesinos if he knew em? He told me, no; but that they were some Enchanted Princesses, that Merlins Officers had lately brought to Jayl without a Habeas Corpus. For that the Devils Counter was full, there being a great number of other Ladies o' the Womens side, Enchanted under several disguizes; some that had layn there for many years; others but lately brought in; and that among the rest he knew Queen Guinever, and Madam Quintaniona, who was a kind of Betty Buly to Sir Lancelot, when he return'd into Britain.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Sancho was ready to burst his sides when he heard his Master talk at that Rate; for he knew the Enchantment of Dulcinea to be a damn'd Lye, as being the Enchanter himself; and thence concluding his Master had lost his Wits, Sir, said he, in an ill hour, did you descend into the other Fff 2 World;

World; and by the Devils appointment did you meet with Montesinos: the Devil's Butler, I take him to be, for he has made ye free of his Mafters Cellar-You went hence i' your Wits, with all your Sences, about yee \_\_\_ talking Sentences at every turn, and giving good Counfel to all that would take it; but now ..... Mercy defend me, you talk as if v' had left your Brains in Satans Buttery. I know thee Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, and therefore I give little heed to what thou fay'ft. Nor Ibv my Faith, quo Sancho, to what you fay \_\_\_ You may kick me, or kill me. if you please, for what I have said, I'm sure 'tis true But, Sir, before your Passion rises, gray tell me, what did Madam Dulcinea say to yee. and what did you say to her? I knew her again, quo Don Quixote, by the Red Wastcoat she had on when thou shewd'st her me, and I spake to her; but now when I made my Addresses to her, instead of making me an answer, she turn'd her tail, and slew away with that swiftness, that an Arrow out of a Bow would not have overtaken her. I would fain have follow'd her, but Mont fines to'd me 'twas in vain \_\_\_ and then diverting me with other discourse. he told me farther, that in a short time he would put me in a way to disolve the Necromancer Merha's Enchantment. and set both Durandart, Behrma, and all the rest of the Prisoners at Liberty. But that which griev'd me most of all was this, that while Montesinos and I were thus talking together, one of the unfortunate Dulcinea's Affociates came o' the left fide of me, with Tears in her Eyes, and with a faint and forrowful voice whifpring me i' the Ear; My Lady Dulcinea, quo she, commends her most kindly to your Highness, desiring to know how you do; and because she is in great want, beseeches your Worship to lend her three Shillings, or what you can spare upon this new Flannel Petticoat, which she intends to redeem in a very short time. I must confess this Message strangely surprized me, and therefore turning about to Montesinos, is it possible Mr. Montesinos, quo I, that Enchanted Persons of Quality should want in this place? Why truly, reply'd Montesinos, we Javlors do not buy our Prisons for nothing and as for Necessity it creeps into all Places, and affails all Qualities, and Conditions, not pardoning those that are Enchanted --- the Lodging and Cellar must be pay'd, or else they are turn'd into the Hole- and therefore if Madam Dulcinea want three Shillings, the Pawn's a good Pawn, and I'de advise ye to send it her- I take no Pawns, said I, neither can I fend her three Shillings, for I ha' but eighteen Pence i' n' Pocket, which was the Money I had of thee, Sancho, to give to the Poor that I might meet i' the other World; and this eighteen Pence I gave the Maid with these expressions- Maid, faid I, tell thy Mistress that I am heartily forry for her distresses, and wish I were another old Audley to relieve her let her know that I have no Comfort in my Life, nor any repose of mind or Body, while I am depriv'd of her Company and Conversation; and therefore desire her to vouchsafe that favour to her Weather-beaten Captive, to let him Kiss her fair Hands, and enjoy the Confolation of her Beautiful Society but for an hour or two- Tell her withal, that when she little dreams on't, she shall hear how I have made an Oath, like the Marquess of Mantua, never to eat upon a Table-cloath, nor to fleep between a pair of Sheets, till I have got her Execution Money pay'd, and deliver'd her from her Enchantment. All this and more you owe my Mistress, quo the Damsel, and then having got the eighteen Pence, instead of making me a Curtsie, she fetcht a Caper i'the Air above fifteen yards high, and I never faw her again.

Heavens bless me, quo Sancho, that Enchanters and Enchantments should be able thus to intoxicate and bewitch the best Wit in Mancha. O Master, dear Master, for the Love of God, recover your lost Wits, and never doat upon these follies that craze your understanding in this wicked manner.

Thy Affection poor Sancho, quo Don Quixote, makes thee talk at this rate, and for want of experience in the World thou believ it those things impossible that seem difficult to be accomplished. But as I have said, the time will come when I shall tell thee such stories of what I have seen it this Cave, that thou shalt no longer question the Truth of what I have already related.

# C H A P. XXIV.

Where you will find a hunder'd Fiddle Faddles and Impertinences, as ridiculous as necessary for the understanding this true History.

He Translator of Cid Hamet Benengeli tells us, that when he came to the Chapter of the Cave of Montesinos, he found written in the

Margin, with the Authors own hand the following words.

I can hardly believe that all those things that are related in the forgoing Chapter so punctually befel the Great Don Quixote, as he has describ'd 'em in his Relation. For there is some possibility in all the rest of the Adventures which hitherto have been recorded; but in this of the Cave of Montesinos. there is not the least probability, no coherence with Reason, but a slim slam as impossible as extraordinary. Not that I believe Don Quixote, the Noblest and Sincerest Knight of his time would tell a Lye; rather I am consident he would first have been shot to death. On the other side he has related this Adventure with so many Circumstances, that I dare not for my Life be so unkind to his Memory as not to believe him, especially when I consider that he had not time enough to invent so great a Cluster of Fables. However I thought fit to insert it among the rest, without undertaking to affirm or contradict, leaving it to the Reader to pass what censure upon it he pleases; only let him take this advertisement by the way, that for a certain, when Don Quixote was upon his death Bed, he disown a this Adventure, and said, he only invented it to the end he might with more exactness imitate the Stories which he had read in his Legends of Knight-Errantry. To proceed then,

The Schollar all this while was firangely aftonish'd at the Liberty which Sancho took, but much more at his Masters patience. All that he could imagin was only this, that the joy and satisfaction which had posses'd Don Quixote, for having seen his Mistress, tho inchanted as she was, had mollify'd and sweeten'd his Vinegar Temper, since otherwise Sancho spoke those words that justly merited his being ground to Powder. For my part, Sir Knight, said he, I cannot but look upon my time extreamly well spent in this Journey, upon four considerations. First, for that it has brought me to the honour of your Acquaintance, which I most infinitely esteem. In the next place for the Information it has given me of the manifold wonders conceal'd before within the Cave of Montesinos, with the Metamorphoses of Guadiana, and the Daughters of Ruydera, which will be of great use to me in the next Edition of my Ovid with Gutts. I have

also thereby learnt the Antiquity of Card-playing, which I find to have been a Pastime in use even in the Reign of the Emperour Charle le Main: by the words of Durandart, We must have patience and shuffle the Cards again; which must have been a Vulgar Proverb in his Life time, since he could not learn it after he was inchanted: and it comes pat also for my Supplement to Polydore Virgil, who as I remember, fays nothing of the Antiquity of Cards, which it is of fo great importance to know; and for which I am o'rejoy'd to have the Authentic Testimony of so grave and ancient an Author as Durandart. And lastly, now I know for certain the true source of the River Guadiana, how it came to be a River, and whence it first deriv'd its name; all which secrets have hitherto been conceal'd from human Learning.

And truly, Sir, quo Don Quixote, I am no less glad to have contributed to the clearing of your understanding in these points of such weighty moment. But pray, Sir, to whom will you dedicate these Works of yours, if you happen to obtain a Licence, which I very much doubt; for in truth to tell ye, fuch impertinent Learning as this, is no more then justly

fecluded from the Press.

Are there not great Lords and Persons of Quality enow i' the Kingdom? reply'd the Schollar. Not so many as you think for, reply'd Don Quixote; for the greatest part are quite tir'd out with Dedications; and for the rest, they're of a humour not to be troubled with impertinent Morning Visits. But let us call another Cause, and consider where to lodge this Night.

Sir, quo the Schollar, not far from this place there stands a Hermitage, the Retirement of a devout Person, who as they say was formerly a Souldier; He is lookt upon as a good Christian, and so charitable that he has built a little House by his Hermitage, for the entertainment of such as have lost their way, or come to visit his Solitudes. But has this devout Hermite any good Vittles? quo Sancho. There are few but have, quo Don Quixote, for they live not now adays like those of Thebais, that cover'd their Nakedness with Palm-Leaves, and fed upon Roots. I do not deny but these may be as good Christians as the other, only their Penances are not fo auftere as in former Ages. In a word, they are both good; and tho they were not, yet we ought to judge favourably of their retiring from the World. For the Hypocrite that makes it his business to appear Holy, is always less culpable, then the sinner that boasts of his

While they were thus discoursing, they look'd back and saw coming toward 'em, a Man that was a-foot himself, yet travel'd a very great pace, driving before him a Horse laden with Lances and Halberds; which made 'em take up and ride gently. But so soon as the Man had overtaken'em, Hold, honest Friend, quo Don Quixote, there's no necessity of making fuch haste by what I find by thy Horse. Sir, quo the Fellow, I can't stay; for these Weapons that you see, must be made use of to morrow— If you defire to know more concerning this matter, I shall lodge to night at the Lone Inn upon the Road, about fix miles beyond the Hermitage, whether if it be your fortune to follow me, I shall tell ye wonders; and so Godbuy to yee all Gentlemen and fo faying, he gave his Horse such a lick o' the Buttocks with his Whip, that away trotted the Horse and the Fellow after, with that swiftness, that Don Quixote had no leisure to ask any more questions. However Don Quixote had such an itching ear after Novelties, especially if they had but the least Twang of an Adventure, that he resolv'd to lie at the Inn, and not to stop at the Hermi-

tage. But notwithstanding Don Quixot's resolutions, Sancho was determin'd to call and fee how the Hermite was provided. To which purpose he whipe on his Grizzle, and rid before, and being come up to the Hermitage, So ho, House, quo he, who's within here? But fuch was Sancho's ill luck, that the Hermite was gone abroad, and there was no body at home. but another Old Man, the Hermite's Companion, whom Sancho ask'd whether he had any firong Liquor within? To which the Old Man made anfwer, that he could not come at the strong Liquor, but if he would have any small Water, he should have his Belly full. Sancho reply'd, that he could have had Water enough upon the Road; and then fetching a deep figh, farewel Don Diego's good Vittles, and the Rich Martins Wedding. quo he, there's nothing but cold Comfort in Hermitages.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Having sped so ill at the Hermitage, they rode on toward the Inn. and upon the Road they overtook a young Lad, that walk'd carelelly along, shouldring his Sword with a little bundle ty'd to the Scabbard. He had on an old Velver Jerkin, very bare and thin; the tail of his Shirt hung out at the Knees of his Breeches, which had been once of a good fort of Silk, and upon his Feet he wore the remains of a pair of Spanish-leather Shoes. He was about eighteen years of Age, a lively brisk Lad, well complexion'd and handsome; and as they came neer him, they heard him

finging the conclusion of an old Ballad.

Book II.

And so farewel, my Jinny, farewel, For I to the Wars must go; Tet had I but Money in my Poke, I would not leave thee fo.

Spark i' the Paper Garments, quo Don Quixote, which way bound? Me thinks you are but thinly clad, Sir youth, to let your Shirt take so much Air. Necessity, Sir, reply'd the Youth, constrains it, and the hot weather excuses it; and I am going for a Souldier. I admit the Hear, quo Don Quixote, but why Necessity. Sir, quo the young Lad, I have i' my bundle a pair of Breeches answerable to my Jerkin, but I am loath to wear 'em out upon the Road, because they will do me more credit when I come to a good Town. Now I hear of some new rais'd Foot Companies that lie about fifteen miles off, with whom I intend to lift my felf; and then I intend to throw off my Rags; for I had rather have the King for my Master, then starve under e're a beggerly Courtier of 'em all. Prithee, quo Don Quixote, what makes thee complain fo much of the Courtiers?

Perphaps, quo the Youth, had I ferv'd any Eminent Nobleman, or Perfon of Quality, I might have had as little reason as another; for their Lacqueys many time come to be Captains or Lieutenants at least; but it has been always my ill Fortune to wait upon Upstarts and younger Brothers, whose Allowance was so short, that the greatest part of it always went to buy me Shoes and Stockins: no wonder then there was so little hopes of Preferment among them. Truly Friend, quo Don Quixote, you ferv'd very bad Masters indeed, that in all the while you could never get your self a whole Livery. Why truly, Sir, answer'd the Youth, I never ferv'd but two poor-spirited Masters, who when they had dispatch'd their business at Court, went home again into the Country; and then, as in Monastries, where if a Man goes out before he prosesses, they take his fresh Habit from him, and return him his old Cloaths; my Masters stript me of

CHAP. XXV.

Containing the Braying Adventure; with the Adventure of the Puppet-Player, and the Fortune-telling Ape.

ON Quixote was more in hafte, then the fellow that left his Drink behind him, to understand what those wonders were, which the Man with the Swords had promis'd to tell him; and therefore he would answer to none of those questions; What will ye please to drink? or What will ye have to Supper? nay, he would not be shew'd a Room, till he had caus'd the Carrier to be fent for, and had challeng'd him with his Promife. To whom, no fuch hafte to hang true Folks, quo the Carrier --- My Miracles are not to be told flanding — give me but leave to look after my Beaft, and when I ha' ferv'd my Beaft, then I'le ferve your Worship. If that be all, quo Don Quixote, I'le go and help thee my felf; and fo faving, away he went with the Carrier into the Stable, and while the one rubb'd down and Litter'd his Beast, the other fifted the Oats, and clean'd the Manger. Which was a piece of humility, in the Champion, fo gaining upon the Carrier, that leaving the Stable, he went into the Yard, and feating himself upon the Horse-block, while Don Quixote, Sancho, the Schollar, the Page, and the Innkeeper lent him their most attentive Ears, thus deliger'd himfelf.

About five or fix miles, quo he, from this Place there flands a very large Town under the Government of two Bayliffs, and their Affiftants: Now it happen'd that a little while fince, the Head Bayliff, as fome fay through the negligence, as others fay through the Treachery of his Maid Servant, loft his Milch Afs, and notwithstanding all the diligent search he made after her, could never find her again. About fifteen days after, as the head Bayliff was walking about the Market-place, one of the Serjeants of the same Town coming to him: An't like your Worship, quo he, what will you give me, and will tell ve where your Milch Ass is. A shoulder a Mutton and a Capon quo the Bayliff \_\_\_ provided I have her agen. Why, reply'd the Serjeant, I faw her this Morning upon the Mountain without either Pack-saddle or Halter, so lean that it griev'd my heart to see her. I would have arrested her at your Worships Suit, and brought her home again, but she is grown so lawless, so wild and so skittish, that withal the Crast I could use, I could not get neer her, and at length she flung up her Heels, and flew into the covert of the Mountain. If your Worship pleases we'l go both together, and fee if we can find her; perhaps the Beaft may be more obedient to her Master then to me. You say very well Neighbour, quo the Bayliff, I accept your kind offer and thank you for it. With these Circumstances, and after this manner all that know the story, relate it word for word.

In order to this Agreement, the Head Bayliff and the Serjeant, went early the next Morning afoot, to examin the Mountain, more especially that part where the As had been seen the day before. But after they had gone many a weary step, lookt all about as if they had been searching for Birds Nests, quite tyr'd, and hungry as Foxes, not so much as the Hair of an As was to be found; which very much afflicted the Bayliff. Thereupon the Serjeant, beholding the Bayliff's mournful Countenance, now I think on't, quo he, I ha' thought upon a most certain way to find out this As G g g

my Liveries, which they only made for a little Offentation in the City, and fent me a grazing with my old Rags. A poor piece of Miching Baseness indeed, quo Don Quixote: and therefore I must needs commend thee for leaving the Court, especially confidering the Bravery of thy defign: for there is nothing more noble nor more beneficial in this World, then to ferve God in the first place, and the King in the next, especially in the Profession of Arms; for the a Man do not thereby heap up Wealth, yet he gains more honour by Military employment, then by Learning. 'Tis true indeed, more Families have been advanc'd by the Gown, then by the Sword; yet whatever be the reason of it, the Souldier has always this advantage above the Schollar, that he shines forth in the World with a more pompous and brighter Splendor. And therefore young Man, mind and remember what I now tell ye, and which may be much for your profit and consolation hereafter; be sure to be ready prepar'd for all Events that can happen, the worlt of which is death; and if it be a good and an honest Death, it is the greatest happiness in the World. Julius Casar being ask'd what death he would make choice of? To dye fuddenly, faid he, wherein he faid well, tho a Pagan, and one that had no knowledge of the true God. For what imports it whether I be kill'd with a Cannon Bullet, or blown up in a Mine; 'tis all but dying: and a Souldier firetch'd forth dead upon the Field of Battel, looks far more honourable then alive and fafe in flight. 'Tis the business and the glory of a Souldier to obey his Superiours, and those that command him; and I must tell thee young Man, 'tis better for a Souldier to fmell of Gunpowder, then Amber-Greece or Essence of Oranges; and if Age overtake thee in this honourable Employment of fighting for thy King and Country, tho cover'd with Scars, tho lame and maim'd, it never can furprize thee without honour, that will guard thee from the contempt of Poverty; nay from Poverty it felf, while thy Princes generous Providence takes care of thy support. I have nothing more to fay to thee at present, honest fellow Souldier, quo Don Quixote, only get thee up behind me, and I'le carry thee to the Inn, where thou shalt Sup with me to night, and then God be with thee, and fend thee well to do.

The young Lad civilly excus'd himself from riding behind the Knight, but willingly accepted of his Invitation to Supper. But that which bred admiration in Sancho, was to hear his Master talk so like a Rabby. Nowns, quo he, muttering to himself, how is it possible that a Man that talks as this Man does, nothing but Sentences and Pithy sayings, a Man that is able to be a Privy Councellor to a Marquis, should be so beforted as to believe those impossibilities, which he tells us he has seen in Montesinos's Cave, and affirm 'em for Gospel. Body a Me, never was any single Mortal so possible, at the same time by Fool and Wise-man thus by turns, i' this World—

And now the Sun was just ready to set when they arriv'd at the Inn; at what time, that which mainly overjoy'd Sancho was, that his Master took the Inn for what it really was, not a Castle but an Inn, contrary to his usual Custom.

Don Quixote was no fooner enter'd the Yard, but he enquir'd of the Innkeeper for the Man with the Swords and the Halberds; who answering, that he was in the Stable, they all alighted, and Don Quixote gave his Horse to Sancho.

of yours, if she be above ground; nay tho she should be hid fifteen yards under the Earth; for I my self can Bray to a Miracle, and if your Worship could but Bray never so little, the business were done. Never so little ! reply'd the Bayliff; I speak it without boasting, I defie all Mankind, nay the very Asses themselves to Bray more to the life then I can. So much the better, reply'd the Serjeant; then do you go a one fide the Mountain, and I'le go a' tother; and do you Bray a' your side, and I'le Bray a' mine; for then if the Ass be i' the Mountain, the Devil himself must be too strong for the Ass, if she don't come to her kind, the first that she hears Bray, whether you or me. Upon my word, quo the Bayliff, a notable invention,

and which none but a Man-hunter could ever have hit upon.

At the same time they parted, and when they thought themselves at a fufficient distance one from the other, they both fell a Brazing so exactly. that one deluding the t'other, they both made toward each others noise, believing the Als had been found, and so met again. Bodikins, out the Bayliff, I'de ha' layd my Life I had heard my Ass Bray. 'Twas your Worships mistake, quo the Serjeant, for twas I that you heard Bray, Well! quo the Bayliff, now Neighbour, must I acknowledge that there is no difference between an Ass and thee, I mean i'the matter of Braving; for upon my life I never heard the like. These Praises, reply'd the Serjeant, better belong to your Worship, then your unworthy Officer; for without flattery, your Worship is able to teach all the young Asses i' the Country to Bray: You have a strong Voice, excellent Lungs, and hold out your note exactly; you have the true Ronk huyinck, Ronk huyinck, and the Twirling of your Lips to a hairs breadth. In a word I yield your Worship the Bays, and will never more pretend to Bray i' your Company. Kings truce, quo the Bayliff; lore your Commendations, Neighbour, for they are more then I deserve: However I shall have a better Opinion of my Braying then ever I had, as having receiv'd your more judicious Approbation.

In good faith, Sir, quo the Serjeant, there are many good Qualities loft in the World, for want of knowing how to make use of 'em. You say very true, Neighbour, quo the Bayliff, for I should never have discover'd this Talent of mine, had it not been for this occasion, and I wish it may

prove fuccefsful.

After these Complements past between 'em, they divided themselves a fecond time, and went Braying one a' one fide the Hill, and th' other a' tother, more vigorously and couragiously then before; but being still deluded by their own Braying, they as often ran to the noise, and met one another as before, believing still t had been the lost Ass; till at length they agreed to Bray twice one after another, to the end they might be fure 'twas they, and not the Ass; and thus Braying twice together at a time, they fetcht a compass round about the Mountain, but all in vain, for the Ass made not the least Huyinck of an answer. And indeed how was it posfible the poor Beaft should answer 'em, which afterwards when they had almost Ronk'd their Hearts out, they found in the thickest part of the Mountain half eaten by the Wolves. At what time, quo the Bayliff, I wonder indeed the Ass took so little notice of his Kindred; which I'me sure she would ha' done, or else she had been no Ass. But let her go Neighbour, I ha' lost my Ass, and found a good Quality; and it is my farther satisfa-Aion and a sufficient recompence for my loss, that I have heard thee Bray fo deliciously as I ha' done.

The Glass is in a good hand, an't like your Worship, quo the Serjeant, and if the Abbot sings well, I'me sure the little Monk comes not behind

him. With that returning home, as hoarfe as Sowgelders horns, and as tyr'd as Dogs after a Fox chase, they told all their Friends and Acquaintance what had befall'n 'em in search of the Ass; the Serjeant extolling the Bayliff, and the Bayliff applauding the Serjeant for his excellency in Braying, and both with an equal Generofity yielding the Palm to the other.

Such a Story as this you may be fure was foread abroad over all the Country, and the Devil who never fleeps, but watches all occasions to fow difcord and diffention among Men, layd hold of the Opportunity; and fo manag'd his business, that when any of the Neighbouring Villages met any of our Town, they would still fall a Braying at 'em in derision of our Baylist.

At length the flory was got among the Boys, and then all the Inhabitants of Hell had as good ha' known it; for presently it flew like lightning from Village to Village; fo that our Townsmen are as well known all over the Country, as the Begger knows his Difh. But this is not all, for the jeast is now gone so far, that when the Jeerers and the Flowted meet, they fall to Daggers drawing, fearing neither the King nor his Laws, and never part without broken Pates and bloody Nofes. And now to morrow or next day at farthest, there is a Party of our Town, that are going to be reveng'd upon a Village about two Leagues off, who are lookt upon as their most inveterate Persecutors; and that's the reason they sent me to buy these Instruments of mischief. And these are the wonders I promised to tell ye; which if they ben't wonders, may produce wonders for ought I

At the same time that the Country Fellow concluded his Story, there came into the Inn-yard a kind of a Merry-Andrew, in Doublet, Breeches, and Stockins of Shamoy Leather, who calling to the Innkeeper, ask'd him for a Room. Withal, Sir, faid he, here's the Ape that tells Fortunes, and the Story of the Captive Melisandra's being set at Liberty.

'Slife, quo the Innkeeper, who's here, Mr. Peter! we shall be merry to night I find --- Welcom Mr. Peter --- but where's the Monkey and the Show? Not far behind, quo Peter, only I came a little before, to know whither y'had any room or no. I'de refuse the Duke of Alva to make room for Mr. Peter, quo the Host; only bring the Monkey and the Show; for here are People enow to pay well for the Sight. Very good, quo Mr. Peter; and Ile moderate my Price for the sake of the good Company provided they may bear my charges, I'le look for no more—and fo faying, he went out again to fetch his Cart.

I had forgot to tell yee, that this Mr. Peter wore a long piece of green Taffaty over his left Eye, that cover'd half his Face; by which you may guess he was troubl'd with a Disease more then ordinary; besides that the

Bridge of his Nose was fallen

Book II.

In the mean time Don Quixote ask'd the Innkeeper who this Mr. Peter was, and the meaning of his Fortune-telling Monkey, and his Show. This Mr. Peter, reply'd the Innkeeper, is the best for Puppet-Plays i' the Country; and he shews yee the Show of Melisandra, made to the Life in Puppets, by Don Gaffero himself. He has also a wonderful Monkey, the like of which was never heard of. If you ask him any question, he listens attentively, then leaps upon his Masters Shoulder, and whispers in his Ear the Answer to the Question demanded, and Mr. Peter explains it to the Party. He is much better at telling a Man or Woman what has befall'n, then what shall befall 'em; and tho he does not always hit right, yet is he feldom deceiv'd; which makes many People believe the Devil's in

Ggg 2

then

him. You give twelve Pence a piece for every Question, to which the Monkey answers, or rather his Master, after the Ape has whisper'd in his Ear. So that Mr. Peter is lookt upon to be very well to pass; for he is a notable merry Fellow, and a good Companion, talks fix Mens shares, and drinks twelve Mens; and all this he gets by his Tongue, his Monkey, and

By this Mr. Peter arriv'd with his Cart, and the Ape appear d, a lufty Rogue without a Tail, and his Bum as bare as a felt, but very pert and

pleasant to look upon.

412

So foon as Don Quixote perceiv'd him, out of his impatience to try all manner of Adventures; Worshipful Son of Cornelius Agrippa, quo He, what Fish do we catch? what ha you to say concerning my good or bad Fortune?— Here's my twelve Pence as round as a Jugglers Box— and fo faving he order'd Sancho to give the Money to Mr. Peter, who at the fame time returning the Monkeys Answer; Sir, said he, this knowing Creature, speaks nothing of what is to come; but of what is past he can tell yee something, and concerning the present time he knows as much. The Devil twift his Guts for a Baboon as he is, quo Sancho-Ple not give him a Farthing to tell me whats past- for who knows that better then my self? - Zookers, that's the greatest folly i' the World, to pay for what a Man knows already -- But fince he's fo good at the prefent Time, let him tell me what my Wife Terefa's now a doing, and here's my Twelve-Pence withal my heart.

Mr. Peter told him, he took no Money beforehand; and at the same time giving two claps with his right Hand upon his left Shoulder, up skip'd the Ape, and laying his Mouth to his Masters Ear, grated his Teeth together while a Man might tell Five, and then down he leap'd again. Immediately upon this, Mr. Peter throwing himself upon his Knees before Don Quixote, and embracing his Thigh; This Thigh, quo He, do I embrace with more joy, then I would embrace the Pillars of Hercules. Long live the Restorer of forgotten Knight-Errantry, Long live the renowned Knight, the famous Don Quixote de la Mancha; the Support of the Weak, the Stay of them that are ready to Fall, the Raifer of the Disconsolate,

and the Succour of the Miserable.

At these words Don Quixote stood amaz'd, Sancho trembl'd, and the Schollar bless'd himself, the Lacquey wonder'd, the Country Fellow gap'd, the Innkeeper star'd, astonish'd all at Mr. Peters Rapture; who then addressing himself to Sancho, And thou Sancho Pancha, said he, the most faithful Squire to the most Valiant Knight that ever was, thank thy kind Stars that have bestow'd upon thee so good a Wise, and so industrious a Huswife, for she's at this time darning her old Stockins, by the same token that she has standing by her, upon her left Hand a Stone Jug with a broken mouth, containing two Pints of Old Malaga, to relieve her fainting Spirits, every other stich, with a Dram of the Bottle. By the pleasure of Generation, quo Sancho, I durst ha' fworn as much; for Teresa's a Woman of extraordinary Parts, and were it not but that she's a little Jealous, I would not change her for the Gyantess Betty-Makarela, who as my Master fays, was one of the most diligent Women of her Time. I dare say she'll never kill her self with fasting, the her Heirs were ready to starve for want of her Joynture.

Well-quo Don Quixote, He that reads much and travels much, fees much and knows much: but who the Devil would ever believe that Monkeys could Prophesie; not I by my faith, had I not seen it with my own Eyes. And then proceeding, said he, 'tis very true as this same little Animal has said. I am that very Specifical, Numerical Don Quixote de la Mancha, in whose Praises the Monkey has so obligingly enlarg'd himself, I confess, something beyond my deferts. But let me be what I will, I give thanks to Heav'n for having bestow'd upon me strength and Courage, and a Compas-

fionate Inclination to serve all Mankind.

Had I but a Shilling in all the World, I would give it Mr. Monkey, to tell me what luck I shall have i' my Travels. Sir, quo Mr. Peter, I have told yee already my Monkey knows nothing of what is to come; if he did, he should serve you gratis for once; for there is nothing that I would not do for the fake of the worthy Sir Don Quixote, whose Friendship I esteem above all the Money i' the World; and that he may see the Reality of my Heart, I will freely fet up my Show for the Pastime of the Company, without expecting a Farthing for my Pains. Which the Innkeeper hearing, like one ready to leap out of his Skin for joy, call'd for t'other dozen of Rabbet's, and order'd Mr. Peter a convenient Room, wherein to

embattel his Puppets.

Which while Mr. Peter was a doing, Don Quixote, who could not beat it into his Brains, that a Monkey could Prophelie and give answers, retird with Sancho into a By-corner of the Stable, where finding themselves in private; Hark vee me, Sancho, said he, I have been often rowling and trowling i' my mind the wonderful and extraordinary Gifts of this same Monkey, and I cannot for the Blood of me apprehend how it should be. unless his Master has made a secret Contract, or an express Stipulation with the Devil. I'le hold a Wager, quo Sancho, that neither of 'em faid their Prayers before they went to this Collation; neither can I think that any Collation of the Devils could be otherwise then nastily drest. - Now pray Sir, what advantage could it be to Mr. Peter to eat the Devils Durty Puddings? Thou do'st not understand me Sancho; my meaning is, that the Devil and He have enter'd into an Agreement and Covenant together. that the Devil shall endow the Monkey with the gift of Figure-casting, to enrich the Puppet-player his Master; and that after such a time the Puppet player in recompence of the Devils kindness shall furrender him his Soul, which is all that mortal Enemy of human Kind aims at. And that which confirms me the more in this Opinion is, that the Monkey knows nothing but of the past and present time, which is as much as the Devil himself knows, for alas he understands nothing of what is to come, but only Conjectures at it; and where one of his Conjectures hir, a thoufand miss, there being only God alone who sees all things as if they were present before his Eyes. Which being beyond all contradiction, 'tis as clear as the Sun, that the Monkey speaks only through the Devils Organ-Pipe. And I wonder the Inquisition Court has hitherto taken no Cognizance of this same Mr. Peter, and that they have not summon'd him in to declare and make out by what power this Monkey takes upon him to tell Fortunes. For when ye have faid all that ye can, I cannot think that either he or his Mafter are Prophets, or that they know how to erect a Scheme any more then as your Lillies, your Saffolds, and the rest of your More-fields and Spittle-fields Conjurers, Women and Coblers do. who by their Confounded lyes and ignorance, debase and bring to contempt Judicial Aftrology, which is a wonderful and infallible Science.

Fremember, one day, a Person of Quality put the question to one of these Quacks, whether a little Bitch that she had should Puppy; and of what colour, and how many Puppies the Bitch should have. To whom

the Figure-Flinger, after he had erected his Scheam in great formality. answer'd, that the Bitch should have three Puppies, one green, one red, and another Motley, provided she were lim'd of a Manday or Saturday, between the hours of Eleven and Twelve a Clock at Noon or Night. But it happen'd that the Bitch miscarry'd at three days end, and so the Conjurer loft the Reputation of his Prediction. However, Sir, quo Sancho, I would have ye ask the Monkey, whether what you have related concerning the Cave of Montesinos, be true or no; for, for my part, saving that respect which I owe yee as my Master, I cannot think 'em other then idle Whims and Visions that you saw i' your sleep. That cannot be, reply'd Don Quixote, however for thy farther satisfaction I'le ask the Monkey; tho I confess it goes a little against my Conscience.

While they two were thus in deep Consultation, Mr. Peter, who had been looking for Don Quixote, came and told him, that all things were

ready, and that only his Presence was wanting.

To whom Don Quixote answer'd, that he had a question to put to his Monkey first; whether certain Accidents that had befall'n him in a certain Cave, call'd the Cave of Montesinos, were Lyes or Realities; for that he could not tell what to think on't himself. Presently Mr. Peter fetch'd his Monkey, and placing him just before Don Quixote and Sancho; Look ye Mr. Monkey, faid he, This famous Knight desires ye to tell him, whether certain strange Accidents that befel him in a Cave, call'd the Cave of Montesinos, cere true or false? Presently the Monkey upon the usual signal leaping upon his Masters Shoulder, after he had layd his Lips a while to his Masters Ear, whip'd down again; at what time, quo his Interpreter to Don Quixote, the Monkey says, that what you saw in the Cave, is partly probable, partly very much to be question'd. This is all that he can answer to this Demand at present; but that if you desire to know any thing farther, he will next Fryday give yee full fatisfaction to as many Questions as you please to ask; for his Spirit has left him, and will not return till next Fish day.

Law ye there now, quo Sancho, did I not tell yee that all your Stories of Montesinos's Cave were all a Company of inventions and lyes, and that it was only for your fake if I believ'd above half of 'em. That's as time shall try, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; there's nothing so conceal'd in this World, but time at length will bring it to light, tho it were buri'd in the Entrails of the Earth. But no more of this at present, --- let's now go and see Mr. Peters Show: I am perswaded we shall see something that is new and worth our fight. Something! quo Mr. Peter, yes — a hunder'd thousand things—I tell yee my Lord Don Quixote, this is none o' your common Rarie Shows, that are cry'd about the Streets, but one of the most exquisite Motions that ever Europe beheld; Believe our works not our words: Come along, Sir, then, for we have a great many Speeches

to make, and the day wastes.

Thereupon Don Quixote and Sancho follow'd Mr. Peter into the Chamber where the Show flood, with a great number of small Wax-Candles glimmering round about. At the same time Mr. Peter put himself behind the Motion, under the covert of a Curtain, as being the Person that was to move the Puppets, and to make 'em speak. Before, stood a Boy, Servant to Mr. Peter, who was to interpret what the Puppets faid, and with a little Wand in his Hand to poynt directly to every Figure as they came in and out, to tell who they were, and explain the Mystery of the whole Motion. And then it was that all the Company having taken

their Seats (tho Don Quixote, Sancho, and the Schollar were preferr'd to the best places) the Interpreter began a Story that will never be read or known, but by those that shall read and hear the next Chapter.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. XXVI.

Continuing the Pleasant Adventure of the Puppet-player, with other pleasant Passages.

Onticuere omnes; The Trojans and Tyrians were all filent; that is, all the Spectators hung their Ears upon the Interpreters Mouth; at what time the Scene opening, they heard in the first place a loud Flourish of Trumpets and Kettle Drums, accompany'd with several Peals of Cannon: which Prelude being over, the young Interpreter, lifting up his Voice, Gentlemen, quo he, behold a True History, taken out of the Chronicles of France; How Don Gafferos deliver'd Melisandra his Wife, detain'd a Captive by the Moores in the City of Saragosa. And first you shall see how the great Don Gafferos sits playing at Draughts all day i' the Widows Coffee House, never regarding what becomes of the Virtuous Melisandra, according to the words of the Ballad .-

> And all the while Gafferos, He Lay smoaking of his Mamsey Nose, And playing all day long at Draughts For all the Money in his Hofe. So little for his Princely Wife, Fair Melisandra, was his Grief.

That same Potentate that peeps out there with a Crown upon his Head, and a Scepter in his Hand, is the famous Emperour Charlemain, the reputed Father of the Fair Melisandra; who all enrag'd to see the Sloth and Negligence of his Son in Law, comes out to rate him; and mark how Majestically he Berogues and Rascals him, as if he intended to break his Pare with his Scepter; and some Authors there are that tell yee, how he gave him five or fix Remembrances well lay'd on, after he had told him his own, and what a Pewter-button'd Rakeshame he was, to let his Wife lie all that time in Prison. Now mark again how the Emperour turns his Tail upon him; how he goes away maundring; and how Don Gafferos enrag'd at the affront offer'd him by the Emperour, dings the Tables one way, and whirls the Table-men another way, and calls for his Arms to be brought him immediately. Thereupon you fee him begging his Coufin Rowland to lend him his trufty Sword Durindana (for you must know his own was at Pawn) which he refuses to do, but offers to go along with him and be his Second. Which puts Don Gafferos into fuch a Pelting chafe, that he fcorns both his Coulin Rowland and his Company, and falls a fwearing like a Tinker, that he'll deliver his own Wife himself, without being beholding to any of his Kindred-ay that he will-by Pharo's Host (hark how he bellows now) tho she were fifty Leagues beyond the Antipodes. And now he's going to put on his Armour, and to prepare himself for his Journey.

And

Part IL

And now Gentlemen, cast your Eyes upon that Tower. That's one of the Towers of the Castle of Saragola, and the Lady which you see in the Balcony there, in Morish Habit, is the Peerless Melisandra; who coming out forty times a day into the Balcony, casts many a heavy look toward France, thinking upon Paris, and her Maggot pated Spouse, the only Consolation of her Imprisonment. But now, Gentlemen, mind, I befeech yee mind it, here is an Accident altogether new, and perhaps never heard of before. Don't yee see the Moore yonder, that comes creep, ing and stealing along with his finger in his Mouth, behind Melisandra? By and by he gives her a pat o'the Shoulder, and as she turns her Head to fee what's the matter, hark what a fmack he gives her full i' the Mouth. Then fee how she Spits and Fogh's it, and wipes her Lips with her white Holland-smock sleeves; see how she laments and tears her Golden Tresses for very madness, as if they were guilty of the Moores Thest. Now obferve yonder grave serious Moore, above i'the open Gallery; That's Marfilm the King of Saragofa, who having feen the Sawciness of the Moore, tho his near Kinsman and Favorite, causes him to be be apprehended and publickly Whipt through the Streets of the City. There, look yee, the Guards are coming forth to put the Sentence in Execution; for among the Moores the Kings word's a Law without any formality of Tryals.

Here Don Quixote interrupting him, Young Man, Young Man, quo he, pray go on wi your story in a direct Line, and let me ha' none a' these Digressions and ramblings out of the Road - For I must tell yee, there ought to be Legal Proofs of the matter of Fact, before a Man be condemn'd. Boy, quo the Master, from behind the Show, do as the Gentleman commands yee; forbear your Flourishes; keep to your Plain-song; and let me hear no more o' your Figur'd Counter-point; least you run into

Discords.

I shall, Sir, quo the Boy, making a Reverend Scrape, and so going on; He that you see there a Horse-back, in a short Sleeveless Coar of Russet Manchester Bays, is Don Gasseros himself, to whom Melisandra (now sufficiently revenged upon the Moore for his Arrogancy) talks from the top of the Tower, taking him for some Stranger that travell'd that way, and holds him in a long Discourse, which you may read in the Ballad, where you have these Lines.

> Friend, if for France you go, enquire For my Gafferes, Stout and Strong, And tell him he's a whoring Cur To let me lye in Jayl fo long-

The Rest I omit, Prolixity being displeasing to most men. 'Tis sufficient that Don Gafferos at length made himself known to her; and then you may readily guess how glad she was to see him, tho twere only by Moon-light, and how forry she was she had fent him such an unkind Message; but she excus'd it by faying she did it only i' the way of Familiarity. And to make him amends, the straddles over the Balcony to leap into his Arms (for he was able to hold her had she been as heavy agen) and so to have got behind him. But oh the wretched Fate of Lovers; for there you see her stopped by one of the Spikes of the Balcony, that catches hold of her Petticoat; and there you see her dangling i' the Air, in a most unhappy and frightful Condition. And now what shall she do! or who shall afford her Succour in this distress? There's but one way i'the World - but a desperate

Disease must have a desperate Cure. Don Gafferos therefore rides up to her. and taking her by both her Heels, never minding the Richness of her Petticoat, gives her a tugg, and the delicate Garment a rash; and so fetching her down by Head and Shoulders, fets her aftride upon the Crupper of his Horse, bidding her sit fast, and clap her Arms about his Shoulders for fear of falling, by reason she was not accustom'd to that way of riding. Hark how the Horse neighees, and by his Prancing, shews how proud he is of the Noble burden of his Valiant Master and Beautiful Mistress. See how they leave the City, and Gallop merrily away, taking the Road for Paris. Peace be with yee, most Peerless Couple of Faithful Lovers; may yee arrive safe and found within the Confines of your beloved Country, without meeting any Traverses or Obstacles of Way-ward Fortune. And after a prosperous Journey may you be long the Joy of your Friends and Relations in Peace and Prosperity; and may your Years equal the Years of Nestor.

Soft and fair, Boy, quo Mr. Peter, foar not fo high, least you break your Neck i' the fall - To which the Boy made no answer, but pursuing his Story-Now, quo he, there were a fort of Busie bodies, who discovering Melifandra's Flight, gave immediate notice of it to King Marsilius. who presently put the whole City into an Uproar; and now you may see the whole City tottering, and ready to fink into the Earth with the weight

of the Bells that Ring backward in all their Molquees.

There y'are out again, quo Don Quixote; and your Master is absurdly mistaken in Bells: The Moors have no Bells, but only make a noise with their Drums and their Kettle Drums, and fometimes they have their Shaums, that are like our Hant-boys; but to bring in Bells into Saragofa! vour Master was an ignorant Coxcomb for his pains. Never let such triffes disturb your Patience, I beseech vee Sir Knight, quo Mr. Peter. Don't we find Comedies Acted every day that talk of Great Guns in Alexander the Great's time, and Giants in Edward the Thirds Time; with a hunder'd Extravagancies altogether as abfurd, yet Acted with the applause and admiration of most of the Spectators? Go on, Eoy, go on; let there be as many Impertinencies as Motes i' the Sun, fo I get Money. You say very true indeed, Mr. Peter, reply'd Don Quixote; Why should you observe Rules more then others?

And now Gentlemen, quo the Boy, going on with his Lurrey; what a Hurry of Glittering Knights is yonder? How they pour out of the City in pursuit of the two Lovers? How the Trumpets found? What a ratling and rumbling i' th' Air the Drums and Kettle-Drums make? For my part I am afraid of nothing fo much, as that they should overtake em. and then we should see 'em drag'd along in most cruel manner ty'd to the

Tails of their Horses.-

Don Quixote as it were awaken'd by those words, seeing such a Cluster of Moors, and hearing fuch a Dinn and Hurry of People, thought it now high Time to fuccour the flying Lovers; and to that pupole frarting up briskly upon his Feet, he cry'd out in a most violent sury; For whom do they take me here? shall it ever be said that while I liv'd, and before my Face too, such an Outrage should be done to so Famous and so Amorous a Knight as Don Gafferos? Then in a foaming Rage - Hold Infolent Scoundrels hold, quo he --- forbear your Villanous pursuit -- He that stirs an Inch farther, moves to his destruction. And so saying, up he leaps upon the Table, and lays at the poor Innocent Puppets, with that outragious fury, that Heads and Arms flew about without Compassion. Among the rest of the vigorous blows, there was one back stroak cleft the Air with so swift a Motion.

Book II.

a Motion, that if the Puppet-Player himself had not been more nimble then a Taylor, it had parted his Neck from his Shoulders, more exactly then any Dutch Heads man could have fliver'd it off. Heavens bless me. Sir Knight, what d'yee mean to do? cry'd Mr. Peter, These are no Moors l'le affure yee Sir: Does not your Worship see they are only Puppets made of Pastboard, and that you are going about to ruin a Poor Man? But Mr. Peter's cries could nothing avail, for the Valiant Don Quixote layd about him as long as he thought he faw any Enemies. So that in less time then a Man might say a Miserere, he had cut the Motion all to pieces, King Marsilius being dangerously wounded, and Charlemain having his Head cleft, like Juniter's when he brought forth Minerva. For you must know that Don Quixote spar'd neither Moors nor Christians. The whole Company was no less in disorder; the Monkey betook himself to his Heels, and got to the Top of the House; the Guide and the Lacquey were in a stinking Condition; nay Sancho himself trembl'd, as one that had never feen his Master in such a terrible Fury before. But now the Enemy being Defeated, and the Field of Battel clear'd by fuch a general Deftruction, the Generous Don Quixote scorn'd to take Advantage of his Victory, or to enrich himself by the Pillage, but having wip'd the Sweat from off his Face. with a more fedate and pacify'd Countenance; now would I fain, quo he. that all they had been here present, that will not believe the benefit and necessity of Knight-Errantry. For do but consider, had it not been my good Fortune to have been here, what might have befallen Don Gafferos and the fair Melisandra, who could have hinder'd these Dogs, but that they would have purfu'd, apprehended, and abus'd 'em?' Long live Knight-Errantry in despite of Envy, and maugre the Incredulity of those that have not the Courage to enter into her Orders; Let her live for ever glorious; and let him that fays the contrary dare to shew his Face.

Oh let her live, cry'd Mr. Peter in a doleful tone, and let death be my miserable Portion, who may now say with King Rodorigo, Testerday I was King of Spain, but now not Master of a Foot of Land. Within this Quarter of this hour I had one of the fairest Courts in the World; I commanded Kings and Emperors; and now behold me a Poor Nicodemus, a naked, sad, disconsolate Beggar; and all through the rash and inconsiderate sury of an Ungrateful Knight, that calls himself the Bulwark of Orphans and Widows, the Support and comfort of the Afflicted. He is full of Charity for others, but it seems he reserv'd all his Malice to spend it upon me and mine. But since it was the Will of Fate, that the Knight of the Sad Figure should employ his Valour to dubb so many of my Puppets, to wear

his Title, I submit.

Poor Sancho, was so touch'd with Mr. Peter's Lamentations, that no less griev'd then the Puppet Player; Weep not, Mr. Peter, quo he, you peirce my very heart; but confide in me; for I assure yee my Master is as Pious, as he is Valiant, and when he comes to understand he has done yee the least Injury, he will make yee double Amends. Provided, quo Mr. Peter, that the Lord Don Quixote will but pay me part of what my Puppets which he has dissigur'd cost me, I shall soon be satisfy'd, and he'll discharge a good Conscience; for he cannot well think to be sav'd who wrongs his Neighbour, and restores not the Goods of which he has depriv'd him. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote, but I know not any dammage I have done yee. No dammage! answer'd Mr. Peter; behold these miserable Innocents that lie strow'd upon the Floor; who d'yee think has slic'd and earbonado'd 'em thus, but that Invincible Arm of yours

yours, which no human force can resist? and who d' yee think these wretched Ruins belong to but to Me? who think yee Feeds and Cloaths me but They? Absolutely am I now convinc'd, reply'd Don Quixote, of what I have so often said, that these Enchanters who continually persecute Me. change and alter all things at their pleasure, on purpose to abuse me. For I profess ingeniously, Gentlemen, who hear me, that every thing I faw appear'd to Me as real and undoubted, as it was in the Time of Charlemain. I took Melisandra for Melisandra, Don Gafferos for Don Gafferos, and Marlilius for Marlilius, the Moores for Moores, in perfect Flesh and Bones. Which being fo, I could not refrain my fury; and therefore, that I might accomplish the Duty of my Profession, which obliges me to Succour the Oppressed, I did what I did: if the Effects prov'd not anfwerable to my Defign, the fault lay not in me, but in those cursed Necromancers, that pursue me to extremity. Nevertheless, tho I am not guilty of their wickedness, I will condemn my felf to repair the dammage; reck'n your Loss therefore, Mr. Peter, and I shall pay it down upon the Nail. At which words Mr. Peter bowing himself with his Head almost to the Ground, I mistrusted no less, quo he, from the inimitable Piety of the most Valiant Don Quixote de la Mancha, the most assured Refuge and certain Support of miserable Vagabonds. Here's my Master, the Innkeeper, and the most upright Sancho, let them, if your Worship pleases, be the Moderators in this Unfortunate Cause. Content, reply'd Don Quixote, with a lmy Heart. Immediately Mr. Peter taking up King Marsilius, and thewing him without a Head; you see Gentlemen, said he, 'tis impossible to restore the King of Saragosa to his Royal Dignity, and therefore, with submission to my honourable Judges, for the Coronation of his Succeffor, and the Funeral Expences of the Murder'd Prince, less cannot be allow'd me then Two Shillings and fix Pence. Content, quo Don Quixote, go on to the next. For this same downright slit from Head to Foot, continu'd Mr. Peter, taking up Charlemain from the Ground, I think three Shillings is little enough. 'Tis but reasonable, quo Sancho. Very Conscionable, quo the Innkeeper; he was a great Emperour, measure the Wound, and you'l find it fix Sixpences all a row in length. Give him two Shillings ten Pence Half-penny, quo Don Quixote; we'll neer stand upon a Half-penny in fuch a case as this. But pray dispatch Mr. Peter, for tis Supper time, and I begin to feel certain Suspicions of Hunger. For this Figure here, that has loft one Eye, and the Nose cut off, which was indeed the fair Melisandra her felf, I think it but reasonable to demand fifteen Pence. 'Slife, quo Don Quixote, I had thought Melisandra and her Husband had been upon the Confines of France before now, confidering that the Horse they rode upon seem'd rather to slie then Gallop. Find another Chapman, good Mr. Peter; you must not think to sell me Cats for Hares; by making me believe a Melisandra without a Nose to be the real Melisandra, who if the Devil ben't i' the Horse, is now at her Fathers Court between a pair of Holland Sheets with her Husband.

Thereupon Mr. Peter finding Don Quixote begin to grow touchie, and fearing he should shew him a Trick, after he had seem'd to view the Puppet more narrowly; I was mistaken, quo he, this is not Melisandra, now I see, but one of her waiting Gentlewomen drest up in her Cloaths, for whom I demand no more then sour Pence ha'penny.

After Mr. Peter had thus examin'd who were flain, and who were wounded, and fet his price upon every one, the Arbitrators moderated the bufiness to the content of both Parties, allotting Don Quixote to pay a Mark Hhh 2

for the whole, which Sancho payd down upon the Nail. Mr. Peter demanded also three Pence more toward paying for affishance to help him catch his Monkey. Give it him, Sancho, quo Don Quixote; and I would give ten times as much, to be affur'd, that Don Gafferos and Melisandra were safe in France with their Friends. No body can tell that better then my Monkey, cry'd Mr. Peter. But 'tis such a mad Thief, that the Devil can't take him, unless hunger or his kindness for me cause him to return; but I'me fure of him to morrow Morning, and then he shall give your Worship full farisfaction.

The Life and Atchievements of

The Hubbub thus appeared, they all Suppt together at Don Quixote's Charges, who was as liberal as a Young Heir at a Fish-Street Tavern.

The next Morning the Carrier departed with his Lances and his Halberds by break of Day; the Guide and the Lacquey went and took their leaves, the one to return home, the other in order to continue his Journey. Don Quixote gave the Lacquey several wholsom Admonitions touching the Profession of a Souldier, which he was going to undertake, and then putting a Rofe Noble into his Hand, embrac'd him and bid him farewell. As for Mr. Peter, he was too well acquainted with Don Quixote's humour, and therefore refolving to have no more to do with him, after he had got his Monkey again, and pickt up the Ruins of his Motion, he packt up his Auls, and away scudded he before Sun-rise to mend his Show and feek his Fortune. And as for Don Quixote, he generously payd the Innkeeper, and taking Horse by eight a Clock i'the Morning, lest him as much aftonish'd at his Extravagancies, as wondering at his Liberality. And so let him jog on a while, that we may have leifure to recount some other Passages, necessary for the better understanding of this History.

#### CHAP. XXVII.

Wherein is discover'd who Mr. Peter was, together with the ill success which Don Quixote had in the Adventure of Braying, which did not fall out according to his Wishes.

Hey who have read the first part of this History, may remember a certain Rake-hell, whom Don Quixote fet at liberty, together with feveral other Newgate Birds. This fame Tory was he that robb'd Sancho

of his Grizzle in the Black Mountain.

This same Black Tom, fearing the Warrants that were out against him, to punish him for the Rogueries he had committed, of which the number is so great, that they are extant in Print in a Book much like that of the English Rogue, put a black Plaister upon his Eye, and in that disguise refolv'd to wander up and down the Country and shew Puppet-plays; wherein, as also in the Art of High Pass and be gone, he was an accomplished Master. The Monkey he bought in his Travels of certain Marriners that came from the Coast of Barbery; and taught him to leap upon his Shoulder upon a certain sign given, and to make as if he whisper'd in his Ear. This done, before he enterd into any Place where he intended to take up his Quarters, he carefully inform'd himself in the next Village what particular Accidents had happen'd in that place, and to what Persons, and Barrell'd 'em up fafely in his Memory. Then the first thing he did, was to shew his Pupper play, that represented some times one History, sometimes another, which

which were generally well known, and taking among the Vulgar. After that, he commended the wonderful Qualities of his Ape, telling the People that he knew all things that were past and present, but never what was to come; and for every Answer to every Question he took a Shilling, and many times lefs, as he felt the Pulses of his Customers. And sometimes when he came to the Houses of People, of whom he had already had some information, he would without being ask'd, make his accustom'd fign to his Monkey, and then as if the Monkey had told him. relate the passage with all 'its Circumstances; by which means he had got a mighty Credit among the Vulgar fort; or if he were not fully inform'd. then by the Dexterity of his Wit, he return'd such Ambiguous Answers. which fuited with the Question like a Garment that will fit several Persons. laughing all the while at all the World, and filling his Purse: So that in such a disguise 'twas easie for Mr. Peter to cully Don Quixote and Sancho, whom he knew as foon as he enter'd the Inn, tho unknown to them.

Now let us overtake the famous Knight of the Mancha; who having left the Inn, resolv'd before he went to Saragosa to visit the pleasant Banks of the River Heber, and the Places adjoyning, especially finding he had

time enough, and being never out of his way.

Book II.

For two days together he travell'd without meeting any Adventure worthy Observation; till the third day, mounting up a little Hill, he heard a great noise of Drums and Trumpets, and shooting off of Muskets. which he thought at first had been some muster of the County Train Bands, and made him fpur up Rosinante to the Top of the Hill, where he faw i' the Vale on the other fide about two hunder'd Men Arm'd with different Weapons, Pitchforks, Partizans, Crossbows, Pikes, and fome Muskets. Thereupon he rode down the Hill fo near the Multitude, that he could diftinguish their Colours, and their Motto's; and among the rest he discover'd one Ensign of black Tassaty, upon which was Painted an Ass to the Life, stretching out his Neck, holding up his Snout, widening his Nostrils, and thrusting out his Tongue, just in the Posture of an Assthat is Braying; with this Motto round about.

'Twas not for nothing, if well Weigh'd, That both the wife Const-ables Bray'd.

This Motto gave Don Quixote to understand that they were the Inhabitants of the Braying Village; and therefore said he to Sancho, shewing him what was written in the Colours; the Carrier that told us the Story of the Men that Bray'd was absolutely mistaken; for they were not Bayliffs of a Corporation that Bray'd, but certain Constables or Princes of the Night, as is apparent by the Motto in the Colours. Sir, faid Sancho, I have nothing to do with Bradshaws Windmil, neither is it any way material to the Truth of the Story, whether they were Bayliffs or Constables, (tho Constables do make a fearful noise sometimes) nay for ought I know they might be two of your Country Just-Asses of the Peace, put into Commission more for their Money then their Wit: but let 'em be whatthey will, what's that to you or me? The Mayor of Altringham and the Mayor of Over, one was a Thatcher the other a Dauber-but what's this to you or me, or the History? - pray go on, Sir, if y'have any thing more to fay.

At length Don Quixote understood that they were a Company of hairbraind Men of Gotam, muster'd together to fight the People of another Village, who indeed jeer'd'em with their Braying too unmercifully, and like ill

Neighbours :

Neighbours. Thereupon Don Quixote rode in among 'em, notwithstanding all Sancho's prudent Admonitions, who had no kindness for such fort of Adventures; at what time the armed Rabble hemn'd him in, believing him to be one of their Party. But Don Quixote listing up his Vizor, and with a losty Countenance desiring the Throng to make way, rode up to the Standard, where the chief Masters of Missule gather'd about him, no less astonish'd then others had been before at his strange Physiognomy and Equipage. Don Quixote therefore perceiving how they stard and gap'd upon him, resolv'd to take the Advantage of their silence, and willing to enlighten their Understandings,

Gentlemen, said he, I desire yee with all the love and kindness that may be, not to interrupt me in my discourse, unless you find it displeasing to your Ears; for then upon the holding up of a Finger I shall stop, tho it be i' the midst of my Career. Thereupon one that seem'd to command the Rest bid him speak freely, and as long as he pleas'd. Then Don Quixote

beginning a fecond time.

Gentlemen, said he, I am a Knight-Errant, Arms are my Exercise, and my Profession is to succour those that are under Oppression and have need of my Assistance. It is but within these few days that I understood the mischance that had befall'n yee, and how that yee had taken Arms to revenge your felves upon a Company of Cogg shall Jeerers, that insulted over your Misfortune. I must confess I have been ever fince considering, and pondering, and meditating upon your Case; and I find by the strickt Laws of Duels, that you injure your felves, in believing your felves affronted; for that one particular Person cannot affront a whole Corporation and Society of Men, unless it be by accusing 'em of a general Rebellion or Insurrection, for want of knowing the Ringleaders. Of which we have a notable Example in the Case of Don Diego de Lara, who accus'd all the Inhabitants of Zamora for Traytors, not knowing that Vellido Dolfos had kill'd the King his Mafter; and so accusing all, the Revenge and the Defence belong'd to all in General. I must confess, Don Diego strain'd a Note above Ela; for it was unreasonable to accuse the Dead, or the Waters, or the Corn that was reap'd, or those that were unborn, as you may read in the Accusation; but when a Man's Welch Blood is up, there is no Curb that can hold it in. Wife Men and well govern'd Republicks never take Arms, nor hazard their Lives and Estates, but upon five occasions; In the first place to defend their Religion; Secondly in defence of their Lives and Fortunes, which the Laws both of God and Man allow: Thirdly, to maintain the Honour and Dignity of our Families; Fourthly, for the Service of our Prince in his just Wars: Fifthly, which indeed may be refer'd to the fecond, in defence of our Country-Under these five, as Capital Heads, may be comprehended all the other occasions of taking Arms in a just cause. But to run Hurry Hurry, to revenge and flaughter for Trifles, and the little Extravagancies of wanton Waggery and Pastime, is not only a breach of the Law, but directly contrary to the purity of Christian Morality, which commands us to forgive our Enemies, and to Love our Neighbours as our felves. A fevere Injunction I must confess to those that parrake more of the Flesh then of the Spirit, yet a command to which it behoves all Men to submit, that would be Imitators of the Grand Exemplar of Love and Peace. And now Gentlemen having faid thus much, I hope I need fay no more to perswade yee to lay down your Tumultuous Arms, that only ferve to disturb the publick Tranquility, and render yee obnoxious to your Princes just Indignation. Here

Book II. The Renowned Don Quixote.

Here Don Quixate paws'd a while, as it were to take breath; at what time Sancho believing he had done, the Devil take me, quo he, if this Master a' mine be not a Doctor of Divinity; or if he be not so indeed. he's as like one as four Pence to a Groat; and then encourag'd by the continu'd attention of the Armed Auditory ---- Gentlemen, quo he. My Lord Don Quixote, once call'd the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance. but now the Knight of the Lyons, is a Person of great knowledge and discretion, and one that can speak Latin as fluently as an Usher of a School; and in all the Counfels and Admonitions that he gives he speaks like a Souldier, bluntly but to the purpose. He has all the Laws and Statutes of Military Discipline and Knight-Errantry at his Fingers ends, so that you may depend upon his Advice; and in fo doing if ever yee tread awry, then will I give vee leave to brand me for an Infidel. And I must tell vee. 'tis not without good Reason that he seems so much offended at your quarrelling fo idly about a filly Business of Braying. For I remember when I was a little Scaperloiterer, and us'd to play truant, I took great delight in Braying; and by often practice, without offence to your Worships, and without vanity be it spoken, it was so natural to me, that all the Asses i' the Village would fall a Braying when they heard me Bray. And yet for all that, I was no less the Son of Parents, who were Both well descended. I must confess that for this excellent Quality of mine, I was envy'd by above four of the best Young Men i' the Parish, but I valu'd 'em not a Button; well knowing that every Man was to make the best of those parts which Heaven and his own Industry had bestow'd upon him. Now, Gentlemen, to let you see that I am no Lyar, but one that always tells truth, do but hear me, and then your own Ears shall be Judges; for this Art of mine is like swimming, once acquir'd 'tis never forgot. And so saying, the fincere Squire, clapping both the Paums of his Hands to his Nose, fell a Braying with fuch a strong and vigorous breath, that he made all the Neighbouring Woods and Vallies ring again. But as he was going to recover his Wind, and Bray a fecond time, one of those that stood next him, believing he had done it in mockery, gave him fuch a thump with a Woodden Leaver upon the Reins of his Back, that he fell'd poor Sancho from his Ass, and layd him sprawling upon the Ground. Don Quixote feeing his unfortunate Squire fo uncivilly us'd, ran with his Lance couch'd against the remorceless Assaylant; but finding him rescu'd by such a number of Pitchforks and other desperate Weapons, and feeling it already began to rain mortal showers of Stones about his Ears, belides a great number of Muskets ready to give Fire, he withdrew himself out of the Throng as fast as Rosinante could Gallop, heartily recommending himself to God and his dear Mistress, believing himself already shot through with a thoufand Bullets: but the Rabble being fatisfi'd with his Flight, never offer'd to fend any of their Leaden Messengers after him. As for Sancho, he was acquitted, upon payment of the blow he had receiv'd; fo that they layd him athwart his Ass, hardly recover'd from the swimming of his Head that accompany'd the bruile of his Back, and fuffer'd him to follow his Mafter; which his Grizzle according to Custom did of her own accord, as not being able to quit the Society of Rosinante, tho but for a moment. Don Quixote on the other fide having try'd Rosinantes Heels, and perceiving himself out of Gun-shot, fac'd about; and seeing Sancho and his Ass pacing fair and foftly towards him, without any troublesom Train attending 'em, stay'd to receive and condole his Friend and Associate.

As for the Men of War they stay'd till night, and then return'd home to their Wives, triumphing over their dastardly Enemies that durst not shew their Faces. And I believe, that had they understood the Custom of the Greeks and Oliverians, they would have erected fome Trophy in the Place of expectation, as a Monument of their Valour, and have fet apart a day of Thanksgiving for their Great Victory.

#### CHAP. XXVIII.

Containing several Remarkable Passages written by Benengeli, which he that reads the next Chapter with Attention may know.

Hen a Valiant Man flies, you may be fure he has discover'd some Ambuscade; for it becomes a prudent Person to reserve himself for a better Occasion. This Truth is verify'd in Don Quixote, who never considering the danger wherein he had lest the distressed Sancho, chose rather to run away, then expose himself to the fury of an enrag'd Multitude; and to secure himself at a distance out of harms way. Sancho, as I said before, follow'd his Mafter stretcht out upon his Grizzle, and having recover'd his Sences, just as he had overtaken him, fell down at Rosinante's Feet. Presently Don Quixote alighted to search his Wounds, but finding his Skin whole, in a Pelting chafe, Friend, quo he, who the Devil taught you to Bray with a Pox to yee? I had thought you had known better things, then to be talking of Halters, in the House of a Man whose Parents were hangd. Slife! what other payment could such a Musitioner as you expect for his Musick? Go and thank God, Sirrha, that instead of dry blows, they did not flice thee into fat Collops.

I have not a word to say for my felf, reply'd Sancho, my Kidneys speak sufficiently for me; pray, Sir, help me up, and let's get out of this place; if ever I Bray again i' this World, I'le gi' yee my Mother for a Maid. Only I cannot forbear to observe the Wisdom and Prudence of you Knight-Errants in running away to fave one, and leave their Squires to be thrash'd like Wallnut Trees in the midst of their Enemies. No, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, I did not run away, but only retire; for thou must know Sancho, that Valour which is not supported by Prudence is meer Rashness, and the Actions of a Rash Man are attributed rather to his good Fortune, then to his Courage: I must confess I did retire, but not slie; and in so doing I did but imitate the most Valiant Captains, who not to hazard their Honour indifcreetly, have referv'd themselves for more favourable occasions. Hifteries are full of Accidents of the same Nature, but as it is to no purpose, so neither am I in a humour at present to urge Presidents.

By this time Don Quixate having fettl'd Sancho upon his Ass, and being mounted himself, they march'd fair and softly along to a Wood about a quarter of a Mile off: Yet as foftly as they rode, Sancho could not forbear fetching most profound fighs, and making heavy Lamentations, bemoaning his Ribs after a most doleful manner; of which when Don Quixote demanded the Reason, poor Sancho sadly answer'd, that from his Nock-bone to the very Nape of his Neck, his pain was fuch as almost berest him of his Speech. Doubtless, quo Don Quixote, the cause of thy extraordinary Pain, is by reason the Leaver being long and broad, was well aim'd

aim'd and layd on at the full breadth, as a broad Blifter foread upon the Skin, Scarifies more then one of a leffer Compass. By the Lord Harry Sir, quo Sancho, you ha' reveal'd to me a very great Mystery: And now i'

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

the Devil's name; was the Cause of my Pain so hard to be divin'd, that you must discover it in such Eloquent Terms? O yes; I ha' sound it out. for you fay I have a pain in my Ankle-bone which I know not of, and that's a poynt of Divination indeed; but to tell me the cause of my Pain where the Leaver hit me, every Fool cou'd ha' done that. In good footh, Sir, Mr. Mafter of ours, now I discover Land; I find you are like all the rest of the World, that lay to heart no Bodies harms but their own; and what I must expect by keeping you Company— Ee'n as yee left me now to the Mercy of these bloody Rib roasters, and tother day to be tost in a Blanket upon an Errand to the Moon; so do I expect to be left a hunder'd times more i' these Lurches; and as it is like to cost me one Rib at present, the next bout ware both my Eyes. Death o' the Devil, I ha' been always a Fool hitherto, and so shall continue as long as I live— My best course had been never to have undertook these Rambles. and now my best course will be to return home to my Wife and Children, and look after my House with that little Wit that God has giv'n me, instead of running your Wild-goofe Chaces any longer, and the most part of my time too, without either eating or drinking. A comfortable Refreshment indeed, after a Man has weary'd himself off his Legs, to cryare yee fleepy, Brother Squire? Take fix Foot of Earth; and if that won't ferve, take fix Foot more. The Devil burn that same first Son of a Butcher that invented this Knight-Errantry; or at least the first Fool, that had so

little Wit as to turn Squire to fuch a Parcel of Mad men-Pardon me, Sir, I mean the Knights-Errant of former times, not the Honourable Gentlemen of this present Age, for whom I have a particular respect, because your Worship is one of the number, and because I perceive yee to have more Wit and Sence then any of the rest; and that indeed you understand

a poynt more then the Devil himself.

Book II.

He hold a good Wager, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, while thou hast the liberty to prate thus without interruption, that thou feel'st no more pain then a Tortoise in his Shell. — Well — Sancho, talk on — talk till thy Lungs ake - talk like a Quaker in a Meeting-House, whatever comes into thy Brain — I'le patiently bear with the trouble of all thy Impertinencies; and if thou hast such a desire to return home to thy Wife and Children, God forbid that I should hinder thee— Thou keep'st my Cash — Count how many days 'tis fince we made our last Sally, cast upthy Wages by the Month, and pay thy felf- When I ferv'd Tom Carrafco the Students Father, quo Sancho, whom your Worship knows very well, I earn'd a Mark a Month: I know not what to demand of you; but this I know, that a Squire to a Knight-Errant undergoes more hardship then e're a Plough-Boy i' the World: for we that go to Plough and Cart, whatever we endure all the day, are fure of our Fat Bacon and Pudding at night, and to snoar in a Bed: But since I serv'd you, I'le take my Corporal Oath I never had my Belly full, nor a good nights Rest, unless it were at Don Diegoes House, when I scumm'd Don Martins Caldron, and drank and slept at Mr. Balils. Mercy upon me, all the rest of my time I never slept but upon the Green Earth, under the Canopy of Heaven, expos'd to all the Inconveniencies of Wind and Weather, living providentially upon Scraps of hard Cheefe, and mouldy Crusts, and drinking the Water of the De-I i i

Book II.

I agree to all you fay, quo Don Quixote; then how much more dost thou demand above what Tom Carrasco payd thee? why truly, quo Sancho, if I may be my own Caterer, two Shillings a Month more then Tom Carrasco gave me I think will be but very reasonable for Wages; and then in lieu of the Island which you promis'd me, I think that in poynt of Conscience you cannot give me less then twelve Shillings a Month more, which makes twenty seven Shillings and sour Pence in all.

Very good, quo Don Quixote—Let's fee then, 'tis now twenty five days fince we left our Village, reck'n what is thy due for Wages, and

for the rest take your own demands and pay thy self.

But flay, Sir, reply'd Sancho—we are cut in our accompt, for as to your promise of the Island, we are to reck'n from the very day that you first made the promise to this very Minute. Very good, quo Don Quixoteand how long is it, I pray, fince I first made you that promise? According to the best of my Remembrance, quo Sancho, I think it is from this very Hour about twenty years, more or less. Hoyday, quo Don Quixote, burfling forth into a loud laughter, what ayls the Fellow?— we have hardly been abroad in all two Months; and now thou would'ft make me believe 'tis twenty Years ago fince I oblig'd my felf to give thee an Island-I find thou haft a mind to turn Cheat i' thy Old Age, and to Couzen me of all my Money - in good time - Take it with all my heart, and much good may it do thee \_\_\_ for rather then be plagu'd with fuch a confounded Squire as thou art, I would part with my Shirt. - But prithee tell me, Treacherous Transgressour of all the Laws of Knight-Errantrywhere did'st thou see or read that ever any Squire stood haggling with his Mafter, or brangling as thou hast done about more or less? Dive Cut-Purse, dive miserable Wretch, into the spacious Sea of History, and shew me any fuch example, and I'le give thee leave to Brand me i' the Forehead, with four Mammon's in Capital Letters over my Nofe. Go too then. the business is concluded, take thy own Course, and get thee home with a murrain, for I am refoly'd thou shalt not stay a Minute longer i'my Service. O the many Loavs of mine ill bestow'd! Friendship ingratefully recompencid! Promifes ill plac'd! vile heartless Wretch, that partak it more of Beaff then Human kind!—Thou art leaving me, when I was just upon the very poynt of raising thee to the highest Pinacle of Grandeur- Thou shark'st away from me, when I had the best Island in the Sea ready to bestow upon thee just when I thought to have seen thee honour'd and respected by all the World. Treacherous Infidel without Honour, without Ambition-well might'st thou say indeed that Honey was not for the Chaps of an As; and indeed thou art a very As; an As thou wilt live. and an Ass thou wilt dve.

While Don Quixote was thus loading poor Sancho with Reproaches, poor Sancho all abash'd, dismay'd, and consounded, beheld his Master with a wistful look, and bursting out for grief into a flood of Tears; Sir, said he, with a whining and forrowful Voice, just as if he had been reading his Neck-Verse, my most dear and precious Master, I acknowledge I want nothing but a Tail and long Ears to be an absolute As; if your Worship will be pleas'd but to fix the one to my Backside, and the other to my Head, I shall deem 'em well set on, and serve yee all the days of my Life. Be not so angry I beseech yee, Sir, rather pitty my Youth, consider my Breeding, and if my Tongue run at random, ascribe it to my weakness and simplicity, rather then to my evil Intentions; for as the fault is, so must the Pardon be. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, what are be-

come of all thy Proverbs; I admire thou couldst talk all this while, without so much as one musty Adagie. But all's well again, thy Repentance has prevail'd, and I pardon thee, tho upon this Condition, that thou amend'st thy follies, and for the suture tak'st care of being so rivited to thy own Self interest. Pluck up a good heart then, and rely upon the Faith and Integrity of my Promises, of which thou wilt soon see the sull accomplishment, and don't believe em impossible because delay d. Thereupon Sancho recover'd out of his Dumps, renew'd the League with his Master, and promis'd to reforme all his past Errors.

Having thus finish'd their discourse, they betook themselves into the Wood, and lay rough at the bottom of a Tree; where Sancho had but a bad night's Rest, in regard the Coolness of the Air augmented his Distemper. As for Don Quixote, he diverted himself with his usual Imaginations. But neither of 'em liking their Lodging, they got up early i' the Morning, and continu'd their Journey toward the River Heber; where

what befel 'em, we shall relate i' the following Chapter.

#### CHAP. XXIX.

Containing the Adventure of the Enchanted Bark.

Fter two days March, our Noble Adventurers arriv'd at the River Heber; where Don Quixore was infinitely pleas'd to behold the Beauty of the River, the Verdure of its Banks, the abounding plenty of the Water, and the Tranquility of the Stream. And this delightful Prospect recalling to his mind a thousand Amourous thoughts; more especially of what he had seen in the Cave of Montesinos, which he affur'd himself to be real Truths, in despight of the Monkeys Answer, and contrary to Sancho's more judicious Opinion, who took em all for lies, he abandon'd himself, waking, to his wonted idle and fantastick Dreams.

In the midst of these charming fancies, he spy'd in the River a small Bark without any Oars, Cordage or Sails, moor'd to the Trunk of a Tree. Thereupon looking round about him, and seeing the Coast clear, he threw himself to the ground, commanding Sancho to alight and tye their Beasts to an Oser that grew ready at hand. Sancho ask'd him wherefore he alighted so

briskly, and what defign he had in his Noddle?

Friend, quo Don Quixote, thou art to understand, that this same Bark lies there to no other end but only to invite me to enter into it, for the relief of some distressed Knight, or other person of Quality that is in great danger: For observe the very method of Enchanters in all the Books of Knight-Errantry, when any Knight, who is a friend of theirs, is up to the ears if the Sudds, and knows not which way if the world to get out of himself, but by the affishance of some other Knight, as being perhaps two or three thousand miles distant one from the other, they send him, as here now, a Bark, that seems to be altogether unrigg'd, and without either Oars or Tackle, as this is, in which he crosses the Sea; or else they horse him up into a Cloud, and by that means before you can tell twenty, he is transported through the Air, or whisk'd along the Seas to the Place where there is occasion for him: and now if this Boat don't lie here meerly upon this design. I am a Horse and no Knight-Errant. And therefore tye up Rosinante and

Grizzle, and let's begon without losing time; for I am refolv'd to try this Adventure, tho all the Monks of St. Francis's Order should conjure me unon their knees to defift. Nay, Sir, quo Sancho, if nothing will ferve your turn, but still to fellow these intoxications of the Devils Witchcraft, my part is only to make a leg and obey \_\_\_ according to the Proverb \_\_\_ Do as thy Master commands thee, tho it be to sit at his Table. However in discharge of a good Conscience, give me leave to tell yee, I do not believe this Boat to be any of those Enchanters Boats you dream of, but some Fishermans Veffel that uses this River, which affords the best Thornback in all the Country. This advice did Sancho give his Master while he was tying the Beasts to the Tree, tho griev'd to the very Soul to leave the poor Creatures alone; and therefore like a faithful Friend most heartily recommended em to the care of the Enchanters. Which Don Quixote hearing, bid him never pine himself for the Beasts; affuring him that the Necromancers would never fuffer 'em to want. Go too, Sir, then faid Sancho, they are fast I'le warrant yee. what must we do next? Nothing more, reply'd D. Quixote, but recommend our felves to God and weigh Anchor. And fo faying he leapt into the Bark, when Sancho following him, cut the Cable, and fo by degrees the stream carri'd the Boat from the Shoar; but Sancho no sooner saw himself in the middle of the River, but he began to quiver and shake, as giving himself over for Seamonster dyet. But nothing griev'd him so much as to hear Grizzle bray, and to fee how Rosinante paw'd and tugg'd his Bridle to get to the Grass. Sir, said he. look yonder, how poor Rosinante strives to break his Bridle, mad to throw himfelf after Us; hark too, how my poor Grizzle bemoans our Absence. Ah my dear Friends, then continu'd he, have patience a little while, till Heaven shall find a Cure for this Madness of our Master's that makes this Separation, and then yee may be sure we'll soon return to your relief. Which said, he fell a blubbering and making such an ugly noise, that Don Quixote, giving him a furly look; Daftard, quo he, What is't thou fear's? What dost bleat for like a great Calf? Who pursues thee, for a Weezle-hearted Rascal? What would'it thou fay if thou wert to march Barefoot over the Snowy Ripham Mountains, or the burning Sands of the Libyan Deserts: Thou that fitt'ft like an Arch-duke at a Table abounding with Plenty? See how foftly and gently the Current of this River carry's us along; from whence in a Moment we shall fall into the wide Ocean, if we are not there already. For I am sûre we are about seven or eight hunder'd Leagues from the Place where we first embarqu'd had I but an Astrolabe here I could tell thee exactly; tho if I guess right we are now about to pass the Equinoctial Line, that divides the whole World into two equal Parts.

And when we have pass'd that Line, as you call it, I beseech your Worship, how many Leagues have we sayl'd then? When we come to the Line. quo Don Quixote, we have measur'd the one half of the Globe of the Earth, according to Ptolomies accompt, who was one of the best Cosmographers i'the World; which at three hunder'd and fixty degrees, and five and twenty Leagues to a degree, makes nine thousand Leagues in all.

By the Lord Harry, quo Sancho, this fame Monsieur of a Count, what d' vee call him, with his Additions of Meon or Meo, was a notable Man fure; and is mightily beholding to your Worship, to carry me along with yee by Water, to witness the Truth of his wonders; for I'le undertake neither Rosinante, nor Grizzle would ha' travell'd one of these degrees in fix years. I find thou dost not understand me Sancho, quo Don Quixote, finiling, neither have I leisure at prefent to inform thee; however thou canst not take it amiss to trye an Experiment that costs thee nothing.

The Spaniards and all those that Embark from Cadiz to the East-Indies. have made it a most infallible Observation, that so soon as they have pass'd the Equinoctial Line, all their Vermin dye; not so much as one Louse remaining, the you might have an Ounce of Gold for every Black lifted Animal. Look therefore Sancho'i thy Shirt, and if thou find'it any Creepers about thee, then we have not past the Line; if thou dost not, then we have past the Line. Tararara, quo Sancho, the Devil take him for the Son of a Whore that believes a Tittle of all this: However I'le submit to your Commands. tho there be no occasion; for I plainly see with my own Eyes, that we are not got above twenty Perches from the Shore, by the same token that you may difcern Rosinante and Grizzle in the same place still where we left 'em ty'd. And I'le venture my Wife and Children that we do not move much faster then an Emmet, and that we go no farther then yonder Lock which I fee before us.

Try what I tell thee, Sancho, and never stand to argue; thou know'st not what belongs to Colures, Lines, Parallels, Zodiacks, Poles, Solftices, Planets, Signs, Tangents, Points and Climates, of which the Sphear is compos'd; and therefore, as I said before, romage thy Linnen, and believe as thou feeft thy felf; for, for my part I take thee to be as clear as a Sheet of guilt Venice Paper. Thereupon Sancho obey'd, put his hand gently into his Bosom, and after he had felt a while, staring in his Masters Face, the Experiment is false, quo he, or else we mistake quarter Inches for Leagues - How! quo Don Quixote, hast found any thing Sancho? 'Tis enough that I tell yee th' Experiment's false, cry'd Sancho, and so saying, he shook his Fingers over the Water, and then wash'd his Hands in the River, upon which the Bark drove along infenfibly, without the help of any secret Intelligence, or conceal'd Necromancer, but only by the bare Affistance of the Current as calm and smooth as a Milk bowl. Don Quixote however would not believe but that he was whirl'd along as fwift as an Arrow out of a Bow; and perceiving certain Mills i' the middle of the River, full of joy, Friend Sancho, quo he, look yonder, there's the City or Castle, I'me sure, where some distressed Knight, or Queen, or Princess lyes, that wants the succour of my Potent Arm- and now- What City or Castle i' the Devils name d' yee mean? Sir, quo Sancho - Have not you liv'd long enough yet to know Mills from Cities? Good God, quo Don Quixote, how long will these Missortunes of mine attend me? They feem indeed to be Mills, but affuredly they are not Mills. Have I not told thee a hundred times that these Necromancers change, overturn, and disguise all things at their pleasure; not that these changes are really so, but only their Sorceries make 'em feem to be fo. Of which we have had a late Confirmation in the Enchantment of my Dear Dulcinea, the only Refuge of all my Hopes.

By this time the Bark being got into the middle of the Stream, the Current carry'd it along much fwifter then before. At what time the Millers perceiving the Bark coming a-drift full upon the Mill Wheels, came running out with their long Poles, with all the Affistance they could readily call together, crying out as loud as they could open their Throats, Devils of Men, what d'yee mean, whither are yee going, are yee madd i' the Boat there, d' yee intend to be drownd, or ground to bits by the

Mill Wheels?

Don Quixote observing the Miller's Countenances powder'd with Mealdust, and all their Tatters of the same Colour; did not I tell thee Sancho, faid he, 'twould not be long before we came to the place where it is or-

Contest

dain'd for me to fhew my utmost Prowess, and the Invincible strength of my Arm? See yonder how many difmal Hobgoblins make head against me, how many deformed Physiognomies appear at once together, thinking to affright me with their Goggle Eyes and Saracen's Faces? But we'll be with yee Hang dogs, immediatly. With that he ftood up in the Bark, and rending his Wind pipe, in a most terrible tone began to threaten the Millers, crying out, Sons of Perdition, Infidels accurs'd of Heaven, Pagans, Mahumetans, Turks, and Devils upon Earth, release forthwith those Captives detain'd within your Castle, High or Low, Rich or Poor, of what Condition or Quality soever they be; for I am Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Renowned Knight of the Lyons, for whom Heaven has referv'd the Honour to put a happy Conclusion to this Adventure. And having so said, he drew his Sword and Fenc'd with the Air, as if he had been at Back-fword already with his Enemies the Millers; who hearing all this while his thundring Threats, but understanding what he meant no more then Horses, stood ready with their Poles to keep off the Bark from the Wheels, and to preserve a Mad-man that had no care of himself. Fer neer the Mill-dam the Stream ran strong, and brought down the Bark with a Rapid fwiftness.

All this while poor Sancho was at his Prayers to Heaven for deliverance but this one time; vowing to all the Saints as the Secretary did, that if ever they took him again in a Bark without Oars, he would give 'em leave to drown him; for that nothing but a Miracle or the Millers could fave him: who so bestir'd themselves, that they prevented the danger, tho not so dextrously, but that in turning the Bark from the Wheels, they overturn'd it the Keel upwards, with all its lading, and some Don Quixote and his Squire both into the River. 'Twas well for Don Quixote that he could swim like an Otter; but the weight of his Armour for all that carry'd him twice down to the bottom; however by means of his extraordinary Skill, and his labouring for Life like a Mouse in a Wash-bowl, he got up again, and at length the Millers throwing themselves into the Water, made a shift to pull out Don Quixote, and poor Sancho, that lookt like a pumpt Baylist; which had they not done, there had been an end of the Succour of the Oppressed, and the Mirrour of Island Governours.

In this Pickle, more fous'd then thirfty, the Millers lay'd out the Knight, now tame enough, and his Anabaptiz'd Squire upon the Grafs a drying in the Sun; at what time Sancho shivering and shaking with cold, and lifting up his Eyes and his Hands to Heaven, call'd upon all the Saints he could think of, to deliver him for the suture from the Rash extravagancies, and inconsiderate follies of his Master.

But he had fearce ended his Prayers, before the Philistin Fisher-men were upon him; who seeing their Bark broken all to pieces, fell upon Sancho, and began to uncase him, demanding satisfaction both of him and his Master for the loss of their Bark. To whom Don Quixote, no more disturbed then if he had been bath'd in Essence of Oranges, answer'd with his usual Flegmatick Gravity, that he was ready to pay for the Bark, provided they would release the Captives that they detain'd unjustly in their Castle; which not being done they must hope for no Mercy nor Money from him. What Captives, i' the name of Luciser, what Castle d'yee mean, Sir, quo the Millers, would yee carry away our Customers from us? This 'tis, quo Don Quixote, to preach in a Wilderness; a Man had as good talk to the Rocks, as to such Trash of Mankind as these. Then continuing his Speech; Certainly, said he, this must be some consounded

Contest between two Necromancers, both Crastmasters i'their Art: One sends me a Bark and t'other overturns it; God send us better Times, for here is nothing but over-reaching and undermining i'this World. Then casting a fixed eye upon the Millers, well—my dear triends, and Princesses, quo he, pardon me, I beseech yee, since it so falls out, both to your Missortune and mine, that it lies not in my power to release yee from your Chains.

After that, he came to an agreement with the Fishermen for the price of the Boat, to whom Sancho paid down five good Mark in ready Coyn, fetching a hunder'd sighs from the bottom of his heart as he told out the money and when he saw the Fishermen purse up the Guelt; Adieu dear Images of our Soveraign Lord the King, quo he, one such Voyage more will bring

our Noble to Ninepence.

Book II.

Thus Don Quixot, like some Princes, wisely bought his Peace: yet neither could the Millers nor the Fishermen forbear admiring two such Figures and Resemblances of Human Offspring, that neither spoke nor acted like the rest of the Sons of Men; both their Language and their Design being all Heathen Greek and Mysteries to Them incomprehensible. And therefore at length concluding 'em to be Ten degrees madder than any Tom-a-Bedlams they had ever seen, they lest 'em and return'd, the Millers to their Mill, and the Fishermen to their Employment. Don Quixot also and Sancho made haste to relieve their Beasts, that with sorrowful Countenances seem'd to bewail their being ty'd up from the sweet Tusts of Grass that grew under their noses; a Grievance to them beyond the Enchantment of ten thousand Princesses and Persons of Quality.

#### CHAP. XXX.

Containing what happen'd to Don Quixot, upon his meeting with the fair Huntress.

Hus the Knight and Squire return'd with wet Shirts, and melancholy Hearts to the dear Companions of their Travels; tho Sancho were the more cast down and pensive of the two; who minding nothing but his Profit, inwardly sorrow'd for the loss of his Five Marks, which he lookt upon as so many drops of Blood, or the Apples of his Eyes. Well, to be short, at length they both mounted, without so much as opening their Lips one to another, and lest the unfortunate River, riding along like two Mutes, the one prosoundly drownd in his Romantick Amusements, the other pondring how to get more Money, and where to lye warm at Night. For Sancho, as simple as he was, had so ill an Opinion of his Masters Fegaries, that he began to despair of any good to be expected from his Promises, and to cast about which way to make his escape, and leave him to Ramble by himself. But Fortune ordain'd it quite otherwise then he could possibly imagin, as you shall find by the Sequel.

It happen'd then, that the next day toward Evening, just as he was bidding farewel to a Forrest, Don Quixote spy'd a great number of People, at the farther end of a green Meadow; to whom he rode up, and then found'em to be certain Persons of Quality, that were abroad with their Hawks and their Spaniels. Among the rest he perceiv'd a Lady with a Hawk upon her Fist, richly habited, upon a white Pacing Mare, suppruously equipt, with a green Velvet Side-saddle embroider'd with Silver.

Which

Which made Don Quixote believe her to be some Person of Honour, and Mistress of the Train that attended, as indeed she was. Thereupon, turning about to his Squire, Son Sancho, said he, go and present my humble duty to that Lady upon the white Mare, and tell her the Knight of the Lyons adores the Majesty of her Marchless Beauty; and if she pleases to vouchsafe him the favour, has an Ambition to kiss her fair Hands, and obey her Commands to the utmost of his Power—But Sirrha, have a care how you deliver your felf; more especially refrain for once that confounded Custom of thine, of garbling thy mouldy Proverbs with my refin'd Complements. Marry, quo Sancho, who more a Proverb monger then your felf? \_\_\_ Is this the first time think yee, that I have gone of your Embassies to great Ladyes? Unless it were when I sent thee to Madam Dulcinea, reply'd Don Quixote, I never know of any other for me. 'Tis very true, cry'd Sancho, but a good Paymaster never grudges his Wages: and in a House where there's plenty the Cloath is soon layd. That is to fay, I need none of your Admonitions; for God be thanked, I know a little of every thing. I believe it, quo Don Quixote, go thy ways, and thy good Angel guide thee. Presently Sancho set forward, putting his Patient Grizzle to the Trot, and approaching the fair Huntress, he presently alighted, and throwing himself upon his Knees; Mott fair and right Reverend Lady, quo he, the Knight whom yonder you behold with your Beautiful Eyes, is the Knight of the Lyons, my Mafter, and I am his Squire, whom my Neighbours at home call Gaffer Sancho Pansa. This Knight of the Lyons, who not long fince was call'd the Knight of the Ill favour'd Countenance, sends me to bid me tell your Huge and Mightiness, that his Lowness desires the Favour, with your good leave and perdition, to come and proftrate himself, in the first place at your Highnesses Feet; i' the second place, to rise up and kiss your sweet Winsom Gollikins, as we say in our Country; and then in the third place to put in execution his terrible defign, which as he fays, and I believe, he has to admire your Safforn duty, and to serve your High-born Revinity to the utmost of his Power; for which if you will give him your perdition, he will take it for a great favour, to be your ternal Vaffel. In good truth, most excellent Squire, you have deliver'd your Embaffy with all the formality and discretion, that fuch a weighty Commission requir'd. Recover your Legs I beseech yee, Sir; for 'tis not reasonable the Squire to so famous a Knight as the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, with whose Grandeur and worth we are fufficiently acquainted, should remain upon his Knees; rise therefore Honest Friend, and go and tell your Master, that 'twill be the greatest Honour and Satisfaction imaginable both to the Duke and my felf, if he will but accept the rude Welcom of a House we have hard by.

Sancho rose, altogether Ravish'd with the Beauty and Affability of the Lady, but much more when he heard her talk of the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, as a Person that was known to her, never taking notice of her not calling him the Knight of the Lyons, which was a Title he had but lately affum'd to himfelf.

Then quo the Dutchefs, I pray Mr. Squire tell me one thing. Is not this Master of yours the Person whose Life is lately come forth in Print, under the Title of The History of the most admirable Knight Don Quixote de la Mancha, who adores for his Miftress a certain Lady, call'd by the name of Dulcinea del Toboso? The very same an't like your Holiness, quo Sancho, and that fame Squire so often mention'd in the History by the name of Santho Panla, is my felf, Madam, if I was not chang'd i' my Cradle. I am extreamly glad of it,

reply'd the Dutches, Go then dear Pania and tell thy Master, that he has extreamly oblig'd me by his arrival on my Territories, an accident for grateful that nothing could have happen'd more to my Content and Satisfaction.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

With this same gracious Answer, Sancho return'd overjoy'd to his Ma. fler, to whom he repeated all that the Lady had faid to him, extolling in his ruftical dialect, her Beauty, her Carriage, and her Affability, to the

Don Quixote overjoy'd at such a Prosperous beginning, seated himself in his Saddle, fix'd his Toes in his Stirrups, gracefully accommodated the Vizor of his Helmet, and cheruping to his Rolinante, rode forward to kiss the Lady's Hand. Who fo foon as Sancho was gone, had fent for the Duke her Husband, and given him an accompt of the Meffage she had received Thereupon they both prepar'd to receive the famous Champion; for having read the first part of the History of his Life, they were no less curious to see and know the Person, resolving, as long as he stai'd, not to contradict him in any thing, but to humour him in all things that were effential to the Entertainment of a Knight Errant, according to what they had

already observed in their frequent reading of Romances.

Book II.

Prefently Don Quixote approach'd; at what time Sancho perceiving him making a Motion to alight, hasten'd to be ready to hold his Stirrup; but making more hafte then good speed, he entangl'd his Leg after such a strange manner in the Cord that serv'd him to rest his Foot, that not being able to difingage himfelf, he hung by the Heels with his Head upon the Ground close by his Master. On the other side Don Quixote, thinking that Sancho had held his Stirrup, as he was lifting his right Leg over the Horse to alight, with his left brought the Saddle, that was very loose girt, under the very Belly of the Horse, and with that disappointment down came he Head and Crupper both together, confounded with shame, and Curfing poor Sancho, who was almost in as bad a Condition as himself with his Heels i' the Stocks. But the Duke beholding em in that diffreffed plight, gave order to some of his followers to set em both upon their Legs again. At what time Don Quixote, who had very much bruis'd his Huckle-bone, with a Hipshot grace approaching the Lady fell upon his Knees at her Horses Feet. But the Duke, who knew his Wife and her Mare to be no Saints, and therefore that fo much Adoration was none of their due, alighting from his Horse, and embracing the humble Votary. Sir Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance, said he, It has been no small trouble to me, that you should no sooner set your Foot within my Territories, but you should have so much cause to repent of your favours: bur the negligence of Squires is many times the occasion of worse Accidents. The fight of your Illustrious Person, mighty Prince, reply'd Don Quixote, is a happiness so much by me esteem'd, that I would not have valu'd my falling to the bottom of th' Abyls, for the Purchase of so great an Honour. 'Tis true, my Squire, the Devil pick his fat Bones, understands better how to hold a Canterbury Tale of five hours long, then to faddle a Horse; but let my Posture be what it will, whether level with the Earth, or pitch'd upon my Head with my Heels upward, whether a foot or a Horse-back, I am absolutely at your Lordship's Service, and the most humble Slave of my Lady the Dutches, your Peerless Consort, the Queen of Beauty, and Soveraign Princess of all Courtese. Forbear your Complements, good my Lord Don Quixote de la Mancha, quo the Duke, so long as Madam Dulcinea lives, all other Lady's are unjustly applauded.

Part II.

Here Sancho Pansa, not able any longer to forbear, till his Master had return'd an Answer; It cannot be deny'd, quo he, but that Madam Dulcinea is a very sweet Creature, a Primrose of beauty; but all the world does not know where the Hare will start. I have heard a good Preacher sav. that this same I know not who she is, whom ye call Madam Nature, is like a Potter that makes Vessels of Clay; he that makes one handsome Por, can make one, two, three, or a hundred: And fo I must tell yee my thoughts, that my Lady the Dutchess is nothing inferiour to Madam Dulcinea. Upon which, Don Quixot addressing himself to the Dutchess, 'Tis my misfortune. Madam, faid he, but certainly never any Knight Errant i'the world was troubl'd with such an eternal Prateroast, nor such a conceited Hangdog of a Squire, as I am: which if I have the honour to continue but a few days in your Service, your Highness will find to be true. Let Sancho be as conceited as he pleases, reply'd the Dutchess, I shall esteem him the better: tis a fign he has some wit in his brains : Good Conceits you know my Lord Don Quixot are not to be met with among Loggerheads and Jobbernoles: and therefore if Sancho be a man of merry conceit, I'le warrant him also for a man of wit; and a perpetual Babler to boot, Madam; fo much the better cry'd the Duke; a man that talks well can never talk too much. But not to lose more time in words let's hasten home, whither I intend the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance shall accompany Us this night, if he pleases to do us that honour.

Your Highness, quo Sancho, mistakes his Title, to call the Knight of the Lyons, the Knight of the Ill-favour'd Countenance. Knight of the Lyons let it be then, reply'd the Duke——So I say again, if the Knight of the Lyons will vouchsafe us his presence at a Castle which I have hard by, he shall not fail of the best Entertainment these parts will afford, and which the Dutchess and my self are wont to give to all Knight-Errants that travel

this way.

Thereupon they all mounted and set forward, the Duke and D. Quixot riding upon each hand of the Dutches, who call'd for Sancho to attend her likewise; pleas'd with the sportive divertisement of his impertinent Drollery. Nor was the Squire such a bashful Milksop to resuse the Invitation, but crouded in among the foremost, after his wonted unmannerly way, as believing there was no sport i'the Play without him. A sawcy Rusticity extreamly delightful to the Duke and Dutches, who were overjoy'd to have met with two men that were not to be parallel'd in all the world beside.

#### CHAP. XXXI.

#### Containing several Extraordinary Matters.

It is not to be imagin'd how joyful Sancho was to fee himself so much in the Dutches's favour. For he made no question but that he should wallow in the same Plenty at the Dukes Palace as he had met with at Don Diego's and Mr. Basil's Houses. For being an Affectionate Friend to good Vittles, he layd hold of Opportunities Forelock upon all occasions to stuff his Paunch, whereever he met with Provender to his Liking.

Now before they arriv'd at the Castle, the Duke rode before, and gave particular Instructions to his Servants how to behave themselves toward

the new-come Guest. So that no sooner was Don Quixote enter'd the Court Yard, but out came two Lacqueys in long Vests of Crimson, and rook him from his Horle; telling him withal, that the Dutchess expected the same Assistance from his Highness. Thereupon Don Quixote hasten'd to the Dutchess, and many Highflown Complements there pass'd between the Lady and the Knight; but in conclusion she refus'd to alight in the Arms of any but the Duke her Husband; excusing her self to be a Burthen too mean for the Arms of such a worthy Champion: fo that there was a necessity for the Duke himself to perform that Office. And now being enter'd into a spacious Hall, immediately there came two young Damsels, who threw a rich and long Mantle of fine Scarlet about Don Quixote's Shoulders. Which done, the Galleries of the Room were fill'd with Men and Women, the Domesticks of the Duke, loudly crying out, Welcome, Welcome, the Cream and Flowre of Knight-Errantry; and so faying, they rain'd showres of Essences and Sweet Waters, upon the Duke, the Dutchess and Don Quixote; to the unspeakable Joy and Admiration of the Ravish'd Knight, who never till then so certainly believ'd himself to be an undoubted and real Knight-Errant; finding himself treated after the same manner as he had read in his Romances of the Entertainments of Knights-Errant in former Ages.

As for Sancho, he follow'd the Dutches, and keeping close at her Elbow, enter'd the Hall with the Rest. But being prickt with some remorse of Conscience, for having lest his beloved Grizzle alone, he went to a Reverend Matron, that came with the Rest of the waiting Gentlewomen to meet the Dutches, and whispering in her Ear, Madam Dorothy, quo he, or what is your name I beseech yee Forsoth? My name, Friend, quo she, is Abigal Fitchet, what is your pleasure with me? I would desire yee, quo Sancho, to go into the Court, where you will find an As of mine, pray do me the kindness to order him into the Stable, or else lead him thither your self, for the poor Creature is very timorous, and does not love to be

alone in a strange Place.

If the Master have no more Manners then the Servant, we are all well hope up y'saith, quo Mrs. Abigail; good Gasser Trundle-tail, go seek some where else for Ladys, with a murrain, to look after your Ass; for here are no Ostlers Daughters i' this House. Gud's life, quo Sancho, what are yee in a Hus, Madam? As if I have not heard my Master, who understands all the Histories in the World, often say, that when Lancelot return'd into England, the Princesses took care of his Person, and the Ladys lookt after his Horse. And I must tell yee good Madam Squeeze-fart, I would not change my Ass for Lancelor's Horse, as Mettlesom as he was.

I think the Fool rides the Fellow, quo Mrs. Abigail—Pray Mr. Jack Adams keep your buffonries for those that will take 'em, and pay yee better then I shall; for I assure yee, had all the Drols i' your great Fairs no better Customers then I, they might go hang themselves; nor would I give a Fig for all the Jests i' your Budget. In my Conscience, quo Sancho, should I take thee for a Fig, I might be sure of a Ripe one; for if I should guess your Ladiship at Sixty, I should not miss a Cock stride of my Accompt.

Son of a Whore, reply'd Mrs. Abigail in a violent Twitter, whether I am Old or no, what hast thou to do with it? I am to give God an accompt of my Age, and not such a Rakeshame as thou —Marry gap—yee poyson fac'd Rascal— These last words she utter'd with such an outragious disdain, and so loud, that the Dutchess heard her, and observing her Colour up, ask'd K k k 2

he

her what was the matter? What's the matter, quo she, why here's a fawcy Jack Pudding would ha? me put his Ass i' the Stable, telling me a Story of Princesses that lookt after the Horse of one, I know not who. Sir Lancelot I think he calls him; and because I wo'nt do as he bids me forfooth, here i' your Graces own House he calls me Old in downright English. --- Fie Sancho, quo the Dutchess, I had thought you had known berter things, then to call a Gentlewoman Old; and be mistaken too! that's worst of all, for Mrs. Abigail's a young Woman, and wears her Peak, as a Badge of her Authority, not a Mark of her Age.

May I never go out of your House again, Madam, if I meant any harmonly I have such a Paternal Affection for my dear Grizzle, as having been bred up from our Infancy both together, that I thought I could not recommend him to a Person more Charitable then this good Gentlewoman. Sancho, quo Don Quixote, casting a sowre look upon him, d' yee know where yee are? Sir, quo Sancho, every Man talks of his Business in the place where he is; here it was that I thought of my Grizzle, and here I talk of him, had I call'd him to mind i' the Stable, I had talk'd of him there - Sancho speaks nothing but reason, said the Duke, nor do I see any cause to blame him; but let him take no care for his Ass-his Ass

shall have as good Entertainment as himself.

436

This Pleasant Squabble being over, which was sport alone for all the Company, unless it were the formal Don Quixote himself, the Knight was carry'd into a Noble Room of State, sumptuously hung with Cloath of Gold, where he was disarm'd by fix young Damsels, that serv'd him infread of Pages, who were fully instructed how to behave themselves, on purpose to feed the Champion's Fancy with Knight-Errant Entertainment. And now Don Quixote being disarm'd, appear'd in his close Breeches, and Shamoy Doublet, as meager as an old Witch; Hollow-ey'd, Buckramjaw'd; with both his Cheeks meeting i' the middle of his Mouth: in a word, his Figure was fo ridiculous, that the young Girls had certainly bepis'd themselves with laughing, had not the Duke expresly forbid em Giggling, whatever they did. At length they desir'd the Knight to let 'em pull of his Cloaths, and put him on a clean Shirt. But he refus'd their kindness with a serious Modesty, affirming that it became not Knight-Errants to shew young Wenches their Tackle; and therefore he requested 'em to leave him and his Squire alone for a while. And so being shut up in a Chamber no less Magnificent then the Room of State, he took his Shirt, and casting a surlie look upon Sancho, Modern Scoundrel, and Ragamustin of old, quo he, where learnt you to abuse a Lady so venerable and deserving respect as Madam Abigail? Was that a time to think of your Confounded Ass? or dost thou think that Persons of Quality who so Nobly and Magnificently entertain the Masters, forget to provide for their Beafts? For Heavens fake, Sancho, leave off thefe Fooleries, and don't difcover thy felf to be such an ignominious Clown as thou feem'st to be. Canst thou be such an ignorant Fop still, as not to understand that People value the Master according to the Behaviour of his Servants; and that Persons of quality have this Advantage over others, to be served by their followers no less civil and well behaved then themselves? But when they find thee out to be such a Rustick and Bussion, what will they think of me? will they not take me for some Country Bumkin, or some Knight that was Dubb'd with a Stake out of a Hedg? No, no, Sancho, avoid these vanities - He that lets his Tongue run at rovers at all times, and at every Body. shall at length be despis'd by all the World for a Common Twatler, and a Fellow

Fellow not worth minding— and therefore bridle thy Tongue, Ponder and chaw thy words, before thou let'ft 'em flie out of thy Mouth: And lastly consider that we are now happen'd into a Place, where by the Asfistance of Heaven, and the force of this Arm, we may enrich our selves in Honour and Reputation, and reap the Fruits of our good Fortune. Sansho thus lash'd and school'd by these Verbal Castigations of his Master fell a preeting like a Scotch-man i'the Stule of Repentance, ask'd forgivenels, and promis'd for the future fo to behave himself, that they should be-

lieve he had been bred up at the Feet of Gamaliel.

Don Quixote having thus vanquish'd the stubborn humour of his undutiful Prateroaft, presently drest himself; Hung his Eel-skin Belt about his Shoulders, together with his Trusty Sword; button'd on his Scarlet Cloak. and cover'd his Scull, the Seat of Prudence, with a Velvet Monteer Cap lin'd through with Cloath of Tiffue, which the Damsels brought him. and in that Equipage enter'd the Great Room of State, where he found twelve Damsels rang'd in order, six a one side, and six a' t'other ready to receive him, which they did with all the Ceremonies, Curchees, and Complements imaginable. At the same time also came a dozen Pages with a Squire, to conduct the Knight where the Duke and Dutchess expected him at Supper. In the midit of those Pages, some before, and some behind, he march'd in great Pomp, toward a Sumptuous Parlour, where flood a Magnificent Table cover'd only with four Messes. At the enterance into the Room stood the Duke and Dutchess ready to receive him, attended by their Chaplain, a Person of Years and great Gravity; but a kind of formal Pedant, of the Number of those who not being born Princes, will yet take upon 'em to teach Princes their Duty- and be confining their Grandeur within the narrow Limits of their own Colledge Breeding; no less morose, then presumptive to instruct his Betters.

After many Compliments that pass'd on all sides, enough to have exhausted the Magazin of ten more then ordinary Courtiers; the Duke, the Dutchess and Don Quixote approach'd the Table, where there arose a fresh dispute about Preeminency of Place; but at length the Dukes Importunity prevail'd over Don Quixote's modest refusals, so that he was constrain'd totake the Upper end: The Chaplain fate at the Lower end right against him, and the Duke and the Dutchess upon each Hand of the Knight. Sancho was aftonish'd to see the Honour done his Master, as if he had been fome Angel dropt from Heaven, and observing what a world of Highflown Language there past between the Duke and his Master about the Upper end of the Table; If your Lordships, said he, will give me leave, I'le tell yee what happen'd one day in our Village, in reference to this fame Racket of yours about Places. Sancho had no fooner done speaking, but Don Quixote took the Alarum, afraid that his Squire had some impertinency or other to throw up, that lay heavy upon his Stomach; which Sancho perceiving by his looks, Sir, faid he, never fear, my words are all weigh'd and consider'd, and shall be all to the purpose, my Life for yours; I have not forgot the Lesson you gave me so lately, about talking little or much, sence or nonsence. I say nothing to thee, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; prithee go on, but be quick, good Sancho. Why- My Lords, quo Sancho, what I have to fay is as true as that my Mother bore me; for if I shall chance to trip never so little, there's my Master to give me the Lye immediately. Tell as many Lyes as there be spots i' the Moon, quo Don Quixote, Ple never contradict thee but have a care what thou fay'ft \_\_\_ O Sir, reply'd Sancho, I have champt and chaw'd, confider'd

Book II.

and re-consider'd, I have rumbl'd and tumbl'd this Story i'my mind a thousand times, and I am sure it must take—— In truth, cry'd Don Quixote, applying himself to the Duke and Dutchess, your Graces would do well to dismiss this idle Fellow, whose extravagancies you can never be able to bear with. By the Life of the Duke, reply'd the Dutchess, Sancho shall stay with me; I love him too well to part with him so, and have a great Considence besides in his Discretion. God send your Holiness, Madam Dutchess, quo Sancho, to live a Thousand years for your good Opinion of Me, tho I consess I am a poor Man and little deserve it—— now then for

my Tale.

A Gentleman in our Village, wealthy and well descended, for he was of the Family of the Medina's del Campo, invited one day——Hold——I forgot to tell ve that this Gentleman marry'd one Madam, One-a-five-hundred, or the Daughter of Don Alonzo Mendishofen, Knight of the Order of St. James, who was stiff'd in a Smiths Forge, about whom there happen'd formerly a great Quarrel, in which, I have heard fay, for 'twas before my Time, that my Mafter Don Quixote had his Shins broke; and that Don Drayman-Boxero the Unthrift, Son to Old Bouzabouto the Farrier, had like to ha' couzen'd the Gallows, being almost wounded to death-Master of mine, is not this Truth?——speak truth and shame the Devil. and let Monsieur the Duke and Madam the Dutchess fee, that I am neither a Prater, nor a Lyer \_\_\_ Till now, reply'd the Chaplain, I took thee rather for a Babler then a Lyar; but now I profess I know not what to think. Thou call'ft fo many Testimonies to witness, and producest so many Circumstances, quo Don Quixore, that most certainly it must be true what thou fay'ft. But shorten thy Tale, for as thou begin'ft, thou'lt not make an end this week I'me fure. My Friend Sancho, quo the Dutchess, shall not shorten his Tale, if I may have my will; let him tell his Story as he understands it himself-and let him be this formight a telling it, I'le find him Ears to hear it—my thinks he begins very pleasantly—Then Sancho profecuting his Tale, This Gentleman, my Lords, quo he—This Gentleman, of whom I told yee before, and whom I know as well as I know my own Face i'the Pond in our Back-fide, for I'le undertake to fling a Stone from his House to mine—This Gentleman invited a Country Farmer. who indeed was none of the richeft, but yet he was counted an honest man among the Neighbourhood, which was no finall Commendation to him-Put on, good Brother, quo the Chaplain, interrupting him, you proceed fo flowly with your Tale, as if you intended to tell some part of it i the other World—Spare a little of your Christian Patience, quo Sancho, he that rides a Gallop many times comes later to his Inn then he that keeps his constant three mile an hour.

Now the Farmer, as I faid before, being come to the Gentlemans House, who, as I told yee before, had invited him, and who had marry'd the Daughter of Don Alonzo Mendificosen, poor Gentleman, God rest his Soul, for he has been dead, 'tis now about three years since, by the same token, that they say he dy'd the Death of an Angel—for, for my part, I was not with him when he dy'd—being gone at that time to Harvest-work a matter of six mile off to a Village call'd Tembleck—As you love your Life, Friend, leave your Harvest-work—and without troubling your self to bury the Gentleman, go on wi' your Story—It happen'd then, continu'd Sancho, as they were ready to sit down at Table, I mean the Gentleman and the Farmer,—Hold a little, for methinks I see 'em now as plainly as if the

thing had happen'd but yesterday.

Infinitely

Infinitely were the Duke and Dutchess pleas'd to hear how Sancho went on with his Parable, never minding the Chaplains Interruptions. For that was Sport alone for them which teez'd the Chaplain, and made Don Quixote grind his Teeth for madness, though he durft not be so bold as the

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

At this, so many different Colours arose in Don Quixote's Countenance, who found himself nipt to the Quick by Sancho's Morals, that his Face lookt like a piece of speckl'd Jasper; so that the Duke and the Dutchess, who perceiv'd the disturbance of his thoughts, forbore to laugh outright, tho' they could willingly have given full vent to their Mirth, but that

they were loth to provoke the already enraged Warriour.

And therefore that Sancho might have no farther opportunity to continue his unseasonable follies, the Dutchess turning the Stream of the Discourse, ask'd Don Quixote, when he had heard from Madam Dulcinea, and how long it was fince he had fent her any Robbers or Gyants Heads for a Present. Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, my Missortunes have had their beginning, and I hope they will one day have an end. True it is I have vanquished many Robbers and Gyants, and sent her the Trophies of my Victories; but where shall they find her, or how shall they come to know her? For alas, Madam, she lyes now Enchanted in one of the Counters, taken up for a Sole Trader, and by those accursed Necromancers of Turnkeys, and Tap house Men, so transmogrify'd and bloated up with Brandy and foggy Ale, that I my felf when I faw her did not know her again. I don't know, quo Sancho, but I'me sure I never saw her Parallel for Beauty; at least I never law the like of her for Maypole tripping; she'l whisk it about like the Girle that turn'd round and threaded Needles; the Devil take me, Madam Dutchess, if she wo'nt jump as nimbly upon a Dresser, as any mortal Cat. Then the Duke putting the Question, did'st thou ever see her Enchanted, Sancho, quo he? See her! quo Sancho, what a Question you ask? You may be sure I ha' seen her and seen her agen-I was the first Yeemun know that discover'd the sad Accident of her being Enchanted - and the's as much Enchanted as my Father.

The Chaplain, who heard em talk of nothing but Gyants and Inchantments, began to conjecture that this must be that same Worshipful Don Quixate de la Mancha, whose History the Duke was continually reading, tho' he had frequently reprehended him for giving his mind to such sollies, and at length believing his Conjectures were true, he addres'd himfelf to the Duke, and with a starch'd and formal Gravity, intermix'd with

a kind

a kind of ferious Anger, Sir, faid he, your Excellency will have a larger accompt then you think for to give, for Pampering the Extravagancies of this poor Man. This same Don Quixote, or Don Codshead, or call him what yee please, is no such Fool as your Excellency takes him to be, or make him believe he is by feeding his Fantastical Humours. And then turning to Don Quixote himself; Hark yee, Goodman Coxcomb, wi' your Donship, who has put it into your Empty-firkin-pate, that you are a Knight-Errant, and kill Robbers and Gyants? Go, go, get yee home agen and look after your Wife and Children, or whatever honest business vou have to do, and leave wandring and fcaperloytring about the World, and making your felf a Laughing-stock to all that ke wyee, and know yee not \_\_\_\_ Where do you find any of these Chimera's of Knight-Errants, only talk'd of in former Ages, and now not so much as dreamt of? What part of the World did you meet with those Gyants, and Hobgoblins, and Enchanted Dulcineas, that pefter and incumber your Noddle? All this while Don Quixote never gave the least Interruption to the ferious Chaplain, but liften'd to his cutting reprehensions with a fob-like Patience; till at length perceiving he had done, or at least not able any longer to resist the violent Agitations of his provok'd Choler, he re 2 up and flung from the Table, as red about the Gills as Bowdy-fcarlet, ever minding his respect to the Company, and gave the Chaplain the follo ving reply, which therefore deserves a whole Chapter.

#### CHAP. XXXII.

Containing Don Quixote's Answer to the Chaplain.

HE Knight of the Lyons thus nettl'd to the very Marrow of his Back, trembl'd every Joynt of him for Madness, like a Lump of Quick-filver, and casting a Busbeyan Frown upon the Chaplain—Supercilious Pedant, quo he, sitter to Jerk Boys then Men; The Place wherein I am, the Presence of these Noble Persons, whom the Laws of Civility oblige me to particular Veneration; and the Respect which I have to your Prosession bridle my just Resentment and tye up my Hands. Were not those Obligations upon me, I would have in another manner Chastiz'd the Insolence of your inconsiderate Tongue. But considering that the Weapons which Men of your Coat, and Women make use of are the same, I scorn to terrifie thy Female Soul with Masculine Steel, resolving sairly to combat your stingy Gravity upon equal Terms, and with your own Weapon.

And fo, Sir, I must tell yee, I always expected from a Man of your Character sober Admonitions, and modest Reasons for your Reproofs, but you, contrary to all the Laws of Moderation, without any occasion given, or any knowledg of my Person, siy out into Reproaches and Defamations, more sit for a Broom Man then a Divine. Pray, Sir, where did you learn your Billing spate Breeding?—— Surely you cannot otherwise believe but that these publick Reproofs, and bitter Taunts of yours, have passed the Limits of all Brotherly Correction. But if you do not know your Duty, or at least seem never to have understood it, let me advise yee for the sutter; consider before yee utter your Reproofs, whether your Authority be sufficient, and let your first Corrections be all Sweetness and Mildness,

Brandy mix'd with Syrrup of Gillowflowres: but above all things have a care of calling a Man Fool and Coxcomb, before y' have made him fenfible of his offence. I would defire your Doctorship to tell me what extravagance it is of which you accuse me, and why you send me so magisterially to look after my Wife and Children, before you know whether I am marry'd or no? Think you not those to be as justly condemn'd, that wimble themselves into other Mens Houses, on purpose to govern the Mafter at their own pleasure, and because they have had the good twenty Pound a Year luck to be Tutor to the young Heir, tho' they never faw the World above ten Miles from home, take upon 'em the Priviledge to prescribe Laws to Knight-Errantry, and judge of Knights-Errant? You forfooth account it an unprofitable Employment, and Labour loft, to Travel round the World, tho' fcorning the Delights and Pleasures of it, and enduring only the Hardships and Toyls of Life, that advance the Brave and Valiant to Immortality — What then? — No — If Men of Honour, Knights, Lords or Princes, lookt upon me as a Fool, I should think my felf deservedly contemn'd, and suspect my own Judgment; but when meer Scholars and Pedants that never trod the Paths of Chivalry, pass their leud Censures on my Vertuous Labours, I valu't not a Rush — I am a Knight. and a Knight I mean to dye, if so it please the Almighty. Some blindly follow their own Haughty and Irregular Ambition; others by low and fervile Flattery advance themselves; others with the Cloak of deceitful Hypocrifie cover their Evil defigns; and others walk according to the true Rules of Piety and Sincerity. I, for my own part, guided by my happy Stars, follow the narrow Path of Knight-Errantry, despising Riches and the vain Amusements of the World, Ambitious only of Honour and real Glory. I have compos'd Quarrels, reveng'd Injuries and Wrongs, chafliz'd Insolencies, overthrown Gyants, fought with Phantomes and Hobgoblins: I am also in Love, but no farther then the Profession of Knight-Errantry obliges me to be; and being fo, I cannot be reck'nd in the number of vitious Lovers, whose only object is voluptuous Pleasure, not like mine, Platonic Chaftity. My Intentions are all directed to Virtuous ends; that is, to do no Man Wrong, but Good to all the World. And now whether a Person, who by his Works demonstrates the Integrity of his Sentiments, fuch as thefe, deferves to be upbraided for a Fool, I leave it to the Judgment of your Excellencies.

Upon my Religion, quo Sancho, here's as much as can be said — Stop Master, stop now y'are well — for all that a Man has to do i' this World is only to say, think and preserve — and therefore if Mr. Dostor will not now sell there were any Knights-Errants i' the World, 'tis no wonder has been as it is reported by the say of the world in the wo

he knew so little what he said.

D'yee hear you Mr. Prate-apace, quo the Chaplain, are not you that Sancho Pancha to whom your Master has promis'd an Island? The very same, quo Sancho, and I must tell yee, the very same He too that deserves it as well as another, let him be as cocket and as losty as he please. I am one of those of whom they say, Keep honest Company, and honest thou wilt be; and of those of whom it is said agen, Lean against a good Tree, and thou shalt have a good Shelter. I am ty'd to a good Master, and I have kepthim. Company for some Months together; and now He and I am all one: And if it please God that we live together, I make no question that neither will he want Kingdoms to give, nor shall I want Islands to Govern.

Book II.

No, no, Friend Sancho, quo the Duke, that thou shart not, for I my self will give thee one of mine own, where thou shalt have the honour to Govern a Mayor, no less famous then the Mayor of Quinborough.

Down a' your Mary bones, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, and thank the Duke—Here's Luck in a Bag indeed. Had we been either of us a Bed this night, I would ha' fworn thou hadft risen with thy Bum upwards— Sancho thereupon flung himself immediately upon his Knees, and kiss'd the Dukes Feet, with more then ordinary Humility. Which put the Chaplain into such a fret, to find his Admonitions take so little effect, that he rose from his Chair in a great heat, and with a surly arrogance beholding the Duke; By the Habit which I wear, quo he, your Excellency is more too blame then are these Miscreants themselves --- For how is it possible they should be otherwise then Fools, when Wise Men countenance their Delirium's. Your excellency may keep them Company if you please since they so well fit your humour; for my part, l'le not set my Foot within these doors so long as they continue here, to excuse my self from reprehending those Extravagancies which I cannot prevent. And so faying, away he flung, like one that takes a sudden disgust at his Company in his drink; tho true it is the Duke did not use much intreaty to ftop him, not being able for a good while to forbear laughing at his Impertinent Choler. But this fit of Mirth once over, the Duke recovering his serious Countenance, said he, to Don Quixote, in truth Sir Knight of the Lyons, you have answer'd so, well for your self, that you need no other satisfaction of the Parson, then the outragious Passion you have put him in; besides that the Affronts of Women and Black coats are to be lookt upon with the same slight and scorn. 'Tis very true My Lord, reply'd Don Quixote; for Women, Children, and Church-men, as they are Persons that cannot defend themselves, so can they neither give nor receive an Affront. Therefore there is this difference between an Injury and an Affront, as your Excellency well knows. The Affront is given by him that is able to give it and maintain it when he has done; an Injury may be done, by any fort of People whatever. For example, a Man walking in the Street, and never dreaming of anything, is fet upon by ten Armed Men who dry bast him; he draws his Sword to revenge the Injury, but cannot in regard they are too many for him; this Man may be faid to be Injur'd, but not to have receiv'd an Affront. Agen, a Man comes and furprizes another, takes him at an advantage, and having cudgel'd him foundly, runs away, the t'other runs after him, and cannot overtake him. He that was beaten has receiv'd an Injury 'tis true, but not an Affront, because the Act, was not justified; but if he that struck first had drawn his Sword and justify'd the Fact, then he that was struck'n had receiv'd both an Injury and an Affront. Thus I may have been Injur'd by this Chaplain, according to the Laws of Duels, but I have receiv'd no Affront, because he ran away; neither do I believe my felf oblig'd to take notice of the Language, he gave, only I wish he would have stayd a little longer, that I might have made a Convert of him, by convincing him of his Errour, in believing there never were any Knights-Errant ? the World. Had Amadis or any of that numerous Gang but heard him talk at that Rate, I would not ha' been in his Coat for the best Bishoprick i' the Kingdom. Gud's my Dignity, quo Sancho, putting in for his share, they had Iplit him from Head to Foot, like a Pomegranate or a Ripe Melon: They were not Men believe me, to be so fool'd with; they would nere ha' swallow'd such Pills as my Master has done. Hear me what I

fay, and I'me fure I speak nothing but truth; had Rinaldo of Montalban heard this same Pimpwhisken talk at this rate, he had layd him on such a Beauty-spot upon the Snout with his Four Fingers and Thumb, that I question whether he would have talk'd again this three Years. Let him if he think fit go and keep those Swalhbucklers company, and preach the same Doctrin to Them, by yea and by nay, and in good sooth he'll tell me another tale when he comes back——. No, no— there's no dealing with those Roysters.

The Dutchess held her sides and laught at Sancho's Discourse, whom she found to be much the more pleasant Fool then his Master. At what time Don Quixote returning to his Seat at the Table, they made an end of Supper, which being done, while others were taking away, there enter'd four young Damfels, the one carrying a Bason of Silver guilt; a second with an Ewre in her hand of the same Mettle; the next brought a very fine Parcel of Linnen richly perfum'd; and the fourth with her Sleevs tuck'd up to her Elbows, carry'd a Silver Box full of sweet Washballs. Presently she that brought the Linnen, unfolded a Towel and pinn'd it behind the Champions Neck; the fecond held the Bason under his Chin, and the third pour'd out the Water. Don Quixote was surprized at such an extraordinary usage, but believing it to be undoubtedly the Custom of the Country, to wash the Beards instead of the Hands of Persons of Quality. he only thrust out his long Chin without speaking a word. And then it was that the Damsel that carry'd the Washbals fell to work, belather'd with all her strength not only the patient Knights Beard, but his whole Face, so that he was forc'd to shut his Eyes. Madam Barbaress having thus lay'd the Knights Countenance a-soak in sweet Suds, pretended to want Water, and sent for more, after she had begg'd Don Quixote's Pardon for making him stay. All which time the Poor Knight sate expos'd to all the Company, the strangest Spectacle that ever was feen, with his long Neck stretch'd out, his Beard as big as a Plaisterers Brush, besmear'd with Soap Suds, his Eyes fast shur, and his Chaps all in a white foam. 'Twas a pleasant sight to see a Knight-Errant so handled by a knot of unlucky Flebergebits; yet no body durst laugh at present, tho all were ready to burst; and all their farisfaction was, that they should have enough to laugh at hereafter. Well at length the Water came, and the curteous Damfel after she had rins'd off the Soap, with her lilly white Hands, dry'd and wip'd the Beard and Face of the Obedient Knight, with that softness and leisurely tenderness, as if she had been afraid to hurt his Skin. Which done the Damfels having made the Spruc'd-up Knight their ferious Curchees and profound Reverencies, were about to retire. But the Duke, afraid least Don Quixote should think himself abus'd, call'd to the Damsel that carry'd the Bason, crying to her to come and wash him too. Thereupon the young Lady, who was not then to learn her Pfalter, understanding the Dukes meaning, went and gave her Lord a Cast of her Office in like manner, but with a quicker dispatch, for that his Excellencies Beard was neither fo long, nor his Face fo foul. Which being done, they made their Obeyfances and vanish'd.

Now you must know that Sancho had beheld the whole Ceremony, and having often revolv'd it in his mind, God forgive me, quo he, why should it not be the Custom of this Country to wash the Squire's Beards as well as the Knights? For by my Conscience there's as much need of the one as the other; and if Madam Barbares would but shave me to boot, I would give her a grey Groat with all my Heart. Which words as he

was mumbling to himself, the Dutchess observing his Chaps wag, What's that you are muttering between your Teeth, Sancho? quo she. I fay Madam, that I ha' been told how 'tis the Custom indeed among your Great Folkes, after the Cloath is taken away to have Water brought to the Table, for every one to wash their Hands, but I never heard of your Women Barbers before: But the longer a Man lives, the more he shall know; and on the other fide they fay, that he who lives long has much to fuffer, tho if he fuffer no other harm then the washing of his Beard, I rather believe it must rather be a pleasure then a pain, especially when he suffers under the fair Hands of fuch a handfom Madam Barber as my Master did. Well-well-for that Sancho, quo the Dutchess, set thy heart at Rest-I'le order my Laundry Maids to wash thee, and if thou wilt, thou shale have a Lye made a purpose. Let 'em only wash my Beard at present, anfwer'd Sancho, and as I like that I shall consider what to do farther.

Steward, quo the Dutchess, let Sancho want nothing, but have whatever he calls for. It shall be done Madam, reply'd the Steward, and so took Sancho along with him to his own Table, leaving the Duke, the Dutchess and Don Quixote alone; to whom the Dutchess after several Discourses concerning Knight-Errantry, made it her Request, to give her a particular description of Madam Dulcinea, adding with all, that as People spoke of her Beauty she must be the only Mirrour of Perfection i' the World.

Upon which, Don Quixote fetching a profound Sigh, to give your Excellency satisfaction, said he, in this particular, it is requisite I were able to unrip my Breaft, and lay before your Eyes in a Plate upon this Table my Heart it felf, where her Beauty is fo exactly depainted; feeing my Tongue can never express what can hardly be conceived by Imagination. For to make an exact Picture of the Peerless Dulcinea, it would require the Pencils of Rubens, Urbin, Tintoret, the Graving Irons of Lylippus, and indeed all the Art and Skill of all the famous Painters, Engravers and Statuaries in the World, with the Rhetorick of Demosthenes and Cicero to boot. However quo the Duke, there is nothing impossible to a Genius like yours; and you will highly oblige us, but only to give us a rude Draught of the out Lines; for certainly the most imperfect Sketch in the World of her Lineaments, must suffice so set all our Celebrated Beauties rayling against Nature, for being so niggardly of her Persections to them. I would willingly obey your Excellencies Commands, reply'd Don Quixote, but that the Missortune lately befall'n her, has almost eradicated the very Idea's of her Angelic Features from the feat of my Memory; fo that I have now more reason to deplore her Change, then to describe her Person. For going not long fince to kiss her Hands, to pay her my Respects, and obtain her leave for my defigned Absence in search of new Adventures, I found her, to my unspeakable Grief and Astonishment, Metamorphos'd from a Princess to a Country Puzzle: Her Beauty chang'd into foul and excessive Deformity; she that breath'd nothing but Arabian Persumes before, now stunk like a Polcat; I expected a charming Wit, and she talk'd of nothing but Hog-troughs, Dish clouts and scalding of Milk-bowls; I lookt for her wonted Modesty and Reservedness, and she was ready to put her ugly Golls i' my Breeches; I thought to have found an Angel, and met with a Devil. In a word, I lookt for Dulcinea del Toboso, but met with a meer Blowzie, Mowzie, Lowfie, Lockram fmock'd Cinder-wench.

Passion a' my Heart, cry'd the Duke with a loud Voice, and what inhuman Monster could this be so cruelly malicious to the whole World? Who has deflowr'd those Beauties which gave it all its Ornaments? Who fuch a Mortal Enemy to Nature, as to deprive her at once of all her Wealth and Glory Who! reply'd Don Quixote; who should it be but one of those perpetual Ragamuffins of Necromancers, that Hell has spewd up to Eclipse the Glory of Men of Merit, and blemish their Atchievments. while they labour to exalt and magnifie the Actions of the Wicked. These accurfed Necromancers are they that have plagu'd me all along, and will without ceffation persecute me still, till they have bury'd Me and all my famous Deeds in the profound Abyss of Oblivion: Nor were they ignorant which was the most fensible part to wound me in, well knowing that to deprive a Knight-Errant of his Lady was to deprive him of the Eyes with which he fees, of the Sun that enlightens him, and the Nourithment that fustains him: For a Knight-Errant without a Lady, is like a Tree without Sap, a Structure built upon the Sand, and a Body without a Soul.

Very good, cry'd the Dutchess; but if we may believe the Story of your Life fo lately publish'd with great applause of the whole World. we do not read that ever your Lordship saw this Madam Dulcinea, only she seems to be some Chimera of a Lady, which your Lordship has begot by the strength and heat of your Fancy, and brought forth in your Imagination, like Jupiters Pallas, and to which you afcribe fuch advantages and perfections as you think fit your felf. Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, your Graces Catechism goes a little too far upon this Subject; God above knows, whether there be any fuch Woman i' the World as Dulcinea, and whether she be a Reality or a Fiction. But these are Mysteries not to be so profoundly div'd into. Let her be or not be, 'tis sufficient that I look upon her as a Lady endu'd with all those Advantages and Perfections capable to procure her the Esteem of the Universe: Lovely without Blemish; Reserv'd without Pride; Amorous with Modestv': Chearful without Vanity; Witty without Impertinency, the Effects of her Education, the Consequence of her Illustrious descent: For that Nobility of Blood gives brisker and more resplendent colours to the Graces of Beauty in Persons highly born, then in those that are meanly de-

This is a Truth which admits no contradiction, faid the Duke; but give me leave I befeech yee, Sir, to propose one Scruple, which the reading of the late History of your most Renowned Actions has rais'd in my Breast; which is this, that the we should grant Madam Dulcinea to be really born upon the Earth, and to be fair to that degree of Beauty as you depaint her, yet do I not find that she can any way compare for Grandeur of descent with those Oriana's, Madasima's, Genever's, and a Million of others which are mentioned in those Histories with which you are so well acquainted.

To that, reply'd Don Quixote, I answer that Madam Dulcinea is the Daughter of her own Actions, and that the Luster of her Vertues ennoble her Blood; fince the distinction of accomplished Merit is far beyond that of High Descent, not grac'd with any other accomplishments. Now then Madam Duleinea being a Lady endu'd with all those transcendent Qualities, capable to advance her to a Throne, and entitle her to be the Mother of a long Pedigree of Princes: hope is never to be bounded where Merit has no Limits; fo that althonot actually, yet virtually, she includes within her felf a Birthright to the most elevated and surprizing Fortunes in the World.

I must confess, cry'd the Dutchess, your Lordship, My Lord Don Quixote, has the true Gift of perswasion; for whatever you say, moves with a Foot of Lead, and as they fay, with the Plummet in Hand; and therefore I

fubmit, and from henceforth I am resolv'd to believe and maintain, that there is fuch a Lady as Madam Dulcinea, that she lives, Beautiful beyond compare, of an Illustrious Race, and altogether deferving the Services and Adoration of fo worthy a Knight, as the Knight of the Lyons. Nevertheless there is one Scruple continually haunts me, which I ha' us'd all the Art I have to exorcife, but cannot; and which causes me to have a very ill Opinion of Sancho; who has the Confidence to report in your History, that when he carry'd your Letter to Madam Dulcinea, he found her winnowing of Oats, by the same tok'n that she was Red hair'd, which makes

me very much question the Nobility of her Birth.

Oh Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, for that, you must understand that all Things happen to me, quite contrary then they were wont to befal other Knight Errants; whether it be by the unalterable decree of Destiny, or through the Malice of my Implacable Enemies the Necromancers. Now 'tis a Truth never to be controverted, that many of the most Famous Knight-Errants were secur'd under the Protection of some private Advantage; as for some to have the favour that they could never be Enchanted; for others to be Invulnerable, as Rowland, one of the Twelve Peers of France; who was impenetrable in all other parts of his Body, unless it were under the Sole of his left Foot, and that only with the Poynt of a small Needle; So that Bernardo del Carpio finding no way to tap him with his Sword, was forc'd by main strength to lift him from the Ground, and then choak him, as Hercules did the Gyant Anteus, who was faid to be the Son of the Earth. Hence I infer that there is some secret Vertue that guards me likewise, not that I am invulnerable, for I know by woful and frequent Experience that my Flesh is very tender; nor free from Enchantment neither; for I have found my felf tyd hand and foot and crouded into a Cage, where all the World could not have lockt me up, but by the force of Enchantments. But I have some secret charm about me, that still I receive no great harm, and procure my own liberty my felf; so that these Vermin of Necromancers perceiving they cannot work their ends directly upon me, reck their Malice upon what I love above all the World, and endeavour to take away. my Life, attacking hers by whom I live and Breath. And fo I believe that when my Squire deliver'd my Embassy to her, they shewd her to him, under the shape of a deformed Country Puzzle, and poorly busi'd in the low and base employment of sifting Wheat; tho I say and affirm 'twas neither Barley nor Wheat but Oriental Pearl. For proof of which I shall tell your Excellencies, going a while fince to Tobofo, I could not fo much as find fair Dulcinea's Palace; whereas my Squire went the next day, and saw her in her Luster, brighter then Aurora, or the Sun himself; yet when I met her after that, she appear'd to me i' the shape of a pitiful Country Dowdy; and she that was all discretion and modesty it self, talk'd to me as if she had been bred in a White-Fryars Ale-house; and therefore because they cannot have their will over me any more, she forfooth, who is the wonder of the World for Wit and Beauty, she must be thus enchanted, transmogrify'd, metamorphos'd, disguis'd and disfigur'd; and this is that which makes me renounce all the Pleasures of this World, and consume my self in Tears and Sorrow, till I have restor'd her to her first Estate. All which being consider'd, Sancho's Relation of what he saw signifies nothing, for if the Necromancers could delude Me, they might well put their tricks upon Him.

In short, Madam Dulcinea is both Illustrious and Virtuous, and descended from one of the most Ancient Families in all Toboso, of which there are

not a few in that City, which now will be no less famous for being the Place of her Nativity, then Troy for the Birth of Helena, Delos for that of Latona, or the River of Severn for bearing the Name of Sabrina, St. Geor-

By the way let me tell your Graces, that Sancho Pancha is one of the Pleasantest Drolls of a Squire, that ever serv'd Knight-Errane: Sometimes you shall hear such dry Bobs come from him, that tis hard to distinguish whether the Rogue mean Wittily or Knavishly; by and by he talks so like a downright Fool, that he discovers himself to all the World; sometimes he is so scurrillous that he deserves to be kickt; he questions every thing, and believes every thing; and when you would think the Varlet had intreagu'd himself in a piece of folly never to recover himself again, he difintangles himself of a sudden, and is applauded to the Skies. In a word, I would not change him for any other Squire, tho I might have a City to boot; yet I cannot tell whether it be so proper to fend him to the Government which your Excellency has been pleas'd to give him; tho on the other fide I find in him a pretty Aptitude to Govern, fo that by giving never so little a whet to his understanding, he may perhaps do as well as another; and so much the rather, because we see by experience, that there are a hunder'd Governours that can hardly write their Names, and will fometime undertake to read the Letters with their heels upwards. The main business for him to do is to preserve his Intentions right; to which purpose I shall advise him neither to take Bribes nor lose his Priviledges; with some other little Instructions which I have i' my Head, that will be very useful for him when he comes to fit in the Seat of Authority.

While the Duke and Don Quixote were thus discoursing together, there was a great noise i' the Cattle, and by and by they saw Sancho in a terrible fright, running toward the Parlour where they were, with a greafie Napkin about his Neck, follow'd by the Scullions and other Rabble of the Kitchin, among whom there was one that carry'd a Kettle full of nasty Dish water, who more eagerly pursuing poor Sancho then the Rest, endeavour'd to put it under his Chin, while another more greafie then himself was rea-

dy to bedaub his Countenance.

Book II.

What's the matter there, quo the Dutchess, what are yee doing to Sancho? Don't yee know he is a Governour Elect? Madam, quo the flovenly Barber, he refuses to be trimm'd according to Custom, as my Lord Duke, and my Lord his Master have been already \_\_\_\_ 'Tis a Lye, reply'd Sancho, in a great fury- but I desire whiter Linnen, cleaner Water, and less greasie Fifts to scrub me withal; for there's no such difference between me and my Master, that he should be wash'd with Water of Angels, and I be scour'd with the Devil's Lye. The Customs of Countries, and Princes Palaces are so far Laudable, while they give no offence - but this same beastly puddle is not fit to walh a Fryers Toes in. My Beard's as clean as a Lady's Comb-brush, nor do I need any such fort of Refreshment. - By the Death a' my Life, the first that touches a Hair of my Beard, I'le give him such a dash o' the Teeth, that I'le make him swallow my Fist \_\_\_\_ Such Ceremonies and Soapings as these tend rather to the scorn and derision, then Civil entertainment of Strangers.

The Dutchess held her Sides and laugh'd, observing Sancho's fury, and hearing his Arguments for himself. But Don Quixote, displeas'd to see his Squire made the sport of that Impertinent Rabble, after he had made a profound reverence to the Duke and Dutchess, as it were desiring Liberty to fpeak, quo he to the Scullions, with a ferious Tone, Hold worthy Knights, retire and let's be quiet; my Squire wants none of your washing nor rinfing; nor comes he here to be your Laughing-stock—therefore I advise yee to be gone in time—for neither do He nor I understand this kind of Drollery—No, no, Sir, quo Sancho, taking the Words out of his Masters Mouth; Let 'em stay, and go on with their work—before they and I ha' done, I'le pay my Barbers I'le warrant yee—if they think to make a May-game of Me: But let 'em fairly bring a Comb, and if they find any thing i' my Beard offensive to the Nicety of a waiting Gentlewoman, I'le give 'em leave to pluck my Beard from my Chin Hair by Hair. Sancho speaks nothing but reason, cry'd the Dutchess—He's as clean and as neat as a Bridegroom, and has no need of washing; and therefore since our Customs do not please him he shall be Master: Besides, quo she to the Kitchin-boys, you are a company of Insolent Rascals, to shew such uncivil usage to a person of his Quality, and such a Beard as his. How durst yee be so bold?—Be gone, and know your distance between such Varlets as your selves and the Squires to Kniehts-Errant.

Upon these words the Rabble believing the Dutchess had spoken in good Earnest, retir'd; and Sancho seeing himself deliver'd from such a threatning danger, prefently threw himself upon his Knees before the Dutches; to whom, Madam Dutchess, said he, great Persons, are able to do great Favours; and as for this which your most Paternal Worship has done me at present, I know not how to repay it, but by desiring to be Dubb'd a Knight-Errant, to the end I might employ my whole Life in your Service. I am a poor Country-man, my name is Sancho Pancha, I have a Wife and Children, and serve as a Squire, if in any of these Qualities I can serve your Greatness, I am no less ready to obey then you to command. I find, Sancho, reply'd the Dutchess, that you have been taught Civility in the School of Curtesie it self, and bred up under the Wings of my Lord Don Quixote, who is the Cream and Flower of Modern Courtship: Happy Age that enjoys such a Knight and such a Squire; of which the one is the North-star of Chivalry-Errant, and the other the Pattern of Loyalty and Fidelity. Rife Friend Sancho, and relye upon me for the recompence of your Civilities, by obliging the Duke to install yee in the Government he

After this Don Quixote went to his Repose, and the Dutchess told Sancho that if he had no desire to sleep, he might come and sit an Hour or two with her and her Damsels in a cool Parlour, where he should be welcom. To which Sancho answer'd, that tho it were his usual Custom in Summertime to sleep five or six Hours after Dinner, yet to serve her Goodness, he would endeavour to break his Custom for once, in obedience to her Commands. The Duke also at the same time went forth to give new Orders to his People concerning the farther entertainment of Don Quixote, with directions not to swerve a Tittle from the Ancient Language of Knight-Erranter.

THE



The Duke Dutchess, and Don Quicot hunting the wild Boar, Sancho Pancha falling out of a Tree is catched by the Breech page 454.



THE

### THIRD BOOK

Of the Ingenious KNIGHT

## Don Quixote

DE LA

# MANCHA.

#### PART II.

#### CHAP. I.

Containing the Pleasant Discourse between the Dutchess, her Damsels and Sancho Pancha, worthy to be read with Attention.

HE Story afterwards relates, that Sancho slept not a wink all that day, but in observance of his Promise, went to attend the Dutches, who stay'd for him in the Parlour; where as soon as he enter'd, the Dutches bid him take a low Chair and sit down by her, which Sancho resus'd, like a Man who understood what was what: But the Dutches told him, that he might be allow'd to sit as a Governour, and talk as a Squire, for that in both those respects, he deserv'd the Seat of the Famous Champion Cial Ruydias himself. Thereupon Sancho bow'd his Head and obey'd; at what time all the Dutchesses Damsels and Maids of Honour flockt about him with great Silence and Attention.

Then the Dutchess first beginning, now we are alone, said she, I would desire yee, Mr. Governour, to resolve me certain Doubts, which I find very difficult to be understood, in the History of the Famous Don Quixote de la

First, it appears that Sancho never saw Madam Dulcinea del Toboso, nor ever carry'd her the Letters, which his Master Don Quixote wrote her from the Black Mountain, as having lest the Table Book behind him; which being true, how durst Sancho be so audacious as to sain an Answer, and say Mmm

Sancho

Book III.

that he had seen the Lady sisting of Oats, which was not only a Lye, but a Scandal to the Honour of such a Peerless Lady, and an Imposture beneath the Sincerity of a Loyal Squire.

Sancho having heard the Questions propounded, rose from his Seat without speaking a word, lay'd his Finger upon his Lips, and creeping softly round the Room step by step, like a Nurse in a Sick Man's Chamber, he took up the Hangings every where, to see that no body listen'd; and then returning to his Seat, Madam, said he, 'tis good to be sure, the Walls have Ears, but now knowing my self to be as safe as a Thief in a Mill, you shall have my very Heart out of my Belly; I am ready to answer all your Questions, tho as numberless as the Sand of an Hour Glass, without fear,

scruple or hesitation; But not a word o' the Pudding, Madam.

First then, I must tell your Highness that I take my Master for a most accomplish'd Cuccow-brains, tho sometimes he will utter such things, which not only in my Opinion, but in the Judgment of better Schollards then my self, are directed still so well to the purpose, and all Extrumpre as they say, that Satan himself with all his Knowledge could never speak better. Nevertheless my Conscience will not give me leave to think otherwise, but that he had a Consounded Knock in his Cradle. And because I am pretty consident of this weakness of his, faith I take upon me sometimes to put the Sham upon him, and tell him Stories of Cocks and Bulls, that have neither head nor tayl; such as was the Answer of his Letter; and that same Lye in Pickle which I was forc'd to invent the other day, concerning the Enchantment of Madam Dulcinea, whom I made him believe to be enchanted, tho she's no more enchanted, before George, then Mahomer's Tomb.

Thereupon the Dutchess desir'd the Governour to tell her the whole Story of the Enchantment. Which he did without omitting the leaft Circumstance, to the great satisfaction of his Auditors: Only the Dutchess having heard him out; by my truly, Monsieur Sancho, quo she, you have rais'd another most terrible Scruple i'my Conscience; for me thinks I hear something whisper me i' the Ear and say; If Don Quixote de la Mancha be fuch a Fool past recovery, wherefore do's Sancho Pancha who knows him so well, still continue in his Service upon the hopes of his vain Promises. Certainly the Squire must be more a Sot then the Master; and if fo, what will be faid of Madam the Dutchess, to be guilty of Conferring an Island upon Sancho Pancha? For he that knows not how to Govern him felf, can never be able to Govern others. Upon my Virginity, Madam. this Scruple came into the World with the Head formost: Your Whisperer is not altogether mistaken; nay you may affure him from Me, that I know he speaks Truth- for had I been but as wise as Waltham's Calf, I had left my Master long a go. But it is my hard Fate; Where the Goat is ty'd, she must browse; and then again I must tell yee, we are both of us Towns-born Children; I have eaten his Bread; he is a good Master, and I love him; he has given me his Colts; more then all this, I am naturally Faithful, so that tis impossible there should be any other separation between us, then that of the Pickaxe and Spade; then indeed God den, and good Night: friends must part, as King Dagobert said to his Hounds. But as for the Government; if your Tallness think it not fit to bestow it upon me, however 'twill be a Government still for all that; 'twas no burthen of my Mothers Womb that came along with me into the World- It may be for the good of my Conscience to go without it: I am a Beast 'tis true, but what says the Proverb, They ow'd the Pismire a Spleen that would have given her Wings; and I am of Opinion, that Sancho the Squire may enter Paradise as soon as

Sancho the Governour. We feed upon Bread here as well as in France; and i' the Dark all Cats are Grey. He must be very unhappy that goes without his Breakfast till Two a Clook i the Afternoon; and there is no Man that has a Stomach twice as big as another; but let it be never so big, there will be Straw or Hav enough left to fill it. 'Tis God that feeds the little Birds of the Air; and fix Ells of Sarge are as long as fix Ells of Velvet; and when our time is come to crawle out of this World, the Road is no fairer for a Prince then a Labouring Man; nay the Popes Body lyes in as little room as a Sexton's; we are all equal in the Grave, whether we must all go in spite of my Teeth, and in spite of your Teeth, and in spite of all our Teethes; and when that time comes, tis just like letting down the Curtain when the Play's done. So then Madam if your Ladyship think it not fit to give me the Island because I am a Fool, I shall be so wife as not to care whether yee do or no, that's the short and the long on't. I have heard say the Devil stands behind the Cross: and all is not Gold that gliffers: Bamba a poor Farmer was hurry'd from the Plough-tail to the Throne of Spain; on the other side, King Rodorick was hal'd from his Pomp, his Pastimes and his Riches, and thrown to be devour'd by Snakes and Adders, if the Ballad be true. I dare fay 'tis true, quo Mrs. Dorothy, that had formerly quarrel'd with Sancho; For the Story fays, that they threw King Rodorick into a Ditch full of Toads, Serpents and Efts, by the same token that two days after he was heard to cry out with a pitiful Voice, Oh, how they tear, devour and gnaw my Sinning Part; and if so I had rather be a poor Labourer still, then a King to be devour'd of Vermin.

The Durchess laugh'd at the Comment which her Woman had made upon Sancho's Text. But being no less tak'n with Sancho's way of Arguing by Proverbs and pithy Sentences, like the Ancient Jews; Friend Sancho, quo she, you know that when a Knight makes a promise once, he ought to keep his promise though it cost him his Life. The Duke, my Lord and Husband, is no Knight Adventurer 'tis true, however he is no less a Knight for all that, and therefore thou mayst rely upon his word, maugerall the Envy and Malice of the World. Pluck up a good heart therefore, honest Sancho—— Thou shalt suddenly see thy self in sull possession of thy Government, lodg'd like a Prince, and array'd in Velvet and Cloth of Tissue. All the Charge that I lay upon thee is only to be careful of well Governing

a People which thou wilt find Obedient and Loyal.

Puh, is that all? reply'd Sancho, as to the business of Governing, there's no need of laying that Injunction upon me; for I am naturally Charitable, and was always compaffionate to the Poor, and fcorn to take the Meat out of another Man's Mouth. On the other fide, by my Holiness, they must not think to put their false Dice upon me-I am an old Dog nor to be twice bitten; Iam past a Baby \_\_\_\_ Teach me to Govern! Teach your Grannam to grope Ducks - Zookers - I want no body to drive the Flies from my Nofe \_\_\_\_ There's no body can tell me where the Shoe rings me-that is to fay, I am refolv'd to know who and who's together-and for all your true Hearts that drink fair and keep the Commandments, they shall be a' my side and be welcome to my Table-But for your Factious Rebels, and smooth fac'd Fanatick Dissemblers I defie 'em all-For in reference to Government I am perswaded that the main Business is to lay a good Foundation; fo that I make no doubt in fifteen days to be as expert in Governing as ever I was in Mowing an Acre of Grass, to which I ha? been bred up from my Infancy.-

You fay very true Sancho, reply'd the Dutches; for no Man is born a Schollar; nor are Bishops and Popes made of Stones, but of Men.

Mm m 2

Mr.

Mr. Governour, to return once more to Madam Dulcinea's Enchantment. I hold it for a certain Truth, that Sancho's making Don Quixote believe his Mistress was Enchanted, was meerly the wicked Contrivance of those Enchanters that persecute him. For I am convinc'd in good part that the Country Blowze that skipp'd fo nimbly upon the Affes back, was the Real Dulcinea del Toboso her self; so that Sancho, who thought to deceive his Master, was himself beguil'd. For you must know Friend Sancho, that we have feveral Necromancers and Figure-Casters in this Country, who make it their Business to inform us of every thing that happens remarkable in the World; and by them we understood that the Country Puzzle was Dulcinea; that she is Enchanted, and that when we least expect it, we shall see her again in all her Glory, and then shall Sancho find twas he himfelf that was bubbl'd.

By my Faith, Madam, quo Sancho, all this might well be; and I begin to believe My Masters Story of Montesinos's Cave, where, as he says, he faw Madam Dulcinea in the fame Habit and Condition wherein I told him I had seen her, when it came into my Brain to Enchant her. I see now 'twas quite another thing, and that I was the first that was Conycatch'd, as your Greatness well observes. For now I think on't, 'tis plain I never had so much Wit for such a sudden Contrivance; nor do I believe my Mafter such a Woodcock to be over-reach'd by such an Ignoramus as my self. Flowever Madam, I would not have you think me to be a Knave neither, feeing that fuch an Ideot, as I am, is not able to defend himfelf from the Malice of these Enchanters. I invented that same tale of a Tub, only to avoid my Masters Importunities, and not to abuse him; and if it fell out contrary to my Intention, God is in Heaven the Judge of all Hearts. 'Tis honestly said, reply'd the Dutchess, but tell me Sancho, what is that Adventure of Montesinos's Cave? I would fain understand the bottom of it. Whereupon Sancho, having made a full Relation of the whole Story, the Dutchefs thus proceeded. Look yee, faid she, here's the very thing that confirms what I told yee, friend Sancho; for feeing the famous Don Quixote faw the same Country Puss that Sancho met coming from Toboso, 'tis apparent' twas Dulcinea, and that the Necromancers are very swift in their Intelligence.

Well, quo Sancho, if Madam Duleinea be Enchanted, 'tis so much the worse for her; what's that to me, I am not bound to quarrel with all my Masters Enemies, which I find are many, and too powerful y'faith for me to deal with. This I am fure of, the whom I faw was a Country Wench, I took her for a Country Wench, and I left her a Country Wench-But whether that Country, Wench were Madam Dulcinea or no, is no Bread and Butter of mine; I shall neither be the better nor worse for it. Besides I must tell yee, I don't like these odd kind of Repetitions \_\_\_ Sancho fays one thing, Sancho fays another; Sancho's a' this side. Sancho's a that side\_ Sancho did this, and Sancho did that - as if Sancho were not the same Sancho so famous already over all the World in History, as the Student Sampson Carrafco told me not long ago; and I know he would not lye for all the Gold within or without the Bowels of the Earth. And therefore let not me be plagu'd with your Enchantments, I wash my Hands of 'em all; I'me sure no body can fay but that I'me honest; and a good Name is better then a Gold Chain about a Man's Neck. Let me but have this Government once, and then you shall see Miracles --- a good Squire will make a better Gover-

I' my Conscience, Sancho, cry'd the Dutchess, you are a most incomparable Man-You speak nothing but Sentences - according as we say in our Country, a Tatter'd Cloak may cover a good Drinker- Upon my Credit Madam Dutchess, answer'd Sancho, I never drink out of malice; for thirst perhaps I may: for I have nothing of the Hypocrite in me. I drink when I have occasion; and sometimes when I have no occasion, especially when the Liquor is offer'd me; for why should I go about to affront an honest good Fellow. Really Madam, he must be very hard hearted that refuses to pledge his Friend, when it costs him nothing to open his Mouth. Nor indeed is it well done to upbraid the Squires of Knights-Errant: poor Creatures, God wot, that are always in Defarts or Forrests, Woods or Mountains, without tafting fo much as one merciful drop of Wine, would

they give one of their Eyes for a Thimble full.

I believe it Sancho, cry'd the Dutchess, but now it grows late, and therefore go to your repose—another time we'll have the tother Mess of chat - I the mean time I'le take order that you shall have your Government, and that speedily too. Thereupon Sancho made his obeysance once more to the Dutchess, and befought her to give command that particular care might be taken of his Grizzle, which was no less dear to him then the Light of his Eyes. What Grizzle dost mean? quo the Dutchess. My Ass. Madam, with reverence be it spoken, reply'd Sancha; but because I am unwilling to call him Ass, which is common both to Man and Beast, I gave him the name of Grizzle. 'Tis very well Sancho, quo the Dutchess, take no care for Grizzle -- now I find him to be one of my good friends Moveables, I'le take him into my Bosom rather then fail. Not so neither I befeech yee, Madam Dutchefs, quo Sancho, 'tis fufficient that he has a warm Stable—neither he nor I are worthy a Moment's Repose in your Bosom: Nor would I harbour such an unmannerly thought for all the Asses in the World, tho I might have 'em bridl'd and saddl'd to boot-Nay, quo the Dutchess, I am not fo fond of your Grizzle neither, but that you may take him along with yee to your Government, where you may feed him with Panada's, and make him as fat as you please. Ah Madam, quo Sancho, there's many a true word fpok'n in jeast — 'Tis not the first Ass that I have seen go to a Government. and if I carry mine, 'tis no such new thing.

The Dutchess could not choose but laugh at Sancho's Answer; and so fending him to his natural Rest, she went to the Duke and gave him an account of the pleasant Colloquies between her and Sancho. Which done. they contriv'd together to put Don Quixote upon a most famous Adventure, the likest to a Romantick Piece of Knight-Errantry that ever was in the World, and which if the Reader be but never fo little Ingenious, he must confess to be one of the most delightful Passages in the whole Book.

#### CHAP. XXXIV.

Relating the method that was taken to Disinchant Madam Dulcinea del Toboso, which is one of the most famous Adventures in this Book.

THE Duke and the Dutchess were greatly delighted with the humours of their Guests, Don Quixote and Sancho Pancha; which made em study all the Contrivances imaginable to make the best of such a pleasing divertisement. To which end, the Story that Don Quixote had told em of Montesinos's Cave furnish'd their invention with matter sufficient; and Sancho's Simplicity, who was now coax'd to believe Dulcinea's Enchantment

to be real, tho he himself were the first contriver of the delusion, made

'em confident they should prosper in their design.

To this purpose, at the end of fix days, which they spent in instructing the Actors in this Comedy, they carry'd Don Quixote and Sanoho to hunt the Wild Boar, with fuch a Retinue of Huntsmen and Attendance as might have become a Crown'd Prince. For Don Quixote himself they provided a Hunting Suit rich and noble, and another for Sancho of fine green Cloth. Don Quixote refus'd to accept of his, alledging that he was in a short time to return to the fevere Exercise of Arms, and could not carry along with him Sumpters and Wardrobes: but as for Sancho, he willingly accep-

ted of his, defigning it for the Broker upon the first occasion.

The wish'd for Morning being come, Don Quixote put on his rusty Armour, and Sancho his Grass-green Breeches and Coat, and mounting his Grizzle, which he would not leave for a good Horse that was offer'd him, crowded in among the rest of the Huntsmen. At length appeard the Dutchess also, gayly and richly habited like the Picture of Diana; at what time Don Quixote out of pure Courtship would needs hold the Reins of her Bridle, till The were fix'd in her Saddle, tho the Duke seem'd very unwilling, and fain would have diffwaded him from fo mean an Office. In fhort, away they set forward, the Dutchess riding between the Duke and Don Quixote, till they came to a Wood that grew between two high Mountains. Where being arriv'd, the Toyles were fet, the Hounds uncoupled, the Hunters took their stands, and the Chace began with such a hideous noise, what with the Dogs, what with the Horns, what with the hollowing and hooping of the Huntsmen, that a Man could hardly hear the Person that flood next him. Prefently the Dutchess alighted, and with a Javelin in her Hand, plac'd her felf where it was most likely the Boar would take his flight. The Duke and Don Quixote alighted at the same time, and enclos'd the Dutchess on each side. But Sancho glad he had such a Desence between him and Danger, kept a loof off, behind his Illustrious Rampart, not daring to alight from his Grizzle, for fear of some untoward Missortune.

Nor was it long before the hideous Boar appear'd with the Dogs and the Hunters close at his Heeles. At what time Don Quixote shouldring his Buckler, and with his drawn Sword in his Hand, prepar'd to receive the furious Mountaneer. The Duke also hasten'd with his Boar-Spear to have the first stroak: the Dutchess likewise would have advanc'd before 'em both, had not the Duke prevented her. Only Santho beholding the enrag'd Animal with dismal Tusk and foaming Chaps, as his fears suggested, making toward him alone, skipp'd from his Pack-faddle, and fell a running as fast as his thick Legs could carry him, toward a high Oak which he had in his view, to the top of which he endeavour'd to have clamber'd out of harms way. But being heavy and unus'd to climb, he was not got much above half way before one of the Boughs broke, and he had had a fatal fquelch, had not a more merciful Stump of another Bough caught hold of his new Breeches, and entring the Cloath behind, preserv'd him from the fall. However there he hung, quite contrary to Men hang'd in Chains, with his Heels up, and his Head down, within a Foot of the Ground. In this Condition, finding his Breeches torn, and every Minute fancing the Boar to be tearing his Scull, he made such Out cries, and baul'd out so loud for help, that they who heard him and faw him not, verily believ'd him between the Teeth of some devouring Beast. But there he must hang, for the Hunters were busie till they had kill'd their Game, which they were not long a doing with their Spears and Javelins; and Don Quixote hearing Sancho's cryes, made haste to relieve his distressed Squire. Nor was it long before he discover'd him hanging like a Calf in a Butchers Slaughter-house, and his Patient Grizzle by him, that never deserted him in his Calamity. For Cid Hamet observes, that you should never see Sancho but you should see Grizzle, never Grizzle but you should see Sancho, such was the constant Friendship and faithful Unity between them two. Well in short, Don Quixote took him down; but if Sancho were overjoy'd to find himself safe and at liberty, he was no less griev'd to behold the hole in his fine hunting Suit, that he valu'd equal to a Coppihold Farm.

In the mean time the Boar being lay'd upon a Mule, and cover'd with Branches of Rosmary and Mirtle, the Victorious Huntsmen carry'd their new conquer'd Spoils in Triumph to a fair Tent in the middle of the Wood, where they found a Table ready spread, and a Collation beseeming the Mag-

nificence of him that bestow'd it,

Book III.

Presently Sancho with a Melancholy Countenance drew near the Dutchess, and shewing her his rent Breeches; had this been a bare surprize of a Hare, or a Poaching after Partridges, quo he, this Misfortune had never befallen me: I wonder what pleasure there is in waiting for a Wild Beast, that if he do but strike a Man into the Guts with one of his Tushes, sends him prefently into the other World? I shall never forget an Old Song that runs thus:

> Mayst thou be eaten by the Bears Like Fabila in former Years;

That Fabila, cry'd Don Quixote, was an Antient King of the Goths, who going a Hunting was devour'd by the Bears. That's what I fay, reply'd Sambo, or at least what I mean- For I would not that Kings and Princes should run the hazard of their Lives, for the vain Pleasure of killing a poor Animal that never offended the Law. You are mistaken, Sancho, said the Duke, Hunting is an Exercise more convenient and necessary for Kings and Princes then any other. For Hunting is a Representation of War: It teaches us how to make use of Stratagems, Policy and Ambuscades, and to vanquish an Enemy without detriment to our felves; it exposes us to Heat and Cold; enures us to Labour and Hardship; encreases Strength, and renders the whole Body active and vigorous, and more then all this, it is a prejudice to no body. And therefore Friend Sancho, when you are once fettl'd in your Government, I advise yee to use the Sport of Hunting; for then you will find the benefit of it.

I beg your Pardon, good my Lord Duke, reply'd Sancho, a good Governour should have his Legs broken, that he may stay at home. Twould be a fine thing indeed, that when People come about business weary and tyr'd with long Journeys, and think to find Mr. Governour at home, he should be gone a Hunting for his Pleasure for footh i' the Country - y' good faith Business would be finely dispatch'd at that Rate, would it not? May I never enjoy the Bleffing of Bag-Pudding more, if I don't think that Hunting is fitter for those that have nothing to do, then for a Governour. For my part I am resolv'd that a little Recreation shall serve my turn—a Game or two at All-Foures, or Twenty or Thirty, more or less for Christmasses, Easter's and Whitsontides; and upon common Sundays and Holidays, a little Pastime at Kettle-pins; but for your Hunting, as yee call it, it neither agrees with my Humour nor my Conscience. In good time, reply'd the Duke; but between faying and doing there's a vast distance. Let it be as

Devil

vast as it will, quo Sancho, a Good Pay master never grudges his Wages. He whom God assists, does better then he that rifes betimes in the Morning : Tis the Belly makes the Feet amble, not the Feet the Belly. My meaning is, that if Heaven affifts me, and that I do my endeavour with a good Intention. I make no doubt but to Govern better then a Gerfaulcon. They that won't believe me, let 'em put their Fingers i' my Mouth and trye whether I can bite or no No, no believe me 'tis not the Coule makes the Monkand when. - Accurs'd of Heaven and all the Saints, accurfed Sancho. cry'd Don Quixote, interrupting him, when shall I hear thee talk a Quarter of an Hour without a Company of Mangy Proverbs? I befeech vour Excellencies, let some body stitch up the Mouth of this Eternal Doltprefumptuous Slave, that thus dares teaze your Ears with his Impertinencies. Sancho's Proverbs, reply'd the Dutchess, are nere a whit the more to be dislik'd for their number - Wise Men have thought their time not ill spent in Collecting of Proverbs - but Sancho's a Collection of Proverbs himfelf- He has by heart what other Men must pore for in Indexes- And whether he speaks to the purpose or no, that's not a Straw matter——Ile

affure yee he pleases his Friends, if I may be said to be one. After these and such like Discourses, they re enter'd the Wood, to see whether any Game had fallen into the Nets. Where while they continu'd eager at their Sport, they were of a sudden surprized by a dark Night; more dark indeed then usual, but as it happen'd more favourable for the Duke and Dutchesses defign. For as they stood wondering what was become of the Stars, in a Moment all the Forrest seem'd to be of a light Fire; and by and by they heard a loud noise of Trumpets and other Warlike Instruments, as if feveral Regiments of Horse had been marching through the Wood. This unexpected Light and amazing Noise surprised the Eves and Ears of all that were present; but far greater was their wonder when the medley of Sounds increas'd, by the Intermixture of Cornets, Fifes, ratling of Gridirons, Keys and Tongues, Trumpet-Marines, Lancalhire Hornpipes, in dreadful Confort with Irifb Ohones, that made fuch a difmal Chiurm i' the clouded Air, as threatn'd some sudden disaster to the whole World. The Duke shiver'd, the Dutchess quak'd, Don Quixote himself was in a cold Sweat, Sancho's Bones rattl'd in his Skin; and in a word, all that were present were at their private Ejaculations. By and by, upon the ceasing of this same Black Santus, a kind of a Post, that look'd like one of the Devils Postillions, upon a round Gallop brush'd by the Company, sounding a Horn of a prodigious bigness, and as terrible for the noise it made as a speaking Trumpet; to whom the Duke, calling after him, hold Brother Post, quo he, who art, whether so fast - what Sons of Mars are they that feem to cross the Wood? I am the Devil, cry'd the Post, in a dreadful tone, that look for Don Quixote de la Mancha, and those People that you take for Warriours, are fix Troops of Necromancers, that bring along th' Enchanted Dulcinea del Tobofo in a Tryumphant Chariot, accompany'd by the famous Knight Sir Francis Montelinos, who comes to teach Don Quixote the way to Difinchant her. If thou best the Devil, as thou fayft thou art, reply'd the Duke, thou art a Mope ey'd Devil not to fee Don Quixote, who stands here before thee. Before Heaven and by my Conscience, cry'd the Devil, I have so many things i'my Head, that I forgot my main Errand. Body a me, quo Sancho, this Devil must be an honest Fellow, and a good Catholick, he could never swear else, before Heaven and by his Conscience. But now I find that even in Hell it self there are fome good People, as well as in other places. At the fame time, the

Devil keeping his Saddle, and fixing his Eyes upon Don Quixote, To thee Sir Kinght of the Lyons (and I wish thee fast i' their Claws for the trouble thou giv'st me) to Thee am I sent by the Valiant, but unfortunate Montesinos, to bid thee wait his coming where ever I should find thee, for that he brings along with him an acquaintance of thine, one Dulcinea del Tobolo. and can tell thee how to difinchant her—that's my Errand and all I have to fay and fo may Devils like my felf be always thy Companions, and Angels guard the rest of this good Company. And so saying he blew his dreadful Horn, and disappear'd without staying for an Answer.

Book III. The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

At this the Hunters were more aftonish'd then before, but most of all affrighted Sancho and Don Quixote; Sancho, to see that in despight of what he knew to be true, they would have Dulcinea still to be Enchanted, and Don Quixote, to find that what he had only dream'd of Montesinos's Cave, should prove to be Truth. To whom, while he was pondring these things in his imagination, What think yee Sir, cry'd the Duke, are yee resolv'd to expect your friends? Why not, reply'd Don Quixote, I'le wait their coming with my wonted Courage, tho I were fure to encounter all the Devils in Hell.

You may do what you pleafe, quo Sancho, but if any more Devils or Horns

come hither, they shall as soon find me in Flanders as here.

By this time the Night being far spent and very dark, they discover'd a great number of Lights, like somany Jack in a Lanthorns; and immediately after they heard a most dreadful noise, like that of a Cart laden with Bars of Iron crossing forty Kennels one after another, and the ungreas'd Wheels creaking at the same time; which is a fort of Melody, they say, will fright the very Woolves and Bears themselves if they hear it. But that which render'd this Diabolical Harmony the more terrible, was another fort of noise of so many Battels joyn'd in all the four Corners of the Wood, where Peals of Cannon, Volleys of Musquets; the Cryes of the wounded; Groans of the dying stupify'd your Ears; so that Don Quixote himself, notwithstanding all his Courage, began to find his Hair stand an end. Sancho had no leisure to summon up his Resolution; for such were his fears that he fell down in a swoon at the Dutchesses Feet: And whether he would ever have come to himself agen, is a question, had not the Dutchess been fo kind as to bid her Servants throw good store of Water in his Face.

The Poor Soul began to open his well wash'd Eyes, just as one of the creaking Carts happen'd to pass along, drawn by four slow-pac'd Oxen, cover'd with Mourning, and carrying upon each Horn a lighted Torch. At the upper end of the Cart, was erected a kind of a Throne, where fate a Venerable Old Man with a Beard as white as a Parson's Band, and reaching down to his Girdle, wrapt up in a Gown of black Buckram. The Oxen were lead by two Devils very black and so very deformed, that Sancho having feen 'em once, was forc'd to shut his Eyes that he might not fee 'em agen. When the Waggon came near the Duke, the Venerable Old Man rose up, and with a loud and deep Voice cry'd out, I am the Necromancer Lingand, and so the Waggon went forward. After this follow'd another Waggon with another grave old Man sitting in it, who when he came neer the Duke, cry'd out in a hoarse tone, I am the Necromancer Alquist, the great Friend of Urganda the Ungrateful. Then follow'd a third Cart, but he that fate upon the Throne was a strong sturdy stern sower-fac'd Fellow, and he cry'd out with a Voice more Inward and Devil-like, I am the Necromancer Arcalaus, the Mortal Enemy of Amadis de Gaule and all his Race; and having fo faid, he follow'd the rest of the Waggons. All these three Waggons made a stop, after they had gone some few Paces only. And then the unplea-

fing wicked noise of the Wheels ceasing, a pleasant fort of Musick began to strike up, which Sancho taking for a good Omen, Madam, quo he, to the Dutchess, from whom he would not budge an Inch, where there's Musick, there's generally good Chear. Very true, reply'd the Dutchess, Musick delights the Ear, as Light rejoyces the Eye. Peranter I, Peranter no, quo Sancho, Light proceeds sometimes from Flame, and a Man may set his House a Fire and run away by the Light on't; but Musick is always a sign of Jollity and Revelling. That will be seen by and by, reply'd Don Quixote, and so we go on to the next Chapter.

#### CHAP. II.

Containing the Meanes that were us'd to difinchant Dulcinea, with other Admirable Passages.

S the Musick drew near, they beheld a Tryumphant Chariot coming A towards 'em, drawn by fix Mules, cover'd with White, and upon every Mule a Penitent fate in the fame Colour, bearing a great Torch in his Hand. The Chariot was three times as big as any of the Waggons, carrying twelve other Penitents in White, with their Torches likewife; and at the farther end upon a Throne fate a Nymph, shining all in glittering Tinsel; so that the she were not in such a Condition as to be fold to her worth, yet to the outward Eye no Queen could be more gloriously array'd; besides that her Face was cover'd with a Transparent Gause, through which you might discern a most Lovely Beauty between Sixteen and Seventeen Years of Age. Close by her fate another Figure, clad in a long side-Garment of black Bayes reaching down to her Feet, her Head being cover'd with a Mourning Vail. So foon as this Chariot came before the Duke and Don Quixote, the Musick ceas'd, and this same Figure standing upright upon her Feet, display'd her Garment, and throwing away her Vail, discover'd a meer Skeleton, that represented the deformed and ghastly Figure of Death, which put Don Quixote into a Melancholy Dumps, and terrify'd poor Sancho in such a manner, that he began to be somewhat offensive; nor were the Duke and Dutchess without their seeming disturbances. At what time Death observing still the same Posture, with a Faint utterance and Languishing Tone thus began.

Merlin am whom Story's fain
To be the Devils Father,
For on my Learning so profound
This Lye did former Ages ground.
Sole Monarch o're Magicians all I Reign;
All Faustus's and Bacons secrets I
Can tell, commanding Fate and Destiny:
I Rule the Demons and the Stars themselves,
King Oberon, and his Fairy Elves;
And for Knights-Errant have a tender Love,
As being savourd from above;
Their honour I uphold, and still at hand
Their Lives from vile Enchanters I defend.

Within my dark abode In gloomy Caverns of the Stygian God. Where I was drawing Circles, crownd With Names of Saints and Avemaries round. I heard the doleful Lamentations Of Matchless Dulcinea, Queen of Nations; Which drew me from my Rest To Succour her that lyes fo fore diffrest. Oh Thou of wandring Chivalry, The Glory and the Ornament; Thou that for sakft the foft repose Of Downy Beds where Drones and Cowards lye; Renowned Knight that never dofft'st thy Cloaths, But under Oaks or Beeches, wet or drye, In pondrous Armour fleepft upon the Ground, Seeking Adventures never to be found: To thee Fam'd Hero, that hast long deplor'd Thy Lady's Fate, by thee fo much ador'd, Tho now Transform'd into a Country Dowdy, To thee I come, not with a Formal How d'yee; But to restore her to her Former State. And make her happy that's unfortunate. Six hunder'd Stripes upon his naked Bum, Thy Peerles's Squire must first receive. And then by Fates unalterable Doom. Then Dulcineà shall return and live For thy Embraces Fit, And never more shalt thou have cause to grieve.

Very finely contrived, quo Sancho, me thinks three Lashes might serve turn, gently layed on with my own Hand—the Devil take thee for a Pedagogue of a Devil for thy manner of Dissinchantment; what have my Buttocks to do with Sorcery? Before George Mr. Merlin, if you have no better way of dissinchanting Madam Dulcinea, let her een go Enchanted as she is into the other World for me.

How Rogue! cry'd Don Quixote, all in fury, Scoundrel Garlick-eater—refuse the Oracle, and I'le take thee my self and tye thee as naked to a Tree as ever thy Mother bore thee, where I'le make up the three thousand three hunder'd, yee Varlet, six thousand six hundred, at sixcore to the hunder'd—answer me a word yee Dog and I'le tear out thy Soul.—

Soft and fair, quo Merlin, for the Stripes that honest Sancho is to receive, must be with his own consent, and he may take his own time, for he is not ty'd to a Day: Nay, he may be exempted from one half of the Lassness too, provided they be lay'd on by another Hand, which perhaps may not indeed be so Compassionate. Neither another Hand nor my own, neither heavy nor light, neither hard nor soft, reply'd Sancho: Did I beget Madam Dalcinea del Toboso, that my Tayl must pay for the Sins of her Eyes? Een let my Master Don Quixote whip himself, 'tis his own business; he that calls her every foot his Life, his Soul, and his Support, let him, if he pleases, try to disinchant her at the expence of his own Flesh and Blood—but for any whipping of me, I beg his Diversion.

Sancho had no sooner made an end of speaking, but the Lady in the Throne stood upon her Feet, and lifting up her Vail, discover'd a Beauty

altogether Extraordinary; and then with a Countenance full of anger and disdain, addressing her self to Sancho, Shame to thy Prosession, quo she, with no more Soul then a Black jack, and no more Heart then a Muscle. Poor Entrails of a Gudgeon, hadft thou been commanded, Varlet of a Hangman, to throw thy felf from the Top of some high Tower to the Ground; hadft thou been requested, Enemy of Mankind, to have eaten a dozen of Toads, two dozen of Efts, and three dozen of Adders; or hadst thou been perswaded to saw off the Necks of thy Wife and Children, it had been no wonder to have feen thee obstinate and Melancholy; but to boggle at three thousand three hunder'd Slashes of a Whip, that every pitiful Clout-pricker of a Religious Virgin gives her self once a Month, and every old Cripple of a Fornicator fuffers from the flogging Hand of a Brawny Baud, strikes admiration into all that hear it, and will be the Aftonishment of all succeeding Ages. See here, perpetual Ragamuffin. look upon these Eyes of mine, more bright then glittering Stars, and but observe how my hot Tears insensibly furrow the Flowry Meadows of my lovely Cheeks, that were before a Paradife Terrestrial. Die cruel Monster; drop into the Earth for shame, to see a Princess of my Years confume the Flowr of her Age, and pine away under the Disfigurement of a Country puzzle, tho at present my former Charms are for a while return'd me, by Gracious Merlins Art, in hopes the fight of fo much Beauty would have mollify'd thy Heart. Relent, relent, inexorable Monfter; be not fo sparing of that wrinkl'd Skin of thine, th' enclosure of thy Dirty Soul; vanquish for once that passionate love of thy Belly, and sorbear to listen to that greedy Worm that's always bawling to thee for Kitchen Confolation; vanquish I say this exorbitant Self-love, and assume to thy self the honour, by a little Mortification of thy Flesh, to restore me the Delicacy of my Skin, the sweetness of my Disposition, and the incomparable Beauty of my Complexion: Or if I am not yet fufficiently miserable to move thy Pity, do it for the fake of that poor Knight who flands by thy side, confurning himself in forrow, I mean thy tender Master, whose very Soul I fee just at his Throat, not above ten Fingers breadth from his Lips, ready upon thy kind or rugged answer, to flye out of his Mouth, or return back to his Midriff.

Upon these words Don Quixote felt his Throat, and then turning to the Duke, By the Body of Cafar, faid he, Dulcinea has spoken nothing but the Truth; for I feel my Soul lye cross my Throat, like a Bullet in a Cross-Bow. Mell, Sancho, quo the Dutchess, and what say you to all this? I fav. Madam, as I fayd before, that as to the business of Lashing. I renounce the Devil and all his Firkirs and therefore I beg your Reversion; Diversion you mean, Sancho, quo the Duke. Hoyday! what agen l'Ibeseech vour Grandeur to let me alone; is this a time to trouble a Man with Niceties; and Spelling of Letters, when he's in danger of losing his Skin? Therefore I would fain know of my Lady, Madam Dulcinea del Tabofo, where the learnt to beg Kindnesses of people after such a rude manner I She desires me that for her fake I would suffer my Skin to be flead from my Back, and at the same time calls me Savage Monster, Soul of a Black-jack, Tiger and Ragamuffin, with a hunder'd other reproachful Names, which the Devil himself would never endure. It may be I might have a Body of Brass, if Jonight gain any thing by difinchanting her. If the had brought along with her a dozen of Shirts, half a score Night-Caps, and three or four new Pair of Shoes, by Gud's Deins I should ha' known what to ha' said to her. But she for sooth to get me into a good humour, presents me with a Bushel

a Bushel of Injuries and Reproaches, as if she intended to Hector me our of my Skin \_\_\_ No \_\_ no \_\_ she's too young I see to know that an Ass laden with Gold mounts the more nimbly up the Hill, and that Prefents mollifie Stones: But I can tell her, a Bird i the Hand's worth two i' the Bush; and he's a Fool that will not give an Egg for an Ox. And then again, my Master too. who one would think should make it his Business to speak me fair, and coax me up, as being the only Person that can serve him, threatens to tve me to a Tree, and to make me pay double the Price which the Devil demands for his Mistresses Ransom. Besides, they ought to consider, 'tis not a Squire only, but a Governour whom they would have to whip himself— Beshrew their Hearts, let'em know to whom they prate, and what they Petition for - Let 'em learn Civility with a Murrain, and understand times and seasons - for all days are not alike, nor are Men always in a good Humour. They fee me pensive and greiv'd for having torn my new Suit, and they would have me tear my own Flesh too, when I have no more mind to it then to turn Turk. Sancho, quo the Duke, I must tell yee, y'are too nice—and therefore in short, you must either become as soft as a ripe Fig. or renounce your Government. For it would be ill done of me to impose upon my Islanders a Governour so Savage and Cruel, that neither the Tears of diffressed Ladies, nor the Admonitions of the wisest Necromancers can move him. Once more therefore, Sancho, you must either be Lash'd, or Lash your self, or else you can be no Governour. My Lord, quo Sancho, may I not be allow'd two days to confider what I had best to do? By no means, reply'd Merlin, you must resolve one thing or other immediately, and that in this very place too, or Dulcinea must return to Montesinos's Cave, whence in her Pristin Form of a Country Wastcoteer, she must be hurry'd to the Elysian Fields, till the Devil has given her an Acquittance for the Lashes impos'd upon thy Buttocks; three thousand for Belzebub the Master Taylour, and three hunder'd for the Turnkeys Fees,

Come Sancho, quo the Dutchess, fye for shame, pluck up a good Courage; what is thy Heart sunk i'thy Belly for fear of a few School-boy jerks? Why thou art a sensible Creature, and me thinks shoulds have a little more gratitude for the Bread thou hast eaten from thy Master Don Quixote's Table, whom we all Admire and Reverence for his Generosity and renowned Feats of Arms. Were I a man as thou art, and had such a Whitleather Skin as thou hast, I'de desie the Devil, and banish sear to the Wretched—Come Sancho, strip and to work—Madam, quo Sancho, your Arguments might convince a Dray-man, were he to be whipt with his Leather Jacket on, but Madam the naked Skin is tender, and therefore addressing himself to the Chariot, Mr. Merlin, quo he, the Post that rode by just now, told us that Signor Montesinos himself was a coming, and bid my Master stay for his Instructions about this Disinchantment; but as yet we have neither seen

Montelinos, nor any body like him.

That same Devil, reply'd Merlin, was both a Fool and a Knave—'Twas I that sent him in search of your Master, not by any Warrant of Montestants, but of my own Head. Montestants lyes still in his Cave, expecting the diffolution of his Enchantment, which perhaps may be when two Sundays come together; but if he ow's yee any Money, or that you have any question to ask lith. The bring him either hither or to any other place: In the mean time I advise yee to undergo this perty Penance, which I le assure yee, you will find no less beneficial for your Souls Health then the Welfare of your Body. For your Souls Health, by the Consequences of an Act of Charity: and for the Welfare of your Body, because I know you are of a hor

Book II.

hor Sanguine Complexion, and the loss of a little Blood can be no prejudice to yee. In good Faith, quo Sancho, I don't find there is fuch a scarcity of Quacks i'the World at this time, that Necromancers should turn Mountebanks. Nor should all your Twittle cum Twattle perswade me to be angry with my own Flesh and Blood, in despite of my own Natural Affection to my self. But I must consess I do begin to feel my own soft and tender Inclinations, and the innate goodness of my Disposition begin to work upon me: So that in complyance with my Lady Dutchess, and because it shall not be said that ever I spoyl'd Madam Dulcinea's Marriage, who I must confess to be much more Beautiful then ever I thought her, I am content to give my felf the three thousand three hunder'd Lashes, provided I be not limited to a Minute, or a day, or a Month. And I will have these Conditions moreover i' my Bargain, that I will not be oblig'd to whip my felf till the Blood come; and that if any of the Slashes happen to fall belide, they shall be reckn'd into the Tale. Item, that if I should happen not to tell right, Mr. Merlin, who knows all things, shall be oblig'd to take care that I do not exceed my number. There's no danger of that, reply'd Merlin; for fo foon as the last Lash shall be given, the Spring of your Arm will stop of itself; and at the same moment shall Madam Dulcinea be disinchanted, and shall come and acknowledge Sancho's Kindness, not only in airy words, but with substantial Presents. And therefore never stand upon more or less-but for that trust to my Conscience; nor indeed will Heaven permit me to deceive any Man whatever of the least Hair of his Head.

Go too then, cry'd Sancho, I submit to my Missortune, and accept my Pennance upon the Conditions and Covenants agreed upon. Sancho had no fooner spoken the last words, but the Fiddles strook up again, and three Volleys of small Shot testify'd the general joy of Madam Dulcinea and her Friends, for her approaching freedom: Don Quixote also threw himself about his Pious Squires Neck, and Kiss'd his Cheeks and Forehead a hunder'd times; the Duke and Dutchess were well pleas'd; and then the Chariot beginning to move, the fair Dulcinea bow'd her Head and made a low obeyfance to Sancho. And now the Sun began to guild the tops of the Mountains; at what time the Duke and the Dutchess infinitely satisfy'd that their design had succeeded so well, return'd to the Castle with their Guests, resolv'd to continue the Pastime which had hitherto given em so

much content.

#### CHAP. III.

Containing the strange and wonderful Adventure of the Lady Dolorida, other wife Countess of Trifaldi, with a Letter which Sancho wrote to bis Wife Teresa Pancha.

THe Duke had a Sreward who was a very Witty Person, full of Conceit and Fancy; and he it was that had invented this whole Comedy, compos'd the Verses, represented Merlin himself, and order'd one of the Dutchesses Pages to act Madam Dulcinea. And he it was that by the Dukes appointment compos'd another Scene of Mirth, more Artifical and Pleasant then the former.

The next day the Dutchess ask'd Sancho whether he had begun his Jerking Exercise? To whom Sancho reply'd, that he had, and the Night before had given himself five Lashes. The Dutchess ask'd him with what? with my hand, quo Sancho. Your hand! quo the Dutchess- That's rather a Pleasure then a Pain; you do but tickle your felf I find; and I'm afraid the Necromancer Merlin will not be so satisfy'd. He expects that Honest and Just Sancho should discipline himself with Brambles, or a good Horse whip at least: Alas, the freedom of so great a Princess as Madam Dulcinea, will never be purchas'd at so mean a Price. Madam, reply'd Sancho, I'le leave it to your Ladyship to give me what fort of disciplining Whip or Ropes-end you shall think fit, and I'le make use of it, provided it do not put me to Pain: For I must tell your Ladyship, tho I'm a plain Country Bumkin, my Flesh is not made of Canvass, but of Tiffany : nor is it reasonable that I should flea my self for anothers Benefit. Well, well, Sancho, quo the Dutchess, if that be all, I'le provide yee a Top scourge to Morrow, that shall agree with the tenderness of your Skin, as if the very Thong and that were Cousen-germans. But you must be sure to be true to your Word; let me have no foul play; no Favour or Affection to your Flesh. I'le warrant your Ladyship for that Madam, quo Sancho; or if you mistrust me, Seeing's Believing, I'le strip and whip my self in your Ladyships Presence. Then Sancho proceeding; and now Madam, quo he, you must know I have written a Leter to my Wife Teresa Pancha, wherein I have giv'n her an Accompt of what has befall'n me from the time that I parted from her: I have it here in my Pocket, wanting nothing but the Superscription; and I would that your Discretion should have the Honour to read it, because methinks it is written as a Governour ought to write. And who fign'd it? quo the Dutchess, Sinner as I am, reply'd Sancho. who should sign it but my self? Didst write it too? quo the Dutchess: How could that be, reply'd Sancho, for I can neither write nor read; however I can make my Mark. Let's fee't, quo the Dutchess, for I dare fav tis an Ingenious Piece. Thereupon Sancho produc'd the Letter, and presented it to the Dutchess, who read therein the following Lines.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

#### Sancho Pancha's Letter to Teresa Pancha his Wife.

Was well for me, Wife, that I had a strong Back; for it has been soundly curry'd; but if I get my Government, Ivalue not three thousand Lashes no more then so many stroaks of a Feather. This my Teresa thou wilt not understand at present, another day thou shalt. In the mean time, Teresa, know I am refolv'd thou shalt ride i' thy Coach; for as for all the other usual ways of riding or walking, thou dft as good be feen to creep abroad upon all four. In (bort. thou art a Governours Wife; hence forward let no body tread upon thy Heels. I send thee a Green Hunting Suit, which Madam the Dutchess gave me; let it be so order'd as to make a Petticoat and Wastcoat for our Eldest Daughter. Don Quixote my Master, as I have heard say i this Country, is a discreet Fool, and a pleasant Madman, and I am accompted little Inferiour to him. We ha' been at Montesinos's Cave; and the Necromancer Merlin has made choice of me for the Disinchanting of Dulcinea del Toboso; to which purpose I must give my self Three thousand three hunder'd Lashes wanting five, which I have had already, and then she shall be as free as her Mother that bore her: But not a word of this to any of thy Gossips living; for they will be buzzing a hunder'd Shitten cum Shites i thy Ears, and all to no purpose. Within these few days I shall go to my Government; whither I go with an eager desire to get Money; as all new Go-

vernours do. The first see how things go, and then send thee word whether thou (balt come to me or no. Grizzle is fat and lufty, and recommends himself both to thee and thy Children. I will not leave him, tho I were fure they would make him Grandsignor of Constantinople. My Lady Dutchess kisses thy Hands a thouland times over; return her two thousand, seeing there is no Merchandile so cheap as Compliments, as I have often heard my Maste say. I have not as yet found another Purse with a hunder'd Crowns in it, tho it has not been for want of seeking I assure thee. But let not that trouble thee, my dear Teresa; the Government Shall make amends for all. One thing perplexes me, which is this. that when once I come to taste this Government, I shall eat my very Fingers. the Sauce is so delicate; which if it sould happen, I should have a dear Bargain; and yet the Lame and the Maim'd find good returns from the Alms which they beg; fo that come what will come, thou art like to be Rich and Fortunate. Heaven's Plenty be upon thee, and God preserve me to serve thee. From this same Castle, July 20. 1614.

Thy Husband

Sancho Pancha Governour.

The Dutchess having read the Letter; quo she to Sancho, methinks Mr. Governour, you are here mistaken in two things. First, in that you would make the World believe that this Government was given yee for the Lashes which you are to endure. Whereas you know that when the Duke my Husband promis'd you this Island, he never dreamt of this Pennance that is now impos'd upon yee. And fecondly, you feem to be too much fway'd by your own Self interest, which in me creates a bad Opinion of any Man; for as they fay Covetousness breaks the Sack; and a Covetous Governour will be always doing Injustice for his private Emolument. Truly, Madam, reply'd Sancho, I did not much consider what I wrote; however if the Letter does not please your Ladyship, I'le tear it, and write another, tho I'm afraid twill be worse if it be left to my enditing. No, no, reply'd the Dutchess, 'tis fo very well that I intend to shew it the Duke. And so saying she went into a Garden, where they were to Dine that day, and gave the Epistle to her Husband, who read it three or four times over with great delight.

After Dinner they divertiz'd themselves awhile with Sancho's Ripartee's, when on a sudden they heard the mournful found of Flute in confort with an ill-brac'd Drum, that made a very unpleafing found. While this fad and doleful Musick discompos'd their Ears, all the Company seem'd to be amaz'd: Don Quixote himself shew'd Trouble in his Countenance; and Sancho crept to the Dutchess, his usual Refuge. Soon after there enter'd the Garden two Men in long Mourning Cloaks that trayl'd a long way upon the Ground. They had each a great Drum cover'd with black Bays, which they beat after their manner; and of one fide walk'd a Negro playing upon a Fife. These three were follow'd by a tall Gyant, in a monffrous ill shap'd Mourning Cassock, over which he wore a Belt with a hugeous Scimitar, the Scabbard of which was blacken'd with Lamb black; his Face was also cover'd with a long Transparent black Vail, through which appear'd a Beard down to his Navel, as white as Snow. In his motion he feem'd to keep time with the Drums, observing a grave and sober Pace. In a word, his Bulk, his Gate, his Ethiopic Colour and his Company were so surprizing, as promis'd no less then some strange and uncouth Adventure. At length this Gyant approaching near the Duke, fell upon his Knee's, and was going to open his Lips; but the Duke would by no means permit him

to speak till he had rais'd him upon his Feet. Which done, the prodigious Specter, after he had three or four times ftroak'd his Yard long broad white Beard, the like to which no Mortal Eye had e're before beheld, fix'd his Goggles upon the Duke, and with a deep fonorous Voice that came from the bottom of his spacious Chest, Most Noble and Potent Lord. faid he, my Name is Trifaldin with the white Beard, Squire to the Countels Trifaldi, otherwise call'd the Lady Dolorida, from whom I am sent with a Message, that your Highness would be pleas'd to hear the strange and unheard of Story of her Misfortune; to which purpose she begs the Favour to be admitted into your Presence. But first she desires to know whether the Valiant and Invincible Don Quixote de la Mancha be at this time in your Caffle; for he it is my Miftress feeks, and for whose sake The has taken a tedious Journey a foot, and without fo much as Bayting by the way, from the Kingdom of Cambaya to these your Graces Territories; a thing that only can be attributed to a Miracle, or the force of Enchantment; and she waits at your Highnesses Castle Gate, till I bring her your permission to enter. Which said, he concluded coughing and stroaking his Beard from the Top to the Bottom, and with a most solemn and formal Gravity expected the Dukes Answer, which was this. 'Tis now a long while fince, most Noble Squire with the white Beard, that we underflood the Misfortune of my Lady the Countess Trifaldi, call'd by the Necromancers Madam Dolorida; and therefore most stupendious Squire, you may go and tell her, the is freely welcom, and at fuch a lucky time, that she will meet the Peerless Kinght Don Quixote de la Mancha, upon whose Generofity the may affuredly relye for all manner of Favour and Protection. Tell her also from me, that if she thinks me capable to do her any Service. The shall find me equally ready, as being oblig'd by my Profession of Knight-hood, to succour and relieve all Women in diffress, especially Ladies of her transcending Quality.

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE.

Trifaldin having receiv'd his Answer, made a low Obeysance, and having given a fign to the Fife and Drums to play and beat as they did before. return'd with the same slow Pace and Gravity as when he enter'd, leaving all the Company in a deep Admiration of his Proportion, and Venerable

Book III.

And then it was that the Duke addressing himself to Don Quixote, at length, faid he, we find that all the Clouds of Envy and Malice, are not able to obscure the Beams of true Courage and Vertue. For you have hardly been fix days within this Castle, but here we find yee hunted out, by Persons that come from Regions far remote; not in Coaches or a Horseback, but a foot and without eating by the way; fo eager are these poor diffressed People to find yee out, and such is their Considence in the strength of your Arm, and in the Generofity of your Courage. Thanks to the Reputation which your vast Exploits have acquir'd, and that loud Report which Fame has spread of your Valiant Deeds over all the World. Now would I give a Shilling, reply'd Don Quixote, that that same Wisacre of a Chaplain had been here; he I mean, that tother day so testily exercis'd his Gifts against Knight-Errants; for now his own Eyes might have been judges, whether Knights-Errant be such unnecessary things i' this World or no. At least he might have been convinc'd that the Diffressed and Disconsolate seek not for the relief of their Misfortunes, nor the redrefs of Wrong and Injury done 'em in Monastries or Colledges, nor repair to Cowardly and Sloathful Knights, who only are Dubb'd to please their Wives, nere put on Arms i' their Lives, nor gave any Marks of their Courage; nor to Soft and Ef-

feminate Courtiers, who had rather relate the Stories of other Mens Actious, then Signalize themselves with any Atchievment worth rehearfal, or fit to eternize their Memory. And therefore the true Succour of the Distressed, the Support of the Miserable, the Protection of young Virgins, the Comfort of Widows is no where more certainly to be found, then among your Knight-Errants. For which reason I return innumerable thanks to Heaven for having call'd me to this Noble Profession; and as for the Toyls and Labours I have already fuffer'd, and whatever I am farther vet to endure. I look upon 'em as the chiefest Pleasures of my Life. Therefore let this Distressed Lady come, and make but known her Complaints, that her Relief may be affur d by the force of my Arm, and the unalterable Resolution of that Courage which guides it.

#### CHAP. IV.

Being a Continuation of the Famous Adventure of the Lady Dolorida.

THE Duke and the Dutchess were extreamly pleas'd to find that their Contrivance had so well hit Don Quixote's Humour, nor were they wanting in themselves to act their Parts. But Sancho, who carefully observed all Passages, and made his Reslections upon 'em, could not be so easily satisfy'd in his Mind. Pox o' these Lady Matron's, quo he; I'le be hang'd if the ben't come to carry my Master a Dog-trot to some Fag end of the World or other, and fo I must lose my Government. I remember I was once acquainted with an Old Potecary that lov'd a Glass of good Wine, and talk'd like a Starling, who was wont to fay, that where ever your Lady Matrons intrude themselves, nothing ever prosper'd i' that Family. So God help me, he knew em too well, and therefore hated 'em as bad. Whence I gather, that if all your Lady Matrons are such Impertinent troublesome Gossips, of what Condition or Quality soever, there can be no good expected from these Diffressed Twittle cum Twattles, that muffle up their wither'd Faces in old Riding-hoods, fuch as they describe this same Countes of Three-Clacks to be. Soft and sair Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, for fince this Lady comes to far in fearch of me, the can be none of those Matron's thy Appibecary talk'd of, more especially being a Countes: For when Countesses become Governances or Matrons, they never serve any but Queens and Empresses, and are themselves attended by other Servants which are under them. I'le affure yee, cry'd Madam Dorethy, who was there prefent, My Lady Dutchess has Women that serve her. who might have been Countesses, had Fortune been so kind as she shoud ha' been: But Fate Governs the World, and therefore let no body speak ill of Governantes, especially of Maids at Forty. For tho I ha' been Marry'd my felf, yet I find the advantage that your Maiden Governantes have over your Governantes that are Widows; but after all's done, he that thinks to sheer an Egg has little to do with his Scissars. However, quo Sancho, your Governantes are not so bare but that they may be shorn sometimes, if my Barber spoke Truth; but it seems we must not stir the Rice tho it flick to the Pot. Your Squires, reply'd Mrs. Dorothy, are always our Enemies; for that being themselves confind to the Antichambers, and seeing us whisk in and out every where and at all Times, they spend their idle Hours.

Hours, which are very many God wor, in reviling, and friving to deprive us of our Honour and good Names. But let 'em go to the Hospital of Fools, we shall live i' the World in spite of their Teeth, and be wanted by Ladies of the best Quality, tho when we grow Old and turn'd out of Service for doating, perhaps we may be put to fnap at a Crust, and cover our Winter John-Apple Skins with the Tatters of my Lady's old Gown, just as they cover a Dunghil with an old peice of Hanging when the Procession goes by. And therefore, I would have all you Mr. Do-little Squires to hold your Tongues; For had I time I durst undertake to make it out, not only to you, but all the World, that there is no Vertue Honour'd among Men. which is not enclos'd within the Stays of a Governante.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Truly, quo the Dutchess, I am apt to believe my Woman is in the Right; and therefore we must have another time to bring about this dispute agen, as well to confute this Heathenish Apothecary, as to root up that same bad Opinion which the great Sancho has so unwarily fix'd in his Breast. Faith Madam, change of Condition alter's Manners - I don't know my own Opinion my felf; for ever fince the Thoughts of being a Governour have steam'd up into my Brains, I ha' layd aside my petty Title of Squire, fcorn Disputes with Governantes, and care not a Fig for a whole Ships

Loading of fuch fort of Cattel.

Book II.

These words had bred ill Blood, and the Storm had risen higher, but that the found of the Drums and Fife returning, gave 'em to understand that Madam Dolorida was at hand. The Dutchess ask'd the Duke, whether it might not be convenient to go and meet her, fince she was a Countels and a Person of worth. To which Sancho made answer, That as she was a Countefs, it might be proper for her Ladyship to meet her; but as the was a Matron Governante, his Opinion was that neither of their Excel-

lencies ought to ffir an Inch.

Good-man Coxcomb, cry'd Don Quixote, what dost thou trouble thy felf for, who requires thy Advice? Why do I trouble my felf? reply'd Sancho- I trouble my felf as it is my business to trouble my felf in these Affairs—I trouble my felf as being a Squire bred up in your Worship's School, who is a Knight the best bred of any in the World, the very Mirrour and Quintessence of Curtesse and Courtship it self: and I have heard you often say, that in these matters a Man may as well lose a Card too much as a Card too little, and a word to the Wife is fufficient. Sancho speaks Truth, reply'd the Duke, let's first see how the Lady deports her felf, and then we shall know how to entertain her. And then it was that the Fife and the Drums enter'd the Garden after the same doleful man-

Here also the Author concluded this short Chapter to begin the next: profecuting the same Adventure, which is one of the most remarkable in

the whole History.

#### CHAP. V.

Wherein Madam Dolorida recounts her Misfortunes.

He fad and difmal Drummers were attended by twelve Damfels in two Files, marching two and two together, clad in large Mourning habits, cover'd with white Vails of white Linnen, that reach'd down to their Q 0 0 2

very Feet. After them follow'd the Countess of Three-Skirts, led by her Squire, Trifaldin with the White Beard, in a long Garment of Black Bays, with three Trains carry'd up by three Pages in Mourning. This same threefold Train of Hers, made all the Company believe she had borrow'd her Title from some new Fashion of her own Invention then lately come up, for the Ladies to have three Skirts to one Gown, and therefore call'd her felf the Countess of Three-Skirts. Which Benengeli confirms, and fays moreover that she was call'd the Countess of Wolf-Land, by reason of the great number of Wolves that bred in her Territories. However it were, the Countess and her Damsels march'd a Procession Pace, with close Vails over their Faces, that hinder'd the fight of their Countenances; only the Vail which the Countess her felf wore was Transparent.

So foon as the Black Squadron drew neer, the Duke, the Dutchefs, and D. Quixote rose up; at what time the twelve Damsels ranging themselves in two Rows, Madam Dolorida advanc'd with a flow Pace toward the Duke. who stepping forward to meet and receive her, she threw her self upon her Knees, and with a Tone of Humility, I am utterly asham'd, quo she, of the Honour which your Excellency does me; I beseech yee therefore give your self no farther trouble, for being diffress'd to the degree that I am, my Mind is not at Liberty to make Returns of fo many Civilities, fince my Misfortunes have bereav'd me of my Senses. Rather Madam, you might say that we had lost our own, did we not in your Person discover your high Merit, and pay those Honours due to your Transcending worth: And so faying, he rais'd her from the Ground, and seated her by the Dutchess, who faild not to Complement her according to her Quality. Don Quixote lookt on, but faid not a word, his Complements were all lockt up for the present; and as for Sancho he was mad to see the Countesses Face. or of some of her Damsels; but 'twas impossible, till they themselves

were willing.

468

At length the Complements on both fides being over, Madam Dolorida made a profound Reverence, and thus bespake the Company. I make no question, said she, most High and Potent Lord; thrice Beautiful and most Excellent Lady; and most Prudent and Illustrious Auditors, but that I have met with a favourable Reception in the Generofity of your Hearts; fince my Misfortunes are fuch as would mollifie Marble, foften Diamonds, and melt Brass and Steel into a Hasty-Pudding. But before the Rehearfal of my unutterable Adventures reach your Courteous Ears, I would fain be fatisfy'd whether the most Magnanimous Knight Don Quixote de la Mancha, and his most Illustrious Squire of Squires, Pancha, be a part of this Company, or no. Pancha, cry'd Sancho, interrupting her, is here in proper Person; and so is my Lord Don Quixote likewise: Proceed therefore most Dolorous Metron, and tell out your Teale at large to those that are willing to learn, and ready to serve your Metronship to the itmost of their Ebilities. But then Don Quixote Majestically approaching the Distressed Lady, Oppressed Princess, quo he, if you have any defign to be reliev'd in your Misfortune by the Strength and Valour of any Knight Errant, I offer yee my Force and Courage, and fuch as they are, I dedicate em to your fervice. I am Don! Quixote de la Mancha, whose Profession it is to take care of all persons in necessity, and being so, you need not put your self to the trouble of Preambles, or studied slights of Eloquence to circumvent my favour; but utter your Calamities in down-right Terms without far-fetch'd Speeches; for they that hear yee, will be ready to redrefs your Grievances with all the willingness, that your Compassion or Generosity can claim.

At those words Madam Sorrowful threw her self at Don Quixotes Feet : and ftriving to embrace his Knees, maugre all the kind refiftance of the Knight; most invincible Champion, cry'd she, at these most Indefatigable Feet I throw my felf, the Foundations and Pillars of Chivalry Errant: thefe Feet, that I can never too much adore, fince their steps must hasten the Succour of my Misfortunes, remediless by any other then your Potent Arm. most Valiant Knight-Errant, whose real Atchievements obscure the Fables of all the Amadis's, Guy's of Warwick, Bevis's of Southampton, and Belianis's i' the World. Then turning to Sancho, and taking him by the Hand's And thou, most Faithful Squire that ever attended the Magnanimity of Knight-Errantry; whose goodness is of a larger extent then the broad and long Beard of Trifaldin my Squire, well mayft thou accompt thy felf molt Fortunate in ferving the Great Don Quixote, paying thy duty to all the Valour and Courage of all the whole Rabble of Knight-Errants that ever handl'd Arms, epitomiz'd in one fingle Person. I conjure thee most noble Squire, by that unspotted Loyalty of all thy careful Services, to be a Courteous Intercessour to thy Master, for a most Unfortunate Countess. and thy Humble Servant.

Madam Countess, reply'd Sancho, whether my Goodness be as large as your Squires Beard or no, that's nothing to the purpose. I shall have a Beard and Mustachio's to byot, let me die soon or late; nor do I measure my Goodness by any Man's Beard. And therefore without guilding my Pills with your Flatteries, which I deserve not, I shall desire my Master (who I know loves me, and at this time flands in some need of me upon a particular occasion) to affift vee to the uttermost of his Power. In the mean time. dear Madam, discharge your burthen'd Soul, let us understand what it is that perplexes your Spirits, and leave the rest to Us.

The Duke and the Dutchess were ready to burst with Laughter, to see their Project take so good Effect; for Don Quixote and Sancho were very ferious upon the Matter, and the Countess of Three-Skirts acted her part to a Miracle. Returning therefore to her Seat, after filence commanded,

fhe began her Story thus.

Queen Maguncia, King Archipiela's Widow, was Empress of the Famous Kingdom of Candaya, lying between the Great Tabrobana, and the Sea of Sur, Six Leagues more or less from Cape Comorin. By the King the Queen had a Daughter named Antanomasia, who remain'd under my Charge, as being Mother of the Maids to the Queen. In process of Time the young Princess arriv'd at the Age of Fourteen Years, with more Beauty then Nature had ever bestow'd upon any of her greatest Favourites. But not withflanding her Youth, she was ripe in Knowledge and Judgment: She was no less discreet then fair, and the fairest Creature in the World, and is so still, if Jealous Destiny and the Marble-hearted Sisters have not cut the Thread of her Life. Which certainly they have not done, for Heaven could nere permit fo great an Injury to be done the Earth, to pluck the unripe Grapes before their time, from the Lovelieft Vinyard under the Skie. Of this fame Peerless Beauty, not to be express'd by my unpolisht Tongue, an infinite number of Princes, as well Natives as Forreigners, became enamour'd; and among the rest of these great Personages, a Private Knight was fo prefumptuous as to advance his Thoughts to this Ninth Heaven of Beauty, born upon the rapid Wings of his Inordinate Ambition, and confiding in his Youth, his Courtship, his goodly Aspect, and the Vivacity of his Wit.

Book III.

I may fay without telling an untruth, that this young Knight was endu'd with wonderful Qualities, not only capable to move the Heart of a young Lady, but also to shake Mountains. He play'd with that Skill upon the Guittar, that he made it speak several Languages; he made Verfes like another Ovid, and out-caper'd a French Dancing Master: And he was so great an Artist at making of Straw Bird-cages, that had he had nothing else to live upon, he could have kept his Coach and fix Horses meerly by that Trade. Yet all these great Parts and Endowments could never have prevail'd to win the Fortress of which I was made the Commandress, if this same Hangman of a Knight had not made use of all his cunning Shifts and Contrivances to enfnare me first. To that purpose he first besieg'd me at a distance, then making his Approaches nearer and nearer, he began to undermine my Fidelity, and wrought so deeply undifcover'd, that what with Sugar words, what with his Gold and his Jewels, he blew me up of a sudden, and perswaded me to deliver him the Keys of the Fort wherewith I was intrusted. But that which chiefly brought me to furrender, was a Copy of Verses that he Sang one Night under my Window, of which I remember the first four Lines to this Effect.

> From the fair Eyes of my adored Saint, A Hurt I feel that wounds me to the Heart; Which the slye Gypsie, for my greater smart Would have me feel, without the least Complaint.

These Verses Charm'd me, and his Voice Enchanted me to that degree, that I lost my Reason, and from that time forward every time I resected upon the Crime I had committed, I concluded that *Plato* was in the Right, in giving his Advice that all Poets, especially your Wanton and Lascivious Rhimers, should be banish'd out of all well Govern'd Common Wealths; their Compositions being such, as like that fort of Thunder which melts the Sword without any hurt to the Scabberd, consume and waste the Soul, never so much as touching the Body. Another time he bewitch'd me with the following Lines.

Come quickly, Death, but come Incognito,
If thou intendst to ease my pain;
Else in the midst of all my woe,
The pleasure I
shall take to dye
Will make me covet Life again.

He likewise repeated to me a great number of other Verses of that Nature, that they Charm yee when they are sung, and Ravish yee when they are read; and among the rest he shew'd and sung to me several of his Compositions, which he call'd Ballads, a precious fort of Rhime doggres, much in Fashion in Candaya, that will make a Womans Soul to skip in her Belly, tickle her into a Convulsion with laughter, distemper her whole Body, and put Quick-silver into her very Thoughts: Therefore I say such kind of Poets ought to be sent to the Antipodes. Tho had I stood upon my Guard as a Faithful Governess ought to have done, all their Whimseys could never have mov'd me, nor would I have believ'd'em to be other then a Company of Lyers when they cry,

I live dying \_\_\_ I burn in Ice \_\_ I tremble in Fire \_\_ I hope without hope \_\_\_

My Heart remains and yet is fled - With a number of other Impossibilities of this Nature, with which they shift their Raptures. No less rediculous are their vain Promises of Arabian Phenixes, Golden Fleeces, Ariadne's Gowns, Gyges's Rings, Mountains of Gold and heaps of Diamonds. of which they are very Liberal, fince they know it costs 'em little to promife what they ever can, nor ever intend to perform. But whether do I wander, Miserable as I am? What folly rides me thus to count the Impertinences of others, that have committed more my felf then will fill whole Volumes. Alas, alas! Why wailft thou thus abandon'd Wretch! For neither did those Verses deceive thee, nor those Sugard perswasions undo thee; 'twas thy own Simplicity, thy own Ignorance, thy own Weakness and Inordinate Passions that open'd the Gap, and levell'd the way for Don Picklochio's designs (for that was the Name of the Knight.) 'Twas I my felf that introduc'd him, not only once or twice into Antonomasia's Chamber, rather by me deluded, then by Don Picklochio's Cunning; tho in reallity he has a lawful claim to be her Husband; for had it not been for that, as much a Baud as I was, He could never have kiss'd the Hem of her Garment. No, no, there must be first a Forenoon Walk to the Minories, or Dukes Place, or St. Katherns, or at least a fair Promile, before I meddle in such Affairs. Herein I did the Lady wrong, that I too slightly confider'd the Inequality of their Conditions; Don Picklochio being but a private Knight, and the Infanta Antonomasia Heir, as I have said, of the Kingdom. Now for some time this Intreague continu'd undiscover'd, till at length I perceiv'd a certain Swelling below Antonomasia's Stomach, and then I fear'd her Treacherous Belly would betray us all. These fears of ours forc'd us to feveral private Confultations, wherein it was at last resolved, that before the Impostume broke, Don Picklochio should demand the Princess in Marriage before a Parson, by vertue of a Promise or Contract, which I my felf had dictated in such due form, that all the strength of Sampson was not able, as I knew full well, to break it. Great Diligence was us'd, the Parson saw the Contract, Gold raind into his Hand, and he dispatch'd the Business forthwith, despising all Suspensions.

How, quo Sancho, be there Parsons and Poets in Candaya too? Well, I fee the World's the same from one Corner to the other—only I don't believe the Parsons wear Perriwigs in Candaya as they do here. But pray go on Madam Three Skirts, and make an end as soon as you can, for it grows late, and I long to hear the end of this Story, which as I may tell to you, is a little o'the longest.

#### CHAP. VI.

Being a Continuation of the Wonderful History of the Countess of Three-Skirts.

Ancho spoke not a word, which did not infinitely please the Dutches; on the other side Don Quixote was ready to hang himself every time the Squire open'd his Mouth; infomuch that in a great Passion he commanded him to hold his Tongue; and then the Countes proceeding, At length, said she, the Business was canvass'd in the Civil Court, where the Doctors and Proctors got the Devil and all by replyes and double replyes, till at last the Judge gave Sentence in favour of Don Picklochio, which Queen

Book III.

Queen Maguncia lay'd fo greivously to Heart, that within three Days she was bury'd. Then, as far as I find by the Story, the Queendy'd, quo Sancho. 'Tis very clear, reply'd Trifaldin, for in Candaya they never bury the Living but the Dead. With your good leave, Mr. Squire, answer'd Sancho. I have heard of a Woman that lay in a fwoon and was bury'd alive; afterwards the Sexton coming i'the Night to rob her of her Shrowd, the Woman started up in her Coffin, the Sexton ran away, the Woman got to her Friends, recover'd and was Marry'd again. In good faith between you and I, your Queen Maguncia was too hafty in dying fo foon; my thinks it had been enough for her to have only thut her Teeth and her Eyes for an Hour or too; for we may help many things while we are alive; nor do I find the Infanta's folly was fo great, that the Mother should take such a pet at the World, for her Daughters being gotten with Child. Had she Marry'd one of her Pages, or the Coach man, as I have heard many young Ladies of Quality have done, that had been a Scandal indeed; but to Espouse a Knight so rarely well qualify'd as you set him forth, in good sooth Law, tho twere a folly, yet was it no fuch predigious Crime as you would make it to be; for according to my Mafters Maximes, who is here present, and will not suffer me to lye, as learned Men are made of the same Mould as Bishops; so Knights, if they be Knights Errant, are made of the same Materials as Kings and Emperours.

Thou fay'ft very true, reply'd Don Quixote, for a Knight-Errant if he have but two Fingers breadth of good luck, is in a probability to be the Greatest Monarch i' the World. But pray let Madam Countes go on; certainly the worst of the Story's behind; for I profess I have heard nothing hitherto but what has been very pleafant. You fay very right, the bitter is to come, and indeed far more bitter then Wormwood and

The Queen being Dead, and not in a Swoon, we buried her; but no fooner had we cover'd her with Earth, and taken our last leaves, when-Ah! who rehearing woes like these from sorrow can refrain? When mounted on a Woodden Horse, there appear'd upon the Grave the Gyant Malambrune, Cousin German to the deceased Queen, casting upon all that were present fuch Wild and Cruel looks, as were more peircing then pointed Arrows. This Gyant, as he was cruel to excess, so was he likewise a great Necromancer, and came to revenge the Death of his Coulin German; and therefore to chastise Don Picklochio's Presumption, and punish Antonomalia for being so hasty, he left 'em both Enchanted upon the same Tomb; the one being turn'd into a Brass Female Monkey, and the other into a dreadful Crocodile of an unknown Mettal, with a Pillar between both, on which were engrav'd these words in Syriac Letters.

These inconsiderate Lovers shall never recover their pristin shape, till the Valiant Manchegan shall come to Encounter me in single Combat; for only for him it is, that the unalterable Destinies reserve this Adventure so Extraordinary.

Which done, he drew from his Scimitar a hugeous, broad, swinging Cutlace, and catching me fast by the Hair, made as if he would have par'd off my Head. I stood immoveable as a Statue, not so much as daring to cry out Murder, till at length making a Vertue of Necessity, I wept fo bitterly, and gave such melting good words, that he surceac'd the rigorous execution of his intended Punishment. At length he caus'd to be dragg'd before him all the Ladies of the Palace, who are these that you fee here before yee; and after he had aggravated upon us our breach of Trust, reproach'd us with the vile Conditions of Ma-

trons and Governantes, upbraided 'em with their Procurations and Panderisms, charging all with the wickedness of which I was only Guilty; he told us he would lay a punishment upon us that should be worse then Capital, for that it should be a kind of continual dying; and having so said. we felt of a sudden the Pores of our Skins open, and such a vehement pricking and itching over all our Faces, like the pricking of fo many Needles: and then laying our Hands upon our Faces, we felt our felves as you shall presently see; and so saying, Madam Sorrowful and the rest of the Damsels lifting up their Vails, discover'd their Chins and Lips overgrown with thick Beards of feveral Hews; fome black, fome white, fome Carrot colour'd, and others Motley. A fight that greatly aftonish'd the Duke and the Dutchess, put Don Quixote into a cold Sweat, and had like to have layd Poor Sancho in another Swoon, but that he was more afraid of being burid alive. Thus, faid the Countess of Three-Skirts, continuing her Story, did this same Barbarous Villain of a Gyant, Malambrune, disfigure the Beauty of our Cheeks with these rough Beards, so unusual to our Sex; far more happy, had he taken our Heads from our Shoulders with his dreadful Scimitar, then to let us live difgrac'd before all the World with these Furbushes upon our Chins, like so many Cloven footed Saturs. For if your Excellencies consider it, Where shall a Lady dare to appear with fuch a Rubbing-Brush about her Chaps? What will the World think of her? What will busie and scandalous Tongues say of her? What Parents will acknowledge her? Or who will be so Charitable as to pitty her? Women, we find, have much ado already, with their Paints, their Washes and their Puppy dog Waters to preserve their Complexions, so as to win the Love of nice Mankind— What then will become of us with our Faces like Bears Arfes? O Dearest Ladies, and Companions of my Misery. what unfortunate Stars were we born under! In what unlucky Hour did our Fathers beget, and our Mothers bring us forth! and fo faying she fell into a Swoon.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. VII.

Containing feveral Matters that appertain and belong to this Remarkable Adventure.

Y the Faith of a Living Man, quo Sancho, seeing Madam Sorrowful in a Swoon, and by the Life of all the Pancha's, my Ancestours, never in all my Life did I ever fee or hear of the like Adventure; nor did my Master ever tell me or think of the like. A thousand Sarans hale him to the bottom of the Abyss, for a Dog of a Necromancer; could he find no other Punishment for these poor Creatures, then by All-to-be-grandfathering their Muzzles. By the Lord Harry, he had better have split their Nostrils, tho they had fnuffi'd through the Nofes, like fo many Pockify'd Daughters of Venus — For now I'le be hang'd if the poor Souls have Money enough to pay a Baber for shaving 'em.

Tis very true, Sir, reply'd one of the twelve, we have not Money enough to pay for shaving; and therefore some of us are constrain'd for faving of Charges, to lay on Playsters of Pitch upon the places affected, which pull away roots and all, and leave our Chins as smooth as the bot-

Ppp

tom

tom of a Stone Morter. Not but that there are Women in Candaya, that go about from house to house, to rectifie over-grown Beards, and Beetle Brows: Nay, and as there are some Women that are as bald as Death's Heads, there are another sort of Female Barbers, that will make yee a whole head of hair, or a Tower for the Forehead only, which sets a Woman out extreamly; but we that are Ladies of Honour, never make use of these kind of Cattel, because they are generally Women of bad same. So that if my Lord Don Quixote, do not relieve us, we must carry our Beards to our Graves. Ile sirfl give the Moors leave, reply'd Don Quixote, to tear off mine hair by hair, but I'le have your disguises off without any other shaving, then shaving off the Sorcerers head who thus bewitch'd yee.

By this the Countess of Three-skirts being come to her self, Most valiant Knight, quo she, the grateful sound of your promise reached my Ears in the midst of my Fit, and re-called both my strength and senses. I beseech yee therefore once more, renowned and Invincible Champion, to let your Deeds be answerable to your Words, with all the speed that may be. That shall be none of my fault, reply'd Don Quixote: Tell me but what I must do,

and you shall find me wholly at your service.

Your Magnanimity then must understand, reply'd the Lady Sorrowful, that from hence to the Kingdom of Candaya it is about some five thousand Leagues by Land; I will not fland with your Worship for a League over or under. But if you ride through the Air, in a direct Line, 'tis not above three thousand two hundred twenty seven Leagues: and the Giant Malambrune told me, that so soon as it should be my good fortune to meet the Champion that was to diffolve our Enchantment, he would fend him an excellent Steed, much better, and with far less resty Jades tricks, then any of your Common Hackney Post-horses, as being the same Woodden Horse that carried the Valiant Pedro, and the fair Magalona double, when he stole her away. A peaceable creature, and govern'd with ease, only by turning a Pin which he has in his Forehead, but fuch a one as flies i the Air with that swiftness, that you would swear the Devil was at his heels with a hunting Whip. This fame Horse, according to ancient Tradition, was the Master-piece of the Necromancer Merlin, who lent him to Peter of Provence, his great friend, who rode him many a long journey through the Air; and when he had stolen Magalona, set her behind him, and carried her away with a jerk, while his Enemies, and her Friends, in vain flood gaping after him, like people that gape after a Paper Kite with a Candle and Lanthorn, but are never the nearer; even so gap'd they till their hearts ak'd, and then left off. After that Merlin lent this Horse to no body but his best Friends, or such as paid him well, and a Crown a day was his lowest price. Since that, Malambrune found a way to get him into his Stable; fo that he faves a world of Horse flesh, confidering how many Stone he rides, and how he posts about to all the Fairs i'the world. You shall have him here to day, to morrow in France, the next day in China, to morrow in America: for as he is a great Giant, so is he a great Merchant. And being so, he could never have met with such a convenient Beast, for he neither eats nor drinks, nor fleeps, nor wears out any Shooes, and paces fo pleasantly through the Air, that you may carry a Glass of Wine i' your hand without spilling a drop: Which was the reason the fair Magalona, by her good will, would ne're be off of his Back.

As for a delicate Pacer, quo Sancho, commend me to my Grizzle, tho I confess he cannot fly i' the Air; but upon plain ground I desie all the Am-

blers i' the world. Which fet 'em all a laughing; but then Madam Sorrow-ful proceeding.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

This same Horse quo she, if it be Malambrunes pleasure to put an end to our Missortunes, will be here within half an hour after 'tis dark: for it was agreed between us, that as soon as I had sound the Knight, he would send the Horse.

Pray now, quo Sancho, how many people will this Beaft carry? Two Persons, reply'd Madam Sorrowful, one in the seat, and the other behind: and these two persons are generally the Knight and the Squire, unless some stollen Lady be to be whirl'd out of humane reach, like Ganymed upon the

Eagles back.

Book II.

Pray Madam Sorrowful, how d'yee call this Horse's Name? To which the Lady reply'd, neither Pegalus like Bellerophon's, nor Bucephalus like Alexander the Great's; nor Golden Bridle, like Orlando's; nor Bayard, like Rinaldo's; nor Frontin, like Rogiero's; nor Bootes nor Pirithous, like the Horses of the Sun; nor Otelia, that unfortunate Horse, upon whose back King Rodorigo loft both his Life and his Kingdom. I do not ask yee, Madam, quo Sancho, negatively, how he was not call'd; for that I know as well as another. More then that, I'le hold my life his name is not Rollnante neither; for so is my Master's Horse call'd, according to his worth; which is fuch, that I'le be hang'd if all the Horses with hard names that you have reckon'd up, could ever match him either for heels or courage. I believe that, reply'd the Countess; nevertheless he has a Name too, very proper and fignificant; for he is call'd Screw-Pegg the fwift, which answers to the swiftness of his heels, and the Pegg in his forhead. I like the name well, quo Sancho, but how d'yee rein him, with a Bridle or a Headsfall? I have told yee already, reply'd Madam Three-skirts, with a Peg, which being turn'd this way or that way, the Horse moves accordingly, either alost i' the Air, or brushing the tops of the grass with his Hoofs, or else so in the middle between both, as to avoid the trouble of leaping hedges: he is the best for a Fox-chase in the world. I would willingly see this beast, quo Sancho, not that I have any thoughts to ride either behind or before. I don't fay so neither; for they that expect any such thing from me, may as well expect Pears from an Elm. Is it likely that I, who can hardly fit my own Grizzle upon a Pack-faddle as foft as Silk, will fuffer my felf to be hors'd upon a hard piece of inchanted Timber, without either Pillow or Cushion? Not I by my faith, I thank yee, I'le not gaul my Buttocks to dis-inchant the best Ladies Beard i' the world-Let them that have Beards wear Beards, or else shave themselves as well as they can. For my part, if my Master intends to go this long journey, set him een go by himfelf; he must not think to concern me in his Beard shaving, as he has done in the Difinchantment of Dulcinea. Oh dear, Sir, reply'd the Lady Sorrowful, your prefence is fo requifite that we can do nothing without yee. Pray feek another Champion, I befeech yee, good Madam, where d'you find the Squires coupl'd with their Masters in their Adventures? Only they get all the Profit, and we all the Trouble. - Body a' me, when shall yee hear any Historian say, Such a Knight perform'd such an Adventure indeed. but it was with the affiftance of such a one, his Squire, without whose help he could never have accomplished it? No, before George, but barely and fingly, Don Paralipomenon, of the three Stars, finished the Adventure of the Hoheablins, making no more mention of the Squire, then if there were no fuch person i' the world, tho he were present, and were well strapp'd for his pains. For once therefore let my Master een go by himself, and much good Ppp 2

Book III.

may his Honour do him; For my part, I'le keep my Lady Dutches Company, and it may be by that time he returns, he may find Madam Dulcinea's business in a good forwardness; for whenever I have nothing else to do. I intend to lick my felf foundly. However, honest Sancho, quo the Dutchess, if there be a necessity, you must accompany your Master; for 'tis unreasonable these Ladies should remain in this Monkey-fac'd condition, because of your vain fears. With reverence be it spoken, Madam, quo Sancho, Must is for the King-Were it to do a kindness for an honest vertuous Kinswoman, or the whole Bevy of Blew coat-Girls, twere a deed of Charity; but to hazard the breaking of a mans bones, to unbeard a parcel of Baudy Governantes, the Devil Ihall do it for me; let 'em een feek out other Shavers; for Sancho Pancha will be none of their Barber. By this light I had rather fee 'em hairy all over, like Goats, from the Lady to the Kitchin-wench. I wonder you should be so angry with Governantes, friend Sancho, reply'd the In truth, you do 'em wrong——Among the Rest I have a Governante of my own; such a pattern of fidelity, that I'le put my life in her hands, and I'le go no farther then Miftress Dorothy. Your Excellency may fay what you please, reply'd Mistress Dorothy, but God knows the truth of every thing and whether bad or good, bearded or not bearded, we were all the Daughters of our Mothers, as well as others; and fince God has fent us into the World, he knows wherefore, and its in his Mercy, and my Ladies Favour and Charity that I must trust, and I hope I have learnt to wink at small faults: 'tis a good Horse that never trips.

Mrs. Dorothy is in the right, cry'd Don Quixote: And as for you, Madam Countess, with the rest of your illustrious Company, I make no que. stion but Heaven will look upon your misfortunes with a propitious Eye, and that Sancho will do what I command him. In the mean time, I wish that Screw-Peg were come, and that I were at cut and flash with Malambrune; there's no Razor should shave your Ladyships Beard with that ease as I would shave his head from his shoulders, and teach him at the price of his life to furbush Countesses Chins, and challenge Knights Errant. High Heaven, cry'd Madam Sorrowful, with Eyes of Favour behold your Grandeur, and may all the Stars of the Celestial Regions, shed down their Influence upon your Valour, and bless with all prosperity your Highness, the Buckler and support of the forlorn Society of Waiting-women and Chambermaids, so contemn'd by Pothecaries, accurs'd by Squires, and revil'd by Pages. Most unfortunate among Females, better were it for us to Cloyster our felves in the flower of our Age, then thus to be the fcorn of all Mankind. Difgrace of the Earth, as we are, were we descended in a direct Line from Hector of Troy, I question whether exasperated men would allow us to prove our Pedigrees——And thou most mighty Giant Mambruno, as much an Enchanter as thou art, be faithful however to thy word, and fend away the peerless Screw-Peg, that so at last we may see an end of our misfortunes. For should the hot weather surprise us with so much Goats wooll about our Noses, woe be to us and all our Progeny; fince we can expect no other, then to bring a Race of Baboons into the world.

These last words the Lady Three-Skirts, wringing her hands, utter'd with fuch a lamentable tone, that she drew tears from all the Company; and among the rest caus'd Sancho also to water his plants, who now, compassion having melted his heart, refolv'd in his mind to follow his Mafter to the farthermost parts of the Earth, so he might any way contribute

to clear away that venerable Camomile which be-fpread the Ladies Cheeks.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. VIII.

Containing the Arrival of Screw-Peg, and the End of this Tedious Adventure.

TY this the Night was come, and with it, the appointed hour for Screen-Peg's arrival, for which Don Quixote waited with an extraordinary impatience; believing that because Malambrune delay'd so long the sending him, that either he was not the Knight for whom this Adventure was referv'd, or else that the Giant was afraid to grapple with him. But when he least expected it, behold of a sudden four Savages, cover'd with green Ivy, enter'd the Garden, bearing a huge Wooden Horse upon their shoulders. Which as foon as they had fet down upon the ground, prefently one of the Savages cry'd out, Now let him that has the Courage, mount this woodden Animal. I'le mount no mounts, quo Sancho; for neither have I fo much Courage, neither am I, God be thanked, a Knight-Errant. Then the Savage proceeding, and let the Squire, quo he, if there be any fuch person here, get up behind; and let the Knight be assur'd from Malambrune's own Mouth, that he intends nothing but a fair Stage, and fair Play, and that only with his trusty Sword. As for the Horse, let the Knight but turn the Peg in his Forehead, and he will carry his Riders in a trice to the place where Malambrune expects 'em. And lest the vast height of the way should turn their brains, let em only bind a Kerchief about their Eyes till the Horse neighs, and then they may be sure they're at the end of their journey. Which faid, the Savages skipp'd and frisk'd out of fight, the same way they came.

And then it was that Madam Sorrowful, beholding the Horse with tears of gladness; Most valiant Knight, quo she, addressing her self to Don Quixote, Malambrune, you see, has fulfill'd his promise, the Horse is come, our Beards grow, and therefore we befeech both thee and thy Squire, by all the hairs upon our Chins, to get up, and fet forward with all speed, that we may be rid at last of this same troublesome Stool-ball-stuffing which thus disfigures the feat of Beauty.

Distressed Lady, reply'd Don Quixote, such is my impatience to serve yee, that you shall see I will not so much as stay for a Cushion, or to put on my Spurs. For to tell ye truth, I long to see what pretty dimpl'd Chins, and foft lips, you had before this deformity feiz'd yee.

With your good leave, Madam Countess, quo Sancho, I am in no such haste; and therefore if you cannot be trimm'd without a Squire gets up behind, my Master must hire another Squire, and these fair Ladies must feek another Barber; for I am no Conjurer, to fly among the Clouds upon a Broomstick. What will my Islanders say, when they hear their Governour rides a Witch-hunting i'the Air? Besides, 'tis three or four thousand Leagues from hence to Candaya; fo that if either the Horse should tire by the way, or the Giant grow humoursome, it may be six or seven years before we return; and by that time there will be neither Islands nor Drylands i' the world, that will know me agen. I have heard fay, Delay breeds

Part II.

478

dangers; and when thou hast a Cow giv'n thee, never run to fetch a Cord. Therefore these Ladies Beards must pardon me; St. Peter is at Rome, and I am here, where I am well us'd, I know when I am well; and where my Lord Duke has promis'd me the Government of an Island.

Sancho, Sancho, reply'd the Duke, the Hland which I promis'd thee is no moving Island, nor going to run away; the Foundations of it are layd in the deep Abysses of the Earth. And therefore, since you know as well as I, that there is no Office of moment in this Age which is not purchas'd with some kind of you know what I mean; all that I shall demand for your Government is only to ride behind your Mafter, that there may be an end of this perillous Adventure. For whether you return so speedily as the fwistness of the Horse promises, or whether you be forc'd to foot it back like a Hermite, begging from Inn to Inn, and Door to Door, you will find the Island still where you left it, and your Islanders as ready to receive you for their Governour as ever they were. And for my own part I'le give thee my Oath, if requir'd, never to recede a Tittle from my word.

No more, my Lord Duke, quo Sancho, I am a poor Squire, that am not able to bear the burden of so many favours, let my Master get up, then blind my Eyes; and fo good People pray for me till I am got above the Clouds, for then I intend to call upon the Angels my felf. That you may fafely do, reply'd the Countess of Three-Skirts; for tho Malambrune be a Necromancer, he's a kind of a Mungrel Christian, that contrives all his Enchantments with great Prudence to avoid all manner of Scandal. Go too then, quo Sancho, let's away, and the Lady of Loretta be our Guide.

Since the Remarkable Adventure of the Fulling Mills, quo Don Quixote, never did I see poor Sancho in such a bodily fear as at this time, and were I as superstitious as other People, I cannot tell but that I might be alarum'd at his fears. But come hither Sancho, for with their Excellencies leave, I have a word to fay to thee in private. And so faying, he led Sancho into a thicket of Trees, on the other fide of the Garden, and there taking him by the Hand,

Friend Sancho, said he, thou seeft we have a long Journey to ride, and God only knows when we shall return, or what Hardships we may meet with, and therefore I would have thee make an excuse, and retire to thy Chamber, where I defire thee to give thy felf, if it be but five hunder'd Lashes of the three thousand three hunder'd, to which thou hast oblig'd thy felf; for a thing once begun is half ended. By this Light, very fine, quo Sancho, surely Master you are turn'd Changeling — This is just as they say, you see me in haste, and ask for my Daughter; I am going to ride the Wooden Horse, and you wou'd have me slea my Posteriours. In truth, in truth Master, you are out of the way. Let's first go and get these Ladies unbearded, fince the Devil has found us an Employment, and when we return, we'll tell yee more of our mind; let that fuffice at present. Well, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, I trust to thy Promise, and make no question but thou wilt keep thy Word, for tho th' art a Fool I know th' art Honest. Ay, Ay, relye upon me, cry'd Sancho, and never undertake too much Bufiness at once.

After this short Parley they return'd to the Company, and Don Quixote being just ready to get up, blind my Eyes, said he, to Sancho, and mount boldly: For tis not likely that he who fends to far for us, has any intention to deceive us; fince he can get no benefit by deluding People that relye upon him; and the Fortune should cross our expectations, yet is it imposfible that Envy should obscure the Honour we shall gain by having under-

taken so glorious an Enterprize. Dispatch, Sir, then, Dispatch, quo Sancho. for methinks I feel these Ladies Beards now sticking in my Heart; and I'me refolv'd not to put a Morfel of Bread i' my Mouth, till I fee their Chins as smooth as a Looking glass. Therefore I say, get up first and bind your Eyes; for if I must ride behind 'tis clear you must get up first. 'Tis very true, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, and presently pulling a Handkerchief out of his Pocker, he desir'd Madam Sorrowful' to bind it fast about his Eyes. Which being done, if my Memory fail me not, faid he, I have read in Virgil, of the Trojan Palladium, that was a Woodden Horse, which the Greeks presented to Pallas, and carry'd a Company of Armed Knights in his Belly, who were the Total Ruin of Troy: Which makes me think it not amis, to examin what our Screw-Peg also carry's in his Guts. There's no necessity for that, answer'd Madam Sorrowful, I'le warrant yee no such thing; I know Malambrune, that I dare affirm him to be neither Mischeivous, nor Treacherous; get up, Sir, upon my word, and if any harm befal yee, I'le be bound to make yee amends. Thereupon Don Quixote believing it a Scandal to his Courage to make any farther Scruples, got up without more ado; and because his Legs hung down for want of Stirrups, he lookt like a Roman Conful a Horse-back in an old Fashion'd piece of Arrass. Sancho alfo mounted last, like one that had been going up a Ladder to be hang'd, and fixing himself upon the Crupper, felt it so hard and uneven, that he desir'd the Duke to lend him one of the Dutchesses Pillows; for, quo he. I'me afraid this Horfe Trots damnable hard. To which Madam Sorrowful made answer, that Screw-Pin would endure no such thing upon his Buttocks, only for his eafe, he might if he pleas'd ride fideways like a Woman; which he did, and then, after they had bound his Eyes, he bid the Company farewel. But he had not fate a Moment in that Condition, before he unbound himself, and looking round about him, belought the Company, with Tears in his Eyes, to beltow a certain number of Pater Nofters and Avenaries upon him, in that fame difinal danger he was in, as they hop'd for fuccour in the same distress. Dog in a Doublet, cry'd Don Quixote, what! dost think th'art going to the Gallows, that thou art begging the Prayers of the People? Rascal as thou art, dost thou not sit where formerly the fair Magalona fate, and from whence she alighted to be Queen of France? And am not I sufficient to put Life into thee, that now posfess the place of old possess'd by Peter of Provence. Blind thy self, blind thy felf, fenceless Brute, and let me hear no more of these thy Womanish

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Complaints, especially in my Presence. Blind me then, blind me, cry'd Sancho, and feeing 'tis fo, that I must neither be Pray'd for by others, nor suffer'd to Pray for my self, in an ill

Hour lets go on, and a Fig for all the Devils in Hell.

And now all things being ready, and due leave taken, Don Quixote began to turn the Pin; at what time all that were present set up their Throats, crying out, Heaven profeer thee most Valiant Knight, Heaven protect th' undaunted Squire; fit fast Couragious Squire, have a care of falling, for the Squelch will be far more fatal then his that misguided the Chariot of the Sun: See how they cut the Clouds—what a hight are they mounted already, and now quite out of fight.-

All this while Sancho got close to his Master, and clasping his Arms about his Wast, Sir, said he, why do they cry below that we are so high, since we can hear 'em so plainly, that one would think they were close at our Ears? Nere trouble thy felf for that, reply'd Don Quixote; for these things being extraordinary beyond the Common Course of Nature, I know

no reason but that if we were a thousand Leagues off, we might hear em. and see em too, if our Eyes were at Liberty, and that as plainly and distinctly, as if they were but three Paviers Feet from us. But prithee don't grasp me so hard, lest thou pull me out of the Saddle. For my part I admire at thy frights and thy fears, for the Duce take me, if ever I rid a Horse that went more easie i' my Life; a Man would swear he never so much as mov'd at all. Banish therefore those idle Fancies of thine, for as far as I can find, all things go very well, and we have the Wind in our Poop, as they fay. So we have by my Faith, quo Sancho, for I feel such a brisk Gale at my Back, as if no less then four Smiths Pair of Bellows were blowing Wind i'my Tayl. And he had reason enough to fay so; for there were no less then four or five Men stood behind continually puffing, with each a large Pair of Kitchin Bellows in his Hands; so well had the Dukes Steward order'd his Buliness to perfect his design.

At length Don Quixote feeling the Wind, Certainly, said he, Sancho we are now in the Middle Region of the Air, where all the Meteors are produc'd, as Wind, Hail, Thunder, Lightning, Snow, Rain, and the Like; so that if we mount a little longer at this rate, we shall be by and by in the Region of Fire; neither do I know how to govern this Peg to prevent our being burnt in those Ethereal Flames. At the same time they began to warm their Noses with lighted Tow, that made a sudden blaze, and as foon went out agen, ty'd at the end of long Cains, lest they should

be perceiv'd.

I'le be hang'd, Sir, quo Sancho, if we be not come to that place you last spoke of, or at least very near, for my Chin is half roasted, and my Beard confoundly fing'd already—Pray let me unbind my felf, to fee where we are. Take heed, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, take heed what thou dost; and remember the Story of the Curate Toralva, whom the Devils carry'd a Pick-back through the Air, with a Muffler before his Eyes; and in twelve Hours they brought him to Rome, where they fet him down upon the Tower of Nona; from whence after he had beheld the hideons Tumult, Affault, and Death of the Constable of Bourbon, the next Morning by break of day they return'd him back to Madrid, where he gave an Account of what he had seen. He farther said, that when he was in the Air, the Devil bid him unbind his Eyes, and then he saw himself so near the Body of the Moon, that he could have taken hold of her Horns; but that he durst not look down for fear his Brains should turn round. Thus Sancho, thou see st Curiosity may be dangerous, and therefore let this satisfie, that he who has taken charge of us, will be answerable for our safeties: Nay, my Mind gives me that we are just Towring over the Kingdom of Candaya, where we shall come stooping down upon our Enemies, like a Saker upon a Heron; for tho we have not been a Horse back much above half an Hour, believe me, we have dispatch'd a vast deal of Ground. 'As for that, reply'd Sancho, I know not what to think on't; but this I am fure of, that if Madam Magalona, as you call her, could fit this confounded Crupper without a good Cushion under her Tayl, she had a harder pair of Buttocks then mine.

All this while the Duke, the Dutchess, and all the rest of the Company were very attentive to this delightful Dialogue, and now being willing to put an end to this fo well manag'd Adventure, order'd a Fellow to give Fire to the Horses Tail; at what time the Nimble Screm Pegs Belly being full of Squibs, Crackers, and other Fireworks that rumbl'd in his Guts, gave such a Curvet i'the Air, that with the Jolt upon his downfal, he threw

his Riders Don Quixote and Sancho to the Ground, smoak'd and sing'd, and fmelling of burnt Briftles like two Bacon-Hogs.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Now by this time Madam Sorrowful with her Bearded Regiment were departed the Garden; and they that remain'd behind lay all like fo many Dead People, stretch'd forth upon the Greenfod. At what time Don Quixote and Sancho got upon their Legs, half doaz'd with their fall, and looking round about 'em, were amaz'd to find themselves in the same Garden agen, and fo many People lying upon the Ground without Life or Motion. But they were much more aftonish'd when they spy'd a Lance stuck up in the Ground, and a fair piece of green Parchment hanging by two Silken Strings that were fasten'd to the upper end, wherein were these words.

Th' Illustrious and Valiant Knight, Don Quixote de la Mancha, has put an End to the Adventure of the Countess of Three-Skirts, otherwise Madam Sorrowful, and her Companions in Distress, only by undertaking it. The Gyant Malambrune is satisfy'd; the Ladies have lost their Beards; and Don Picklochio the King, and Antonomalia the Queen, have resum'd their former shapes: And so soon as the Squire shall have fulfill d his Pennance of three thousand six hunder'd Stripes, the White Dove shall be deliver'd from the pernicious Pounces of her Adversaries, and be received into the Arms of her beloved Adorer. This the Necromancer Merlin, King of the Magicians has ordain'd.

Don Quixote had no fooner read those words, but finding a new Confirmation of Dulcinea's Difinchantment, in the first place he shewd his Piety, by returning a thousand Thanks to Heaven, that he had finish'd such a desperate Adventure with so little trouble, and then caretting himself with the Obligation he had lay'd upon those poor Bearded Ladies, who now appear'd no more, he went where the Duke and Dutchess lay as it were in a fwoon, and taking the Duke by the Hand; Wake, Sir, wake, quo he, pluck up a good Heart, all's well, the Adventure is at an end, and all the

Danger's over, as you may fee by this Writing.

Book III.

Thereupon the Duke, as it were wak'd out of a deep fleep, began by little and little to recover himself, as did the Dutchess and all the rest of the Company that were in the same Posture, drowsie and heavy, like People that had been in aTrance, and hardly knew where they were, and looking as if they had all been bewitch'd. Presently the Duke fell a reading with his Eyes half open and half thut, rubbing his Forehead at every Line; which when he had done, he threw his Arms about Don Quixote's Neck, affuring him, that he was the best and most renowned Knight that ever had been in all these Latter Ages. As for Sancho he star'd about for Madam Sorrowful, to see how she look'd now her Beard was off, and whether the were to Beautiful as the pretended to be before the was Chinbriffld. But they told him, that as foon as Screw-Peg was fallen to the Ground, all of a light Fire, the Countess with all her Company vanish'd without fo much as the fign of any Beards, or the least appearance that ever they had any. Then the Dutchess ask'd Sancho, how he found himfelf after so long a Journey. To whom Sancho, I find my felf, said he, indifferent well, thanks be to Heaven, only a little Shoulder sprain'd with my fall. As for the Journey it felf, 'tis very true as my Master said, that we were in the Middle Region of the Air: for to tell yee the Truth, having naturally some Chips of Curiosity within me, and being willing to look about me when I Travel, I thrust up the Handkerchief from my . Eyes a little above my Nose, and look'd down upon the Earth. God's Precious! Judge you now whether we were not got a prodigious height; for the Earth feem'd to me no bigger then a Mustard-Seed, and the Men

ABC:

CHAP. IX.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

walking to and fro, no bigger then Hazle-nuts. Have a care what you say Friend Sancho, quo the Dutchess, for if the Earth were no bigger then a Mustard-Seed, and the Men as big as Hazle nuts, 'twas impossible thou couldst fee the Earth for one fingle Man. That's nothing, quo Sancho, for I spy'd first one little side of it, and then I saw it all. These are Riddles. Sancho, reply'd the Dutchess, for how can a Man see the whole of what he sees but a part. I don't understand your Visions nor your Philosophies, but I faw as I faw, reply'd Sancho. Your Highness knows we flew i' the Air by Enchantment, and by Vertue of that Enchantment, I faw the Earth and the Men, which way foever I turn'd my Head. And if you wont believe that, you will less believe, that when I pull'd down my Blinder and look'd up, I found my felf fo near Heaven, that I was within a Foot of the Main Skie. And I can fafely swear tis a very large Place; and by and by we came to the Seven Goats. Before, Heaven and upon my Soul, if I don't believe we were above two Leagues above Pen men Maure; and in regard I had in my younger days been a Goat-herd, I had a longing desire to have a little Discourse with those pretty Creatures, and had I not done it, i' my Conscience I had been dead of a Consumption ere this, as short a while as it is. And therefore by my Life tis true; without saying a word to my Master, I slid down softly from Screw Pegs Crupper, and went and twattl'd for three quarters of an Hour with those pretty Creatures, that are made and fmell just like Clove gillow flowres, and all the while Screw-Peg flood as still as a Dormous, never moving an Inch.

And while Sancho was discoursing the Goats, how did my Lord Den Quixote spend his time? cry'd the Duke. Truly, reply'd Don Quixote, it is a thing so frequent for me to meet with strange Adventures, contrary to the usual Course of Nature, that I dare not question Sancho's Relation in the least; but for my own part, I must needs say that I never unblinded my self, and consequently saw neither the Heavens nor the Earth, nor Sea nor Mountains; only I sound that when we had pass'd the middle Region of the Air, we were very neer the Region of Fire, but that we were in it I cannot believe. For the Region of Fire lying between the Sphear of the Moon and the upper Region of the Air, we could not get to the Sphear of the Seven Pleiades or Goats, as he call's 'em, without being burnt to Charcoal; and therefore Sancho must eitherlye or dream.

I neither lye nor dream, reply'd Sancho; if you think otherwise, let any body ask me the Marks of the Seven Goats, and then you shall see whether I speak truth or no. There need no Interrogatories, reply'd the Dutchess, you may tell what you know of your own accord. Why then, reply'd Sancho, I say there are two Green, two Carnation, two Blew, and one Motley colour'd. Very pretty colour'd Goats indeed, quo the Duke, we ha' no such upon Earth. Is that such a wonder, quo Sancho, that the Goats upon Earth should be of one Colour, and the Goats in Heaven of another? Prithee rell me Sancho, quo the Duke, did'st thou see ne're a Hee Goat among the She Goats? No indeed, Sir, reply'd Sancho, and besides I have heard that neither Hee Goats nor Tups are permitted to go beyond the Horns of the Moon.

Thus ended the Memorable Adventure of Madam Dolorida, to the great fatisfaction of the Duke and all the rest of the Spectators; as being that which sound em sport not only for the present, but matter to laugh at during all the rest of their Lives.

Containing the Counsel which Don Quixote gave Sancho, before he went to his Government.

A Frer this fame lucky Success of Madam Sorrowful's Adventure, the Duke and Dutchess, finding they could so easily impose upon their Guests, resolv'd not to want Pastime, but to be still contriving new Inventions for devertisement. To which purpose the Plot was layd, and Instructions given to all the Servants how to behave themselves towards Sancho, The next day therefore the Duke told Sancho, that he must now prepare himself to take Possession of his Government, for that his Islanders expected him with the same impatience as the Earth gapes for May Dew. Upon which, Sancho bow'd himself almost to the Ground, and with a strange sudden sit of Indifferency told the Duke, that ever since he descended from Heaven, and had view'd the Earth no bigger then a Mustard-Seed, he had no great Stomach to be a Governour. For, faid he, what a great piece of Business it is to Govern a Point of a Grain of Mustard, and half a dozen Men no bigger then the end of my Little Finger; for I could not see any more i' the whole World. If your Excellency would give me a small Canton in Heaven, tho it were but half a League or fo, I'de rather have it then all the Islands in the World. Look yee Sancho, reply'd the Duke, I can dispose of no part of Heaven, tho 'twere no bigger then my Nail. But what I am able to bestow I give thee, that is to say an Island as smooth as a Dye, as round as a Bulrush, and as fertile as the Elysian Fields, where with Pious Care and good Management thou maist get Wealth on Earth to purchase the Riches of Heaven. 'Tis very well, Sir, quo Sancho, then let me have the Island, and I'le endeavour so to govern here, that if I han't a Corner of Heavento my share, it shall go hard : For I don't quit my own homely Cottage, Ambitious of being a Governour, but only to know what these Governments are, so thirsted after i' this World. Oh-Sancho, cry'd the Duke, when y' have once tafted the Sweets of one, you'l never leave licking your Fingers—'tis such a bewitching thing to command and to be obey'd; and this I must tell yee when Don Quixote comes to be an Emperour, as he cannot fail to be in a short time, according to the Courses he takes, he'll be ready to bite his Nails off, for refusing the Empress of Micomicon. You say very true, Sir, quo Sancho, 'tis a very delightful thing to Command, tho it be but over a Flock of Sheep. Let me dye, Sancho, quo the Duke, if thou hast not an Infight into every thing. But no more at present - to Morrow's the day for taking Possession This Evening therefore prepare thy Equipage, and get all things in a readiness.-

Let 'em Robe me, and Scarlet me, as they please themselves, quo Sancho, that's no care of mine—— For whether in Red, or in Yellow, or both together, I shall be the same Sancho still. However, reply'd the Duke, the Habit must be conformable to the Place and Dignity of the Person; Governours must not go like Soldiers, nor Soldiers like Priests. For your part Sancho, you are to wear the Habit as well of a Soldier as of a Civil Magistrate; for that to a Governour Learning and Valour are equally necessary. As for Learning, Sir, quo Sancho, I must consess I am not over plentifully stor'd with it; for without Dissimulation, I never read my

A B C. But I can fay my Pater Nofter backward and forward, and that's as much as needs for a Governour. As for Weapons, I shall make use of fuch as they give me, till they fall out of my Hands—— Saucho for the King, and God for us All. Well—well—quo the Duke, with so much Knowledge Sancho can never mistake in any thing.

As the Duke and Sancho were thus discoursing, Don Quixote arriv'd, and understanding that Sancho was to depart the next Morning, after leave obtain'd of the Duke, he took him by the Hand, and carry'd him into his Chamber, there to give him fome Infractions how to behave himself in his Government. To which purpose, Don Quixote having lock'd the Chamber Door within fide, and caus'd Sancho, tho against his will, to fit

down by him, with a Grave and serious Tone,

484

Infinite are the Thanks which I return to Heaven, faid he, that Fortune thus is pleas'd to Crown thee with her Kindnesses, before the has bestow'd on Me the least of her Favours. I that was labouring my own Advancement, that I might be in a Condition to recompence thy Services, now find my felf behind the Lighter, and thou contrary to the order of Nature, enjoy'ff the Fruit of thy defires. Others bribe, follicit, importune, rife early, go to Bed late, wait all day long in Great Men's Antichambers, and all to no purpose. With thee, that art neither Laborious nor Vigilant, its prefently, unexpectedly, and of a sudden nothing but up and ride; so that 'tis a True faying, there's nothing but good and bad luck i' this World; and all this because thou only smell'st of Knight Errantry. I speak, this my dear Sancho, not to upbraid thee, nor out of Envy; but only to let thee know, that thou art not to afcribe thy good Fortune to thy Merit, but only to the kindness of Heaven. Acknowledg therefore the Favours of Providence, and above all things be fure to reverence the Profession of Knight-Erranzry, which includes within it felf whole Magazines of Honour and Preferment. And now thy Mind and Thoughts being thus prepard, liften with the Attention of a Scholler that defires to learn; liften I fay to the Instructions of thy Master, and the Precepts of thy Cato, who is willing to be thy North-star and Pilot in that perillous Sea, where thou art going to imbark thy felf, that fo thou maift arrive fafe in the Port of Honour. For Offices and Great Employments are but a profound Gulph of Con-

In the first place, fear God and Love him; for the fear of God is the beginning of Wisdom; and Wisdom will never suffer thee to go aftray.

In the next place, look backward what thou wer't, and endeavour to know thy felf; which is the most difficult Knowledge i the World. That Knowledg will inftruct thee, not to fwell like a Toad, which Envying the Stature of an Ox, strove to be as big as he, and burst. For if thou dost, what will Men say? They'l say, he need not be so proud, for the Time was when he kept Hogs in his own Country. That was only when I was a little Boy, reply'd Sancho; for when I came to be bigger I kept Geese, and not Hogs. But that's nothing to the purpose, all Governours did not come from the Loyns of Princes. 'Tis very true, reply'd Don Quixote, and therefore Men of mean descent, ought so much the rather to behave themselves with Curtesie and Civility, to avoid the Reproaches of Envy and Malice, which elfethey will never escape.

Sancho, never deny thy Parents, nor be asham'd of the meanness of thy Birth; for when no body fee's thee run, no body will run with thee. 'Tis better to be virtuously Humble, then a proud Transgressour. Innumerable are the Examples of those that have been rais'd almost from the Dunghil

to the Papal Chair and Imperial Throne; but I pass 'em over in silence for want of Time. Let Vertue be the Guide of all thy Actions; and prize thy felf for do.

ing Vertuous Actions, and never envy Kings and Princes their Dignity. For Nobility is Hereditary; Vertue is acquir'd; Vertue is valu'd for its felf; fo is not Nobility.

If any of thy poor Kindred come to fee thee, never difown 'em, nor refuse to see 'em, but entertain em withal the Respect imaginable: So, thou

wilt fulfill the Will of Heaven, and satisfie the Law of Nature.

If thou fend it for thy Wife, as it is but reasonable she should partake of thy good Fortune, Polish her the best thou canst; Instruct, Admonish and Advise her, and keep her from appearing much in Company, till she has shook off her Rustical behaviour, that she may not appear ridiculous in Company; and what she wants in dancing and talking out of Grand Cyrus, let her make out in Modesty and sober Behaviour, and then let all the Giggling prying Gossips talk what they will.

If thou happen'st to be a Widower, and that the Cares of thy Family and thy Employment oblige thee to Marry again, have a care of Marrying a Hook and a Line; fuch a one, I mean, as will be taking with both Hands, and is all for making Hay while the Sun shines. For a Judges Wife ought not to be a Sollicitress; nor to be her Husbands Conduite Pipe for the more

cleanly conveyance of Bribes.

Book III.

Have a care of Obstinate Self conceit; for that's the only folly of igno-

rant People, that will prefume to be wifer then they are.

Let the Tears of the Poor move thy Compassion, but no more Justice to them, then to the Informations of the Rich.

Let not the Presents of the Rich blind thee, nor be tir'd out with the

Importunities of the Poor; for there may be delusion in both.

When thou art upon Tryal of Criminals, stand not too nicely upon the Rigour of the Law: For a Judge gets as little Reputation by being too fevere, as by being too Indulgent.

If any of thy Enemies have a Cause before thee, lay aside thy Resentment, and Proceed only according to the Merits of the Cause; lest blinded by thy Passion, thou be forc'd to repair the Injuries of thy Injustice, by

building of Clock-Houses.

When a Beautiful Woman comes before thee, be not furpriz'd by her Tears or Prayers; shut thy Eyes, and stop thy Ears, and stay no longer then to examin the Truth: For Beauty's a dangerous allurement; and there is no Poyson sooner corrupts the Integrity of a Judge.

Neither joke, nor be too fevere upon those thou condemn's for their Crimes; for that's to infult over the Misfortunes of the Miserable, that ra-

ther deferve thy Pity.

Be Merciful in Judgment, for God approves Mercy beyond Judgment.

If thou observ'st these Rules, Sancho, thou shalt live many Years upon the Earth, and perpetually in the Memory of good Men. Thou shalt be happy whilst thou liv'st and blest in thy Posterity. Thou shalt live in Peace and Honour, enjoying lawful Pleasure, and dye in a good old Age, lamented by all the World, to receive eternal Recompence in Heaven. These are the Precepts which I give thee in reference to thy Reputation, and the Salvation of thy Soul. And now I shall instruct thee in what concerns thy Person, and the Government of thy Family.

#### CHAP. X.

Being a Continuation of Don Quixote's Instructions to Sancho.

Would fain know now whether there be any Man living that had heard this profound Discourse, but would have thought our Knight not only to have been a Person of most Excellent Morals, but of great Prudence and Policy: Only this damn'd Knight-Errantry spoil'd all, the very smell of a Romance put him quite beside his Reason, and dislocated the whole Frame of his Understanding. As for his Occonomics, they were not indeed of that Importance as his Politicks, only they shew'd us, that he had an Insight into the most minute of Family Duties. To which purpose he thus proceeded.

As for the Government of thy House and thy own Person, my first Admonition, Sancho, is, sto go neat and cleanly; to keep thy Nails par'd, and not to let 'em grow like Orson the Brother of Valentine, who was the most nasty and slovenly Knight-Errant that ever was i' the World, as having been bred and sucki'd by a Bear: and therefore deservedly Expung'd out of the Roll

Never appear in publick with thy Kneeftrings unty'd, and thy Doublet unbutton'd, as if thou hadft been drunk over Night. 'Tis an affected Negligence that will but render thee despicable.

Examin carefully what thy Revenues amount to by the Year, and if they will afford thee sufficient to put thy Servants in Liveries, let 'em be decent and lasting, not for Gaudy Pomp and shew; and for the Overplus of thy Thrist, expend it upon the Poor. If thy Estate will afford thee six Lacqueys, keep no more then three, and let 'em be Poor Orphans; for by that means thou shalt have three Lacqueys in Heaven, as well as upon Earth, which they shall never have that hunt only after vain Glory.

Never defile thy Breath with Onions and Garlick, left People judge of thy former Condition, and the Rusticity of thy Manners by the scent of thy Mouth.

Let thy Pace be grave, and thy Speech compos'd; yet not mumbling to thy felf and as it were whifpring i'thy own Ears; for Affectation is Ridiculous.

Eat little at Dinner, and less at Supper; for the Health of the Body confiss in not overcharging thy Stomach.

Be moderate in thy Cups, confidering that excessive Drinking neither keeps a Secret, nor observes any promise.

Never shew thy self greedy in Eating; and above all things have a care of Eruttation before People. That's a hard word, quo Sancho, I don't understand it. That is, reply'd Don Qusote, have a care of Belching, which is one of the most nasty Words in our Language, tho very significant; and therefore I made use of the Latin Word Eruttation, which is much more cleanly. Upon my Life, quo Sancho, I shall be sure to remember this Admonition; for 'twas a Custom I had got, to Belch very frequently. Fye,

Sancho, quo Don Quixote, you must not say Belch, but Erust. Well—quo Sancho, Erust then let it be; tho tisa Plaguie Cramp Word, I wish I may be able to think out it.

In the next place have a care of mixing such a Hodg-podge of Proverbs in thy Common discourse; for the they are Concise and Pithy sayings, yet thou dragst em so often by the Hair, that they seem to be rather Extravagancies

Extravagancies then Maximes. God alone can remedy that, quo Sancho, for I have a Church Bible full; and they throng fo thick, when I talk, to my Teeth, that they quarrel which shall get out first; so that my Tongue is forc'd to let go the first that comes, tho it be nothing to the purpose. But I shall take care for the Future to make use of no more then become the Grandeur of my Impleyment. For in a Rich mans Honse the Cloath is always layd—and tis a hard Winter when one Wolf eats another.—Scratch my Breech and Ple claw your Elbow—Money will do more then my Lords Letter—In giving and taking there is no mistaking—More to do with one Jackanapes, then all the Bears.—

Courage—honest friend, quo Don Quixote, too't agen, there's no body coming, My Mother whips me, and I whip the Gigg. I am correcting thee for a confounded Proverb monger as thou art, and here thou spewst me up a whole Legend of Proverbs, as much to the purpose, as to give a Goose Hay. A Proverb is not amiss when pertinent, but dragg'd in by head and Shoulders, renders Conversation troublesome, and tyres human Patience.

Be not a flave to thy Bed; for he that rifes not with the Sun, loses so much Day light. And I must tell thee, Diligence is the Mother of good Fortune, but Sloath brings a Man to Eeggary.

Thus Sancho, I have bestow'd upon thee the best instructions I could call to mind; I might think of others perhaps, but the Time and Season will not permit me. And I'me asraid I ha' giv'n thee more already then thou art

able to barrel up in thy shallow Memory.

All these Instructions, Sir, quo Sancho, I do believe i' my Conscience to be extreamly profitable as well for this Life as for the next; but what good will they do one, if I should forget 'em? 'Tis true, that as for the paring my Nails, and marrying agen, if it should ever be my good luck to be a Widower, they will never out of my Mind; but as for that other Gallimaufrey, and fardel of Stories and Flimflams, I shall no more remember 'em then the Clouds of last Year, unless you give 'em me in writing, for my Confessour to read em to me, when I have occasion; for you know I can neither write nor read my felf. Oh-Sancho, quo Don Quixote, what a Governour, and neither write nor read! For certainly, for a Man to be fo Illiterate, and to be Left-handed, argues that either his Parents were very poor and mean, or that the Son was fuch a Blockheaded thick-Scul'd Dunce, that no Learning would enter his Brains. Poor Soul, I pity thee - for shame therefore, Sancho, learn at least to write thy Name. I can set my Name already, quo Sancho, that is to fay, my Mark; I learnt to do it when I was Churchwarden of our Parish, and gave in my Account in Round O's that flood for Shillings. Befides, I may pretend that my right Hand is lame, and let another fign for me; for there is a remedy for all things but Death; and having the Power i' my own hands, I may do what I please. Let 'em handle and see, and then they'l be satisfy'd- I desire no Man to buy a Pig in a Poke-They buy Honey too dear that lick it off the Brambles-When God intends a Man a kindness he comes to his House - The Follies of the Rich pass for Sentences i' the World. So that when I come to be a Governour, and confequently Rich, and Liberal withal, there's no Man will dare to question what I do. Daub your self with Honey and you'll never want Flies - What a Man has, so much he's sure of, cry'd my Old Grandmother-Who shall hang the Bell about the Cats Neck \_\_\_ Muzzled Dogs never bite\_\_ Where e're a Man dwells he shall be sure of a Thorn-bush neer his own Door-But'tis good farting before a Mans own Fire \_\_\_ A good Stomach is the best Sauce ---- And a scalded Cat ---Accurs'd

Book III.

Accurs'd of Heaven, cry'd Don Quixote, interrupting him, feventy thoufand Belzebubs take thee, and thy Proverb-Master together this hour hast thou been tormenting me with thy Proverbs; but if these Proverbs don't bring thee to the Gallows I am no false Prophet. I wonder where the Devil thou hast 'em all- for to speak One to the purpose, it makes me Sweat Mill stones. Why now by my Life, Sir, quo Sanche, you are as Angry as a Cook, for just nothing - for who do I wrong in making use of my own? My Effate lyes in Proverbs -- nor do I borrow from any body-and i' good faith I had four coming out as pat to the purpose as Mustard to a Sawcidge; but I'le keep'em between my Teeth now I think on't, for Sancho has always had the Reputation of a Close-Mouth'd Squire. Sancho the Close mouth'd! cry'd Don Quixote, Sancho the Babler, and Sancho the Coxcomb, thou meanst \_\_\_\_ but Sirrab, what Proverbs were those thou braggst of so pat to the purpose? tell me but one, and i'le forgive thee all the Rest-Why, what four Proverbs would you have better then these? First, An Humble-Bee in a Conturd thinks himself a King- and agen, He that Thatches his House with a Turd (ball ha' more Teachers then Reachers - And agen, The Horse thinks one thing, and he that rides him another - And agen, Tickle my Throat with a Feather and make a Fool of my Stemach. What a dekins ayls yee, would ree have better Bread then is made of Wheat? They that so easily see a Mote in another Mans Eye, should do well to take out the Beam ? their own, lest the Pot call the Kettle Black-arfe. Now have I rais'd the Devil, and there's no laying him, quo Don Quixete, however this is my Comfort, I ha' done my duty like a Man of Honour, and discharg'd my Conscience. God direct thee Sancho, and may his Providence preserve thee. and deliver me from those sears that continually disturb me, lest thou shouldst ruin this poor Island, and fink in the Ruins; which however I may prevent by discovering in time to the Duke what thou art; a meer Swag-belly, laden with Proverbs and Corruption.

Sir, quo Sancho, if you think me not fit to do the Duty of a good Governour, I am ready to quit my pretentions without proceeding any farther. Alas! the least part of my Soul, tho no bigger then a poynt of a Needle, is far dearer to me, then the Guts and Garbage with which you upbraid me, and I hope I shall live Plain Sancho, with a Morfel of Bread and an Onion as contentedly, as Governour Sancho upon Pheasants and Turkeys. For all Men are equal i' the Grave and when they're afleep; Rich and Poor, High and Low. Only I defire your Worship to remember who put this Government into my Head. For I knew what belong'd to Islands and Governours no more then an Oyster; so that if you believe the Devil will have the Governour, I had rather go Sancho to Paradise, then Governour to Hell.

In Truth Sazeho, these last Pious Expressions of thine deserve the Government of a hunder'd slands. Thou are naturally well dispos'd to Vertue, without which Knowledge little avails. Recommend thy self to God, and above all things beware of swerving from uprightness of Intention: For Heaven never fails to favour good designs; and so lets go and wait upon their Excellencies; for I believe 'tis now neer Supper time.

#### CHAP. XI.

How Sancho went to take Possession of his Island; and of the strange Adventure that befel Don Quixote in the Castle.

ON Quixote after he had supp'd, wrote down the Instructions which he had given Sancho, and deliver'd 'em into his Hands. But it was not long after Sancho had receiv'd the Paper before he as carelessly dropt it; so that it was taken up and carry'd to the Duke and the Dutchess, who could not forbear admiring the Wit and Folly of the Knight. And to carry on a piece of sport that afforded them so much content, they resolv'd to fend away Sancho the same Evening to his pretended Island. Now the Person that was order'd to accompany Sancho was the Dukes Steward, a Witty Man, and of a jocular Humour, and the same Person who had acted the part of the Countess of Three-Skirts; so that by means of his copious Fancy, and the Instructions which he had receiv'd from the Duke, he prov'd no less successful in this then in the former Contrivance.

In the mean while Sancho having wiftfully view'd the Stewards Face, perceiv'd at length that he extreamly refembl'd the Countess of Three-Skirts, and turning to his Master, Sir, said he, the Devil must immediately carry me away from the place where I stand, unless you will acknowledge the Dukes Steward to be Madam Sorrowful. Whereupon Don Quixote having exactly survey'd the Lineaments of his Face; why, Sancho, said he, I see no reason why the Devil should be so hasty to carry thee away; for tho there may be some Resemblance between the Features of Madam Sor= rowful and the Steward, yet cannot the Steward be Madam Sorrowful; fince it would imply a Contradiction. But 'tis no time now to dispute this Affair, for fear of bringing an old House upon our Heads. All we have to do is to pray to God to deliver us from Sorcerers and wicked Necromancers. Sir, quo Sancho, you may think perhaps I jest-upon my Life there's no fuch Matter. 'Tis not long fince I heard the Steward speak, and upon my Soul I thought I heard Madam Sorrowful's Tongue. However I shall say no more at present, but I will take more notice for the future, and trye whether I cannot discover something that may give us more Light. That thou maist do, reply'd Don Quixote, and let me know what thou hast discover'd, and how thou succeeds in thy Government.

At length the Hour of his departure being come, Sancho set forward with a numerous Train, clad himself like a Judgé in a long Gown of Waterd Camblet, and a Bonnet of the same Colour, and mounted upon a Spanish Genet, and attended by honest Grizzle, richly Caparison'd, bridl'd and saddl'd like a Horse of State; upon whom Sancho ever and anon lookt back, so well satisfy'd with his own and Grizzle's Pomp, that he would not have chang'd Fortunes with the Emperour of Germany. Taking leave of the Duke and the Dutchess he kiss'd their Hands, and then ran to embrace his Masters Knees, who gave Poor Sancho, whimpring at his Feet, his Benediction with Tears in his Eyes.

Thus let the Noble Governour go in Peace; and now expect a Bushel of Laughter when yee come to hear how he behav'd himself in his Employment. In the mean time it will not be amiss to understand how Don Quixote spent the Night after he had parted with his faithful Squire. At which,

which, they that cannot laugh out right, may be pleas'd to draw the Curtains of their Lips like Monkeys and shew their Teeth; for I must tell vee the famous Atchievments of Don Quixote, are to be recounted either with

Admiration, or as provocations to Laughter.

The Story relates, that after Sancho's departure, fo foon as Don Quixote was alone by himself; he would fain have recall'd him, to the depriving him of his Government, had it been possible. But the Dutchess discovering him to look like a Dog that had loft his Tail, why fo Melancholy my Lord Don Quixote? quo she. If it be for the loss of your Squire, I have Squires and Damfels enow, that will ferve yee with all the respect and dilligence imaginable. I confess, Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, I do miss my Companion, poor Sancho, already; but that is not all that wrings me under the Withers; and therefore as your favours have been hitherto beyond measure, so I beseech your Ladyship to permit me that in my own Chamber I may enjoy my Soliloquies, and Contemplations alone by my felf. By no means, quo the Dutchess, I have four Damsels that shall attend yee, as fresh as May Flowers. Such Flowers, Madam, reply'd Don Quissote, will be but as Thornes i' my Soul, and therefore Madam, I beseech yee, let me be troubl'd with no fuch Flowers nor Flower-pots i' my Chamber: I will rather lye i'my Cloaths, then fuffer any of your Flowry Damsels to fee me Naked. I'le only lock the Chamber Door, and that shall serve me for a Barricado between my Defires and my Chaftity.

'Tis enough, reply'd the Dutchess, since you will not have it so, there's not so much as a Flie shall enter your Chamber if I can help it: I would not willingly transgress the Laws of Civility; especially considering that among all the rest of your Vertues, there is none in which you pride your felf as in your Modesty. Therefore dress and undress, as you please your felf-only you shall have all things necessary carry'd up into your Chamber, that you may not be forc'd to rife in your Shirt to call for the least Trifle. And may the Peerless Dulcinea live a thousand Ages, and may her Fame be spread over all the Earth, since she has the happiness to be below'd by fuch a Chaft and Loyal Knight: and Heaven incline our Governour Sancho Pancha's Heart to put a speedy end to his Penance, that the World may no longer be depriv'd of fo much Beauty. 'Tis your Pencil, Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, that gives the last Touches to Dulsinea's Merit For being prais'd by those Charming Lips of yours, she must needs become more known, and more esteem'd in the World, then if all the Orators i' the Earth had employ'd all their Rhetorick in her Commendations. I cannot speak too much, reply'd the Dutchess; and indeed what Language can suffice to praise a Creature so Celestial, whose Vertues are above all Imitation? -- But Supper staies, and 'tis but reason you should refresh your felf, since you cannot but be very weary after your tedious Journey to Candaya. I protest, Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, I feel no such thing, and I can fafely swear to your Excellency, that in my Life, I never rid a more easie going Nag then gentle Screw-Peg. I wonder i my Heart what came into Malambrunes Pate, to lend out such a pleasant Beast, and then to split him in pieces when he had done. I am apt to believe, quo the Dutchels, some qualm of Repentance came over his Conscience for having injur'd the Countess of Three-Skirts, and the rest of her Companions; and for many other Villanies he had committed as a Necromancer; and therefore he resolved to destroy all the Instruments of his illegal Arts, especially Screw-Peg, that gave him so many opportunities of doing Mischief; or else perhaps not deeming him worthy to carry any other Person, after his having been bestrid by the renowned Don Quixote de la Mancha.

Don Quixote a fecond time return'd the Dutchess thanks, and after Supper retird to his Chamber, not fuffering any living Soul to attend him, fo timorous he was of giving the least Crack to that Fidelity which he had wholly dedicated to his Miftress Dulcinea, taking for his Rule of Imitation the Constancy and Fidelity of the Great Amadis de Ganl, the Mirrour of all Knights-Errant.

49I

He lockt the Door therefore, and made himself unready by the light of two fearing Candles, that were fet up in his Chamber. But oh! the difmal Misfortune that befel him in pulling off his Breeches, nere before observed to have ever befallen a Knight of his Quality. For straining to pull off one of his Stockins, he tore a great hole i' the Seam behind, above a Quarter of a yard long. And then it was that he took most impatiently the Absence of his Squire, and would have given all the Shoes in his Shop for a Skain of

Green Silk.

Here Benengeli could not forbear exclaiming, O Poverty, Poverty! which makes me wonder at that same Gooscap of a Water-Poet that call'd thee a Sacred Prefent. I have learn'd indeed from the Christians, that Holiness confifts in Humility, in Faith, in Obedience, in Charity and Poverty. All which I acknowledge for Truth: But I am apt to believe that this same Poverty which is number'd among the Vertues, is only that Poorness in Spirit, by which we are taught to make use of our Riches as if we had 'em not, and not that indigency of every thing, which every Hour causes us to feel necessity. Cruel Necessity! Why dost thou trouble the repose of Men of Honour? Why doft thou conftrain em to their Shifts, and to fet the best Foot forwards? Why dost thou enforce a Knight to mend the only Stockins that he has i'the World, without being able to buy another pair? Contemptible Poverty, what is Honour in Kags? How filly does a Knight of the Sun look, when you may discover a League off the Darns of his Hose, the Patches upon his Cloak, the Sweat of his Forhead foakt through his Rufty Castor, and the very hunger of his famisht Stomach?

These Reflections enter'd Don Quixote's thoughts, when he tore his Stockin, and he must have lain abed the next day like a Gentleman of Furnival's Inn, had not Sancho left him a pair of Riding Boots, which he re-

folv'd to put on, to conceal his Difaster.

At length fuil of unquiet and troublesom thoughts, he compos'd himself to rost; but Sancho's Absence, and the Heat of the Weather would not permit him. Up he got therefore walk'd about the Room in his Shirt, and then to let in the cool Air he open'd a Window that look'd into the Garden, where he overheard two Females talking together. Says one to the other, why d' yee desire me to sing, who ever since this Stranger came to the Caftle, have had more cause to weep, then to be chanting of Carols? Besides, thou knowst, my Lady is very wakeful, and I would not for all the Gold i' the World she should find us here. But grant she should sleep as fast as a Dormouse, what would my Singing avail me, if this same Dangerous Eneas, that is come to trouble my repose, should be snoring at the same time, and not hear the found of my Complaints, nor the fad occasion of my disturbances. Never let such idle thoughts as these put a Corki' thy Windpipe, my dear Joan Tomboy, reply'd Mistress Gilian a Croyden (for so were the two Damsels call'd) I'le warrant thee for a Graves-End-Toast, that all the rest of the House are fast i' their Nests, but only the Lord of thy Heart: for, if I mistake not, I heard him open his Window. Therefore never be afraid to fing, my dear Sifter; it may be thy fweet Voice and thy Lute together may charm his Adamant Soul, and bring him to thy Lure. Oh! Rrr 2

my dear Gilian a Croyden, reply'd Joan Tomboy, there is fomething more i' the Case then thou dreamst of \_\_\_\_ for I'm afraid lest my complaints should discover the thoughts of my Heart, and then they that know not the force of Love will take me for a light and indifcreet Huffie. But it behoves me to gratifie thy humour, tho it cost me a little shame to seek the remedy of my tormenting Pains. And so saying she took her Lute

and touch'd it to a wonder.

492

Don Quixote was ravish'd with what he had heard, and at the same Moment call'd to mind all that he had read of fuch like Adventures, and presently fancy'd that some one of the Dutchesses Damsels was fall'n in Love with him; but fearing the danger his Fidelity was in, he prepard to refift all manner of Temptation; and fo recommending himself to his Peerless Dulcinea, he thought himself sufficiently guarded, and resolv'd to hear the Musick. To which purpose, as he stood, he fain'd a kind of Sneeze, to let 'em understand he was awake ; which was Nuts to the Ladies, who defir'd nothing more: And then Mrs. Tomboy thus began.

Hou that from Ten to Ten sleepst on, With Legs stretch'd out 'twixt Holland Sheets; Regardless of my Doleful moan, And Likelyhood to lofe my Wits.

So Sweet, so Gentle, Mild and Calm. Renowned Knight in Mancha born. A Peck of Gold and Quart of Balme I'de Squander, to buy off thy Scorn.

Oh bear the Shrill and woful Cries Of Lady drowned all in Tears : With thy Alluring Boar-pig's Eyes In Love, in Love up to the Ears.

Whilst I hou run'st rambling up and down, O're Mountains, Forrests, Hills and Dales: Thy Rigour at a distance wounds. For which, no Remedy but failes.

Tell me, O tell me, Heart of Oak What Savage Monster brought thee forth? Didst thou descend from Scorpions Womb, The Prodigie of Lybian Earth?

Or wer't thou lickt by Greenland Bear? Or else begot by Dragon Father? No, no, some Serpent suckled thee Or Panther of the Defert, rather.

Oh Dulcinea, what didst Thou To vanquish this same Savage Tiger? The fecrets tell ; I'le try 'em all, Were they Ten thousand Millions, by Gar. Well mai'st thou boast thy charming Eyes, That such a Conquest hast obtaind; For such a dangerous Beast as this Was never by Knight-Errant tam'd.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Surrender but thy Right to Me, I'le fairly give thee in Exchange My best Embroider'd Petticoat. Or t'other with a Golden Fringe.

Book III.

Genteel and Lovely Son of Mars, How happy (hould I be to kiss Thy Velvet Nerves, and Skin that smells Like Album-Græcum-Ambergreece.

But stay fond Heart, whether so fast? Thou art too hasty by my Truth; For such a Morsel so divine Was never made to please thy Tooth.

Wouldst thou but spare my dear Adonis Thy longing Captive one Nights Lodging, I have a hunder'd Curious Toys Which I would give thee without dodging.

A fine white Beaver and a Feather, A Silver Sword and Scarlet Cloak; A Watch and Pendents for thy Ears. And Guinies always i' thy Poak.

I'le look thy Head and comb thy Hair. And come and fit upon thy Knee; Thou Shate be my Marck Antony; Thy Cleopatra I will be.

Alas, in vain I make my Moans To one that pity's not my [mart: The Crust Nero laughs to fee The Conflagration of my Heart.

And yet my Years might pity move, For I am young and very fair; A Maid upon my Honour too; And not above Eighteen, I'le swear.

No Bulrush streighter then my self, Nor any slenderer in the Waste; And for my Hair, more bright then Gold, It hangs an Ell below my Brest.

No glittering Topaz e're out-shind The dazle of my sparkling Eyes; Then knowing what the Proverb Cays. Guess by the Proverb at my Thighs.

Besides, if thou hast heard my Voice, I need not tell thee how I sing; Thou must conclude it better far Then any Nightingales in Spring.

I have a thouland other Gifts, Which I omit for want of Time; And therefore if thy Heart be good, Say'but the word, Joan Tomboy's thine.

Thus the Inamour'd Madam Tomboy having put up her Pipes, the Indifferent Knight, after he had fetch'd a profound Sigh, what Squint-ey'd Confteliation scowld upon me at my Birth, said he, that no Damsel can look upon me but she must fall in Love? And thou transcendent, yet unfortunate Dulcinea del Toboso, how hast thou offended Heaven that will not let thee enjoy my Constancy in Peace? Why should Empresses persecute her? And why should Damsels of Fisteen thus study to disturb her? Oh-leave her to eniov to her felf the Present which Love has made her, in subduing to her alone, my Heart and Soul. Avaunt Impertinent Crew, for I declare 'tis only for her sake I live; for her alone my Heart is altogether Marchpane and Sugar-Plums, but to all Womankind beside meer Flint and Brass-To her I am Honey, to others bitter Aloes. In Dulcinea only there is Beauty, Diferetion, Debonairness, Modesty and Nobility of Birth. All other Women are to me deformed, Foolish, meer Town-Cracks, and meanly descended. Let Mrs. Joan Tomboy fing or weep; let her Heart harbour vain defires, live in hopes or dye in despair; let all those Ladies, the Causes of my former Torments, arm in their Enchanted Castles, all the Powers of Hell in their Revenge, I live for Dulcinea's fake alone, and her Adorer will I dye, mauger all the Sorceries and Inchantments i' the World. And having thus offer'd this Oblation of his Soul to his Miftress, he clapt to the Window, and flung himself into his Bed with so much Indignation, as if he had receiv'd some terrible Affront. Where we must leave him a while to his Meditations, in regard the Great Sancho Pancha calls us now to be Witneffes of the happy Commencement of his Reign.

#### CHAP. XII.

How the Famous Sancho Pancha took possession of his Island, and how he behav'd himself in his Government.

Thou perpetual Surveyour of the Antipodes, Torch to the World, and Eye of Heaven; Here Timbrius call'd, there Phabus, in one place an Archer, in another a Physician, Father of Poesie, and Inventor of Musick: Thou that art always in Motion, never at rest, thee I implore, O Sun, by whose affistance Men beget Mento the end of the Chapter; thee I befeech to inspire me, and quicken my dull Brains, that so I may be able to give a just and faithful accompt of the Great Sancho's Actions, who rather deserves a Homer, a Virgil, a Tasso, or an Ariosto, to celebrate his Fame, &c.

Sancho

Sancho had not travell'd long with his Train and his Equipage aformention'd, before he arriv'd at a small Town, containing about a thousand Inhabitants; being one of the best within the Dukes Territories. This they presently told him was call'd the Island of Barattaria or Cheap-side, and had therefore this Name given it, because his Government cost him so little. So soon as he came to the Gates the Inhabitants were drawn up in Arms to receive him; the People shouted, the Bells rang, the Conduits pissed Wine, and the new Governour was hois'd up like a Relique upon a stout Wine-Porters Shoulders, and so attended to the Great Church, where after the performance of some Ridiculous Ceremonies, the Keys of the Gates were presented him, and so he was sworn perpetual Governour of the Island of Barataria or Cheap-side.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

In the mean time the Air, the Meen, the thick Beard, the Tunbelly'd, Crumpshoulder'd shape of the new Governour, strangely surprized all those that knew nothing of the Contrivance, infomuch that they who were ac-

quainted with it could hardly believe their own Eyes.

Book III.

From Church they carry'd him to the Court of Justice; where so soon as he had taken his Seat, the Steward making him a low Obeysance; Sir, said he, 'tis an ancient Custom, that when ever any Governour takes possession of an Island, he is bound to unriddle some difficult Questions that is propounded to him, to the end that by his Answer, the People may judge of his Abilities, and whether they have reason to rejoyce or be forry for his coming. All the while the Steward was Speaking, Sancho's Eyes were sixt upon a Writing upon the Wall over against his Seat in great Letters, which because he could not read, he ask'd the next that stood by him, what was the meaning of those Pictures upon the Wall? Sir, said they, 'tis only a Memorandum to let Posterity know when you took Possession of this Island.

This day being such a day of the Month, in such a Year, The Lord Don Sancho Pancha took Possession of this Island: May he enjoy it many Years in all Prosperity.

Pray who is he, cry'd Sancho, whom they call Don Sancho Pancha? Your Lordship, my Lord, reply'd the Steward, for never any other Pancha then your self sate where you sit, before. Pray friend, take notice, quo Sancho, that I disown the name of Don; my Name is Sancho Pancha, quick and short. My Fathers Name was Sancho, and my Grandsathers Name was Sancho, without any Addition of Dons, or Tons, or Cons—See the Vanity of Meni, sie warrant yee there are in this Island as many Dons as Stones—But God hears me, so God help me, let me but Govern the Island four days, if I don't clear the Island of these Dons, more offensive then so many Flesh-sies, sie give yee my Mother for a Maid. And now Mr. Steward, let'em ask me what Question they please, I'le answer'em as well as I can; nor shall it trouble me whether the People be glador forry.

At the same Instant two Men came pussing and blowing into Court, the enacted did like a Country Fellow, the other seem'd to be a Taylour, both by his Aporn, and his Scissars, which he carry'd in his Hand. My Lord, cry'd the Taylour, I befeech your Lordship do me Justice; yesterday this Countryman came to my Shop; for under your Worships Correction, I am a sworn Taylour, and by the permission of Heaven free of my Company; whereof, he deliver'd me a piece of Cloath, which he said was enough to make him a Cloak. Whereof, I lookt upon the Cloath, and answer'd

him, an't please your Worship, so it would. Now an't like your Worship, he thought, as I am apt to believe, and perhaps he thought true, that I had a mind to steal some of his Cloath, grounding his Conjecture upon the bad Opinion which the World generally has of us Taylours. Whereof, he bid me look again, and fee whether there were not enough to make two? I smelt, an't like your Worship, what the old Fox drove at, where-of, I answer'd him, yes, there was. Whereof, he pursuing still his first design, ask'd me again, whether 'twould make no more? Whereof, being ftill willing to humour my Customer, I answer'd him all along, yes, and it would, till at length we agreed that the Cloath would make five Cloaks. Whereof, I made five Cloaks, and now the Cloaks are made, and I defire my Money, he will have me to pay him for his Cloath, or return it him agen.

Is this true, honest Friend? quo Sancho; yes an't please yee my Lord, reply'd the Countryman—But pray my Lord, let him produce the Cloaks which he pretends he has made. With all my Heart, reply'd the Taylour; and fo faving, he pull'd his Hand from under his Coat, and held up five leetle Cloaks, as if they had been for fo many Fairies, hanging as upon fo many Pins upon his Thumb and four Fingers; and before Heaven and upon my Conscience, quo the Taylour, I have not wrong'd him of an Inch of his Cloath, and let any Workman be judg. Upon which there was fuch a Shout i'the Court, as if it had been at a Baudy Tryal.

Sancho having ponder'd a while, Methinks, faid he, this Complaint requires not fo much examination—and therefore the judgment of the Court is, that the Taylour shall lose his making, the Countryman his Cloath, and that the Cloaks be divided among the poor Prisoners. Upon which, there was as loud a Shout as before, and so the Sentence was put in Execution.

After this there appear'd two very old Men, the one with a great Cane in his Hand, upon which he rested himself; and the other prefently addressing himself to Sancho, My Lord Governour, quo he, it is now fome Months ago that I lent this Man in his Necessity Ten Crowns in Gold. upon condition that he would pay me again when I ask'd him. I let him alone above a Year, because I believ'd he had it not; but when I sound that he never took any notice of the Debt, I askt him feveral times for my Money; But then he not only refus'd to pay me, but deny'd he ow'd me any; or if I had lent him any, that he had paid me already. Now because I have no Witnesses of the Loan, nor he of the Payment, I beg your Lordship to put him to his Oath, and if he will swear he has paid me, I am contented to forgive him before God and all the World.

What fay you to this, Grandfather? quo Sancho. Sir, reply'd the Old Man, I confess this Man did lend me Ten Crowns in Gold, and since he refers himself to my Oath, I am ready to swear that I have truly and faithfully repayd 'em. Presently the Governour order'd him to lay his Hand upon the Book; at what time the Old Man giving his Cane to one of his Friends that flood next him, as if it had encumber'd him, layd his Hand upon the Bible, and fwore that he had borrow'd the Ten Crowns, 'twas true; but that he had deliver'd 'em into the hands of that honest Man; which was the reason that his Creditor being paid by another, had forgot the repayment of the Money. Presently the Governour ask'd the Creditor what he had to reply? Who made answer, that fince the old Man had fworn it, he was bound to believe him as he was a Christian, and ready to drop into his Grave, but that for certain he could not remember that ever he was payd. Thereupon the Debtor took his Cane agen, and after he had made a low obeyfance to the Judg, was trudging as fast as he could out of

the Hall. But Sancho observing the fellow's haste, and his taking care of his Cane, and admiring the Patience of the Creditor, after he had fludy'd a while with his Fore-finger upon his Nose, of a sudden he order'd the Old Man to be fetch'd back agen; to whom, so soon as he return'd, Prithee friend, said he, let me see thy Cane a little? There 'tis, at your Service. an't please your Worship. Sancho took the Cane, and at the same time giving it the other Old Man, There, faid he, honest friend, you are now payd, or I'me mistaken. How so, my Lord, reply'd the Old Man, d' yee think this Cane to be worth Ten Crowns in Gold? Or else, quo the Go. vernour, I am the greatest fool alive; and now you shall see whether I understand how to govern or no: Let the Cane be broken, acded he. Prefently the Cane was broken, and out dropt the Ten Crowns. Which fo furpriz'd all the Beholders, that they look'd upon Sancho as another Solon of Greece, and ask'd him how he knew the Ten Crowns were in the Cane? Because, said he, I perceived the owner had put it into his Friends hands while he fwore, when he had no occasion so to do; and when he had fworn prefently took it again, which made me believe he would never have fworm with so much Confidence, a thing that the other so positively denvid. had he not been upon fure Grounds. Thus the two old Men were difpatch'd, the one to his full fatisfaction, the other with that shame and ignominy that attended him to his Grave. Infomuch that the Register knew not what to think or what to do, believing it a great piece of Ab-

furdity to Register so Wise a Person for a Fool.

By and by comes a Woman with all her force, haling along into Court a Man that lookt like a Farmer pretty well to pass. Justice, My Lord Governour, Justice, cry'd she, and if I can't have it on Earth, I'le have it from Heaven This wicked Fellow met me i' the Middle of a Field. and has had the full use of my Body; he has handl'd me worse then a Dish clout, and unfortunate as I am, has robb'd me of that which for above these three and twenty Years I have defended against Jews and Christians. Natives and Forreigners: No Rock was ever fo Conftant as I; nor Salamander i' the Fire ever so Chast, till this same Fornicator with his nasty baudy Fifts first mumbl'd the Posie which I had so long preserv'd. Woman. Woman, quo Sancho, tis no matter whether your Gallant's Hands were nafty or clean --- And then caffing a scowling look upon the Farmer, he ask'd him what he had to fay to the Womans Complaint. My Lord, reply'd the Countryman, looking all the while as if the Hangman had been at his Elbow, I am a poor Shepherd, that keep a Flock of Sheep hard by, and this Morning I went, under your Lordships Correction be it spoken, to fell four Hogs, to pay my Taxes. As I was coming home agen, I met this Woman, and presently the Devil enter'd my Codpeice. Truly my Lord, his Temptations were fo strong, that he forc'd us to Yoak together, and I think I gave her that which would ha' given any reasonable Woman content: Nevertheless this Strong-dockt Beldame would never leave hawling and tugging me till she brought me into Court; and now she says I ravish'd her with a Pox to her, but by my Mothers Virginity she lyes like a Quean as she is. And this, as I hope for your Worships Compassion, is the whole Truth of the Story.

Hast thou any Money about thee honest Friend? quo Sancho. Yes, an't like your Worship, about Twenty Crowns in a little Purse, and that's all—Give it the Woman, Money and all, quo Sancho. The Fellow did so, but with a heavy Heart God wot. On the other fide, the Woman having got the Purse in her Clutches, fell upon her Marrow-bones, and powr'd

Part II.

forth a thousand Prayers for the present Felicity and suture Happiness of Mr. Governours Body and Soul, who took fuch pity upon diffressed Orphans and Widows; and streightway tript out of Court. But then it was that Sancho commanded the Shepherd, who look'd like death to fee the Departure of his Purse, to follow the Woman, take the Purse from her agen by main force, and bring it into Court. Nor was the Shepherd to be twice bid: away he flew like Lightning, and while all the People were gazing to fee what would be the Event of this Judgment, the Woman and the Shepherd return'd, she tugging and he pulling, she with her Petticoat tuckt up, and holding the Purie fast between her Legs, and he using all the strength he had to wrest it from her. But the Woman defended her prize so well, that all the Shepherds Manhood little avail'd. At length the Woman fetting up her Throat, cry'd out, Justice, Justice, My Lord; see this Impudent Varlet, that in the Face of the Court would rob me of the Purse which your Worship gave me. And hast got it honest Friend? quo Sancho. Got it! quo the Woman, I'le first lose all my Bowels and my Life to boot - Got it! not ten fuch Chitterlings as he, poor Peel Garlick as he is, shall get it from me-Pincers, Mallets, Fire nor Flames shall make me let go my hold; no not the Claws of a Lyon, tho they tore all the Flesh from my Bones.

The Devil helps her, My Lord, Ithink, quo the Shepherd, the Jade's too flrong for me, and at the same time he let her go. Presently, let me see the Purse, good Woman, cry'd the Governour; which the Woman had no fooner reach'd him, but he return'd it to the Shepherd, faying withal to the Woman, Mistress, Mistress, had you guarded your felf this Morning from this Man, with half the strength and courage as you defended your Purse, not twenty Men together could have been able to have forc'd a Chastity so well fortify'd. Hence Harlot, hence, and let me find thee no more within fix Leagues compass of this Island, under the Penalty of two hunder'd good Bridewell Lashes; and let me hear no more. At which words away fneak'd the Woman with a flea in her Ear. Sancho alfo bid the Shepherd get him home with his Money, advising him withal, to take care another time of sporting with such Strumpets as these, unless he intended to lofe not only his Purfe, but something else to boot. The Countryman thank'd him in the best Terms he could; and all the People stood in Admiration of their new Governours Judgments, which his Register fail'd not to fend Post to the Duke, who expected their coming with no less impatience. And now let us see what becomes of Don Quixote, whose thoughts were all in a ferment, ever fince he had heard the Amorous Comp'aint of Mrs. Joan Tomboy.

#### CHAP. XIII.

Of the strange Accident that befel Don Quixote while he was pondring upon Madam Joan Tomboy.

TE left the Great Don Quixote, as you have heard, not a little troubl'd in mind, perceiving himself so affectionately below'd by the young and tender Madam Joan Tomboy. He had thrown himself into his Bed, with the same Indignation as if he had receiv'd some affront at her Hands.

Hands, fo that the Misfortune of his torn Stockin adding to his affliction it was impossible for him to take a wink of rest. In the mean time the Sun having with his usual swiftness visited the other Hemisphear, was now return dagain to our Horizon, at what time Don Quixote bouncing out of his Bed, put on his Cloaths, and drew on his riding Boots to conceal the want of his Hofe. About his Shoulders he button d his Scarlet Cloak, and cover'd his Valiant Head with his Hat turn'd up a one fide, and edg'd with a Silver Parchment I ace; not forgetting his broad Belt, nor to falten his Rosary about his Wrist, which he always carry'd about him: and thus accouter'd, away he march'd with his usual Gravity toward the Parlour. where the Duke and the Dutchess were ready prepar'd to receive him.

The Renowned DON CHIXOTE.

Book III.

But as he pass'd through a Gallery, he met the Beautiful Mrs. foan Tomboy and her friend, who waited for his coming in the passage. So soon as Madam Joan perceiv'd the Knight, the Gipsie presently dissembl'd a swooning fit, and let her felf fall into the Arms of her Companion, who prefently fell to unlacing her Stays, seemingly to give her Air. At the same time Don Quixote approach'd, and without shewing the least Commotion, this fignifies little, faid he, I understand from whence such Accidents as these proceed. You know more then I do, reply'd the other Lady, for of all the Virgins in the World, I never knew any i' my Life that had her Health better then this Mrs. Foan: nor did I ever know her Finger ake before. The Curse of Curses light upon all Knighs-Errants in the World for me, if they are all fo Ingrateful, and Discourteous as I imagin em to be. I befeech yee my Lord Don Quixote withdraw from hence, for this poor Lady will never come to her felf so long as you are in presence. I befeech yee, Madam, reply'd Don Quixote, let there be a Lute left in my Chamber at Night, that I may endeavour the Confolation of this Afflicted Lady: for in the beginning of an Amour, the most Soveraign remedy is to discover the abuse and vanity of that idle Passion. And so saying he made haste away, for fear of being found in that place alone with two young Damfels. So foon as he was gone, Mrs. Joan forfooth immediately came to her felf, and bid her Companion be fure to leave a Lute in Don Quixote's Room. for that without doubt they should have strange Musick and rare Sport: and at the same time they went and told the Dutchess what they had done. who overjoy'd at the occasion, immediately plotted with the Duke a new Contrivance to make themselves merry with their Guest. The same day also they sent away a Page with Sancho's Letter to his Wife; and the Bundle which he had left behind, charging him to take peculiar notice of all that pass'd, and to bring back a faithful accompt. All that day the Duke and Dutchess kept Don Quixote Company, extreamly pleas'd with his Conversation. But at length the Clock having struck Eleven at Night, Don Quixote retir'd to his Chamber, where finding a Lute upon his Table, he tun'd it, open'd the Window, and perceiving there was some body in the Garden, fell a tickling the Lower Strings, and with a hoarse woollen Voice, much after the rate of a Ten-pound a Year Songster in a Cathedral, he Sung the following Song, which he had compos'd himfelf the

Ove is a dangerous Difeafe, To every lazie idle Slut; They that have nothing else to do Are still for going all to Put.

Book III.

500

'Tis only Sloath and Ease prevails O're Pamper'd Ramps, that live at ease; Where Love excites the Beaftial part, Enflam'd by reading Baudy Plays.

But if a Husband'tis you want, Madam, the World is wide and spacious; Enow would lick their Lips at You; In truth I am not so salacious.

For we Knights-Errant never care With Fliperous Titififts to couple: Much more refin'd are our Amours: Discretion only makes us supple.

Hot Loves soon cold, the Proverb says, Like Flames that on dry Bavins feed: And you may quench your Parching heat With Vinegar and Lettice-feed.

One Picture on another drawn Will scarce appear, at least but dull; Then feek some Empty-hearted Man, For I protest, my Heart is full.

Fair Dulcinea has my Heart, There you may see her Face engrav'd: I courted her, and my blest Fate Kindly bequeath'd me what I crav'd.

Shall I then break Piecorner Law, And prove a false Inconstant Knave? Thall nere be said Don Quixote went A faithless Lover to his Grave.

Don Quixote had no sooner concluded his Madrigal, to which the Duke, the Dutchess, Madam Joan, and a great number of other Ladies, full of Curiofity, had listen'd with most attentive Ears, but of a sudden the Disdainful Champion heard the tinkling of a hunder'd little Bells over his Head; and by and by down came a whole Legion of Cats pour'd out of a Sack into the Balcony before his Window, with little Bells ty'd to their Tails. The Miewing of those affrighted Animals, and the gingling of the Bells made such a confused noise, that they who were privie to the Contrivance were not a little scar'd for the present themselves. On the other side Don Quixote thought Hell had been broke lose, and stood like Mumbudget in a Trance; at what time, as ill luck would have it, four of the poor terrify'd Cats leapt into his Chamber; where feeking which way to get out again, they ran like so many Sprights from one end of the Room

to the other; flew against the Hangings; put out the Candle; threw down the Candle flick; down came the Lute; never Hobgoblin made fuch a Confusion in a Brew-house, while the Cats still slew about the Room affrighted at the gingling which they made themselves. At length D. Quixote unsheathing his Sword began to lay about him back-stroak and fore-stroak like a Devil with two flicks, crying out ever and anon, as loud as he could baul, Hence Villain Necromancers, hence Infernal Scoundrels - Devils, you have miftook your Man y'faith; 'tis I Don Quixote de la Mancha, who fears not you, nor all your ineffectual Charms. And then running after the Cats, whom he follow'd by the Glimmering of their Eyes, he attack'd 'em so suriously, and pursu'd em with that Vigour, that he drove three out again at the Window; but the fourth remaining behind, and fo hard put to't, that The could not escape, or else perhaps being wounded, flew directly at Don Quixote's Face, and feizing his Leathern Jaws with her Claws and her Teeth, made such deep Impressions in his Skin, that the Champion began to roar out, like a Man tortur'd with the Strangury. Presently the Duke, conjecturing the cause of Don Quixote's distress by the hideous noise he made, ran to his affistance with Lights and several of his Servants; and indeed the Duke guess'd right, for no sooner were they enter'd the Chamber, but there they faw the enraged Mouse-catcher and poor Don Quixote striving for the Mastery, while the Cat held her hold, and the Champion us'd all his Art and strength to make her let go. Thereupon the Duke proffer'd to affift him, but Don Quixote scorning all manner of fuccour, let me alone, I beseech yee, quo he, hand to hand with this evil Demon, this Pagan Necromancer, this Son of a Whore Enchanter, I'le warrant yee I'le teach him another time to know Don Quixote de la Mancha from Tom-Bell. Nevertheless the Cat, little regarding these Vainglorious Threats, growld and held fast her Prey, till at length the Duke caus'd her to be unhook'd from the Knights Jaws and thrown out at Window. All this while the Blood ran down Don Quixote's Doublet from his mangl'd Cheeks; but nothing madded him so much, as that they had rescu'd out of his Hands that Hell-hound of a Necromancer, and prevented him from Triumphing o're an Incarnate Enemy. In the mean time there was great care taken of his Wounds; for Madam Joan Tomboy her self with her own Lilly white Hands apply'd a Plaister to his Soars, and whispering him i' the Ear as she was dreffing him, Cruel and Ingrateful Knight, said The, this Misfortune is but the just punishment of your disdain and contempt of Ladies; and I wish with all my Heart, your Squire may forget to Lash himself, that you may nere enjoy the Embraces of your dear Dulcinea, at least so long as I, the Adorer of your Shadow live. To all which Don Quixote made no other answer then with a profound Sigh, and so prepar'd for his Bed, after he had teturn'd Thanks, not so much for his deliverance from that rabble of Necromantick Rat-catchers, which he fear'd no more then so many Snails, but for the Kindness and Civility of their proffer'd Asfistance. Thereupon the Duke and the Dutchess retir'd, and left him to his Repose, not a little troubl'd at the ill success of a Jest, that cost poor Don Quixote no less then fix days keeping his Chamber. During which Interval there befel him another Accident much more pleasant, which we must refer till another time, it behoving us now to return and find out Sancho, no less careful then affable and Curteous in his Government.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. XIV.

Containing a Continuation of Sancho's Government.

O foon as the Court rofe Sancho was conducted to a Magnificent Palace, where he found the Cloth laid in a Dining-Room richly and fumptuously furnish'd. When he was enter'd the Room, the Wind Musick play'd all the while Dinner was serving up; and four Pages brought him a Bason of Water, where he wash'd himself, as reverently I'le warrant yee, as if he

had been five Years learning to take State upon him.

502

And now the Musick ceasing, Sancho sate down to Dinner all alone by himself, at what time a certain Person, who was afterwards known to be a Physician, came and stood at his Elbow with a Whale bone Wand in his Hand. So foon as the Almoner had faid Grace, a Page brought Sancho a Napkin edg'd about with a Point Lace, and the Steward fet before him a Plate of Musk Melon. But Sancho had hardly put one Bit into his Mouth before the Phylician touch'd it with his Wand, and then it was prefently taken away. Prefently the Steward supply'd the Vacancy with another full Plate, but the Doctor laying his Wand upon it, it was as foon whiskt away as the former. Sancho was not a little surprized at the oddness of the Ceremony, and looking about him upon the Standers by, demanded the meaning of it, and whether it were the Fashion in that Island to feed with their Eyes, and dine upon Hei pass and be gone? Sir, reply'd the Physician, it is not the Custom to eat in this Island, as they do in other Islands where there are Governours. I am a Doctor of Physick, an like your Worship, and I receive a Salary from the Islanders to wait upon the Governour. Tis therefore my Duty to take care of his Health much more then of my own, and to make it my study day and night to understand the Composition and Temper of his Body, that I may be able to know what to do when he falls Sick; and for this reason it is that I always attend him at his Meals, to prevent his eating what I know to be prejudicial to his Health. To that purpose I order'd the Melon to be taken away, as being too moist; and the other Plate to be remov'd, as being too hot and over feafon'd with Spices, which are corroding and cause drouth; for he that drinks much confumes the radical Moisture, which is the Principal of Life.

At this rate, reply'd Sancho, you'll tell me I must not ear none of these Rosted Partridges, because they'll do me hurt—By no means, Sir, reply'd the Physician—God forbid, and let me never live to suffer it—Why so? cry'd Sancho. Because our Great Master Hippocrates, said the Physician, the North Star and Luminary of Physick, in one of his Aphorisms says, All repletion is bad, especially that of Partridges. If it be so, cry'd Sancho, prithee take a view of the Meat upon the Table, and tell me what I may eat and what not, without playing the sool with your Wand; for I'me

so hungry I could eat a piece of a Horse.

Why truly, an like your Excellency, I would have these rosted Coneys taken away, as being a Terrene and Melancholy sort of Dyet; nor can I approve this Veal, unless it were better boild, besides that the Cook has forgot Green sauce. Prithee Doctor, quo Sancho, what think yee of that Dish yonder that smoaks so, which I take to be a kind of a French Potage; and therefore being a Mish-mash of several sorts, certainly I may meet with something there that may be wholsome enough. Not for a World cry'd

the Physician; there is not a more dangerous fort of Diet, then these Mish-mashes, under the Sun. They are sit for none but Countrey-Attorneys, poor Singing-men, and at Thrashers Weddings, that will digest Iron: but Governours must be served with more delicate Viands, and not so siercely season'd. For always simple Medicines are better then those that are compounded of many Ingredients: for that one Drug alters the Quality of the other. And therefore after all, I think the best thing your Excellency can eat at present, for the support and preservation of your Health, is about a hundred Caraway-Comsts, and some two or three small slices of Marmaled, which are good for the Stomack, and easie of direction.

Sancho having heard the Doctor's Opinion, turn'd himself in his Chair, and fixing his Eye earnestly upon him, ask'd him very seriously what his Name was, and where he had taken his Degrees. Sir, reply'd the Physician, they call me Signior Pedro Puncinello, a Native of Dieto in Pomerania; from whence I travelld all over Germany, Moravia, Silesia, Poland, Muscovy, Candaya, Lapland, China, Danemark, Abyssinia, Nova Zembla, and most parts of America, for Experience; and being as full as a Bee, I went and took my Degrees at Padua in Italy. Mr. Doctor Pedro Puncinello, quo Sancho, Native of Ditto in Pomerania, you that travell'd over Germany, Poland, Muscovy, Candaya, Lapland, and I know not where my felf: Few words to the wife; in short, Sir, avoid the Room forthwith, or by the Life of Pharaoh, I will immediately flit that venomous Wind pipe of thine, and all the rest of your Post-daubing Mountebanks that I find within this Island: for as for Learned and Approv'd Physicians, I both esteem and honour 'em. Once more therefore I say, avoid Satan, and let me eat as I please; or else by the Body of Casar, Ile cap thee a new with this Elbow-Chair, and fend thee to fet up thy Stage in the other World; and let them that are offended turn the Buckles of their Girdles behind em. For my parr, I think I shall do God good Service in ridding the World of fuch a Homicide Doctor; fuch a Pest and Plague of the Common-weal. S'life----- let me eat, or let 'em take their Government agen --- for a Doctor that will not let his Master eat, is not worth two Horse beans.

The Physician thus terrify'd at the Governours dismal Menaces, and ready to be foul himself for fear, was making all the nimble speed he could to the Door, when of a sudden they heard the sound of a Posthorn i' the street; and presently looking out at Window, they understood there was a Courrier arriv'd from the Duke. Immediately the Post enter'd sweating and pussing, and pulling a Pacquet out of his Pocket, deliver'd it to the Governour, who gave it the Steward, ordering him to read

the Direction; which was thus:

For Don Sancho Pancha, Governour of the Island of Barataria, to be deliver'd

either to his own, or the hands of his Secretary.

Who is my Secretary? cry'd Sancho. Tis I, my Lord, reply'd a certain young Lad; for besides that I can write and read, I am a Biscapper at your Service. With such a Train of Characters thou maist be Secretary to the Emperor, quo Sancho—Open the Letter then, and read the Contents: which the young man having done, told the Governour, that it was business both of importance and privacy. Thereupon Sancho order'd the Room to be clear'd, and none to stay but the Steward and the Master of the House; and then the Secretary read as follows:

Have received Intelligence, Don Sancho Pancha, that certain Enomies of yours and mine, have laid a Plot to surprize your Person within these few Nights. Therefore it behoves yee to be watchful, and to stand upon your Guard, lest you be taken unprovided. I am also farther informed by faithful Spies, that there are Four Men got into your Island, in disquise, with a design to assassing the Governour, as being afraid of your Courage and your Conduct. Keep strict Guards, be careful who you speak with, and eat nothing that they bring to your Table, for fear of Treachery. I will take care to send you speedy Assistance, if there be occasion. I leave the success of this Affair to your Prudence: and so farewell:

16th of August, at Four in the Morning.

Your Friend,

The DUKE.

Sancho was strangely astonish'd at the News, as the rest of his Council seem'd to be; but at length turning to the Steward; that which is first to be done, said he, in this case, and that speedily too, is to lay that same Doctor Puncinello by the heels; manacle, and fetter him, and thrust him into the Dungeon of the Common Goal; and there let him feed upon Caraway-Comfits and Marmalade with a Pox to him. For if any body be in this Plot, upon my Life it must be he; since you see, he was going about already to have stary'd me. 'Tis my Opinion, Sir, replyd the Master of the House, that you forbear to eat any of the Meat that stands here before yee: for it was most of it sent in by the Jefuites; and they use to fay, the Devil stands behind the Cross. I am apt to believe, Master, quo Sancho, you give me good advice. However, let me have a Groat-Loaf, and four Pound of Reasons; there can be no Poyfon in them: For in short, 'tis impossible I should subsist without eating; especially since we must be preparing for action. 'Tis never to be imagin'd we can fight, and not feed: for 'tis the Belly supports the Heart, and not the Heart the Belly. In the mean time, Secretary, do you return an Answer to the Duke, and let him know, that all his Commands shall be punctually observ'd. Present my Humble Service likewise to Madam the Durchess, and beg of her in my Name, to be mindful to send away an Express with my Letter and the Bundle, to Teresa Pancha my Wife; and tell her withal, that as foon as my Business is over, I intend to fend her a parcel of High Lines, becoming a Governour, under my own hand. Moreover, crowd in among the rest, the Choicest of my Commendations to my Lord Don Quixote de la Mancha, that he may see I am neither forgetful nor ingrateful: The rest I leave to your Judgment, to write as an expert Secretary. In the mean time, let 'em take away these Vittles, and give me something to eat, and then they shall fee how little I care for all the Spies, or Bravo's, or Enchanters i' the

At the same time a Page entring the Room, My Lord, said he, here is a Countrey man desires to speak with your Honour about Business of Importance. By the Lord Harry, quo Sancho, these Men of Business are so troublesome. Is it possible that Men should be such Sots, as not to understand, that this is not a time for Business? Certainly, they think that we Governours and Distributers of Justice, are made of Iron or Marble; and that we have no need of Rest and Repose, like other Men.

Before Heaven and upon my Conscience, if I continue i' this Government (as I don't believe I shall) I shall cause the bare Shoulders of some of these Men of Business to be well Curry-comb'd. Well—for once let the Country Fellow come in; but first let him be well search'd—he may be one of those Fellows, for ought I know, that threaten my Life. O, Sir, for that, reply'd the Page, my Life for yours; this Fellow, God help him, looks as if he had no more Soul then an Oyster. I dare say he's as Innocent as the Child unborn. But d'yee hear, quo Sancho, Master of the House, now Doctor Puncinello's gone, might not I eat something that has some substance in it, tho it were but a Luncheon of Bread and an Onion? Sir, quo the Master of the House, never sear, Supper shall make amends I warrant yee for the loss of your Dinner, and that amply to your satisfaction. I wish it may, quo Sancho, I don't love these baukings of my Stomach.

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE.

At the same time the Countryman enter'd the Room, and seem'd by his looks to be a harmless filly poor fellow. As soon as he came in, he askd which was the Governour? Who but he that sits yonder i' the Elbow Chair, reply'd the Secretary. I beg your pardon, cry'd the Countryman, and presently throwing himself at the Governours Feet, he desired to kiss his Hands: Which Sancho resuls'd to do, but bid him rise, and tell him briefly what he had to say. Thereupon the Countryman rising up, and addressing himself to the Governour, Sir, said he, I am a Native of Monks-Zeal twelve Leagues from Charity Bridg. What more Ditto's in Pomerania? quo Sancho— well go on Friend— I know Monks-Zeal very well— for

I don't live far from it my felf.

Book II.

Then, quo the Countryman, pursuing his discourse, my business is this, I was Marry'd, through Gods Mercy, in the face of the Holy Roman, Catholick and Apostolick Church, I ha' two Childern at the University, the one a Student and the other a Batchelour of Art. I am a Widower, because my Wife is dead, or to say more truly, kill'd by a cursed Mountebank, that with permission be it spoken, gave her a Purge when she was big with Child. Had she liv'd and been brought to Bed of a Boy, 'twas my Intention to have made him a Doctor, that he might have no cause to envy his Brothers. So then, quo the Governour, had not your Wife dy'd, or been kill'd by the Mountebank, you had not been a Widower. Very right, Sir, quo the Countryman. Go too honest Friend, quo Sancho, I find we have the full length of the Ell. But prithee dispatch—'tis more then time to go to fleep then to talk of Business. Now, Sir, I say, continu'd the Country Fellow, that one of my Sons, the Batchelour of Art, fell in Love with a Maid in our Village, whose name was Clara Singlestone, the Daughter of Andrew Singlestone: And indeed she might well be call'd Singlestone; for she was a Diamond for Beauty, especially if you stood on her Right side and view'd her; for I must confess if you took a prospect of her from the other hand, she was not altogether so handsom, for that the Small Pox had depriv'd her of her left Eye; besides that that same Devil of a Disease had walk'd with his Hobnails over all the rest of her Face; but they tell me that's nothing, in regard those Pits are but the Sepulchers to bury Lovers Hearts. She is fo cleanly, that because she will not have her Note drop upon her Lips, she has turn'd up the ends of her Nostrils toward her Forehead, that you would swear they had taken a disgust at her Mouth, which is very wide; and were it not for some ten or a dozen Teeth which fhe wants, she would be one of the most absolute Beauties i' the Country. As for her Lips I cannot commend 'em too much, for they are so thin and

Ttt

10

fo foft, that were it the Fashion to wind Lips as they do Silk, they would make a Skain of I know not what to call it. Belides, they are of the strangest Colour that ever was seen, as being of a speckl'd Jasper Colour, Blew, Green and Violet. And I most humbly beg your Pardon my Lord Governour for being so particular and punctual in the description of her Beauties. who is to be my Daughter, in regard it is meerly out of the transports of

The Life and Atchievements of

my affection for her.

Prithee paint on, quo Sancho, as long as thou wilt: I am mightily pleas'd with these kind of Sketches; and had I but din'd, I wou'd not desire a better Banquet then the Portraiture which thou hast drawn me. Both my self and the Portraiture, my Lord, are at your Service; or at least if now we are not, the time will come when we may be. But alas, Sir, this is nothing, could I depaint to the Life, her Gate, and the Proportions of her Stature, you would be wrapt up in wonder and delight. But that's impoffible for me to do, for that she is so bow'd and crumpl'd up together, that her Knees and her Chin meet; but it is apparent that if she could but unbend her felf and fland upright, she would touch the Sealing with her Head. And she had certainly before now given her Hand to my Son, the Batchelour of Art, had she been able to stretch it forth, which she cannot do by reason her Sinews are quite shrunk up; and yet by her broad chamfur'd Nails you may fee she has a Hand like a Countess.

'Tis very well hitherto, honest friend, reply'd Sancho, but suppose you should have drawn her from the Crown of the Head to the Soles of the Feet, prithee what is that thou wouldst have? come to the point Man, without fo many windings and turnings, fo many circumlocutions, and go-

ing about the Hedg.

With submission to your Honour, reply'd the Countryman, I would humbly defire and intreat that your Excellency would be graciously pleas'd to favour me with a Letter to the Father of my Daughter in Law, fignifying to him, that it is your pleafure he should no longer delay the Marriage, feeing there can be no objections made against the equality of both our Fortunes, nor the Person of my Son. For not to conceal a Mite of Truth from your Lordship, my Son is possess'd; yesterday the Evil Spirit tormented him three or four times, and at length threw him i' the Fire, which is the reason that the Skin of his Face is shrivell'd up like a piece of Parchment, and that his Eyes water as if he had a spring in his Brains. Nevertheless he is one of the best natur'd Men i' the World; and were it not but that he lyes wallowing upon the Ground, and tearing and thumping himfelf. vou would take him to be an Angel.

Have yee any thing more to fay? quo Sancho; yes an't please your Lordship, I have one request more, but I am afraid to give it vent, for fear of your Honours displeasure; yet it lyes rowling at my Tongues end; and therefore fall back fall edg, I must out with it. An't like your Lordship, I would beg of your Honour to bestow upon your poor Servant Six hunder'd Crowns toward the Marriage of my Son, to put him into a Convenient Equipage; not that he wants Houshold stuff, but to buy him Good Books at the next Divinity Auction, for the improvement of his Studies; for which if you think well of it, he shall every time he goes into the Pulpit pray for your Honours long Life and Prosperity, as

in duty bound.

If you have any thing farther to ask, quo Sancho, do it, honest friend, and let not your Bashfulness do yee any prejudice. I have nothing more, this is all an't like your Honour, reply'd the Countryman. Thereupon

Sancho finding that the Countryman had shut up his Lips, starting up briskly upon his Legs, and fnatching up his Chair with both Hands, Yee Slabber-chapt Wither-fac'd fneaking old Son of a Whore, cry'd he, all in a fury, get thee out of my Presence, or else by the Body of St. George and all the Seven Champions, I'le ding out thy pestiferous Brains. - Hast thou been all this while painting out Belzebub and his Triggremate, and com'ft to ask me for Six hunder'd Crowns! perpetual Ragamuffin! where dost think I should have 'em? Impudent Vagabond. And therefore be gone, I say, or by the Life of the Duke, my Lord and Mafter, I'le be as good as my word Thou art no Inhabitant of Monks Zeal, but some Imp of the Devil fent from Hell to tempt me. 'Tis now not above twenty four Hours that I have been Governour of this Island, and thou wouldst have me give thee Six hunder'd Crowns. Death of my Life! if I could not find i'my heart to daunce upon thy Belly and tread out thy Bowels.

The Renowned DON OHIXOTE.

Presently the Steward made a sign to the Countryman to withdraw, who retir'd with an humble and fubmiffive Bow, shaking and shivering, and pretending a Pannick fear lest Sancho should pursue him; for the Rogue acted his part incomparably. As for Sancho, they had much ado to appease his Wrath; for the Countryman's tedious discourse and his Impertinent Petition had put him into a dreadful fume. But we must leave him to champ upon his Bridle, and return to Don Quixote who lay wrapt up in Plaisters, like a Post bedaub'd with Mountebanks Bills. During which time there befel him what we shall tell yee in the next Chapter; for

Benengeli would not relate it in this.

Book III.

#### CHAP. XV.

What befel Don Quixote with Madam Doroty the Dutchesses Waiting-Woman, with other Accidents worthy Eternal Memory.

THE poor diffressed Knight sad and melancholy to see himself so defpightfully us'd, upon every occasion where there was so little honour to be got, kept his Chamber fix whole days and nights together; but at length one Evening when it was grown dark, as he lay reflecting upon his Misfortunes, and the Importunities of Mrs. Tombor, he heard the Door open; and believing it to be the Amorous Damfel that came to make an Affault upon his Chaftity, and shake that Loyalty which he had solemnly devoted to his Chimera, Madam Dulcinea; No, no, cry'd he, loud enough to be heard, no, no, not all the Beauty upon Earth can deface from my Heart that Fidelity which Love has there fo deeply engraven. No, no, most amiable Object of my Vows, and Sovereign Mistress of my Thoughts, whatever may be thy Condition; whether transform'd into a Country Hoyden, put to winnow Wheat, or serve the Swine; or whether Merlin or Montesinos detain thee still conceal'd from my sight; whether Inchanted or at Liberty, my Constancy is still unalterable: Absent or present, thou art always before my Eyes, and my Heart is always with thee. And fo faying, he rose from the side of the Bed, wrapt up in a Coverlet of yellow Sattin, his Stocking serving him for a Night-Cap, his Face all bepatch'd with Plaisters, and his Mustachio's half claw'd off; so that in short, he lookt like a Hobgoblin in a Masque. In

Part II.

In this Condition fixing his Eyes toward the Door, instead of the Sorrowful Mrs. Joan Tomboy whom he expected, he beheld a venerable Matron, with a white Vail all in folds, and so long that it cover'd all her Body from Top to Toe. In her/left Hand she carry'd about half a Candle lighted; and held her Right Hand before her Face to keep the blaze of the Candle from her Eyes, upon which she wore a large pair of Spectacles, and all'the way she mov'd as if she had trod upon Thorns. Don Quixote watch'd her like a Sentinel, and observing her flow pace, her filence, and her Habit of a Priestess, took her for some Inchantress that came to put her Charms in Execution; and prefently had recourse to bis usual Christian Remedy. All this while the Female advanc'd toward the Knights Bed, to which approaching neer, the lifted up her Eyes, and faw Don Quixote in that forlorn Condition making a thousand Crosses upon his Breast. But if the Knight were aftonish'd to see such a Ghost-like Figure of a Woman, the Weman was no less furprized to behold the Knight with his long flender Shanks, so pale and bepatch'd, with his Stockin upon his Head. So that giving a loud Scream, Holy Virgin, cry'd she, what Raw Head and Bloody Bones is this? In this affright, the Candle dropping out of her Hand, went out, and she her felf, thinking to run away, while the length of her Vail entangl'd her Feet, fell down at her full extent upon the Floor. The noise that she made, and the darkness of the Night, redoubled Don Quinote's fears, so that in great Consussion, he cry dout. I conjure thee Phantome. to tell me what thou art, and what thy Errand is from the Infernal Shades? If thou art a Soul in Torment, tell me, and thou shalt not want the Consolation of what Assistance I can give thee. For I am a Catholick Christian, and one that makes it my business to do good to all Mankind: for which reason I took upon methe Order of Knight Erranty, the Benefit of which Profession extends it self even to the succour of Souls in Purgatory.

The poor Lady hearing Don Quixote Conjure at that rate, guess'd by her own fears at his affrightment, and therefore with a low and mournful Voice, My Lord Don Quixote, said she, at least if it be you, I am neither Vision nor Phantome, nor Soul in Purgatory; I am Mrs. Doroty, Waiting Gentlewoman to my Lady Dutchess; who came hither to desire of you the remedy of an Affliction, which it is in your power to afford me. First. Mrs. Doroty, quo Don Quixote, be free with me, and tell me; are you not come upon some Amorous Embassie? If you are, you lose your time; for Madam Dulcinea's Beauty is so imprinted in my Soul, that I am deaf and infensible to all Importunities of this Nature. In a word Madam Doroty. provided it be no Love Message, you may go light your Candle and return, and when we understand your Distemper we'll endeavour to apply the fafest Remedies we can; but no Provocatives, no tempting Glances, I beseech yee, Madam. Who I, Sir Knight, procure for others? You know me not I find, cry'd Madam Doroty; I am neither so old, nor so deformed, to be trading in that venerable Mystery yet; I am still in health, Heaven be prais'd, and have all my Teeth i' my Head, except some few that I spoild with eating of Sweet Meats. But stay a little, I'le go light my Candle, and then I'le tell my Greivances to the only Physician of the Mind this day i' the World; and having so said away she tript.

In the mean time Don Quixote ruminating upon this Adventure, of which he could not imagin the Reason, entertaind so many strange Conundrum's in his Fancy, that he could not think himself secure, mauger all his Resolution, and the reservedness which he might well expect from Mrs. Doroties Years. Sinner as I am, cry'd he, who knows, who knows I fay,

but that the Enemy of human Race is now plotting for my destruction; and whether by these dangerous Addresses I may not be intangl'd with this Governante to my Ruin. What an Ignominy would it be to me, and what an affront to Dulcinea's Honour? if this same Toothless Matron should Triumph at length over that Fidelity which neither Princesses, nor Queens, nor Empresses, nor all the most accomplished Beauties under the Sun, could ever fo much as move an Inch. Yet who knows but this same Solitude, this Opportunity, this filence, may waken my fleepy defires, and cause me i'my old Age to fall, where I never stumbl'd before? And therefore in fuch cases its better to vanquish by flight, then to make Head against the Enemy. On the other fide, why am I thus unjust to injure Madam Doroties Discretion? Is there any Probability that so venerable a Matron, with fo long a Vail, a whither'd Face and Spectacles, can harbour in her Heart immodest and lascivious thoughts, and lay contrivances so opposite to Vertue? There may be one Governante i' the World that may perhaps be honest; but I must tell vee she must be a Phanix; 'tis the most unfanctify'd and unprofitable Rabble of Smother Farts that ever were admitted into human Society. How is that Lady to be commended, that only fet up two Governantes in Effigie in her Chamber, hard at their Needles with rheir Spectacles upon their Nofes, and by vertue of that awful Representative kept all her Damsels in orderly decorum. And so faying, he started up from the Bed with an Intention to have lock'd the Chamber Door, and fhut out Madam Doroty. But she had already set one Foot over the Threfhold with her Candle lighted; at what time perceiving Don Quixote bedizon'd as we have already describ'd him, as if her former fears had return'd, she stept back, and with a timorous utterance, Is there no danger, my Lord, said she, for I don't like your standing up so brisk upon your Legs, as if you had some unlucky design? I ask you the same Question, Madam Doroty, reply'd Don Quixote; for I am weak and feeble, and would not willingly be forc'd against my own Nature. Who do you take for fuch a Masculine Rampscuttle? reply'd Mrs. Doroty. Even your own felf, Madam, quo Don Quixote; for in short, as I am Flesh and Blood, so I deem you to be of the same Mould; and besides, this is a suspitious hour of the Night, especially in a Chamber so far remote from Company, and no less private then the Den where that perfidious Eneas taking the Advantage of unfortunate Dido's Imbecillity, enjoyd her Beauty. Nevertheless, give me your Hand, Madam; for I rely upon those Marks of honour which you wear about yee, and defire no other Assurance then my own Fidelity and Discretion. And at the same time he offer'd Madam Doroty his Hand, who gave him likewise her own with all the Ceremony of a Courtly Lady.

Here Cid Hamet swears by Mahomet he would ha' given all the Shoes in his Shop to ha' beheld the Amorous Countenances of the Knight and the Lady, and the Charming Air with which they walk'd hand in hand from the Chamber Door to the Bed side. Don Quixote layd himself down again upon the Bed, and cover'd all his Face; but Madam Doroty took a Chair and sate by the Bed side, with her Spectacles still upon her Nose, and her Candle in her hand: and after they had both continu'd in that Posture for some time without speaking a word, at length Don Quixote breaking silence, you may now, Madam, faid he, freely unburd'n your Heart, and tell me the cause of your Annoiance; I shall listen attentively to your Complaints you may be fure, and afterwards you shall have all the Assistance from me, that can be expected from a Generous and Charitable Knight. I was con-

vinc'd

Lacques -

vincd of that before, reply'd Madam Doroty, and therefore expected no other then fuch a Christian like Answer from an Air so full of Curtesie and Nobleness as yours. And now, Sir Knight, altho you see me sitting here in this Chair in the habit of an unfortunate Servant under Contempt, yet am I a native of Oviedo, and descended from one of the most noble Families in that Province; but my Father and Mother by their feafting, and junkering, and ill Husbandry, reduc'd themselves betimes to a mean Condition, and carry'd me to Madrid; where, because they could do no better, they plac'd me with a Lady of Quality to be her Dreffing maid, and to work Point. And that you may know, Sir Knight, how I improv'd my time, I believe there is not a Maid i' the Country that can wash and starch fine Linnen betterthen I can. After this my Father and Mother dy'd and went to Paradife; for tho they lay abed all day, and fate up at Cards all night from vears end to years end, Sundays and all, yet they were very good Christians. Then was I left an Orphan, without any thing more to maintain Me, then the short Wages usually given to persons in my Condition; and at the same time the Gentleman-Usher fell in love with me before I ever dreamt, Heaven knows, of any such thing. He was a person well advanc'd in years, but comely, and of a good Figure, and as free as a Lord; for he was descended from the Race of St. Tasse. However our Amours could not be kept so private, but that they were discover'd to my Mistress, who to prevent impertinent Stories abroad, caus'd us to be marry'd in the face of our Holy Mother the Catholick Church; and this Matrimony produc'd a Daughter to accomplish our Misfortunes : not that I dy'd in Child bed, for I had an experienc'd Midwife, and an extraordinary good Labour; but because my Husband, God rest his Soul, dy'd not long after of a certain Fright which he took, the particulars of which would now be too tedious to recount.

Here the tender-hearted Madam Doroty letting fall a Showre of Tears, Pardon me, Sir Knight, said she, I am not Mistress of my Eves, nor can I ever mention this Misfortune of mine, but it costs me a Pail-full of Saltwater. Good God! with what a comely Grace he rode before my Mistress, that sate behind him upon a lovely pacing Mare, as black as Jet. For then there were no Sedans, nor Coaches and fix horses, but the Ladies of best Quality rode behind their Gentlemen Ushers; and here I find I must be forc'd to tell your Worship the whole Story now my Tongue's in, that you may fee what a compleat, well bred man my Husband was, and how

exact in every thing.

510

One day as my Husband was entring, with my Mistress behind him, into St. James's Street in Madrid, he met the City-Marshal riding out of Town, with two of his Men attending him. Whereupon, my Husband out of Civility to so great an Officer, turn'd about his Mare with an intention to have waited on him to the Town's end: But my Mistress, whispering him i' the Ear, What dost do, Fool-atum, quo she, hast forgot thy way? Upon that the Provost Marshal, in return of his Civility, stopping his Horse, your humble Servant Sir, said he, by no means—it becomes me rather to wait upon Madam Cuffilda, (for that was my Mistress's Name) then that she should wait upon me. Nevertheless my Husband, with his Hat in his hand, persisted in his genteel Resolutions. But oh, the fatal Consequence of these mutual Complements! For my Mistress being enrag'd at my Husband, and fearing to lose her Visit, took a great Pin from her Stomacher, or rather, as I am apt to believe, a long Bodkin, out of her Tweezers, and thrust it into my Husband's Neck; upon which my Husband giving a loud groan, fell from his Horse, and pull'd my Mistress after him. Presently her two

Lacques ran, and the Provost Marshal alighted to help her up again; the Lacques were foon at their Masters heels, and all the Gate, I mean the People about the Gate, were immediately in a Hubbub. To be short, my Mistress return'd home a foot, and my Husband went to a Surgeon, complaining that all his Bowels were skewer'd together. And now all the Coffee-houses rang of my Husband's Civility, and the Women and Children flock'd to see such a Mirror of Courtship. Nevertheless, because he was a little pur blind, my Mistress dismiss'd him her Service; and this it was that

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

griev'd him so, that he quite pin'd away and dy'd.

Book III.

And now no sooner was he dead bur I became a Widow, abandon'd and forlorn, and left with a Daughter, whose Beauty was the Wonder of all that beheld her. At length, having the Reputation of being a most admirable Needle-woman, my Lady Dutchess being newly marry'd to his Grace, took me home along with her, and my Daughter likewise. In process of time my Daughter grew to Maturity, displaying the most charming Qualities in the World; she sings like a Wood-Lark, dances like a Fairy, jumps like a wild Colt, writes like an Angel, and casts Accompt like a Banquer. I say nothing of her Neatness; for certainly the purest Spring-water that runs, is not so cleanly . and she is now, if I mistake not, just seventeen years five Months and three days old.

Now with this pretty Creature did the Son of a rich Farmer fall in love. Verily I can't tell how he manag'd his business, but he so turn'd her and twisted her about, that upon an absolute Promise of Marriage, he got his Will of the poor filly Creature, and now refuses to be as good as his word. And tho my Lord Duke has been acquainted with the whole business, for the Farmer is one of his Tenents; tho I have made my Complaint to him, and befought him to to use his Authority, that the young Man may marry my Daughter, he turns his deaf Ear to me, and will hardly endure that I should speak to him i' my Daughter's behalf, because the Farmer is rich, and

lends him Money, and is bound for him upon all Occasions.

Now, Sir Knight, my Request to you, is, That you would be pleas'd to undertake my Daughter's Quarrel, and either by Mediation, or by force of Arms procure the Reparation of her Honour; in regard, that as it is the general Discourse in these Parts, Heaven has sent you into this World to revenge the Injuries done the innocent, and to fuccour the diffressed; be pleas'd to cast your compassionate Eyes upon the Orphan State of my Daughter, upon her Youth, her Gentility, and all her other amiable Endowments; for upon my Honour, and upon my Conscience, of all the Damfels that attend my Lady Dutchess, there is not one to compare with her: Nay, that same Mrs. Malapert, Madam Tomboy, that pretends to so much quaintness, and so much complaisance above all the rest, upon my faith is a meer Hoyden and a Dowdy to her. For do but confider, Sir, and you will find, all is not Gold that glifters; you will find, I fay, that this Mrs. Riggle-tail is a Hoiry-Toity, that has more of Vanity in her then Beauty; and has all the behaviour rather of a ranting Town Crack, then of a Virgin fit to make a Wife of; not to tell ye that she is now none of the soundest neither; for her Breath is fo strong, and such a Hogo steams from her Armpits, that there is no flanding within a Coit's cast of her; and altho my Lady Dutchefs but I must say no more, because, as they say, the Walls have

Prithee what was that you were going to fay about Madam Dutchess, quo Don Quixote? I conjure ye by the first Pleasures of your Nuptial Bed to tell me, dear Mrs. Doroty. O, Sir, quo Madam Doroty, that Charm has

forc'd open my Lips — Know then, Sir Knight, said she, as for that Beauty of Madam Dutchess, that same glistning Complexion that shines like the Blade of a new Sword; those Cheeks all Milk and Vermillion, and the air of her Gate while she treads, as if she distain'd to touch the ground, and shews a Constitution as sane as Mother Eve's; for all this, I say she may thank two Issues in both Arms, and two Blisters in her Legs, which she always keeps open to convey all the ill Humours out of her Body. Good God, what News you tell me, quo Don Quixose! can such a thing be possible? Is it possible that Madam Dutchess should have such Water-courses as those? In verity I should never habeliev'd it, but from your Lips, tho all the Franciscans it the Kingdom had sworn it: tho I am perswaded that those Fountains that have their Springs in such parts as those, must rather flow with liquid Amber, then such Humours as you speak of; but for all this I can never be perswaded, but that these fort of Issues are pernicious to Health

Don Quixote had no fooner faid those words, but of a sudden the Chamber-door flew open with fuch a Thunder-clap, that Madam Doroty, being feiz'd with a pannick Fear, let fall her Candle; and while they were thus all in the dark, Mrs. Doroty felt some body squeeze her Wind-pipe so hard, that she could scarcely take her Breath; and after another had pull'd up all her Coats, a third lay'd on fo unmercifully upon her bare Buttocks as if she had renounced Compassion. As for Don Quixote, as charitable as he pretended to be, he never stirr'd from the Bed, but there lay pondring what the meaning of this Combustion should be, fearing also at the same time the Tempest that pour'd upon Mrs. Doroty's Posteriors; nor were his Fears without good ground. For after the invisible Fantomes had tird themselves in blistering Mrs. Governante's blind Cheeks, who durst not cry out for her Ears, they off with Don Quixote's Coverlet, and fell a pinching and pulling him by the Nose so fast, and so cruelly, that he could not forbear imploying his Fists, se defendendo, till at length after the Combat had lasted almost half an hour, and that with an extraordinary silence, the Fantomes disappear'd. And then it was that Mrs. Doroty got up agen upon her Legs, and dolefully bewailing her misfortune, departed the Room without speaking a word to Don Quixote. As for the Knight, he still kept himself upon his Bed, pensive and melancholy, and so tir'd, that he was hardly able to stir his Bones; yet eagerly thirsting to know who this Necromancer should be, that had put him into such a Condition. But we shall hear more of that another time; now let us return to see what becomes of our noble Governour, as the order of our History requires.

#### CHAP. XVI.

What befel Sancho in his Progress round the Island.

E lest our noble Governour most highly incens'd, as you know, against that same Impostor of a Countryman, who according to the Instructions he had receiv'd, had put that ungracious Trick upon him, which you have heard related. Yet as thick Scull'd as he was, he made ashist to make his party good with 'em all; nor did he seem much to regard what they did; but turning himself to those that were in the Chamber, among

whom was Monsieur Puncinello; By what has happen'd, faid he, I underfland now that Governours and Judges ought to be made of Brass to refift the Importunities of those that pretend Business, who come at all Hours. and at all Seasons for Audience and Dispatch, considering no body's Interest but their own. And let what will come of the rest, provided they have their Desires, they care not a Straw. On the other side, if a poor Judge do not hear 'em presently, or dispatch 'em with Expedition, either because he is at Dinner, or perhaps at mine Unkle's House, or other ways busie. they prefently give him their Benedictions backward, and curfe him and all his Generation. But wi' your leave, good Mr. Impertinent, kind Mr. To-andagen, you are too hasty, pray be not so urgent, but observe your Measures as ye ought to do. There is a time for business, and yet neither when a man is at Dinner, nor afleep. We are Flesh and Blood as well as other People; and we must allow to Nature as well as others, what Nature requires. Tho for my own part, I think I have not over pamper'd my own Nature, thanks be to God, and my Friend Dr. Puncinello of Ditto in Pomerania vonder. He would fain flarve me, and then fwears 'tis for my Health; God fend him the same Sauce, and all such Doctors as he is.

All that knew Sancho wonder'd to hear him talk so rationally, and began to think that places of Honour and Profit infus'd Understanding and Parts into some, as they stupify'd and consounded other Men. However, Dr. Puncinello to regain his Favour, promis'd him he should sup that Night to his Heart's content, tho he sinn'd against all the Aphorisms of Hipocrates,

which begat a perfect Reconciliation between him and Sancho.

Book II.

Part II.

The Evening being now come, which in Sancho's Opinion had been fo long a coming, that he thought Time's Wings had been clipp'd, they ferv'd him up a Giggot of Veal, with half a dozen St. Omers Onions handsomly peel'd, and two Calves Feet of a more then ordinary fize. The well-minded Governour beheld his Commons with a fmerking Eye, and fell on with fuch a vigorous Appetite, as if they had been the choicest Dainties at a City Feast: and after he had pretty well allay'd the Passion of his Stomach, turning to Dr. Puncinello, You see now, Mr. Doctor, you need not torment your Brains to feek for Dainties and Curiofities to please my Appetite, for that would be to unhinge my Stomach that has been accustom'd to other Diet; that can very well bear with Beef, Bacon, Turneps, and Onions; or if by chance you tempt it with more courtly Dishes, may sometimes perhaps entertain em with a Gusto, but at other times loath the very scent of their fpicy  $H_{000}$ 's. Not but that if the Master of the House take a fancy sometimes to change his Bills of Fare, he may fet before me one of those Olla Podrida's, as they call 'em, which the more tainted, the better they are; and there he may make a Jumblement of all to mall, of whatever he thinks convenient, provided the Ingredients be eatable; I shall take it kindly, and pay him for it at one time or other. But let no body think to play the fool with me, for either we are or we are not: come, come, let us eat and drink quietly and fociably together; for when God fent his light, he fent it to all Mankind; as for my own part, I shall endeavour to govern this Island without doing wrong to the least Worm that crawls in it, and without taking a hair from any Man's head. On the other fide, I do not intend to lofe any thing of my own Right, for we must all live i' this World. Only let us have our Brains about us, and every man look to his own business, or else the Devil will be among the Cows; they that anger me a' my word will find me a cross Piece; they that won't believe it, let 'em try, and they shall find what Mettle I am made of. Uuu

Part II.

Sir, quo the Master of the House, your Worship speaks like an Oracle and I will undertake for all the Inhabitants of this Island, that they shall punctually obey and observe your Commands, with Love and Respect. I am apt to believe it, reply'd Sancho, and they would be a company of Fools if they should do otherwise; and so give me leave to tell ye, itis my pleasure, you take care of me and my Grizzle, that we may have our Food in due feason: that done, I hope we shall live merrily and happily together. In the mean time pray tell me when it will be proper for me to walk my Rounds, for I am refolv'd to purge the Island of all Vagabonds and idle Persons. For you know, my good Friends, that your stoathful, lazy Lusks and Street-walkers, are like your Drones among Bees, that waste and consume what the other had painfully gather'd together. I am for protecting the industrious and the laborious among the meaner fort, and for preserving the Priviledges of the Nobility; but above all things to be tender of the publick Religion, and careful that the zealous Ministers of the Church be not injur'd of their Rights. What fay ye, my good Friends, do I fay well or ill?

The Life and Atchievements of

You speak so piously, and so nobly, my Lord Governour, reply'd the Steward, that I am altogether aftonish'd, I profess, to hear that a man so illiterate, for I believe you never made it your business to study, should utter fuch uncontroulable Truths, and in every word a Sentence; And I dare fay, far from what they who fent you hither, and they who are here present ever expected from your mean Capacity; which makes me believe

Miracles are not yet ceas'd.

'The Governour had no sooner supp'd with Puncinello's leave, but he prepar'd to walk his Round, and presently set forward, attended by the Stewand, the Secretary, the Master of the House, the Register, who recorded all his Acts, several Halbardiers and others, enow to make a good Guard, while he himself march'd in the middle with his Staff of Authority in his Hand. But hardly had they walk'd above two Streets before they heard the classing of Swords, which made 'em hast'n to the noise. When they came to the place, they faw two men a fighting, who gave over, perceiving fo much Company; at what time one of the two cry'd out, What a' God's Name, cannot a Man pass quietly along, but he must be robb'd i' the middle of the Street? Hold Friend, come hither, quo Sancho, and let me know the occasion of this Quarrel, for I am now Governour. An't please ye my Lord Governour, Ple tell ye in two words. This Gentleman, my Lord, has been at play in a gaming Academy hard by, and has won above fifty broad Pieces; I flood by all the while, and God knows how many false Casts I judg'd for him, quite against my Conscience. At length when he had won all the Man's Money, he went away with his Winnings: and when I expected he would ha' given me a Peece or two (as it is a Claim among us Bully-rocks from Gentlemen that win for wishing well o' their sides, and preventing the Box and Dice from flying about their Ears, as many times they do in fuch Places ) nevertheless he took no notice of my Kindness, but like an ungrateful Hedghog as he was, went away without giving me a Cross. Thereupon I ran after him, and very civilly desir'd him to confider that I was his Friend, that he knew me to be a Gentleman, tho run to decay, and without Imployment, and therefore to give me two or three Peeces to drink for his fake; but he was still at his old lock, not a Doit for all my Kindness. And now, my Lord, I'le refer it to your Lordship, whether this Mr. Pinch-penny have dealt by me like one that had ever been born with a Conscience? But y' faith, had not your Lordship come just i' the

nick. I had torn it out of his Throat, and taught him to put the Dice upon a Man of Honour.

What fay you to this, cry'd Sancho, to the tother? who made answer, that all that his Adversary had said was very true, only thus far, that he had proffer'd him four Crown-pieces and he would not take 'em; belides, that he was a Common Mumper at Ordinaries, and that he had frequently given him Money. And then agen, faid he, methinks my Lord that beggers should not be choosers, but be thankful for what is given 'em, without haggling with those that have won, unless they have been privy to the Cheat; now to shew that I am no Topper nor Paumer, no Low or High-fullum Man, needs no other proof then my refusal to give him any thing; for your common Cheats are always tributary to these Bully-Rocks who know the Cheat and connive at it.

That's very true, reply'd the Steward; and therefore what's your Excellencies Pleasure shall be done with these two Men? Why then, quo Sancho. I know nothing more to be done then this: You that are the winner, whether by fair or foul play, that's no matter, give your Adversary five Pieces, and Thirty more to the Poor Prisners: And you Mr. Bully-Rock, that have neither Office nor Benefice, nor any Employment, but go sharking up and down from Place to Place, take your five Pieces, and to morrow Morning depart this Island, and come no more here in ten Years, unless you are weary of your Life before. For by the Life of Pharaoh. if I catch thee here agen, I will hang thee up i' the Sun, were there no

more Men Living, or the Hangman shall do it for me.

Accordingly this Sentence was put in Execution, and then Sancho, continning his discourse, either I'le want of my will, said he, or I'le send all these Gaming-Ordinaries to the Devil; for it shall nere be said that ever I permitted any disorderly Houses while I was a Governour. As for this same Academy, Sir, said the Register, it will be a hard matter to suppress it; for he is a Person of great Quality keeps it, tho it is certain he loses much more in a Year then he gets. But, an't like your Lordship, you may exercise your Authority over a number of other meaner Tippling Houses, that are open to all Comers and Goers, where there are a thouland Merchants and Citizens Prentices undone, and where numbers of Silk-Throwsters, Joyners, Shoemakers and Journy-men Printers, sit carding and dicing all Night long, while their Wives and Children want Bread at Home, and at length are stript to their Naked Skins themselves; for your Cheats and Bullies never dare to practice their Leigerdumain where Persons of Quality haunt, but in such Sinks of Iniquity as these. These are Disorders indeed, reply'd Sancho, that cry loud for Reformation; nor shall they scape our Consideration so soon as we have leisure.

Îmmediately after this, a Watchman came hawling a Young Man along, and bringing him before the Governour; My Lord, faid he, this young Slip-string was coming this way, but perceiving it was the Round, the Rogue rubb'd off, and fell a running as fast as his Legs could carry him; a certain sign of his being no better then he should be; which made me run after him, the had he not fallen, I had never overtaken him. What made you run so fast, honest friend, quo Sancho. Sir, quo the young Man, because I had no mind to be Catechiz'd by the Constable - What Trade are yee, Sirrah? A Weaver—and what d' yee Weave? Steel Heads for Lances, an't like your Worship: Cuds niggers Daggers, quo Sancho, a very pleasant Strippling, I am very glad to find yee so merry. Pray whether are you Scaperloytring at this time a night? To take the Air, an't please

Uuu 2

yee --- And where do they take the Air i' this Island. Where it blows --Very well answer'd, quo Sancho, of a young Crackrope, a my word, I find you ha' been well bred. But now Mr. Nimble Chaps, suppose I should be the Wind that should blow i' your Tail, and send yee to Bridewell? Here—Officer, take him and carry him away; he may chance to catch cold by lying abroad all Night. Gad, Mr. Governour, you can as foon make me a Duke as fend me to Bridewell. Why yee Infolent Varlet, is t not in my power to fend thee to Bridewell, and fend for thee out agen, as I pleafe my felf? I good faith, Sir, had yee a hunder'd times more authority then you have, you shan't make me sleep in Bridewell. How, quo Sancha! does the raskal mock me? Drag him away prefently to the Jail, and let him fee with his own Eyes whose Master he or I. You are pleas'd to make your felf Merry, reply'd young Graceles, for I defie all the Men i' the World to make me fleep this Night in Prison, tho they flea me alive. What art the Devil, quo Sancho, in a Passion, or hast thou any Familiar that will take off thy Irons and open the Prison Locks? Why look yee, Sir, worthy Mr. Governour, let ustalk reason and come to the point; suppose your Worship should send me to Prison, lay me i' the Dungeon and load me with Irons, and fet a Guard upon me besides; yet if I have a mind to keep my felf waking all Night, 'tis not you nor all the Power you have can make me sleep. That's very true, quo the Secretary, an't like your Lordship, the young Fellow talks Sence. However I hope it is not in opposition to my Will that you keep your felf awake, quo Sancho, but only as a Man may choose to sleep if he will himself. I never meant no otherwise an't like your Worship, quo the Boy. Why then prithee get thee home and sleep. and God fend thee good Reft, but have a care another time of sporting with Justice, for a my word you may meet with a Company of Peevish Cupshotten Constables that will not take half what I has done at your hands.

By and by, by that time Sancho was got a little farther, came two more Watchmen bringing along with em another young Youth, very handfome and very well apparell'd. Sir, faid one of the Watchmen, we have brought before yee here a Damsel in disguise. Thereupon they view'd her by the light of their Lanthorns, and found her to be a young Virgin about fixteen years of Age. She had her Hair put up in a Net-work Cawle of Gold and Green Silk, and appear'd very amiable. They survey'd her from Head to Foot, and found her to be clad in Cap of Tiffue upon a Green Ground, with a Coat of the same Stuff; under which she wore a Doublet of Cloth of Gold upon a White Ground: Her Breeches were of Carnation Silk; and her Garters of White Taffaty, Fring'd with Gold and Pearls; and her Shoes were of white Leather made like Mens: she had no Sword, but only a rich Dagger, and feveral Rings of value upon her Fingers. In a word, she seem'd Lovely to all that beheld her, but there was no body that knew her. The Inhabitants of the Island could not imagin who she was; and they that were Privy to all the Tricks that were to be put upon Sancho, were more confounded then any of the rest, as knowing nothing of this Adventure, and were therefore in great expectation of the Event. Sancho surprized at the Beauty of the Virgin, upon whom he kept his Eyes fix'd all the while, ask'd her who she was, whither she was going, and why she had put her self into such a Disguise? To whom the Virgin, fixing her Eyes upon the Ground with a modest Bashfulness, made answer. That the secret which concern'd her was of great Importance. but that she was asham'd to discover it before so many People. Only, faid she, I do assure your Lordship that I am no Bulker nor House-breaker.

nor have any evil defigns, but an unfortunate Damsel, whom Jealousie has constrain'd to break the Laws of Modesty and Maiden Decency. Which when the Steward heard, My Lord Governour, quo he, to Sancho, command your Retinue to retire, to the end the Lady may more freely speak her Mind. Thereupon all the Company remov'd at a distance, except the Steward, the Master of the House; and the Secretary, at what time the Damsel thus proceeded.

I am the Daughter of Pedro Perez Mazorca, Farmer of the Customs of Wooll in this City, who frequently comes to my Fathers House. How! Madam, quo the Steward, you contradict your felf in every thing you fav. I know Seniour Perez very well, and I am certain he has no Children at all. Besides, that after you had told us you were his Daughter, you said with the same Breath, that he frequently came to your Fathers House, which is Nonsence. I observ'd the very same mistake, quo Sancho. I beg your pardon, Gentlemen, I am so troubl'd in mind, that I know not what I say. But the Truth is, I am the Daughter of Diego de Lana, otherwise Mr. James Woollman, a Person known to all your Worships. I know Seniour Diego de Lana very well: I know him also to be a good Gentleman and very Rich, and that he has a Son and a Daughter. But fince he happen'd to be a Widower, there is no Person in this City that can say they ever faw his Daughter, he keeps her fo charily lockt up; tho indeed the general Report is, that she is extreamly Beautiful. You say very true, Sir, reply'd the Damsel, I am that very Daughter of my Father; and whether Report have bely'd me or no, you are now the Judges who have feen me. And having fo faid, the Poor young Lady fell a weeping like a Tipsie Nurse over Burnt Claret. Sancho condol'd her the best he could, and desir'd her not to be afraid, but to discover her Missortunes to her Friends, who would not be wanting in any thing that might procure her fatisfaction.

Then the Damsel proceeding; It is now Ten years ago since my Mother dy'd, and that my Father has kept me his Prisoner, not suffering me so much as to stir, tho hooded mask'd and scarf'd, to Morning Prayers. During which time I never faw any Man breathing but my Father, my Brother, and that Pedro whom I call'd Father, that I might conceal my true Parents Name. This same strict retirement, and severe Injunction upon me not to stir abroad, griev'd me to the highest degree, and made me stark madd to see the World, or at least the Place of my Nativity, which I thought no unlawful defire. When I heard 'em talk of Masques, and Shows, and Plays, I ask'd my Brother, who was a year younger then my felf, what they meant? who told me as well as he could, and that fet me agog to be gadding. In short, I desir'd my Brother, I wish to God I had never made him the Request-And here she began again to moisten her Cheeks, at that rate, that she drew Compassion from all that beheld her. Come, come, Madam, quo the Steward, there's no fuch harme done yet--- pray go on, and relye for once upon the Governours Generofity. I have little more to fay, reply'd the Damfel, but I have great reason to bewail my Imprudence and Curiofity.

The Master of the House who was smitten of a sudden with her Beauty, survey'd and view'd her, and look'd upon her not with Eyes of indifferency, but with earnest wishes to Heaven, that the cause of her Grief might not prove to be so great as she seem'd to testifie by her Sighs and Tears. On the other side the Governour was madd in his Mind, to find her hang so long upon her Story, and therefore desir'd her to make halte, and consider his time. Whereupon the Distressed Damsel, with languish-

Book III.

ing utterance intermix'd with Tears and Sighs, continuing her Relation, I desir'd my Brother, said she, to lend me his Cloaths, and that we might take a walk together about the City, while my Father was afleep. And fuch was my importunity, that my Brother lent me his Cloaths, and he took mine, which fit him to a Hair, fo that you would take him for one of the prettieft Moppets about the Town. 'Tis not above an Hour fince we left the House, but after we had walk'd about and seen as much as we could, as we were returning home, we heard a great number of People trampling i' the Street; whereupon, faid my Brother, This is certainly the Watch; follow me and let us make our escape as fast as we can; for if it should chance to be the Constable of Bow, he'll fend us to the Counter as fure as a Gun. Thereupon he fell a running fo fast, that they cry'd out, ftop Thief; I fell a running too, but alack a-day, I was fo fright, ed that I fell down in the middle of my Flight. And at the same time the Watchman overtook me that brought me hither, to my shame and utter disgrace, among so many People. And has nothing else befallen yee but this, quo Sancho? If I mistake not, you talk'd at first of certain Jealoufies that had confrain'd yee to break your Chains. Nothing else indeed, an't please your Worship, has befallen me but what I tell yee, quo the Damfel, nor did I venture out with any other defign then only to fee the Streets of the City, which I had never feen before i'my Life. All which was afterwards confirm'd by her Brother, whom the Watchmen brought as foon as they could overtake him. He was clad in Womans Apparel, a Simar, and over that a Blew Damask Mantle, with a Gold Fringe. However he had nothing about his Head, but his own Hair that hung down, Flaxen white and naturally curling: So that he appear'd no less beautiful then his Sifter had bespake him.

Thereupon the Governour, the Steward, and the Master of the House took him aside, and after they had examin'd him apart, what he did in that difguife, he gave the fame answer as his Sister had done, and with the same native Modesty and Simplicity; which infinitely satisfy'd the Mafter of the House, who was extreamly concern'd for the young Damsel.

All in good time, quo Sancho to the young Man and his Sister, Here's a little piece of Youthful Extravagance - what need all these Tears and bitter Lamentation to relate a Childish piece of Folly? Could not you have faid we were fuch and fuch Perfons, and that we have a mind to play the Night-walkers for an Hour or two, not out of any Evil defign, but only out of a Frolick to fatisfie a little Curiofity! Alass, Sir, quo the young Damsel, I was frighted an please your Worship; and in that Condition I was in, I thought twere the least I could do to cry as all Children cry when they think they shall be whipt. Go too, quo Sancho, there's no harme done, go along with us and we'll return yee to your Fathers House; perhaps you may not yet be miss'd. But the next time have a care of being fo defirous to fee Fashions; a young Virgin ought to have one Leg broken. A Hen and a Woman lose themselves by gadding; and that Woman that longs to fee, longs also to be feen.

The young Lad return'd the Governour thanks for his Civility and his good advice 5 and so Don Sancho marching forward brought the two Nightwalkers home; where the young Lad throwing a Stone against the Window, was prefently heard and let in by a Servant that staid up on purpose. After which Don Sancho continu'd his Rounds, talking all the way he went of the Genteel Carriage of the Brother and the Sifter, and the great defire those poor Children had to see Fashions i' the Night. In the mean time

the Master of the House was so charm'd with the Beauty of the young Damsel, that he resolv'd to go the next day and demand her of her Father in Marriage, believing he could not have a denial, as being one of the Dukes Principal Domestick Servants. On the other side Sancho had a defign to treat with Don Diego for a Match between Sancha and the young Damsels Brother, believing no Husband could think himself too good for a Governours Daughter. But Sancho having thus gone his Rounds, and lofing his Government within two days, all his Defigns and Contrivances were overturn'd and came to nothing.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

#### CHAP. XVII.

Who they were that whipp'd Madam Doroty and claw'd Don Quixote; with the success of the Page that carry'd Sancho's Letter to his Wife.

O clear this Mystery, you must understand, that when Mrs. Doroty rose out of her Bed to visit Don Quixote, one of her Companions that lay next her, heard her make a buffle; and as all your Governantes are violently inquisitive, and eagerly desirous to prye into every thing, this same Mrs. Busie-body follow'd her softly and close at her Heels, and seeing her enter into the Knights Apartment, according to the Custom of Governantes, that love to carry News, away she flew to tell the Dutchess that Mrs. Doroty was gone to Don Quixot's Chamber. Presently the Dutchess told the Duke, and begg'd of him that she and her Woman Mrs. Riggle-tail might go and liften; for she was with Child to hear the issue of such a Night Visit. To that end they made haste you may be sure; and fuch was the spite which the Devil ow'd Mrs. Doroty, that she talk'd so loud that the Dutchess and Mrs. Riggle tail heard every word they said: So that when Mrs. Doroty came to make that Fatal Discovery of the Dutches's Issues, and Mrs. Riggle-tailes stinking Breath, 'Slife, the Protector might as well have held in his Coach Horses, as ha' prevented the enrag'd Females from thundring open the Door, and revenging themselves as they did both upon Mrs. Doroty and her Champion. Where after they had fatisfy'd their unruly Passions, away went the Dutchess to give the Duke an Accompt of so memorable a Transaction, and after they had tir'd their Spleens with laughter at what was past, they were all for new Plots and Contrivances to make themselves merry with the Poor Adventurer.

At the same time, a Page was dispatch'd away to Tèresa Pancha, Sancho's Wife, with a Letter from her Husband and another from the Dutchess, and a Necklace of Coral, of which the Dutchess made the good Woman a Present. To this purpose they made choice of the same Lacquey, as the Story fays, that had acted Dulcinea in the Inchanted Chariot. Who departed without delay with his Lesson by heart, for he was a well tutor'd Page, a Pickl'd Youth that could mark his Cards, and carry'd his own Dice in his Pocket.

When he came neer the Village, he ask'd certain Women that were washing at the Brook, whether they knew a Woman that liv'd in the Town, whose Name was Mrs. Teresa Pancha, Wife to one Sancho Pancha, Squire to a certain Knight call'd Don Quixote de la Mancha. The Lad had no fooner ask'd the Question, but a young Girle that was rincing among

Book II.

the reft, looking up and staring the Boy i' the Face, Yes Sir, said she, Teresa Pancha is my Mother, and that same Gasser Sancho is my Father, and the Knight you speak of is our Master. Very good, quo the Page, prithee go along with me, my pretty Sweet-heart, and bring me to her, for I have a Letter and a Token here to deliver her from your Father. With that the Girl throwing afide her Clouts, and leaving her Shoes behind her for haste, run before the Pages Horse like a Gypsie upon the Road, and ever and anon looking back, Come, Sir, quo she, come along, our house is hard by, and my Mother's at home, but full of Sorrow, God knows, to think what was become of my Father. Well- well-, quo the Page, I bring those Tidings that will chear her Heart, I warrant her. And now being come to the House, before she open'd the Gate next the Common, Mother, Mother, cry'd the young Girl with a shrill Voice, come out Mother, here's a Mon has brought Letters and fine Things from my Vather. Presently Mistress Teresa came forth with her Reel and her Spindle in a red Petticoat to short, that it hardly reach'd to the Calves of her Legs, and her Wastcoat hanging loose about her Hips, discover'd her Smock that was none of the cleanest. Take her otherwise she was bout forty, strong dockt, active, and of a good jolly Humour.

What's the matter, Girl, quo she, to her Daughter, what Gentleman is that? An humble Servant of yours, Madam Terefa, quo the Page; and at the same time alighting and falling upon one Knee before Madam Tere-(a) Permit me the Honour to kiss your fair Hand, thrice honour'd Lady, quo he, as the only legitimate Wife of my Lord D. Sancho Pancha, Governour of the Island of Barattaria. God's my life, what's all this for, quo Teresa? I beseech verise, Sir, I am no Lady, but a poor Country Dowdy, the Daughter of a Logg cleaver, the Wife indeed of a Squire Errant, but no Governour, I beseech ye. Your Ladyship, reply'd the Page, is the deferving Wife of a most worthy Governour; and for Proof of what I say. pray Madam be pleas'd to read this Letter, and receive this Present. And at the same time he deliver'd her the Letter and the Coral-Bracelet, the Beads of which were fet in Gold: Telling her withal, that the Letter was from his Honour the Governour, but that the Present was from her Grace

the Lady Dutchess.

520

Never was Teresa so surprized, nor her Daughter so over joy'd. I'le lay my Virginity to a Harry Groat, quo the young Titmouse, my Master Don Quixote hath given my Father the Island which I have heard him so much talk of. You fay very true, pretty Miss, quo the Page, for it is for the sake of my Lord Don Quixote that the honourable Don Sancho is now Governour of Barattaria. Read me the Letter then, I pray, young Gentleman; for tho che con spin, che connot read Letters: By my Truly nor I neither, quo young Sancha. But I'le run and vetch our Curate, he con read I'm zure on't, and he'll be glad to hear the good News. 'Tis no matter for troubling any body, quo the Page; for tho I can't spin, I can read and write too, God be thanked. And so saving, he read the same that Sancho shew'd the Dutchefs, which therefore we thought not fit to repeat any more. And having so done, he pull'd out the Dutches's Letter to Teresa, where he read as follows.

TOur Husband Sancho's rare Endowments and his pregnant Wit oblig'd me to desire the Duke to bestow upon him a vacant Government of one of his Islands: Where I understand he so behaves himself, as if he had been a Gover-

nour from his Cradle. For which I am as glad as if any man had given me forty good Shillings; and my Lord Duke is so pleas'd with his Choice, that he swears he'll not change him for all the Governours he has. For you must know, Teresa. tis a difficult thing to meet with a good Governour in this World. I have fent thee, my dearest Delight, a Neck-lace of Coral; I could wish they were every one Oriental Pearls, for thy fake; but the that gives thee Fire, does not defire to fee thee dead: The time will come when we shall be better acquainted. Commend me to little Sancha thy Daughter, and bid her not be too hasty, for I intend to marry her to a great Lord that I have i' my Eye, when she least dreams of it. They say you have in your Parts a rare fort of Acorns, pray fend me about two dozen; I (ball take it kindly, and endeavour to requite your Civility. In the mean time let me hear from you every Week, and if you stand in need of any thing wherein I can serve ye, 'tis but ask and have. Your Friend that loves you dearly,

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

The Dutchess.

Heav'ns bless me, quo Teresa, what a good Lady's this! how humble and familiar she is? God send me to be bury'd with such Ladies as these, and not with fuch Madam Squeamishes as we have in our Village; who, because they are Ladies, forfooth, think the Wind must not blow upon 'em; and come flaunting to Church i their embroider'd Petticoats, as if they were Queens. They think it fcorn to look upon a poor Chair-woman, and yet here's my Lady Dutchess that calls me her Friend, and writes to me as if I were her Companion. May Heaven advance her Grace, and fend her to be as high as the highest Bell in Mancha Steeple. As for the Acorns fhe fends for, tell my Lady, I'le fend her half a Bushel, and pick 'em my felf. And now, Sancha, pull off the Gentleman's Boots, and take as much care of his Horse, as thou wou'dst of thy self: Run to the Barn, and see for fome Eggs; take down the Bacon, and get a good Fire; and let the young Gentleman eat like a Prince: Good News deserves good Vittles at any time. I' the mean while I must among my Neighbours, I can't hold; 'tis in, and it must out. The Curate and the Barber are thy Father's Friends, and when I ha' told 'em the News, my Heart will be at rest. I dare say, 'twill be twonty Pence to night in poor Mr. Nichlas's way. Ay, do Mother do, quo Sancha; but as she was going, stay Mother, quo she, shan't I have half of the Neck lace? For I don't take my Lady Durchess to be so ill bred as to send it all to you. No, no, Chicken, 'tis all thine own; but let me wear it, and look like a Lady for two or three days, thou canst not think how it rejoyces my Heart. You will rejoyce more by and by, quo the Page, when you see what I ha' got in my Portmantle, a new green Sute which the Governour wore a hunting but one day, and has here fent it his Daughter pretty Mistress Sancha. Now the Lord love my good Father, cry'd little Sancha, and the fine Gentleman that brought me the Present.

Presently Teresa scuttl'daway with the Neck lace about her Neck, and the Letters in her Hand, and meeting the Curate and the Student Carrasco by chance, the fell a frisking and jogging her Tail like a Milk-maid upon a May-day. I' faith now the time's come, quo she, that no body shall twit us with our poor Kindred - for we have our share i'the World as well as other People And now let the best Lady i' the Townslingup her Nose at me, and I'le fling up my Nose at her agen - I'le make em know their distance- How now, Teresa, quo the Curate, has Midsummer Moon inse-Eted thy Noddle too? What Extalie's this? What Papers are those?--No, no, Mr. Curate, quo Terefa, the Case is alter'd, quo Plonden; these Part II.

522

are the Governour's and the Dutchess's Letters; this is my Coral Neck-lace, and here's Mrs. Governess. Why these are all Riddles to us, quo the Student Carrafco. They will be eafily unfolded by and by, quo Terefa; but first read these Letters. Thereupon the Curate having read the Epistles with an audible Voice, both Samson and he were more in a Mist then before. Carrasco ask'd her who brought the Letters? Come home and see, quo Teresa, the prettieft young Smock-face that ever you faw. The Curate took the Necklace in his Hand, view'd it, and view'd it three or four times over, and finding it was a thing of Value, his Imagination was quite confounded. By the Habit I wear, quo the Curate, I cannot comprehend this Mystery-vet the Present is worth accepting— Nay, quo Carrasco, there's something in't you may be sure, and therefore lets go see the Messenger. Thereupon they went home with Terefa, where they found the Page sifting Oats for his Horse, and young Sancha slivering the Gammon to make a Bacon Phraise. They lik'd the Page's Aspect and his Habit, so that after the usual Complements, Carrafco ask'd him what was become of Don Quixote and Sancho? telling him withal, That they could make neither Head nor Tail of the Letters they had read; nor could they imagin how Sancho should come by a Government, especially of an Island, well knowing that all the Islands thereabouts were the Kings. Gentlemen, reply'd the Page, there's nothing fo true as that my Lord Sancho is a Governour, but whether of an Island, or a By-land, or a Dry-land, I cannot be so particular as to inform 'em. But this I am sure of, he lords it over a City that has above a thoufand good Scot and Lot Men in it. And as for the Dutchess's sending to a Country Gentlewoman for a few Acorns, that's no such Wonder; I have feen her borrow a Comb of one of her Neighbours. For you must know, our Country Ladies never stand upon their Formalities and Punctilio's, like your City Dames, but as their Garb is plain, so is their Conversation easie and familiar.

While they were thus discoursing little Sancha came with her Eggs in her Petticoat, and at the same time turning to the Page, Pray Sir, quo she, does my Father truss up his Breeches with Hooks and Eyes now he's a Governour? I never observ'd it, quo the Page, but no question, little Mistress, tis just as you say - Good God! quo Sancha, what would I give to see my Father all of a piece, with his Breeches and Doublet tite about his Waste \_\_\_ I have always begg'd it in my Prayers, ever fince I was an Infant. Never fear it, quo the Page, you will have him here shortly; and if his Government holds but two Months, you will fee him ride in his Glass Sedan.

The Curate and the Student plainly perceiv'd that the Page did but laugh at the Mother and the Daughter; yet for all that, they could not tell what to think of the Neck-lace and the Hunting Sute, which by this time they had well consider'd. And tho the Daughter had made 'em smile at her Simplicity already, the Mother made 'em ten times merrier; who after she had fetch'd a frisk about the Room, quo she to the Curate, Pray enquire whether any of our Neighbours are going to the City-1'de have em to buy me a Manteau Gown i' the fashion for I intend to honour my Husband's Government; and then I'le go to Court and ride i' my Coach, as all Governours Wives do; 'tis a silly Government won't maintain a Coach— O law Mother, quo Sancha, I would to God 'twere to night before to morrow-Perhaps they would cry when they faw me fitting by my Lady Mother- Hoy day! whose here? Marry-gap! What! the Hog-driver's Daughter! how she flaunts it, and taunts it like a little Pope Joan! But what would I care; let em jeer and flout on, so I ride at my ease - Don't I speak rea-

fon, Mother? Yes by my Truly, Chicken, reply'd Teresa: besides thy Father has often told me, we should one day see better times, and that Fortune would never for fake me till she had made me a Countess: And now tis a coming to come. But there must be a beginning of all things, as thy Father was wont to fay, who knows more Proverbs then a Doctor. When they give thee a Cow, run and fetch a Halter; when they give thee a Government, take it; when they proffer thee an Earldom, embrace it. That which is good to give, is good to take. Cry Sus, Sus, and the Dog never refuses to lap. When Fortune knocks be sure to open the Door. Let'em talk on and cry, the Hare has pick'd up her Crums, I knew when her Belly was lanker. Ay, ay, Mother, let em jeer on a God's Name, provided my Belly be full; the old Woman that faw the Monkeys in good Cloaths, took em for the Gentleman's Children.

In truth, quo the Curate, hearing the Mother and the Daughter talk at that rate, I think the whole Race of the Pancha's came into the World with their Guts stuff d with Proverbs; I never knew one of the Name, but threw out a dozen at a time. I think fo too, quo the Page, for the Gover-

nour thunders 'em out by hook or by crook, nor is there any Man that makes the Duke and the Dutchess more merry. But Sir, quo Carrasco to the Page, pray tell us seriously, for our Understandings are so entangl'd, that we can find no way to untie the Knot; and therefore I say, pray tell us seriously

what's the meaning of this Government Sancho has got, and who this Dutchess should be that sends these gay Presents and Letters to a poor Corn-weeder; for we cannot otherwise but look upon 'em as the strange Ef-

fects of some Enchantment that has happen'd to Don Quixote. For my part, Gentlemen, reply'd the Page, I can fay no more, but that I was ferioufly, and in good earnest sent with these Letters and Presents hither:

That my Lord Sancho Pancha is actually a Governour, where he does Wonders; and that my Lord Duke bestow'd the Government upon him. If there be any Enchantment in it, do you examine that: this is all I have to fay.

All this may be, reply'd Carrasco, but you will give me leave to say, St. Austin may doubt. For that you may do as you please, reply'd the Page, you

are Master of your own Thoughts. But I tell ye the truth: Don't think I fwim upon a Lye, like Oil upon Water- Operibus credite, non verbis- go

along with me, and you shall see with your Eyes what your Ears will not

Who I! quo Sancha, with all my Heart, take me but up behind ye, Sir \_\_\_ I long to see my Father. No, Madam, Governours Daughters must not travel alone, but in their Coaches, or their Litters, and then well attended too. Law ye now, Sir, quo Santha, I can ride a Horse back as well as in a Coach \_\_\_ I am none o'your tender Dillings, not I by my Truly. Peace, Girl, peace, quo Teresa to her Daughter, thou dost not know what thou fay'st, the Gentlemon is i' the right. There are Times and Times; when 'twas plain Sancho, 'twas plain Sancha; but now he's a Governour 'tis Madam Sancha, remember thy felf. Madam Terefa speaks truth, reply'd the Page. But now, faid he, give me a Mouth-ful to eat, that I may be gone; for I hope to be back this Evening. Presently the Curate invited him to a short Commons at his House; for that Madam Teresa was more willing then able to provide for a Person of his Quality. To which the Page consented as believing it would be much for the better; nor was the Parson less glad of his Company, in hopes to understand the whole Truth concerning Sancho and Don Quixote. Carrasco proffer'd Teresa to write her Answer, but fhe knowing him to be a Droll, would not permit him to be of her Coun-XXX 2

To

fell. And fo she gave a Penny white-Loaf and two Eggs to a young Querister to be her Secretary, who wrote her two Letters, one to the Dutchess, the other to Sancho, perhaps not the worst Pieces in this long

#### CHAP. XVI.

Containing the Continuation of Sancho's Government.

THE Master of the House, as we said before, was so deeply in love with Diego de Lana's Daughter, that he could take no rest all that Night, his Thoughts were fo taken up in musing and pondering on the bewitching Beauty of that young Lady. On the other fide, the Steward spent his time in writing to the Duke D. Sancho's admirable Sentences, and wonderfull Actions, of which he admir'd the strange and unexpected intermixture. In the Morning the Governour rose, and by that time he was ready, they brought him, by Dr. Puncinello's Order, a small Plate of Preferves, and a Glass of fair Water, which he would have exchang'd with all his Heart for a cut round a Peck-brown-Loaf, and half a Frail of blew Reafons. However, being oblig'd to Hobson's Choice, he seem'd to be content. The Doctor told him, 'twas highly expedient for those that were in great Employments to eat but little, and that which was dainty, and easie of Digestion; for that such a fort of Diet only revived the Spirits and quicken'd the Wit. Arguments that only ferv'd to famish Sancho, who as hungry as a Kite, and curs'd in his Heart both the Government and him that had giv'n it him. However, he fail'd not to give Audience that day; and the first that came was a Stranger, who proposed this Question.

Sir, said he, not far off there is a great River which parts the Lands of the same Lord. I beg your Honour to hear me with Attention, for 'tis a matter of great weight and difficulty. Upon this River there is a Bridge, at one end of which there stands a Gibbet, and not far from thence a little House, where four Judges are appointed to fit for the Execution of a certain

Law, which is peculiar to the Lord of the Soil, and runs thus:

He that intends to pass this Bridge from one end to the other, must upon his Oath declare from whence he came, and whither he goes. If he swear truth, he shall pass freely without Interruption; but if he swear false, he shall be hang'd

forthwith, without mercy upon this Gibbet.

524

Now this Law being known over all the Kingdom, whoever they are that pass this Bridge, they are examin'd, and if they swear true, there's nothing more faid to'em. It happen'd one day that a certain Passenger after he had taken his Oath, upon his Examination made answer, That he parted from fuch a place, and that he was come to die upon that Gallows. Thereupon the Judges laying their Heads together, quo they, if welet this Man pass, he swears a false Oath, and according to the Law he must die; if we hang him, he swears Truth, and then by the same Law we must let him pass. Now I humbly beg your Opinion, my Lord, what the Judges ought to do with this Man i'this Case? For they are at a Non-plus at present, not knowing what to determine; but understanding by common Fame your great Abilities in refolving difficult Questions, they sent me hither to crave your Judgment in such a knotty Point.

To tell you truth, reply'd Sancho, the Judges that fent you hither. might as well have spar'd you the Labour: For I am not so cunning as they take me to be; many times a Man that outwardly feems a Man, may be a Beast withinside. However let me hear your Question once more. and I'le endeavour to understand it, perhaps I may at length hit the Nail i' the Head. Thereupon the Stranger propounded the Question agen. To whom, when he had done, Sancho having paws'd a while, This Queflion in my opinion may be easily answer'd in two Words, as thus : You fay, the Man swore he came to dye upon the Gibbet : If he dyes, he swears true, now if he swears true, the Law must let him pass; and if they do not hang him, he swears false, and therefore he ought to be hang'd: is this true? You take it right, my Lord, reply'd the Stranger. Why then, quo Sancho, let em pass that part of the Man that swore true, and hang the other part of the Man that fwore falle; and so the Law will be fully fatisfy'd.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

But then my Lord, quo the Sranger, the Man must be divided into two halves; which not being to be done without killing him, the Queltion re-

Book III.

Hark yee me, Sir, reply'd Sancho, This same Stranger you talk of, either I am a Faggot Stick, or there is as much reason to discharge him as to put him to death; for if the Lye condemn him, the Truth faves him; and therefore I would have yee tell the Judges, that fent yee, fince there is as much reason to absolve as to condemn him, that they let him go. For where the Ballance is even between Mercy and Rigour, the mild Judg is to be preferred before the fevere and cruel. And this is that which I would give vee under my Hand, if I knew how to write: Nor do I speak this of my own Head, but I remember it as being a particular Precept, which my Lord Den Quixote gave me among others, the night before I came to govern this Island; and this occasion has brought it to my Remembrance. Sir, said the Steward, your Sentence is so just and equitable, that Lycurgus himself, who gave Laws to the Lacedemonians, could never have given a better then the great Sancho Pancha has done. And now, Sir, I think you have sate long enough for this Morning; be pleas'd to Adjourn the Court, while I go and look after Dinner. That's well faid, quo Sancho; feed me well, and let 'em ask me as many Questions as a Horse will carry; if Idon't snuff 'em as bright as a Candle, I'me a Ragamuffin. Nor was the Steward worse then his word, as one that made a Conscience of familhing so worthy a Governour, and fuch a perspicatious Judg; besides that he had a defire the next night to conclude the last Act, which he had prepar'd for Sancho, by the Dukes Instructions.

And now had Sancho din'd to his full Content, in spite of all the Aphorisms of Doctor Ditto in Pomerania, when a Courrier entering the Hall, deliver'd him a Letter from Don Quixote. Which when the Secretary by Sancho's order had read to himself, he told his Master, that it might not only be publickly read, but that it deserved to be engraved in Letters of Gold;

and then proceeded to read as follows.

Don Quixote de la Mancha to Sancho Pancha Governour of the Island of Barattaria.

W Hen I was afraid to have news of thy Negligence and Fooleries, all the Country rings of thy Prudence and Diligence; for which I return Thanks to Heaven. However because I know there are some Relicks of thy former

Meanness that hang about thee, I would have thee know how to raise the self above the Vulgar, for the better support of thy Authority. Let thy Apparel be clean, fashionable and neat, not layd with Laces and Embroideries like a Courtier. but grave and decent like a Judg. Gainthe Hearts of thy People by dealing uprightly with all the World; and be sure to preserve Plenty in thy Island. For nothing hurries the Mobile sooner to Tumult and revolt, then scarcity and Poverty.

Never make many new Laws; but fee that fuch as are wholfome and good be exactly observed: For Laws that are not obey'd are no Laws; but like the Log that was given to rule the Frogs, which they fear'd at first, but soon'd and con-

tem'd when they perceiv'd it without force or courage.

Reward Vertue and punish Vice; Visit the Prisons, the Shambles and the Publick Markets. For there particularly the Eye of a Governour is necessary to prevent Extortion, and regulate the Enormities of Weights and Measures, and the general Dishonesty of Traders. And let thy Exemplary punishments render thee formidable to all deceitful and fraudulent Dealers.

Avoid what thou wert alway naturally enclined to; Covetou nels, Ambition, and irregular Love of Women: For snares will then be certainly layd for thee,

and the Passion will be the Ruin.

526

Read over and over Morning and Night the Admonitions which I gave thee in writing; of which thou wilt find the Benefit upon all difficult occasions. Write to thy Masters, and lose no opportunity of making thy acknowledgments; for In-

gratitude is the worst of all Vices.

Some Persons that par'd not their Nails were very sharp upon my Nose and my Cheeks within thefe few nights; but I am now pretty well recover'd agen: For the there are some Necromancers that hate me, I have others that are my Friends. Send me word whether thou thinkst the Steward were he that acted Madam Three-Skirts, as thou wert once of Opinion. For I am engag'd in a Business, which I am afraid will cause me to Break with the Duke. Tis true I one him much for his Civilities, but I owe more to my Profession, Amicus Plato, sed magis Amica veritas. I fent thee this same scrap of Latin in hopes thou maist have in some measure learnt the Language since thou camst to be a Governour. So Heaven defend thee from all Misfortunes.

#### Thy Friend

#### Don Quixote de la Mancha,

Knight of the Lyons.

This Letter was highly applauded, both for Sence and Integrity, while every body that heard it, judg'd Don Quixote to be an honest worthy well meaning Gentleman. And fuch was Sancho's Zeal to answer it, that rising from his Chair, he went and lockt himself up in his Chamber with his Secretary, whom he order'd to write as follows, without adding or diminishing.

Y Employment finds me so much business, that I have no time so much as either to scratch my Head or pair my Nails; which is the reason they are now so long that I could scratch my Grannam out of her Grave. I tell you this, that you may know the reason why I have not wrote to yee all this while, to let you understand how things go.

The Duke fent to me two days since, to inform me of certain Spies that were come disguis d into the Island to kill me. But as yet they have done me no harm that I know of. Only here's a damn'd Hell hound of a Doctor, hir'd as he fays by the Islanders, and I think so too, to kill all the Governours that ever come neer it. They call him Dr. Pedro Puncinello of Ditto in Pomerania: and I tell vee his Name that you may be fure never to give him a Fee. This Doctor says himself, he can never cure those that are sick already, only 'tis his business to prevent Diseases; and the Physick he prescribes is a Dyet, or rather no Dyet, that in time will leave a Man no Flesh upon his Bones, as if want of Flesh were not as bad as a Fever. For my part I am almost starv'd to death, and it makes me madd, that when I thought as a Governour to eat rosted Larks by the Bushel, to drink brisk Wine by the Gallon, and recreate my Bones between Holland Sheets and upon Down Pillows, I (hould be constrain'd to do Penance like a Hermite; which because I do against my will, I am afraid the Devil will take his Opportunity, and carry me a Skeleton to Hell.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

I have as yet not so much as finger'd either Salary or Duties, and I cannot imagin the meaning of it; for I was told that the Inhabitants were wont either to give or lend their Governours Money before they enter'd into the Island.

Last night going my Rounds I met with a delicate young Miskin y'faith, in Boys Apparel, and her Brother in Womans Habit. My Landlord presently fell in Love with the Girle, and they fay intends to be at her; For my part I design the Boy for my Son in Law. This day my Landlord and I are to discourse the Father, one Diego de Lana, a Gentleman and a notable old Toper I warrant him.

I visited the Markets according to your advice, and yesterday- stay-Tes, twas yesterday — I met with an old Woman selling a Nuts —— She pretended to fell new Filberds, but I found she had mix'd a whole Bushel of old Nuts among em presently I confiscated all her Ware, and sent em to the Blewcoat-Boys to mend their Voices, and forbid the Woman to appear i' the Market in fifteen days: and they faid I did well. To tell yee truth, I never met with fuch a Rafcally Sawcy Foulmouth'd Generation of People then these Market-folks - they make nothing to call Gentlewomen Whores that will not give 'em their pricebut I sent some of 'em to the Whipping-Post for their Civility.

I am glad my Lady Dutchess has writ to Teresa, and sent her the Present you mean: By the Grace a God I'le endeavour to requite her kindness when my leifure serves me. Present my Service to her, and tell her she has not strewd her

Favours upon the Water.

Book III.

I wish you had no occasion to fall out with the Duke, for if you two quarrel, tis I (hall come by the worst on't. Nor do you follow the Precepts you give others,

in shewing your self ingrateful to those who have been so kind to you.

As for these Pharisee's with long Nails, I can say little to't, only I find you are still haunted after the old rate. I would ha fent you a Token, but I could not tell what to imagin worth your acceptance, unless it were half a dozen Glister-Pipes, which they have the Art of making here to a Miracle, with the Bladders belonging to 'em, and which they are very curious at fetting on i this Island. But if I stay, Ile endeavour to send yee a new Knife and Fork. If Teresa writes me an Answer, pray pay the Carrier, and send me the Letter as soon as you can; for I long to hear how she does. Heaven preserve you from the Malice of Enchanters, and fend me (afe and found out of this Government, which I am much afraid of, as Doctor Ditto dyets me.

Your Worships most humble Servant

Sancho Pancha

From my Island the same day that I wrote.

Governour.

The

The Letter being thus written, the Secretary Seal'd it, and dispatch'd away the Courrier. In the mean time they that play'd the Dukes Game resolv'd to put an end to Sancho's Government. But he that meant no harm was studying new Laws for the Regulation of abuses in his Island. To which purpose he suppress'd all the publick Taverns; however he would not stop the Importation of Wine from any Part whatever, provided they told him whence it came, to the end it might be rated according to its Goodness, ordering withal, that they who should mix Water with their Wine, or any other way adulterate it, or fell it in Flasks or small Bottles, should suffer death as common Cheats and poys'ners of human Bodies. He brought down the Price of Shoes, which to him feem'd excessive. He fet a rate upon Servants Wages; deeming it unsufferable that Maid Servants should ask so much and do so little as now adays they did, and be at no command neither: And he also forbid Kitchen wenches to wear Silk Gowns and Petticoats. He layd great Penalties upon Lampooners and Balladfingers, and forbid the carrying about of all Penny Divinity Books, and all Vagabonds the reading of Godly Exhortations through the Nose i' the Streets. He also made a Peculiar Officer or Beadle to clear the City of those shoals of Raw-Heads and Bloody-Bones, that pester'd the Streets with their fore Legs and mangy Sculs, and hung about Church Doors like Bees to fuck the Honey of Peoples ignorant and irregular Charity, believing nothing more ignominious to a well Regulated Common-wealth, then the fufferance of fuch swarms of idle and lazy Vagabonds, that endur'd more hardship to be Idle, then they that took pains for their Living. And upon complaint of some that curs'd because they miss'd an Alms, or were rebuk'd, he order'd 'em forthwith to the Whipping-Post. With several other wholfome Constitutions, which are observed to this day, under the Title of The Constitutions of the Great and Prudent Governour Sancho Pancha.

#### CHAP. XIX.

The Adventure of the Second Madam Sorrowful, otherwise Mistress Doroty.

Id Hamet relates, that Don Quixote being cur'd of his Nail-marks, , and growing weary of the lazie Life which he led in the Castle, so contrary to the Orders of his Profession, determin'd to take leave of the Duke and depart for Saragofa, where he thought to purchace Immortal honour at the approaching Festivals. But as he was sitting at Table with the Duke, with a resolution to reveal his Intention, a new Accident entangl'd, and for a time delay'd his laudable Purposes. For just as he was ushering in his defign with a graceful and study'd Complement, behold two Women enter'd the Room, clad in Mourning from Head to Foot. At what time, one of the two, throwing her felf at Don Quixote's Feet, and kiffing his Shoes, fetch'd fuch profound and doleful Sighs, as if she would have breath'd out her Soul at the Champions Toes. All the Company were aftonish'd at the Spectacle; and tho the Duke and the Dutchess imagin'd it to be some new Project upon D. Quixote, yet there appear'd a sorrow so natural and unfained in the Women, that he knew not what to think; till Don Quixote raising her from the Ground, and with much Importunity having prevail'd

prevail'd with her to lift up her Vail, she discover'd a Countenance all overflown with Tears, and what they least suspected, exposed to view all the Lineaments of Mrs. Doroties Face, Mother of the Maids to the Durchefs, and found her to be the same. And at the same time they likewise perceiv'd, that the young Lady that attended her was her Daughter, that had been fo lately bauk'd by the Farmers Son. A Spectacle fo unlookt for redoubl'd the Aftonishment of all the Company, especially of the Duke and Dutchess; for tho they hnew her to be as silly as Simplicity it felf could make her, a kind of an Image of Rye-dough, yet they never took her to be a madd Woman. But at length Mrs. Doroty addressing her self to the Duke and the Dutchess, after she had dropt 'em a Midwifes Curchie, I beseech your Excellencies, quo she, permit me to discourse this Knight a few Minures, who is the only Person that can help me out at a dead Lift, dishonour'd as I am by the treacherous Insolence of a debaush'd young Country Bumkin. Good leave have yee, quo the Duke, and I make no doubt but my Lord Don Quixote's Ears are open to your Complaint. Then Mrs. Doroty, turning to Don Quixote,

The Renomned DON QUIXOTE.

Book III.

Some few days ago, quo she, Most Valiant Champion, I gave your Worship an accompt how basely and perfidiously an ungracious Villain of a Farmers Son had us'd my Daughter, this unfortunate Virgin which here you see before your Eyes, and then you promis'd to undertake my Quarrel, and revenge the Injury done me. But this day I understand you are about to leave this Castle in search of new Adventures, which I befeech Heaven may redound to your Everlasting honour. Nevertheless I have one Boon to beg of your Worship, that before you go, you would be pleas'd to challenge this Lourdain of a Clown, and compell him to Marry my Daughter according to his Promise, before she vouchsafd him her last Favours. For as for my Lord Duke, I can expect no justice from him for the Reasons I have already told yee. And this perform'd, the Pro-

sperity of Heaven attend yee the Remainder of your days.

Dry up your Tears dear Lady, quo Don Quixote, and make a Truce with your Sighs. I am bound to do your Daughter Reason, the doubtless she had done much better, had she not given such unwary Credit to the Protestations of Lovers, who are lavish of their Vows, but rarely keep their words. But in short, the Jobb's done; and now the Matter is, how to soder up the Crack agen. To which purpose I promise yee, with my Lord Duke's permission, to find out this young Hedgbird: Nay, I wil find him out if he be above ground, I will challenge him, and give yee a fatisfactory accompt of your business. And if he be so audacious as not to stand to his Bargain, I will deliver him into your hands to dismember him, if you please. For the chief end of my Profession is to pardon the submisfive, and chastize the stubborn. There will be no such need, Sir Knight, reply'd the Duke, for you to run after this same Country Lad, so dreadfully complain'd of by this Lady; for I will undertake my felf, he shall accept your Challenge, and come here in Person to answer it; and I'le secure yee besides, a fair Stage, observing the Laws, and Conditions customary upon fuch Occasions; and doing Justice to both Sides, as Princes are oblig'd to do, that admit of fingle Combats within their Territories. Upon this Affurance which your Highness gives me, reply'd Don Quixore, I renounce all my Punctilio's of Gentility and Knight Errantry, and condescend to equal my felf with my Antagonist: I yield my felf to be as mean as he, and him to be as noble as my felf, that he may be qualify'd to measure Lances with me. And so, let him be absent or present, I defye him as a Traytor, that

has abus'd this Poor Lady, and robb'd her of her Honour, or elle to dye in her defence. And at the same time, pulling off his Glove, he flung it into the middle of the Room; which the Duke immediately took up, declaring that he accepted the Challenge in the name of his Vasfal, and assign'd the day for Combat to be the Sixth enfuing, and the place to be the Castle Court, with Lance, Buckler and Armour of proof, according to the Cufrom of Knights, without Fraud or Treachery, or Enchantments, after fearch made by the Judges of the Field. On the other fide, quo the Duke, this Lady and her distressed Daughter must deposite the Justice of their Quarrel in the hands of their Champion, Don Quixote de la Mancha, for otherwise the Challenge is inso facto, void in Law. That I do withal my Soul, cry'd Mrs. Doroty, and to do I, quo the Daughter, weeping and holding her Fingers before her Eyes, like a ravish'd Maid giving Evidence at the Bar. All things thus concluded upon, the Dutchess order'd that the Mother and the Daughter should no longer be lookt upon as her Domestick Servants, but as Lady Errants, that came to demand Justice in her Castle. To which purpose there was a peculiar Apartment appointed for 'em. where they were ferv'd and attended as Strangers, to the Amazement of all that understood not the Mystery of Mistress Doroties rashness and indiscretion.

Toward the conclusion of Dinner, as it were for the last Course, in came the Page that had carry'd the Present to the Governours Wife. You may be fure the Duke was eager to know the Success of his Journey; to whom the Page made answer, that he had many things to tell his Grace, but in regard they were fuch as requir'd Secrecy, he defir'd that he might deliver his Relation in private. Thereupon the Duke having order'd the greatest part of his Attendants to withdraw, the Page presented the Dutchess with two Letters; the one directed to her felf, and the other to Sancho, with

this Superscription.

530

For my Husband Sancho Pancha, Governour of the Island of Barattaria, whose Life God prolong.

The Dutchess had not patience to stay a Moment, but presently open'd her own Epistle, and finding there was nothing of secrecy in it, she read it thus aloud.

Teresa Pancha's Letter to the Dutchess.

Madam. HÉ Letter which your Greatness sent me, was like a Cordial to my Heart, and i' good feth law, you could not have better pleas'd me. The Necklace is a wonderful pretty Thing, and the Green Hunting Suit was as welcom to me as my Wedding Smock. Our Village have rung the Bells for joy, that you mide my Husband a Governour, and some of 'em were Tipsie last night with drinking your Health; more especially our Curate, Mr. Nicholas the Barber, and the young Schollard Carrasco. They would not believe it a good while, but what care I whether they believe it or no, as long as I am sure on't. Truly I would not ha' believ'd it neither but for the Necklace and the Hunting Suit. For all our Neighbours take my Husband for an Honest Man; yet they wonder that a Man who never govern'd any thing but Goats and Sheep, should be able to Govern Cities. But they whom God affifts, are well aided. I mast tell yee dear Madam, that I intend within these few days to go to Court i my Coach, tho it be but to loite some of our Twittering Ladies. And therefore I desire yee to bid

mr. Husband send me good flore of Money; for the Court's a chargeable Place; where a Loaf of Bread costs Sixpence, and a little Dish of Meat, as they dress it. comes to a Crown; therefore let him, fend to me quickly, for my Tail itches to be jogging. Besides, that my Neighbours tell me if I carry my self and my Daughtex to Court, boily toity alamode in a Lacker Coach, I hall be known by my Husband, and my Husband by me; while the People cry what Ladies are thole, and my Coachman makes answer, The Governour of Barattaria, Sancho Pancha's Wife and Daughter. And shus shall my Husband be known, and I shall be honour'd by

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

every Body as far as Rome it felf. You cannot think how I am troubl'd that our People have gather'd no Acorns as yet; but I will fend you half a Bushel of my own which I pick'd up i' the Woods

my felf: nor is it my fault if they be not as big as Turky Egs.

Book III.

Pray do not forget your Promise of writing to me, which I shall be sure to retaliate with an Answer, and to send you all the news in our Village. My Son Sancho, and Sancha my Daughter, present their humble Service to your Greatness.

She that more desires your acquaintance then to write to yee,

Your Affectionate Servant Teresa Pancha,

The Governour Sancho's Wife.

This Letter was very acceptable to all that heard it: But the Dutchesses Curiofity was not yet satisfy'd, and therefore having obtain'd Don Quixote's permission to open the Letter directed to Sancho, she could not forbear read-

Ear Honey Sancho, I receiv'd thy Letter, and I vow and protest to thee upon the Faith of a Catholick Christian, that I was within two Fingers breadth of running mad for joy. I was so transported, my Chuck, to hear thou wert made a Governour, that I thought I should ha' given the Crow a Pudding. For thou knowst, my dear Chuck, that sometimes sudden Joy as well as violent Sorrow kills. And as for thy Daughter Sancha, she was so ravish'd with delight, that she went Figet, Figet, about the House as if her Tail had been stung with Cowitch. I faw the Suit before my Eyes, had the Dutchesses Necklace about my Neck, held the Letters i my hands, and talkt with the Messenger, and yet I thought my self in a Dream. For who could ha thought that a Goat-keeper should ever have been Governour of Barattaria? But what faid thy old Grandmother, and she was a wife Woman, God rest her Soul, Little knows the Wife that sits by the Fire, how the Wind blows in Hurly Burly swire. I speak this because I hope to see thee one day a Farmer of the Customs or the Excise; for tho they be Offices that fend many to the Devil, yet they bring Grice to the Mill. My Lady Dutchess will tell thee, that I have a desire to go to Court; pray send me word whether thou thinkst it proper or no; for I intend to go i my Coach, because I would not dishonour thee. The Curate, the Barber, nor the Schollar, nay the very Sexton neither will believe thou art a Governour, but say 'tis some of thy Masters Dreams or one of his Frantick Enchantments; and the Schollar threatens to come and tear the Government from thy Shoulders, and cut thy Master of the Simples. For my part I laugh at 'em, when I look upon my Necklace, and the Suit which I am about to fit for thy Daughter. I am to fend my Lady Dutchefs Some Acorns, and I wish they were of Gold; do thou send me some Pearl, enow to make another Necklace, if there be any grow i thy Island.

The news here is that Gaffer Barrueca has marry'd his Daughter to a Sign-Post-Painter, who came to our Town to paint all he met with. The Churchwardens have order'd him to paint the King's Arms over their Pew in our Church, for which they offer'd him an Angel in yellow Gold. He was eight days about it, but could make nothing of it; since that, he has taken a Spade upon his Shoulders. and goes a digging i the Turnep Gardens. Peter Lobo the Crier of Carrots is turn'd Priest and wears a Cassock; but young Minsa the Chandlers Daughter sues him in the Arches upon a promise of Marriage; they say she is with Child by him : but the stiffly denies it. Tother day there march'd a Company of Soldiers through this Village; however they staid long enough to pick up three of our Town Girles. and carry'd'em away along with 'em. I dare not name the Girles, because it may be, they may return when the Soldiers ha' done with 'em. We have had few Olives this Year, neither is there any Vinegar to be got for Love or Money. Sancha makes Cabbidg-Nets, and gets her Sixpence a day, which she lays up for her Portion, only a little she spends in Apples and Ginger-bread; but now she's a Governours Daughter she intends to go to the Dancing-School. Testerday a violent clap of Thunder broke down the Gallows, I wish it had stood a little longer for some bodies sake. I expect thy Answer about my going to Court. So God send thee a long Life and a merry; and the same I wish to my self; for I would not willingly leave thee behind me.

Thy Wife Teresa Pancha.

These Letters were a pleasant Divertisement, solemniz'd and admir'd by the Duke and all the rest of the Company. And to compleat their Mirth, at the same time the Courrier enter'd, that brought Sancho's Letter to Don Quixote, which was read publickly, and indeed start!'d all the Hearers who took the Governour for a Fool. To whom we are now to return, as being the Flowre and Mirrour of all Mankind that ever govern'd Islands.



The Adventure of the Enchanted Head.

page 570.



Don Quixot conquer'd by the Knight of the White Moon page 581.

THE

## FOURTH BOOK

Of the Ingenious KNIGHT

## Don Quixote

DELA

# MANCHA.

### PART II.

#### CHAP. I.

Containing the toilsome Conclusion of Sancho Pancha's Government.

Here is nothing certain in this World, cry'd Cid Hamet, the Mahometan Philosopher: The Seasons devour one another; Time passes away; Day swallows Night, and Night the Day; yet all things in their order still appear agen: Only the Life of man runs headlong to its end, and labours under short Vicissitudes, not able to call any thing his own, nor Master of his present Enjoyments. But this same Moral Resection of our Author is not here to be supposed as meant by him in its sull and universal extent, it being plain, that he intended it only to shew the Instability of Sancho's Fortune, cropp'd in the Bud of his Preserment, and thrown from the Pinnacse of his Honour to the mean degree from whence he rose, ere he had time to look about him; so that his Government so happily begun, seem'd only to be a Dream; and that he wak'd out of his Sleep when he return'eto his former Condition.

For it was now but the feventh Night of his Rule, when the careful Governour had betaken himfelf, tho late, to his Reft, with his Belly more full of dispatch of Business then Vittles, either sumptuous or homely; and more tird with labouring the Reformation of Abuses, and studying the good of the People under his Care, then with the nocturnal Toils of drinking and gaming. And now he thought to have refreshed his animal Spirits with Sleep, and was beginning to close his Eyes, when of a sudden he heard most dreadful Out-cries, the Bells rung backward, and the confused noises of Tmunit and Uproar at once invaded his Ears, as if his Island had been sinking

Book IV.

finking to the bottom of the Ocean. Prefently he started upon his Breech, and listen d like a Hare in her Form, as attentive as an old Woman at a Lecture, and full of Meditation how far this Hurly Burly might concern him. But while he was thus musing, without the Gift of Divination, the Drums and Trumpets gave a fresh Alarum; and what with the Bawling and Cries of the People i'the Street, what with the hideous Jangling of the Bells, there was fuch a Doom's day Clutter, that the Bolts of Sancho's back fide were ready to fly open. Up he leapt out of his Bed, and opening the Chamber-door in his Shirt, he faw above twenty of his Subjects making with all speed toward him through a long Gallery, with their Flambeaus lighted in one Hand, and their Swords glittering in the other, crying out, Arm, arm, my Lord Governour, the Enemy is already i' the Island, and we are all undone and lost for ever, unless affisted by your Valour and Prudence. In this pannick Consternation approaching the Governour, one cry'd out, Arm, for Heavens sake, arm, Sir, or certain Bondage attends both you and all your Sub-

What would ye have Me arm for, quo Sancho, who know nothing what belongs to Arms? - If your danger be so great, send for Don Quixote my Master, he'll dispatch your Enemies in the twinkling of an Eye. For as I'm a Sinner to Heaven. I understand not what belongs to these things. Oh, my Lord Governour! what a cowardly Excuse is this? Arm, Sir, for the love of Mercy, arm; will you abandon us in our necessity, we that bring you Arms offensive and defensive? --- Shew your felf a Governour, you that are our Captain and Governour. Why then arm me with a Vengeance, quo Sancho, fince I must be arm'd. With that they brought him two long Bucklers as he stood in his Shirt, and ty'd the one behind upon his Back, and the other before upon his Breaft, leaving out both his Arms, and fastining the Shields to his Body as hard as well they could bind 'em with tough Leathern Thongs. So that the poor Governour was clos'd up like a Heater in a Smoothing Iron, not able fo much as to bend his Knees. And now having thus cas'd him, they befought him to lead em on, and head em against the Enemies, telling him withal, that they were assur'd of Victory, having him for their Commander. Well! but how d' ye think I am able to go now, thus squeez'd as I am, like a Bag of sweet Almonds in a Potecary's Press? You must 'een carry me to the Place where you would have me to stand, and I'le defend that fingle Spot either with my Lance, or my Iron Body—that's all I can do, that I know of. No, no, - my Lord Governour, tis your fear, not the weight of your Armour that stiffens your Legs-Move Sir, move, the Alarum grows hotter and hotter, the Enemy's at hand, and delay redoubles our danger. Poor Sancho thus taunted and upbraided, endeavour'd to put on, but the first step he took threw him to the ground at his full length, where he gave over all his Bones for Broken. Nor was it possible for him to rise again, but there he lay like a massie Tortoise, or like a great Boat overturn'd upon the Sands, with the Keel upward. Nor had those drolling Cannibals the Compassion of Hangmen upon him as he lay; but on the other fide, they put out their Lights, and making a hideous Hurly burly, and clattering with their Swords, as if it had been the Battel of Lepanto, they trampled to and agen upon the poor Governours body, and by and by laying on upon his Buckler, like Farriers making Horse-shoes, they put the disconsolate and helpless Governour into such a Fright, that he lay sweating like a piece of Beef in an Oven, and praying for Deliverance from the curfed Trade of governing of Islands. Some kick'd him, some fell upon him for the nonce; and one ungracious Hang dog jump'd full upon him, and there stood for some time, like a General encouraging his Souldiers, and giving Orders, crying out, There Boys, there, ftop that Gap, make good that Ground, down with those Scaling Ladders, bring more melted Pitch, more Bombs, more Granado's, fly Boys, fly, and fetch more scalding Tallow. In short, he bawl'd out for all the dismal Trinkets, and killing Instruments of Murder he could think of, and pour'd out so thick, and so fast such a thundering Peal of hard Names, that Sancho lay in his Shell half murder'd with the found of the words; and near expiring with Fear, quo he to himself, Would to God this Island were taken once, and I either well i' my Grave, or else deliver'd from this unsufferable Torment.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

At length Heaven heard his fost Ejaculations, and when he least expected it, he heard em cry Victory, Victory; courage Mr. Governour, the Enemy's put to flight: Rise, my Lord, cry'd another, rise, my Lord, and come and share with us the Fruits of our Conquest. Help me up, cry'd Sancho in a doleful and lamentable Tone. And when they had fet him upon his Legs; The Enemy that I ha' kill'd, quo he, let him come and drive a Nail i' my Forehead; and therefore divide the Spoils among your felves. I ha' nothing to fay to 'em. But if I have any one Friend here, let him give me a Gill of Brandy, for I am ready to faint; and for Heaven's fake let me have a Towel, for I am all over in a Water. Thereupon they gave him a draught of Sack, wip'd him dry, and uncas'd him; at what time finding himself at Liberty, and going to rest himself upon his Bed, what with the Fright, and what with his being violently teaz'd and harass'd, he fell into a Swoon: Insomuch that they who had acted the Droll, began to repent that they had carry'd their Pastime so high. But that pious Qualm was foon over, when they faw him revive agen, which he did in a little

No fooner was he come to himself, but he ask'd what 'twas a clock?' They answer'd, just break of day. Upon that, without saying a word more, he drest himself with all the speed imaginable; the Company admiring all the while both at his haste and his silence. But he having dress'd himself, not without some Member-twitches ye may be sure, observing his first reservidness, and taking no notice of any body, trudg'd toward the Stable, follow'd however by all the Company, and coming within a hairs breadth of his Grizz'e, he embrac'd the dumb Beast, kis'd his Forehead, and with Tears in his Eyes, Come hither, my Joy, said he, the faithful Companion and Consolation of my Miseries. When thee and I livid together, and had a right understanding one of another, then all my Cares were only to get Vittles for thee, and look after thy Pack-saddle; happy were my Days, my Months, and Years. But when I forfook thee, and clamber'd up the Towers of Pride and Ambition, a thousand Hardships, carking Thoughts and Tribulations have harras'd my very Soul, and plung'd me over head and ears in Miserie. At the same time he saddl'd his Als, and got upon her Back; and then addressing himself to the Steward, the Doctor, and the rest of the Company, Open the Gate, said he, and let me return to my former Liberty, suffer me good now, to seek my old Course of Life, that I may rise again from that same death that buries me here alive. I find I am not born to be a Governour, nor to defend Islands against Fools and Knaves: I better understand how to go to Plough and Cart, and fill a Dung-pot, then to make Laws, and govern Cities and Provinces. St. Peter lives at Rome, that is to fay, let every Man mind the Employment he was bred to. A Spade does better in my Hand, then a

Book IV.

Marshal's Truncheon: And I had rather have a Sop in a Mess of Onion-Broth, then lie at the Mercy of a Son of a Whore Mountebanck, that would starve me to death before he can find what's proper for me to eat. I can fleep as well under an Oak i'the Summer, and i'the Winter nuzzl'd up in an Irish Rugg, as in the best Holland Sheets that ever were spun. Give me a good warm Kentilb Cloth, and the Devil take your Foins and your Furs for me. Once more, Gentlemen, farewel, and tell my Lord Duke from me, that naked I came, and naked I return; I have neither won nor loft; without a Farthing I came into the Island, and without a Farthing I leave it, quite contrary, I am fure, to the Custom of other Governours. Good night and good morrow, Gentlemen, and fo let me pass, and go seek out a Surgeon, for i'my Conscience all my Bones are broken; God reward my Enemies that stamp'd upon my Back like so many Fencers.

You will not be thus unkind, I hope, good my Lord Governour, reply'd the Doctor, I will give you a Balsom to drink, that shall ease all your Pains, and restore ye to your former Vigour. And then for your Diet.

vou shall eat what you please, and as long as you please.

'Tis too late, Mr. Doctor, reply'd Sancho; I thank ye for your Balfoms, but you shall as soon make me turn Turk as stop me. By the Lord Harry, if ever ye catch me panting after Governments agen, I'le give ye leave to make a Whistle o' my Tail. No, no, Mr. Glister-pipe, I find you don't know the Pancha's; for when they fay 'tis odd, it shall be odd, in spite of all the World. Go too then, let's begon, and leave behind us those Flies Wings that would ha' been wanting me up i' the Air to eat Swallows. Now fair and foftly; when pinkt Cordovan Pumps fail us, good Neats-Leather will carry us through thick and thin. Every Sheep to her Mate; and let us not be more Beasts than the Wolf that devours us. And so let me go; 'tis late.

My Lord Governour, quo the Steward, Heaven forbid that we should stop your Lordship; yet we cannot but let you know how much it grieves us to part with such a person, whose Merit and Chirstian Behaviour has so highly oblig'd us. But you know that every Governour when he knows his Employment, is bound to give an Account of his Administration. Be pleas'd therefore to give an Account of yours, and we shall detain ye no longer. No body has power to call me to an Account, reply'd Sancho, unless it be the Duke himself, and to him it is that I am going; tho it may well be thought, that a Man that goes away penniless, as I do, has had no great Bargain of his Administration. Before George, cry'd the Doctor, the Great Sancho is in the Right, and therefore we ought to let him go; besides that I that the Duke has a great defire to fee him. Thereupon they all agreed to let him pass, proffering withal to attend him, and furnish him with what he wanted for his Journey. Sancho thank'd'em for their Civility, but told 'em that all he desir'd, was a little Barley for his Ass, and a piece of Bread and Cheese for himself. With that they embrac'd him, and took their leaves; and then Sancho gave them his Benediction, and fet forward, leaving the Company in Admiration of his rational Discourses, and his sudden Refolution.

#### CHAP. II.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Containing several things that tend to the Illustration of this History, and no other.

HE Duke and the Dutchess who desir'd nothing more then to divertise themselves, resolv'd that Don Quixot's Challenge should not fleep. And the the Country Lad were fled into Flanders, for fear of being Madam Doroty's Son-in-law, they made choice of a Galcoyn Lacquey to supply his Room, whose Name was Tofillos; to whom they gave Instructions before hand how to play his Game. The Duke also told Don Quixote, that within two days his Antagonist would return, and four days after that, would meet him arm'd at all Points to maintain, that the young Damfel was a Strumpet and ly'd to fay that he had ever promis d her Marriage. Don Quixote was over joy'd at the News, as one that long'd for an opportunity to shew the Extent of his Courage, and the Strength of his Arm in such good Company; and therefore waited as impatienly for the end of these

four days, as a Lover for the appointed hour of an Assignation.

Now therefore while Don Quixote lies idle, let us see what becomes of poor Sancho, who was now upon the Road, better fatisfy'd to find himself upon the Back of his faithful Grizzle, then afflicted for the loss of his Government. Nor was he got far from his Island, or City, or Village, for we could never yet tell what it was, before he met fix Pilgrims, with their Staves, of that merry fort, that beg finging, like your Sweet Singers of Israel. So soon as they drew near him, they divided themselves, and furrounding his Ass, fell a finging all together, but in such a kind of Pedlers French, that Sancho could not understand a word they said, but only the Word Alms; by which he conjectur'd, that 'twas Money they wanted. Thereupon, being a very charitable person, as Cid Hamet reports him, he pull'd out half his Bread and Cheese, and gave it 'em, makeing signs withal, that he had nothing else to give 'em. They gladly receiv'd his kindness, but still not so satisfy'd, they still cry'd out, Guelt, Guelt. Friends, quo Sancho, y' good faith I do not understand this Gibberish of yours. Thereupon one of the Gang pull'd out a Purse out of his Bosome, and shew'd it to Sancho, shaking it as he held it in his Hand. But he putting his Thumbto his Throat, and extending his four fingers toward his Mouth, made a fign that he had not a Farthing; and so was riding on as fast as he could: at what time one of the Pilgrims calling him to remembrance, made him ftop; and clipping him about the middle, Good God! faid he, Who's this? What, my old Friend Sancho? 'Tis he I'm fure, for I am not yet drunk. Sancho was strangely surprized to hear himself call'd by his Name, and to fee himfelf fo lovingly hugg'd by the Pilgrim, that he fix'd his Eyes upon him for fome time without speaking a word; but for all his looking and gaping, he could not, for the life of him, tell who he was. So that the Pilgrim beholding Sancho's Amazement, What, faid he, don't you know your old Acquaintance, Ricot the Moor, that fold Hogs Cheeks and Chitterlings i your Town? Then Sancho calling him to mind, and hugging him about the Neck, as he fate upon his Afs---- Who the Devil, quo he, could ever ha' known Ricot the Moor in this same strange Disguise? Why how durst thou return into Spain? --- y' good faith I would not be i'thy Coat, shouldst thou be discover'd. If thou dost not betray Zzz

me, Sancho, quo the Pilgrim, no Man living can know me i'this Habir. But let us get out sthe Road, and retire to yonder Wood, where the reft of my Comrades are refolv'd to repose themselves: there thou shalt dine with us too; for they are choice Lads, Ile affure thee, and fuch as will please thy Humour; and there I shall have leisure to tell thee how I have fpent my time fince I was forc'd to leave the Village. And so saying, he return'd to his Company; with whom after he had jabber'd a while, they went all together to the Wood, where, after they had laid by their Pilgrims Staves, and their Shoulder-Blankets, they were almost naked. They were a Knot of brisk young Gusmans, notable Tongue Pads, lov'd ease and a merry life, but car'd not how they came by what they had. Onely Ricot was fomewhat stricken in years, and by confequence Master of Misrule. Every one carry'd his Wallet, and that well furnish'd too. They wanted not their good Bits, nor their Shoeing horns to draw down good Liquor. especially Bolony Sawcidges and Caveer: special Saints where the Devil

wore the Cross. Nature had furnish'd 'em with a Table-cloth, which was the green Grass; fo that the Cloth being laid, every one clubbing according to what Fortune had fent him, presently there was a comfortable appearance of Bread. Salt. Knives, Nuts, halfe Cheefes; and some Bones on which there were still some good pickings left, together with feveral Pots of Caveer: Olives they had also good store, tho none of the moistest. But the chief Glory of the Feast, was fix Bottles of Wine, every one contributing his share; and Ricot, who was now transform'd from a Moor to a Dutchman, pretended above all the rest, to have a choice piece of the Pipe next the Wall. To be short, to't they went tooth and nail, for they were too sharp fet to make use of their Knives; and then finding drouth stealing upon 'em, all at once they lifted up their Arms, and turning the bottoms of their Bottles up i' the Air, with their Eyes devoutly fix'd upon the Skies, they fuffer'd the precious Liquor to stream down their Throats, moving their heads all the while like Puppets in a Show, to fignifie the Raptures they were in. Nor could you fay they were Jades, for they drew after the manner of Men, with Deliberation, not like Horses. Sancho admir'd this harmonious fashion of Drinking; and to shew he was able to bear his part in such a Consort, and that when he was at Rome, he could do as they did at Rome, he defir'd Ricot to lend him his Bottle; and when he had it at his Mouth, he gave 'em to understand, that he wanted neither Method nor Breath. At what time one of the Pilgrims giving Sancho his right hand, God-a mercy Spaniard, well done Dutchman, quo he, the Bottle makes good Companions I fee \_\_\_ As good as ever wet Whiftle, quo Sancho, Ho—ho—ho— and then holding his fat Sides, he fell a shewing his two rows of broad Teeth for half an hour together, no more concern'd for the loss of his Government, then for the loss of a Scape, that will away. Four times they rang the fame Peal, but 'twas impossible to ring the fifth; for by that time they had not left a Supernaculum drop to drown a Nit, which turnd their Mirth into Sorrow. However, as their Bellies were full, their Bones defir'd to be at rest; and so five of the seven fell fast alleep. Only Sancho and Ricot having weighty Concerns to difcourfe of, betook themselves under the covert of a Hedge, where Ricot having chang'd his Language, thus began:

Sancho, faid Ricot, thou well knowst how I was compell'd to fly the Kingdom upon the King's fevere Proclamation. I do confess, I cannot blame His Majesty; for to my Knowledge my Countrymen had very dangerous Deligns against him; and therefore I think he was inspired by Heaven to expel

The Renowned Don Quixote. Book IV.

expel those Snakes out of the Bosom of his Kingdom. For my part I was in nothing their Confederate, as being a good Christian and no Moor. But finding my felf wrapt up in the same danger with the rest of my Countrymen, I thought it not fafe to abide where there was no fecurity for me. For that reason it was, as thou knowst, that I lest our Town, and went into France, with some other of my acquaintance, where after I had flaid awhile, having a running Pate of my own, I travel'd into Italy, and from thence into Germany; where me-thought I lik'd the humour of the People, as not being so inquisitive and prying into their Neighbours affairs, and living with more freedom, and more fociably one with another; besides, that every one enjoys the Liberty of his own Conscience. This made me make sure of a Dwelling in a Village neer Auspurgh, where I met with these Pilgrims, who make it their Business frequently to visit the Shrines of the Spanish Saints, which they look upon as their Mines of Peru, as being certain to be no losers by their Journey. For which purpose they ramble all the Kingdom over, not missing a Village, where they are sure to meet with some good Prog or other, and many times ready Silver with the Kings Picture fairly engraven. And they husband their business so well, that at the end of their Travels they are able to muster up a hunder'd Crowns in a bright heap, which they change into Gold and croud into the hollow of their Staves, or quilt into their Mantles; and are so industrious as to scape all searches at their going out of the Kingdom.

Now my design in returning hither is to fetch a certain parcel of Money that I buried upon my departure out of the Realm; which I may the better do, in regard it is in a place quite out of the Town. And having done that, I intend to go and fetch my Wife and my Daughter out of Barbary, and return into Germany agen. For I am sure my Wife and my Daughter are as good Catholicks and as true Christians as my self. Only I wonder, Sancho, that my Wife should rather choose to go for Barbary then into

France, where she knew she might live like a Christian. That was none of thy Wives fault, quo Sancho, for her Brother-in-Law to my knowledg took her along with him, and she made him her Companion the rather, believing he could best provide for her, as being a rank Moor. But Neighbour, my fears are that thou go'ft in vain to look after thy hidden Treasure: Alas— alas— the Bird's flown. For the report was hot among us, that they had feiz'd a great Quantity of Pearls and Gold which thy Wife and thy Brother-in-Law were privately conveighing away. That may be Sancho, reply'd Ricot, but I am fure they have not met with my Hoord, for I never told fo much as my Wife where I had hid my concerns for fear of the worst. And therefore if thou wilt go along with me and help me to carry off this Money, I will give thee two hunder'd Crowns, and that will be better to Thee, then a flap with a Fox Tail.

I would do it withal my Heart, reply'd Sancho, but I am not covetous; for if I had lov'd Money, I would nere ha' quitted an Employment, as I did this Morning, wherein I might ha' got enough to ha' tild my House with Gold if I would ha' stai'd, and before fix Months had been at an end, might ha' fed my Horses in Silver Mangers. And therefore because I believe it would be a piece of Treason to the King, to serve his Enemies, I would not go with thee, tho thou wouldst double the Sum, and pay it me down in ready Cash. What Employment prithee Sancho, is this which thou hast so

Self-denyingly left? quo Ricot. Why, I have left the Government of an Island; and such an Island that there is not the like of it again i' the World; tis above a quarter of a League Z z z 2

League in Compass. Where does this Island lye? quo Ricot. Where does it lye? quo Sancho, about two Leagues off, and it is call'd the Island of Cheap-side. What dost mean, Sancho? reply'd Ricot; be there any Islands upon the main Land? Why not? quo Sancho- I tell thee, I parted from thence this Morning; and last night I commanded it like an Emperor; yet I left it, because 'tis my Judgment, that the Office of a Governour is not only troubulesom, but very dangerous. And what didst get during thy Government? quo Ricot. What the Catt left i' the Malt, quo Sanchoonly I learnt that I was not born to be a Governour, unless it were over a Flock of Sheep; and then agen, I learnt that Governours get their Wealth by watching and toyling, and hunger and drougth. For in Islands Governours never eat, especially if they have Physicians to take care of their

Who the Devil should this be, quo Ricot, that was such a Fool to give thee an Island to Govern? could he find out no body to Govern his Island but such a Gee-ho-man as thou? Certainly Sancho, thou dreamst and tak'ft fool's Paradife for an Island --- Come --- come --- come along with me and help me away with my Money—there will be the Bird i' thy hand. I ha' told thee my Resolution already————let it suffice that I make no discoveries, and so adieu- He that will dre well must live well- and he gains enough that scapes an ill offer - and Goods ill got seldom prosper. Well -Sancho, quo Ricot, I'le press thee no farther—but little dost thou know what a Shoe thy Horse has lost —— And now prithee tell me—wer't thou i' the Town when my Brother carry'd away my Wife and my Daugher? Yes I was, by the same token there was such crowding to see thy Daughter, as if it had been at a Show, and every body cry'd, there goes the Primrose of Spain. 'Tis thought there were young Men enow that would ha' lockt her up i' their Cabinets, she was such a Jewel. Among the rest, they fay the young Rich Batchelour Peter Gregory was mad for her-The truth is, he hath never been seen i' the Town since she went—which makes fome think, that he is run a Wild-Goofe chace after her. Death o' the Devil, quo Ricot, I always thought that young Whipster had a Plot upon my Daughter but I hope the Girl's honest, or at least that she knows how to play her Game wifely --- For I must tell yee, your inamour'd Christians will many times play a young Virgin a Heathenish Trick, if she does not look well to her felf -- And so farewel honest Neighbour --- Farewel, quo Sancho, and good Fortune attend thee. With that Ricot return'd to his Fellow Pilgrims, who by this time had fetch'd out their Naps, and Sancho continu'd his Journey.

#### CHAP. III.

What befel Sancho upon the Road, which is all Truth.

BUT this same Story of Father Ricot had kept Sancho so long, that before he could reach within a League of the Castle it grew dark, so that Sancho was forc'd to feek out for the next Summer Lodging he could find. But his unfortunate Hour being come, fo it happen'd, that poor Grizzle, not seeing her way, tumbl'd of a sudden into a deep Cellar, which belong'd to the Ruins of an old House that had formerly stood in that Place. Sancho perceiving himself a going, as he thought to the Center

of the Earth, had all his Prayers at his Fingers end. But there was no need of so much Devotion; for by that time he had descended the depth of two Stories, difmay'd Grizzle lighted upon her Feet like a Cat. and made a full stop. Presently Sancho began to consider the Condition of his Bones, held his Breath, and felt upon his Nose to try whether any Blood came, and finding himself found in all his Members, gave thanks to Heaven in the first place for his deliverance from the Abyss. Then lighting from his Ass, he felt about to examin whether there might be any passage; but none could be found. The Walls were fo fteep and high, that there was no footing for a Mouse. On the other side poor Grizzle's Lamentations peirc'd his Ears; and not without Reafon, whilst her Crickling Hams were hardly able to support the weight of her Body. Sancho therefore to comfort her in her milery, Ah, poor Soul, cry'd he, how many are the unfortunate and unexpected Calamities that befal us Mortals in this Vale of forrow, call'd the World! Who would have thought that he who but vesterday sate in the Throne of an Island Governour, should now be found buried in a bottomless Pit without Slaves or Servants to assist him! All our Comfort is in speedy Death, thou dying of thy Hurts, and I of Mortal Hunger, or grief to fee thee go before me. There is nothing but good and bad Luck i' this World - We are fall n below the hopes of fuccour, when Don Quixote could find a Table ready spread at the bottom of Montesinos's Dungeon. His Bed was made in a fecond Hell against his coming, and pleasant Visions attended him; while we are like to be Companions for none but Toads and Serpents. Unfortunate, whether will my Folly and my fond Imaginations hurry me ! Had we dy'd at home and among our Friends, we should ha' found those that would ha' clos'd our Eyes at the point of Death, and seen us layd in our Graves.

The Renowned Don Quixote.

Oh! my Dear Companion and Friend, how ill do I reward thee for all thy Faithful Services! But pardon me, for 'tis none of my fault - and therefore implore of Fortune the best thou canst, to deliver us out of this Plunge, and thou shalt see I will not prove Ingrateful. Thus Sancho complain'd, but whatfoe're she thought, the afflicted Grizzle answer'd not a word. Her pains were fo great, that she could not study Complements in

return of her Masters Kindness.

Book IV.

At length the Sun appear'd once more, and Sancho finding then the Impossibility of getting forth without help, he set up his Throat like a Cryer of Flounders; but he was far from Neighbours. So that now altogether helpless and despairing, he cast his Eyes upon Grizzle, and seeing her stretcht forth upon the Ground, as he thought with Tears in her Eyes, he went to her and perswaded her to rise; which with much ado, by means of his affistance, at last she did; and then, as tender of her as of his old Bedrid Mother, he gave her for a Cordial all the Bread he had in his Wallet; telling her withal, that Vittles did well in Affliction. In the highth of this Disconsolation, at length he perceiv'd a hole in the Wall of the Cellar, wide enough for a Man to pass thorough, which led into a Vault, that seem'd to enlarge it self the farther it extended.

Thereupon Sancho fell to work, and being a Man of Labour, and one that knew what belong'd to digging, he so well bestir'd his hands and his Nails, that in a short time he had open'd a passage for his Ass. Then taking her by the Halter, he led her along fair and foftly through the Vault, fometimes in the light, sometimes i' the dark; but still perplex'd with a thousand fears and frightful Imaginations. Heavens defend me, said he, what a Heart of a Gudgeon have I! This were now a fit Adventure for my Master-

Master- He would fancy these Profundities and Ruins for lovely Gardens and magnificent Palaces, and expect to be led out of these Obscurities into some Celestial Paradise. While luckless I, depriv'd of all my Sences, and fainting every step I take, am still afraid of every Chink I see, lest it should be some cunning Trap-door of Satan's to send me Post to his Infernal Mansions.

With these doleful Lamentations, and despairing Thoughts, Sancho crept on flowly about half a League; but then the Day began to come in so bright and comfortable, that he began to be somewhat refresh'd, in hopes his deliverance was at hand. But here Benengeli leaves him awhile to return to Don Quixote, who impatiently expected the Day appointed for the Combat between him and the Dishonourer of Madam Doroties

Daughter.

In the Interim, it was his constant Course to ride out Rosinante every Morning to air and keep him in breath, that he might not fail him in his Necessity. Now to see how strangely Fortune will bring her conceits about; for it so fell out, that the same Morning that Sancho was in Lob's Pound, Rosinante being upon the Gallop, pitch'd both his Fore Legs upon a yielding piece of Ground, that discover'd a villanons Hole by the fall of the Earth; and into which both Horse and Champion had tumbl'd without redemption, had not Don Quixote by his Skill and Dexterity forc'd Rosinante, contrary to his confiderate Humour, to take a faving leap. And now Don Quixote, being out of danger, would needs satisfie his Curiosity; to which purpose, wheeling about, he rode up to the Hole, which he found to be wide and large, as if it had been the Mouth of another Montesinos's Cave. But this was not all; for while he was attentively musing, and making way for a thousand Crotchets that were crowding into his Noddle, he thought he heard a Voice that utter'd these words in a Mournful tone. Ah, woe is me, is there no good Christian that hears me, no Charitable Knight to take compassion of a Sinner, and Succour a driffresfed Governour, that knew not how to Govern the Reins of his own Beaft?

Presently Don Quixote fancy'd that this must be Sancho's Voice; and for his better fatisfaction, with a roaring Sound, Who's that below, quo he, that makes those doleful Complaints? Who should it be, to his forrow cry'd Sancho, but the most wretched of Men, Sancho Pancha, for his Sins, and the punishment of his Transgressions, made Governour of the Island of Barattaria, formerly Squire to the most Famous Don Quixote de la Mancha.

These words redoubl'd Don Quixote's Amazement; for immediately it came into his Pate that Sancho was dead, and that his Soul was in Purgatory. Full of those Imaginations, I conjure thee, cry'd he, by all that can conjure thee, to tell me who thou art; and if thou art a Soul in Purgatory, let me know what is thoudift have me do to give thee ease. For as my Profession obliges me to succour all that are afflicted in this World, so am I bound to relieve the distresses of those that are helpless in the other World. Surely, Sir, 'twas answer'd from below, by the Tone of your Voice, you should be the Valiant Knight Don Quixote de la Mancha. My name is Don Quixote, reply'd the Knight, and my Profession it is to affift and comfort the Dead as well as the Living. Tell me then who thou art thy self? for if thou be'st Sancho, and dead, provided thou art not already i' the Devils Clutches, but only detain'd in Purgatory, there is that Mercy still on Earth that can redeem thee from those Pains, and for my part I shall do whatever lyes in my power. But tell me then fincerely and quickly, who thou art?

Why then, reply'd the Voice, As one Christian may believe another. I do swear and make oath, that I am Sancho Pancha your Squire, and that I never was dead yet i' my Life. Only fince I quitted my Government, for reasons now too long to tell yee, last night I fell into this Cave, where I am still because I know not how to get out, and Grizzle with me, that will not fuffer me to Lve; and immediately as if the As had understood what her Master said, she fell a Ronking so strenuously in confirmation of her Mafters Affidavit, that you wou'd ha' fworn there had been a thousand Asfes braving together i'the Cavern. I need no other Testimony, reply'd Don Quixote, I see thou art my real Squire, Sancho -- stay therefore till I gallop to the Castle and fetch more Company to help thee out. Make hafte I befeech yee, Sir, quo Sancho, and come quickly agen, for my Imprisonment here is very tedious, and my Guts ready to go together by the ears with my Stomach.

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE.

543

Away Don Quixote posted to give the Duke and Dutchess an accompt of the Difafter that had befall'n Sancho; but they were strangely surprized to hear that Sancho had deferted his Government, before they had Information of it. However they fent their Servants with Ropes and Ladders. who with much Labour and Industry, at length recover'd Sancho and his Grizzle from uncomfortable Darkness to behold once more the light of the

Book IV.

At what time a certain Schollar standing by, that had never seen Sancho before, 'Twere well, said he, that all such Governours might leave their Governments as this Shack-rag of a Governour has done, half starv'd to death, and as I believe without a Cross in his Pocket. What's that you say, Mr. Coffee-board-Censurer? quo Sancho 3º Tis now eight days since I enter'd upon this Government which they gave me, and in all that time I have nere had my Belly full but once. I have been perfecuted by a Physician; my Enemies have trampl'd me under their Feet; fo that I had not time to rob or pillage. Which being fo, I think I deserv'd a better passage out, then through the Gates of Hell. But Man proposes, and God disposes: He knows what best suits with every Mans Condition - We must take our lot as it falls-There's no Man can fay I will not drink of this Water --- We count our Chickens before they be hatch'd— But I say no more, whatever I think—

Nere trouble thy felf, friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, fo thy Conscience be free, let the World talk at random, as it uses to do, 'tis not a Pin matter what the best of 'em prate over their Parch'd-Bean-Porridge. They that go about to tye Fooles Tongues, may as foon carry the City Gates to Highgate. If a Governour returns Rich from his Government, then they fay he has been an Oppressour; if Poor, then they call him Simpleton and Ill-Husband. Truly, quo Sancho, they that call me Simpleton, I think are not much out of the way; but for a Fleecer or an Oppressour, I defie all the

World.

In the midst of these and such like Discourses, with a great number of Boys and fuch fort of Rabble at their Heels, they at length arriv'd at the Castle, where the Duke and the Dutchess waited for their coming in one of the Galleries; but Sancho was refolv'd to dispence with all Ceremonies and Complements, till he had feen his Grizzle well litter'd and meated. Which done, away he went to attend their Excellencies; at what time throwing himself upon his Knees, My Lord, said he, I have been to govern your Island of Barattaria, whether your Excellencies sent me, and which was more your kindness then my desert. Naked I enter'd, and naked I return. Whether I govern'd well or ill, there are some in this Room that can tell; and

let them tell, if they please, that can tell better then I can. I unriddl'd hard Questions, I determin'd Differences, and all the while ready to eat my Fingers ends for hunger, thanks to Dr. Pedro Puncinello of Ditto in Pomerania, Executioner in Ordinary to the Devil. At night the Enemy fell upon me, and after they had almost trampl'd me to Death, the Islanders cry'd out, that the strength of my Arm had got 'em the Victory; and if 'twere fo, Mitch que ditch 'em with their Victory; but I desire 'em to get some body else to conquer for 'em next time. However it were, I did my utmost to performe all the Duties of a Governour, but I found that my Shoulders were not firong enough to bear the burthen, and that I was not cut out for a Ruler. So that I was refolv'd, before the Government left me, to leave the Government. And so vesterday Morning I quitted the Island as I found it, with the same Streets and the same Houses, just cover'd as they were when I first enter'd. I borrow'd of no body, nor made any Provision for rainy days--- Tis true indeed I intended to have made some wholsome Laws, but I made none, because I did not find the People difpos'd to keep 'em. Thus as I faid before, I quitted the Island without any other Company, but only poor Grizzle and my felf. At night we fell both into a Hole, where we staid all night, and might ha' staid till Doomsday, had not Heaven fent my Lord Don Quixote to releive us. And now my Lord Duke and Madam Dutchess, here's your Governour Sancho Pancha agen, who by a Government of ten days has learnt to know fo much of Government, that he would not give a straw for all the Governments i' the World. And fo I humbly kifs your Excellencies Feet, and with your permiffion List my felf again in the Service of my old Master, with whom I have my Belly full, tho many times I take pains for't; yet still I eat; and for my part, provided my Belly be but full, it is all one to me whether of

Thus Sancho concluded his Speech, to the great satisfaction of Don Quixote, who was afraid he would not have so well contain'd himself. The Duke embrac'd him, and told him withal, that he was very forry he had quitted his Government so soon, but that he would take care to find him out some other Employment that should be more beneficial and less troublesome. The Dutchess also was no less kind, giving order that he should want for nothing that her House would afford; which last command so comforted the Cockles of Sancho's Heart, that seiz'd with a Courtier-like rapture, he profess'd their Excellencies Favours were to him more ac-

ceptable then all the Governments under the Sun.

Hafty Pudding or Turky-Powts.

#### CHAP. IV.

Of the strange Combat between Don Quixote and the Lacquey Tosilos, in vindication of Madam Doroties Daughter.

ND now the Story says, the day was come appointed for the long expected Combat; nor had the Duke been wanting to give Tosilos all requisite Instructions how to vanquish his Enemy, and yet neither kill nor hurt him. To which purpose he order'd that the Lances shou'd be disarm'd of their Steel Heads. And to pacifie Don Quixote he made him sensible, that Religion, for which he had so great a Veneration, forbad propense Malice in such Combats as those; and that it was sufficient he had so

play and a clear Stage, where the Conquest would be as honourable tho won by drye Blows only, as by Murder. To which Don Quixote reply'd, that his Excellency had the sole disposal of all things within his own Dominions, and that it was only his duty to obey his Graces Orders.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Book IV.

And now the day for wonders being come, the Duke caus'd a Scaffold to be erected for the Judges of the Combat, and for the Injur'd Ladies that made the Complaint. Nor can you imagin what a noife this Combat had made all over the Country, so that the People flock'd from all parts far and near to behold this terrible Conflict, the like to which had nere been heard of fince the days of Amadis de Gaul. Costermongers with their Apples, Ginger-bread Women and Brandy Booths cover'd all the neighbouring Fields. All the Cuckolds-point and Triple-tree Heath Fairs were nothing to this Inundation of Butchers, Weavers, Dyers, &c. and the shoals of Women and Children that crowded to behold this dreadful Encounter.

The first that appear'd within the Barriers was the Marshal of the Field. who came to furvey the Ground, and fee there were no Pitfalls, nor Plots upon Rosinante. After that enter'd the Complaining Ladies, who seated themselves in their Places, all in close Mourning, that shew'd their Grievance was not fmall, and that they were not fo fad for nothing. By and by, at one end, enter'd the Formidable Skipkennel Tofilos, preceded by a great number of Trumpeters, Tantantararing before him, all enclosed in Bright shinning Iron, as if he had been under the Bone setters Cure for crooked Legs and a hunch Back, mounted on a Steed as big as a Dravmans Horse, but somewhat more fiery; and setting so hard, that he shook the very Earth. Afterwards appear'd the Peerless Champion Don Quixote de la Mancha, whom the Duke had besought to spare his Adversaries Life, and to that purpose to be merciful in his first Career. Tosilos fetch'd a Compass about the Barriers, and at length making a stop right against the two Ladies, cast a leering Eye upon the young Damsel that demanded him in Marriage. On the other fide the Judges of the Field call'd to Don Quixote, and in Tostlos's presence, ask'd the Ladies whether they consented that Don Quixote de la Mancha should defend the Justice of their Quarrel? and whether they would frand or fall by the Fortune of their Champion? All this the Duke and Dutchess, to their great content beheld from a Gallery that was over the Barriers, where the number of Spectators was fuch, that they were almost stifl'd to death.

The Conditions to which the Combatants were oblig'd, were these, That if Don Quizote were the Victor, his Adversary should marry Madam Doroties Daughter; and if he were overcome, then that the Conquerour should be quit of his Promise; and that he should not be bound to make her any satisfaction for the kindness he had receiv'd. Then the Marshal of the Field divided equally between'em the Advantage of the Sun; and assign'd to each his place where they should start. And now both Champions seeming to be ready, the Drums rattl'd, and the Trumpets sill'd the Air with their Martial sounds, that eccho'd back the loud Signals of Battel. At what time the Spectators trembl'd, Don Quixote in pithie Ejaculations bequeath'd his Soul to Heaven and his Body to the fair Dulcinea, and all was sillent of a sudden, in expectation of the siliue of the Fatal event of the sirft

But Testion had other thoughts in his Pate. For the cunning Varlet, as I said before, having beheld the amiable Countenance of his lovely Enemy, immediately happened to be ravished with her Beauty; which that little blind Elf yee call Love no sooner perceived, but as he is one that makes it

his business to improve his Triumphs over poor Mortals, he took his Advantage and shot the poor Skipkennel so smartly it the Ball of his Eye, that he was wounded to the Heart before his Antagonist had touch'd him; so that now no less the slave of Beauty, then he was before his Masters Footman, he forgot what he was to do.

On the other fide, Don Quixote had no fooner heard the fignal given, but clapping Spur to Rosinante, he began to thunder upon his Enemy with the swiftness of a Bomb out of a Morter Piece. At what time Sancho seeing him start, Heavens preserve, cry'd he, the Flowre and Cream of Chivalry-Errant, and grant thee Victory and Conquest according to thy inesti-

mable Merits.

Tosilos saw Don Quixote coming on with a Vengeance; but Love having strangl'd all his Malice, so far was he from making either desence or offence, or any Fence i' the World, that he call'd out three times as loud as he could to the Marshal of the Field, who riding up to him; Sir, said he, is it not the design of this Combat to constrain me to Marry yonder Lady? Yes, reply'd the Marshal—Why then, quo Tosilos, there need no Bloodshed for the Matter—my Conscience is awake—I yield my self vanquish'd; for my Conscience tells me I must marry her; and I am ready to do it before all these Witnesses—This submission of Tosilos put the Marshal of the Field to such a Nonplus, that he knew not what to answer. On the other side Don Quixote stop'd in the middle of his Careere, seeing his Opponent made no resistance. The Duke was amaz'd; nor could he imagin what the matter should be, till being inform'd by the Marshal, he bit his Lips, and call'd his Footman Ten thousand Sons of Whores and Cowardly Dogs, but did not think it a time convenient then to display his Indignation.

In the mean time, Tofilos advancing where the Ladies fate, after a Reverend Obeyfance to the Scaffold; Madam, cry'd he, my Heart relents—I am ready to marry your Daughter without the trouble of Law Suits and Combats, which I dare not undertake without the hazard of my Soult Which words Don Quixote heard, and prefently riding up to the Judges; then, quo he, I am discharg'd of my Promise. The Knight y' good faith, has taken the safest Course; let him een marry the Lady and enjoy the

Fruits of his Repentance.

At the same time the Duke coming down, and applying himself to To-filos; Is it true, Sir Knight, that you yield your Enemy the Conquest, and through remorce of Conscience are resolved to marry the Damsel? 'Tis right what your Lordship says, reply'd the Lacquey. Marry and I think 'tis very well done, quo Sancho—— For what says the Proverb, Give the Cat willingly what thou hast to give her and keep thy self out of trouble.

In the mean time Tostos made haste to unlace his Helmer, and in the Tone of a Penitent call'd out for Assistance to help him off with it, as being so choakt up with his Armour, that he could hardly breath. But then Mrs. Doroty and her Daughter knowing who he was; a Cheat, a Cheat, they cry'd, This is Tostos, the Dukes Footman, suborn'd to counterseit my Daughters Husband—— Justice of Heaven and the King—— This is a piece of Trea-

chery not to be endur'd.

Ladies, quo Don Quixote, never afflict your selves; 'tis neither Cheat nor Treachery— or if there be, I'me sure the Duke is in no fault—But those perpetual Plagues of mine the Necromancers, they are the Traytors that have put this trick upon us, who envying the Honour I should have won by this Combat, have transform'd my Antagonist into the shape of a Footman. And therefore Madam, speaking to the young Damsel, take my

Advice and marry the Knight; for I dare undertake tis the same Person you Challenge, or else I'le be bound to marry my Horse. The Duke heard all this, and tho he were fo mad with his Footman, that he could ha' kickt him to the Devil, yet he could not choose but laugh, to hear how neatly Don Quixote had excus'd him. In truth, faid he, those Accidents that every day befal the Champion of Mancha are every one so extraordinary, that I am easily induc'd to believe this Knight could be none of my Footman. But for our better satisfaction let us defer the Marriage for fifteen days, and in the mean while fecure this Person that has put us into this Confufion; it may be by that time he may resume his former shape. For surely this inveterate Animosity of these Necromancers against my Lord Don Quixore cannot always last, especially, when they shall find that all their tricks and contrivances fo little availe. Oh, Sir, quo Sancho, these Devils of Necromanters are not so soon tir'd, as you think for; they'l not leave my Master so easily, my Life for yours. Where my Master is concern'd, they form and deform, and turn this into that, and that into tother. By the Holy Shrove-Tuesday, 'tis not long ago that they transform'd the Knight of the Looking-Glasses, whom my Master had vanquish'd in open Field, into the Schollar Carrafco, the Schoolmaster of our Village, and our familiar Acquaintance. But for the Lady Dulcinea, our Mistress, what d'yee think they ha' done with her? They ha' chang'd her and chopt her, and chopt her and chang'd her from the fairest Princess alive, into the most desormed Trugmullion that ever was born in Kent-street; and i' good faith, either I am mistaken, or this Footman will be a Footman as long as he lives.

Let him be what he will, reply'd Mrs. Doroties Daughter, if he'll have me, I'le have him; for I had rather be a Lacqueys Wife, then Mistress to a Knight that makes no more Conscience of cheating those he pretends to

relieve.

But at last the Conclusion of all was, that Tossios was secur'd between two Walls, to see whether he would recover his former shape or no. Don Quixote was proclaim'd Victor by general Consent; and the Rabble disperst, very much dejected because the Combatants had not cut one another to pieces to make them sport; according to their wonted Custom, to be forry when there is but one Man to be hang'd, and there comes a Reprieve for him too. As for Mrs. Doroty and her Daughter, they took their disappointment a little heinously; however they were in hopes the Skie would one day fall, and then they should catch Larks. Which was all the present Consolation they had.

#### CHAP. V.

How Don Quixote took his leave of the Duke, and what pass'd between him and the Discreet but Impudent Hoyden Madam Tomboy.

A Tlength Don Quixote, quite tir'd out with the lazie Life which he led in the Caftle, so averse to his Nature, and so opposite to his Profeseffion, he resolved to take his leave of the Duke and be gone. The Duke seem'd very unwilling to part with him; but the Champions reasons were so convincing, that his Grace was forced at last to submit to him that conquer'd as well with his Tongue as with his Arm.

At the same time the Dutchess also gave Sancho his Wives Letter, which he had no sooner heard read, but with Tears in his Eyes, Who would have imagin'd, said he, that the hopes which my Wife conceiv'd at the news of my Advancement, fo foon should vanish into Smoak, and that I should be reduced again to trot after my Unfortunate Mafter in fearch of hunger and broken Bones. However I am glad Terefa was so mindful of her duty as to fend your Ladyship the Acorns; which if she had not done, I should ha? lookt afquint upon her as long as she had liv'd. And I am glad that no Man can fay the Present was any Bribe that ever I receiv'd in the Island, since it came to your Ladyships hands without my knowledge: And tho it be but fmall, yet it shews we are not come of an Ingrateful Generation. In short, naked I went into the Island, and naked I return'd; and unless it be for my Teeth and my Beard, here I am, just as my Mother brought me into the World. These were Sancho's Sentences at his Departure, which I repeat for the Ponderolity of the words, which it behoves not a true Historian to omit.

Don Quixote had taken his folemn leave of the Duke and Dutchess over night, and therefore he was up before the Sun the next Morning, and in a short time appear'd all in Armour mounted upon sober Rosinante ready to be gone, all the Galleries round the Court-yard being fill'd at the same time with \$pectators, curious to behold the Formalities of his departure. Sancho was also got upon his Patient Grizzle with his Cloak-bag and his Wallet, much better furnish'd then he thought he had been, for the Steward by the Dukes order had lin'd it with two hunder'd Crowns in Gold, to defray Expences, which was more then Don Quixote knew. And now being ready to fet forward in the midft of the crowd, the Brazen-fac'd Gipfie Madam Tomboy, casting a Sheeps Eye after him, with a loud, and Amorously melting Voice, breath'd forth the following Madrigale.

> STay, stay, oh stay, remorceles Knight,
> And yet my only Hearts delight? What Nettle stings in thee Britch? Whither, ah, whether dost thou Spur That brok'n winded Hackney, which No Man would give Five Shillings for. Thou Fly st not, Orphans brave defender, From an enraged Vipers Sting, But from a Lamb more soft and tender Then either Swans or Thiftle Down, A Bedfellow for any King, Sound Wind and Limb, and Woman grown. Ill luck attend a Hangman fo uncivil. And Barabbas conduct thee to the Devil.

> > Monster of Men, thou'ast disappointed The fairest Nymph, altho I lay't, That ever with Diana hunted, Or ever did on Venus wait; Eneas thus for look with forn The vainly Fond Phoenician Queen, That quench'd his Heat, her felf to burn; But thou art still more false then he, For I alas, made sure of thee.

Ill luck attend a Hangman fo uncivil, And Barabbas conduct thee to the Devil.

Book IV.

My Heart the Thief has stoll'n too, Prophanely ravilled from my Break; A heart too precious for a few, Tho I did love him. I protest. Nor did the Ruffian flick to pull My Garters from my Legs, and tear Two rich lac d Night Coifes from my Hair, While I am robb d to please his Trull. A thousand Sighs too he has got. No cooling Blafts, but Furnace hot; Enough a thousand Troys to fire, So fiery hot was my Defire. Ill luck attend a Hangman Councivil, And Barabbas conduct thee to Devil.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

May that same Splay-foot Squire of thine Forget his Vows and Spare his Hide; And curst Enchantment still confine Thy Tatter'd Harlot of a Bride. In Bridewell every Friday whipt. And to her Task feverely kept; May The the due Chastisements feel To thy Obdurate Heart of Steel: In thy Adventures wretched prove; To every Tapster forc'd to vield; And may I live to fee fulfill'd The wishes of my scorned Love. Ill luck attend a Hangman so uncivil. And Barabbas conduct thee to the Devil.

After Mrs. Tomboy had thus concluded her Poetical complaint, Don Quixote, who had fix'd a ferious look upon her all the while, return'd her not a word of Answer good or bad, but presently turning about to Sancho. hast thou any Heart or Night-coifs, or Garters, said he, that belong to this Damfel i' thy Cloak-bag? As for any Hearts or Night-Coifes, quo Sancho, no more then upon the back of my Hand—As for the Garters, I wont be so confident. The Dutchess altogether a stranger to this last part of the Game, could not tell what to think of it; for the snew Mrs. Tomboy to be Hoyden and Ramp enough, yet she did not believe her Waiting Gentlewoman would be so familiar with the Knight, as to give him those wanton Opportunities. But the Duke being pleas'd with the Humour, and refolv'd to put it forward; In truth Sir Knight, said he, this was not done like a Gentleman and a Person of Honour, as I took you to be, especially after such a civil Entertainment as you have had here i' my Cafile-Therefore reftore the Lady her Garters agen, or elle upon my word you and I must have a Career for't. To which purpose I sling yee my Glove, and let the Enchanters do their worst with their Transformations. God forbid, quo Don Quixote, that I should draw my Sword against a Perfon fo Illustrious as you are, at whose hands I have receiv'd so many Favours and Kindnesses. As for the Garters I will cause 'em to be restor'd, if

they are to be found; for I ever took Sancho to be honest; but for the Coifs let the Damsel go look for em in her Night-bag, for I never saw nor heard of any such Female Toys of hers i'my Life. I am no Pilserer, my Lord, nor ever was born with that mean and narrow Soul; but this Lady you see talks like one that is in Love, and seeks her revenge because she finds me engag'd to another. So that having no occasion to beg pardon either of her or your Excellency, I only beseech your Excellency to have a better Opinion of me, and to permit me to continue my Journey. Farewel my Lord Don Quixote, reply'd the Duke, and may your good Fortune be such, that we may always be blest with the joyful Tidings of your great Atchievements. Go in Peace, since your Presence does but add fresh Fuel to the Flames which you have kindl'd in these Ladies Breasts, and which your Absence only can cure.

One word more I befeech yee most Valiant Champion, then cry'd Madam Tomboy, I beg your Pardon for laying the Felony of my Garters to your Charge, for i' my Conscience I have 'emon; but the Raptures of my Love were such, that I was like the Butcher, who lookt for his Knise when he had it in his Mouth. And I hope you are so much a Gentleman as to take this acknowledgment before all this Company for sull satisfaction. Marry gap, quo Sancho, my Master had had a great Prize indeed of this Ladys old Garters, as if he had not Money in his Pocket to buy other Princum Prancums, were it the Fashion for Horses to wear Forehead-Knots. Thus Sancho having had the last word, as was his due, Don Quixote bow'd to the Pommel of his Saddle, and after he had made his Obeysance to the Duke and all the Company, he turn'd about and took the Road for Saragosa.

## CHAP. VI.

How Don Quixote met with Adventures upon Adventures, so thick that he knew not which way to turn himself.

ON Quixote once again perceiving himself in the open Field, and free from Mrs. Tomboys Importunities, began to be now more Zealous then ever in the chace of Adventures and discharge of the Duty of his Profession. Liberty, said he to Sancho, is the greatest blessing that Heaven can bestow upon Mankind. Not all the Treasures conceal'd within the Bowels of the Earth, nor what the Sea has fwallow'd up within her vast Abysses, are to be compar'd in any measure with it. We run the hazard of our Lives for the fake of Liberty, as well as for the fake of Honour, accompting servitude the greatest Misery we can endure. Thou wert a Witness, Sancho, of that overflowing Plenty which we met with in the Castle, yet in the midst of all those exquisitely season'd Viands, and delicious Wines as cool as Snow, my thought I fuffer'd the extremity of Hunger, because I did not enjoy em with that freedom as if they had been my own. For the Obligations that lye upon us to make answerable returns for those Kindnessfes, are Knots that a free Soul can never unravel. Happy the Man whom Heaven has bleft, tho but with a Morfel of Bread, for which he has no farther Obligation to any body, but only to Heaven that gave it ----- However, quo Sancho, interrupting his Master, I cannot but think my self oblig'd

for the two hunder'd Crowns in Gold which the Dukes Steward gave me, and which I have here in a Purse, and cherish i' my Bosom, as a facred Relick against Necessity, and a Cataplasm to preserve us from all unlucky Accidents. For, for one Castle where we met with our Bellies sull, we may meet with a hunder'd Inns where we may have our Bones and our Limbs

Book IV.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

bruis'd like Egg-shels. Thus discoursing cogether, the two Adventurers had not rid above a League, before they espy'd about a dozen People in the Habit of Countrymen, fitting at Dinner upon the Grass, and close by em they beheld several white Table Cloaths spread upon the Ground that cover'd some thing that was underneath. Don Quixote rode up to 'em, and after he had giv'n 'em the Time of the Day, he ask'd 'em what they had got under those Linnen Cloaths? Sir, faid one of the Company, they are certain Images that we are going to place upon a new Altar, which we have erected in our Parish Church. We carry em upon our Shoulders for fear they should break, and we cover 'em to keep 'em from the Air and the Dust. I would you would do me the favour to let me see 'em, reply'd Don Quixet. for confidering the care you take of em, they should be Pieces of no small value-You would fay fo, reply'd the other, should we tell you what they cost; for there is nere a Figure that stands us in less then fifty Ducats- and with that, starting up upon his Legs, he took off the Linnen Cloth from one that happen'd to be a George a Horse-back, trampling a terrible Dragon under his Feet, with his Lance in the Monsters Mouth; all as they use to fay, Fire new guilt with Gold. Don Quixote having viewd the Figure, this Knight, said he, was one of the Valiantest Knight-Errants that ever handl'd a Lance. His name was St. George, a great Protectour of Ladies Honour; should a Fellow ha' bragg'd to him of his Familiarity with a Ladv that never faw her in his Life, he would ha' made him chaw'd his Tongue and spit it out agen. What's the next I beseech yee? - Which being uncover'd, prov'd to be St. Martin a Horse back. This Knight, said he, was one of the best natur'd Knight-Errants, that ever put Foot in a Stirrup; for he divided his Cloak with a poor Man, and gave him half; and ris thought 'twas Winter-time, or else he would ha' given it him whole, he was fo Charitable. That was not the reason on't, quo Sancho, but to shew he understood the Proverb, He that lends his whole Breech must shite through his Ribs. Very right Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou wilt ha'thy saying but now to the next. Which being discover'd prov'd to be the Patron of Spain, with his Bloody Sword, mowing down the Moors like Ripe Barley. Ay marry, quo Don Quixote, this was one of the most Famous Knight-Errants that ever fought under the Standard of the Cross; He was call'd St. James, and Sirnam'd the Scourge-Moor: I would not ha' given three Pence for any Mans Life, if he once lay'd his Clutches on him; he was

no less Pious then Valiant, and now rests in Heaven.

The next that appear'd was the Figure of St. Paul, falling from his Horse, with all the Circumstances usually painted, upon his Conversion;—Oh, quo Don Quixore, I know him—this was once the bloodiest Persecutor, and afterwards the greatest Desender of the Christian Faith that ever was in the World—A Knight-Errant for his Course of Life, that was always in motion, but steadfast in the Faith till Death; an Indesatigable Labourer in the Vinyard of Christ, and Pastor of the Gentiles, who deriv'd his Dostrine from Heaven, while the Lord of Heaven vouchsafd to be his Master. And now my good Friends, cry'd Don Quixote, Itake this sight which I have seen for a prosperous Omen to my Undertakings.

these Saints and Knights follow'd the Profession that I do, which is that of Arms: Only that they are Saints, and fought according to the Rules of Holy Discipline; and I am a Sinner, and combat after the manner of Men. They took Heaven by force (for Heaven I must tell yee suffers Violence) but after all my travel and pains, I know not of any thing Confiderable that I have won. Nevertheless, were my dear Dulcinea but once deliver'd from that Captivity she endures, upon the change of my Condition and the return of my Sences, I might perhaps redeem my time, and recover what I have loft. God grant it, quo Sancho, and give us Grace to forget our old

All this while, the Country Fellows gap'd and star'd, like so many Bumkins in Henry the Sevenths Chappel; for both his Garb and his Language were a strain too high for their Understanding. So that after they had made an end of their Dinner, they shoulder'd their Images, took their

leaves of Don Quixote, and continu'd their Journey.

552

And now Sancho furvey'd his Master more then ever he had done before, wondring how he should come to know all these things, yet believing there was not that History or Adventure i' the World but he had it at his Fingers ends. Sir, said he, in troth Mr. Master of ours, if what has befallen us to day may be call'd an Adventure, it is the most quiet and pleasant one that ever we met with in all our Rambles. We are rid of it without fo much as a dry bafting; we have not fo much as laid our Hands upon our Swords; nor has any body call'd us worfethen our own names; we are here fafe and found, neither a dry nor a hungry. Thanks be prais'd, that I ha' feen all this with my own Eyes; for I should nere ha' believ'd it else, tho an Angel had told it me. Thou faift well, Sancho, quo Don Quixote; but there are Seasons and Times, and Times and Seasons, but neither these Seasons nor Times are always the same. And threfore what the Vulgar admire as Forebodings and Omens, a wife Man only ought to call by the name of Happy Encounters. One of these Superstitious Bigots, going out betimes i' the Morning, met'a Franciscan Fryer, and as if he had met St. Georges Dragon, presently run back again, and barr'dup his Doors. Another thought himself undone, to see the Salt-celler overturn'd upon the Table, as if fuch flight Accidents as these could be any affured Prognosticks of ill Fortune. He that has but a Grain of Prudence and Christianity never troubles himself to dive into the Secrets of Heaven, nor frights himself with these little Punctillio's of old Womens Divination. Scipio landing in Africa, stumbl'd and fell down; the Soldiers were agast at the Accident. which they prefently took for an ill Omen: but he embracing the Earth with both Arms, I have thee fast Africa, said he, thou shalt not scape me. And thus, friend Sancho, I take it for a good Omen to have met these Images.

I believe it to be as you fay, quo Sancho; but I would fain know, why, when the Spaniards invoke St. James the Scourge-Moor, before they engage in Battel, they cry St. Jago, and close up Spain: Is it because Spain is divided like my Buttocks and wants to be closed up again? Pray what's the meaning of that Ceremony? 'Slife, quo Don Quixote, what an ignorant Booby art thou? Dost thou not know that this Renowned Knight of the Vermilion Cross is the Protector of Spain, and more especially of the Soldiery in all the desperate Battels that have been fought against the Infidels. Therefore they invoke him in all their bloody Ingagements; and he has been Personally seen hacking, hewing, slashing, cutting, overturning and destroying whole Squadrons of the Enemy at a time. Sancho seem'd well fatisfy'd, and therefore changing the Discourse, I cannot but admire, quo

he, at the Impudence of Madam Tombov, my Lady Dutchesses Waiting Gentlewoman; Beshrew my Heart, that Slipstring Love, must have given her a plaguy Wound; in at the Armpits, and out at the Navel, a whole Ell long i my Conscience. And yet I have heard fay, that the Modefly and Refervedness of a young Virgin will many times blunt the Points of those Amourous Darts, as if they had been shot against a Flint; But the contrary appears by Mrs. Tomboy, as if her Chastity had rather set an edg upon 'em. Love, Friend Sancho, quo Don Quixote, acts without confideration or guidance of Reason. For like Death, he spares neither Prince nor Peasant; and wherever he gets Possession, the first thing he does, is to turn fear and shame quite out of Doors. Which were no sooner strangers to Mrs. Tomboy, but you fee she made nothing to discover her wanton Defires, to him that rather fcorn'd then pity'd her lose Amours. That's an inhumane piece of Cruelty, quo Sancho, an unheard of Ingratitude—had the poor Damsel address'd her self to me, I dare say I should have yielded at the first word-Surely you must have a Heart of Marble and Bowels of Brass-But now I think on't, what did that poor Creature fee i' your Face, to make her out-run the Constable as she did? Where the Devil was the noble Air, the sparkling Eye, or Beauty that bewitcht her? I have furvey'd vee a hunder'd times from Head to Foot, and by my Life, not to flatter yee, I never could fee any thing i' your Face that was not more likely to scare then enamour a young Lady; so that either this unfortunate Virgin must be blind, or else Enchantment has a Finger i' this Pye.

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Dost thou not know, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, that there are two forts of Beauty, the one of the Soul, the other of the Body? That of the Soul appears in a Mans Wit, his Vertue, his Generofity and his prudent Carriage and Demeanour; and all these Graces of the mind may happen to meet together in a Person not so accomplish'd in outward Features: and when a Lady fixes her Eyes upon this Beauty, the Affaults of Love are far more vigorous and furprizing. For my part, quo Sancho, I know I am no Beauty, neither am I a Monster-and therefore seeing 'tis sufficient for a Man to be belov'd for the Graces of his Mind, I wonder how I scape

making holes in Ladies Hearts.

Book IV.

In the midst of these and such like Discourses, they found themselves entring into a Forrest quite out of the Road; and Don Quixote afore he knew where he was, perceiv'd himself entangl'd in certain little Nets of Green Silk that were spread among the Trees. With that, Sancho, quo he, either I am deceiv'd, or this is one of the strangest Adventures that ever I met with. Let me dye now if I don't believe my Capital Enemies the Necromancers to be at work; and now their delign is to entangle me in these Nets, on purpose to stop my Journey, and revenge my Contempt of Mrs. Tomboys Folly. But I'le spoil their Plots; for were these Nets as strong as those wherewith the Jealous God of Fire envelop'd once the God of War and the Goddess of Beauty, I would make no more to break em, then so many Spiders Webs. And so saying, he put briskly forward, with a resolution to tear the Silken Encomberments that environ'd him: at what time there sprung from a Thicket of Bushes two fair Shepherdesses, at least they appear'd to be so by their Habits; only with this difference, that they were Richly clad in sumptuous Tissue. Their disshevel'd Locks hung dangling down about their Shoulders in a Thousand Carles; enterwoven with Garlands of Lawrel, Mirtle, and feveral forts of Flowers; nor did they feem to be above fifteen or fixteen Years of Age. This Vision of Don Quixote Bb bb

Book IV.

Quixote and the Shepherdesses, so unexpected to both, equally surprized as well the one as the other, and held em for some time in the same suspence and silence; till at length one of the Shepherdesse opening her Corral Lips, cry'd out, Hold Sir Knight, and do not tear those Nets, which we have only spread for our divertisement, and not to catch such Birds as you. And therefore to let yee know our defign, and who we are, I shall tell yee in

Two Leagues from hence lies our Village, where live a great number of Wealthy Gentlemen; among whom the younger fort have made up a Company together all of the same humour, to come and divertise themselves in this place, which is one of the pleasantest in all these parts; to which purpose we have design'd to act a New Pastoral, the young Men in the habit of Shepherds and the young Virgins in the dress of Shepherdesses. We have all got our parts by heart, fome out of the Famous Garcilasso, and others cull'd from the works of the most Excellent Comoes, a Portuguese Poet. Yesterday was the first day of our Arrival, and we have set up our Tents neer the Banks of a River that Waters all the Meadows round about. And last night we spread these Nets to catch such little Birds, as the noise we made should scare into the Silken Snares. Now Sir if you think fit to make one of our Society, you shall be extreamly welcom; and you may be

affur'd that the rest will be as glad as we of your good Company.
In truth, fair Lady, reply'd Don Quixote, I do not believe Acteon was more surpriz'd to see Diana bathing her self, then I was to meet your Beauty. I applaud your Innocent Mirth, and I return yee a thousand Thanks for the favour of your obliging offers. If you think me capable to serve yee, you may command the Person that will study an exact obedience to all your Impolitions: For my Profession is to desie Ingratitude, and do good to all Mankind; and particularly to Perfons of your Sex, your Quality, and your Merit: And let me tell yee, were these Nets spread over the Surface of the whole Earth, I would feek to find some other Passage into another World, before I would break the smallest Thread that conduces to your Pastime. Nor will you question the Truth of what I say, when you understand that he who acknowledges your Civility is Don Quixote de la Mancha, if e're his

Name has reach'd your Ears.

554

Oh, Sifter, Sifter, cry'd the other, what good Fortune have we! This worthy Person, who d'yee think he is? the honestest, best natur'd Knight i' the World, if the History of his Life speak truth. I ha' read it, Sifter, and I'le hold an even Wager, that the Punchin that is with him is Sancho Pancha his Squire, one of the pleasantest Merry-Andrews that ever droll'd upon a Mountebanks Stage. You say very true, Madam, quo Sancho, I am that very Merry-Andrew, that Squire you speak of, and this Gentleman, My Mais the same Don Quixote de la Mancha, so famous in his History, Nay then, Sifter, if it be so, we must entreat 'em to stay; the whole Company will be everjoy'd to see 'em- I have already heard of his Valour and his Vertue, the same thou now tell'st me- They say moreover that he is one of the most constant and amorous Persons i' the World, and that his Mistress, one Madam Dulcinea del Toboso, is the fairest Lady in all Spain. They do not talk without Book, quo Don Quixote; tho no disparagement to your Transcended Beauties neither; tho of all that ever I yet beheld, you are the only Persons capable to dispute the Advantage with her. But Ladies I beseech yee loose no time, for the Duties to which my Profession obliges me are so nice and exact, that they will not permit me to stay long in any Place.

At the same time arriv'd the Brother of one of the Shepherdesles, clad like a Swayn, but in a Garb nothing inferiour to the Gallantry of the young Ladies. Brother, cry'd his Sifter, now you have the Happiness to see with your own Eyes, the Famous Don Quixote de la Mancha, and Sancho his Squire, whose Life you have so often read over with so much pleasure and delight. Thereupon the young Shepherd fo highly Complemented Don Quixote, and begg'd his Company with that Importunity, that 'twas impoffible for the Champion to deny him. At the same time they heard the hooping and hallowing of feveral Voices at a distance, which drave a thoufand Birds of different forts into the danger which they fought to avoid. This united all the rest of the Company, who made toward the Nets, to the number of about fifty Persons variously habited in Shepherds and Shepherdesles Weeds, and overjoy'd that they had met with Don Quixote and his Squire, carry'd em to their Tents, where Dinner was ready upon the Table. Don Quixote was constrain'd to take the place of Honour, tho not without a great deal of modest Resistance; and all the while that Dinner lasted, there was not one that did not gaze with admiration to behold so

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

strange an Object. But at length the Cloth being taken away, Don Quixote with a grave and serious Countenance lifting up his Voice, Of all the sins which Men commit, said he, in my Opinion Ingratitude is the fowlest, notwithstanding the judgment of others, who affirm Pride to be a greater; and I ground my Allegation on this, that Hell is faid to be stufft with the ungrateful. Ever fince I have had the use of Reason, I have always endeavour'd to avoid this Crime. For tho I have not been able always to return acknowledgments answerable to the Benefits 1 have receiv'd, yet I repay 'em with the real intentions and defires of my Heart; and as a mark of my acknowledgment, I make 'em known to all the World: For he that proclaims the Kindnesses he has receiv'd, at the same time declares his desire to make requital, were it in his power. But the greatest part of those that receive, being Inferiour to those that give, it is a difficult thing for such to discharge the Obligation but in Thanks. God, who is infinitely above all the World, bestows his Favours and his Bleffings upon us, so vastly more then we deserve, that all the acknowledgment which Men can make, can never hold proportion with his Goodness. Nevertheless Men are not absolutely deem'd ungrateful, while they supply their want of Power with their cordial Desires, their Thanksgivings, and the Confessions of their own un-

Gentlemen, I am in this condition in respect of your selves; you have treated me with all the Civilities Imaginable, you have entertain'd me like a Prince, while I am utterly unable to make an acknowledgment equal to the Kindnesses I have receiv'd. I shall therefore contain my self within the narrow Limits of my own Abilities, and only offer yee what I have within my Power. Which is to maintain for two whole days together in the middle of the Road that leads to Saragosa, that these Ladies here disguiz'd in the Habit of Shepherdesses, are the fairest and the civillest Ladies in the World, the Lady Dulcinea del Toboso only excepted, sole Mistress of my Thoughts; without offence to all that hear me be it spoken.

Here Don Quixote made a Pause; at what time Sancho believing it his Turn, before any body else could have liberty to chop in a word of answer to his Master; Is it possible, said he, that there should be any People in the World so arrogant, as to say my Master is a Fool? Pray tell me Ladies and Gentlemen, did you ever know any of your Country Parsons that Bbbb 2

Book IV.

pretend to talk Greek and Hebrew, that ever discours'd so Metemphisically as he does; or any of your Knight-Errants with all their Rodomontado's that ever made such a Frank and Generous offer as he has done? How! quo Don Quixote, turning toward Sancho, and beholding him with Eyes full of Fiery Indignation, Yee Pewter-button'd Rakeshame, quo he, is there any Man living upon the Face of the Earth, that would take thee for any other then the meerest Changeling that ever begg'd at a Towns end with a blew Coat and a Muckender, or at least for a Sawcy Impertinent Hobnail Hangdog as thou art? Who made you so bold, good Mr. Apple-Squire, to busie your self with my Folly or Wisdom? Dog in a Doublet, make no replyes, if you love your Sconce; but go and faddle Roft ante, that this noble Company may fee I am no Bouncer, but one that does as he fays; and as I have Right of my fide, you may number those among the Dead already that deny the contrary. And so saying he flung from the Table in a dreadful Fury, to the wonder of all the Company, who were in a quandary what Judgment to make of him, whether Fool or Madman. They perswaded him to lay his Challenges aside, for that they were assur'd of his Gratitude, without the hazard of fuch dangerous Demonstrations; and for his Valour they were fufficiently convinced of it, by what they had already read of his famous Exploits.. By the Body of Pharoah, quo Don Quixote, 'twas never question'd yet, nor ever shall be; and so saying he mounted Rosinante, shoulder'd his Target, and with his Lance couch'd in his Rest, mauger all perswasion to the contrary, he went and posted himself in the middle of the High-way, attended by Sancho and all the Company, who were desirous to behold the Event of such a Hairbraind Resolution. And now having taken his Ground, he rang these loud Expressions through the

All you who e're you are, Knights-Errant, Squires, a foot or a horseback, that pass or shall pass this Road for these two days together, know that Don Quixote de la Mancha, Knight-Errant, stays here to aver and maintain that the Nymphs which inhabit these Woods and Meadows, surpass in Beauty and Civility all the Beauties of the Earth, except the Mistress of my Soul, the Lady Dulcinea del Tobofo. And he that will uphold the contrary, let him dare venture hither, where I expect his coming. These lofty words he twice in vain repeated, for all the Knight Adventurers were deaf or else a sleep i' their Graves. But Fortune, his dear Friend, that always would be cutting him out work to make her felf sport, shew'd him a jolly fight; for by and by he faw at a diffance a great number of People a Horse-back, and some with Lances in their Hands, all trooping together, and in great hafte. The Company that were with Don Quixote, no fooner beheld such a number of Cavaliers driving the Dust before em, but they got out of harms way, not judging it safe to be so neer danger. Only Sancho shelter'd himself behind Rossnante, while Don Quixote stood like an Oak, and with an undaunted Courage daring all Extremities. At length when the Horsemen drew neer, one of the foremost calling out to Don Quixote; What a Devil, cry'd he, does the fellow stand there for! get out of the way and be hang'd, do yee intend the Bulls should gore yee to

Scoundrels, reply'd Don Quixote, don't think to scare me with your Bulls or your Bears either; but acknowledg, I fay acknowledg what I maintain to be Truth, or else prepare to fight me. But the Cowherd had no leisure to make him any answer; neither had Don Quixote any time to get out of the way if he would; for the Bulls came powdring on apace, and being

chaf'd by their Drivers, bore down all before 'em, Champion and Squire. Horse and Man; and they that came after, never minding where they trod. trampl'd Valour, Gratitude and Fidelity under foot, at a most unmerciful rate. Never were human Bodies so poach d and besmear d with Bulls Drivel, Foam, and Dust before i'this World: Nor did they leave poor helpless Rosinante and Grizzle insensible of the weight of their Hoofs. But for all this, after the unruly Herd was past, Don Quixote started up, stunn'd with his fall and bruises, reeling, staggering, stumbling; then falling, then up agen, and running a Dog trot as fast as he could, made a hideous noise, bawling all the way as loud as he could open his Throat, and crying out after the unmannerly Cowherds, ftop Scoundrels, ftop, and answerthe Challenge of a fingle Knight, who fcorns the Humour of making a Golden Bridg for his flying Enemy. But no body vouchsaf'd him an anfwer; nor no body minded his threats or his Rodomentado's; fo that Men and Beasts by this time being out of sight, Din Quixote, Sinewsprain'd, Shoulder pight, and Hip shot, but most of all tormented in his Soul for the loss of his Revenge, was forc'd to sit down i'the middle of the Road, till Sancho arriv'd with Rosinante and Grizzle, all three so mortify'd, that they were hardly able to creep. However the two Adventurers made a shift to mount their Four-sooted Cripples, and asham'd of their bad success, held on their Journey, without ever taking leave of the Shepherds of New Arcadia.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

# CHAP. VII.

What happen'd to Don Quixote, which may be truly call'd an Adventure.

Fountain of clear and cool Water which they met with in a small Coppice not far from the Field of their Misfortune, was the only Refreshment that could be found to comfort the forlorn and tir'd Adventurers. By the Prink of which, leaving Resinante and Grizzle unbridl'd and unhalter'd to their own discretion, they sate down, and after they had dusted themselves, as you would have dusted two pieces of old Hangings, they wash'd their Hands, their Faces and their Mouths. Which done, Sancho the most careful of his Belly, of all Squires Errant under the Sun, went to his Wallet, which he always call'd his Vade Mecum, and having brought forth his Provision, set it besore his Master. But Don Quixote's Stomach was too full of his Misfortunes to eat, and Sancho was fo mannerly, that he would not fall too before his Mafter; however at last, finding that his Masters forrows would not permit him to lift his Hand to his Mouth, he laid afide all confiderations of good behaviour, and fell a cramming his Jaws, as if he had not eaten in fisteen days before. Eat, friend Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, eat and enjoy the Pleasures of this Life, which thou hast the happiness to relish with a more pleasing Gusto then I can. I am born, Sancho, to live like one continually dying, and thou to dye continually eating. And for proof of this, do but reflect upon me, Famous in the History of my Life, more famous by my Exploits, honour'd and esteem'd by Kings and Princes, belov'd by Ladies of the highest Quality; yet after all this, when I expected Laurel Wreaths, and the Triumphs which my Atchievements Merit, behold me Morter trod, and trampl'd like the High-

way Dirt, under the Hoofs of unclean Beafts, and likely to be the scorn of all that shall come to understand the fatal Issue of so generous an undertaking. The confideration of these Misfortunes it is that files my Teeth: that dulls my Appetite and stupisies my Sences: for to tell thee truth I have not the Courage to lift my Hand to my Mouth, as fearing more to live, then starve my felf to death; the I confess it to be a most unnatural thing for a Man to have fuch a grudge against himself. Then you don't approve of the Proverb belike, quo Sancho, munching and swallowing all the while, He must needs be Friendless that dyes with an empty Stomach. For my part I am not fo simple yet as to kill my felf-I am like the Shoemaker that firetches his Leather with his Teeth; I am for prolonging my Life by eating \_\_\_ and I'le stretch it with my Teeth as far as Heaven will let it run\_\_ In good faith Master, there is no greater Madness i' this World, then for a Man to despair—And therefore take my advice, follow my example and eat; and when yee have done, lye down upon the fresh Grass with your Belly to the Sun, and take a Nap; and if you ben't the better for it when you wake, fay I'm a Fool and no Physician.

Don Quixote yielded to Sancho's Arguments; for he was convinc'd that the Squire spoke good Natural Philosophy at that time. However, having another project in his Head; Ah, Sancho, quo he, my Stomach is at thy disposal, and the ponderous weight of my Cares would sit much more light upon my Shoulders, if thou wouldst but step aside, and uncasing thy blind Cheeks, give thy felf some two or three hunder'd smart Licks with the Reins of Rolinantes Bridle, and put 'em to accompt of what are past, and what are to come toward the difinchantment of thy diffressed Mistress Dulcinea. For in truth 'tis a shame that poor Lady should suffer all this while

through thy Negligence.

558

That's a Business requires a more serious Consideration, quo Sancho, first let's go sleep, and then we'll debate that question more at leisure. Do you think tis a reasonable thing for a Man to whip himself in cold Blood, especially when the Lashes must light upon a body so forrily lin'd within as mine is? Patience good Madam Dulcinea one of these days you shall fee me with as many holes i' my Skin as a Cullender - There's nothing lost that comes at last—I'le warrant yee for a Gravesend Toste, you'l find me exact to my Promise. Don Quixote return'd his Squire many thanks; and so laying themselves down at their full length upon the green Grass, they betook themselves to their Rest; leaving Rosinante and Grizzle to feed

or repose at their own discretion.

The day was now far gone when the Adventurers wak'd, and made hafte to mount their Spittles, in hopes to get to an Inn before it grew dark. I call it an Inn, because Don Quixote call'd it so himself; contrary to his cuflom, as being wont to take Inns for Castles; nor was Sancho any way displeas'd at his defign. And here fortune favour'd 'em, for they had not rode above a League before they met with what they fought for. Where being arriv'd, Sancho ask'd the Innkeeper whether he had any lodging?— Yes quo the Innkeeper, and the best Conveniencies of any Inn in all Spain. Thereupon they alighted, and Sancho having lock'd up his Portmantle and Wallet in his Chamber and taken the Key, after he had feen Refinante and Grizzle well provided for i' the Stable, went to find out his Mafter, whom he found fitting upon a Bench in the Yard. Supper-time approaching Don Quixote went up to his Chamber; and Sancho staying with the Hoft, ask'd him what he had to eat. For Flesh and Fish, quo the Innkeeper, you cannot speak but have—let him but take measure of his Mouth

and he would fit him with Birds of the Air, Barn door Fowl, Beafts of the Field, or of the Forrest, and what not? And then for Wine he had all forrs. Vin Chablay, Vin de bon, Puntack, Obryan, Champain, Vin de Pari, Hermitace, Roufillon, and twenty more hard names, that Sancho thought himself in

Book IV.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

There's no need of all this, quo Santho, two good Capons will do our business, and what's left will serve for Breakfast; for my Master has a very nice Stomach, and eats so little at a time, that the Peffle of a Lark will ferve his turn, but only that I eat for him and my felf too. As for Capois, reply'd the Hoft, we have none, for no less then four Lords din'd here to day and had all we had. Why then, quo Sancho, roast us a couple of Pullets with Eggs, fo they be young and tender. Pullets! quothe Innkeeper, in truth, in truth, now I think on't, I fold above Fifty yesterday to a Hegler to carry to the City: But fetting afide Capons and Pullets, you may have any thing else. Why then let's have a good Joynt of Veal or Lamb, quo Sancho. 'Slife, now I remember me, here were some Citizens and their Wives this Morning that clear'd my Larder. Cou-rage, quo Sancho, there's Life in a Muscle yet - now will I hold a Wager, that all this Monstrous Bill of Fare will end in a Dish of Collops and Eggs at last. There you have found it out indeed, quo the Host, I told yee I had no Hens, and you would have me have Eggs. The Devil twift the Neck of thee for a Fool, quo Sancho, prithee tell me what thou haft, and don't put me to puzzle my Brains i' this fashion. Why then look yee d' yee see, quo the Innkeeper, in short, I ha' two Neats Feet ready drest, with Onions and Mustard, a Dish for a Prince. Neats Feet quo Sancho, let no body touch 'em, but keep 'em for me, I'le pay thee thy own rate. By the Ghost of St. Marriot, there's nothing I love better. I'le warrant 'em secure, quo the Innkeeper, for all the Guests at present in my House are Persons of Quality, that carry their Steward, their Cook and their Butler along with 'em, and cater abroad for themselves. As for Persons of Quality, quo Sancho, let that pass, my Master's a Person of as good Quality as the proudest He of 'em all, but his Profession does not allow him Butlers nor Cooks. We generally dine i' the Field under a Tree or a Hedg, and many times have nothing neither to dinner but a few Chestnuts, or a Sallad of my Masters own Picking. Thus ended the Discourse between Santho and the Innkeeper; for as to the Innkeepers Interrogatories concerning his Mafters Quality and Profession, Sancho was not then at leisure to make him any answer.

And now Supper time being come, the Innkeeper carry'd up his Ragou, fuch as it was, into the Champions Chamber; but ere Don Quixote had fet his Teeth to the first Morsel he put in his Mouth, i' the next Room, between which and his own there was but a flender partition, he over-heard two Gentlemen talking together, and the one faying to the other, I pray Signour Jeronimo let us read one Chapter of the second Part of Don Quixote, till Supper come in. The Knight no fooner heard himself nam'd, but he rose from the Table, and went to hark'n what they said; at what time he heard Jeronimo make answer; wherefore have you such a defire to read those Impertinencies, Signour Don John? Methinks that after you have read the first Part, you should take but little delight in reading the second. I agree wi' yee, reply'd feronimo, however, there is no Book so bad, but there is something of good to be pickt out of it. Only that which I mislike in this part is this, that Don Quixote does not seem to be so much enamour'd of Dulcinea del Toboso as he was in the second. Upon those words, Don Quixote all Fire and Tow, cry'd out, Whoever says

Book IV.

that Don Quixote has forgot, or is capable to forget Dulcinea del Toboso, lyes in his Throat, and I'le make him eat the Blade of his Sword; for the Peerless Dulcinea del Toboso is not a Person to be forgot; and such a forgetfulness would be beneath Don Quixote de la Mancha: Constancy is his Motto, and his Profession is to preserve his Fidelity inviolable.

Who's that prates there, cry'd one of the Gentlemen, i' the other Chamber? Who should it be, quo Sancho, but Don Quissote de la Mancha, the same that will maintain what he has said, my Life for yours; for a good

Paymaster never grudges to part with his Money.

Sancho's words were no sooner out of his Mouth, but the two Gentlemen made bold to enter Don Quixote's Chamber; and one of the two throwing his Arms about Don Quixote's Neck, Your Presence, Sir Knight, does no way belye your Reputation, nor your Reputation your Presenceyou are certainly the true and undaunted Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Load-stone and North-Star of Chivalry-Errant, in despight of him that has usurpt your Name, and endeavours to ecliple the Luster of your famous Exploits, as appears by this Book which I have here i'my Hand. Don Quixote took the Book, without faying a word, turn'd over the Leaves, and then returning it agen, I find fault, faid he, with three things that deserve Reprehension. First, I except against some words that are in the Preface; the next is that the Language is Aragonnois; and in the third place, he shews himself an Ignoramus, while he fails in one of the principal parts of the History, in calling Sancho Pancha, my Squires Wife, Mary Gutteridge, when her name is Texesa Pancha, and I'me afraid that an Author who mistakes in such an Important Passage of the Story, may commit as many Errors in the Rest. By my Faith, quo Sancho, he's a very pleasant Fellow of a Historian, to call my Wife Terefa, Mary Gutteridge-the Devil Gutteridge him for a Coxcomb - pray Sir will you be pleas'd to read a little i' your Book, that I may hear whether he fays any thing of me, and whether he ha' not chang'd my name too. Then I find you are Sancho Pancha, reply'd Jeronimo, Squire to Monsieur Don Quixote. Yes, Sir, reply'd Sancho, and I would have yee to know, I am not a little proud of my Employment. In truth, Sir, quo the Gentleman, then the last Author does not deal so civilly by yee as you deserve. For he gives you the Character of a halfwitted Guttle-gut; not able to say Bo to a Goose. Heaven pardon him, quo Sancho; however he might ha' let me alone, unless he had known me better, but St. Peter is at Rome.

Presently the Gentlemen invited Don Quixote to sup with them in their Chamber, for that they well knew there was nothing in the Inn that was fit for him to eat. A modest request, which Don Quixote, who was all Civility and Complaisance would not deny; so that he went along with the Gentleman to better Chear then his own. And now Sancho seeing himself Master of the soust Neats Feet, plac'd himself at the upper end of the Table, and bidding the Innkeeper sit down by him, they both sell on with keen Appetites, drinking and laughing as if they had had a Master

and Wardens Feast before 'em.

In the mean time, as they were at Supper i' the next Room, Don John ask'd Don Quixote when he had heard of Madam Dulcinea del Tobofo, whether she were marry'd; whether she had any Childern; and whether she were with Child or no; or whether he thought she would tarry to reward the Constancy of her faithful Servant Don Quixote? Dulcinea, reply'd Don Quixote, is still a Maid, and my thoughts are still the same that ever they were; but alas, she is disfigur'd, and her Beauty is transform'd into the Deformity

Deformity of a Country-dowdy; and with that he up and told the Gentlemen the whole Story of her being Enchanted, what had befallen him in the Cave of *Montesinos*, and the means that *Merlin* had prescrib'd for *Dulcineas* Releasement, which now depended solely upon *Sancho's* flogging hintelf only for an hour or two. The Gentlemen were overjoy'd to hear from *D. Quixote's* own Mouth, the strange Adventures of his Life, not more associated at his Extravagancies, then at his Eloquent manner of relating 'em.

The Renomned Don Quixote.

By this time Sancho having supp'd, and half fuddl'd his Host, chang'd Rooms, and coming into the Gentlemans Chamber, let me be hang'd, quo he, Gentlemen, if I believe that he who wrote that Book had any delign that ever he and I should take a loving Cup together - I wonder he did not blazon me for a Drunkard as well as a Glutton. So he does, I will affure yee, reply'd Geronimo, but I cannot well turn to the Place; only I remember he is forc'd to strain hard for his Jeasts, and now I find that Sancho's Physiognomy proves him a Lyar. Believe me, Gentlemen, quo Sancho, Benengeli's Sancho and his Don Quixote can never be the same Persons with those your Book talks of. For Benengeli's Don Quixote was Prudent, Valiant and Amorous; and his Sancho Simple and Merry, but neither Glutton nor Drunkard. I believe as you do, reply'd Don John, and for my part I think 'twere fit that all other Writers whatever should be forbid to write Don Quixote's Life, but only Cid Hamet the first Author; as Alexander forbid all other Painters to draw his Picture except Apelles. Let who's will draw my Picture, quo Don Quixote, but let him have a care he takes it right; for there are some Injuries will provoke a Saint. There's no Man can injure Don Quixote, reply'd Don John, but he is able to revenge himfelf, especially if once he lay aside his Patience and take up his Buckler; for then I'me fure the World must be at an end with some body.

These and such like discourses wasted a good part of the Night; and tho Don John most earnestly desir'd Don Quixote to read on, and see if he could find any more mistakes of the Historian, he could by no means prevail with the Knight, whose answer was, that if the Author should ever come to know he had had it in his Hand, he would be proud to think he had read it; whereas he scorn'd to vouchsafe a Fabulous Writer so much as the Glance of his Eye. Thereupon Don John made bold to ask him what defign he was now upon, and which way he was travelling. To which Don Quixote answer'd, that he was going for Saragosa, to be present at the Turnaments annually held i' that City. Why, quo Don John, this same Book tells yee a Story of Don Quixote's being at Saragosa once before at a publick Running at the Ring; fo wretchedly fimple, fo miserably poor, but so full of Extravagancies and Rodomontado's, that nothing could be more ridiculous. Why now you shall see, quo Don Quixote, what a Lyar I will make of this Hiftorian, for I'me refolv'd for his fake not to fet foot i' the City—and then the World shall know whether I am his Don Quixote or no. You will do very well, reply'd Don John, besides there is a Grand Turnament at Barcellona, where you may Signalize your Valour as well as at Saragofa. That's my Defign, and so Gentlemen good Night and good Repose to yee- and pray do me the favour to number me among your best and most faithful Servants --- Pray Genlemen do me the same honour too, quo Sancho, it may be you may find me good for

Thus the Knight and the Squire retir'd to their Chamber, leaving the Gentlemen fully fatisfy'd, that these two Persons were the same Don Quixote and Sancho, so samous in the first part of their History. So soon as it was day,

Cccc

Don Quixote went and took his leave of the Gentlemen, while Sancho recken'd with his Hoft, whom he paid like an Emperour, advising him withal, to brag less, and furnish his Inn better.

# CHAP. VIII.

What befel Don Quixote going to Barcellona.

Was a fair Morning, and promis'd a fair day, when Don Quixote left the Inn, after he had taken Instructions to guide him in the Road to Barcellona. For he was refolv'd he would not so much as see Saragosa, that he might make the Arroganian a Lyer, who had so foully bespatter'd him in his History. Six days he rode on, not meeting with any Adventure Confiderable; but the feventh toward Evening, having loft his way, and being surpriz'd by the Night, he was constrain'd to stop under a Covert of thick Trees, not being able to travel any farther. There they alighted both, and laying themselves down at the foot of a spreading Oak, they resolv'd to expect Day-light. Sancho having drank a little hard that day, quickly fell a moaring; but Don Quixote, amus'd with his wonted Whims and Fancies, could not fo much as close his Eyes, while his roving Imagination kept his busie Sences hurry'd a thousand several ways at once. Sometimes he thought himself in Montesmos's Cave, where he saw his deformed Dulcinea skipping upon on Asses Back like a Country Hoyden; fometimes he thought himself discoursing with the Necromancer Merlin, and taking new Instructions how to difinchant her. Then a fit of despair feiz'd him, to think how careless Sancho was, and how remiss in the Execution of his Penance, which was never likely to be accomplished, confidering the flow rate that he went on, as not having given himself above five Lashes in three Weeks. And this Reflection fo tormented him, that he refolv'd to put an end to his Affliction forthwith. If Alexander, faid he, cut the Gordian Knot, when he could not untye it, and yet became Lord of all Asia, why may not I have the same success by whipping Sancho my fels? For if the force of the Remedy confifts in Sancho's receiving three thoufand three hunder'd Lashes, what matter is it, whether he be his own Pedagogue, or whether another lay on the stroaks for him; seeing the main Point is this, that he must be scourg'd. Thereupon having taken this Resolution, and the Stirrup Leathers from Rosinantes Saddle, he stole fostly upon Sancho, and began to untrus his Points. With that Sancho flarted out of his fleep, Who's there? cry'd he, whose that untrusses my Breeches? 'Tis I, quo Don Quixote, I am come to repair thy Negligence, and to feek the Remedy of my Torments. I come to whip thee, Sancho, and discharge thee of that Debr, for which thou standst engage. Poor Dul cinea perishes, and I languish in Despair and Affliction: untrus therefore peaceably and willingly, for my defign is only to give thee about two thoufand stripes while we are here alone together.

Hands off, quo Sancho, pray be patient and let me alone, or else by all the Monuments of my Progenitours, I'le make fuch a noise as shall alarum all the Dead within ten Miles round. The Lashes which I am to give my felf, are to be voluntary and not by compulsion; I am to be whipt neither by Beadles nor Hangmen; and at this time I have no mind to be whipt at all; 'tis sufficient that I promise yee to scourge

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE. Book IV.

my felf, when the Humour takes me; but you must stay my Humours

I am not to stand to thy Curtesie, Sancho, quo Don Quixote; thou hast a hard Heart, hard and flinty toward a distressed Lady, but tender and compassionate toward thy own Skin: and so faying, he fell to untying his Squires Points with all his force. Which Sancho perceiving, started upon his Legs, and taking his Mafter about the middle, gave him a trip, and threw him fairly upon his Back; and then fetting his Knee upon his Breast, held his Hands so fast, that he could hardly stir or fetch his Breath.

How Traytor ! ery'd Don Quixote, what, rebel against thy Master ! against thy natural Lord! against him that gives thee Bread! I commit neither Murder nor Manslaughter, quo Sancho, I am purely i'my own defence, as being my own Mafter, Lord and King. If your Worship will promise to let me alone, and lay aside your whipping design, I will give yee leave to rife; if not, you shall dye, like a Traytor and an Enemy of Gammer Sancho, as you are. Thereupon Don Quixote was forc'd to submit, and swore by the Life of Dulainea, not to touch a Hair of his Head, but to leave the whipping of himself to his own free will and discretion.

Sancho, having thus conquer'd his Master, rose up and went to another place to sleep out the rest of his sleep, at such a distance from the Knight, where he thought he might lye fecure. At what time he had no fooner laid himself down at the feet of another Tree, but feeling something lye hard against his Head, he put forth his Hand and felt a couple of Feet with Shoes and Stockins. This put him in a deadly fright, so that rising from thence, he betook himself to another Covert, where the same Accident befel him again. But then ten times more scar'd and terrify'd then he was before, he fet up his Throat, and fell a bawling for help as loud as he could yawl. Immediately Don Quixote flying to his Affistance, what's the matter, quo he? Why, quo Sancho, fure these Trees walk, I can find nothing but Legs and Feet at the Roots of 'em - Thereupon Don Quixote felt, and presently conjecturing what was probable enough—Oh, quo he, Thou wer't more afraid then hurt - This place is the Common place of Execution, and the Fruit which these Trees bear are High-way-men and Robbers, hang'd upon the Boughs for their Crimes and Villanies. For Justice is constrain'd to hang 'em up by Twenties and Thirties at a Time; and this makes me think we are not far from Barcellona; wherein he was not mistaken. Soon after day appearing, they saw the Trees laden with the Bodies of executed Felons. But while they were considering this Melancholy Spectacle, they were more furpriz'd to see a whole Regiment of St. Nicholas's Clerks come rushing out of the Thickets, and crying out, fland, and speak with their Captain. Twas then a word of Command that must be obey'd, for Don Quixote was a foot, his Horse unbridl'd, and his Lance not to be recover'd, fo that unable to make any defence, he was forc'd to cross his Arms and shrug up his Shoulders. Presently the Rakehells discharg'd Grizzle of her Burthen, the Portmantle and Wallet; and well it was that Sancho had his yellow Boys about him, fast ty'd in the Lapper of his Shirt, which however those honest Men would ha' found out, tho' they had been hid in the Pith of his Back (for they were beginning to uncase him) had not their Captain appear'd at the same Instant. He had on a Coat of Male, and four Pocket Piftols stuck in his waste Belt: He was about Thirty years of Age; vigourous and lusty; proper and well featur'd; brown of Complexion; his Locks black and dangling; and the Air of his Countenance furly and resolute; yet where there appear'd how-Cccc 2

ever fomething of Gentility and good Nature. Upon his approach, feeing his Squires undressing Sancho, he commanded 'em to hold their Hands and quit him, which they did at the first word. Then looking about him, and not a little surpriz'd to see a Lance set up against a Tree, a Buckler lying upon the Ground, and Don Quixote in his Cap-a-pe, walking with a sad pensive Look, like a Merchant newly stript at Sea, and set ashore; he made up to the Knight, and with a smiling Aspect, come, Sir, quo he, be a' good Chear, you are not fallen into the hands of a Cruel Enemy; but into the hands of Roques Guiniard, who never injures them that never injur'd him. Most Valiant Roques, reply'd Don Quixote, my discontents arise not from my being at thy Disposal, but that thy Soldiers surpriz'd me unawares and unprovided, whereas by the Laws of my Order of Knight-Errantry, which I profess, I should have been upon the watch, and guarding my self as my own Sentinel. For thou know'st brave Roques, had they found me a Horse back with my Lance and Shield ready fix'd, they had not so easily been Masters of my Person. The Apprehensive Roques soon guess'd by these last words, what was Don Quixote's Disease: He had often heard of him, but could not believe what was reported of him to be true, or that fuch Fantastick Whimsies could ever enter the thoughts of a rational Man. Nevertheless he was glad he had met with such an Opportunity to judge whether the Original agreed with the Copie. Renowned Knight, faid he, never droop for this; nor count it any Act of Sinister Fortune, which I am apt to think will rather redound to the advancement of your Fame,

and the raising higher then ever your deprest and lanquishing condition. Don Quixote was about to have return'd the Generous Roques a Complement befitting himself, but he was prevented, by the trampling, as they both conjectur'd, of several Horses. However it prov'd to be but one single Horseman, mounted like a Prince, and riding full speed, as if he had been galloping for a Doctor of Physick. Turning about, they discover'd him to be a young lovely Gentleman, about Twenty years of Age, clad in a green Damask Suit laid with Gold Lace, with his Hat button'd up a one fide, his Boots new and pull'd up, Horseman like; his Sword, his Dagger and his Spurs guilt, and two Pocket Piftols fix'd to his waste Belt. His speed soon brought him to the Company, where making a stand, Brave Roques, said he, 'tis thee I feek, to find, if not the Cure, at least th' Asswagement of my Sorrows. And therefore, not to keep thee long in suspence, for I perceive thou knowst me not; I am Claudia Geronima the Daughter of Simon the Strong, thy particular Friend, and sworn Enemy of Clauquel Torrellas. His Son Don Vincent Torrellas not long fince fell in Love with me, which he finding a means to discover to me, faith I, finding him civil and handsom, lent him a favourable Ear; infomuch that at length we struck up a Bargain, and he gave me his Hand, and I gave him mine upon it; but we did not go prefently to Church, because we staid to have both our Parents confent. Nevertheless this very Morning was this ungrateful wretch to ha' marry'd another; but I think I ha' spoil'd his sport; for understanding they were to be marry d in the Country, I overtook him within a League of this Place, and without standing to expostulate the matter, or to give him leave to fay his Prayers, I clapt a brace of Bullets in his middle Region, and made him pay with the loss of his Heart blood, for the Affront he had done me. Now my request to you is, that you would conduct me safe out of the Kingdom, where I may shift in safety for my self, and at your return, that you would stand by my Father, should any of Don Vincents Relations or Friends pretend to revenge his Death. Roques,

Roques, no less surprized at the daring Courage then at the dazling Air and Beauty of the Virago, promis'd to accompany her wherever she went. But first, said he, let's be certain whether your Enemy be dead, and then

The Renowned Don Quixote.

we shall consider what to do.

Book IV.

Don Quixote hearing all these Passages, There's no necessity, said he. for this Lady to fue for any Mans Protection, 'tis my business to undertake it, and provided I may but have my Arms, I'le find out this Person my self. and either alive or dead I'le make him stand to his word. Nay then i' faith the work's done, quo Sancho, if once my Master comes to have a Finger i' the Pve; he has the luckiest hand at sodering broken Matches of any Man i' the World. 'Twas but tother day that he forc'd a perfidious Whipster to keep his word with a Lady in spight of his Teeth; so that had not his profess'd Enemies the Necromancers chang'd the young Hector into the shape of a Lacquey, they had been marry'd upon the spot, and the young Lady had been half got with Child before this. But Roques had now concerns of greater importance in his Head, then to mind what either the Man or the Master prattl'd; and therefore having order'd his Men to return the plunder they had taken from Sancho, and to keep close in the Wood where they were before; away rode he with Claudia to fee what was become of Don Vincent.

They arriv'd in a short time at the place where Claudia lest him, but finding nothing there unless it were the stains of his still reaking Blood. they rode on, and at last overtook the wounded Vincent in the Arms of his Servants and Friends, and with a dying and languishing utterance defiring 'em to let him dye quietly in that place; for that the loss of his Blood, and the pain of his Wounds would not permit him to go any farther. At the fight of fo sad a Spectacle Claudia alighted, she took Don Vincent by the hand, and between pity and complaint; Ah, Vincent, said she, hadst not thou been treacherous to me, thou hadft not been in this Condition. At which words Don Vincent opening his Eyes half way, and knowing Claudia's Face; I know, said he, dear Claudia, I know those hands of thine have given me my deaths wound; but how I disoblig'd thee, that I know not, for neither in my actions or my thoughts I ever yet deserv'd that thou shouldst use me thus. How! reply'd Claudia, wer't thou not going this Morning to marry Leonora the Rich Balvastro's Daughter? Who I? reply'd Don Vincent, affuredly I never had it in my thoughts. But thy Misfortune deluded thee to take away my Life; which I now willingly refign thee, fince tis my happiness to surrender it into thy embraces. For proof of this dear Claudia, give me thy hand, and take him for thy Husband that nere deceiv'd thee yet; but now dyes overjoy'd that he has liv'd fo long to undeceive thee of thy Errour. Claudia gave him her hand, and conscious of the foul Crime she had committed, dropt in a swoon upon the Body of her Husband; who at the same instant breath'd out the last remainders of his Life. Claudia came quickly to her felf agen; but too late observing the patience of a Constant Lover in departed Vincents Cheeks, like one distracted. the cry'd, tamented, rung her Hands, and tore her Hair, the curs'd her inconsiderate Folly, and made a thousand vain complaints and moans for him that now was past recovery.

At length Roques gave order to Don Vincents Servants to carry his Body back to his Fathers House, and leave the Disconsolate Claudia to bewail her misapply'd revenge. And so returning to his Crew, he found Don Quixote a Horse-back, in the midst of 'em, preaching Reformation and amendment of Life. But they being People of another humour gave little ear to

his Morality, and did but laugh at all his pious Sentences. On the other fide Reques ask'd Sancho, whether his Squires had return'd him all his Things? Every thing, quo Sancho, but only three Night-coifs, worth three Cities. How the Devil can that be, cry'd one of the Fellows? 2tis1 that have 'em, and they are not worth three Sixpences. That's very true, reply'd Don Quixote, but my Squire so esteems em, for the Persons sake that gave him the Present. Thereupon Roques order'd the Coifs to be restord him likewise and then commanding his People to bring forth their last Booty of Jewels and ready Money; he made a distribution of the whole with so much equality and justice, as if it had been Solon himfelf. Which done, Roques turning about to Don Quixote, thus you fee, Sir, faid he, how punctual and just, the most unjust of Men are forc'd to be one to another; without which there were no living among us. Av. by my Faith, quo Sancho, certainly, Justice must be a most Excellent thing when Thieves are forc'd to make use of it. Which grave Sentence of Sencho's being overheard by one of the High way men, he up with the Butt end of his Carbine, and had certainly spoil'd Sancho for a Proverb-monger, had not Roques prevented the Execution of the blow. This was fuch a fair warning to Sancho, that he resolved to sow up his Lips so long as he quarter'd with fuch Robustious Company.

At the same time came one of the Crew who had been set Sentinel to spy what Passengers travell'd the Road, and addressing himself to his Captain, A Prize, a Prize, cry'd he, yonder's a Jolly Company going for Barcellona. What are they, said Roques? such as seek us, or such as we stay for, Such as we stay for, quo the Sentinel. Horse and away then.

Boys, cry'd Roques, bring 'em all hither - let none escape.

With that, the whole Crew pur Spurs to their Horses, and now Roques, Den Quixote and Saniho being lest alone, said he to Don Quixote, I warrant you look upon this to be a strange Course of Life—for we always meet with change of Adventures, and always run great Hazards. Truly I must confess, it is a troublesome and disorderly Life we lead; and for my part I am thus engaged by certain Motives of Revenge, that many times subdues our Prudence and our Reason. I am naturally of a mild and compassionate Humour, but the eager desire of Revenging an Affront that has been offered me, ranverses all my sober Resolutions, and forces me to follow this unconscionable Trade, contrary to my natural Inclinations. And not only so, but as one Whirlpool swallows another, and Grimes are linked together, I not only seek my own, but prosecute the Revenge of others. And yet I am in hopes that Heaven at length, so compassionate as it is of human Frailty, will by a divine Hand retrieve me from this disorderly Course, not having power to do it of my self.

Don Quixote stood amaz'd at Roques's discourse; not dreaming to have found among so leud a Crew, for whom the Gallows daily sigh'd, such Sentiments of Conscience and Remorse in any one; and therefore laying hold of the Opportunity to shew his Piety, Monsieur Roques, said he, 'tis a great step to Health, for a Man to understand his Distemper, and to find the Patient readily dispos'd to take those Remedies that are most conducing to his Cure. You are sick, you know your Disease; therefore apply your self to God, who is a most Infallible Physician, who will not fail to prescribe those Recipes for your Soul that will in a short time compleat your Cure. Remedies that will work so much the more effectually when they meet with a good Nature, and a Disposition prepar'd. A knowing Sinner is in a sar more ready Path to amendment, then an ignorant Transgressour;

for he more clearly discerning good from evil becomes asham'd of his own Vices, whereas a Fool acts only by Instinct; and abandons himself to his Passions, not understanding the danger of unrepented Crimes. Courage, then Monsieur Roques, you are a Man of Wit and Prudence— make use of your parts, and never despair the perfect cure of your languishing Souland to make a more easie progress in the Road of Salvation, go along, and learn of me the Mystery of Knight-Errantry, accompany'd with those Hardships and Missortunes, which the Penance of undergoing, will bring you in a trice to Heaven.

Roques smild to hear Don Quixote's Whimsical Advice, and to change the Subject of the Discourse, told him the whole Story of Claudia Geronimo's Adventure, the relation of which put Sancho into a Melancholy Fit; for you must know the Life, the Spirit, and good humour of the young

Girle, had strangely wrought upon his Affections.

By this time the *Boothalers* return'd with their Prize, Two Gentlemen well mounted, Two Pilgrims a foot, and a Coach wherein there were certain Ladies, attended by Eight Lacqueys, some a foot, and some a Horseback, and Two Footmen belonging to the Two Gentlemen, each upon his Mule. All these were now in Hucksters Hands, and being carefully surrounded and attended by their Guard, with an awful silence expected their Doom; while their Guardians were no less whist to listen to their Examinations.

The first whom Roques took to task were the two Gentlemen, to whom he put the usual Question, who they were, and whether they were traveling? Sir, reply'd the one, we are two Foot Captains; our Company's lye at Naples, whether we are bound, and going to take shipping at Barcellona. We have about two or three hunder'd Crowns about us, with which we thought our felves as Rich as Crafus; for you know Men of our Profession are no Usurers. Well-and what are you, said Roques to the Pilgrims? We, faid they, are going to Rome, and our Stock is about thirty Shillings-Very good, What are those Ladies i' the Coach? To whom one of the Lacqueys a Horse-back reply'd, that it was the Lady Guiomer, the Regent of the Vicar of Naples's Wife, with her Daughter and Waiting Woman. That she had six Attendants, three associand three mounted; and that their Sum Total was about Six hunder'd Crowns. So then, cry'd Roques, we have got already Nine hunder'd Crowns and Thirty Shillings, and I have threescore Followers, now Gentlemen cast it up, what comes to every Man's share; for I am none of the best accountants. With that the whole Crew of Ruffians cry'd out, long live the great Roques Gunniard, in spite of all the Dun's and Catches that gape for his Ruin.

On the other fide the two Captains, Madam Regent, and the Pilgrims were as much cast down, foreseeing the Confiscation of their Moveables, and all their Wealth past Redemption; when Roques turning about to the Captains, Gentlemen, said he, lend me Threescore Crowns, and you Madam Regent, I beseech yee lend me Fourscore; this is only to satisfie my Men, for we must all live by our Callings. This done, you are free to go whether you please, and if you meet with any Straglers, as perhaps you may do, tell the first at the top of the next Hill, that The Moon shines Bright, and the next i'the bottom, that The Kings Vessels by at Barcellona, and then you are out of all danger. For my design is not to injure either Soldiers or Ladies, especially those that are of Quality. The two Captains thus deliver'd out of their Affliction, made him a thousand Congies, return'd him Ten thousand Thanks, and extoll'd his Generosity and Libera

anty

ality to the Skies. The Lady Guiomer would ha' thrown her felf out of her Coach to ha' kis'd his Feet. But Roques prevented her, and withal begg'd her pardon for the wrong he had done her, conftrain'd thereto by his Profession, and the necessity he had to keep such a Crew about him at the Expence of other Peoples Purses. Thereupon the two Captains and Madam Regent paid him down his demands, and the Pilgrims, not hearing of any Mitigation for them, were about to give him their whole Stock; but Roques bid'em stay; and then turning to his Company, Of these hunder'd and forty Crowns, faid he, there comes two a piece to your share: and for the Twenty that remain, give Ten to these Pilgrims, and the other Ten to this honest Squire; that he may have cause to rejoyce at his meeting with this Adventure. And having so done he dismiss'd the Travellers overjoy'd, and admiring the generous Behaviour of the Famous Roques; his Generofity, his noble Mien and deportment, and applauding him to the Stars. But one of the Rovers, not fo well pleas'd with Roques's Liberality: By St. Nicholas, quo he, this Captain of ours would make a better Monk then a Land Pirate: But if he intends for the future to be fo Bountiful, let it be of his own, and not of our Plunder. Roques over hearing him, drew his Sword, and after he had almost cleft his Scull, 'Tis thus, said he, that I chastise such Insolent Rascals that cannot rule their Tongues; nor durst the floutest of the whole number so much as mutter at his punishment, so well he knew to be obey'd and fear'd.

After that, Roques retird a little afide, and wrote to one of his Friends at Barcellona, that he had met with Don Quixote, the famous Kinght-Errant, so much talk'd of over all Spain; that he was a pleasant fort of a Man, Witty and one that knew the World; and that within four days after the Feaft of St. John Baptift, he would bring him into the Publick Piazza of the City, in his Armour Cap-a-pe, mounted upon his lofty Rosmante, and his Squire Sancho upon his Grizzle. Desiring him to give notice of his coming to fuch of his acquaintance that he intended should partake of the Pastime; for that the strange Intermixture of Folly and Sobriety in the Mafter, and the Buffonry of the Squire could not but be acceptable to all the World. Which Letter was carry'd by one of his Men, difguis'd like a Country Carter, and deliver'd according to the Direction.

#### CHAP. IX.

What happen'd to Don Quixote upon his entry into Barcellona, with other Things, that carry more of Truth then Probability.

Hree days did Don Quixote stay with Roques, and every day produc'd new Accidents. They never kept long in the same station, but din'd in one place, supp'd in another; sometimes they fled, not knowing why or wherefore; fometimes they flopt with as little reason, always in a ready Posture, always alarum'd; sometimes fetching a short Nap a Horse-back, fometimes upon the Ground; but so broken and interrupted were their Slumbers, that they hardly deferv'd the name of Repose. Their Spies were every where abroad, and their Sentinels kept continual Watch. And as for Roques himself, he spent the Night at a distance from his Company, who feldom knew where he lay, not daring hardly to confide in himfelf,

and fearing to be betray'd by his own Men; fo feverely was he purfu'd by the Viceroy of Barcellona, who had likewise fer a price upon his Head. But at length Don Quixote, Roques and Sancho, attended by Six of the Jolly Band, croffing the Roads, and taking all the By-ways imaginable, pofted for Barcellona, and got thither by that time twas dark night, upon St. Johns Eve. And thus Roques having brought the Knight to an Inn not far from the Towns end, after many Complements between him and Don Quixote for his Civilities, and a thousand Thanks on Sancho's part for the Ten

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Crowns, return'd back to his Company the same way he came.

And now the fair Aurora began to appear upon the Balconies of the East, fhedding down her Liquid Pearls upon the fragrant Herbs and Flowers; but long she staid not ere the Brighter Sun took place, and fill'd the Northern World with day. What time a pleafing, yet confused noise of Trumpets, Hautboys, Drums and Fifes, and other Warlike Instruments, fill'd both Don Quixote's and Sancho's Ears with Admiration. They lookt about and faw the Sea, which they had never feen before. It feem'd to them to be much more wide and spacious then the River of Mancha. They view'd the Galleys in the Port, and it was a Spectacle extreamly delightful to behold the Jacks, the Pendants and the Ancients sporting in the Wind. The Trumpets fill'd the Air with their melodious Levets; and by and by the Galleys moving, began to counterfeit a Sea Engagement; while the Gentry of the City prancing out of Town upon their pamper'd Courfers, feem'd to manage their Horses to the Motion of the Vessels, that discharg'd their great Guns at the same time, and were as loudly answer'd by the Artillery from the City and Castle. Gladness and Pomp displayd themselves in all their Glory; the Land was jocond, the Air serene, the Ocean calm and fmiling; and nothing interven'd to deprive the Gazing Eye of fuch a lovely Prospect. Sancho admir'd what he beheld; but could not for the Life of him apprehend how the Galleys should have so many Feet, nor what fort of Feet those should be that could so swiftly move those Ponderous Bulks, and it was no lefs pleafant to fee how he ftarted and duck'd his Head every time the Guns went off.

While Sancho was thus in an Extafie, a Troop of Gentlemen richly apparell'd, galloping up to Don Quixote, surrounded him with loud acclamations, and one among the rest (the Person to whom Roques had written) cry'd out, Welcom North-star and Mirrour of Knight-Errantry-Welcom the Great, the Valiant, the Invincible Don Quixote, the true Knight of Mancha, whose Character the Famous Cid Hamet Benengeli, the Flower of Historians has so faithfully deliver d to the World; not that Impostor, that Counterfeit piece of Apocrypha, that has usurp'd his Glorious Name, to au-

thorize his Fables and Impertinencies.

Book IV.

Don Quixote answer'd not a word; neither indeed had he either time or opportunity, they did so ride the Hay about him, so circulate him, and prance so many antick Figures round him in token of joy, that the amaz'd Champion was in a Labyrinth, only turning to Sancho, his only Intimate Acquaintance; Sancho, quo he, these People know me, and I'le venture a Wager, they have read my History, and that of the Arragonian. But then the Gentleman that first accosted him, singling him out; We beseech yee, Sir Don Quixote, to let us have the Honour of your Company --- here are none but your Servants, and the Familiar Friends of Roques Guiniard. If Curtefie, reply'd Don Quixote, begat Curtefie, certainly your Civility should either be the Daughter or near Kinswoman of the famous Roques - Goe where you please, I'le sollow yee through all the World, more especially

Dddd

if you will do me the High honour to employ me in your Service. The Gentleman made him a Complement no less obliging, and no less studied then his own; and then invironing him in the middle between 'em, they took the way to the City, the Trumpets founding and Drums beating before em. But whether or no the Necromancers waited for the Knights entrance, as it was reported they did, certain it is, a couple of unlucky young Bastards, no less unlucky then Necromancers, out of their accustom'd Roguery, made a shift to get through the croud of Horsemen, and thrust a bundle of Netles, one under Rosinantes, and the other under Grizzles Tail. Upon which, the poor Beaft's tormented with those unwonted Stings in their Posteriors, fell a kicking and wincing at such an exasperated rate, that they flung their Riders to the Ground. Don Quixote cursedly asham'd, and damnable Mad, tho he forbore to shew his displeasure, got up agen, and deliver'd Rosinante from his Torment; nor was Sancho less kind to his Grizzle, while the Gentlemen rode after the Miscreants that had occasion'd the disorder, tho to little purpose, for they were soon lost among the rest of the Rabble. So that Don Quixote and Sancho mounting once more, Don Roques's Friend, who was one of the most considerable Persons in Barcellona, carry'd them home to his own House, free from any more difasters; where we must leave 'em for a time, because Benengeli here concludes the Chapter.

#### CHAP. X.

Containing the Adventure of the Enchanted Head, &c.

"HE Name of the Person where Don Quixote lodg'd, was Antonio Moreno, a Wealthy and a Facetious Gentleman, and one that lov'da pleafant and jocular Humour with all his Heart. Who having now Don Quixote in his House, resolv'd to make sport with his Follies, yet so, as to give him no offence, as one who knew that Drollery, was not to exceed its Bounds, and that Affronts was no sport. The first thing therefore that came into his Mind, was to have his Armour off, and to expose him in his Antick Habit in his Balcony, which look'd into one of the Principal Streets of the City; where all the People were got together, like the Boys about an Ape in a Haberdashers Shop. The Gentlemen also rode too and fro before the Windows upon their finical Prancers, and shew'd a hunder'd feats of Activity, as if it had been only for the Knight, and that they had been no ways concern'd for the Festival. Sancho was extreamly pleas'd to fee all this, as one that thought he had met with another Comacho's Wedding; another Diego di Mirandi's House, or another Dukes

That day, there din'd with Don Antonio five or fix of his Priends, who paid a great Respect to Don Quixote, treating him like a Knight-Errant, with fo much Reverence and Ceremony, that Don Quixote was almost asham'd to see himself so highly honour'd. And as for Sancho, he was so full of his Jeasts and Quibbles, that he set not only all the Table a laughing, but all that heard him. Mr. Squire, cry'd Don Antonio, 'tis reported here, that you are such a lover of Capons, and Saucidges, that when you can eat no more you put the rest i' your Breeches against the next Morning. That's not true, reply'd Sancho; I am neither such a Glutton, nor such a Sloven:

Sloven: here's my Master Don Quixote can tell yee, that many times for eight or nine days together we are forc'd to rob the Hogs of their Acorns; and if we get half a dozen Onions, we look upon it as a Feast. But if any one gives me a Cow, I never refuse to fetch a Cord—that is to say, I eat when tis given me, and I take Time by the Forelock; and if any one fays that I am either a Sloven or a Glutton, he does me wrong; and I would give it him in other Language, but for the Worshipful Beards that I see

The Renomned DON QUIXOTE.

571

Book IV.

Certainly, quo Don Quixote, Sancho's cleanliness in eating ought to be engrav'd in Plates of Brass for an example to Posterity. True it is, that when he is a Hungry, he eats a little Greedily, and one bit never stays for another; but for his cleanly eating he was always cry'd up; insomuch that when he was a Governour, he always put his Raisins and Pomegranates to his Mouth with a Silver Fork. How! cry'd Don Antonio, has Mr. Sancho then been a Governour? Yes, Sir, quo Sancho, I have been a Governour, and of an Island, which is call'd Barattaria, with this Mouth that you fee, and all the while I loft my Sleep, my Senses, and wasted my Flesh, and all I got by't, was only that it taught the to contemn all the Governments i' the World for the future; so that I made so much haste to leave it, that I and my Grizzle fell into a deep hole, where we had been starv'd to death had not a Miracle reliev'd us. With that Don Quixote up and told 'em the whole Story of Sancho's Government, to the great satisfaction of all the Company, who had their Belly-fulls of laughter as well as good Chear.

Dinner ended, Don Antonio took Don Quixote by the Hand, and led him into a Chamber, where there was no other Furniture then only a Table that feem'd to be of Jasper, supported by a Pedestal of the same Stone; and underneath the Table stood a Head of seeming Brass, like one of the Roman Emperors Heads from the Breast upward. They walk'd several turns about the Room, and round the Table; after which, quo Don Antonio to Don Quixote, fince we are here in a place where I am fure that no body overhears us, I will tell yee one of the strangest Adventures that ever were known, provided you will lay it up as a Secret, in the remotest Apartment of your Breast. My Oath and Word are both engag'd, reply'd Don Quixote. The Person you speak to has Eyes and Ears, but no Tongue, and tho you should discover to me the very Secrets of your Heart, 'twere all one as to bury them in the Abysses of silence.

Well then, quo Don Antonio, I will tell yee those things that will ravish your Admiration, and deliver me from the trouble I have long been in for

want of a Person with whom I could confide so great a Secret.

This Head that here you see, Sir Quixote, was made by one of the Curningest Necromancers i'the World, a Polonian as I think, and the famous Lescor's Schollar, who is said to have wrought so many Miracles. I kept him for some time here in my House, and for a thousand Crowns that I gave him, he made me this Head, which has that Faculty, that it will answer yee to any Question you shall ask it. He observ'd the Motion of the Stars, their Retrogradations and Ascentions; and just i' the nick of the Constellation brought it to that perfection you shall see to Morrow; for upon Frydays it is always dumb, so that to day 'tis to no purpose to trouble it. Don Quixote, strangely astonish'd at what Don Antonio told him concerning the Head, could hardly be induced to believe it, but in regard the time was fo short before he was to make the Experiment, he said no more, but only return'd his humble Thanks to Don Antonio for entrufting him with a fecret of that Importance. After this they left the Chamber, which Don Antonio Dddd 2

lockt after him, and return'd to the Company, to whom Sancho, 'i the mean time had related a great part of his Mafters Adventures.

Toward Evening they went and took a turn about the City, Don Quixote without his Armour, but wrapt up in a long grey Freeze Cloak, enough to ha' made a Man sweat i' the last hard Frost. Sancho staid behind, the Servants having order to hold him in a Chat, and prevent his following his Master. Nor did Don Quixote, ride his Rosinante, but was mounted upon a large Mule, well equipp'd; and besides, they had pinn'd on his Cloak a large piece of Parchment, by him not tak'n notice of, whereon were written these Words, This is Don Quixote de la Mancha. So that the People reading the Inscription, as he pass'd along, and every one crying, This is Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Champion was amaz'd to hear that every body that faw him should have his Name so ready at their Tongues end, as if the whole City had been of his acquaintance; and turning at the same time to Don Antonio, that rode next him, Certainly, faid he, there must be a hidden and unconceivable Vertue in Knight-Errantry, which has that Prerogative to render its Professours Famous over all the World; for here you see the very Women and Children know me, that never faw me before.

I find it so, Sir Quixote, reply'd Don Antonio: Like Fire that always difcovers it self by its own light, so Vertue has that Lustre, that never fails to display it self; especially that Renown which is acquir'd by the Profession

572

While they were thus upon the Grand Paw, a Castillian, reading the Inscription, cry'd out a loud, The Devil take Don Quixote de la Mancha, is that Cowardly Booby still alive, after so many Cudgellings and Lambastings as have rain'd upon his Bones? All the World knows thee to be a Fool in grain, and if that were all, 'twere no great matter; but thy Folly is contagious, and infects others; witness these deluded Gentlemen that admire thy Extravagancies and pamper thy Whimfies—get thee home with a Murrain, and look after thy House, thy Wife and Childern, and leave playing the Fop and the Vagabond, as thou dost—— Friend, friend, quo Don Antonio, keep your way, and forbear your Advice to those that have no need of your Counsel. The Lord Don Quixote is a prudent Man, and we that accompany him think our selves no Beasts-Valour is a Vertue to be honour'd where ever we meet with it. By St. Christopher you fay true, reply'd the Castillian, A Man that spends his Breath in advising that same Tom a Bedlam, does but bast Flints with Butter. But let me perish and all my Generation, if e're yee catch me advising agen, were I to live the Years of Methusalem, and were begg'd upon the Knee to do it. And so saying the Castillian went his ways, and the Gentlemen continu'd their Procession; but they were so pester'd by the Rabble that crouded to read the Inscription. that Don Antonio was forc'd to take it off.

And now the Night coming on, they return'd to Don Antonio's House, where his Wife, a Lady no less pleasant in her Humour then Beautiful, had invited several of her Friends, to honour her new Guest, and share in the Passime of his Extravagancies. Thus the Room was fill'd with Ladies, and a magnificent Supper entertain'd the Company, and about Ten a Clock at Night they prepar'd for a Great Ball. Among the rest there were two Ladies of a frank and jolly Humour, and Witty withal; who to gratifie the Company, desir'd Don Quixote to lead a dance, and ply'd him so hard, one still taking him out when the t'other had left him, that they made him sweat like a Thrasher, and tyr'd him quite off his Legs. But the pleasure was to fee so strange a Figure tumble about; a long Gaunt, Meager, Sway-backt, Thin-flank'd

Thin-flank'd manner of Man, Red herring Complexion'd, Hollow-ey'd, long Briffly Mustacho's, his Doublet out at Elbows, Seams unript, and as nimble as a Cow in a Cage. The Ladies under pretence of Courtship, frumpr and twitter'd at him without Mercy; and he return'd 'em Wipe for Wipe, but yet so cleverly, that no distaste could be taken on either side. Till at length finding himfelf tormented by their Careffes, Avoid Female Satans, cryd he, cease to disturb me with your Flipperous twittle twattle, Ladies made up of Vanity and Town Humour, for the Peerles Dulcinea del Toboso, sole Queen Regent of my Heart permits me not to be enslav'd to any other; and so saying, he sate himself down upon the Floor in the middle of the Hall, all in a Dew and quite tird with his jumping Exercise. Sancho was the first that attempted to lift him up, and as he lent him his Hand, In good faith, Master of ours, you have shook your Heels most Couragiously—but after all, do you believe the Hero's were Hop Merchants, or that the Knights-Errant of old were snappers of Castanets? If yee do, you are monftroufly deceived. A Man of your Courage should rather be murdring Gyants then dancing of Jiggs \_\_\_\_ tis for Women to jogg

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

and I would ha' taught 'em to play at Leap-frog I warrant 'em; and still if the Ladies have a mind to mould Cockle-bread, have at 'em. This put the Company into fuch a fit of laughter, that Sancho had leisure, with a little Affistance, to get his Master to Bed, where he left him cover'd over Head and

their Tails-you should ha' fent for me when they took yee out to dance,

Ears to fweat out his Distemper.

Book IV.

The next Morning Don Antonio ask'd Don Quixote whether he would be pleas'd to go and discourse the Enchanted Head, and to that purpose he carry'd into the Chamber where it flood the Knight and the Squire, two Genthemen of the City, and the two Ladies that had so jollily exercis'd Don Quixote the Night before. So soon as they were enter'd, Don Antonio lockt the Door, enjoyn'd em Secrefie, and told his Friends the Vertues of the Head, and how it was the first time that ever he had the Opportunity to try the Experiment. Upon that Don Antonio, going up close to the Head, with a low Voice, yet so as he might be heard, Tell me, said he, by that Mysterious Vertue wherewith thou art endu'd, what I think at this present? At the same time, the Head with a clear and distinct utterance, yet never moving the Lips, made answer, I am no Judge of Thoughts. At which the Gentlemen seem'd to be astonish'd; and the Ladies scream'd out right; for there was no body to be feen in the Chamber, and they could plainly perceive that the Voice came directly from the Head. Then, quo Antonio, a fecond time, How many are there of us in the Room? Thou and thy Wife, reply'd the Head, thy two He-Friends and thy two She-Friends, with a certain Famous Knight call'd Don Quixote de la Mancha, and his Squire, one Sancho Pancha. With that their Admiration was greater then before; so that you might have seen 'em sweat for fear. Then Don Antonio retiring, 'tis enough I am convinc'd, faid he, 'twas no Impostor fold thee to me; wife understanding Head, discoursing Head, miraculous and matchless Head. Now as Women are more Curious and eager then other Persons, one of the dancing Ladies ventring up to it, Tell me Head, said she, what must I do to make my felf Amiable: Be prudent and Modest, answer'd the Head. I ha' done questioning, quothe Lady, giving way to her Friend. Who with the same Curiofity, I would know, quo she, whether my Husband loves me or no? Observe his Behaviour toward thee, and that will tell thee, reply'd the Head. 'Twas well answer'd, quo the Lady, for truly a Mans Actions discover the Disposition of his Mind. One of Don Antonio's Friends put the Question

to it, Who am I? To whom the Head, dost not thou know that thy felf? That's not the Question, reply'd the Gentleman, I would be satisfid whether thou knowst who I am? I know thee well, quo the Head, thou art Don Pedro Noriz. 'Tis sufficient, reply'd the Gentleman, I find thou art no Block-head. Then the other Gentleman, taking his turn, Prithee good Head, tell me, What does my Eldest Son think? Have I not faid already, reply'd the Head, that I was no Judge of thoughts? however I will tell thee, thy Eldest Son is thinking how long it will be before he shall bury thee. I believe it, reply'd the Gentleman, what I see with my Eyes I mark with my Finger- 'tis enough. Then Don Antonio's Wife approaching, I would know, quo she, whether I shall live long with my dear Husband or no? Long shalt thou live, quo the Head, for his healthy Constitution and thy Temperance promise long Life, which other People shorten by their Debauchery. Then Don Quixote drawing neer with his accustom'd Gravity, and the Address of one that understood how to Consult an Oracle, tell me, said he, thou Head of a Philosopher, Is it a Truth, or a Dream what I related concerning the Cave of Montelinos? Will Sancho my Squire fulfill his Promife, in giving himself those Lashes, according to his Vows and Protestations? And shall we ever see the Peerless Dulcinea Difinchanted? As for what concerns the Cave reply'd the Head, we have many things to fay; 'tis partly True, and partly a Dream: Sancho will in time be as good as his Word, and Dulcinea will be at Liberty, That's all I desire to know, quo Don Quixote, for could I once but see fair Dulcinea Disinchanted, assur'd Success would then attend me in all my Adventures. Then Sancho, bringing up the Rear, tell me, faid he Renowned Head, whether I shall ever have another Government or no? Will it ever be my Fate to quit this miserable Trade of Squire-Erranting? Or must I ever see my Wife and Childern agen? To whom the. Head, Thou mai'st Govern thy own House when thou resurnst home; and thou shalt see thy Wife and Children if they be there; and when thou leav's off serving thou shalt be no longer a Squire. The Devil take thee for a Dunderhead, quo Sancho, what need I ha' come to a Sorcerer, to tell me what I knew before? Well Brute, quo Don Quixote, and what wouldst thou have had him told thee? Is't not enough that the Answers which the Head gives thee are pertinent to thy Questions? Nay, quo Sancho, fince you will have it so it shall be so yet I would ha' been better satisfy'd, would Monsieur, Head ha' been pleas'd to ha' told me a little more of his Mindbut I find vour Brazen Heads are very reserv'd.

These were the Questions propos'd, and the several Answers made by the Enchanted Head, to the great Admiration of all, but only two of Don Antonio's Friends, who were privy to the Mystery. But Benengeli, touch'd in Conscience, thought it his Duty to unfold it, fearing left the Reader should think him a Confederate with Fryer Bacon; and therefore he tells us, how that Don Antonio being a Person of great Curiosity, caus'd this Head to be made in Imitation of one that he had feen at Madrid, to make himself sport with the Superfittion of other People. That the Table together with the Pedestal upon which it stood, resembling at the bottom four-Eagles Claws, was of Wood painted with feveral Colours like Jasper. That the Pedestal was likewise hollow, through which there descended. two Pipes from the Mouth and Ears of the Head, which was hollow alfo, and colour'd over like Brass, into the Room underneath, where he that was the Oracle laid his Ear to one Pipe to liften, and deliver'd his Answers through the other. And moreover that a Nephew of Don Antonio's, a Witty young Gentleman, having his Instructions before hand from his: Uncle

Uncle, who was the Pythian Priest. Moreover Cid Hamet reports, that this speaking Head return'd Answers to all manner of Questions for Fifteen days together, but that at length the noise of the Miracle made such a terrible Combustion in the City, that Don Antonio fearing to be had up in the Inquisition, was forc'd to go and discover the Truth himself to the Fathers; who order'd him to break it in pieces, before the Imposture had penetrated too deep into Vulgar belief.

Book IV.

But for all that Don Quixote and Sancho were fully confirm'd that it was an Enchanted Head, tho true it is, that the Knight was much better farisfi'd with his Answer then the Squire. Soon after, Don Quixote had a great defire to view the City, but afoot and Incognito, because he would not be troubl'd any more with the Rabble; and to that purpose he walk'd forth attended only by Sancho and two of Don Antonio's Servants. Now it happen'd, that as he was going up and down, he spy'd written over a Door in Great Letters these Words, HERE IS A PRINTING-HOUSE. This was an accident that overjoy'd him, and therefore to fatisfie his Curiofity. in he went with his Train to fee an Art which he had never feen before. There he saw some picking of Letters out of the Cases; others correcting the Forms; and others working at the Press: and after he had diligently enquir'd what this was for, and what that was for; at length approaching to a Compositor, he askt him what 'twas He was doing? Sir, said the Compositor (shewing a good Comely Person, with a serious Air in his Face) that Gentleman has Translated a Book out of Italian into Spanish, and I am preparing it for the Press. Pray what may be the Title of the Book? quo Don Quixote. The Title of it, Sir, quo the Author, is Toys and Trifles --- but tho the Title seem to promise little, the Matter which it contains is both ferious and useful. I pretend to understand a little Italian, answer'd Don Quixote, and have read Ariosto several times—But pray, Sir, without any offence, did you never meet with fuch a Word in Italian as Pignatta! Frequently, Sir, reply'd the Author, you meet with it often in Ruini's Receites. Very good, quo Don Quixote, how would you Translate that Word into Spanilb? I would render it a Pipkin, quo the Author, for 'tis its proper Signification. 'Tis very Right. quo Don Quixote, I find y'are a Master of the Language; but I sear me the World does not do yee Justice --- How many Men quite lose their Talents! how many sparkling Wits are buried in Oblivion for want of their Merits being known! But I befeech yee one word more, Sir; do yee print this Book at your own Charges, or does any Bookfeller pay yee for your Copy. Why truly, Sir, I do print it at my own Cost; for your Booksellers are so niggardly, that 'tis hardly worth the Toyl of labouring only to promote their Gains—and therefore as I faid before I print this Book at my own Expences, paying for Paper and Print, and I hope to get a hunder'd Pound clear by the first Impression. Oh, Friend, quo Don Quixote, I'me afraid you'l come short of your Reck'ning, you don't understand the Cunning of Bookfellers-they'l ftifle your Book, cry it down, and give the Author an ill Name, as the Cobler did his Dog; and what will yee do then? Lord-Sir, quo the Author, what would yee ha' me ha' done? --- fhould I ha' gone and offer'd it a Bookfeller, he would ha' given me the tenth part of what twas worth, and thought he had done me a great Kindness too - I seek my own Profit, which is better then Reputation. Then turning to another Place, he saw a Man Correcting a Page of a Book call'd the Light of the Soul \_\_\_ Ay, quo Don Quixote, these are the Books that ought to be printed - for the there be Legions of this fort, yet the Number of Sinners

is so Infinite, that there can never be too much Light for People so much in the Dark. So passing on a little farther, he found another correcting a Book, of which when he ask'd the Title, they told him 'twas The Second Part of the most Ingeniouus Don Quixote de la Mancha, Compos d by a Native of Tordefillas - How! quo Don Quixote; I know this Book certainly - and I had thought the Fellow that made it had been burnt by this time for an Impostor—but if he ben't already, his time will come—the World will certainly be convined at length of fo many Impertinences, that have neither probablility nor Coherence; and fo faying he flung out of the Printing-house in a huff, banking the Officious Workmen of their expected Two Dozen at least, and was curst with Bell Book and Candle by the whole Chappel.

The next day Don Antonio would needs shew Don Quixote the Galleys in the Road; which was a great Consolation to Sancho, who had never feen fuch a fight in his Life. To which purpose Don Antonio gave notice of his Intention to the Admiral, who had already heard of the Knight, and was no less desirous to see him. Of which you shall hear more i' the next

Chapter.

576

#### CHAP. XI.

What befel Sancho going aboard the Galleys, and of the Adventure of the Beautiful Mooress.

Mmediately after Dinner, Don Antonio, his two Friends, Don Quixote and Sancho went to fee the Galleys, and no sooner had they made their appearance upon the Key, but the Admiral sent his Long-boat ashore spread with Turky-Carpets, and furnish'd with Crimson Velvet Cushions to fetch them aboard. By and by the Great Guns roar'd out their Salutations to Don Quixote from the Admiral Galley, which were answer'd by the Cannon from all the Rest: and Don Quixote being enter'd the Vessel, was presently faluted with three loud Hou, Hou, Hou's, according to the Custom of the whole Chiurm of Slaves and Seamen. The Admiral, who was a Knight of Valence, and a Person of great Quality, gave him his Hand, and embracing him, This day, faid he, will I fignalize particularly with a white Stone, as one of the happiest of my Life, since I have the honour now to fee My Lord Don Quixote, whose Valour comprehends within it self all the Glory of Knight-Errantry. Nor was Don Quixote behind hand with him, but made him a Return of his Civility, answerable to his Dignity; overjoy'd to see himself so treated like a Grandee of the Kingdom. Presently they both went into the Great Cabbin, which was decently adorn'd; where both they and the rest of the Company took their Places. At the fame time the Master went upon the Deck, and gave a Whistle, upon which all the Slaves immediately unstript. Sancho was scar'd to see so many Fellows i' their naked Skins, but much more when he faw 'em fet up the Pavillions with fo much swiftness, as if they had been so many Devils fet at work. But this was not all, for as Sancho was fitting under the Main-Mast neer the Head-Rower on the Right Hand, the Galley-Slave, instructed what he had to do, took him up in his Arms, and lifting him up above his Shoulders, all the Rest of the Rakehells toss'd and handed him

one to another, as they do Fagots out of a Lighter, with fuch a fwift and strenuous Motion, that poor Sancho lost the very fight of his Eyes, and as giddy as a Goose, thought himself now in the Paws of all the Internal Hobgoblins, going the long Journey of the Wicked: which done, they fet him again upon the Deck, fweating like a Bell-founder, panting and heaving and all out of Order both in Body and Mind. Thereupon Doza Quixore troubl'd to fee his Squire playing Christmas Gambols i' the Air; he askt whether that were a Ceremony us'd to welcom those that had never been upon a Galley before? for if it were, he had no intention to shew Tricks, nor would he be so initiated into Naval Society - fwearing by his Maker, that if they offer'd to touch him he would Kick their Souls out of their Bodies, and at the same time, starting up, he laid his Hand upon the Hilt of his Sword.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

By and by, down came the Main-Yard and Main Sail, making a most hideous noise; so that Sancho thought the Skie had been falling, and frighted out of his Wits, thrust his Head between his Legs to save the principal part. To tell yee the Truth, Don Quixote himself was but in a stinking Condition, his Heart fail'd him, and what was Miraculous, you might discern a Paleness in his Bacon Face. At the same time the Slaves hois'd up the Main-Yard and Main-Sail agen, with the same prodigious rattling and swiftness as before it fell. Presently the Master gave the Word to weigh Anchor, and bestirr'd his Bulls Pizzle so dextrously, that the Galley began to move in a Trice. But when Sancho faw fo many colour'd Feet, for he took the Oares for such; Passion o' my Heart, quo he, here are Inchantments in-deed, my Master's are Trisses to these. But what have these poor wretches done to be so miserably flawd? ---- How dares that same Whistling Rascal abuse so many lufty Fellows, being but One to Forty -? By Guds Liggers, if this ben't Hell, I am fure we are not far from it, and so it must be Purgatory. Don Quixote perceiving how earnestly Sancho's Eyes were six'd upon these wonderful Objects, My dear Friend, quo he, now's thy time, here's a fair Opportunity presents it felf, if thou wouldst but go and strip thy felf to the Waste, and take a Score or Two Stripes among those honest Rowers, thou mightst come off at a cheap rate with thy Penance for Dulcinea's difinchantment. For one Score of the Masters Lashes would be worth Four of thy own; besides, the Consolation of suffering with others. Which the Admiral over-hearing, would needs know the meaning of Sancho's Whipping, and Dulcinea's Enchantment; but he was prevented in the fatisfaction which he desir'd, by the Sentinel at the Top Mast-Head, who cry'd out at the same time a Sail, a Sail, to the West. With that the Admiral leaping upon the Coursey, Cou rage, Boys, all hands to work, let her not scape Us, she is a Corfaire of Argier I warrant her. Presently the other Galleys made up to receive Orders from the Admiral, who Commanded two of the Nimblest to make out to Sea, and get the Windward of the Prize, while he crept along the Coast to prevent her running a-shore.

Scarce had the two Galleys made above two Leagues, but they discover'd the Brigantine, being a Vessel of about Fourteen Oares; which no fooner perceiv'd the Galleys, but she made all the Sail and labour'd all she could to get away; but in vain, for the Admiral Galley prefently fetch'd her up; and the Master of the Brigantine seeing his danger, was willing to have yielded; but so it happen'd, that two drunken Turkish Seamen at the same time discharg'd a couple of Muskets from the Wast-cloaths, and kill'd two of the Admirals Soldiers that stood upon the Wale of the Galley; which fo provok'd the Admiral, that he fwore he would hang 'em up at

57<sup>8</sup>

the Yards Arm every Mothers Son; and with that he lai'd the Brigantine. aboard, and took her, with all that were in her. Which done, the Galleys return'd into Harbour with their Prize. The Admiral came to an Anchor not far from the Land, where the People flood waiting to know what Ecoty they had got; and understanding that the Vice-Roy was a-shore, he launch'd out his Long boat to fetch him aboard. In the mean while the Admiral fending for the Prisoners, demanded who was the Master? To whom one of the Slaves, who was afterwards known to be a Spanish Renegado, This was our Master, quo he, pointing to, a young Man of about Twenty years of Age, but Beautiful to Admiration. Yee Dog you, cry'd the Admiral, what was in your Mind to kill two of my Men, after yee had ftrook? The Master was about to have reply'd, when the Admiral lest him to receive the Vice-Roy, who was just coming aboard with several other Persons of Quality. What Chear, Admiral, quo the Vice-Roy, ha yee had a Lucky Chace? — So lucky, reply'd the Admiral, that your Excellency shall see me hang up the best of the Purchase immediately at the Yards-Arm. How so? quo the Vice-Roy. Because they kill'd two of my best Soldiers, contrary to the Custom of the Sea, after they had loard in token of surrender; for which I swore I would hang up all that were in the Brigantine, especially this Hair-braind Fellow the Master. But the Viceroy casting his Eye upon him began to pity his Condition: His Beauty, his Youth, and a certain Air of Modesty in his Countenance, seem'd to beg Compassion, so that he resolv'd to save his Life. Master, said the Vice Roy, art thou a Turk, a Moor, or a Renegado? Neither of the three, reply the Master. What art then? reply'd the Vice-Roy; I am a Virgin and a Christian. A Virgin and a Christian, quo the Vice Roy, in that Habit and that Employment! 'tis a thing to be rather admir'd then believ'd. Sufpend a moment the Sentence of my Execution, reply'd the Mafter, nd you shall hear the Story of my Life; for the Delay of your Revenge shall be but very short. Live then, cry'd the Admiral, very surlily, till the end

Gentlemen, said the young Marriner, I am the Daughter of Parents that were both Moors, and born in Spain among those unhappy and imprudent People, upon whom so many Misfortunes have lately fallen. In the hight of our Calamity two of my Uncles carry'd me into Barbary, for my averring my self a Christian would not procure my stay. My Mother was a Chriftian and my Father profess'd himself so to be: So that I suckt in the true Catholick Religion with my Milk, neither did I ever in word or deed testifie any Inclination to the contrary. I must needs say my Parents kept me retird from the World, but notwithstanding all their prudent Severity, the report of that little Beauty I had, gain'd me the Affection of a young Gentleman, by name Don Gaspar Gregorio, Eldest Son of a Knight that liv'd in the same Village; who having notice of my Banishment resolv'd to follow me, and intermixing himself among the Moors in our Company during the Voyage, he at length infinuated himself into the Acquaintance of both my Uncles (for my Father having buried the Treasure which he had, was gone to find us out a quieter Habitation in some other Country) and so it happen'd, that the first place where we landed in Barbary was Arvier: Where the King understanding that I was very Beautiful and no less Wealthy, sent for me, and ask'd me what part of Spain I was born in, and what store of Money and Jewels I had brought along with me? I gave him an accompt of the Place of my Nativity, but for my Wealth, I told him I had left it behind me buried in the Earth; yet so as I could easily recover it, if I might be permitted to go my felf.

But in the midst of these and several other Questions of this Nature. another Sycophant came in, and gave him Information of a young Man that was one of our Company, the goodlieft and most graceful Person that ever was feen. I was prefently fensible 'twas Don Gaspar that was spoken of; and knowing him to be no less lovely then he was describ'd, I was extreamly concern'd for him, as one that had heard much talk of the bestial Temper of those People.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Presently he gave command that the young Man should be sent for, and in the mean time he ask'd me whether the Information were true, that had been giv'n him? To which, as if I had been fuddenly inspir'd, I made answer that she was a Virgin as I was, and therefore belought his Majesty that I might have leave to go and dress her, that her Beauty might appear

in its natural Colours.

Book IV.

The King was pleas'd to grant me my Request, and told me withal, that he would confider of a way how I might return into Spain, and retrieve my hidden Treasure. Thereupon I went to Don Gaspar, told him the danger of his being discover'd; and after I had dreft him up in Moorish Habit. I carry'd him that Evening to the Prince, who was so taken with the Charms of his Beauty, that he order'd him to be referv'd as a Prefent for the Grand Signior; and the better to fecure him, order'd him to be shut up in his Womens Serraglio. And fearing the Sollicitations of his own defires, gave him in charge to one of the Principal Ladies of the City, with a strict Injunction to be careful of him, and to be answerable for his forthcoming. This was the last time I saw him; tho how impatiently I brook'd the forrow of fuch a separation, I leave you to judg.

The next day, by the Kings Order, I fet Sail for Spain in this Brigantine. accompany'd with the two Turkish Soldiers that kill'd your Men; and this same Spanish Renegado, who is a Christian in his Heart, and has a greater defire to return to Spain then to live in Barbary. The rest of the Chiurm are all Moors and Turks that tug at the Oar. And as for these two Covetous and Infolent Turks, they were the only Perfons, who contrary to their Orders, which were to fet me ashore upon the first Spanish Ground they should discover, would needs be cruizing after Booty. The last Night we discover'd this Coast, and knowing nothing of your Galleys that lay so neer,

we were our felves discover'd and fell into your Hands.

All this while Don Gaspar remains in Womens Habit among Women, and every Hour in danger of his Life. So that for my part, I know not whether I have any just cause to complain of the Condition to which my Misfortune has reduc'd me; for I am so weary of my Life, that I little regard the losing of it: Only I beg this Favour, Gentlemen, that you will permit me to dye a Christian, as I have always profess'd to be. And thus concluding, the let fall a thoure of Tears, that melted the most Stony Hearts of all that were present; insomuch that the Vice-Roy more touch'd with Compassion then any of the Rest, went and unbound her Hands

Now all the while that the fair Mariner was telling her Story, there was in the Galley an ancient Pilgrim, who came aboard with the Vice-Roys Attendants, and kept his Eye still fix'd upon the Damsel. But no fooner had she made an end, but he threw himself at her Feet, and bathing 'em with his Tears, with a languishing Voice, interrupted with fighs and fobs, Ah, Anna Felix, cry'd he, my dear and entirely beloved Daughter, know'ft thou not Ricot thy Father? At the name of Ricot. Sancho who was ruminating upon the Affront which he had receiv'd from the Eeee 2 Slaves

Slaves, look'd up, and staring the Pilgrim in the Face, knew him again to be the same Ricot that he had met upon the Road the same day that he lest his Government, and then feriously surveying the Damsel he knew her to be Ricots Daughter.

But then Ricot addressing himself to the Vice-Roy and to the Admiral. My Lords, said he, this is my Daughter, more unfortunate in what has befallen her then in her name. Her name is Anna Felix Ricot, well known for her Beauty and her Fathers Wealth. For her sake I departed out of Spain. to feek, among strangers, a quiet Habitation. Which after I had found in German, I return'd hither in this Habit with other Pilgrims, in fearch of my Daughter, and to recover a certain parcel of Gold, and fome other odd Treasure which I had buried in the Earth. I found my hidden Wealth. but fought my Daughter in vain, till now by this fame ftrange and unexpected Accident I met her here, the only Treasure which I value above all the Riches in the World. If then our Innocency, her Tears and mine are capable to move your Compassion, have pity upon two unfortunate Wretches, that never offended either your Honours in particular, or ever harbour'd evil thought against the Publick Government.

Then Sancho taking his Turn, I know Ricot, quo he, as well as the Begger knows his Dish; and as far as a Man may be certain of such a thing. I'le engage that Anna Felix is his Daughter too; but for his Goings out, or Comings in; his good or bad Intentions, I ha' nothing to fay to them:

I am not hear to be Bail for his good Behaviour.

Such a Concourse of surprizing Accidents astonish'd all the Company, so that the Admiral turning to the fair Captive with a Countenance more serene then before, Your Tears, faid he, have wrought Effectually; live lovely Anna Felix, live in peace a happy and a long Life, and let those Hair-brain'd Slaves, whose Folly thus endanger'd your destruction, bear the Punishment of their Imprudence. And so saying he commanded the Two Turks to be forthwith hang'd up at the Yards-Arm. But the Vice-Roy begg'd their Lives with 10 much importunity, that the Admiral gratify'd the Vice-Roys request, considering beside the poorness of Revenge in cold Blood.

Then they began to consider which was the safest way to retrieve Don Gaspar from the Danger he was in, to which purpose Ricot offer'd to pav for his ransome Two thousand Ducats which he had about him in Iewels. Whereupon the Spanish Renegado proffer'd to return to Argier, in a small Bark furnish'd with Christian Rowers; as one that well understood when and where to land, and more then that, was well acquainted with the House where Gregorio was in Custody. The Admiral and the Vice-Roy were somewhat scrupulous at first to trust a Renegado, till Anna Felix undertook for him, and Ricot engag'd to pay the Ransom of all the Christians if they were taken by the Turks. So that all things being thus concluded, the Vice Roy took leave of the Admiral; and Don Antonio Moreno carry'd Anna Felix and Ricot home to his own House.

# CHAP. XII.

Containing that unlucky Adventure which Don Quixote lay'd most to his Heart of any that ever befel him.

ON Antonio's Wife was so overjoy'd to have Anna Felix for her Guest. that she receiv'd and entertain'd her with all the Caresses imaginable; and so attractive were the Charms of her Beauty and Wit, that she was vi-

fited by all the most considerable Persons in the City.

The same Evening Don Quixote told Don Antonio, that their Contrivance for the Releasement of Don Gaspar, no way pleas'd him; as being full of danger, and little or no probability of Success: And that therefore the safer and surer way would be for him to cross over into Barbary himself with his Horse and Arms; where he would undertake to rescue Don Gafpar out of Captivity in despite of all the Moors that should oppose him; as Don Gayferos had formerly rescu'd his Wife, the fair Melisandra.

Very right, Sir, quo Sancho, but you forget that when Don Gayferos rescu'd his Wife, 'twas upon the firm Land, and he carry'd her over the firm dry Land into France; but now in this Case, suppose we should deliver Don Gaspar, how the Devil shall we bring him into Spain, since the Sea's in the middle between us. There's a cure for all things but Death, reply'd Don Quixote: Let a Bark be but moor'd to the Shore, and then let us alone to take Shipping, mauger all the Saracens in Barbary. This is eafily faid, quo Sancho, but saying and doing are two things; and therefore I am for trusting the Renegado, who understands his Business better then a thousand Knight-Errants, and I dare say the Rogue will be honest. Don Antonio reply'd, that if the Renegado fail'd, that then they would have recourse to the Valour of the famous Don Quixote. Thereupon the Renegado was dispatch'd away within two days after, and the Admiral fet Sail with all his

Galleys for the Levant. Now it happen'd one Morning that Don Quixote being rid to take a walk upon the Sea Shore, arm'd at all points, his Arms as he faid, being all his Bodily Ornament, as Combat was his only Rest, he beheld at a Distance stalking toward him another Knight, arm'd like himself from head to foot, with a Shield on which a Glittering Moon was blazon'd in her proper Colours. This Knight approaching neer, and addressing himsel to Don Quixote, Illustrious Knight, cry'd he, with a loud Voice, most Valiant Don Quixote de la Mancha, I am the Knight of the White Moon, whose incredible Atchievments, no doubt ere this, have reach'd thy Ears. My business here is, in fair and equal Combat to prove which is the stronger thou or I, and to make thee acknowledg that my Lady, let her be who she will, is incomparably more Amiable, more Discreet, and better Descended then thy Dulcinea del Toboso. Now if thou wilt freely and without any more ado confess this Truth, thou shun'st assured Death, and freest me from the trouble of reducing thee to Reason. Otherwise, I demand no more, after thou art fairly vanquish'd, but that thou lay aside thy Arms, and forbear rambling in search of any more Adventures for one whole Year. Moreover, that thou shalt return home and live a fober and quiet Life, to the improvement of thy Estate and the Salvation of thy Soul. On the other side, if it be my fortune to be overcome, my Head is at thy Discretion; I bequeath thee my Horse and my Arms, and the Reputation of having vanquish'd the most Re-

Part IL

nowned Knight alive. Confider what thou haft to do, and let thy Answer be quick; for I have but this day to determine this Affair.

Don Quixote amaz'd at the insolence of the Knight of the White Moon. and the subject of his Challenge, with a proud and furly Air, Sir Knight of the White Moon, quo he, of whose Exploits I never herad a Title vet. I dare swear, thou never sawst th' Illustrious Dulcinea, for hadst thou seen her once, thou nere wou'dst thus expose thy self to the hazard of doubtful Combat, to justifie fo great a Falshood. And therefore without giving thee the Lye, I only tell thee, Knight, thou art deceiv'd, and I accept thy Challenge upon the Conditions propos'd. However, take notice that I accept these Conditions barely upon your Word, without examination what your Atchievements are, which otherwise I ought to make enquiry after. For I know my own reputation, and am contented with it. Go then, and choose your Ground, as I intend to do: and let the Success declare which of us two best knows to handle a Lance.

While the two Knights were thus jowring together, the Knight of the White Moon was discover'd from the City, and the Vice-Roy was inform'd that the Knight of the White Moon had been parlying with Don Quisote; fo that he took Horse, and accompany'd by Don Antonio, and some other Gentlemen of the City, arriv'd at the place, just as Don Quixote was preparing to make choice of the flarting Place. But when they were both ready, he rode in between 'em, and demanded the Reason of their Quarrel, that had fet 'em so suddenly together by the Ears. To whom the Knight of the Moon made answer, that it was about precedency of Beauty, repeating in short some part of the words that had past between him and Don Quinote, and the Conditions of the Challenge. Thereupon the Vice Roy riding up to Don Antonio, ask'd him in his Ear, whether he knew the Knight of the White Moon, or whether it were not some Trick designedly put upon Don Quixote. Don Antonio made answer, that he knew nothing of the Business; which put the Vice Roy into a kind of Dilemma whether he should fuffer the Combatants to proceed,—but at length believing it could be nothing but some jocular Contrivance of the Gentry there present; Sir Knights, quo he, if it be so that there be no Remedy, no Medium but Death or Confession, while my Lord Don Quixote says 'tis Thirteen, and the Knight of the White Moon will have it Fifteen, the Field is free, and so God bless vee.

The Knight of the Moon return'd the Vice-Roy thanks in most obliging Terms for his Civility; nor was Don Quixote behind hand with his Complements, and then recommending himself to God and his Lady Dulcinea, according to his usual Custom, he took a little more Ground then he had done before, observing his Adversary to do the like; and so without either Trumpet or any other Warlike Instrument to give the Signal, away they flew as swift as Rockets to meet each other at the Gates of Death. But the Knight of the White Moon was mounted upon a Courser that had much the better Heels, and was far stronger then Rosinante; so that having rode three parts of the Career himself, without making use of his Lance, which 'tis thought he carry'd upright on purpose, he brusht by Don Quixote with that Violence, that he overthrew both Horse and Man to the Ground, and both in a very bad Condition. With that the Knight of the White Moon whip'd of his Horse, and putting the Point of his Lance to Don Quixotes Vizor, You are vanquish'd, Sir Knight, quo he, and your Life is at an end, unless you perform the Conditions of the Combat. Don Quixote stunn'd and bruis'd with his fall, and unable to lift up the Vizor of his Helmet.

The Renowned Don QuixotE. Book IV.

Helmet, with a feeble and languishing Voice, as if he had spoken out of a Sepulcher, Dulcinea del Toboso, faid he, is the fairest Person in the World, and I the most unfortunate Knight that breaths upon the Earth; nor is it just that my Missortune should belye a Truth so generally known. Thrust home thy Lance, Sir Knight, and take away my Life, fince thou hall thus

depriv'd me of my Honour.

No, no-reply'd the Knight of the White Moon, let Madam Dulvinea del Toboso's Beauty remain in its perfection; for my part I am satisfy'd, provided Don Quixote return in Peace to his own Habitation according to our Covenants before the Combat. The Vice Roy, Don Antonio, and feveral others were Witnesses to all these Passages; and heard moreover Don Quixote's answer to the Victor, which was, that provided he demanded nothing prejudicial to the Honour and Interest of Dulcinea, he would upon the Faith of a true Knight accomplish punctually what ever else he requird. With which the Knight of the White Moon being fully fatisfy'd, he turn'd about his Horse, and saluting the Vice Roy, gallopp'd back to

After this, they lifted up Don Quixote upon his Bum, and unlacing his Helmet, they found him pale, dejected, in a cold fweat, and almost ready to breath out his Soul. As for Rossnante, he was in so sad a plight, that they were forc'd to let him lye at his ease. And Sancho coming in at the latter end of the Fray, equally pensive and astonish'd, knew neither what to think nor what to do; he look'd upon his Master as vanquish'd in the face of the World, and for a whole Twelvemonth engag'd to lay afide his Arms, in which time the Glory of all his Famous Exploits would be buri'd in utter Oblivion. On the other side he consider'd all his own expectations vanish'd into Smoak; he bemoan'd poor Rosinante, now believing him certainly crippled and condemn'd to a Dust-Cart all the Remainder of his days: and wish'd his Master in some good Hospital for the Cure of his broken Bones.

At length the Vice Roy fent for an Elbow Chair and two or three Pillows, and having accommodated the unfortunate Don Quixote to his ease, he order'd him to be carry'd, like a Labourer fallen from the top of a House, back to the City, whether he made hafte before, to know who this same

Knight of the White Moon should be.

### CHAP. XIII.

Who the Knight of the White Moon was; and of the News of Don Gregorio's Liberty, and several other Adventures.

ON Antonio Moreno made haste after the Knight of the White Moon, who was likewise attended by a Train of Harlotrie Boys, that never for fook him till they faw him lodg'd in a House. Into which Don Antonio entring soon after, found him in a lower Room, where his Squire was helping him off with his Arms; where after he had faluted him, he stai'd till he might have an Opportunity to discourse him farther. But the Knight perceiving that Don Antonio was resolved to stay by him, I know, Sir, very well, said he, what 'tis that brings you hither; you would fain understand who I am, and therefore not to stand upon Nicetics and Punctilio's

Punctilio's I'le tell yee the whole Truth, fo foon as I have got off my Armour.

Know then, Sir, that my Name is Sampson Carrasco, the Schollar, an Inhabitant in the same Village where Don Quixote lives. And the Folly and Extravagancy of this Gentleman, pity'd by all that are acquainted with his Humour, bred in me the same Compassion for him which others had; fo that being convinc'd that the Cure of his Distemper depended upon his Living peaceably and quietly at home, I thought upon this Project to recover him back. To this purpose, about three Months since I trac'd him in all the Equipage of a Knight-Errant, under the Title of the Knight of the Looking-Glasses, with a purpose to fight, but not hurt him, and nere doubting but to vanquish him, I made the Conditions of our Combat the same as now. But Fortune order'd it otherwise; for that time he prov'd the Victor, and I was forc'd to quit my delign. Don Quixote rode away Triumphant, and I return'd home well fquelch'd and in danger of my Life. However, I had still that Kindness for him, that I was resolved to have t'other bout with him, which has now fucceeded. For his exactness in observing inviolably the Laws of Knight-Exrantry, is such, that I am fure he will as foon break his own Neck as the Conditions of this Combat, especially after his Oath given me for his performance. This is, Sir, the fum of what you defire to know, and I befeech yee that Don Quixote may not have the least inckling of my defign, for fear I should lose the Fruit of my Care and Trouble, which I have thus far undergone to recover this poor Gentleman's understanding, exquisite in all other things, but only craz'd and intoxicated with the Extravagancies of Knight-Errantry. Oh, Sir, reply'd Don Antonio, I can never pardon you the Injury you ha' done to all the World, in Robbing us of the most pleasant Fool that ever was known. You never consider'd, that ail the Benefit we can expect from Don Quixote's serious parts, can never equal the Delight which we take in his Follies: Not but that I am affur'd that all your Pains and Industry are already mispent; for tis impossible to work an absolute Cure upon that Perfon who has lost his Sences. But because, if it were not a Sin against Charity, I could wish that Don Quixote might nere be cur'd, in regard the Loss of his conceited Frenzies, deprives us at the same time of Sancho's Drolleries also; two such Cordials against Melancholy as are not to be had in any Potecaries Shop.

However, I promise yee not to speak a word, tho it be only to trye which of us two are foundest in our Conjectures. Thus after some Complements past between em, Don Antonio lest the Knight of the White Moon, who having packt up his Armour, and ty'd it upon his War-Horse, took the Road for his own Village, where he safely arriv'd in a short time. Presently after his departure, Don Antonio went and gave an Accompt of the Discourse which he had had with the unknown Knight to the Vice Roy, who feem'd not a little troubl'd, that the World was to be so suddenly de-

privd of fuch a pleafant Humourist.

Six days did Don Quixote keep his Bed, very much bruis'd and disorder'd by his fall, but much more discompos'd in Mind to see himself vanquish'd and his Honour lai'd i' the Dust. Sancho however attended him all the while, endeavouring to affwage his grief the best he could; and to that purpose, among other things, Pluck up a good Heart, Sir, faid he, and thank God that none of your Brains dropt out with the fall, and that you broke neither Neck nor Ribs—— They that will be giving and taking, must take as well as give— Harm watch; and harm catch— However; Better

Book IV. The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

Better my Hog durty home then no Hog at all— We must not think to find Baton always where we fee the Hooks— They that sow Thistles reap Thorns: Tis well'tis no worfe \_\_\_ And a Fig for the Surgeon, cry I, when we have no need of his Plaister Boxes And now, faith, Master take a Fools Counsel for once: fince y' have had this fair scape, let's ee'n return Genteelly home agen, and leave these idle rambles among Hectors and Swash bucklers, that give us Roast-meat and beat us with the Spit-Tho all this while I speak against my own Interest. for when y' have said all, 'tis I am the loser, tho you get the Knocks and the Bangs. When I quitted my Government, 'tis true I lai'd aside all thoughts of ever being a Governour more, but not of being a Count; which fince I nere can be, because I find you nere can be a King, if you leave off Knight-Erranting; why let it go, and farewel Frost, quo 1.

Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, nere despair \_\_\_ a Years retirement signifies little which once expir'd, no Man can hinder us from returning to the honourable Exercise of Arms, and then I make no Question but to find Kingdoms to conquer, and Earldoms to beflow upon thee. Oh-cry'd Sancho, A blind Man would be glad to fee't --- But hope well and have well,

quo Hickwel.

As they two were thus discoursing Don Antonio enter'd the Chamber, and with a finiling Countenance, cry'd out to Don Quixote, good Tydings, Sir Quixote, good Tydings, Don Gregorie and the Renegado are fafe arriv'd, and now at the Vice Roys Palace; and both defign a speedy Visit to the Noble Knight of Mancha, I am glad to hear it, reply'd Don Quixote, with a careless Delivery; but I could have wish'd the design had miscarry'd, that I might have pass'd my felf into Barbary; where by the strength of my Arm, I might have had the satisfaction not only to have purchas'd the Freedom of Don Gregorie, but of all the Christian Captives in that Pagan Country. But what is that I fay? unfortunate Wretch as I am, continu'd he; am not I that Coward that suffer'd himself to be Winepress'd? that luckless Son of Infamy that was lai'd fprawling upon the cold Earth! and for a whole year confin'd to lay afide his Arms? What do I Rodomontado thus for, that am more fit to handle a Distaff then a Sword and

Paffion o' my Heart, quo Sancho, interrupting him, pray leave your puling, Sir—you kill me wi' your whining—as if the Pullet could not live because sh' has got the Pip—To day 'tis thy Turn, to morrow' tis mine—There's no heed to be taken to fuch Encounters and Lambaftings as these \_\_\_ to day a Mouse, to morrow a Man \_\_\_ there's a poor Soul indeed! despair and dye for a Cudgelling! ——Fie—fie—get up— Master get up—— and be ready to meet Don Gregorie, I believe he's i' the House alrea-

dy, by the noise I hear below Stairs. Twas true as Sancho said. For Don Gregorie, so soon as he had kiss'd the Vice-Roys Hands, nere stai'd to shift his Habit of a Slave, but impatient to fee Madam Anna, made haste to Don Antonio's House; where he became the wonder of all that view'd him, fo furprizing was his Beauty at the Age of Eighteen or Nineteen years. And here I should tell yee how Ricot and Anna Felix receiv'd him; most certainly 'twas with a great deal of Joy, a great deal of Modesty, and showres of Tears; but let it alone till another time. You may be fure too that the Renegado was well paid for his Pains, and for his good Service was once more received into the Bosom of the Church; or else there had been a Botch i' the Story.

Two days after, Don Quixote, pretty well fettl'd in his Bones, took his last leave of unfortunate Barcellona, and in his travelling Habit, having lai'd Ffff

aside his Arms, set forward in his Journey homeward, attended by Sancho, who was forc'd to beat it upon the Hoof, in regard that Grizzle was forc'd to bear the Load of the Knights Furniture.

#### CHAP. XIV.

Which treats of that which he shall see who reads, and he shall hear that listens with Attention.

T his departure from Barcellona, Don Quixote beholding the Place where all his foaring thoughts had fuffer'd Shipwrack: There it was, faid he, where once Troy stood; there it was that my Missortune, and no fault of mine, depriv'd me of all the high Renown which I had purchas'd: there Fortune made me fensible of her Inconstancy and Fantastick Humours; There lay all my Glory, like a Litter of Whelps drown'd in a durty Ditch; and there it was my Honour fell in a Cow-turd.

Sir, said Sancho, a noble and true Courage ought to have as much patience in Adversity, as joy in prosperous Success. Take example by me: For when I was a Governour, I was jocund and merry, and now I am but a poor Squire, a-foot, I take my chance without Grumbling. And indeed I have heard fay, that this same Female yee call Fortune, is a capricious Baggage, always drunk, and beyond the Affiftance of Spectacles, as blind as a Brewers Horse; so that she neither sees what she does, nor knows whom

fhe raifes or whom she casts down.

Thou mightst be a Constable for thy Wit, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, thou talk'ft like a Philosopher: I wonder where thou hadft thy Learning-But I must tell thee there is no such thing as Fortune in the World; for all that happen's here below of good or ill, comes not by Chance, but by a particular Providence of Heaven, and thence arises the Proverb, That every Man is the Architect of his own Fortune. For my part I was my own Artificer; but because I did not work, nor handle my Tools with that Prudence as I ought to ha'done, I am chastiz'd for my Presumption. I might well have consider'd that Rosinante's feeble Limbs were nere able to bear the Brunt of the Knight of the White Moons Lusty Stallion, able to brush down Twenty fuch as my poor Cripple; however I would needs adventure, and do what I could for my Life, the Devil paid me the shame he ow'd me, But tho it has cost me my Honour, yet have I not lost my Integrity to perform my word. When I was a Knight-Errant, Valiant and Bold, the ffrength of my Arm and my Actions were Testimonies of my Courage: but now I am no more then a Dismounted Squire, my Obedience and the performance of my Promife, shall make known my Sincerity. Trudge on then, Sancho, let's go and stay out our Exilement at home: By that time we shall recover new strength, and return with more vigour to our never to be forgotten Profession of Knight-Errantry.

Sir, answer'd Sancho, 'tis not so pleasant a thing, as you think for, to trot a foot, especially long Journeys And therefore let us hang up this old Iron upon the next Trees ...... and when I am got upon Grizzle's Back, then ride as fast as you please but as long as I trot asoot, you must observe my Pace. Thou faist very well, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, let my Arms be hung up upon the next substantial Tree, upon the Book IV. The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Bark of which we will engrave the same Inscription, which was written at the foot of Orlando's Arms, after Zerbin had won 'em from that famous

> Let no Man dare to be for alb These Arms from hence to pull: Unless he means to trye a Crash With him that crackt Orlando's Scull.

No better way i' the World, reply'd Sancho, and were it not but that we shall want him upon the Road, I think we might do well to hang up Rofinante too, with the Armour, to compleat the Trophy. Now I think on't. quo Don Quixote, l'le neither hang up one nor tother-lest the People twit me i' the Teeth, and cry— A rare Master—good Service, bad reward. Why, truly, quo Sancho, 'tis a faying among the Wife, that the faults of the Ass should never light upon the Pack-saddle. And therefore since you your felf have only done the Injury, punish your felf and not your Innocent Armour, bruis'd and batter'd with defending your Ribs; but as for Rosemante methinks a little Rest might do him no harm, especially since my Toes must suffer for his want of strength.

All that day and for four days after, their whole divertisement was only fuch fort of discourse as this, but the fifth days Journey brought 'em to a Village where the People were affembl'd together for Pastime, as being a

Holiday.

Don Quixote was no fooner within hearing of the Company, but he heard one of the Countrymen cry, Look yee now, here's our business done to our Hands—— Here are two Gentlemen, Strangers, that know nothing of the Matter---let one or both of them decide the Difference----Ay, Ay, Friends, with all my Heart, quo Don Quixote, provided I may understand your Case - Why, Sir, quo the Country Fellow, the Business is this, one of our Neighbours here i' this Town, so fat and so heavy that he weighs neer Two hunder'd and fourfcore Pound, has challeng'd another Inhabitant, that weighs not half fo much, to run with him a hunder'd Paces, provided the other shall carry so much weight as to equal him. Now the Challenger being defir'd to tell what weight he requires, he demands, that the other shall carry a Hunder'd and fifty Pound of Iron, and then they shall weigh both alike.

Hold, quo Sancho, not giving his Mafter time to speak; this business belongs to me, that come so lately from being both a Governour and a Judge, as all the World knows. With all my heart, quo Don Quixote, for I am not fit to give Crumbs to a Cat, my Brains are fo out of order. Why then, Sir, judg on, quo the Countryman: Then I must tell yee, honest Friends, quo Sancho, that the Challenger's demand is unreasonable; for the Person Challeng'd must always choose his Weapons, as I have heard say, but here the Challenger makes the choice himself, and so loads him, that inftead of being in a Condition to run, he shall not be able to stir. Therefore 'ris my judment, that he who is so big and so fat, shall cut, pare, slice or shave off a Hunder'd and sifty Pound off his Flesh here and there, as he thinks fit; and then both Parties being equal in Poife, neither will have

cause to complain.

By my Life, quo the Country Fellow, this Gentleman has judg'd like an Advocate — but by Guds Liggers the Challenger will nere be fuch a Fool to cut off an Ounce of his Flesh, much less a Hunder'd and fifty Ffff 2 PoundPound— Why then, quo another Fellow, the best way will be not to let 'em run at all; for then the one Spares his Flesh, and the other saves melting his Grease: and so let half the Wager be spent at the Tavern, and let's

let me wear the Cloak when it rains.

I am much oblig'd to yee Gentlemen, reply'd *Don Quixote*, and it troubles me to be uncivil, but my Business requires haste; and so saying, he gave *Rosinante* a gentle remembrance, and put on, leaving the People to descant upon the strange Figure and Discretion of *Sancho*, his Lacquey; for such they judg'd him to be.

take our Judg and this Gentleman along with us—— if it come to more.

When they were gone, faid one of the Country Fellows to the reft, If the Master be but as Witty as his Lacquey, I'le hold a Wager that if they would but go and study a while at Salamanca, we should see 'em in the twinckling of an Eye either Bishops or Doctors at least; for 'tis nothing but chance and savour, whether a Man study more or less, if he but under-

stands the World.

588

That night the Mafter and the Man flept under the Canopy of Heaven; and next Morning continuing their Journey, they faw coming toward em a Man a foot with a Wallet at his Back, and a Pikestaff in his Hand. This Man doubl'd his pace, when he perceiv'd Don Quixote, and now being met, after three Scrapes and a low Congey, My Lord Don Quixote, faid he, Oh, how glad would my Lord Duke be, did he but know that your Worship were returning to his Castle, for there he is now with his Dutchess. I don't know yee, friend, quo Don Quixote. My Lord Don Quixote, reply'd the other, I am Tofilos, my Lord Dukes Lacquey, who was to have fought your Worship upon the Quarrel about Madam Deroties Daughter. How! quo Don Quixote, is it you that those Enemies of mine the Necromancers transform'd into a Lacquey, to rob me of the Honour of that Combat? In good truth, I beg your pardon, Sir, reply'd the Lacquey, 'twas neither Transformation nor Enchantment. I was a Footman when I enter'd the Barriers, and when I went out; and it was only because I had a mind to marry the young Damsel, that I refus'd the Combat. But there was the Devil of Inchantment when you were gone. The Duke my Master caus'd me to be foundly strappado'd for not obeying his Orders, the young Damsel is turn'd into a Nunnery, and Madam Doroty packt away to feek her Fortune: And I am going to Barcellona with a Packet of Letters from my Mafter to the Vice-Roy. However, Sir, I have here a full Bottle, at your Service, if your Worship pleases to take a Draught, 'tis a little hot I confess, but I have a good Cheese to boot, that will make it go down I'le warrant yee, Sir. I take yee at your Word, quo Sancho, for I never stand to Complement with my Friends. Let Tofilos but lay a Napkin, and in spight of all the Necromancers in the Indies, we'll try whether we can lift our Elbows to our Heads.

In truth, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, thou art a very Glutton, if there be e're a Glutton i' the World, and the most ignorant Sot alive, that knowst not that same Messenger to be enchanted and a meer Counterseit Lacquey—Go then, and stuff thy ungodly Gut—For my part I'le ride softly on before—Toslos smil'd to see Don Quixote leave a good Breakfast—and then fetching his Bottle and his Cheese, Sancho and he sate down upon the Grass, from whence they never stirr'd till they had fully decided the Controversie.

While they were munching, quo Tofilos to Sancho, the Devil take me, Sancho, if I know what to make of thy Master—he has as many Windmills in his

Pate as would grind Corn for a whole City— That's no more, quo Sancho, then I ha' told him a hunder'd times— but I had as good ha kept my Breath to cool my Porridge; I might tell him what a Fool he was to leave a good Bottle of Wine and good Cheese— but what will it signifie? especially at this time that he's all in his Dumps, for having been thrash'd by the Knight of the White Moon— Toslos begg'd of Sancho to tell him that Story— But Sancho reply'd the Story was too long, and therefore desir'd his excuse till the next time they met; and so saying away he trudg'd after his Master, driving Grizzle before him.

#### CHAP. XV.

Containing Don Quixote's resolution to turn Shepherd, all the time of his being confin'd from bearing Arms.

ON Quixote was laid down at the Root of a Tree in expectation of his Serva nt Sancho, much more diffurb'd and disquieted in his Mind since his last disaster, then ever he was before. And in that musing Posture a thousand Fancies and Figaries crowded into his Noddle so thick, as if his

Brains had kept open House for all the Maggots in nature.

In this Pensive Condition Sancho finding him, began to commend Tofilos for his generous Humour, faying that he was one of the honestest Footmen that ever he had met with. Ah, Sancho, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, wilt thou ever be so Thick-sculld to believe that Apparition to be a real Footman? Canst thou have forgotten that thou saw'st the lovely Dulcinea transform'd into a Country Fusfock; and the Knight of the Looking-Glasses chang'd into the Schollar Samson Carrasco; and all this by the Magick of those Enchanters that continually plague me? But prithee tell me, didst thou not ask Tosilos who that Maiden Gentlewoman was? Whether she bewails my absence, or whether she have banish'd from her Breast those Amorous Sentiments, that so tormented her when I was there. By my Life, Sir, quo Sancho, I had other business then to enquire after such Trisses. But what the Devil makes you so inquisitive after other Peoples thoughts, especially their Amorous thoughts? Oh, Sancho, there is a great difference between those Actions that proceed from Love, and those that proceed from Acknowledgment; for a Knight-Errant may cease to Love, but he can never forget to be grateful. Certainly the Virgin lov'd me; she Presented me, as well thou knowst, with two Night-caps; she wept and took on at my departure; curs'd me, revil'd me, and was not asham'd to complain of my Cruelty before all the World: affured figns, all, that she was desperately in Love; for the disappointments of Lovers generally end in Maledictions. For my part, it was not in my power to give her any hopes; nor had I any Rings or Gold Watches to Present her; for the Treasures of Knight-Errants are like the Portions of Town Cracks that lye i'the Clouds; besides, that I am entirely referv'd for another: So that I have nothing wherewith to gratifie her Love, but to give her some sew Marks of my acknowledgment, without prejudice however to Dulcinea, who Imust needs say, is extreamly beholding to thee for sparing thy Flesh, and letting her lye in torment, as thou dost. For I must tell thee, my dear Friend, thou art so tender of thy Skin, that

I wish the Wolves were well at Supper on that filthy Carkass of thine, since thou preservest it so charily for Worms Meat, rather then to do a deed of Charity to relieve thy poor Mistress.

Sir, reply'd Sancho, it I must needs tell yee the Truth, I don't believe the sourging of my Posteriours will signifie a straw to the disinchanting of any Body. 'Tis no more then if a Man should bid you noint your Shins because your Head akes; and I dare be bold to say, that in all the Books of Knight-Erranty that ever you read, you never heard of any Enchantment that was dissolv'd by Bum clawing — However, let it succeed ill or well, I will for your satisfaction try a stroke or two, more or less, as soon as I can find my felf in the humour. I wish thou wou'dst, reply'd Don

Quixote; and Heaven give thee Grace at length to understand the duty which thou ow'ft to her as my Mistress, and to me as thy Master.

By this time they were come to the Place where the Mad Bulls had mortify'd their Carkaffes; which Don Quixote fadly remembring, fee you der, quo he to Sancho, the Meadow where we met the Ladies and their Sparks in Shepherds Weeds, with a defign to fet up a new Arcadia; if thou thinkst well on't, Sancho, we'l een go and turn Shepherds too, at least for the time that I have promis'd to lay aside my Arms - I'le buy thee a Flock, and all thy Accourerments; and fo calling my felf the Shepherd Quihottiz, and thee the Shepherd Pancino, we'l betake our selves to the Woods and Downs, finging, Piping and making complaints of Phillis and Amarillis; fometimes we'l drink the Liquid Chrystal of the Fountains; fometimes from the main River, as Fortune fends it us. The Green Cheftnut Trees and Oaks will afford us both Lodging and Dyet; the Roses will present us their Persumes, the Meadows variety of Nosegaies; the Sun the Moon and Stars will chear us with their Light; light Hearts will make us merry, Mirth will make us fing; Apollo will find us Verses, and Love Conceits: And thus we shall become famous, not only while we live, but even to Posterity.

By my Life, Sir, quo Sancho, I'me Enchanted with this manner of Living, provided the Schollar Carrafco would leave his Books, and Mr. Nicholas the Barber his Washing balls, and go along with us; nay, I could wish that Mr. Curate too would approve the Frolick, and lay himself a whitening i'the Fields for good Company; for he's full of his Jokes, and would

make us sport.

590

Very well thought on, quo Don Quixote, and then shall the Schollar be call'd the Shepherd Samsonimo, and Mr. Nicholas Nicholoso, in imitation of the Ancient Nemoroso. For the Curate, I know not what name to give him, unless we should call him the Shepherd Curiambro. As for the Shepherdesses that are to be our Mistresses, I am fitted already with a Name for mine, in regard that Dulcinea is a Name as proper for a Shepherdess as a Princess. And as for thine Samcho, thou maist call her as thou pleasest thy self. I think to make very little alteration, quo Sancho, I shall only call her Teresona, a Name that very well agrees with the plumpness of her shape, and her own proper Name; besides that when I come to name her in my Verses, all the World will know her to be my Wise, and so to be one that grinded at no Mill but my own. As for the Curate, he must be contented without a Shepherdess, for good examples sake—and for the Schollar, let him conjure for one with his Heathen Greek, if he means to have one.——

Bless me, quo *Uon Quixote*, what a Life shall we lead! what a Rattle shall we make i'the Air with our oaten Reeds, our Bagpipes, our Tabours and Drums.

Drums, our Morice Bells and Snappers! and if we could but get your Lancashire Whistles, or your Doodle-doodle-Hum's- we should be made for ever Your Doodle-doodle-Hum's -! quo Sancho, what are those? I never heard of fuch an Instrument i' my Life - Oh! quo Don Quixote. 'tis the rarest Musick i' the World - 'twill make a Mans Guts dance in his Belly—make a Dog fing like a Wild Irish Man, and a Cat speak Arabisk— There is one thing more required to add to the perfection of our Profession. and that's Poetry. As for my own part I shall shift well enough for my felf: but then there's the Schollar Carrasco one of the quickest Rhimers about Town, he shall make Sonnets for himself and thee too - I say nothing of the Curate, but I dare fwear he knows more then he fays - and fo does Mr. Nicholas too; for your Barbers are always tickling the Guittar, or if he wants let him get him a Musick Book, and he shall find Verses enow to Phillis and Amarillis or Lucinda, or one or another, that will ferve his turn. For my part I'le complain of Absence; thou shalt boast of thy Loyalty and Perseverance; Carrasco shall complain of his Shepherdesses disdain, and let

The Renowned DON OUIXOTE.

the Shepherd Curiambro complain of the Sextons Wife, and thus we'l be as merry as Mice in a Corn heap.

Book IV.

Alass, quo Sancho, I am such an unfortunate Man, that I shall never live to see these jolly Days—How I shall lick up the Curds and Cream!— How I shall slice the thin Cheese!—— I'le nere be without a Wooden Spoon i'my Pocket I'le warrant yee—— I can make Woodden Spoons like any Turner - Garlands for my felf and my Shepherdess like any Milk Maid \_\_\_ and whittle Sticks like any blind Beggar upon the Road \_\_\_ For tho I can't pretend to Wisdom, I can do any thing that belongs to a Shep-- Sancha, little Sancha too shall bring us our Dinners a-Field-But hold—now I think on't she's no contemptible Girl, and knowing as I do, that Shepherds are as wanton as other People, I would not have her come for Wooll and return home shorn-For Love and Love-Tricks will be shewing their Gambols as well i the Fields as in Cities; as well in Cottages, as your Princely Palaces - Take away the Cause and remove the Effeet \_\_\_\_ What the Eye sees not, the Heart never rues \_\_\_\_ Young Wenches make old Wrenches \_\_\_\_ And it is time to yoke when the Cart comes to the Caples --- Enough, enough, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, I understand thy meaning \_\_\_\_ I ha' told thee a hunder'd times of this Proverb Prodigality, but I preach in a Desert; My Mother whips me, and I whip the Top \_\_\_\_\_ By my Faith, Sir, quo Sancho, you put me in mind of another Proverb, as pat as a Pudding to a Fryers Mouth - The Porridge Pot calls the Kettle Black-arfeyou reprove me for talking Proverbs, and bring 'em out your felf by dozens at a time But you don't consider, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, that those I speak are to the Purpose - but thou fetchest 'em in by Head and Shoulders without Rhime or Reason.

By this it grew late; so that they were forc'd to seek for shelter in the next Wood, where after they had made a Lent-Supper, Sancho betook himfelf to his usual Rest, while his Master renewing his Complaints against Fortune, found business enough, after a small Nap, to employ his Roaving

Imaginations till Morning.

#### CHAP. XVI.

Containing the Adventure of the Bristles.

THE Night was somewhat dark, tho the Moon shon; for many times the Lady Diana takes a walk to the Antipodes, leaving the Mountains and Valleys a this fide the World without Light. And let her walk where she pleas'd for Sancho, for he had no need of her Company; he lay like a Stone from his down lying till his up rifing; a fign of a found Conflitution, and that he had no Plots in his Head. But Don Quixote's cares foon wak'd him; and then for want of other Company, after he had thump'd and tugg'd Sancho till he had wak'd him too; Sure, Sancho, faid he, thou art made either of Brass or Marble; thou ly'st without either Motion or Feeling \_\_\_\_ Thou fleep ft while I wake \_\_ thou fing ft while I Mourn \_\_ I am feeble and cast down for want of necessary Nourishment—thou feed'ft and guttl'ft till thy Vittles are ready to choak thee without a Halter; whereas 'tis the Duty of an affectionate Servant to share in his Masters Afflictions, to lay his Sorrows to Heart, and to endeavour the Confolation of his Grief. Behold the brightness of the Moon; consider the stillness of the Night, and the Serenity of the Season, all Invitations to enjoy the Beauty and Pleasure of these charming Solitudes. Up then Lazy-bones, get up, and in pity to Dulcinea and my felf, go and give thy felf Four or Five hunder'd Slashes in discharge of thy solemn Obligations; and do it willingly and chearfully I entreat thee \_\_\_\_ for I am unwilling to lay violent hands upon thee, which otherwise I must be forc'd to do. And when thou hast done, we'l fpend the rest o' the night in singing, the one of the Torments which he fuffers, and the other of his Fidelity, and fo we'l begin our Pastoral manner of Living this very Night.

Oh, Sir, quo Sancho, I am no Franciscan, to rise i' the middle of the Night and discipline my felf; nor do I believe I shall have any mind to be Musical after such a scourging bout. Therefore pray let me alone and don't press me so to the Whipping-Post, least I make an Oath never to touch so much as the out fide of my Doublet as long as I live. Oh! Heart of Marble, cry'd Don Quixote, Ingrateful Squire! Oh Friendship and favour ill bestow'd: Is this my Reward for having made thee a Governour, and my good Intentions to make thee a Count or fomething elfe Equivalent; which I dare engage to do so soon as Dulcinea and my self are once again at Liber-

ty. For in short, Post Tenebras spero Lucem.

I don't know what yee mean by that, reply'd Sancho, all that I know is only this, that when I deep, I neither hope nor fear; I neither think of reward or punishment \_\_\_\_\_ Blessed was the Man that first invented sleep; the Mantle that covers all the Cares of Men; the Food that fatisfies their Hunger; the Drink that quenches their Thirst; the Fire that warms 'em when a cold; the cool Air that refreshes their heat; the currant coin that purchases all the Pleasures of the World, and equals the Swain with the Prince, and the Unlearned with the Learned. There is only one thing that I mislike in sleep, that it is so like death; and yet I'me sure there is a difference between 'em for all that, for the one fnoars, and the other has not that Priviledge.

Never i' my Life, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, did I ever hear thee talk with so much Wit and so much Eloquence as now. But what says the

Proverb? Tell me thy Masser, and I'le tell thee where thou hadst thy Learning-Have I caught yee napping y'faith, quo Sancho, who fquitters Proverbs now? \_\_\_\_ but yours are in Season, forsooth \_\_\_\_ Marry 'tis a good thing to be a Master — would I were a Master too for me — and then I'de domineer as well as the best Knight-Errant of yee all.

The Renomned DON OUIXOTE.

Sancho had no fooner made an end of his Sentence, but they heard a kind of a Grumbling noise, that spread it felf over the whole Valley. Presently Don Quixote started up briskly upon his Feet, and laid his Hand upon his Sword, while Sancho entrench'd himself with his Masters Arms on the one fide, and his Packfaddle on the other, under Grizzles Belly; where he lay tumbling and panting like a Mouse in a Cats Claws. And every Moment the noise encreased, to the dreadful terrour of the one at least: for as

for the tother, you know already what his Valour was.

Now you must understand, for 'tis worth your understanding, that this terrible Noise was occasion'd by a vast Herd of Swine, to the Number of about Six hunder'd, which feveral Hog Merchants were driving to Market. These Sheep of the Devil, what with their Grunting, and what with their Squeaking, made fuch prodigious Outcries, that Don Quixote and Sancho flood amaz'd, not being able to divine what Region of Hell was broke loofe upon 'em. But at length the Knight and the Squire standing full i'their way. those rude, rustical, boarish, swinish Animals, never so much as crying bear leave (as they would, had they been but Civil Sedan-men) without the least respect or veneration to Knight-Errantry, some running between Sancho's, fome between Don Quixote's Legs, levell'd both Master and Man with the Earth, while the Rest following their unruly leaders, like an Inundation of Hogs, made still forward, overturning Grizzle, Pack-saddle, Armour and all; crowding, treading, trampling over Proverbs and Moral-Knighthood at such a Hoggish Rate, that sometimes they fell down and brush'd the Champions Chaps with their uneasie Bristles, and sometimes others would be so kind as to give 'em a Buss at parting, thinking they had met with some old Bunch of Turneps, and with their Egyptian Nose-rings lend 'em such a Rake o' the Cheeks, that the Philosophers had almost lost all their Patience, especially Sancho, that was not so well grounded in human Literature. Who at length getting upon his Legs, when the unmannerly Hogs-Norton Herd was pass'd, and desiring his Master to lend him his Sword, Nowns, quo he, I le teach these Monsieur Hogs better manners then to use Knight-Errantry fo uncivilly.

Let 'em een go, reply'd Don Quixote, 'tis no more then what I deserve; 'tis but meer Justice, that a vanquish'd Knight Errant should be Food for Flies, and trampled upon by Swine. I ha' nothing to fay to that, quo Sancho, but I'me sure 'tis not just that the Squires to Cudgell'd Knight-Errants should be starv'd to death, and eaten up by Wasps and Hornets. Were we Squires the Sons or neer Relations of those Rascally beaten Knight-Errants, we might indeed expect to be punish'd to the Fourth Generation; but what a Kin are the Pancha's to the Quixot's? However let's not fling the Helve after the Hatchet; since we can't eat, let's go sleep out the rest of the Night, 'twill be day to morrow, and then we shall see what we

have to do.

Book IV.

Sleep, Sancho, fleep, for thou wer't born to fleep, reply'd Don Quixote; But I was born to lye with my Eyes open; I'le een go ruminate upon my Misfortunes; and endeavour to appeale my Griefs by finging certain Verses which I made last Night. In my Opinion, quo Sancho, such Missortunes as will give a Man leave to make Verses cannot be very great. But you Gggg

may go fing and dance too, if you please, for my part I'le go sleep as long as I can, and for your part, never fear my diffurbing your Musick: And so faying, he clapt his Breech to the Calves of his Legs, as Maids do at Church. and fell into a profound Trance, without either fears or hopes or cares to disquiet his Rest. On the other side Don Quissote, leaning his Shoulders against some Tree or other f for Cid Hamet does not mention what Tree it was) and intermixing his Voice with his Sighs, bequeath'd in Melody the following Fancy to the Neighbouring Woods; being a Composition, as we told yee before of his own, and therefore you may be fure none of the

H Love, so unkind, when I think upon Thee, I find that thou never dost think upon Mee; For the Sorrow and Smart That torture my Heart, Each Moment Afflict me most terriblee.

Tet neither can I complain of the Colick, The Cramp, the Gout, or the Stone, which is worse; As found as a Roach in Body, and Frolick; But as fick, but as fick - i' my Mind as a Horse.

This sickness of mine my Body disorders, With Anguish and Torment, and such Fiddle Faddles: Then call I to mind a Thousand Self-murders Of People by Love disturb'd i' their Noddles.

To drown my felf then to the Water I go. But when I come there, the Water dismays me: Then a Dagger I take, but my Fancy crys, no; Then a Halter I take, but the Beam does not please me.

At length I conceit that my Mistress grows kind, And charm'd with the Kindness of her I adore, I presently alter my wavering Mind, And covet the Life which I hated before.

But oh! but oh! the Fit's return'd again, She's absent - or what most I fear, untrue; Then tortur'd with despair, I live in Pain, And then again, Tis welcom Death to rid me of my Woe.

The Poor Knight at the end of every Stanza wept and figh'd at fuch a rate, that you might well perceive he neither wept nor fang for joy, but as one that deeply laid to heart his being thrash'd, and the absence of Dulcinea.

By this time 'twas broad day, so that the Sun shining full in Sancho's Face, he began to stretch himself; and at length opening his Eyes for good and all, and beholding how the Swine had made a meer Hog-stie of his Bed-Chamber, he open'd his Lips, and in lieu of his Morning Prayers, sent a whole Legion of Curfes after the Hogs, wishing both them and their Drivers boyling together i' the Devils Kitchen.

At last they mounted their Dromedaries, and after continu'd their Journey till toward Evening; at what time they faw coming toward 'em about Eight or Ten Men a Horse back, and Five asoot. Don Quixote was not a little troubl'd to see so many People, and Sancho was terribly frighted, perceiving they were all arm'd, and lookt like Men that us'd to borrow upon the Road and never pay agen. Ah, Sancho, quo Don Quixote, what pity tis that I am now debarr'd the use of my Arms; this same Squadron else should never pass me unexamin'd: I would know who they were, and whether they were going, tho they were fent from the Devil himfelf; and make no more of 'em, thou should'ft see, then of so many painted Figures

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

i' the Hangings. But the words were no sooner out of Don Quixote's Mouth, when the Horse men coming up, and surrounding the Knight, some clapt their Piftols to his Breaft, others to his Guts, and fome to his Kidneys, threatning no less then dismal Manslaughter. At what time one of the Footmen, laying his Finger upon his Mouth, as much as to fay Mum, took Rosinante by the Bridle, and led him out of the Road, while the rest encircling Sancho, drave him after his Mafter. The poor Knight was once or twice thinking to have ask'd em what they intended to do with him, and whether they meant to carry him? But still as he was going to open his Lips, his cruel Guardians threatn'd to murder him if he spoke a word. Neither could Sancho scape so; for if he did but make the least Motion with his Eyes they prickt him with their Swords, and poor Grizzle too, as if the Ass had had the use of his Tongue. When it grew dark, they doubl'd their pace, and new fears difmai'd the Adventurers, when they heard em cry, On Troglodytes, Silence Barbarians, Peace Cannibals, Shut your Eyes Scythians, Murdrous Polyphemes, devouring Lyons, Wolves and Tygers, with a great many other hard Names, with which they deaffen'd their Captives Ears. Ahquo Sancho to himself, as he afterwards confess'd. Fore-George 'tis an ill Wind that blows; all this Heathen Greek prognosticates no good; all our Mischiefs come together, like blows upon a Dogs back; however I wish this Adventure might end in a few dry Rubs, but I dread a worse Conclusion. As for Don Quixote he refign'd himself over to utter destruction, not being able to imagin the Reason either of their severe Usage, or bad Language. But at length after they had rode about an Hour all in the dark, and expecting every Minute some Bloody Sentence or other, they could perceive themselves at the Gates of a Castle, which Don Quixore knew again to be the Dukes, where he had been so kindly entertain'd not long before. But then not able to forbear, Heaven's bless me, said he, What place is this? Is not this the Dukes Castle, the Mansion of Curtesie and Civility? But when Men are once unfortunate and vanquish'd, the World delights in adding to their Miseries. Not a word of Answer was return'd; only the two Prisoners were carry'd into the Chief Court of the Castle, where every thing they saw augmented their fears, as we shall find in the following Chapter.

Book IV.

Containing the strangest Adventure that ever Don Quixote met with, and the most surprizing in all this Large History.

IN that same Court the Horsemen alighted, and together with the Footmen, pulling Don Quixote and Sancho rudely from their Horses, set em down in the Court, which was all hung about with lighted Torches, as were all the Galleries, which gave as great a light as if it had been Noon day. In the middle of the Court was a Tomb, between feven or eight Foot high, cover'd with a large Pall of Black Velvet; round about which there blaz'd a hunder'd Tapers of Virgins Wax, in Silver Candle-Sticks. And upon the Tomb it felf lay the Body of a young Damfel deceas'd, in whose Countenance, however, such remainders of Beauty appear'd, as banish'd thence all Terrour of Mortality. A Cloth of Gold Nillow supported her Head, which was crown'd with a Garland of several Flowers, and in each of her Hands, that were laid a cross upon her Breast, The held a Palmtree-Branch. Atone of the corners of the Court there was a Theatre erected, where fate two Persons with Crowns upon their Heads, and Scepters in their Hands, representing Minos and Rhadamanthus; and thither it was that the Persons who had so rudely seiz'd 'em, led Don Quixote and Sancho, causing them to sit down upon Seats a' one side of the Theatre, and still enjoyning 'em silence with angry looks, and Countenances full of Terrour. But there was no need of Threats; th' Adventurers were so amaz'd, that even Fear it self had ty'd their Tongues.

At the same time two Persons of Quality ascended the Stage, to whom Don Quixote and Sancho paid most profound Reverences, believing them to be the Duke and Dutchess, to whom they had been so highly beholding for their former Civility. Both the one and the other return'd em a gentle Nod, and took their Places in most magnificent Boxes, next the Crowned Heads.

The Champion beheld 'em with Aftonishment, and knew not what to think, perceiving the Dead Corps at the same time to be the Body of the Fair Madam Tomboy.

Presently they threw about Sancho's Shoulders a Robe of black Buckram embroider'd with Flames of Fire, and a Fools Cap upon his Head; at what time the Person that dress'd him, whisper'd him i' the Ear, that if he did but offer to open his Lips, they would either gag him or flir his Weazand. Sancho view'd himself from Top to Toe, and saw himself all over nothing but Fire and Flames, but in regard he did not feel himfelf burn he was well enough content. Then taking off his Bonnet, and finding that it was all over in Flames like his Mantle, he put it on again, faying to himself, that certainly there must be some Conjuration i' the Case, that neither the Flames burnt him, nor the Devils offer'd to carry him quite away. Don Quixote also steadfastly survey'd his Squire, and in the midst of all his Fears could not forbear finiling to fee his Man fo strangely bedizond'd. Thus while all the Court was in a deep filence, and every body expected the Event, a Confort of Flutes playd several soft and amourous Airs under the Tomb for some time, which pleasing Harmony ceasing, there appear'd at the Head of the Monument, a young Man extreamly Beautiful, and clad in Antique Roman Habit, who lang to the Harp, on which he playd himself, the following Verses. Within

W Ithin this Coffin lyes enclos'd A Lady of her Life deflour'd Ere Sixteen Years her Beauties had expos'd: Tet ripe at Sixteen, and so fair, So mettlesome and Debonair. That she incurr'd some little Censures From those that thought her prone to Love Adventures, A fault indeed to be so fond of Man. Which prov'd her so untimely Bane. Thus early Ripe and early Rotten; Howere (he must not be forgottten: Her Aims, we know, were High, and she bestow'd Her early Favours on a Toad Of a Knight-Errant, high in Fame, But his Professions and his Orders Shame; Who had he had a Grain of Honour; For want of stepping to a Church, Would nere ha' left a Lady i' the Lurch. But I will sing her praises still, To every Grove and every Hill. And Monuments of Verse will rear To her True Love in Regions far and near. Nay, when by Death Inatcht hence, my doleful Ditty To Shades Infernal, void of day, Her Wrongs and Sufferings (ball conveigh, And move th' Inexorable God to Pity.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Book IV.

'Tis enough, cry'd one of the two Kings, no more, Celestial Songster; thy Task would be an endless Labour to repeat the Perfections of the Peerless Madam Tomboy, who is not dead as the Ignorant Vulgar thinks, but still Survives in the Mouth of Fame, and once more shall revive to live with us, fo foon as Sancho shall have restor'd her to the World, by the Punishment which he is to suffer for her sake. And therefore Rhadamanthus, thou that fit'st equal in Commission with me, Infernal Judge of Hell, declare what Fate by th' Inalterable Decrees of Destiny has ordain'd in order to the restoring this same Amiable Person to Life agen, that we may dispatch the Execution of it, and no longer delay the promis'd Felicity of her Return, to Comfort the abandon'd World.

Then Minos starting up; Servants of this House, cry'd he, Great and small, Strong and Feeble, Men and Women, Boys and Girls, come hither one after another, and saddle Sancho's Countenance with Twenty four flap's o'the Face, give him Twelve pinches upon the Shoulders, and run Twelve Pins a piece into the Small of his Back; for by this means shall the Fair and Beautiful Madam Tomboy be again restor'd to Life.

By the Life of Pharoh, cry'd Sancho, not able to hold any longer; I'le as foon turn Infidel as endure all this - Death of my Life, what has my Skin to do with Madam Tomboys Refurrection! Dulcinea is Enchanted, and I forfooth must tickle my Toby to Disinchant her — and here's a young Damfel dead, of a Surfeit of green Genitings for ought I know, and I must fill my Skin full of Oylet-holes to raise her again! No by my Faith, there's no fuch need een find out some other Cully These Jokes won't pass upon me \_\_\_ An old Dog will learn no Tricks. Figer, then cry'd Rhadamanthus, with a loud Voice, allay thy Cruelty, humble thy felf proud, Nimrod.

Nimrod, be filent and fuffer, or elfe prepare thy felf to dye: Impossibilities are not requir'd from thee; only Four and twenty Whirrets, Twelve Pinches, and as many Pricks with a small Pin- a great piece of business indeed. Fall on then Servants of the House, and obey my Commands, or by the Death of Cerberus l'le make yee know your Driver. At the same time there appear'd Six Governantes in the Court, marching in Procession one after another, Four of which wore Spectacles, but every one holding out their Arms to make their Hands shew the longer. Sancho no sooner perceiv'd'em, but he began to roar out like a Bull. Do with me what yee please let all the Town lay violent hands upon me only I beseech yee take off your Governantes. Let 'em tear my Cheeks, as the Cats did my Mafters -- let 'em pinch me by the Nose with red hot Tongs, as St. Dunstan did the Devil, I'le suffer all patiently—but besore I le endure these Governantes to touch me, I'le resign my self up to the Devils Mercy-Patience a little, good Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, satisfie these Gentlemen for once: and give thanks to Heaven, that has bestow'd upon thee fo great a Gift, as to raise the Dead, and disinchant the Inchanted. Thereupon submitting to his Masters Admonitions, or rather to Necessity upon the approach of the Governantes, he settl'd himself in his Seat, and offer'd his Cheek to the first, who after she had given a good smart Whirret, made him a Curtchie and went off. Oh, good Madam, cry'd Sancho, no more o' your Civility, and less o' your Ointment, for by Cuds Niggers I believe your Hands ha' been soak'd in Vinegar. In short, all the Governantes one after another paid him in the same Coin; and then the rest of the Servants of the House came and pinch'd him decently in their Order. But that which put him besides all his Patience was their Pricking him with the Pins; so that upon the first that he felt, starting from his Seat, he snatcht up one of the Flambeaux, and laid at the Governantes and the Rest of his Executioners like a Man truly in Wrath; crying out at the same time, Hence Imps of Satan, d' yee think I have a Body of Brass, or intend to be the Devils Martyr. At which words, Madam Tomboy, who was weary of lying all that while in the same Posture, turn'd a t'other side. Which the Company perceiving, cry'd out, Madam Tomboy Lives, Madam Tomboy Lives. And then Rhadamanthus addressing himself to Sancho, desir'd him to be pacifi'd, fince he had wrought the Miracle. On the other fide  $D_{on}$ Quixote seeing Madam Tomboy stir, went and threw himself at Sancho's Knees, and embracing him with a most tender Affection; Ah, my dear Child, said he, what a happy Moment is this ! \_\_\_ if thou would'st but now give thy self some sew Scores of those Lashes thou ow'ft thy Mistress; now's the time that thy Vertue is in the hight of its operation, and therefore don't lose this kind Opportunity, I beseech thee, for the ease of thy poor Lady and my fatisfaction.

Don't you know, Sir, quo Sancho, that Mettal upon Mettal's false Heraldry? Is't not enough for me to have been whirreted, pinch'd and scratch'd, but I must whip my self too? No, no, I have something else to do then to tye a Mill-stone about my Neck and throw my self into a Well—and the Devil take me if I think any more of your Mistress, if I must be the common Hackney to carry other Peoples Burthens. You might be asham'd indeed to make such a Motion as this to me, in the Condition I am in; enough to make me forswear either disinchanting, or raising any body agen from the dead as long as I live, tho it would not cost me a Hair o'my Beard. Upon my Soul, what a Gift have I brought from my Mothers Womb, to cure others, and be Sick my self! I would fain see all the Dostors i'the Kingdom do as much as I ha' done.—

By this time Madam Tomboy was come to her felf; and at the same time that she sate upright upon the Hearse, the Hautboys and Cornets fill'd all the Court with their loud Musick, while the People cry'd out, Madam Tomboy Lives, Madam Tomboy Lives. Thereupon the Duke, the Dutchess. Minos and Rhadamanthus handed her down from the Hearfe, to whom she made a profound Reverence; and at the same time looking a skew upon Don Quixote, Heaven pardon thee, quo she, Ingrateful Knight, I have been a thousand Years i' the other World for thy Cruelty; then turning to Sancho. To thee, to thee, the most Compassionate Squire in the Universe, it is. that I am beholding for the Life which I enjoy; receive as a Reward these half a dozen Smocks of mine to make thee fix Shirts; for tho they are not all spick and spannew, or rather somewhat of the thinnest before, yet they are all clean and sweet. Sancho kiss'd her Hands, with his Cap in his Hand, and his Knees down to the Ground. He also begg'd of the Duke at the fame time that he might have his Flaming Robe and his Bonnet, to carry home for a Memorial of the Miracle he had wrought. Keep it Sancho, faid the Dutchess, you know I am one of your best Friends and can deny vee nothing. Which done, the Company was difmiss'd, and Don Quixote and Sancho conducted to their Chambers.

#### CHAP. XVIII.

Which follows the Seventeenth; and treats of several things necessary for the Illustration of this History.

Sancho lay that Night in a Bed which was fet up in the same Chamber where Don Quixote lay; which no way pleas'd him, for that he was quite weary'd with his past Adventure, and was no less afraid lest he should be much more tyr'd, and kept from his Rest by the Impertinent Queflions and Answers between his Master and himself, fo that he would ha' given his fix Smocks to ha' lain in the Stable, rather then in his Masters stately Room. Nor indeed were his Fears without ground; for Don Quixote was no sooner laid in his Bed, but his first word was, what dost think Sancho of last Nights Adventure? Thou saw'st with thy own Eyes Madam Tomboy in her Tomb; nor was it any Dart, or Sword, or Poyson that kill'd her, but only my disdain of her Affection. Pox take her, quo Sancho, she might ha' dy'd how the wou'd and when the wou'd, fo the had but let me alone; for I never gave her any occasion to love me, neither did I ever disdain her love i' my Life. For my part, as I said before, I wonder how Sancho Pancha should come to be oblig'd to suffer Martyrdom for such a hoidenly Rampscuttle as Madam Tomboy, a meer Rig that I never lik'd i'my Life? But I beseech yee, Sir, let me go to fleep, or otherwife I must be forc'd to throw my self out at the Window. Take thy Liberty, Sancho, then cry'd Don Quixote, and kind Heaven grant thee a better Nights, then thou hast had an Evenings Rest. Thereupon they both betook themselves to their Repose; and here it is that Cid Hamet takes the Opportunity to tell yee what oblig'd the Duke to contrive the Adventure last related.

He fays that Carrasco meditating Revenge, for being unhors'd by Don Quixote, when he went by the Title of Knight of the Looking-glasses, resolv'd to make a second Attempt. To which purpose, understanding by

the Page that brought the Dutchesses Letter to Teresa, where Den Quixote was, he got him Horse and Arms, with a Resolution to pursue him. That coming to the Dukes Castle, he there understood that the Knight was departed for Saragola, after all the sport which the Duke had made with him and Sancho. That he follow'd him from thence to Saragola, and missing him there, he overtook him at Barcellona, where having had his Revenge, as we told vee before, he return'd to the Duke, and inform'd him what he had done, who from thence took an occasion to contrive this Frolick, to diverrise himself once more with our pleasant Adventurers. Cid Hamet adds, that he lookt upon the Joakers to be as much Fools as they that are ioakd upon; and that he could think no other of the Duke and the Dutchefs, who had nothing elfe to do but to make sport with the unfortunate Frenzies of two craz'd People.

At length Day-light surprized Don Quixote and Sancho, the one snoaring like a Boar in his Frank, the other swallow'd up in his usual Dreams and Deliriums. But as he had recover'd himself, and was about to rife (for vanquish'd or Victor, he was always an Enemy to Sloth) Madam Tombor being risen again, with the same Garland that she wore upon the Hearse, in a white flowr'd Sattin Manteau, and her dishevell'd Locks curling about her Shoulders, enter'd his Chamber, supporting her self with an Ebonie Stick; which Vision so surprized him, that never regarding Complements or Civility to Ladies, he withdrew himself under the Bedcloaths, and cover'd himself over Head and Ears. However Madam Tomboy sate her down in a Chair by the Bedfide, and after a profound Sigh, with a languishing and yet amorous Voice, When young Ladies, quo she, trample their Modesty underfoot, and permit their Tongues to discover the Secrets of their Hearts. Men way well conceive 'em to be strangely disorder'd in their Minds. Truly, my Lord Don Quixote, I am one of those unfortunate Persons overrul'd by my Passion, and desperately in Love, yet with so much Vertue and Refervedness, that the only care to conceal my Torments cost me my Life. 'Tis but two days ago fince my reflexions upon thy Cruelty, and the refentment of thy Rigour laid me in my Grave; and had it not been that Love, in pitty of my Miseries, found out a means by the sufferings of thy Compassionate Squire to relieve me, I had still remain'd in the other World.

Truly, quo Sancho, I should ha' been beholding to Love, had he beflow'd his Honours upon my Ass. But pray, Madam, tell me, and so may Heaven provide yee a better Husband then my Master, what did you see i' the other World? and what fort of Hell is that, which they that despair and dye for Love are oblig'd to touch at by the way.

To tell yee truth, reply'd Madam Tomboy, I was never absolutely dead. and fo I never enter'd into Hell; for if I had, I'me fure I should nere ha got out agen. I only went as far as the Gate, where I faw about a dozen Devils in their Breeches and half Shirts, edg'd at the Collers with Flanders Lace, playing at Tennis with flaming Rackets. But that which I most admir'd at, was, that instead of Balls they made use of Books blowd up, and stuft with Flocks; which was to me both new and wonderful: And I was more aftonish'd to see that contrary to the Custom of Gamsters, among whom you shall have always some that are merry and pleas d; these all the while they plaid did nothing but fret and fume, stamp, stare, curse and swear as if they had been all losers. That's no wonder, quo Sancho, for your Devils are of that Humour, that whether they play or no, win or lose, they can never be contented. I grant it, reply'd Madam Tombor; but ther<sub>e</sub>

there was one thing that aftonish'd me more then all this, that the first stroak they gave the Ball, spoil'd it in such a manner, that it was no longer ferviceable; fo that they tore as well the old as the new Books in pieces; and there was one Book among the rest Fire new, which they strook with such a force that all the Leaves flew about i' the Air. Then cry'd one of the Devils to the t'other; Look, look, what Book is that? To whom the other made answer, 'tis the Second Part of Don Quixote; not that which was compos'd by Cid Hamet, but by a certain Arragonian, that goes by the name of Tordesilla's. Take it away, cry'd the first Devil, and throw it to the bottom of the Abyss, where I may never see it more. Why, quo the t'other, is it so bad? So detestable, cry'd the other, that if I had made it my felf on purpose it could not ha' been worse. The Devils continud their Game, and shatter'd a power of other Books; but for my part hearing Don Quixote's Name, that is so dear to me, I minded only to remember this Vision, which I shall nere forget.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

This was a Vision without doubt, cry'd Don Quixote, for there are no more Don Quimote's but my felf i' the World. I know the Story is printed, and I know that 'tis already sentenc'd to the bottoms of Pyes, or to the Grocer for waste Paper; nor am I at all offended at it; nor do I care what becomes of it, for had it been a true and faithful Hiftory, 'twould ha' lafted to Eternity; but as it is, the sooner 'tis buried alive, the less 'twill deceive

the World.

Book IV.

Madam Tomboy was then going on with her complaints against Don Quixote's Rigour; which Don Quixote observing, by way of prevention, My pretty little new Peice of Refurrection, quo he, I am heartily forry, that you have mispent your Affections upon me; as having no other way to repay your Civility but with my Thanks --- for as for any Coolers of your Amorous Heat, upon my Honour I have none. I was born for Dulcinea del Tobofo; for her the Destinies have referv'd me; and for you to imagin that any other Beauty can jostle her out of my Bosom, is meer Madness; and therefore fet your Heart at Rest; call home your Modesty, and don't let the Irch of your passion hurry yee thus about, lowing after me, as Io low'd after Jupiter, when Juno thrust a Gad-Bee in her Tail.

By the pleasure of Generation, cry'd Madam Tombor, counterfeiting a most dismal Passion, Thou Steelly, Date stone-hearted Feslow, more inexorable then a School mafter brandishing his Burchen Indignation over a Boys Buttocks, a little thing would make me tear out those Eyes of thine, as deep as they are i' thy Head --- You think perhaps Mr. Captain-cutpudding, Don All to be thwick thwack'd, Don All to be rib-roasted, that I dy'd for Love of thy transparent shrivell'd Carcass - No-no-I am not a Woman that would ha' prickt my Finger for such a Camel as thou art-All you faw last Night was only a Trick, a meer Contrivance to make sport with fuch a Cully brain'd Fellow as thou art.

By my Troth, quo Sancho, I believe what you fay, that all your Stories of Lovers dying for Love, are as true as I am the Popes Uncle. They tell yee themselves they are dead, but the Devil a word of Truth do they fpeak.

At the same time enter'd the Musician and Poet that sung the Verses over Madam Tombors Hearfe, and making a reverend Congie to D. Quixote, 1 befeech your Worship, said he, to rank me in the Number of your most faithful Servants; for I have always had a great Esteem for your Person, as well in regard of your continu'd Reputation as the fame of your Atchievments. Pray, Sir, let me know who you are, reply'd Don Quixote, that I may proportion

Book IV.

602

my Thanks according to your Quality. To whom the Musician reply'd, that he was Madam Tomboys Poet, that made and fung her Elegy the laft Night. You have an Excellent Voice, reply'd Don Quixote, but for the Matter you sung I do not think it was much to the purpose. Oh, Sir, never wonder at that, reply'd the Musician, that's no fault among the Poets of this Age: They write according to their own Fancy, and Pillage where they think fit, whether it be to the purpose or no; for let 'em write what they will, all Extravagancies are fure to be guarded by Poetical Licence, which is a Protection for all Nonsence in Poetry. Don Quixote was about to have reply'd, but he was prevented by the Duke and the Dutchess, who at the same time enter'd his Chamber; where there was a long Discourse between the Duke, the Dutchefs, the Knight, and the Squire; and where Sancho was fo full of his Jokes and his Ouibbles, that the Duke and Dutchess were at a fland which to admire most, his Wit or his Nonsence. After that, Don Quixote desir'd leave that he might be gone betimes the next Morning, for that Caves and Dens better became a vanquish'd Knight then the Palaces of Princes. Then the Dutchess ask'd him whether Mrs. Tomboy and he were reconcil'd or no? To which Don Quixote reply'd, that her Disease proceeded only from Sloth and Laziness, and that the best cure for her was to keep her to work and out of idleness. And this is my Opinion, and this is my Counsel, that she be well employ'd, and kept close to her Spinning Wheel, till her Amorous humour be over, least she be ruin'd by the Temptations of Satan, who will pimp for any Man Living to get a Soul. By my Faith and 'tis my Opinion too, quo Sancho, for I never knew any of your Bobbin-Wenches that ever dy'd for Love. I know it by my felf; for when I am hard at work, I think no more ofm y fweet Swatterkin, I mean my Dear Wife, then I do of the Grand Signior, tho I love her as the Apple of my Eye. After which Discourses, and a great deal more Chat of the same Nature, Don Quixote din'd with the Duke; and after Dinner continu'd his Journey.

#### CHAP. XIX.

What befel Don Quixote and his Squire in their way home.

D Eing thus upon the Road, the Knight rode on, equally divided between Grief and Joy; for on the one fide he was extreamly dejected for the difgrace that had befallen him in the presence of a Vice-Roy; on the other fide he was no less overjoy'd to have discover'd fuch a Mine of Vertue in Sancho that render'd him worth his weight in Gold; for unless it be some Women that bury their Husbands, and young Heirs that out live their Fathers, who would not give half his Estate to raise his Friend from the dead. But as for Sancho he was neither griev'd nor joy'd, but yex'd and discontented in his Mind because Madam Tomboy had not given him the Six Smocks she promis'd; fo that not being able to concoct fuch a piece of Ingratitude. By my Faith, quo he to his Master, I think I ha' the worst luck of any Physician Living. Other Physicians kill their Patients, and are paid for their Pains, and yet all they do is but the scrawling of two or three hard Words to an Apothecary, while I that raise People from the Dead at the expence of my own Skin; whirreted, pinch'd, box'd about the Ears, clapper-claw'd and whipt, must wear the Woodden Dagger, and lose all my winnings,

for the Devil take me if I can get a Cross. But if ever they bring me any more Mrs. Tomboys to cure, I'le be fure of my Money before hand-Come-come-the Monk lives by his finging; nor do I believe that Heaven has bestow'd this wonderful Gift upon me, that I should be such a Charitable Fool as to starve with it. Thou faist very true, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, and Madam Tomboy shews her breeding to be worse then her word; for the 'tis true thy wonderful Gift cost thee nothing, yet a Man of thy Excellencies and endowments would not ha' been fo Satan-like buffeted, for forty fuch Shirts, tho they had been all Flanders-lac'd. For my part hadft thou demanded any thing for Lashing thy self in order to Dulcinea's disinchantment, I would ha' given thee a Mountain of Gold crethis: I must confess I am a little in doubt whether my proffering or thy taking Money might not hinder the Operation of thy Penance; but I am of such a grateful Disposition, that I'le venture it \_\_\_\_ And therefore prithee tell me Sancho, what must I give thee --- or rather go and do thy work presently, and then be thy own Paymaster to thy own content, out of the Money which thou hast of mine i'thy Hands.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

These Temptations open'd Sancho's Eyes; so that finding there was Money to be got; Sir, quo he, now yee fay fomething - pay well and I'le lash well, I'le warrant yee; for such is my Love to my Wife and Childern, that to provide well for them, I care not what I suffer my self. Go too, then, Sir, how much will you give me by the Lash? - Were I able to recompence thee, Sancho, according to what the Quality and Consequence of the Cure Merits, I would give thee all the Finances of France, and all the Mines of Peru to boot. But do thou fet thy own Price, and cast it up what it

Why, Sir, quo Sancho, the Lashes which I am to give my felf amount to Three thousand three hunder'd and odd; of which I have given my self Five already. In the first place then, let those five serve for all the odd Lashes behind, that we may come to an even Number: For I would not willingly be troubl'd with more Fractions then needs. Now I demand four Pence a Lash, of which I wou'd not bate the Pope himself the tenth part of a Pins Head, which in all amounts to Three thousandthree hunder'd Groats. Reckon then, Nine hunder'd Groats is Three hunder'd Shillings, that's Fifteen Pounds, and a Hunder'd Groats is one Pound thirteen Shillings four Pence. Three fifteen Pounds is forty five Pound, and three times one Pound thirteen and four Pence is Five Pound. So that Three thousand Lashes comes just to Fifty Pound: Then the Three hunder'd Lashes comes to Five Pound more; in all, Fifty five Pound. This Fifty five Pound will I deduct out of the Money which I have of yours, and then I'le go home an Aldermans Fellow, Rich in ready Coin, and Rich in ready Lashes - but that's nothing, something has some savour, and you know, Sir, Trouts must be baited before they be caught.

Oh, Bleised Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, more dear to me then Endymion to the Moon; how shall Dulcinea and I be bound to pray for thee as long as we live. For if we can but master the Devil but this one time, then once more she shall be the Queen of Beauty; and if ever I meet with that same cursed Knight of the White Moon agen, I'le White Moon him, and Black Moon him too, or l'le miss of my Aim. For I must tell thee, Sancho, when the Queen of Beauty's once at Liberty, I defie Satan himself to wrench an Adventure out of my Hands. And therefore, dear Sancho, do but tell me when thou'lt begin, take fifty Shillings more besides thy Bargain, for an additional Encouragement — When will I begin, Sir! — Why this very Night, so soon as we come to a Place convenient; and you your self shall

Hhhh 2

look on and fee how l'le lay about me, Back-stroak and Fore stroak. Alas, Sir, I may well venture my Skin for Money, when so many Men venture their Souls for it.

Well, in short, the Night came which Don Quixote long'd for with so much impatience, that he could not imagin what the Sun staid so long for, unless a second *Phaeton* had overturn'd his Chariot, and made him stay the mending of the Wheels; so that he began to speak Bugs words against the fovereign Planet of the Skie. But at length approaching Night befriended him, and brought him to a Place convenient as well for his own repofe, as for Sancho's Pious defign. It was a shady Wood remote from the Highway; where when Sancho had unfaddl'd Rosmante and unpannell'd Grizale, he let loofe the two Loving Couple to shift for themselves. Then opening his feldom empty Wallet, the Mafter and the Man went to Supper, and fed like Pylades and Orestes together.

And now Sancho being pretty well lin'd within, bethought himself of earning his Money. To which purpose he made himself an unmerciful Lick-back of Grizzles Halter, and the two Girts of Rosinante's Saddle; and fo Cordial he was in his Intentions, that he would not take off the Iron Buckles, as one that refolv'd to give his Mafter good Measure for his Money. Which done, he stript himself to his Waste, and so taking leave of his Master he retir'd to the Wood some Twenty Paces from his Master.

Don Quixote feeing him march naked as he was, with fuch a ferious grim and fullen Air, that seem'd to threaten no less then the destruction of Natures delicate Frame of Arteries, Muscles, Nerves and Fibres, and I know not what my felf, with a Compassionate Tone, cry'd after him, Sancho, dear Sancho, be not so Cruel to thy self, neither, as to cut thy self to the Bone. Moderate thy Passion, and let one blow follow another leisurely-As thou art frout be merciful for fliould if thou kill thy felf before thy Penance be over, thy loss will be irrecoverable and my Afflictions then will never have an end \_\_\_ Take pity therefore of thy felf, of Me, thy poor Mistress, and thy Wife and Childern, and render not ineffectual by unreasonable Severity, the only means ordain'd to make us both for ever happy. Give thy felf not a Lash more then thou needs must, and therefore lest thou shou'dst be out i'thy Tale, I'le stand a little way off, and reckon the ftroaks by the help of my Rosary, and then I'me sure thou canst never Err \_\_\_\_ So Heaven protect thee, and give a good iffue to thy En-

A good Paymaster, quo Sancho, never grudges his Money - and therefore tho I intend to Curry my own Hide as befits me, don't you believe but Ile take care of the main Chance. However I'le so tear my self, that I'le make my Back find that my Hands are none of its best Friends; and therein I think it is that the stress and vertue of the Remedy lies --- And so saying, he began to claw himself where it did not itch, in such a rude manner, that after he had given himself Seven or Eight stroaks, the smart was fuch, that he began to confider, and after a short pawse, Slife, quo he to his Master, this wont do-I ha fold Robinboods Pennyworths-Certainly I was bewitch'd to ask but Sixpence a Lash—for such Lashes as these are worth Twelve Pence a piece of any man's Money i' the Kingdom \_\_\_\_ Fore-George I'le ha' Twelve Pence a piece or I'le lash no farther.

Go on, go on, good Sancho, quo Don Quixote, Money never broke squares between us two, I'le double the Sum if that be all - nay and I'le treble it too if thou defir ft it-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE. Book IV.

Now by my Life, quo Sancho, and I'le lay it on then; do but liften, and you shall hear the Bones rattle i'my Skin-And with that the Conycatching Hangdog fell a lashing the Trees like a Winchester Schoolmaster, groaning at every Lash, as if his Soul had been taking her last leave of his Tormented Carkass.

Thereupon Don Quixote, who was naturally Compassionate, and fearing lest poor Sancho should kill himself, or rather lest his Imprudence should disappoint and frustrate the Cure—Hold, Sancho, quo he, hold I conjure thee \_\_ I never lov'd spurring a free Horse to death \_\_ This is a sort of Physick too boystrous to be taken all at once - and therefore make two Doses of it \_\_\_\_ Come, come, fair and foftly goes far \_\_\_ Neither was Rome built in a day- If I ha' told right, thou hast giv'n thy self above a Thousand remarkable Twingers already ---- and therefore I say be bold with thy Flesh, but not too bold. Should it come to a Fistula in Ano, 2

Surgeon would quickly lick up all thy Gettings.

No, no, my dear Lord and Master, quo Sancho, it shall nere be said of me that I got my Money by roaring, or as the Countryman faid by his Lawyer, that he nere spoke a word for his Fee- Besides, I have ow'd this wicked Skin of mine a payment a good while, and I'm glad o'th' occasion-And therefore I beseech vee, Sir, don't disturb me with your Pity; but if y' are so merciful, get out o' the noise on't- for I'm resolv'd to give my felf the tother Thousand Stripes - and then there will be the less behind---- With that he had the t'other bout at the poor Trees, with that outragious fury, that he fetch'd off their Skins which was Ten times harder then his own; that had they been any of Ovids Metamorphos'd Nymphs the whole Wood had cry'd out Murder. And at length, as it were refolv'd to give himself a sparring blow, laying on at the same time upon a sturdy Oak, Here it is, cry'd he, with a loud Voice, that Sampson, were he Ten thousand Sampsons shall dye.

Don Quixote, who listen'd all the while like a Hare in her Form, hearing that unfanctify'd menace of utter destruction, and the unconscionable found of the ftroaks that follow'd it, with the swiftness of a Panther, flew to his Squire, and catching hold of the dreadful Instrument of Execution, Stay Sancho, stay, cry'd he, the fury of thy Arm; 'tis not thy precious Life that I desire; Live to the Comfort of thy Wife and Children, that will be bound to curse thy Master, should'st thou miscarry for his sake. Let Dulcinea therefore stay a while, and I my self will live in hopes a little longer, till thou hast got another Skin, and recover'd new strength to end the

Business to the Satisfaction of all Parties.

Well, Sir, quo Sancho, fince you will have it so, so let it be; however i' the mean time be pleas'd to throw your Cloak over my Shoulders, for I am

rin a dropping Sweat, and unwilling my Sores should take Wind.

With that the Compassionate Knight leaving himself in Querpo, bequeath'd his Irilb Mantle to the protection of Sancho's Shoulders, who took care to cover his dissembl'd Mortification as charily as if he had been a dancing a dozen Westminster Weddings; and then laying himself down to rest himself, the poor Creature fell asleep, and never wak'd, for all his Pain, till Sun-rise.

After that, Sancho got up, and going aside under pretence to washhimself with his own Water, flipp'd on his Cloaths, and after three Hours riding, they came to an Inn, which Don Quixote allow'd to be an Inn, and not a Castle with Moats and Draw-bridges, as he was wont to do, before his dast Basting had somewhat reform'd his Senses and his Judgment.

He was lodg'd in a Ground Chamber, instead of Tapistry, hung with pain ted Cloath; upon which were scrawl'd by a leud Hand, the Stories of Helen of Troy, when Paris run away with her; and Dido Queen of Carthage, when Eneas had robb'd her of her last Favours. In these two Pictures. Don Quixote observ'd, that Helen seem'd nothing at all concern'd for the force that was put upon her, but rather lookt blithe and bonny, and finiling under her Hood, as if she had been pleas'd with her escape. Whereas Dido on the other fide, stood like a Wench that had had her Pocket pick'di? the Fair, letting fall Tears in Clusters, which because they should be seen, the Painter had made as big as Filberds. Upon which Don Quixote making his sudden Reflexions, How unfortunately it fell out, quo he, that either I did not live in these Ladiestime, or they in mine; for I had never suffer'd two such pieces of Injustice i' this World; and so by the death of Paris and Eneas, which must have furely happen'd by my Hand, I had sav'd Troy from being burnt, and Carthage from Ruin.

Ile venture my Life to a Sheeps-turd, quo Sancho, that before next Pancake day, there will be nere an Inn nor a Barbers Shop i' the Country, where we shall not have the Story of our own Exploits adorning the Walls of the Rooms, for the Country Bumpkins to gape at, tho I could wish em drawn

by a better Artist, then such a dauber of Sign posts as this.

'Tis very true, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote; but this is our Comfort, that Cafar and Pompey and most of the Roman Consuls have lit already into as bad hands as we can do. 'Tis the Fate of Great Persons to be famous in Ballads as well as Heroick Verse, tho one continues our Memory among People of Quality, the other among the Vulgar. But let the Rogues have a care that they paint true, for if I catch 'em painting Cocks for Bulls, and Bulls for Cocks, by the Order of Knight-hood, which I profess, I'le send a Legion of 'em to the Devil if they paint while I live. But to leave this Discourse, what dost think of giving thy self tother Touch to Night? In my Opinion a warm House should be much better then the open Air.

Why, truly, quo Sancho, I could like a close Room very well so it were among Trees; for I have a natural Affection to Trees; besides that they

feem to be a kind of Companions to me in my Affliction.

Why then, reply'd Don Quixote, now Ithink on't, we'll een stay till we get home, and then I can fet thee up a little shed i' my Grove. You may do as you please for that, quo Sancho, but for my part I am for striking while the Iron is hot—— Tis good grinding at the Mill before the Water's past—— An Opportunity lost is not so soon regain'd—— When the Shoulder of Mutton's a going take a slice—— Tis good to take half in hand and the rest by and by Every Dog bas his Day, and every Man his Hour - Delay breeds danger - One take it, is worth Two thou shalt have it's.

Enough, enough, good Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote-thou curest me with thy Kindness, and murder'st me with Proverbs—prithee, dear Sancho, keep thy Moth-eaten Adagies for some body else—Speak to me as other Men do, and then thou shalt see a Word to the Wise is sufficient.

Bless me, Sir, quo Sancho, you see I never study for 'em-they're as natural to me as Milk to a Calf- but fince they displease yee, I beg your pardon-better mend late then never-And so they broke off their Discourse for that time.

#### CHAP. XX.

How Don Quixote and Sancho arriv'd at their Village.

LL that day Don Quixote staid in the Inn, resolving not to stir till night, that he might give Sancho an Opportunity to finish his Pennance. Now while he was thus concluding with himself, there came a Gentleman a Horse-back to the Inn Gate, attended by three or four Servants. At what time, faid one of the Attendants to the Gentleman, What think yee, Siginor Don Alvaro Tarfe, of stopping here, till the Heat of the day be over?——in my Opinion the House looks well and cleanly.

Don Quixote no sooner heard the Name of Tarfe, but presently turning to Sancho, certainly, quo he, I must be grosly mistaken if I did not meet with this same Name of Den Alvaro Tarfe in turning over that same Second Part of the History of my Life. That may be for ought I know, quo Sancho, but let 'em first alight, and then we'l examin the Premises more strictly. Presently they alighted, and were carry'd into a Chamber next to Don Quixote, where the Gentleman having put off his Boots, came forth soon after to take the fresh Air at the Inn Gate, where Don Quixote was cooling himself at the same time. To whom, Sir, said the Gentleman, which way travel yee? To a Village not far off, reply'd Don Quixote, where my Habitation is. And you, Sir, quo Don Quixote, which way are you bound? For Grenada, the Place of my Nativity, reply'd the Gentleman-A fair City, and no less nobly Inhabited, reply'd Don Quixote; but pray, Sir, may I be so bold to crave your Name? For I have something of a Reason more then ordinary, that makes me fo uncivilly inquisitive. My Name is Alvaro Tarfe, reply'd the Gentleman. Alvaro Tarfe! cry'd Don Quixote. Then certainly you must be the Person mention'd in the Second Part of Don Quixote de la Mancha, fo lately Publish'd by a Modern Author. The very fame, reply'd the Gentleman; and farther, that Don Quixote was one of my Intimate Cronies, whom I perswaded to take a Ramble from his House, at least told him of the Justs and Turnaments at Saragosa, and put him upon the Tilting Vain; and truly as it happen'd, I provid the best Friend he had, for I kept him from being claw'd by the Hangman, for an Infolent Coxcomb as he was.

But pray, Sir, one thing more, quo Don Quixote, you look like one that could distinguish Faces — does the Air of my Face in any thing resemble that of your Don Quixote? Not in the leaft, reply'd Alvaro. Once more then, I beseech yee, Sir, had that Don Quixote of yours any such Squire to attend him, whose Name was Sancho Pancha. Yes, Sir, reply'd the Gentleman, he had a Squire of that name; and he was faid to be a pleafant Fellow. But for my part I never heard him speak so much as one word that was like Sence \_\_\_ The Rogue deserv'd to be hang'd for a Fool, but was not worth a Halter.

I believe it, quo Sancho, for all Men were not born to have so much Wit as I have-- nor is it so easie a thing to play the Fool as People thinkand therefore that Sancho this Mr. Gentleman speaks of must needs be some pitiful Hangdog, some Lousie Rarie-show-man, or Mountebanks Budget-Carrier. For 'tis I that am the true Sancho Pancha; 'tis I am that merry conceited Squire that tickles the Spleens of Dukes and Dutchesses, and make no more to make a Gentleman laugh, then I do to pull off my Stockins. If you don't

Business

don't believe me, trye me, Sir, your felf- do but follow me for a year or two, and you shall hear Miracles. And then for my Master, the true Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Brave, the Valiant, the Difcreet, the Amorous and War-like; the Redreffer of Wrongs, Revenger of Injuries, the Father. Mother, Uncle and Aunt of all Orphans, the Widows Protector, the Defender of Ladies, the sole and only Sweet-heart and Servant to the Peerless. Matchless Phoenix, Dulcinea del Toboso, Knight of the Lyons, and Lord of Ten Invisible Islands, Here's your Man, Sir, This is He. The tother of your Acquaintance, and all other Don Quisote's and Sancho Pancha's are meer Dreams and Fables, counterfeit Miscreants and Vagabonds.

Now by the Ghost of Garagantua, I believe as much, quo Alvaro, for you have utter'd in a few words much more then ever I heard the t'other talk for a Month together. Tother was a meer Paunch belly'd Cur, that carry dall his Brains in his Guts: So that I am apt to believe that those Enchanters which perplex the True Don Quixote are become my Enemies, to herd me with a Couple of Sots and Dunderheads that were kitten'd in a Cage, and will dye in a Sawpit. And yet I can hardly believe my own Eyes; for I me as fure as I stand here that I lest Don Quixote in Bedlam, whether he was fent to be cur'd of his Frenzie; and now I meet here another

Don Quixot:, as like Mine, as an Apple's like an Oyster.

Vor my part, reply'd Don Quixote, I will not undertake to justifie my felf for the True Don Quixote, but I am certain I am none of the Counterfeit. For to be plain with yee, Sir, I never was at Saragofa i' my Life: For when I heard that this same Usurper of my Name had appear'd at the Turnaments i that City, I refolv'd not to come near the Place, on purpose to convince the World of the Falshood of that pretended Author, who had the impudence to Fublish a sham Second Part of my Life. Thereupon I went directly for Barcellona, the Mother of Civility, the Sanctuary of Strangers. the only Place of all Europe, where a Man may meet Sincere and Constant Friends, and the City of the World, the fairest and best situated. And tho I did not meet with all the Good Fortune there, that I expected, but rather all the Jades Tricks of that curfed Jezebel mortal Men so much admire; yet am I glad I faw that City, which makes me bury the rest in Oblivion. In short, Mr. Alvaro Tarfe, I am that Individual Don Quixote, of whom Report and Fame have published so many Glorious Actions, and not that pitiful Captain Cut-pudding that has usurp'd my Name. And therefore I have one Boon to beg of yee, in Favour of a Truth, of which you cannot but be now convined. I beg it of yee by all the Respect which you owe to the Profession of a Knight-Errant, which is to give me a Certificare in due Form acknowledg'd, before the next Justice of the Peace of the Place, that you never faw me in all your Life till this day, and that I am not that Don Quixote mention'd in the Second Part of my Pretended Life; also that Sancho Pancha my Squire is not the same Person that you saw go under his Name.

With all my Heart, reply'd Alvaro, and yet 'tis to me the greatest wonder in the World to behold two Don Quixote's and two Sancho's at the same time, who both derive themselves from the same Country, yet both so different in their Physiognomies, their Actions, and their Dispositions, which makes me think that I ha' been all this while in a Dream.

l'me afraid, Sir, quo Sancho, yee are inchanted like Madam Dulcinea - and I wish it may not be my Lot to give my felf the tother Three thousand Six hunder'd Lashes to difinchant your Worship, as I have been forc'd already to bestow upon this Back of mine, to disinchant her- However if it be, Sir, the

Business is soon done at a small Charge ---- For who would be a Prisoner to the Devil a whole Year without Bayl or Mainprize for fifty or Threescore Pounds.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Truly Mr. Sancho, quo Don Alvaro you speak riddles to me \_\_\_ I never heard the tother Sancho talk a Tittle of Three thousand six hunder'd Lashes - unfold your meaning good Sir - O, Sir, quo Sancho, the Story's too long at a Minutes warning --- but if you travel our way, you may chance to hear more then I'le tell every body, according as I'me in the

Book IV.

By this time Dinner was upon the Table, and Don Quixote and Don Alvaro din'd together. More then that, the Story brings to the Inn a Justice of Peace and his Clerk just at the same Instant. Who being known and admitted, Don Quixote desir'd Mr. Alvaro to distate his Certificate to the Clerk, that he had never seen Don Quixote de la Mancha there present, before that day, and that he was not the same Person, that he had seen mention'd in a certain printed Story, call'd the Second Part, &c. written by one Abellaneda de Tordesillas. Which the Clerk afterwards engross'd in due Form, and then it was fign'd by Don Alvaro, and Jurated by the Justice Coram Me, &c. And now Don Quixote and Sancho thought themselves the happiest Men i' the World; not believing their Actions, Words, and Countenances enough to distinguish em from their Competitours, without a Certificate in Law; so jealous are Fools of being robb'd of their Honour, tho it be but of being the better Fools of the Two.

Many were the Complements and Offers of Service and Civility that pass'd between Don Alvaro and Don Quixote, wherein the Manchegan display'd so much of Wit and Courtly Language, that Alvaro began to be convinc'd that there was no Enchantment i' the Cafe, and was fatisfy'd in Conscience that

he had given a true Certificate.

Toward Evening they fet forward both together, and as they rode along Don Quixote inform'd Alvaro of the unfortunate Foyl which he had receiv'd from the Knight of the White Moon, and of Dulcinea's Enchantment, with the way prescrib'd by Merlin for her Release. And thus Alvaro being furnish'd with a new stock to muse upon, the Knight and the Gentleman

parted at the meeting of two Roads.

That Night Don Quixote and Sancho lodg'd among the Trees, that Sancho might have an Opportunity to accomplish his Penance, which the just and faithful Squire couragiously perform'd, at the severe expence of the Bark and Bushes, in the mean time so well preserving his Skin, that a fly would hardly have ftirr'd from his Back for any Mortification he gave his own Shoulders. However Don Quixote kept an exact accompt, and found that the Stroaks were right to a Unite, tho they were not bestow'd upon the Right Place.

It feems the Sun rose earlier then usual the next Morning, as if he had envy'd Starlight the unwonted Spectacle of fuch a Human Sacrifice. But Sancho, unwilling to trust his Secret to the Blabtongu'd Phabus, had taken care that the Fair Aurora, should not behold his Nakedness, and so having cas'd himself again, the Knight and he set forward by peep of day.

All that day, nor the next night did they meet with any thing confiderable; only whenever they met with any Woman kind, they rode up to her, and star'd her i' the face, in hopes to meet the Disinchanted Dulcinea. For Don Quixote's Confidence was still so great in Merlin, that he could not believe his Promises could ever fail.

Thus they rode gaping and staring some tedious Miles, till at length mounting up a little Hill, they discoverd their own Village. At what time Sancho threw himself from his Grizzle, and all in a sudden rapture falling upon his Knees, Open thy Eyes, dear Native Country, faid he, and here behold thy long Absented Sancho return'd once more to thy Embraces, tho not rich in Coin, yet paid to the full in Whipcord Gashes: Open thine Arms, and here receive thy Son Don Quixote, vanquish'd by the good Fortune of another, but Victor over himself, which as he has often told me is the greatest Conquest in the World. We have met with many Missortunes both of us, because we did not always find what we sought for. However I come not home altogether empty, I have still a little Money Heaven be prais'd; for tho I have been well whipp'd, thanks to an honest Knight, I have been well gratify'd for my Sufferings.

Leave off these Fooleries, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, and let us appear with Reputation in the place of our Nativity, where we are now to enter into a new Course of Life, and lay aside our Martial Thoughts. Let's not appear among our Neighbours as if we were half muddl'd, but with a ferious Air, without Excesses and Transsportments receive their Welcoms. And for the defign we have in hand speak not a word of it. 'Tis a Giggling World Sancho, and always carping at good Intentions; therefore keep thy Lips

close till opportunity serves. After this they descended the Hill, and began to draw neer their Beloved

Village.

#### CHAP. XXI.

Of the strange ill Omens that happen'd to Don Quixote before he enter'd the Village.

Pon his Approach to the Village, Cid Hamet Reports, how that Don Quixote faw two little Boys coard in Quixote faw two little Boys contesting together, at what time, cry'd the one to the other, Oh pray be quiet, you are never like to see her as long as you live. Dost hear, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, what the Boy says? You shall never see her as long as you live- What's that to the purpose, what the Boy fays? quo Sancho -- 'Slife, quo Don Quixote, hast lost thy Sences? -do's it not signifie that I shall never set Eyes upon Dulcinea, as long as I have breath i' my Body? Sancho was about to reply when he saw a Hare, which being pursu'd by several Greyhounds and Coursers, came and squatted for protection between Grizzle's Legs. Presently Sancho took her up, and prefented her to his Master. But he with a dejected Countenance refusing the Present, cry'd out aloud, Malum signum, Malum signum.

Nouns Master, quo Sancho, you are a strange sort of a Man- do but inagin this Hare to be Dulcinea, and the Greyhounds to be the wicked Necromancers that transform'd her into a Country Puss. She flyes, I take her up; I give her you; you take her; make much of her and kiss her; where

is the ill fign in all this? At the same time the two Boys coming to look upon the Hare, Sancho ask'd 'em what 'twas they were quarelling about? To whom the Boy that had faid the words, Thou shalt never see her agen, reply'd, That he had got a Cage full of Crickets from the other Boy, which he nere intended to give

him again. Upon that Sancho gave the Boy a Groat for his Cage, and delivering it into Don Quixote's hands, There, said he, there's the ill Omen fent to the Devil \_\_\_ Curse on 'em \_ a thousand of 'em ha' no more to do with our business, then we with the last years Snow-- For tho' I'me but a simple Fellow, I have a little understanding - besides that you ha' been told a hunder'd times, that 'tis beneath the Profession of a Christian to mind Death-Watches, and Rats eating holes i' the foul Clothes. Nay, 'tis not long since you told me so your self- and therefore don't you be one of those Christian Fools that you your self have so often preach'd against— Go on, go on, Sir-if any body had ill Luck'twas the Hare to be caught.

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

Riding a little farther, they were perceiv'd by the Curate and Carrafco walking together in a Field adjoyning, who presently ran with open Arms

to embrace their old Friends.

Book IV.

Now it happen'd that Sancho had flung over Grizzle's Back the gay Coat, all painted over with flames, which the Duke had given him, to cover his Masters bundle of Armour, like a Sumpter Cloth; and his Miter, which was no less gaudy, he had fix'd upon the Affes head; so that it might be truly faid that never Four-footed Ass was fo strangely bedizon'd in this World. Which the Childern, who are generally as sharp-sighted as Lynxes, perceiving, came running Bare foot and Bare-legg'd, and flocking about the Shew, Hoy-day, look, Sirs-Here's Madam Ass and Gaffer Horse-did yee ever fee an Ass as fine as a Lady, and a Horse so like a Red Herring before? — And with that, they ran hooping and hollowing before, like the Boys upon a Holy-Thursday, while the Curate, Don Quixote, Carrasco and Sancho follow'd leisurely after, like the Parson and the Masters of the Parish, till Don Qui xote arriv'd at his own House, where his Maid and his Neece attended him coming.

At the same time Teresa being inform'd of their arrival, came running with her Hair about her Ears, and pulling her Daughter after her, who ran like a Doe in her Hand. But when the faw that her Husband was not fo Don-like attir'd as she imagin'd, Blessed Lady, quo she, what's the meaning of this? you look as if y' had come all the way afoot; upon my Life too as tir'd as a Dog after hunting—Why, this is more like a Beggar then a Governour.—

Peace, dear Teresa, peace a while, first let's go home, and then I'le tell thee wonders- Many times when a Man has got Boots, he wants Spurs-But I ha' Money, my Honey, tho I ha' nothing else - Money got by my

own Industry, without doing wrong to any Body.---

Hast got Money, Chuck ! quo Teresa, nay then 'tis no matter how thou cam'ft by it - 'tis not the Fashion now a days to be so inquisitive. At the same time little Sancha embracing her Father, ask'd him what he had brought her home? telling him withal that she had long'd for his coming more then ere the Flowers did for Dew in May. Which Ceremonies of Love and Duty thus perform'd, Terefa took him under the Arm, and Sancha fastning upon the Wast-band of his Breeches, away they tugg'd him to his Cottage, leading Grizzle by the Collar in his hand.

And now were the Champions friends orejoy'd, they had got him home agen, not dreaming he had any more Crotchets in his Head; but before he could pull off his Boots and comb his Head, fo full he was, that taking the Curate and Carrasco aside, after he had given 'em a short account of his being defeated by the Knight of the White Moon, and the obligation that lay upon him not to bear Arms for a whole Year; which he was refolv'd to perform to the last Minute, he added that since he had so fair an Opportunity, he was determin'd to spend that leisure time the most pleasantly i the World; for now, quo he, will I retire to the Woods and Plains, where like a Shepherd of old Arcady, I will entertain my Amorous Passions. with Madrigals and Roundelays; and therefore defir'd em, if their Business. would permit, to bear him Company in so delightful and innocent a Life. To which purpole he would furnish 'em with such a number of Sheep as might justly entitle em to the digniss'd name of Shepherd. Moreover he gave them to understand that he had half done the work already; for that he had found 'em out names so suitable to the Profession, that Pan himself could never have invented better.

Thereupon the Curate being defirous to know the Names, Don Quixote reply'd, that he for his part would be call'd the Shepherd Quihotis; that he had given him the name of Curiambro; that the Student should be call'd

Samsonino or Carrascon; and Sancho Pancha, Pansino.

This new Project made the Curate and the Schollar stare; however being refolv'd to humour him, The Duce take me, quo the Student, if you ha not hit it to a hair — we shall lead the merriest Lives imaginable — I am old Dog at Poetry - I can make Eclogues with Virgil himself, and Paftoral ditties for all the Musitians i' the Kingdom — But now I think on't what shall we do for Shepherdesses? For 'tis as impossible for a Shepherd to be without a Shepherdess, as for a Knight-Errant to be without a Miftres Elfe, how shall we do to carve and notch the Trees, as we must do? For I'me resolv'd to carry a sharp Penknise along with me, and to omit no duty of a Shepherd when I come to be one.

Oh, quo Don Quixote, shaking his Head, Mr. Carrasco, Mr. Carrasco, I wonder that should be your want; for I never knew a young Student of any Mettle without a Female, tho it were his Laundress, i'my Life - for your young Students are much of the nature of Turtles, they cannot live without a Mate however for a shift you may conceit a Shepherdess, and that will do as well— For my part I am provided already with the Peerless Dulcinea del Toboso, the only Nymph of these Rivers, the Ornament of these Meadows, the Primrose of Beauty, the Fountain of Chastity, more graceful then the three Daughters of "Inpiter put together; and in a word, the Subject of all Ap-

plauses that are able to puzzle Hyperboles.

We grant all this to be true, quo the Curate, but we that cannot pretend to fuch perfections, would be glad of some passable Barren Doe or other, that may fland us inflead upon occasion. For I don't find in any of your Ancient Authors, but that the Shepherds and Shepherdesses do play together

now and then.

However, quo the Student, we can take what names we please out of Books, Diana, Florinda, Amarillis or Galatea; they are to be bought in any Booksellers Shop, and when we have purchas'd 'em, they are our own. And then if I meet with a Shepherdess whose name is Bess. The call her Eliza, from Elizabeth; if Dol, Dorothea, from Doroty; if Lucie, Lucinda. And I am apt to believe if I propound this Project to my Landladies Daughter, I shan't miss of one for my Turn.

Don Quienote was so extreamly pleas'd to find that his Invention took so kindly, that he refolv'd to fend for his Dulcinea forthwith, not doubting but that the must be out of the Devils Clutches by this time, since he had paid fo dearly to the Keeper for her Lodging. But the Student adviz'd him to provide all things ready first; to buy his Sheep and his Sheep-hooks, his Tarboxes, Fifes, Drums and Tabours, and then they would all go meet her in their Pontificalibus. And having fo faid, the Curate and the Student took their leave of the Knight, who thought himself in the Bosom of the Moon, he was so wrapt up in pleasure and Con-

The Renowned DON QUIXOTE.

All this while the Maid and the Neece had been liftning like two Sows i? the Beans, and having heard the rambling Discourse between the Three Shepherds; Lord, Uncle, quo the Neece, what new Maggot is this, that crawls i' your Pate? When we thought you had been come home to live like a fober Gentleman, you are hearkning after new Temptations of the Devil, and going to turn Mutton-monger. By my truly you ha' pickr out a very fine Employment --- Besides, another disappointment you'l meet with to boot — not a Straw to be had for Love or Money, fit to make a Pipe of \_\_\_\_ For the Fields have been shav'd this Three Weeks.\_

Faith Mafter, quo the Maid, I am neither Drunk nor Mad yet, and to my shame be it spoken, an old Maid at Fifty without a Husband, and therefore take my advice—— flay at home and read godly Books, fay your Prayers. and be Charitable to the Poor - for you are as fit to lye Basking i' the Summer Sun, or upon the cold Snow i' the Winter, as I am to be Captain of

a Ship.

Book IV.

Good Neece, and you Mrs. Twittle Twattle, hold your Peace, quo  $D_{02}$ Quixote, for I know best what I have do --- All I desire of you at present is to make my Bed; for if I mistake not I dont find my self very wellbut let me do well or ill, I shall do well enough for You; and that's as much as you can defire or need to trouble your heads with.

Upon these fair promises they undrest him, put him to bed, and brought him his Supper; and after he had done, they drew the Curtains and left

him to his Repose.

#### CHAP. XXII.

How Don Quixote fell fick, of the Will that he made and of his Death.

Refumptuous Man! how vainly dost thou pretend to be the disposer of thy Life or thy Affairs! Fond Man proposes to himself to live a merry Life. and meditates future Revenge of past Indignities; but then comes Death and disappoints as well his hopes as Joys. Don Quixote thus propos'd to live a Jolly Shepherds Life, and after that to resume his first Profession of Knight Errantry, to regain his lost Honour and in search of new Fame; but Death surprized him when he least thought of it. But whether his sickness proceeded from the fad Remembrance of his last defeat, or whether the Heavens had so decreed it I will not undertake to determin. Certain it is that a Burning Fever feiz'd him, which enforc'd him to keep his Bed Six

All that time the Curate, the Student and the Barber gave him frequent Visits, and such was Sancho's Love that he would not stir from his

Among the rest, the Student rationally conjecturing that some confirm'd Suspition of the Devils treachery in not delivering Delcinea to him after full payment made by Sancho, might be the Cause of his Grief that augmented his Distemper, endeavour'd all he could to comfort him. To which purpose, he desir'd him to pluck up a good heart and rise, to the end

they might begin their Paftoral Life; telling him withal that he had already compos'd an Eclogue, not inferiour to the Dialogue of Shepherd in faith I cannot stay, or Strephon and Phillis; and how he had bought two the best Dogs i the Country for keeping of Sheep, the one call'd Gipp and t'other Tansey, both Dogs of those Eminent Parts that they could dance the Shepherds delight to the Flageolet.

But these were vain attempts to raise Don Quixote's Mirth, for he could neither laugh nortalk, but lay like an Alderman in Stone i' the Chancel.

Thereupon they fent for a Physician, who feeling his Pulse shook his Head, and bid his Patient prepare for another World, for that he had not long to flay i'this.

For which Don Quixote, without the least difmay return'd him thanks: telling him withal, that he did not expect fo much Divinity from a Person

of his Profession.

614

The Physician was no sooner gone, but he fell into a found sleep, and had a Nap for fix hours together; fo that his Neece and his Maid thought he never would have wak'd again. However at the fix houres end it happen'd that he did open his Eyes again once more in his Life, as it were to take his last leave of the World. At what time, he call'd for his Neece, and bid her fend for the Curate, the Student and Mr. Nicholas the Barber; for that he found himself drawing toward his end, and therefore was resolv'd to make his last Will and Testament, and those other preparations for Death,

which a good Christian ought to do.

Which Sancho hearing, Oh my dear Master, quo he, is this a time to dye, when we have just now news of Madam Dulcinea's being difinchanted? Come, come, Sir, leave your melancholy Dumps and rife; is this a time to lye groaning a bed, when we should be abroad i' the Fields, piping like the Boys in Bartlemen Fair time, and finging like Canary Birds. Take my Counsel Master, live as long as you can; for its the greatest folly i'the World to dye for a bruise o'the Bum. Why, what if yee were unhors'd, and were well Crupper scratch'd, what great matter's that. You know'tis a common thing for Knight-Errants to overturn one another. Belides, you may lay the blame of your diffrace upon me, and fay 'twas through my confounded neglect, in not girting Rosinante as I ought to ha' done.

By this time the Curate and the Schollar came into the Chamber; to whom Don Quixote, with a chearful Voice, Come Neighbours, quo he, I am no longer Don Quixote de la Mancha, but plain Mr. Alonso Quixano. I am an utter Enemy to Amadis de Ganl and all his Generation. I abominate and detest all the whole Rabble of Knight-Errants, and all those prophane and ungodly Legends of wandring Chivalry that so besotted my Understanding, and heartily forgive the Necromancer that robb'd me of that wicked Study of mine. In a word, I have liv'd like a Fool, but I am refolv'd to dye i'my Wits. To that purpose I desire yee to send for a Scrivener to make my Will, for I find the Approach of Death too neer; and with that he funk

down again in his Bed.

The Curate, the Schollar and the Barber were not a little ffartl'd at his Expressions, and staring one upon another, knew not what to think of his Condition. Thereupon while the Curate confess'd him, the Schollar went for a Scrivener; nor was it long before he return'd again; at what time, quo the Curate to the Schollar, meeting him upon the Stairs, Upon my word you come in good time; for now I believe he has not long to live indeed, however I am glad that he dyes in the Bed of Repentance, rather then in the Bed of Romantick Honour. I defire yee to be mindful of the Church and

the poor Curate, and don't let him give all away to Neeces and Maid Ser.

The Renowned Don QuixotE.

vants; and so go on with your business.

With these Instructions the Student carri'd the Scrivener into the Chamber, where, after Mr. Penman had made the formal Part of the Will, with an In Nomine Domini, in Text Letters. Don Quixote order'd him to write on in these words.

Item, It is my Will, that as to the Money which Sancho Pancha (whom in my madness I made my Squire) has in his hands, no accompt be taken of him; I know he has layd out much Money for me, and I owe him for Three thousand three hunder'd Lashes, which he laid upon his own back for my fake about ten days ago; and therefore if there be any Money remaining I freely give it him and much good may it do him. And as I gave him the Government of an Island when I was mad, so would I now give him a Kingdom if I had it; for his fimplicity and fidelity deserve it. And then turning to Sancho, he begg'd his pardon for having feduc'd him from his Wife and Family to make him as mad as himself; and for being the occasion of his being so cruelly toss'd in a Blanker.

But then Sancho, letting fall a showre of Tears as big as Pibbles, befought him once more not to dye that Bout; put him in mind of his pleafant Pastoral Life, and told him withal that for a Manto dye of the Mulli-

grubs, was like a Hens dying of the Pip.

But Don Quixote was not now at leifure to hear his Squire's Admonitions

as he wont to do, and therefore ordering the Scrivener to proceed,

Item, quo he, I give to my Neece Antonia Quixana all my Houshold Goods, deducting the payment of my Maid her full Wages and Forty Shillings to buy her Mourning.

Item, I make my Executors Mr. Curate, and Mr. Samfon Carrafco the Student, and bequeath 'em Five Shillings a piece for the hire of a Mourning Cloak, and to buy each of them a Mourning Hat-band, to attend me to

my Grave.

Book IV.

Item, It is my Will, that if my Neece have a desire to marry, that the Man be enquir'd after, whether he be a Person addicted to read Romances; and if he be found to be fuch a one, and yet my Neece will obstinately marry him, that then she shall forfeit her Legacy to be bestow'd in Pious Ulfes.

Item, As for Rosinante, I bequeath him to the Parish Scavenger, for his Incontinency with a Carriers Mare, which cost me the worst Basting that ere

I had i'my Life.

Item, I leave my old Armour to Don Perez de Mendoza the Famous Bonefetter, for the rectifying of crooked Virgins, to prevent their Parents doubling their Portions, to the ruin of their other Children, and the madness of young Men that will marry Faggot-sticks for Money.

Item, My Will is, that the Bason (which I took for Mambrinos Helmet) be restor'd to the Barber, from whom in my madness I took it by force and violence, and Five Shillings withal, either to get it mended or buy him a

new one.

Item, I defire my Executors, that if at any time they happen to meet with the Author of the Second Part of the History of Don Quixote de la Mancha, that they beg his Pardon i' my Name, for having been the occasion of his writing so many Lies an Extravagancies as he has done. For I depart this Life much disatisfi'd for having given him such an unnecessary Trouble.

The Will thus made and feal'd, the Scrivener protested that he had never read in any Book of Knight-Errantry of any Knight-Errant that ever

dy'd

dy'd fo penitent, and fo like a good Christian, as Don Quixote did; who three days after expir'd.

Thus dy'd the Famous Don Quixote de la Mancha, upon whom (to omit the Lamentations and Howlings of Sancho, the Neece and the old Maid) the Student Carrasco made the following Epitaph.

Tere seiz'd by Death's immediate warrant, Lyes one that call'd himself Knight-Errant ; In fearch of Fame from home be rubb'd. And got himself by Tapster dubb'd: And thus made Knight, away he posted, To be lambasted and Rib-roasted. For bravely he his Sword devotes To succour all in Petticoats. More shame to Fortune, so to vex The ftont defender of her Sex. For always she, in Honours Porch, Unkindly left him in the Lurch, Half Massaker'd with Clubs and Stones: And when she saw him maul'd and drop, The Punk would laugh, and cry, rife up Sir Don Raw-head, and Bloody-bones. In short, he slept awake, and lull'd With Honours charms, himself befool'd. His Life was Peaceful, and outragious, A Dream of Pious, and Couragious: To shew that Honour's an edg'd Tool, Not to be dally'd with by every Fool,

The End.

#### Don Quixote's Entertainment in th' Elysian Shades, By the Knights of the Wandring Order.

CIR Knight we're glad y' are come, pray take a Stool: We thought t' have warn'd yee not to play the Fool; But there's no telling tales out of Hell's School. Get yee a Perriwig, take our advice; Colour your Eye-brows, any strange Disguise. For Satan, mad beyond all Rhime or Reason, Swears you are guilty of Infernal Treason. What Slave is that? quo he, with looks fevere, Has built so many Castles in the Air? As if with me the Caitiff meant to share My Principality To this we faid, That you were a Knight Errant, staring Mad-Sir Knights, I thank vee, but your Soverano Mistakes his Man, my Name is Don Quixano. And with that Name I dy'd, reclaim'd and sober; Renouncing Knights of all forts; were my Brother, Or Father of the Number; Knights o' th' Game, Or Dunghill Knights; for tis to me the Same-How's this! Wee'll kick thee back to Earth again; There rot among the Worms, Thou fcorn of Men. But stay a while \_\_\_\_ For now we think out well, Th'art th' only Penitent ere came to Hell.

# Between the Knights Templers and Don Quixote.

Knts. B Rother Don Quixote welcom to thy Doom,
By Charon's drivell'd Beard we'll make thee Room: D. Qu. Sons of Debaushry, keep your nasty Cells, The not lye neer such Christian Insidels. Knts. Peace, why fo angry with the Brotherhood. D. Qu. No Brotherhood of Mine, by all that's good: Dissemblers! here you lye devout in Stone; Worse then the Devil far, when Flesh and Bone. I never was fo mad, tho mad enough, To fight gainst Heavens Decrees. Knts. As how? your proof. D. Qu. You fought for a rude heap of Stones in Passion, Which Heaven had curs'd to utter Desolation. Knts. Hermitical Devotion thought it Meet. D. Qu. Devotion's Nonsence, without Sence or Wit. Knts. Com'st thou like Phlegeus hear to preach in Hell; Be quiet and lye down. D. Qu. The truth to tell. I dare not lye so neer your Stone Haubergeons, My Skin is foft, and I want Coin for Surgeons. Knts. Lye, and be damn'd then, under Sulphur (bowres; We fourn thy Company, fince thou four's ours.

# Olivers Porter to Don Quixote.

T Eeper, keep out that Flatothraxing Knight, Else here will be no peace by day nor night; He'l put me from my Praying Humour quite; No Patience I shall have, that have but little, To see that Skeleton, that Raw-bon'd Spittle. He a Knight-Errant! He a Fool, a Gudgeon, A Cuckow-brains, a Peagoofe, a meer Widgeon. I know of no Knight-Errant but my Master; He was a Termagaunt, the World's Lambafter. This Puppy rode a Kingdom-hunting too; What got he by't ? knocks, rubs, and thumps enow; Not earth enough to bury three Hog-Lice; My Master got Three Kingdoms in a Trice; With all the Giblets and Apurtenances; Islands I mean; Had Sancho been his Squire, He'd had a Government to his desire. Nay, might ha' been a Major-General: His Birth confider'd, and his Parts withal. Tour Amadiss's, Palmerin's and Beviss's, Your Guy's, he would have beaten into Crevisses. And I his Porter, a fit Match for thee, As if thou dar'st provoke me, thou shalt see. Go then, lye close, and o're thy Hole Fle write Here lyes a prating talking Milk-lop Knight, That bound and fluster-bluster'd all day long, And every day slew Thousands with his Tongue.

# Betty Buly's Congratulation to Madam Dulcinea.

Adam, my Name is Betty Buly,
I pity your Condition, Truly.
Had you but liv'd, where I did dwell,
You nere should ha' led Apes in Hell.
Better j' had link'd with City Fop,
Then Mistress to a Nickapoop.
But Madam, pray what smell is this?
'Tis neither Musk, nor Ambergreise.
Oh—now I have it for a groat,
Your Ladiship has sopt your Coat
In Hogwalb, Madam, a shrew'd sign
Your Ladiship once fed the Swine.
The best could fall of bad Mishaps,
To save your leading Stygian Apes;
For now you'l be employ'd to keep
Our Master Satan's grunting Sheep.

Oh happy you, as nere was none: Alass my Trade is lost and gone: Here's no men calls for lusty Chear, For Wine or pretty Lasses here. But, Madam, you are as you were.

# The Aldermen of Gotam to Sancho Pancha. By Gayton.

Do not grieve, tho great thy Loss, I To lose a Lord not worth a Cross. We hearing of thy great Renown, Desire thee to o're-rule our Town: You'll sind us easie to be ruld; People that will and may be foold: A sort of Cockscombs cannot tell When we are ill or when we're well: Full of Money, full of Pride, And want an Ebb to our long Tide. You need not bring your Ass with you, Tou shall have Assessment. Catera desint.

### An Epitaph upon Madam Dulcinea.

Lyes the deceased Dulcina del Tobolo:
A fair, ill favoured, Highborn, Dirty Blowze,
Whom Great Don Quixote chose to be his Spouse.
She thrash hin open Barn, and served the Swine,
But yet a Lady, Empress and a Queen.
If ere you meet the Place that hides her Bum,
Pray write this Elegy upon her Tomb.

# ERRATA.

PAge 2.1.46. read Gentleman. Page 4.1.36. r. the Tongue. ibid 1.38. r. this mind. p. 5.19. r. Mart. p. 7.1.14. r. ravings, ib. 1. 50. r. fame instant. p. 8.1.11. dele to. p. 11. last. r. they meet with the sign. p. 12.1. t1. dele to. p. 14.1. 37. dele the comma after oblig'd. p. 18.1. 8. r. else I challenge and desse ye. As for. P. 23.1. i. r. This is. P. 25.1. 40. r. and performs. p. 28.1. 35. r. Sanchs, and so for several pages. p. 32.1. 42. r. Gentleman for. p. 41. 1. 41. r. tearing the meat. p. 49.1. 23. r. either at. p. 50.1. 25. r. the Gentleman. p. 52.1. 22. r. to God, ibid. 1. 29. r. gambole. p. 57. l. 12. r. Swedeland. p. 61. l. 3. r. Benengeli. p. 68.1. 44. r. Landabides. p. 72.1. 8. r. sinmer. p. 81.1. 27. r. a time. p. 89.1. 25. r. like. p. 90. l. 50. r. might. p. 138. l. uit. r. careful. p. 142. 1. 24. r. Maukins. p. 156. 1. 33. r. Micomicon. p. 467. l. 6. r. Ladies old Gown, just. p. 138. l. uit. r. careful. p. 486. l. 45. r. upon it. p. 533. l. uit. r. Tamult. p. 582.1. 5, r. heard a Tittle.